Journal of the House

FIFTY-SIXTH DAY

HALL OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, TOPEKA, KS, Thursday, May 9, 2013, 10:00 a.m.

The House met pursuant to adjournment with Speaker Merrick in the chair.

The roll was called with 123 members present.

Rep. Osterman was excused on verified illness.

Rep. Weber was excused on excused absence by the Speaker.

Reps. Edwards, Henderson and Peterson were excused later in the day on excused absence by the Speaker.

Prayer by guest chaplain, the Rev. Imir Gashi, Pristina Nazarene Church, Kosovo, guest of Rep. Jones and the son-in-law of Rep. Peck:

Our Heavenly Father,

We thank you today for your goodness and grace toward us. Thank you for your unfailing love and your tender mercies that are new every morning.

We pray for the House of Representatives, for the Senate and the Governor. We ask for your blessings and your protection over their lives and their families. Bless them with your wisdom so that they may honor you with their lives and their service. Grant them the boldness they need to stand for the truth and for what is right. Help them to make the right decisions and to follow your guidance.

I pray that they will seek to honor you by serving faithfully and wholeheartedly. Recognizing that you are the ultimate authority, the Sovereign and Supreme one over all the universe.

We pray for the State of Kansas, that it would prosper and flourish in the bounty of your blessings. For you are good and your love endures forever.

We ask all these things in the Name of Christ our Lord, Amen.

Rev. Gashi concluded with "The Lord's Prayer" in his native language of Albanian.

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by Rep. Burroughs.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS OFFERED ON A PREVIOUS DAY

On motion of Rep. Goico, HCR 5018, A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION honoring native Kansan, Army Chaplain Father Emil Kapaun, Medal of Honor winner, was adopted.

There being no objection, the following remarks of Rep. Goico are spread upon the Journal:

Captain Emil Joseph Kapaun was a Roman Catholic priest and a United States chaplain who died as a prisoner of war during the Korean War at age 35. For his wartime activities, the Roman Catholic Church has declared him a "Servant of God", which is the first stage on the path to sainthood. On April 11, 2013, President Obama awarded him the "Medal of Honor".

Emil Kapaun was born and grew up on a farm three miles southwest of Pilsen, Kansas. His parents were Czech, immigrants. In 1940, Kapaun was ordained a priest in Wichita. Father Kapaun joined the army in 1944. He served in the Burma Theater during World War II. He was discharged. He re-joined the Army prior to the Korean War.

He was awarded the Medal of Honor for acts of valor during the Battle of Unsan. As Chinese Communist forces encircled the battalion, Kapaun moved fearlessly from foxhole to foxhole under direct enemy fire in order to provide comfort and reassurance to the outnumbered soldiers. He repeatedly exposed himself to enemy fire to recover wounded men, dragging them to safety. When he couldn't drag them, he dug shallow trenches to shield them from enemy fire. As Chinese forces closed in, Kapaun rejected several chances to escape, instead volunteering to stay behind and care for the wounded, until he was taken as a prisoner.

After he was captured, Chaplain Kapaun and other prisoners were marched for three weeks, in subzero weather, 87 miles toward prisoner-of-war camps. During the march Kapaun led by example in caring for injured soldiers, refusing to take a break from carrying the stretchers of the wounded while encouraging others to do their part.

In the prison camp, Father Kapaun risked his life by sneaking around the camp after dark, foraging for food, caring for the sick, and encouraging his fellow soldiers to sustain their faith and their humanity. On at least one occasion, he was brutally punished for his disobedience, being forced to sit outside in subzero weather without any garments.

Chaplain Emil Kapaun repeatedly risked his own life to save the lives of hundreds of fellow Americans. His extraordinary courage, faith and leadership inspired thousands of prisoners to survive hellish conditions, resist enemy indoctrination, and retain their faith in God and country.

Because of his service in combat conditions Father Kapaun was awarded the Medal of Honor, Distinguish Service Cross, Legion of Merit, Bronze Star Medal with a Valor Device, Prisoner of War Medal and numerous other campaign medals. Chaplain Kapaun is one of the most decorated chaplains in the history of the Chaplain Corp.

Many American soldiers that were in the prison camps with Father Kapaun remembered him for his great humility, bravery, love, kindness and solicitude for his fellow prisoners. He was their hero, and their admired and beloved "padre." He kept up the G.I.'s morale, and most of all, allowed a lot of men to not despair in their faith.

Fr. Kapaun is an example of devotion to duty, and bravery of body and soul. He lived the Catholic faith in his devotion to a Christ-like life, in the spirit of one who loved and served God and man unto death.

Receiving this resolution is Father John Hotze who serves as a Chaplain at McConnell Air Force Base and is a priest of the Diocese of Wichita. He is also the Director of the Father Kapaun Guild. In this position Father Hotze gathers and disseminates information on the life of Chaplain Emil Kapaun.

The House stood at ease until the sound of the gavel.

Speaker Merrick called the House to order.

COMMUNICATIONS FROM STATE OFFICERS

From William V. Minner, Executive Director, Kansas Human Rights Commission, pursuant to K.S.A. 44-1004, Annual Report Fiscal Year 2012, July 1, 2011-June 30, 2012.

The complete report is kept on file and open for inspection in the office of the Chief Clerk.

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The following bill was introduced and read by title:

HB 2413, AN ACT concerning the state court of tax appeals; renaming the court to the state board of tax appeals; removal of members; timing of decisions; public policy determinations; amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 2-131e, as amended by section 7 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 56, 9-1402, 12-110a, 12-631, 12-1664, 12-16,109, 12-1737, 12-1742, 12-1744a, 12-1744b, 12-1744c, 12-1744d, 12-1755, 12-1934, 12-3206, 12-3805, 14-1060, 17-1374, 19-236, 19-431, 19-15,103, 19-15,106, 19-15,116, 19-15,123, 19-2106f, 19-2653, 19-2752a, 19-3554, 19-4420, 19-4442, 20-356, 20-363, 20-626, 24-133, 24-665, 24-1219, 31-144, 38-549, 68-151n, 72-4142, 72-6441, as amended by section 3 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 23, 72-6443, 72-6451, 72-8203b, 74-2426, 74-2433, 74-2433a, 74-2433b, 74-2433c, 74-2433d, 74-2433e, 74-2433f, as amended by section 11 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 83, 74-2433g, 74-2434, 74-2435, 74-2436, 74-2437, 74-2437a, 74-2437b, 74-2438, 74-2438a, 74-2439, 74-2442, 74-2447, 74-4911f, 75-430, 75-37,121, 75-4201, 75-5104, 75-5107, 75-5121, 75-5161, 77-514, 77-529, 79-210, 79-213, 79-213a, 79-213d, 79-332a, 79-425a, 79-5a27, 79-6a14, 79-1404a, 79-1409, 79-1410, 79-1413a, 79-1422, 79-1426, 79-1427a, 79-1437f, 79-1448, as amended by section 13 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 83, 79-1476, 79-1478, 79-1478a, 79-1479, 79-1481, 79-1489, 79-1609, as amended by section 14 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 83, 79-1611, 79-1701, 79-1702, as amended by section 16 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 83, 79-1703, 79-1704, 79-1964a, 79-1964b, 79-2005, as amended by section 17 of 2013 Senate Bill No. 83, 79-2416d, 79-2925a, 79-2938, 79-2939, 79-2940, 79-2941, 79-2951, 79-2977, 79-3107c, 79-3221, 79-3226, 79-3233g, 79-32,193, 79-3694, 79-5205, 80-119, 80-808, 80-1920 and 82a-1030 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-37,121a, by Committee on Appropriations.

INTRODUCTION OF ORIGINAL MOTIONS

On motion of Rep. Vickrey, the House acceded to the request of the Senate for a conference on SB 171.

Speaker Merrick thereupon appointed Reps. Cassidy, Grosserode and Winn as third conferees on the part of the House.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2120** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill, as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 9, following line 24, by inserting:

"Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6805 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6805. (a) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes. The following sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes shall be applicable to felony crimes under K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5701 through 21-5717, and amendments thereto, except as otherwise provided by law:

SENTENCING RANGE - DRUG OFFENSES

Category	Ą	В	2	Q	Я	Æ	9	Н	I
Severity Level	3 + Person Felonies	2 Ferson Felonies	1 Person & 1 Nonperson Felonies	1 Person Felony	3 + Nonperson Felonies	2 Nonperson Felonies	1 Nonperson Felony	2+ Misdemeanors	1 Misdemeanor No Record
н	204 194 185	196 186 176	187 178 169	179 170 161	170 162 154	167 158 150	162 154 146	161 150 142	154 146 138
II	144 136 130	137 130 122	130 123 117	124 117 111	116 111 105	113 108 101	110 104 99	108 100 96	103 98 92
III	78 74	77 73 68	72 68 65	68 64 60	59 55	75 95 65	57 54 51	54 51 49	51 49 46
IV	51 49 46	44 41	42 40 37	36 34 32					
Λ	42 40 37	36 34 32			22 20 18	18 17 16	16 15	14 13 12	12 11 10



