As Amended by Senate Committee

Session of 2016

SENATE BILL No. 390

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

2-1

1 AN ACT concerning the state banking code; relating to the state bank commissioner; amending K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-519, 9-534, 9-701, 9-2 3 801, 9-802, 9-803, 9-804, 9-808, 9-809, 9-811, 9-812, 9-814, 9-815, 9-4 816, 9-901a, 9-902, 9-903, 9-904, 9-906, 9-907, 9-1101, 9-1102, 9-5 1104, 9-1111, 9-1112, 9-1114, 9-1122, 9-1124, 9-1127c, 9-1130, 9-1137, 9-1213, 9-1304, 9-1401, 9-1402, 9-1405, 9-1408, 9-1504, 9-6 7 1506, 9-1601, 9-1607, 9-1609, 9-1611, 9-1704, 9-1712, 9-1715, 9-1720, 9-1721, 9-1722, 9-1724, 9-1807, 9-1902, 9-1905, 9-1906, 9-8 9 1907, 9-1908, 9-1909, 9-1910, 9-1915, 9-2007, 9-2011, 9-2104, 9-2107 10 and 9-2108 and repealing the existing sections. 11 12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: Section 1. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-519 is hereby amended to read as 13 14 follows: 9-519. For the purposes of K.S.A. 9-520 through 9-524, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 9-532 through 9-541, and amendments 15 16 thereto, unless otherwise required by the context: 17 "Bank" means an insured bank as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 1813(h) (a) 18 except the term shall not include a national bank that: (1) Engages only in 19 credit card operations; 20 (2) does not accept demand deposits or deposits that the depositor 21 may withdraw by check or similar means for payment to third parties or 22 others: 23 (3) does not accept any savings or time deposits of less than

24 \$100,000;

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- (4) maintains only one office that accepts deposits; and(5) does not engage in the business of making commercial loans.
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(b) (1) "Bank holding company" means any company *that*:

(A) Which-Directly or indirectly owns, controls, or has power to vote
25% or more of any class of the voting shares of a bank or 25% or more of
any class of the voting shares of a company-which that is or becomes a
bank holding company by virtue of this act;

32 (B) which controls in any manner the election of a majority of the 33 directors of a bank or of a company-which *that* is or becomes a bank 34 holding company by virtue of this act;

(C) which the commissioner determines, after notice and opportunity 1 2 for a hearing, that the company directly or indirectly exercises a controlling influence over the management or policies of the bank or 3 4 company.

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(2) Notwithstanding paragraph (1), no company:

6 (A) Shall be deemed to be a bank holding company by virtue of the 7 company's ownership or control of shares acquired by the company in 8 connection with such company's underwriting of securities if such shares are held only for such period of time as will permit the sale thereof on a 9 10 reasonable basis;

11 (B) formed for the sole purpose of participating in a proxy solicitation 12 shall be deemed to be a bank holding company by virtue of the company's control of voting rights of shares acquired in the course of such 13 14 solicitation:

15 (C) shall be deemed to be a bank holding company by virtue of the 16 company's ownership or control of shares acquired in securing or 17 collecting a debt previously contracted in good faith, provided such shares 18 are disposed of within a period of two years from the date on which such 19 shares could have been disposed of by such company; or

20 (D) owning or controlling voting shares of a bank shall be deemed to 21 be a bank holding company by virtue of the company's ownership or 22 control of shares held in a fiduciary capacity except where such shares are 23 held for the benefit of such company or the company's shareholders.

24 (c) "Company" means any corporation, limited liability company, 25 trust, partnership, association or similar organization including a bank, but shall not include any corporation the majority of the shares of which are 26 27 owned by the United States or by any state or include any individual, 28 partnership or qualified family partnership upon the determination by the 29 commissioner that a general or limited partnership qualifies under the 30 definition in 12 U.S.C. § 1841(0)(10).

31 "Foreign bank" means any company organized under the laws of a (d) 32 foreign country, a territory of the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, 33 American Samoa or the Virgin Islands or any subsidiary or affiliate 34 organized under such laws, which engages in the business of banking.

(e) "Kansas bank" means any bank, as defined by subsection (a), 35 36 which that, in the case of a state chartered bank, is a bank chartered under 37 the authority of the state of Kansas, and in the case of a national banking 38 association, a bank with its charter location in Kansas.

39 (f) "Kansas bank holding company" means a bank holding company, 40 as defined by subsection (b), with total subsidiary bank deposits in Kansas 41 which that exceed the bank holding company's subsidiary bank deposits in 42 any other state. 43

(g) "Out-of-state bank holding company" means any holding

company-which that is not a Kansas bank holding company as defined in
 subsection (f).

3 (h) "Subsidiary" means, with respect to a specified bank holding 4 company:

5 (1) Any company with more than 5% of the voting shares, excluding 6 shares owned by the United States or by any company wholly owned by 7 the United States, that are directly or indirectly owned or controlled by, or 8 held with power to vote, such bank holding company; or

9 (2) any company, the election of a majority of the directors of which, 10 is controlled in any manner by such bank holding company.

