## SENATE BILL No. 403

By Committee on Ways and Means

2-3

AN ACT concerning municipalities; relating to traffic citations and limitations on revenue generation; amending K.S.A. 12-4112 and 20-301 and K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 12-189, 12-4104 and 12-4106 and repealing the existing sections.

1 2

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Each city and county shall annually calculate the percentage of their annual general operating revenue that was revenue from traffic infractions for the immediately preceding fiscal year. If such percentage exceeds 10% of the annual general operating revenue for such city or county for such fiscal year, then that amount which is in excess of 10% shall be remitted to the director of taxation of the department of revenue. The director shall remit any moneys so received to the state treasurer in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state general fund.

- (b) Within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year of the city or county, such city or county shall submit a financial report on the general operating revenue of such city or county for the immediately preceding fiscal year to the director. The financial report shall be prepared in such form and manner as prescribed by the secretary of revenue, and shall be notarized and signed by a member of the governing body of such city or county with knowledge as to the accuracy of the contents of the report. The financial report shall contain an accounting of:
  - (1) The annual general operating revenue;
  - (2) the aggregate revenue from traffic infractions; and
- (3) the percentage of annual general operating revenue that is revenue from traffic infractions.
- (c) The director of taxation shall review the information submitted by cities and counties pursuant to subsection (b) and determine if any city or county has failed to submit the required financial report or has failed to remit the appropriate excess revenue amount as determined under subsection (a). If the director finds that a city or county has failed to either submit the required financial report or remit the required excess revenue amount, then the director shall notify such city or county of the deficiency. Such notice shall be provided in writing and shall state that the city or

county has 60 days from the date of the notice to correct the deficiency.

- (d) If, after receiving notice of failure to submit a financial report pursuant to subsection (c), a city or county submits a financial report, the director of taxation shall review the report and determine if the city or county remitted the appropriate excess revenue amount. If the director determines that the city or county failed to remit the appropriate amount, then the director shall notify such city or county of such failure in accordance with subsection (c).
- (e) If a city fails to correct any deficiency within the time specified in the notice, the director of taxation shall notify the municipal court of such city, if any, of such deficiency and that such municipal court's jurisdiction is suspended in accordance with K.S.A. 12-4104, and amendments thereto. Such notice shall be sent to each municipal judge of such court.
- (f) Any city or county that receives a notice from the director of taxation may seek review of the director's determination in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.
- (g) On or before January 1, 2017, the secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
  - (h) As used in this section:
- (1) (A) "Annual general operating revenue" means the aggregate of all revenue received by a city or county during its fiscal year that may be lawfully expended for any expenditures, purchases or other obligations incurred by such city or county, including, but not limited to, sales and compensating use taxes, ad valorem taxes, fees from the issuance of licenses or permits, fines imposed for municipal resolution or ordinance violations, forfeitures of appearance bonds and any other moneys received by such city or county.
- (B) The term "annual general operating revenue" shall not include the proceeds of any bonds issued by a city or county.
- (2) "Revenue from traffic infractions" means: (A) Fines imposed for municipal ordinance violations that are classified as ordinance traffic infractions pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4305, and amendments thereto; and (B) forfeitures of appearance bonds pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4303 et seq., and amendments thereto, in ordinance traffic infraction cases.

New Sec. 2. (a) Commencing July 1, 2016, at the end of each quarter of its fiscal year, each municipal court shall calculate an amount equal to 70% of all revenue from traffic infractions for violations occurring on the national network of highways, and within 10 days after the end of such quarter shall remit such amount to the director of taxation of the department of revenue. The director shall remit any moneys so received to the state treasurer in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state

highway fund.