- (b) Sentences expressed in the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes in subsection (a) represent months of imprisonment.
- (c) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place within the sentencing range. In the usual case it is recommended that the sentencing judge select the center of the range and reserve the upper and lower limits for aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure. The sentencing court shall not distinguish between the controlled substances cocaine base (9041L000) and cocaine hydrochloride (9041L005) when sentencing within the sentencing range of the grid block.
- (2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the:
 - (A) Prison sentence;
 - (B) maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of good time; and
- (C) period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.
- (3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the prison sentence as well as the duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.
- (d) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is classified in grid blocks 4-E, 4-F, 4-G, 4-H, 4-I, 5-C or 5-D, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto.
- (e) The sentence for a second or subsequent conviction of K.S.A. 65-4159, prior to its repeal, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a03, prior to its transfer, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5703, and amendments thereto, manufacture of any controlled substance or controlled substance analog, shall be a presumptive term of imprisonment of two times the maximum duration of the presumptive term of imprisonment. The court may impose an optional reduction in such sentence of not to exceed 50% of the mandatory increase provided by this subsection upon making a finding on the record that one or more of the mitigating factors as specified in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6815, and amendments thereto, justify such a reduction in sentence. Any decision made by the court regarding the reduction in such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (f) (1) The sentence for a third or subsequent felony conviction of K.S.A. 65-4160 or 65-4162, prior to their repeal, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a06, prior to its transfer, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5706, and amendments thereto, shall be a presumptive term of imprisonment and the defendant shall be sentenced to prison as provided by this section. The defendant's term of imprisonment shall be served in the custody of the secretary of corrections in a facility designated by the secretary. Subject to appropriations therefore, the defendant shall participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program, of at least four months duration, selected by the secretary of corrections. If the secretary determines that substance abuse treatment resources are otherwise available, such term of imprisonment may be served in a facility designated

by the secretary of corrections in the custody of the secretary of corrections to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of treatment resources shall not be subject to review. Upon the successful completion of such intensive treatment program, the offender shall be returned to the court and the court may modify the sentence by directing that a less severe penalty be imposed in lieu of that originally adjudged. If the offender's term of imprisonment expires, the offender shall be placed under the applicable period of postrelease supervision.

- (2) Such defendant's term of imprisonment shall not be subject to modification under paragraph (1) if:
- (A) The defendant has previously completed a certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,144, and amendments thereto;
- (B) has been discharged or refused to participate in a certified drug abuse treatment program, as provided in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 75-52,144, and amendments thereto;
- (C) has completed an intensive substance abuse treatment program under paragraph (1); or
- (D) has been discharged or refused to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program under paragraph (1).

The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (g) (1) Except as provided further, if the trier of fact makes a finding that an offender earried possessed a firearm-to-commit a drug felony and such firearm was readily accessible during the commission of, or in furtherance of, a drug felony a felony violation of any provision of article 57 of chapter 21, and amendments thereto, possessed a firearm, or any attempt to commit such offense, in addition to the sentence imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6801 through 21-6824, and amendments thereto, the offender shall be sentenced to:
- (A) Except as provided in subsection (g)(1)(B), an additional 6 months' imprisonment; and
- (B) if the trier of fact makes a finding that the firearm was discharged, an additional 18 months' imprisonment.
- (2) The sentence imposed pursuant to subsection (g)(1) shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (3) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to violations of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5706 or 21-5713, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5107, as amended by section 1 of 2013 House Bill No. 2252, is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5107. (a) A prosecution for rape, aggravated criminal sodomy, murder, terrorism or illegal use of weapons of mass destruction may be commenced at any time.
- (b) Except as provided in subsection (e), a prosecution for any crime shall be commenced within 10 years after its commission if the victim is the Kansas public employees retirement system.
- (c) Except as provided in subsection (e), a prosecution for a sexually violent crime as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto:
- (1) When the victim is 18 years of age or older shall be commenced within 10 years or one year from the date on which the identity of the suspect is conclusively

established by DNA testing, whichever is later; or

- (2) when the victim is under 18 years of age shall be commenced within 10 years of the date the victim turns 18 years of age or one year from the date on which the identity of the suspect is conclusively established by DNA testing, whichever is later.
- (d) Except as provided by subsection (e), a prosecution for any crime, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5102, and amendments thereto, not governed by subsection (a), (b) or (c) shall be commenced within five years after it is committed.
- (e) The period within which a prosecution shall be commenced shall not include any period in which:
 - (1) The accused is absent from the state;
- (2) the accused is concealed within the state so that process cannot be served upon the accused:
 - (3) the fact of the crime is concealed;
- (4) a prosecution is pending against the defendant for the same conduct, even if the indictment or information which commences the prosecution is quashed or the proceedings thereon are set aside, or are reversed on appeal;
- (5) an administrative agency is restrained by court order from investigating or otherwise proceeding on a matter before it as to any criminal conduct defined as a violation of any of the provisions of article 41 of chapter 25 and article 2 of chapter 46 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, which may be discovered as a result thereof regardless of who obtains the order of restraint; or
- (6) whether the fact of the crime is concealed by the active act or conduct of the accused, there is substantially competent evidence to believe two or more of the following factors are present:
 - (A) The victim was a child under 15 years of age at the time of the crime;
- (B) the victim was of such age or intelligence that the victim was unable to determine that the acts constituted a crime;
- (C) the victim was prevented by a parent or other legal authority from making known to law enforcement authorities the fact of the crime whether or not the parent or other legal authority is the accused: and
- (D) there is substantially competent expert testimony indicating the victim psychologically repressed such witness' memory of the fact of the crime, and in the expert's professional opinion the recall of such memory is accurate and free of undue manipulation, and substantial corroborating evidence can be produced in support of the allegations contained in the complaint or information but in no event may a prosecution be commenced as provided in subsection (e)(6) later than the date the victim turns 28 years of age. Corroborating evidence may include, but is not limited to, evidence the defendant committed similar acts against other persons or evidence of contemporaneous physical manifestations of the crime.
- (f) An offense is committed either when every element occurs, or, if a legislative purpose to prohibit a continuing offense plainly appears, at the time when the course of conduct or the defendant's complicity therein is terminated. <u>Time starts to run on the day after the offense is committed.</u>
- (g) A prosecution is commenced when a complaint or information is filed, or an indictment returned, and a warrant thereon is delivered to the sheriff or other officer for execution. No such prosecution shall be deemed to have been commenced if the warrant so issued is not executed without unreasonable delay.

(h) As used in this section, "parent or other legal authority" shall include, but not be limited to, natural and stepparents, grandparents, aunts, uncles or siblings.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

Also on page 9, in line 25, by striking "and 21-6403" and inserting ", 21-5107, as amended by section 1 of 2013 House Bill No. 2252, 21-6403 and 21-6805";

On page 1, in the title, in line 2, before "amending" by inserting "relating to DNA evidence; relating to statute of limitations; relating to possession of a firearm during a drug felony;"; in line 3, by "and 21-6403" and inserting ", 21-5107, as amended by section 1 of 2013 House Bill No. 2252, 21-6403 and 21-6805";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Jeff King Greg Smith David Haley Conferees on part of Senate

John J. Rubin Ramon C. Gonzalez, Jr. Gail Finney Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Rubin, the conference committee report on ${\bf HB}$ 2120 was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 74; Nays 49; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 2.

Yeas: Alcala, Alford, Ballard, Becker, Bollier, Bridges, Bruchman, Burroughs, Couture-Lovelady, Campbell, Carlin, Cassidy, Claeys, Clayton, Concannon, Davis, Dierks, Dillmore, Doll, Edmonds, Ewy, Finch, Finney, Frownfelter, Goico, Gonzalez, Grant, Henderson, Henry, Hibbard, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, Houston, Huebert, Hutton, Jennings, Johnson, Kelly, Kuether, Lane, Lunn, Lusk, Meier, Menghini, Merrick, Moxley, Pauls, Perry, Peterson, Phillips, Proehl, Read, Rooker, Rubin, Ruiz, Sawyer, Seiwert, Sloan, Sloop, Sutton, Swanson, Thimesch, Tietze, Todd, Trimmer, Victors, Ward, Waymaster, Weigel, Whipple, Wilson, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: Barker, Bideau, Boldra, Bradford, Brunk, Carlson, Carpenter, Christmann, Corbet, Crum, DeGraaf, Dove, Edwards, Esau, Gandhi, Garber, Grosserode, Hawkins, Hedke, Hermanson, Highland, Hildabrand, Houser, Howell, Jones, Kahrs, Kelley, Kinzer, Kleeb, Macheers, Mast, McPherson, Meigs, Montgomery, O'Brien, Peck, Petty, Powell, Rhoades, Rothlisberg, Ryckman Jr., Ryckman Sr., Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Shultz, Siegfreid, Suellentrop, Vickrey.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Osterman, Weber.

PROTEST

Mr. Speaker: Pursuant to Article 2 Sec. 10 of the Constitution on the State of Kansas, I hereby make written protest with respect to those provisions of **HB 2120** purporting to decriminalize certain raffles. Article 15 Sec. 3 of the Constitution on the State of Kansas provides that "Lotteries and the sale of lottery tickets are forever prohibited."