11 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-534 is hereby amended to read as 12 follows: 9-534. In determining whether to approve an application filed 13 pursuant to K.S.A. 9-532, and amendments thereto, the commissioner shall 14 consider the following factors:

(a) Whether the subsidiary banks of the applicant are operated in asafe, sound and prudent manner.

(b) Whether the subsidiary banks of the applicant have provided
adequate and appropriate services to their communities, including services
contemplated by 12 U.S.C. § 2901 et seq.

(c) Whether the applicant proposes to provide adequate and
appropriate services, including services contemplated by 12 U.S.C. § 2901
et seq., in the communities served by the Kansas state chartered bank or by
the Kansas bank subsidiaries of the bank holding company that has an
ownership interest in a Kansas state chartered bank.

(d) Whether the proposed acquisition will result in a Kansas state
chartered bank or bank holding company that has an ownership interest in
a Kansas state chartered bank that has adequate capital and good earnings
prospects.

(e) Whether the financial condition of the applicant or any of-its *the applicant's* subsidiary banks would jeopardize the financial stability of the
Kansas state chartered bank or bank holding company that has an
ownership interest in a Kansas state chartered bank which is the subject of
the application.

(f) Whether the competence, experience and integrity of the managerial resources of the applicant or any proposed management personnel of any Kansas state chartered bank or any Kansas bank subsidiaries of the bank holding company that has an ownership interest in a Kansas state chartered bank indicates that to permit such person to control a bank would not be in the interest of the depositors of a bank or in the interest of the public.

41 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-701 is hereby amended to read as 42 follows: 9-701. Unless otherwise clearly indicated by the context, the 43 following words when used in the state banking code, for the purposes of the state banking code, shall have the meanings respectively ascribed tothem in this section:

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(a) "Bank" means a state bank incorporated under the laws of Kansas.

(b) "Business of banking" means receiving or accepting money on
deposit, and may include the performance of related activities that are not
exclusive to banks, including paying drafts or checks, lending money or
any other activity authorized by applicable law. "Business of banking"
shall not include any activity conducted by a student bank.

9 (c) "Trust company" means a trust company incorporated under the 10 laws of Kansas and which does not accept deposits.

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(d) "Commissioner" means the Kansas state bank commissioner.

"Executive officer" means a person who participates or has 12 (e) authority to participate, other than in the capacity of a director, in major 13 policymaking functions of the bank or trust company, whether or not the 14 officer has an official title, the title designates the officer as an assistant or 15 16 the officer is serving without salary or other compensation. The 17 chairperson of the board, the president, every vice president, the cashier, 18 the secretary and the treasurer of a company or bank are considered 19 executive officers.

(1) A bank may, by resolution of the board of directors or by the
bylaws of the bank or trust company, exempt an officer from participation,
other than in the capacity of a director, in major policymaking functions of
the bank or trust company if the officer does not actually participate
therein.

(2) The commissioner may make the determination that a person is an
executive officer if the commissioner determines that the criteria are met
despite the existence of a resolution allowed pursuant to this subsection.

(f) "Demand deposit" means a deposit that: (1) (A) Is payable ondemand;

30 (B) is issued with an original maturity or required notice period of 31 less than seven days;

32 (C) represents funds for which the depository institution does not 33 reserve the right to require at least seven days' written notice of an 34 intended withdrawal; or

(D) represents funds for which the depository institution does reserve
 the right to require at least seven days' written notice of an intended
 withdrawal; and

(2) is not also a negotiable order of withdraw account.

39 (3) "Demand deposit" does not include "time deposits" or "savings40 deposits" as defined in this section.

41 (g) "Time deposit," also known as a certificate of deposit, means a 42 deposit that the depositor does not have a right and is not permitted to 43 make withdrawals from within six days after the date of deposit unless the

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deposit is subject to an early withdrawal penalty of at least seven days' 1 2 simple interest on amounts withdrawn within the first six days after 3 deposit. A time deposit from which partial early withdrawals are permitted 4 must impose additional early withdrawal penalties for at least seven days' 5 simple interest on amounts withdrawn within six days after each partial 6 withdrawal. If such additional early withdrawal penalties are not 7 contractually imposed, the account ceases to be a time deposit, but may 8 become a savings deposit if the account meets the requirements for a 9 savings deposit.

(h) "Savings deposit" means a deposit or account with respect to
which the depositor is not required by the deposit contract, but may at any
time, be required by the depository institution to give written notice of an
intended withdrawal not less than seven days before such withdrawal is
made and that is not payable on a specified date or at the expiration of a
specified time after the date of deposit.

(i) "Public moneys" means all moneys coming into the custody of the
United States government or any board, commission or agency thereof,
and also shall mean all moneys coming into the custody of any officer of
any municipal or quasi-municipal or public corporation, the state or any
political subdivision thereof, pursuant to any provision of law authorizing
any such official to collect or receive the same.

22 (j) "Municipal corporation" means any city incorporated under the 23 laws of Kansas.