- (b) At the time of any remittance required under subsection (a), the municipal court shall submit a financial report on revenue from traffic infractions for the immediately preceding quarter with the director of taxation. The financial report shall be prepared in such form and manner as prescribed by the secretary of revenue, and shall be notarized and signed by the municipal judge. The financial report shall contain an accounting of:
  - (1) The aggregate amount of revenue from traffic infractions;
- (2) the aggregate revenue from traffic infractions for violations occurring on the national network of highways; and
- (3) the amount calculated by multiplying 70% by the amount determined under subsection (b)(2).
- (c) The director of taxation shall review the information submitted by the municipal court pursuant to subsection (b) and determine if the municipal court has failed to submit the required financial report or has failed to remit the appropriate amount as determined under subsection (a). If the director finds that the municipal court has failed to either submit the required financial report or remit the required amount, then the director shall notify the municipal court of the deficiency. Such notice shall be provided in writing and shall state that the municipal court has 60 days from the date of the notice to correct the deficiency.
- (d) If the municipal court fails to correct any deficiency within the time specified in the notice, the director of taxation shall notify the municipal court of such deficiency and that such municipal court's jurisdiction is suspended in accordance with K.S.A. 12-4104, and amendments thereto. Such notice shall be sent to each municipal judge of such court.
- (e) Any municipal court that receives a notice from the director of taxation may seek review of the director's determination in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.
- (f) On or before January 1, 2017, the secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section.
  - (h) As used in this section:
- (1) "National network of highways" shall have the same meaning as that term is defined in K.S.A. 8-1487, and amendments thereto.
- (2) "Revenue from traffic infractions" means: (A) Fines imposed for municipal ordinance violations that are classified as ordinance traffic infractions pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4305, and amendments thereto; and (B) forfeitures of appearance bonds pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4303 et seq., and amendments thereto, in ordinance traffic infraction cases.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 12-189 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-189. The rate of any city retailers' sales tax shall be fixed in

increments of 0.05% and in an amount not to exceed 2% for general purposes and not to exceed 1% for special purposes which shall be determined by the governing body of the city. For any retailers' sales tax imposed by a city for special purposes, such city shall specify the purposes for which such tax is imposed. All such special purpose retailers' sales taxes imposed by a city shall expire after 10 years from the date such tax is first collected. The rate of any countywide retailers' sales tax shall be fixed in an amount not to exceed 1% and shall be fixed in increments of 0.25%, and which amount shall be determined by the board of county commissioners, except that:

- (a) The board of county commissioners of Wabaunsee county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.25%; the board of county commissioners of Osage or Reno county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.25% or 1.5%; the board of county commissioners of Cherokee, Crawford, Ford, Saline, Seward, Thomas or Wyandotte county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.5%, the board of county commissioners of Atchison county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.5% or 1.75%; the board of county commissioners of Anderson, Barton, Jefferson or Ottawa county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2%; the board of county commissioners of Marion county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2.5%; the board of county commissioners of Franklin, Linn and Miami counties, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate allowed to be imposed by the respective board of county commissioners on July 1, 2007. plus up to 1.0%; and the board of county commissioners of Brown county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(2), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 2%;
- (b) the board of county commissioners of Jackson county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(3), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2%;
- (c) the boards of county commissioners of Finney and Ford counties, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(4), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 0.25%;
- (d) the board of county commissioners of any county for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(5), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate allowed to be imposed by a board of county commissioners on the effective date of this act plus 0.25%, 0.5%, 0.75% or 1%, as the case requires;
  - (e) the board of county commissioners of Dickinson county, for the

purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(7), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.5%, and the board of county commissioners of Miami county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(7), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.25%, 1.5%, 1.75% or 2%;

- (f) the board of county commissioners of Sherman county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(8), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2.25%;
- (g) the board of county commissioners of Crawford or Russell county for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(9), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.5%;
- (h) the board of county commissioners of Franklin county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(10), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.75%;
- (i) the board of county commissioners of Douglas county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(11) and (b)(30), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.75%;
- (j) the board of county commissioners of Jackson county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(13), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.4%;
- (k) the board of county commissioners of Sedgwick county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(3)(C), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2%:
- (1) the board of county commissioners of Neosho county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(14), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.0% or 1.5%;
- (m) the board of county commissioners of Saline county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(15), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 1.5%;
- (n) the board of county commissioners of Harvey county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(16), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2.0%:
- (o) the board of county commissioners of Atchison county, for the purpose of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(17), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate allowed to be imposed by the board of county commissioners of Atchison county on the effective date of this act plus 0.25%;
- (p) the board of county commissioners of Wabaunsee county, for the purpose of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(18), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate allowed to be imposed by the board of county commissioners of Wabaunsee county on July 1, 2007, plus 0.5%;
- (q) the board of county commissioners of Jefferson county, for the purpose of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(19) and (25), and amendments thereto, may

fix such rate at 2.25%;