Our state Supreme Court has interpreted the term lottery to apply to any game of chance. Article 15 Sec. 3a-c provide limited exceptions to this broad constitutional prohibition; in the case of non-governmental entities the only permissible "lotteries" are bingo games conducted by nonprofit entities and some forms of horse and dog racing. Thus under our Constitution the legislature lacks the authority to authorize private raffles. While the purported decriminalization of raffles in **HB 2120** is of questionable validity, it is clear that even in the absence of criminal sanction, raffles remain unlawful in Kansas as a matter of direct Constitutional prohibition. The action of the House in passing HB 2120 was ill considered and inconsistent with our carefully balanced Constitutional frame work regarding gambling in Kansas. – Lance Y. Kinzer

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2218** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill, as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 41, following line 36, by inserting:

"Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6804. (a) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. The following sentencing guidelines grid shall be applicable to nondrug felony crimes:

								SEN	IENC	ING	SENTENCING RANGE - NONDRUG, OFFENSES	E - N	OND	RUG O	FFE	NSES									
Category		A			В			C			D		-	Ε		F			Ç			Н			1
Severity Level	I I	3+ Person Felonies		1	2 Person Felonies		1 P. 1 Nc	l Person & l Nonperson Felonies	-	Pe	l Person Felony		3 Nonp Felc	3+ Nonperson Felonies		2 Nonperson Felonies	rson		l Nonperson Felony	uos ,	Mise	2 + Misdemeanors	suc	Misde No I	l Misdemeanor No Record
1	£59	079	592	618	989	554	285	212	258	267 2	253 240		246 23	234 221	226	214	203	203	195	181	186	176	166	165	155 147
п	493	467	442	94	438	416	216	205	194	200	181		18 1	174 165	168	8 160	152	154	146	138	138	131	133	123	117 109
Ш	247	233	221	823	216	306	107	102	96	100	94	89		88	88	60	74	77	72	88	17	99	19	19	39
IV	172	162	154	162	154	4	27	11	89	69	99	29		99	57	36	52	22	8	47	84	45	4	43	41 38
V	136	130	122	128	120	114	09	57	53	55	52 50	51		49	46	4	41	8	41	38		/%/	7	*//	
VI	4	\$	40	4	39	37	38	36	25	36	34	32		30	83	27	23	*//			7	20	91	61	18 T
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IX	17	16	15	15	14	13	13	12		13	12 11	11 11		01	10	6	00	6	oo	7	8	7	9	7	9
х	13	13	11	12	11	10	11	10	9	10	6	9			8 7	7	9	7	9	5	7	9	5	7	9

- (b) Sentences expressed in the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes represent months of imprisonment.
- (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime severity and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is the crime severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The grid's horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal histories.
- (d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, subject to the sentencing court's discretion to enter a departure sentence. The appropriate punishment for a felony conviction should depend on the severity of the crime of conviction when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history.
- (e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place within the sentencing range. In the usual case it is recommended that the sentencing judge select the center of the range and reserve the upper and lower limits for aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure.
- (2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the:
 - (A) Prison sentence;
 - (B) maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of good time; and
- (C) period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.
 - (3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the:
 - (A) Prison sentence; and
 - (B) duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.
- (f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).
- (g) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3415, prior to its repeal, aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer committed prior to July 1, 2006, or a violation of subsection (d) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5412, and amendments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer, which places the defendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).
- (h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).
- (i) (1) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025, K.S.A. 8-2,144, K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5414, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5823, K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6412 and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6416, and amendments thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6807, and amendments

thereto.

- (2) If because of the offender's criminal history classification the offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the offender is subject to imprisonment, the provisions of this section and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6807, and amendments thereto, shall apply and the offender shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5823, and amendments thereto.
- (3) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025, K.S.A. 8-2,144, K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5414, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5823, K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6412 and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6416, and amendments thereto, shall not be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections, except that the term of imprisonment for felony violations of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1025 or K.S.A. 8-2,144 or K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, may be served in a state correctional facility designated by the secretary of corrections if the secretary determines that substance abuse treatment resources and facility capacity is available. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of treatment resources and facility capacity shall not be subject to review. Prior to imposing any sentence pursuant to this subsection, the court may consider assigning the defendant to a house arrest program pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6609, and amendments thereto.
- (j) (1) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction carries a presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment and shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this subsection, "persistent sex offender" means a person who:
- (A) (i) Has been convicted in this state of a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto; and
- (ii) at the time of the conviction under subsection (j)(2)(A)(i) has at least one conviction for a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government; or
- (B) (i) has been convicted of rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto; and
- (ii) at the time of the conviction under subsection (j)(2)(B)(i) has at least one conviction for rape in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government.
- (3) Except as provided in subsection (j)(2)(B), the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime is a severity level 1 or 2 felony.
- (k) (1) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may

impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).

- (2) As used in this subsection, "criminal street gang" means any organization, association or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities:
 - (A) The commission of one or more person felonies; or
- (B) the commission of felony violations of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, prior to their transfer, or any felony violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009; and
 - (C) its members have a common name or common identifying sign or symbol; and
- (D) its members, individually or collectively, engage in or have engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit or solicitation of two or more person felonies or felony violations of article 57 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, prior to their transfer, any felony violation of any provision of the uniform controlled substances act prior to July 1, 2009, or any substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction.
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (o), the sentence for a violation of subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301 and 21-5302, and amendments thereto, to commit such offense, when such person being sentenced has a prior conviction for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 21-3715, prior to its repeal, 21-3716, prior to its repeal, subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such offense, shall be presumptive imprisonment.
- (m) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A 22-4903 or subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5913, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. If an offense under such sections is classified in grid blocks 5-E, 5-F, 5-G, 5-H or 5-I, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence as provided in subsection (q).
- (n) The sentence for a violation of criminal deprivation of property, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5803, and amendments thereto, when such property is a motor vehicle, and when such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior convictions of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 21-3705, prior to its repeal, or of criminal deprivation of property, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5803, and amendments thereto, when such property is a motor vehicle, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (o) The sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has no prior convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701 or 21-3715, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one or two prior felony convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated

burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of burglary as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one prior felony conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, shall be the sentence as provided by this section, except that the court may order an optional nonprison sentence for a defendant to participate in a drug treatment program, including, but not limited to, an approved after-care plan, if the court makes the following findings on the record:

- (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of the crime;
- (2) substance abuse treatment in the community is likely to be more effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program will serve community safety interests.

A defendant sentenced to an optional nonprison sentence under this subsection shall be supervised by community correctional services. The provisions of subsection (f)(1) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6824, and amendments thereto, shall apply to a defendant sentenced under this subsection. The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (p) The sentence for a felony violation of theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any combination of three or more prior felony convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a violation of burglary as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 and 21-3716, prior to their repeal, or theft of property as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, or burglary or aggravated burglary as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5807, and amendments thereto, shall be presumed imprisonment and the defendant shall be sentenced to prison as provided by this section, except that the court may recommend that an offender be placed in the custody of the secretary of corrections, in a facility designated by the secretary to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program, upon making the following findings on the record:
 - (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of the crime:
- (2) substance abuse treatment with a possibility of an early release from imprisonment is likely to be more effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program with the possibility of an early release from imprisonment will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

The intensive substance abuse treatment program shall be determined by the secretary of corrections, but shall be for a period of at least four months. Upon the successful completion of such intensive treatment program, the offender shall be returned to the court and the court may modify the sentence by directing that a less

severe penalty be imposed in lieu of that originally adjudged within statutory limits. If the offender's term of imprisonment expires, the offender shall be placed under the applicable period of postrelease supervision. The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (q) As used in this section, an "optional nonprison sentence" is a sentence which the court may impose, in lieu of the presumptive sentence, upon making the following findings on the record:
- (1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (2) the recommended treatment program is available and the offender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of time; or
- (3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (r) The sentence for a violation of subsection (c)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5413, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (s) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (t) (1) If the trier of fact makes a finding that an offender wore or used ballistic resistant material in the commission of, or attempt to commit, or flight from any felony, in addition to the sentence imposed pursuant to the Kansas sentencing guidelines act, the offender shall be sentenced to an additional 30 months' imprisonment.
- (2) The sentence imposed pursuant to subsection (t)(1) shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (3) As used in this subsection, "ballistic resistant material" means: (A) Any commercially produced material designed with the purpose of providing ballistic and trauma protection, including, but not limited to, bulletproof vests and kevlar vests; and (B) any homemade or fabricated substance or item designed with the purpose of providing ballistic and trauma protection.
- (u) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6107, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy, as defined in K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301 and 21-5302, and amendments thereto, to commit such offense, when such person being sentenced has a prior conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 21-4018, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6107, and amendments thereto, or any attempt or conspiracy to commit such offense, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- Sec. 10. On and after January 1, 2014, K.S.A. 32-1130 is hereby amended to read as follows: 32-1130. As used in K.S.A. 32-1131 through 32-1136, and amendments thereto:
- (a) "Alcohol concentration" means the number of grams of alcohol per 100 milliliters of blood or per 210 liters of breath.