(k) "Quasi-municipal corporation" means any county, township,
school district, drainage district, rural water district or any other
governmental subdivision in the state of Kansas having authority to
receive or hold moneys or funds.

(l) "Certificate of authority" means a certificate signed and sealed by
the commissioner evidencing the authority of a bank or trust company to
transact a general banking or trust business as provided by law.

31 (m) "Trust business" means engaging in, or holding out to the public 32 as willing to engage in, the business of acting as a fiduciary for hire, 33 except that no accountant, attorney, credit union, insurance broker, 34 insurance company, investment adviser, real estate broker or sales agent, 35 savings and loan association, savings bank, securities broker or dealer, real 36 estate title insurance company or real estate escrow company shall be 37 deemed to be engaged in a trust company business with respect to 38 fiduciary services customarily performed by them those persons or entities 39 for compensation as a traditional incident to their regular business 40 activities.

(n) "Community and economic development entity" means an entity
that makes investments or conducts activities that primarily benefit lowincome and moderate-income individuals, low-income and moderate-

 income areas, or other areas targeted by a governmental entity for redevelopment, or would receive consideration as "qualified investments" under the community reinvestment act pub. L. 95-128, title VIII, 91 stat.
 1147, 12 U.S.C. § 2901 et seq., and any state tax credit equity fund established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8904, and amendments thereto.

6 (o) "Depository institution" means any state bank, national banking 7 association, state savings and loan or federal savings association, without 8 regard to the state where the institution is chartered or the state in which 9 the institution's main office is located.

10 (p) "Student bank" means any nonprofit program offered by a high 11 school accredited by the state board of education, where deposits are 12 received, checks are paid or money is lent for limited in-school purposes.

13 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-801 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 9-801. (a) No bank or trust company shall be organized or incorporated under the laws of this state nor transact either a banking 15 16 business or a trust business in this state, until the application for such 17 bank's or trust company's incorporation and application for certificate of 18 authority has been submitted to and approved by the state banking board. 19 The form for making any such application shall be prescribed by the state 20 banking board and any application made to the state banking board shall 21 contain such information as the state banking board shall require.

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(b) No private bank shall engage in the banking business in this state.

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(c) The state banking board shall not accept an application unless:

(1) The bank or trust company is organized by five or more persons
who shall also be stockholders of the proposed bank or trust company or
parent company of the proposed bank or trust company;

(2) at least five of the organizers are residents of the state of Kansasand at least those five sign and acknowledge the articles of incorporation;

(3) the name selected for a bank is different from that of any otherbank: (A) Doing business in the same city or town; and

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(B) within a 15-mile radius of the proposed location, and ;

(4) the name selected for the trust company is different *or substantially dissimilar* from any other trust company doing business in
this state. Although, any bank or trust company may request exemption
from the commissioner from the provisions of this subsection; and

36 (4) (5) the articles of incorporation contain the names and addresses 37 of-its *the bank's or the trust company's* stockholders and the amount of 38 common stock subscribed by each. The articles of incorporation may 39 contain such other provisions as are consistent with the general 40 corporation code.

41 *(d)* Any bank or trust company may request an exemption from the 42 commissioner from the provisions of subsections (c)(3) and (c)(4).

43 (d) (e) If the state banking board shall determine any of the following

1 factors unfavorably to the applicants, the application may be denied:

2 (1) The financial standing, general business experience and character3 of the organizers and incorporators;

4 5 (2) the character, qualifications and experience of the officers of the proposed bank or trust company;

6 (3) the public need for the proposed bank or trust company in the 7 community wherein it is proposed to locate the same and whether existing 8 banks or trust companies are meeting such need;

9 (4) the prospects for success of the proposed bank or trust company; 10 and

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(5) any other criteria the state banking board may require.

12 (e) (f) The state banking board shall not make membership in any 13 federal government agency a condition precedent to the granting of the 14 authority to do business.

(f) (g) The state banking board may require fingerprinting of any 15 16 officer, director, incorporator or any other person of the proposed trust 17 company related to the application deemed necessary by the state banking 18 board. Such fingerprints may be submitted to the Kansas bureau of 19 investigation and the federal bureau of investigation for a state and national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be used to 20 21 identify the person and to determine whether the person has a record of 22 arrests and convictions in this state or other jurisdictions. The state 23 banking board may use information obtained from fingerprinting and the 24 criminal history for purposes of verifying the identification of the person 25 and in the official determination of the qualifications and fitness of the 26 persons associated with the applicant trust company to be issued a charter. 27 Whenever the state banking board requires fingerprinting, any associated 28 costs shall be paid by the applicant or the parties to the application.

(g) In the event two or more applications for incorporation and authority to do business seeking to serve the same general territory are pending before the state banking board and the state banking board determines all of such matters favorably in two or more such applications, the state banking board may approve the application of the proposed bank or trust company which the state banking board determines will best serve the needs of the territory sought to be served.