- (r) the board of county commissioners of Riley county, for the purpose of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(20), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate allowed to be imposed by the board of county commissioners of Riley county on July 1, 2007, plus up to 1%;
- (s) the board of county commissioners of Johnson county for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(21), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate allowed to be imposed by the board of county commissioners of Johnson county on July 1, 2007, plus 0.25%;
- (t) the board of county commissioners of Wilson county for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(22), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 2%;
- (u) the board of county commissioners of Butler county for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(23), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate otherwise allowed pursuant to this section, plus 0.25%, 0.5%, 0.75% or 1%;
- (v) the board of county commissioners of Barton county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(24), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 1.5%;
- (w) the board of county commissioners of Lyon county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(3)(D), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.5%:
- (x) the board of county commissioners of Rawlins county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(3)(E), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.75%;
- (y) the board of county commissioners of Chautauqua county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(3)(F), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 2.0%;
- (z) the board of county commissioners of Pottawatomie county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(26), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 1.5%;
- (aa) the board of county commissioners of Kingman county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(27), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at a percentage which is equal to the sum of the rate otherwise allowed pursuant to this section, plus 0.25%, 0.5%, 0.75%, or 1%;
- (bb) the board of county commissioners of Edwards county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(28), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at 1.375%;
- (cc) the board of county commissioners of Rooks county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(29), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 1.5%; and

(dd) the board of county commissioners of Bourbon county, for the purposes of K.S.A. 12-187(b)(3)(G) and (b)(31), and amendments thereto, may fix such rate at up to 2.0%.

Any county or city levying a retailers' sales tax is hereby prohibited from administering or collecting such tax locally, but shall utilize the services of the state department of revenue to administer, enforce and collect such tax. Except as otherwise specifically provided in K.S.A. 12-189a, and amendments thereto, such tax shall be identical in its application, and exemptions therefrom, to the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and all laws and administrative rules and regulations of the state department of revenue relating to the Kansas retailers' sales tax shall apply to such local sales tax insofar as such laws and rules and regulations may be made applicable. The state director of taxation is hereby authorized to administer, enforce and collect such local sales taxes and to adopt such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the efficient and effective administration and enforcement thereof.

Upon receipt of a certified copy of an ordinance or resolution authorizing the levy of a local retailers' sales tax, the director of taxation shall cause such taxes to be collected within or without the boundaries of such taxing subdivision at the same time and in the same manner provided for the collection of the state retailers' sales tax. Such copy shall be submitted to the director of taxation within 30 days after adoption of any such ordinance or resolution. All moneys collected by the director of taxation under the provisions of this section shall be credited to a county and city retailers' sales tax fund which fund is hereby established in the state treasury, except that all moneys collected by the director of taxation pursuant to the authority granted in K.S.A. 12-187(b)(22), and amendments thereto, shall be credited to the Wilson county capital improvements fund. Any refund due on any county or city retailers' sales tax collected pursuant to this act shall be paid out of the sales tax refund fund and reimbursed by the director of taxation from collections of local retailers' sales tax revenue. Except for local retailers' sales tax revenue required to be deposited in the redevelopment bond fund established under K.S.A. 74-8927, and amendments thereto, all local retailers' sales tax revenue collected within any county or city pursuant to this act shall be apportioned and remitted at least quarterly by the state treasurer, on instruction from the director of taxation, to the treasurer of such county or citv.

Revenue that is received from the imposition of a local retailers' sales tax which exceeds the amount of revenue required to pay the costs of a special project for which such revenue was pledged shall be credited to the city or county general fund, as the case requires.

The director of taxation shall provide, upon request by a city or county

clerk or treasurer or finance officer of any city or county levying a local retailers' sales tax, monthly reports identifying each retailer doing business in such city or county or making taxable sales sourced to such city or county, setting forth the tax liability and the amount of such tax remitted by each retailer during the preceding month and identifying each business location maintained by the retailer and such retailer's sales or use tax registration or account number. Such report shall be made available to the clerk or treasurer or finance officer of such city or county within a reasonable time after it has been requested from the director of taxation. The director of taxation shall be allowed to assess a reasonable fee for the issuance of such report. Information received by any city or county pursuant to this section shall be confidential, and it shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of such city or county to divulge any such information in any manner. Any violation of this paragraph by a city or county officer or employee is a class A misdemeanor, and such officer or employee shall be dismissed from office. Reports of violations of this paragraph shall be investigated by the attorney general. The district attorney or county attorney and the attorney general shall have authority to prosecute violations of this paragraph.

*Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary:* 

- (1) If any city or county fails to timely file the financial report required under section 1, and amendments thereto, the director shall withhold any moneys that would otherwise be remitted to such city or county pursuant to this section until such time as the director determines that such city or county has complied with the provisions of section 1, and amendments thereto.
- (2) If any city or county fails to timely remit the appropriate amount of excess revenue in accordance with section 1, and amendments thereto, the director shall withhold an amount equal to such excess revenues, and shall remit such amount to the state treasurer in accordance with K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 12-4104 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4104. (a) The municipal court of each city shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine cases involving violations of the ordinances of the city, including concurrent jurisdiction to hear and determine a violation of an ordinance when the elements of such ordinance violation are the same as the elements of a violation of one of the following state statutes and would constitute, and be punished as, a felony if charged in district court:
- (1) K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, driving under the influence;

 (2) K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-5414, and amendments thereto, domestic battery;

- (3) K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-5801, and amendments thereto, theft;
- (4) K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-5821, and amendments thereto, giving a worthless check; or
- (5) subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-5706(b)(3), and amendments thereto, possession of marijuana.
  - (b) Search warrants shall not issue out of a municipal court.
- (c) If a city is determined to have failed to comply with the provisions of section 1, and amendments thereto, either in failing to submit the required financial report or remitting the appropriate excess revenue amount, the jurisdiction of the municipal court for such city, if any, granted under this section shall be suspended and all pending matters before the court shall be transferred to the district court with jurisdiction over such matters. All such transferred cases shall be subject to such rules of civil procedure and court rules as if such matter had been initially filed in the district court. Upon receipt of notice that all deficiencies have been corrected in accordance with section 1, and amendments thereto, the municipal court may resume activities as prescribed by this section and may request the re-transfer of any pending matters that had been transferred to the district court back to the municipal court.
- (d) If the municipal court is determined to have failed to comply with the provisions of section 2, and amendments thereto, either in failing to submit the required financial report or remitting the appropriate amount, the jurisdiction of the municipal court granted under this section shall be suspended and all pending matters before the court shall be transferred to the district court with jurisdiction over such matters. All such transferred cases shall be subject to such rules of civil procedure and court rules as if such matter had been initially filed in the district court. Upon receipt of notice that all deficiencies have been corrected in accordance with section 2, and amendments thereto, the municipal court may resume activities as prescribed by this section and may request the re-transfer of any pending matters that had been transferred to the district court back to the municipal court.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 12-4106 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4106. (a) The municipal judge shall have the power to administer the oaths and enforce all orders, rules and judgments made by such municipal judge, and may fine or imprison for contempt in the same manner and to the same extent as a judge of the district court.
- (b) The municipal judge shall have the power to hear and determine all cases properly brought before such municipal judge to: Grant continuances; sentence those found guilty to a fine or confinement in jail, or both; commit accused persons to jail in default of bond; determine

applications for parole; release on probation; grant time in which a fine may be paid; correct a sentence; suspend imposition of a sentence; set aside a judgment; permit time for post trial motions; and discharge accused persons.

- (c) The municipal judge shall maintain a docket in which every cause commenced before such municipal judge shall be entered. Such docket shall contain the names of the accused persons and complainant, the nature or character of the offense, the date of trial, the names of all witnesses sworn and examined, the finding of the court, the judgment and sentence, the date of payment, the date of issuing commitment, if any, and every other fact necessary to show the full proceedings in each case.
- (d) The municipal judge shall promptly make such reports and furnish the information requested by any departmental justice or the judicial administrator, in the manner and form prescribed by the supreme court.
- (e) The municipal judge shall ensure that information concerning dispositions of city ordinance violations that result in convictions comparable to convictions for offenses under Kansas criminal statutes is forwarded to the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository. This information shall be transmitted, on a form or in a format approved by the attorney general, within 30 days of final disposition.
- (f) In all cases alleging a violation of a city ordinance prohibiting the acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-2,144, 8-1567 or 32-1131 or K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 8-1025, 21-6419 or 21-6421, and amendments thereto, the municipal court judge shall ensure that the municipal court reports the filing and disposition of such case to the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository, and, on and after July 1, 2014, reports the filing and disposition of such case electronically to the Kansas bureau of investigation central repository.
- (g) In all cases in which a fine is imposed for a violation of a city ordinance prohibiting the acts prohibited by K.S.A. 8-2,144 or 8-1567 or K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 8-1025 or 21-6421, and amendments thereto, the municipal court judge shall ensure that the municipal court remits the appropriate amount of such fine to the state treasurer as provided in K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 12-4120, and amendments thereto.
- (h) Each year at such time as the financial report on annual general operating revenue is submitted under section 1, and amendments thereto, the municipal judge shall certify that the municipal court is in substantial compliance with the municipal court procedures set forth in this subsection. Such certification shall be signed by the municipal judge and submitted to the director of taxation of the department of revenue. The municipal court procedures are as follows:
  - (1) Defendants in custody pursuant to an initial arrest warrant issued