- (b) "Other competent evidence" includes: (1) Alcohol concentration tests obtained from samples taken two three hours or more after the operation or attempted operation of a vessel; and (2) readings obtained from a partial alcohol concentration test on a breath testing machine.
- (c) "Samples" includes breath supplied directly for testing, which breath is not preserved.
- (d) "Vessel" and "operate" have the meanings provided by K.S.A. 32-1102, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 11. On and after January 1, 2014, K.S.A. 32-1131 is hereby amended to read as follows: 32-1131. (a) No person shall operate or attempt to operate any vessel within this state while:
- (1) The alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath as shown by any competent evidence, including other competent evidence, as defined in paragraph (1) of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 32-1130, and amendments thereto, is .08 or more;
- (1)_(2) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, at the time or within-two_three hours after the person operated or attempted to operate the vessel, is . 08 or more:
- (2)_(3) the alcohol concentration in the person's blood or breath, at the time or within two three hours after the person operated or attempted to operate the vessel is .02 or more and the person is less than 21 years of age;
- (3) (4) under the influence of alcohol to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely operating a vessel;
- (4) (5) under the influence of any drug or combination of drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely operating a vessel; or
- (5) (6) under the influence of a combination of alcohol and any drug or drugs to a degree that renders the person incapable of safely operating a vessel.
- (b) No person shall operate or attempt to operate any vessel within this state if the person is a habitual user of any narcotic, hypnotic, somnifacient or stimulating drug.
- (e) (b) If a person is charged with a violation of this section involving drugs, the fact that the person is or has been entitled to use the drug under the laws of this state shall not constitute a defense against the charge.
- (d) (c) No person shall operate or attempt to operate any vessel within this state for three months after the date of refusal of submitting to a test if such person refuses to submit to a test pursuant to K.S.A. 32-1132, and amendments thereto.
- (e) (d) Except as provided by subsection (f) (e), violation of this section is a misdemeanor punishable:
- (1) On the first conviction, by imprisonment of not more than one year or a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, or both; and
- (2) on the second or a subsequent conviction, by imprisonment for not less than 90 days nor more than one year and, in the court's discretion, a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500.
- (f) (e) Subsection (e) (d) shall not apply to or affect a person less than 21 years of age who submits to a breath or blood alcohol test requested pursuant to K.S.A. 32-1132, and amendments thereto, and produces a test result of an alcohol concentration of .02 or greater but less than .08. Such person's boating privileges upon the first occurrence shall be suspended for 30 days and upon a second or subsequent occurrence shall be suspended for 90 days.

(g) (f) In addition to any other penalties prescribed by law or rule and regulation, any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be required to satisfactorily complete a boater safety education course of instruction approved by the secretary before such person subsequently operates or attempts to operate any vessel.";

And by redesignating sections accordingly;

Also on page 41, in line 38, by striking "and" and inserting a comma; also in line 38, after "21-5413" by inserting "and 21-6804":

Also on page 41, following line 38, by inserting:

"Sec. 13. On and after January 1, 2014, K.S.A. 32-1130 and 32-1131 are hereby repealed.";

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking the first "driving" and inserting "prohibited activities while under the influence of alcohol or drugs;"; in line 2, after "drugs;" by inserting "boating under the influence of alcohol or drugs;"; in line 3, after "8-1567a" by inserting ", 32-1130 and 32-1131"; in line 4, by striking the "and" and inserting a comma; in line 5, after "21-5413" by inserting "and 21-6804";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

JEFF KING
GREG SMITH
DAVID HALEY
Conferees on part of Senate

John J. Rubin Ramon C. Gonzalez, Jr. Gail Finney Conferees on part of House

On motion of Rep. Rubin, the conference committee report on HB 2218 was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 120; Nays 2; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 3.

Yeas: Alcala, Alford, Ballard, Barker, Becker, Bideau, Boldra, Bollier, Bradford, Bridges, Bruchman, Brunk, Burroughs, Couture-Lovelady, Campbell, Carlin, Carlson, Carpenter, Cassidy, Christmann, Claeys, Clayton, Concannon, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Dierks, Dillmore, Doll, Dove, Edmonds, Edwards, Esau, Ewy, Finch, Finney, Frownfelter, Gandhi, Garber, Goico, Gonzalez, Grant, Grosserode, Hawkins, Hedke, Henderson, Henry, Hermanson, Hibbard, Highland, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, Houser, Houston, Howell, Huebert, Hutton, Jennings, Johnson, Jones, Kahrs, Kelley, Kelly, Kinzer, Kleeb, Kuether, Lane, Lunn, Lusk, Macheers, Mast, McPherson, Meier, Meigs, Menghini, Merrick, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, Pauls, Peck, Perry, Peterson, Petty, Phillips, Powell, Proehl, Read, Rhoades, Rooker, Rothlisberg, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman Jr., Ryckman Sr., Sawyer, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Sloop, Sutton, Swanson, Thimesch, Tietze, Todd, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Waymaster, Weigel, Whipple, Wilson, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: Corbet, Suellentrop.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Osterman, Sloan, Weber.

On motion of Rep. Vickrey, the House recessed until 2:00 p.m.

AFTERNOON SESSION

The House met pursuant to recess with Speaker Merrick in the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

The Senate accedes to the request of the House for a conference on **S Sub for HB 2199** and has appointed Senators Ostmeyer, Emler and Faust-Goudeau as conferees on the part of the Senate.

Announcing adoption of HCR 5018.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 20** submits the following report:

The Senate accedes to all House amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill, as printed with House Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 1, by striking all in lines 7 through 36;

By striking all on pages 2 and 3;

On page 4, by striking all in lines 1 through 22 and inserting:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4902 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4902. As used in the Kansas offender registration act, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Offender" means:
- (1) A sex offender;
- (2) a violent offender;
- (3) a drug offender;
- (4) any person who has been required to register under out of state law or is otherwise required to be registered; and
- (5) any person required by court order to register for an offense not otherwise required as provided in the Kansas offender registration act.
 - (b) "Sex offender" includes any person who:
 - (1) On or after April 14, 1994, is convicted of any sexually violent crime;
- (2) On or after April 14, 1994 July 1, 2002, is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a sexually violent crime, unless the court, on the record, finds that the act involved non-forcible sexual conduct, the victim was at least 14 years of age and the offender was not more than four years older than the victim;
 - (3) has been determined to be a sexually violent predator;
- (4) on or after May 29 July 1, 1997, is convicted of any of the following crimes when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age:
- (A) Adultery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3507, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5511, and amendments thereto;
 - (B) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its

- repeal, or subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- (C) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3513, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto;
- (D) patronizing a prostitute, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3515, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6421, and amendments thereto; or
- (E) lewd and lascivious behavior, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3508, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5513, and amendments thereto;
- (5) is convicted of sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3517, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;
- (6) is convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302, 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection; or
- (7) has been convicted of an offense that is comparable to any crime defined in this subsection, or any out of state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be an offense defined in this subsection.
 - (c) "Sexually violent crime" means:
- (1) Rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto;
- (2) indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (4) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- (5) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- (6) indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;
- (7) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3511, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;
- (8) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto;
- (9) aggravated sexual battery₄ as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;
- (10) aggravated incest, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5605-21-5604, and amendments thereto;
- (11) electronic solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its repeal, and K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto, committed on or after April 17, 2008:
- (12) unlawful sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto;
- (13) any conviction or adjudication for an offense that is comparable to a sexually violent crime as defined in this subsection, or any out of state conviction or adjudication for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a sexually violent crime as

defined in this subsection;

- (14) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302, 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of a sexually violent crime, as defined in this subsection; or
- (15) any act which has been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated, unless the court, on the record, finds that the act involved non-forcible sexual conduct, the victim was at least 14 years of age and the offender was not more than four years older than the victim. As used in this paragraph, "sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification.
- (d) "Sexually violent predator" means any person who, on or after July 1, 2001, is found to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto.
 - (e) "Violent offender" includes any person who:
 - (1) On or after May 29 July 1, 1997, is convicted of any of the following crimes:
- (A) Capital murder, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto;
- (B) murder in the first degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5402, and amendments thereto;
- (C) murder in the second degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3402, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto;
- (D) voluntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto;
- (E) involuntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to its repeal, or subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to violations of subsection (a) (3) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto, which occurred on or after July 1, 2011, through July 1, 2013;
- (F) kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3420, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto;
- (G) aggravated kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3421, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto;
- (H) criminal restraint, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3424, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5411, and amendments thereto, except by a parent, and only when the victim is less than 18 years of age; or
- (I) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto;
- (2) on or after July 1, 2006, is convicted of any person felony and the court makes a finding on the record that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of such person felony;
- (3) has been convicted of an offense that is comparable to any crime defined in this subsection, any out of state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be an offense defined in this subsection; or
- (4) is convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this

subsection.

- (f) "Drug offender" means includes any person who has been convicted of on or after July 1, 2007:
 - (1) Is convicted of any of the following crimes:
- (1) (A) Unlawful manufacture or attempting such of any controlled substance or controlled substance analog, as defined in K.S.A. 65-4159, prior to its repeal, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a03, prior to its transfer, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5703, and amendments thereto:
- (2) (B) possession of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, red phosphorus, lithium metal, sodium metal, iodine, anhydrous ammonia, pressurized ammonia or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers or salts of isomers with intent to use the product to manufacture a controlled substance, as defined in subsection (a) of K.S.A. 65-7006, prior to its repeal, subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a09, prior to its transfer, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5709, and amendments thereto;
- (3) (C) K.S.A. 65-4161, prior to its repeal, subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a05, prior to its transfer, or subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5705, and amendments thereto. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to violations of subsections (a)(2) through (a)(6) or (b) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a05 which occurred on or after July 1, 2009, through April 15, 2010;
- (4) (2) <u>has been convicted of</u> an offense that is comparable to any crime defined in this subsection, any out of state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be an offense defined in this subsection; or
- (5) (3) is or has been convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.
- (g) Convictions or adjudications which result from or are connected with the same act, or result from crimes committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this section as one conviction or adjudication. Any conviction or adjudication set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction or adjudication for purposes of this section. A conviction or adjudication from any out of state court shall constitute a conviction or adjudication for purposes of this section.
- (h) "School" means any public or private educational institution, including, but not limited to, postsecondary school, college, university, community college, secondary school, high school, junior high school, middle school, elementary school, trade school, vocational school or professional school providing training or education to an offender for three or more consecutive days or parts of days, or for 10 or more nonconsecutive days in a period of 30 consecutive days.
- (i) "Employment" means any full-time, part-time, transient, day-labor employment or volunteer work, with or without compensation, for three or more consecutive days or parts of days, or for 10 or more nonconsecutive days in a period of 30 consecutive days.
- (j) "Reside" means to stay, sleep or maintain with regularity or temporarily one's person and property in a particular place other than a location where the offender is incarcerated. It shall be presumed that an offender resides at any and all locations where the offender stays, sleeps or maintains the offender's person for three or more consecutive days or parts of days, or for ten or more non-consecutive days in a period of 30 consecutive days.