(h) The state banking board may approve the application of an
 existing bank or trust company to change such bank's or trust company's
 place of business and deny the application or applications for
 incorporation and authority to do business if:

40 (1) One or more such applications seeking to serve a territory are-41 pending before the state banking board;

42 (2) the board has determined all of such matters favorably in one or
 43 more of such applications;

(3) there is an application of an existing bank or trust company pending before the state banking board to change such bank's or trust company's place of business to serve the same territory which the state banking board determines should be approved; and-

5 6 (4) the board determines that there is public need for only one bank or trust company to serve the territory.

7 (i) (h) Any final action of the state banking board approving or 8 disapproving an application shall be subject to review in accordance with 9 the Kansas judicial review act.

10 (i) If upon the dissolution, insolvency or appointment of a receiver of any bank, trust company, national bank association, savings and loan 11 association, savings bank or credit union, the commissioner is of the 12 opinion that by reason of the loss of services in the community, an 13 14 emergency exists which may result in serious inconvenience or losses to the depositors or the public interest in the community, the commissioner 15 16 may accept and approve an application for incorporation and an application for authority to do business from applicants for the 17 18 organization and establishment of a successor bank or trust company.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-802 is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 9-802. (a) The existence of any bank or trust company as a 20 21 corporation shall date from the filing of the bank's or trust company's 22 articles of incorporation with the Kansas secretary of state's office from 23 which time such bank or trust company shall have and may exercise the 24 incidental powers conferred by law upon corporations, except that no bank 25 or trust company shall transact any business except the election of officers. the taking and approving of their official bonds, the receipts of payment 26 upon stock subscriptions and other business incidental to-its their 27 28 organization, until such bank or trust company has secured the approval of 29 the state banking board and the authorization of the commissioner to 30 commence business.

(b) The full amount of the common stock including the surplus and
undivided profits as required by the Kansas banking code shall be
subscribed before the articles of incorporation are filed with the Kansas
secretary of state's office.

Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-803 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-803. (a) Any bank-whose with articles of incorporation-has that *have* lapsed, or hereafter shall lapse, may renew and extend the bank's corporate existence in the manner provided by law and upon payment of the requisite fees.

(b) The acts of any bank or trust company-whose with articles of
incorporation *that* have lapsed or terminated by the expiration of time and
whose such bank's or trust company's corporate existence is renewed and
extended are hereby legalized and declared to be valid in the same manner

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and to the same effect as though the banks and trust companies had been
 duly authorized at all times since their organization.

3 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-804 is hereby amended to read as 4 follows: 9-804. (a) Upon approval of an application to organize a bank or 5 trust company with the state banking board, such board shall cause to be 6 made by and through the commissioner, a careful examination and 7 investigation concerning:

8 (1) The amount of moneys paid in for capital, surplus and undivided 9 profits, the persons that paid and the amount of capital stock owned in 10 good faith by each stockholder;

11 (2) whether such bank or trust company has complied with the 12 applicable provisions of law; and

(3) any other criteria the commissioner may require.

(b) When the capital of any bank or trust company shall have been
paid in, the president or cashier shall transmit to the commissioner a
verified statement showing the names and addresses of all stockholders,
the amount of stock each subscribed and the amount paid in by each.

(c) If the commissioner finds, after examination and investigation, 18 19 that the bank or trust company has been organized as provided by law, has 20 complied with the provisions of law and has secured the preliminary 21 approval of the commissioner, if required by K.S.A. 9-801(e)(i), and 22 amendments thereto, or upon the approval of the state banking board, the 23 commissioner shall issue a certificate showing that such bank or trust 24 company has been organized and its capital has been paid in as required by 25 law, and that-it the bank or trust company is authorized to transact a 26 general banking or trust business as provided by law.

27 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-808 is hereby amended to read as 28 follows: 9-808. (a) Upon the affirmative vote of not less than $\frac{2}{2}$ of its outstanding voting stock, Any national bank, federal savings association or 29 30 federal savings bank organized under the laws of the United States and 31 located in this state may become a state bank upon the affirmative vote of 32 not less than $^{2}/_{3}$ of the institution's outstanding voting stock. Any national 33 bank, federal savings association or federal savings bank desiring to 34 become a state bank shall apply to the commissioner for permission to 35 convert to a state bank and:

(1) Shall submit a transcript of the minutes of the meeting of its *the institution's* stockholders showing approval of the proposed conversion;

38 (2) the name selected for the bank shall not be the name of any other39 bank: (A) Doing business in the same city or town; or

40 (B) within a 15-mile radius of the location of the converted 41 institution. The name shall be accepted or rejected by the commissioner, 42 although any bank may request exemption from the commissioner from 43 this paragraph; and 1 (3) provide any other information required in the application form 2 prescribed by the commissioner.

3 (b) A federal savings association or federal savings bank operating in 4 a mutual form must also convert to a stock form prior to converting to a state bank and shall submit appropriate documentation to the 5 6 commissioner to show that the appropriate federal regulator has approved 7 such mutual to stock conversion.

8 (c) Upon receipt of each of the items required by this section the 9 commissioner shall make or cause to be made such investigation as the 10 commissioner deems necessary to determine whether:

(1) All state and federal requirements for a conversion have been 11 12 satisfied.