by the municipal court are given an opportunity to be heard by the municipal judge in person, by telephone or via video conferencing as soon as practicable, and in no event more than 48 hours after the arrest for traffic infractions, or more than 72 hours after the arrest for any other ordinance violations, and if such defendant is not given that opportunity, then the defendant is released from custody;

- (2) defendants in municipal custody are not held more than 24 hours without a warrant for arrest;
- (3) no defendant is detained in order to coerce payment of fines and court costs;
- (4) the municipal court has established procedures whereby an indigent defendant may present evidence of such defendant's financial condition, and the municipal court takes such evidence into account in determining fines and court costs, and in establishing payment requirements;
- (5) the municipal court only assesses fines and court costs as authorized by law;
- (6) no additional complaint is issued for a failure to appear for a traffic violation;
- (7) proceedings of the municipal court are conducted in a courtroom that is open to the public and large enough to reasonably accommodate the public, the parties and attorneys;
- (8) the municipal court utilizes alternative payment plans and community service alternatives; and
- (9) the municipal court has adopted an electronic payment system or a payment-by-mail system for the payment of traffic violations.
- (i) If a city is determined to have failed to comply with the provisions of section 1, and amendments thereto, either in failing to submit the required financial report or remitting the appropriate excess revenue amount, the authority of the municipal judge of the municipal court for such city, if any, granted under this section shall be suspended. Upon receipt of notice that all deficiencies have been corrected in accordance with section 1, and amendments thereto, the municipal judge may resume all authority as prescribed by this section.
- (j) If the municipal court is determined to have failed to comply with the provisions of section 2, and amendments thereto, either in failing to submit the required financial report or remitting the appropriate amount, the authority of the municipal judge of such municipal court granted under this section shall be suspended. Upon receipt of notice that all deficiencies have been corrected in accordance with section 2, and amendments thereto, the municipal judge may resume all authority as prescribed by this section.
  - Sec. 6. K.S.A. 12-4112 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-

4112. (a) No person shall be assessed costs for the administration of justice in any municipal court case, except for witness fees and mileage as set forth in K.S.A. 12-4411, and amendments thereto; for the assessment required by K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 20-1a11, and amendments thereto; for the judicial branch education fund; for the assessment required by K.S.A. 12-4117, and amendments thereto, for the law enforcement training center fund established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5619, and amendments thereto, the local law enforcement training reimbursement fund established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5620, and amendments thereto, and the juvenile detention facilities fund as provided in K.S.A. 12-4117, and amendments thereto; and for the assessment required by K.S.A. 12-16,119, and amendments thereto, for the detention facility processing fee.

- (b) A person shall not be assessed costs for the administration of justice described in subsection (a) if such person makes an appearance, waiver, plea and payment in accordance with K.S.A. 12-4305(c), and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 20-301 is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-301. (a) There shall be in each county a district court, which shall be a court of record, and shall have general original jurisdiction of all matters, both civil and criminal, unless otherwise provided by law, and also shall have such appellate jurisdiction as prescribed by law.
- (b) A district court shall have jurisdiction to hear and determine cases involving violations of the ordinances of a city when the jurisdiction of the municipal court of such city has been suspended pursuant to K.S.A. 12-4104, and amendments thereto. The jurisdiction granted by this subsection shall continue until such time as the jurisdiction of the municipal court is no longer suspended, except that any pending cases transferred to the district court as a result of such suspension may remain under the jurisdiction of the district court at the sole discretion of the chief judge of the judicial district.
- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 12-4112 and 20-301 and K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 12-189, 12-4104 and 12-4106 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 9. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.