- (k) "Residence" means a particular and definable place where an individual resides. Nothing in the Kansas offender registration act shall be construed to state that an offender may only have one residence for the purpose of such act.
 - (1) "Transient" means having no fixed or identifiable residence.
- (m) "Law enforcement agency having initial jurisdiction" means the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction where the offender expects to most often reside upon the offender's discharge, parole or release.
- (n) "Registering law enforcement agency" means the sheriff's office or tribal police department responsible for registering an offender.
- (o) "Registering entity" means any person, agency or other governmental unit, correctional facility or registering law enforcement agency responsible for obtaining the required information from, and explaining the required registration procedures to, any person required to register pursuant to the Kansas offender registration act. "Registering entity" shall include, but not be limited to, sheriff's offices, tribal police departments and correctional facilities.
- (p) "Treatment facility" means any public or private facility or institution providing inpatient mental health, drug or alcohol treatment or counseling, but does not include a hospital, as defined in K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto.
- (q) "Correctional facility" means any public or private correctional facility, juvenile detention facility, prison or jail.
- (r) "Out of state" means: the District of Columbia; any federal, military or tribal jurisdiction, including those within this state; any foreign jurisdiction; or any state or territory within the United States, other than this state.
- (s) "Duration of registration" means the length of time during which an offender is required to register for a specified offense or violation.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4903 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4903. (a) Violation of the Kansas offender registration act is the failure by an offender, as defined in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, to comply with any and all provisions of such act, including any and all duties set forth in K.S.A. 22-4905 through 22-4907, and amendments thereto. Any violation of the Kansas offender registration act which continues for more than 30 consecutive days shall, upon the 31st consecutive day, constitute a new and separate offense, and shall continue to constitute a new and separate offense every 30 days thereafter for as long as the violation continues.
- (b) Aggravated violation of the Kansas offender registration act is violation of the Kansas offender registration act which continues for more than 180 consecutive days. Any aggravated violation of the Kansas offender registration act which continues for more than 180 consecutive days shall, upon the 181st consecutive day, constitute a new and separate offense, and shall continue to constitute a new and separate violation of the Kansas offender registration act every 30 days thereafter, or a new and separate aggravated violation of the Kansas offender registration act every 180 days thereafter, for as long as the violation continues.
- (c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c)(3), violation of the Kansas offender registration act is:
 - (A) Upon a first conviction, a severity level 6, person felony;
 - (B) upon a second conviction, a severity level 5, person felony; and
 - (C) upon a third or subsequent conviction, a severity level 3, person felony.
 - (2) Except as provided in subsection (c)(3), aggravated violation of the Kansas

offender registration act is a severity level 3, person felony.

- (3) Violation of the Kansas offender registration act or aggravated violation of the Kansas offender registration act consisting only of failing to remit payment to the sheriff's office as required in subsection (k) of K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto, is:
- (A) Except as provided in subsection (c)(3)(B), a class A misdemeanor if, within 15 days of registration, full payment is not remitted to the sheriff's office;
- (B) a severity level 9, person felony if, within 15 days of the most recent registration, two or more full payments have not been remitted to the sheriff's office.
 - (d) Prosecution of violations of this section may be held:
 - (1) In any county in which the offender resides;
- (2) in any county in which the offender is required to be registered under the Kansas offender registration act;
- (3) in any county in which the offender is located during which time the offender is not in compliance with the Kansas offender registration act; or
- (4) in the county in which any conviction or adjudication occurred for which the offender is required to be registered under the Kansas offender registration act.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4904 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4904. (a) (1) At the time of conviction or adjudication for an offense requiring registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, the court shall:
- (A) Inform any offender, on the record, of the procedure to register and the requirements of K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto; and
 - (B) if the offender is released:
- (i) Complete a notice of duty to register, which shall include title and statute number of conviction or adjudication, date of conviction or adjudication, case number, county of conviction or adjudication, and the following offender information: Name, address, date of birth, social security number, race, ethnicity and gender;
- (ii) require the offender to read and sign the notice of duty to register, which shall include a statement that the requirements provided in this subsection have been explained to the offender;
- (iii) order the offender to report within three business days to the registering law enforcement agency in the county or tribal land of conviction or adjudication and to the registering law enforcement agency in any place where the offender resides, maintains employment or attends school, to complete the registration form with all information and any updated information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto; and
- (iv) provide one copy of the notice of duty to register to the offender and, within three business days, send a copy of the form to the law enforcement agency having initial jurisdiction and to the Kansas bureau of investigation.
- (2) At the time of sentencing or disposition for an offense requiring registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, the court shall ensure the age of the victim is documented in the journal entry of conviction or adjudication.
- (b) The staff of any correctional facility or the registering law enforcement agency's designee shall:
 - (1) At the time of initial custody, register any offender within three business days:
- (A) Inform the offender of the procedure for registration and of the offender's registration requirements as provided in K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto;

- (B) complete the registration form with all information and updated information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto;
- (C) require the offender to read and sign the registration form, which shall include a statement that the requirements provided in this subsection have been explained to the offender:
- (D) provide one copy of the form to the offender and, within three business days, send a copy of the form to the Kansas bureau of investigation; and
- (E) enter all offender information required by the national crime information center into the national sex offender registry system within three business days of completing the registration or electronically submit all information and updated information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto, within three business days to the Kansas bureau of investigation;
- (2) notify the Kansas bureau of investigation of the incarceration of any offender and of the location or any change in location of the offender while in custody;
- (3) prior to any offender being discharged, paroled, furloughed or released on work or school release from that does not require the daily return to a correctional facility, or otherwise released from incarceration:
- (A) Inform the offender of the procedure for registration and of the offender's registration requirements as provided in K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto;
- (B) complete the registration form with all information and updated information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto;
- (C) require the offender to read and sign the registration form, which shall include a statement that the requirements provided in this subsection have been explained to the offender:
 - (D) photograph the offender's face and any identifying marks;
 - (E) obtain fingerprint and palm prints of the offender; and
- (F) provide one copy of the form to the offender and, within three business days, send a copy of the form and of the photograph or photographs to the law enforcement agency having initial jurisdiction and to the Kansas bureau of investigation; and
- (4) notify the law enforcement agency having initial jurisdiction and the Kansas bureau of investigation seven business days prior to any offender being discharged, paroled, furloughed or released on work or school release.
 - (c) The staff of any treatment facility shall:
- (1) Within three business days of an offender's arrival for inpatient treatment, inform the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction in which the treatment facility is located of the offender's presence at the treatment facility and the expected duration of the treatment, and immediately notify the registering law enforcement agency of an unauthorized or unexpected absence of the offender during the offender's treatment;
- (2) inform the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction in which the treatment facility is located within three business days of an offender's discharge or release; and
- (3) provide information upon request to any registering law enforcement agency having jurisdiction relevant to determining the presence of an offender within the treatment facility.
- (d) The registering law enforcement agency, upon the reporting of any offender, shall:

- (1) Inform the offender of the duty to register as provided by the Kansas offender registration act;
- (2) (A) explain the procedure for registration and the offender's registration requirements as provided in K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto;
- (B) obtain the information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto: and
- (C) require the offender to read and sign the registration form, which shall include a statement that the requirements provided in this subsection have been explained to the offender:
- (3) complete the registration form with all information and updated information required for registration, as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto, each time the offender reports to the registering law enforcement agency. All information and updated information reported by an offender shall be forwarded to the Kansas bureau of investigation within three business days;
- (4) maintain the original signed registration form, provide one copy of the completed registration form to the offender and, within three business days, send one copy of the completed form to the Kansas bureau of investigation;
- (5) forward a copy of any certified letter used for reporting pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto, when utilized, within three business days to the Kansas bureau of investigation;
- (6) obtain registration information from every offender required to register regardless of whether or not the offender remits payment. Failure of the offender to remit payment is a violation of the Kansas offender registration act and is subject to prosecution pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4903, and amendments thereto;
- (7) upon every required reporting, update the photograph or photographs of the offender's face and any new identifying marks and immediately forward copies or electronic files of the photographs to the Kansas bureau of investigation;
- (8) enter all offender information required by the national crime information center into the national sex offender registry system within three business days of completing the registration or electronically submit all information and updated information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto, within three business days to the Kansas bureau of investigation;
- (9) maintain a special fund for the deposit and maintenance of fees paid by offenders. All funds retained by the registering law enforcement agency pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be credited to a special fund of the registering law enforcement agency which shall be used solely for law enforcement and criminal prosecution purposes and which shall not be used as a source of revenue to reduce the amount of funding otherwise made available to the registering law enforcement agency; and
- (10) forward any initial registration and updated registration information within three business days to any out of state jurisdiction where the offender is expected to reside, maintain employment or attend school.
 - (e) (1) The Kansas bureau of investigation shall:
- (A) Forward all additions or changes in information to any registering law enforcement agency, other than the agency that submitted the form, where the offender expects to reside, maintain employment or attend school;
 - (B) ensure that offender information is immediately entered in the state registered

offender database and the Kansas registered offender website, as provided in K.S.A. 22-4909, and amendments thereto;