13 (2) the conversion or the financial condition of the bank will not adversely affect the interests of the depositors; 14

(3) the resulting state bank will have an adequate capital structure in 15 16 accordance with K.S.A. 9-901a et seq., and amendments thereto; and

(4) the competence, experience or integrity of the proposed 17 18 management personnel indicates-it that approving the conversion would be 19 in the interest of the depositors of the bank and in the interest of the public 20 to permit the conversion.

21 (d) If the commissioner determines each of the matters in subsection 22 (c) favorably, the conversion shall be approved and the commissioner shall 23 issue a certificate of authority. Upon issuance of a certificate of authority, the articles of incorporation, duly executed as required by the Kansas 24 25 corporate code, shall be filed with the Kansas secretary of state's office.

(e) In any conversion authorized by this section, the resulting state 26 27 bank by operation of law shall continue all trust functions being exercised 28 by the national bank, federal savings association or federal savings bank 29 and shall be substituted for the national bank, federal savings association 30 or federal savings bank and shall have the right to exercise trust or 31 fiduciary powers created by any instrument designating the national bank, 32 federal savings association or federal savings bank even though such 33 instruments are not yet effective.

34 (f) In any conversion authorized by this section, the resulting state 35 bank shall succeed by operation of law without any conveyance or transfer 36 by the act of the national bank, federal savings association or federal 37 savings bank to all the actual or potential assets, real property, tangible 38 personal property, intangible personal property, rights, franchises and 39 interests, including those in a fiduciary capacity of the national bank, 40 federal savings association or federal savings bank and shall be subject to all of the liabilities of the national bank, federal savings association or 41 42 federal savings bank.

43 (g) In any conversion authorized by this section the corporate existence of the national bank, federal savings association or federal
 savings bank shall be continued in the resulting state bank, and the
 resulting state bank shall be deemed to be the identical corporate entity as
 the national bank, federal savings association or federal savings bank.

(h) Within a reasonable time after the effective date of the conversion,
the resulting bank shall divest-itself of all assets and liabilities that do not
conform to state banking laws and rules and regulations. The length of this
transition period shall be determined by the commissioner.

9 Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-809 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows: 9-809. (a) Upon the affirmative vote of not less than $\frac{2}{3}$ of its 11 outstanding voting stock, Any state bank may convert to a national bank 12 upon the affirmative vote of not less than $\frac{2}{3}$ of the bank's outstanding 13 voting stock.

(b) The state bank shall provide a copy of the application submitted to
the comptroller of currency to the commissioner within 10 days after the
date the state bank applies for approval to convert to a national banking
association from the office of the comptroller of the currency.

(c) The state bank shall provide to the commissioner written notice of
approval by the comptroller of currency to convert to a national bank
within 10 days of receiving the approval.

(d) Within 15 days following the issuance of a charter certificate to
the bank by the comptroller, the bank shall surrender its state certificate of
authority or charter and shall certify in writing that notice of the
conversion has been given to the Kansas secretary of state's office.

25 Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-811 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-811. No financial institution-whose with deposits-are insured by 26 27 the federal deposit insurance corporation shall conduct business in this 28 state unless such institution: (a) Has the legal right to accept deposits that 29 the depositor has the legal right to withdraw on demand and to engage in 30 the business of making commercial loans; or; (b) is a national bank which 31 engages only in credit card operations, does not accept demand deposits or 32 deposits that the depositor may withdraw by check or similar means for 33 payment to third parties or others, does not accept any savings or time 34 deposits of less than \$100,000, maintains only one office that accepts 35 deposits and does not engage in the business of making commercial loans.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-812 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-812. (a) No bank or trust company shall change its name until such name change has been submitted to and approved by the commissioner.

40 (b) The commissioner shall not approve the name selected for the 41 bank if it is the name of any other bank: (1) Doing business in the same 42 city or town; or

43 (2) within a 15-mile radius of the proposed location any bank or

1 branch bank.

2 (c) The commissioner shall not approve the name selected for the
3 trust company if it is the same or substantially similar name of any other
4 trust company doing business in the state of Kansas.

5 (d) Any bank or trust company may request exemption from the 6 commissioner from subsection (b) or (c).

7 (e) Upon approval of such name change, the bank *or trust company* 8 must notify and make the necessary filings as may be required by the 9 Kansas secretary of state's office.

10 (f) Any bank or trust company authorized to do business pursuant to 11 the state banking code may use a name other than the name approved by 12 the commissioner, provided:

(1) The bank or trust company must notify the commissioner, and the
 commissioner must approve, any use of a name other than the name
 approved by the commissioner;

(2) the bank's or trust company's actual name is prominentlydisplayed adjacent to any other name displayed; and

(3) the bank or trust company continues to use the name approved bythe commissioner in all legally enforceable documents and memoranda.