- (C) transmit offender conviction or adjudication data, fingerprints and palm prints to the federal bureau of investigation; and
- (D) ensure all offender information required by the national crime information center is transmitted into the national sex offender registry system within three business days of such information being electronically submitted to the Kansas bureau of investigation.
- (2) The director of the Kansas bureau of investigation may adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of the Kansas offender registration act.
- (f) The attorney general shall, within 10 business days of an offender being declared a sexually violent predator, forward to the Kansas bureau of investigation all relevant court documentation declaring an offender a sexually violent predator.
- (g) The state department of education shall annually notify any school of the Kansas bureau of investigation internet website, and any internet website containing information on the Kansas offender registration act sponsored or created by the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction in which the school is located, for the purpose of locating offenders who reside near such school. Such notification shall include information that the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction where such school is located is available to the school to assist in using the registry and providing additional information on registered offenders.
- (h) The secretary of health and environment shall annually notify any licensed child care facility of the Kansas bureau of investigation internet website, and any internet website containing information on the Kansas offender registration sponsored or created by the registering law enforcement agency of the county in which the facility is located, for the purpose of locating offenders who reside near such facility. Such notification shall include information that the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction where such child care facility is located is available to the child care facilities to assist in using the registry and providing additional information on registered offenders.
- (i) Upon request, the clerk of any court of record shall provide the Kansas bureau of investigation copies of complaints, indictments, information, journal entries, commitment orders or any other documents necessary to the performance of the duties of the Kansas bureau of investigation under the Kansas offender registration act. No fees or charges for providing such documents may be assessed.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4905 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4905. Any offender required to register as provided in the Kansas offender registration act shall:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, register in person with the registering law enforcement agency within three business days of coming into any county or location of jurisdiction in which the offender resides or intends to reside, maintains employment or intends to maintain employment, or attends school or intends to attend school. Any such offender who cannot physically register in person with the registering law enforcement agency for such reasons including, but not limited to, incapacitation or hospitalization, as determined by a person licensed to practice

medicine or surgery, shall be subject to verification requirements other than in-person registration, as determined by the registering law enforcement agency having jurisdiction;

- (b) except as provided further, for any: (1) Sex offender, including a violent offender or drug offender who is also a sex offender, report in person four times each year to the registering law enforcement agency in the county or location of jurisdiction in which the offender resides, maintains employment or is attending a school; and (2) violent offender or drug offender, report in person four times each year to the registering law enforcement agency in the county or location of jurisdiction in which the offender resides, maintains employment or is attending a school, except that, at the discretion of the registering law enforcement agency, one of the four required reports may be conducted by certified letter. When utilized, the certified letter for reporting shall be sent by the registering law enforcement agency to the reported residence of the offender. The offender shall indicate any changes in information as required for reporting in person. The offender shall respond by returning the certified letter to the registering law enforcement agency within 10 business days by certified mail. The offender shall be required to report to the registering law enforcement agency once during the month of the offender's birthday and every third, sixth and ninth month occurring before and after the month of the offender's birthday. The registering law enforcement agency may determine the appropriate times and days for reporting by the offender, consistent with this subsection. Nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to alleviate any offender from meeting the requirements prescribed in the Kansas offender registration act;
- (c) provide the information required for registration as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto, and verify all information previously provided is accurate;
- (d) if in the custody of a correctional facility, register with the correctional facility within three business days of initial custody and shall not be required to update such registration until released from custody, granted work release or otherwise allowed to leave the grounds of the discharged, paroled, furloughed or released on work or school release from a correctional facility. A copy of the registration form and any updated registrations for an offender released on work or school release shall be sent, within three business days, to the registering law enforcement agency where the offender is incarcerated, maintains employment or attends school, and to the Kansas bureau of investigation:
- (e) notwithstanding subsections (a) and (b), if the offender is transient, report in person to the registering law enforcement agency of such county or location of jurisdiction in which the offender is physically present within three business days of arrival in the county or location of jurisdiction. Such offender shall be required to register in person with the registering law enforcement agency every 30 days, or more often at the discretion of the registering law enforcement agency. Such offender shall comply with the provisions of the Kansas offender registration act and, in addition, shall:
- (1) Provide a list of places where the offender has slept and otherwise frequented during the period of time since the last date of registration; and
- (2) provide a list of places where the offender may be contacted and where the offender intends to sleep and otherwise frequent during the period of time prior to the next required date of registration;

- (f) if required by out of state law, register in any out of state jurisdiction, where the offender resides, maintains employment or attends school;
- (g) register in person upon any commencement, change or termination of residence location, employment status, school attendance or other information as provided in K.S.A. 22-4907, and amendments thereto, within three business days of such commencement, change or termination, to the registering law enforcement agency or agencies where last registered and provide written notice to the Kansas bureau of investigation;
- (h) report in person to the registering law enforcement agency or agencies within three business days of any change in name;
- (i) if receiving inpatient treatment at any treatment facility, inform the treatment facility of the offender's status as an offender and inform the registering law enforcement agency of the county or location of jurisdiction in which the treatment facility is located of the offender's presence at the treatment facility and the expected duration of the treatment;
- (j) submit to the taking of an updated photograph by the registering law enforcement agency on each occasion when the offender registers with or reports to the registering law enforcement agency in the county or location of jurisdiction in which the offender resides, maintains employment or attends school. In addition, such offender shall submit to the taking of a photograph to document any changes in identifying characteristics, including, but not limited to, scars, marks and tattoos;
- (k) remit payment to the sheriff's office in the amount of \$20-during the month of the offender's birthday and every third, sixth and ninth month occurring before and after the month of the offender's birthday as part of the reporting process required pursuant to subsection (b) in each county in which the offender resides, maintains employment or is attending school. Registration will be completed regardless of whether or not the offender remits payment. Failure of the offender to remit full payment within 15 days of registration is a violation of the Kansas offender registration act and is subject to prosecution pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4903, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding other provisions herein, payment of this fee is not required:
- (1) When an offender provides updates or changes in information or during an initial registration unless such updates, changes or initial registration is during the month of such offender's birthday and every third, sixth and ninth month occurring before and after the month of the offender's birthday:
- (2) when an offender is transient and is required to register every 30 days, or more frequently as ordered by the registering law enforcement agency, except during the month of the offender's birthday and every third, sixth and ninth month occurring before and after the month of the offender's birthday; or
- (3) if an offender has, prior to the required reporting and within the last three years, been determined to be indigent by a court of law, and the basis for that finding is recorded by the court;
- (l) annually renew any driver's license pursuant to K.S.A. 8-247, and amendments thereto, and annually renew any identification card pursuant to K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 8-1325a, and amendments thereto;
- (m) if maintaining primary residence in this state, surrender all driver's licenses and identification cards from other states, territories and the District of Columbia, except if the offender is presently serving and maintaining active duty in any branch of the

United States military or the offender is an immediate family member of a person presently serving and maintaining active duty in any branch of the United States military;

- (n) read and sign the registration form noting whether the requirements provided in this section have been explained to the offender; and
- (o) report in person to the registering law enforcement agency in the jurisdiction of the offender's residence and provide written notice to the Kansas bureau of investigation 21 days prior to any travel outside of the United States, and provide an itinerary including, but not limited to, destination, means of transport and duration of travel, or if under emergency circumstances, within three business days of making travel arrangements.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4906 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4906. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c), if convicted of any of the following offenses, an offender's duration of registration shall be, if confined, 15 years after the date of parole, discharge or release, whichever date is most recent, or, if not confined, 15 years from the date of conviction:
- (A) Sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3517, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;
- (B) adultery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3507, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5511, and amendments thereto, when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age;
- (C) patronizing a prostitute, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3515, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6421, and amendments thereto, when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age;
- (D) lewd and lascivious behavior, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3508, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5513, and amendments thereto, when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age;
- (E) capital murder, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5401, and amendments thereto;
- (F) murder in the first degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3401, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5402, and amendments thereto;
- (G) murder in the second degree, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3402, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto;
- (H) voluntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3403, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5404, and amendments thereto;
- (I) involuntary manslaughter, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3404, prior to its repeal, or subsections (a)(1), (a)(2) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5405, and amendments thereto:
- (J) criminal restraint, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3424, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5411, and amendments thereto, except by a parent, and only when the victim is less than 18 years of age;
- (K) any act which has been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated, unless the court, on the record, finds that the act involved non-forcible sexual conduct, the victim was at least 14 years of age and the offender was not more than four years older than the victim;
- (L) conviction of any person required by court order to register for an offense not otherwise required as provided in the Kansas offender registration act;