20 Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-814 is hereby amended to read as 21 follows: 9-814. (a) No bank or trust company organized under the laws of 22 this state shall change the bank's or trust company's place of business. 23 from one city or town to another or from one location to another within the 24 same city or town, without prior approval. Any such bank or trust 25 company desiring to change the bank's or trust company's place of business shall file written application with the office of the state bank 26 27 commissioner in such form and containing such information the 28 commissioner shall require. Notice of the proposed relocation shall be 29 published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the 30 main bank or trust company is currently located and in the county to which 31 the bank or trust company proposes to relocate. The notice shall be in the 32 form prescribed by the commissioner and at a minimum shall contain the 33 name and address of the applicant bank or trust company, the address of 34 the proposed new location and a solicitation for written comments. The 35 notice shall be published on the same day for two consecutive weeks and 36 provide for a comment period of not less than 10 calendar days after the 37 date of the second publication. The applicant shall provide proof of 38 publication to the commissioner.

39 (b) The commissioner shall examine and investigate the application.40 The commissioner shall approve the application if it is found *that*:

(1) There is a reasonable probability of usefulness and success of thebank or trust company in the proposed location;

43 (2) the applicant bank's or trust company's financial history and

1 condition is sound; and

(3) the name selected for the bank is different from that of any other
bank: (A) Doing business in the same city or town; and

4 (B) within a 15-mile radius of the proposed location-although any 5 bank or trust company may request exemption from the commissioner-6 from this paragraph.; and

(4) the name selected for a trust company is different or substantially *dissimilar from any other trust company doing business in this state.*

9 (c) any bank or trust company may request an exemption from the 10 commissioner from the provisions of subsection (b)(3) or (b)(4).

11 (c) (d) If the commissioner denies an application, the applicant shall 12 have the right to a hearing before the state banking board to be conducted 13 in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act. Any action of 14 the state banking board pursuant to this section is subject to review in 15 accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.

(d) (e) Upon approval of such place of business change, the bank or
 trust company must notify and make the necessary filings as may be
 required by the secretary of state's office.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-815 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-815. (a) Any applicant making application under article 8 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, shall pay to the commissioner a fee in an amount established pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1726, and amendments thereto, to defray the expenses of the state banking board, commissioner or other designees in the examination and investigation of the application.

(b) The commissioner shall remit all moneys received under this 26 27 section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 28 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, 29 the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the bank investigation fund. The moneys in the bank 30 31 investigation fund shall be used to pay the expenses of the commissioner, 32 or designee, in the examination and investigation of such applications and 33 any unused balance shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee 34 fund.

(c) Any members of the state banking board who make such an examination or investigation shall be paid the sum of \$35 per diem for the time-they the members actually are engaged in performing-their duties as members of-such the state banking board and shall be compensated from such funds all-their the actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of-such the members' duties-from such funds.

41 Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-816 is hereby amended to read as 42 follows: 9-816. (a) As used in this section, "bankers' bank" means a state 43 bank which is owned exclusively, except to the extent directors' qualifying shares are required by law, by other state banks, federally chartered banks
 or a one-bank holding company and is organized to engage exclusively in
 providing services for other state banks or federally chartered banks and
 their the banks' officers, directors and employees.

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5 (b) The state banking board may approve the application for the 6 organization of a state bankers' bank under the provisions of K.S.A. 9-801 7 et seq., and amendments thereto.

8 Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-901a is hereby amended to read as 9 follows: 9-901a. (a) For purposes of this section: (1) "Capital" means the 10 total of the aggregate par value of—its *a bank's or trust company's* 11 outstanding shares of capital stock, its surplus and its undivided profits;

(2) "equity capital" means the total of common stock, preferred stock,
 surplus and undivided profits less intangibles; and

14 (3) "total assets" means the total of all tangible bank assets as 15 reported on the daily balance sheet of the bank.

16 (b) (1) For banks organized on or after July 1, 2015, the minimum 17 capital of a bank at the time of organization shall be the greater of 18 \$3,000,000 or an amount equal to 8% of the proposed bank's estimated 19 deposits five years after its organization. The capital shall be divided with 20% of the amount as the aggregate par value of outstanding shares of 21 capital stock, 30% as surplus and 10% as undivided profits.

(2) For trust companies organized on or after July 1, 2015, the
minimum capital shall at all times be \$500,000. The capital shall be
divided with 60% of the amount as the aggregate par value of outstanding
shares of capital stock, 30% as surplus and 10% as undivided profits.

(3) The state banking board may require that a bank or trust company have capital in excess of the amounts specified in this subsection if the state banking board determines that excess capital is necessary based on the character and qualifications of the proposed board of directors and the nature of the business of the bank or trust company.

(c) The minimum capital of a bank or trust company organized
pursuant to K.S.A. 9-801(j), and amendments thereto, shall be determined
by the commissioner, provided that the successor bank has obtained
deposit insurance from the federal deposit insurance corporation or its *any*successor.

36 (d) All banks shall maintain a capital ratio of at least 5% of equity37 capital to total assets at all times.

(e) Any bank that relocates its main office from one city to another
pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-814, and amendments thereto, shall have
equity capital equal to the greater of \$3,000,000 or 8% of its estimated
deposits five years after the relocation.

42 (1) The commissioner, in the commissioner's discretion, may approve 43 a relocation with a smaller equity capital amount if the bank can show that the circumstances surrounding the relocation warrant consideration of a
 lesser amount and the safety of depositors would not be impacted by
 requiring a lesser amount.

4 (2) If the main office relocation is part of an interchange of the main 5 office with a branch location that has been in operation for at least one 6 year, this equity capital requirement shall not apply.

7 (f) Any national bank, federal savings association or federal savings 8 bank which converts its charter to a state bank pursuant to K.S.A. 9-808, 9 and amendments thereto, shall have a minimum capital ratio of 5% of 10 equity capital to total assets at the time of its conversion. The capital 11 division requirements of subsection (b) shall not apply.

(g) The commissioner may require that a bank or trust company have capital in excess of the amounts specified in subsections (b) through (d) if the commissioner determines that excess capital is necessary based on the character and qualifications of the proposed board of directors and nature of the business of the bank or trust company.

(h) Any bank that fails to meet the minimum capital ratio of 5% of
equity capital to total assets required by this section shall notify the
commissioner within three business days. Upon notice, the commissioner
may require the bank to submit a written plan for restoring capital
approved by the commissioner.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-902 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-902. (a) The common and preferred stock of any bank or trust company hereafter created shall be divided into shares of \$1 each, or any whole number multiple thereof. All subscriptions to such stock shall be paid in cash and any bank or trust company may change the par value of its shares to conform with this section.

28 (b) Any bank or trust company may reduce the number of shares of 29 common stock and replace-them the shares of common stock with a like 30 amount of *shares of* preferred stock, as long as the total dollar amount of 31 capital stock is not changed. In lieu of reducing the number of shares of common stock, the bank may reduce the par value of the common stock 32 33 and replace it with issue preferred stock with a par value that is equal to 34 the amount of the reduction in the par value of the common stock. When the preferred stock is retired, the par value of the common shares shall be 35 36 restored

(c) The requirements for a capital reduction pursuant to K.S.A. 9-904,
and amendments thereto, and the requirements for new issue of preferred
stock pursuant to K.S.A. 9-908, and amendments thereto, shall not apply
to the circumstance described in this section.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-903 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 9-903. (a) The shares of stock of any bank or trust company shall
be deemed personal property and shall be transferred on the books of the

1 bank or trust company in such manner as the bylaws thereof may direct.

2 (b) No transfer of stock shall be valid against the issuing bank or trust company so long as the registered owner thereof shall be liable as 3 4 principal debtor, surety or otherwise to the bank or trust company on a 5 matured, charged off or forgiven obligation. No dividend, interest or profit 6 shall be paid on such stock so long as the registered owner thereof is 7 indebted to the bank or trust company on a matured, charged off or 8 forgiven obligation. All such dividends or profits shall be retained by the bank or trust company and applied to the discharge of any such 9 10 obligations.

(c) No stock shall be transferred on the books of any bank or trust
company when the bank or trust company is in a failing condition, or when
its capital stock is impaired, except upon approval of the commissioner.

(d) The president or other chief executive officer of a bank or trust
company shall report to the commissioner within 10 days of the transfer of
shares of stock on the books of the bank or trust company if there is a
transfer of:

(1) Shares of stock that results in the direct or indirect ownership by a
 stockholder or an affiliated group of stockholders of 10% or more of the
 outstanding stock of the bank or trust company; or

(2) additional shares of stock to stockholders or an affiliated group of
 stockholders who own 10% or more of the outstanding stock of a bank or
 trust company.

(e) If there is a transfer of shares of stock that results in the direct or
indirect ownership by a stockholder or an affiliate group of stockholders of
25% or more of the outstanding stock of the bank or trust company, a
change of control shall be filed pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1719 et seq., and
amendments thereto.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-904 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-904. (a) With prior approval of the commissioner, a bank or trust company may reduce the amount of its capital stock account. No such reduction shall be approved unless the commissioner finds that:

(1) The proposed reduction is necessary to provide greater
 operational flexibility to an adequately capitalized, well-managed
 institution;

(2) the proposed reduction does not result in or is not in furtherance
of a reduction in the institution's capital to an amount below the amount
required by K.S.A. 9-901(a), and amendments thereto;

(3) the proposed reduction is not intended to delay, prevent or be in
lieu of capital stock impairment or a stockholder's assessment pursuant to
K.S.A. 9-906, and amendments thereto;

42 (4) the proposed reduction poses no significant risk to the financial43 stability, safety or soundness of the institution;

1 (5) the bank's *or trust company's* surplus account will be increased in 2 an amount equal to the amount of the proposed reduction in the capital 3 stock account, unless a waiver is granted by the commissioner; and

4 (6) a resolution approving the reduction has been adopted by the 5 stockholders representing $^{2}/_{3}$ of the voting stock of the bank or trust 6 company.