- (M) conviction of any person felony and the court makes a finding on the record that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of such person felony;
- (N) unlawful manufacture or attempting such of any controlled substance or controlled substance analog, as defined in K.S.A. 65-4159, prior to its repeal, K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a03, prior to its transfer, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5703, and amendments thereto;
- (O) possession of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, red phosphorus, lithium metal, sodium metal, iodine, anhydrous ammonia, pressurized ammonia or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers or salts of isomers with intent to use the product to manufacture a controlled substance, as defined by subsection (a) of K.S.A. 65-7006, prior to its repeal, subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a09, prior to its transfer, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5709, and amendments thereto;
- (P) K.S.A. 65-4161, prior to its repeal, subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 2010 Supp. 21-36a05, prior to its transfer, or subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5705, and amendments thereto; or
- (Q) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided by the Kansas offender registration act, the duration of registration terminates, if not confined, at the expiration of 15 years from the date of conviction. Any period of time during which any offender is incarcerated in any jail or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not count toward the duration of registration.
- (b) (1) Except as provided in subsection (c), if convicted of any of the following offenses, an offender's duration of registration shall be, if confined, 25 years after the date of parole, discharge or release, whichever date is most recent, or, if not confined, 25 years from the date of conviction:
- (A) Criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto, when one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age;
- (B) indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;
- (C) electronic solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3523, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5509, and amendments thereto;
- (D) aggravated incest, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3603, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5604, and amendments thereto;
- (E) indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (F) unlawful sexual relations, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3520, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5512, and amendments thereto;
- (G) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the victim is 14 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age;
- (H) aggravated sexual battery, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5505, and amendments thereto;
 - (I) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3513, prior to its repeal, or

- K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the prostitute is 14 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age; or
- (J) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided by the Kansas offender registration act, the duration of registration terminates, if not confined, at the expiration of 25 years from the date of conviction. Any period of time during which any offender is incarcerated in any jail or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not count toward the duration of registration.
- (c) Upon a second or subsequent conviction of an offense requiring registration, an offender's duration of registration shall be for such offender's lifetime.
- (d) The duration of registration for any offender who has been convicted of any of the following offenses shall be for such offender's lifetime:
- (1) Rape, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5503, and amendments thereto;
- (2) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3511, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5508, and amendments thereto;
- (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5506, and amendments thereto;
- (4) criminal sodomy, as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a)(3) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto:
- (5) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5504, and amendments thereto;
- (6) aggravated human trafficking, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5426, and amendments thereto;
- (7) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3516, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5510, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age;
- (8) promoting prostitution, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3513, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6420, and amendments thereto, if the prostitute is less than 14 years of age;
- (9) kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3420, prior to its repeal, or subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto;
- (10) aggravated kidnapping, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3421, prior to its repeal, or subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5408, and amendments thereto; or
- (11) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 and 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.
- (e) Any person who has been declared a sexually violent predator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29a01 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall register for such person's lifetime
- (f) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, for an offender less than 14 years of age who is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a sexually violent crime set forth in subsection (c) of

K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, the court shall:

- (1) Require registration until such offender reaches 18 years of age, at the expiration of five years from the date of adjudication or, if confined, from release from confinement, whichever date occurs later. Any period of time during which the offender is incarcerated in any jail, juvenile facility or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not count toward the duration of registration;
- (2) not require registration if the court, on the record, finds substantial and compelling reasons therefor; or
- (3) require registration, but such registration information shall not be open to inspection by the public or posted on any internet website, as provided in K.S.A. 22-4909, and amendments thereto. If the court requires registration but such registration is not open to the public, such offender shall provide a copy of such court order to the registering law enforcement agency at the time of registration. The registering law enforcement agency shall forward a copy of such court order to the Kansas bureau of investigation.

If such offender violates a condition of release during the term of the conditional release, the court may require such offender to register pursuant to paragraph (1).

- (g) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, for an offender 14 years of age or more who is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a sexually violent crime set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, and such crime is not an off-grid felony or a felony ranked in severity level 1 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4704, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto, the court shall:
- (1) Require registration until such offender reaches 18 years of age, at the expiration of five years from the date of adjudication or, if confined, from release from confinement, whichever date occurs later. Any period of time during which the offender is incarcerated in any jail, juvenile facility or correctional facility or during which the offender does not comply with any and all requirements of the Kansas offender registration act shall not count toward the duration of registration;
- (2) not require registration if the court, on the record, finds substantial and compelling reasons therefor; or
- (3) require registration, but such registration information shall not be open to inspection by the public or posted on any internet website, as provided in K.S.A. 22-4909, and amendments thereto. If the court requires registration but such registration is not open to the public, such offender shall provide a copy of such court order to the registering law enforcement agency at the time of registration. The registering law enforcement agency shall forward a copy of such court order to the Kansas bureau of investigation.

If such offender violates a condition of release during the term of the conditional release, the court may require such offender to register pursuant to paragraph (1).

(h) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this section, an offender 14 years of age or more who is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute a sexually violent crime set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, and such crime is an off-grid felony or a felony ranked in severity level 1 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4704, prior to its repeal, or K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 21-6804, and amendments thereto, shall be required to

register for such offender's lifetime.

- (i) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a diversionary agreement or probation order, either adult or juvenile, or a juvenile offender sentencing order, requires registration under the Kansas offender registration act for an offense that would not otherwise require registration as provided in subsection (a)(5) of K.S.A 22-4902, and amendments thereto, then all provisions of the Kansas offender registration act shall apply, except that the duration of registration shall be controlled by such diversionary agreement, probation order or juvenile offender sentencing order.
- (j) The duration of registration does not terminate if the convicted or adjudicated offender again becomes liable to register as provided by the Kansas offender registration act during the required period of registration.
- (k) For any person moving to Kansas who has been convicted or adjudicated in an out of state court, or who was required to register under an out of state law, the duration of registration shall be the length of time required by the out of state jurisdiction or by the Kansas offender registration act, whichever length of time is longer. The provisions of this subsection shall apply to convictions or adjudications prior to June 1, 2006, and to persons who moved to Kansas prior to June 1, 2006, and to convictions or adjudications on or after June 1, 2006, and to persons who moved to Kansas on or after June 1, 2006.
- (l) For any person residing, maintaining employment or attending school in this state who has been convicted or adjudicated by an out of state court of an offense that is comparable to any crime requiring registration pursuant to the Kansas offender registration act, but who was not required to register in the jurisdiction of conviction or adjudication, the duration of registration shall be the duration required for the comparable offense pursuant to the Kansas offender registration act. The duration of registration shall begin upon establishing residency, beginning employment or beginning school.
- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4907 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-4907. (a) Registration as required by the Kansas offender registration act shall consist of a form approved by the Kansas bureau of investigation, which shall include a statement that the requirements provided in this section have been reviewed and explained to the offender, and shall be signed by the offender and, except when such reporting is conducted by certified letter as provided in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 22-4905, and amendments thereto, witnessed by the person registering the offender. Such registration form shall include the following offender information:
 - (1) Name and all alias names;
 - (2) date and city, state and country of birth, and any alias dates or places of birth;
- (3) title and statute number of each offense or offenses committed, date of each conviction or adjudication and court case numbers for each conviction or adjudication;
 - (4) city, county, state or country of conviction or adjudication;
- (5) sex and date of birth or purported age of each victim of all offenses requiring registration;
- (6) current residential address, any anticipated future residence and any temporary lodging information including, but not limited to, address, telephone number and dates of travel for any place in which the offender is staying for seven or more days; and, if transient, the locations where the offender has stayed and frequented since last reporting for registration;

- (7) all telephone numbers at which the offender may be contacted including, but not limited to, all mobile telephone numbers;
 - (8) social security number, and all alias social security numbers;
- (9) identifying characteristics such as race, ethnicity, skin tone, sex, age, height, weight, hair and eye color, scars, tattoos and blood type;
- (10) occupation and name, address or addresses and telephone number of employer or employers, and name of any anticipated employer and place of employment;
- (11) all current driver's licenses or identification cards, including a photocopy of all such driver's licenses or identification cards and their numbers, states of issuance and expiration dates;
- (12) all vehicle information, including the license plate number, registration number and any other identifier and description of any vehicle owned or operated by the offender, or any vehicle the offender regularly drives, either for personal use or in the course of employment, and information concerning the location or locations such vehicle or vehicles are habitually parked or otherwise kept;
- (13) license plate number, registration number or other identifier and description of any aircraft or watercraft owned or operated by the offender, and information concerning the location or locations such aircraft or watercraft are habitually parked, docked or otherwise kept:
 - (14) all professional licenses, designations and certifications;
- (15) documentation of any treatment received for a mental abnormality or personality disorder of the offender; for purposes of documenting the treatment received, registering law enforcement agencies, correctional facility officials, treatment facility officials and courts may rely on information that is readily available to them from existing records and the offender;
 - (16) a photograph or photographs;
 - (17) fingerprints and palm prints;
- (18) any and all schools and satellite schools attended or expected to be attended and the locations of attendance and telephone number;
- (19) any and all: E-mail addresses; online identities used by the offender on the internet; information relating to membership in any and all personal web pages or online social networks: and internet screen names:
 - (20) all travel and immigration documents; and
- (21) name and telephone number of the offender's probation, parole or community corrections officer.
- (b) (1) The offender shall also provide to the registering law enforcement agency DNA exemplars, unless already on file at the Kansas bureau of investigation provide biological samples for DNA analysis to the registering law enforcement agency as required by K.S.A. 21-2511, and amendments thereto. The biological samples shall be in the form using a DNA databank kit authorized by the Kansas bureau of investigation. The registering law enforcement agency shall forward such biological samples to the Kansas bureau of investigation. Prior to taking such sample, the registering law enforcement agency shall search the Kansas criminal justice information system to determine if such person's DNA profile is currently on file. If such person's DNA profile is on file with the Kansas bureau of investigation, the registering law enforcement agency is not required to take biological samples.
 - (2) If the exemplars to be taken require the withdrawal of blood, such withdrawal

may be performed only by:

- (A) A person licensed to practice medicine or surgery, or a person acting under the supervision of any such licensed person;
 - (B) a registered nurse or a licensed practical nurse;
 - (C) any qualified medical technician; or
 - (D) a licensed phlebotomist.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4902, 22-4903, 22-4904, 22-4905, 22-4906 and 22-4907 are hereby repealed.";

And by redesignating sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, by striking all in lines 1 through 4 and inserting:

"AN ACT concerning the Kansas offender registration act; amending K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 22-4902, 22-4903, 22-4904, 22-4905, 22-4906 and 22-4907 and repealing the existing sections.";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Lance Y. Kinzer Robert Bruchman Janice L. Pauls Conferees on part of House

JEFF KING
GREG SMITH
DAVID HALEY
Conferees on part of Senate

On motion of Rep. Kinzer, the conference committee report on **SB 20** was adopted. On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 119; Nays 1; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 5.

Yeas: Alcala, Alford, Ballard, Barker, Bideau, Boldra, Bollier, Bradford, Bridges, Bruchman, Brunk, Burroughs, Couture-Lovelady, Campbell, Carlin, Carlson, Carpenter, Cassidy, Christmann, Claeys, Clayton, Concannon, Corbet, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Dierks, Dillmore, Doll, Dove, Edmonds, Esau, Ewy, Finch, Finney, Frownfelter, Gandhi, Garber, Goico, Gonzalez, Grant, Grosserode, Hawkins, Hedke, Henry, Hermanson, Hibbard, Highland, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, Houser, Houston, Howell, Huebert, Hutton, Jennings, Johnson, Jones, Kahrs, Kelley, Kelly, Kinzer, Kleeb, Kuether, Lane, Lunn, Lusk, Macheers, Mast, McPherson, Meier, Meigs, Menghini, Merrick, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, Pauls, Peck, Perry, Petty, Phillips, Powell, Proehl, Read, Rhoades, Rooker, Rothlisberg, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman Jr., Ryckman Sr., Sawyer, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Sloan, Sloop, Suellentrop, Sutton, Swanson, Thimesch, Tietze, Todd, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Waymaster, Weigel, Whipple, Wilson, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: Becker.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Edwards, Henderson, Osterman, Peterson, Weber.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on

Senate amendments to **HB 2261** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill, as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 1, following line 6, by inserting:

"New Section 1. (a) In order to educate students about the sacrifices made for freedom in the founding of this country and the values on which this country was founded, the week of September containing the 17th day of such month in each year thereafter is hereby designated as "celebrate freedom week" in each public school offering any of the grades kindergarten through eight.

- (b) The state board of education, in cooperation with such other state agencies or private entities who voluntarily participate, shall promote "celebrate freedom week" through a coordinated program.
 - (c) For purposes of this section, Sunday is deemed to be the first day of the week.

New Sec. 2. On or before December 31, 2013, the state board of education shall adopt rules and regulations requiring appropriate instruction be provided as part of the curriculum for grades kindergarten through eight on history and government concerning the original intent, meaning and importance of the declaration of independence and the United States constitution, including the bill of rights of the United States constitution, in their historical contexts. The religious references in the writings of the founding fathers shall not be censored when presented as part of such instruction. Such rules and regulations shall provide that the study of the declaration of independence include the study of the relationship of the ideas expressed in that document to subsequent American history, including the relationship of such ideas to the rich diversity of our people as a nation of immigrants, the American revolution, the formulation of the United States constitution and the abolitionist movement, which led to the emancipation proclamation and the women's suffrage movement. Such instruction shall be taught during "celebrate freedom week," established under section 1, and amendments thereto, or during such other full school week as determined by the board of education of the school district.";

On page 9, in line 32, by striking "June" and inserting "July"; in line 34, by striking "June 30" and inserting "July 15";

On page 11, following line 9, by inserting:

"Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 72-8256 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8256. (a) As used in this section:

- (1) "Bullying" means: (A) Any intentional gesture or any intentional written, verbal, electronic or physical act or threat either by any student, staff member or parent towards a student or by any student, staff member or parent towards a staff member that is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive that it such gesture, act or threat creates an intimidating, threatening or abusive educational environment for a student or staff member that a reasonable person, under the circumstances, knows or should know will have the effect of:
 - (i) Harming a student or staff member, whether physically or mentally;
 - (ii) damaging a student's or staff member's property;
- (iii) placing a student or staff member in reasonable fear of harm to the student or staff member; or
 - (iv) placing a student or staff member in reasonable fear of damage to the student's

or staff member's property;

- (B) cyberbullying; or
- (C) any other form of intimidation or harassment prohibited by the board of education of the school district in policies concerning bullying adopted pursuant to this section or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 72-8205, and amendments thereto.
- (2) "Cyberbullying" means bullying by use of any electronic communication device through means including, but not limited to, e-mail, instant messaging, text messages, blogs, mobile phones, pagers, online games and websites.
- (3) "Parent" includes a guardian, custodian or other person with authority to act on behalf of the child.
- (4) "School district" or "district" means any unified school district organized and operating under the laws of this state.
- (3)–(5) "School vehicle" means any school bus, school van, other school vehicle and private vehicle used to transport students or staff members to and from school or any school-sponsored activity or event.
 - (6) "Staff member" means any person employed by a school district.
- (b) The board of education of each school district shall adopt a policy to prohibit bullying either by any student, staff member or parent towards a student or by a student, staff member or parent towards a staff member on or while utilizing school property, in a school vehicle or at a school-sponsored activity or event.
- (c) The board of education of each school district shall adopt and implement a plan to address bullying either by any student, staff member or parent towards a student or by a student, staff member or parent towards a staff member on school property, in a school vehicle or at a school-sponsored activity or event. Such plan shall include provisions for the training and education for staff members and students.
- (d) The board of education of each school district may adopt additional policies relating to bullying pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 72-8205, and amendments thereto.
- (e) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit or supersede or in any manner affect or diminish the requirements of compliance by a staff member with the provisions of K.S.A. 2012 Supp. 38-2223 or 38-2226, and amendments thereto,";

And by renumbering sections accordingly:

On page 12, in line 10, after "72-8250," by inserting "72-8256,";

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking "school finance" and inserting "the financing thereof; relating to the policies thereof; establishing celebrate freedom week and related curriculum"; in line 3, after "72-8250," by inserting "72-8256,";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Steve E. Abrams
Tom Arpke
Anthony Hensley
Conferees on part of Senate

Kasha Kelley Ward Cassidy Ed Trimmer Conferees on part of House On motion of Rep. Kelley, the conference committee report on HB 2261 was adopted.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 119; Nays 1; Present but not voting: 0; Absent or not voting: 5.

Yeas: Alcala, Alford, Ballard, Barker, Becker, Bideau, Boldra, Bollier, Bradford, Bridges, Bruchman, Brunk, Burroughs, Couture-Lovelady, Campbell, Carlin, Carlson, Carpenter, Cassidy, Christmann, Claeys, Clayton, Concannon, Corbet, Crum, Davis, DeGraaf, Dierks, Dillmore, Doll, Dove, Edmonds, Esau, Ewy, Finch, Finney, Frownfelter, Gandhi, Garber, Goico, Gonzalez, Grant, Grosserode, Hawkins, Hedke, Henry, Hermanson, Hibbard, Highland, Hildabrand, Hill, Hineman, Hoffman, Houser, Houston, Howell, Huebert, Hutton, Jennings, Johnson, Jones, Kahrs, Kelley, Kelly, Kinzer, Kleeb, Kuether, Lane, Lunn, Lusk, Macheers, Mast, McPherson, Meier, Meigs, Menghini, Merrick, Montgomery, Moxley, O'Brien, Pauls, Perry, Petty, Phillips, Powell, Proehl, Read, Rhoades, Rooker, Rothlisberg, Rubin, Ruiz, Ryckman Jr., Ryckman Sr., Sawyer, Schroeder, Schwab, Schwartz, Seiwert, Shultz, Siegfreid, Sloan, Sloop, Suellentrop, Sutton, Swanson, Thimesch, Tietze, Todd, Trimmer, Vickrey, Victors, Ward, Waymaster, Weigel, Whipple, Wilson, Winn, Wolfe Moore.

Nays: Peck.

Present but not voting: None.

Absent or not voting: Edwards, Henderson, Osterman, Peterson, Weber.

On motion of Rep. Vickrey, the House adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Friday, May 10, 2013.

CHARLENE SWANSON, Journal Clerk.

SUSAN W. KANNARR, Chief Clerk.