7 (b) Upon completion of the reduction, the bank or trust company 8 shall file with the commissioner a list of its stockholders and the amount of 9 stock held by each.

10 (c) Whenever the capital stock of any bank or trust company shall be 11 reduced as herein provided, every stockholder, owner or holder of any 12 stock certificate shall surrender the same for cancellation and shall be 13 entitled to receive a new certificate for such person's proportion of the new 14 stock. No dividends shall be paid to any such stockholder until the old 15 certificate is surrendered.

16 Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-906 is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 9-906. (a) Whenever it shall appear that the capital stock of any 18 bank or trust company is impaired, the commissioner shall notify the bank 19 or trust company to restore the capital stock within 90 days of receipt of 20 such notice.

(b) For purposes of this section, "impairment" means that charges or losses to the bank or trust company's capital accounts have been sufficient to eliminate all of the bank or trust company's allowance for loan and lease loss, undivided profits, surplus fund and any other capital reserves and has brought the book amount of the capital stock-value below-its *the* par value *of the capital stock*.

(c) Within 15 days of receipt of the impairment notice from the
commissioner, the board of directors of the bank or trust company shall
levy an assessment on the common stockholders sufficient to restore the
capital stock.

(d) A bank or trust company may reduce its capital stock to the extent
of the impairment, if such reduction is conducted pursuant to the
requirements of K.S.A. 9-904, and amendments thereto.

34 Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-907 is hereby amended to read as 35 follows: 9-907. (a) Whenever any stockholder of a bank or trust company 36 or an assignee of such stockholder, fails to pay any assessment as required 37 by K.S.A. 9-906, and amendments thereto, the directors of the bank or 38 trust company may sell the stock of such delinquent stockholder, or so 39 much of the stock as necessary, to satisfy the assessment and any related 40 incidental expenses within 120 days of the bank or trust company's receipt 41 of impairment notice.

42 (b) The sale of stock of a delinquent stockholder may be either public43 or private. The bank or trust company may sell the stock to any person

1 paying the highest price, however, the price shall not be less than the 2 amount due upon the stock, including any incidental expenses. If the stock 3 is sold at private sale and the price offered by any non-stockholder does 4 not exceed the highest bid of any stockholder, then such stock shall be sold to the stockholder. If the stock is sold at a public sale, then notice of the 5 6 public sale shall be published on the same day for two consecutive weeks, 7 in a newspaper of general circulation in the city or county where the bank 8 or trust company is located.

9 (c) Any excess moneys realized from the sale of the stock shall be 10 paid to the delinquent stockholder, unless the stockholder is indebted to the 11 bank or trust company. If the stockholder has debt, then the excess may be 12 retained by the bank or trust company as an offset against the debt.

(d) If no purchaser can be found for the stock at the public or private
sale,-it *the stock* shall be forfeited to the bank or trust company to be
disposed of as the board of directors shall determine within six months
from the date of the public or private sale. If the stock cannot be disposed
of within six months, the bank or trust company may request permission
from the commissioner for additional time to dispose of the stock.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1101. (a) Any bank hereby is authorized to exercise by its board of directors or duly authorized officers or agents, subject to law, the following powers:

(1) To receive and to pay interest on deposits. The commissioner,
 with approval of the state banking board, may by rules and regulations fix
 maximum rates of interest to be paid on deposit accounts other than
 accounts for public moneys;

(2) to buy, sell, discount or negotiate domestic currency, gold, silver,
foreign currency, bullion, commercial paper, bills of exchange, notes and
bonds. Foreign currency shall not be bought, sold, discounted or
negotiated for investment purposes;

(3) to make all types of loans, subject to the loan limitationscontained in the state banking code;

(4) (A) to buy and sell: (i) Bonds, securities, or other evidences of
 indebtedness, including temporary notes, of: *the United States of America*;

(i) (ii) Bonds, securities or other evidences of indebtedness, including
 temporary notes, fully guaranteed, directly or indirectly, by the United
 States of America-or those fully guaranteed, directly or indirectly, by it; or

(ii) general obligations (iii) general obligation bonds of any state of
 the United States of America or any municipality or quasi-municipality
 thereof.

41 (B) No bank shall invest in bonds, securities or other evidences of 42 indebtedness if:

43 (i) The direct and overlapping indebtedness of such municipality or

quasi-municipality is in excess of 10% of its assessed valuation, excluding
 therefrom all valuations on intangibles and homestead exemption
 valuation; or

4 (ii) any bond, security, or evidence of indebtedness of any such
5 municipality or quasi-municipality that has been in default in the payment
6 of principal or interest within 10 years prior to the time that any bank
7 acquires any such bonds, security or evidence of indebtedness;

8 (5) to buy and sell investment securities which are evidences of 9 indebtedness limited to buying and selling without recourse marketable 10 obligations evidencing indebtedness of any state or federal agency, including revenue bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 76-6a15, and 11 amendments thereto, or the state armory board in the form of bonds, notes 12 13 or debentures or both. The total amount of such investment securities of 14 any one obligor or maker held by such bank shall at no time exceed 25% 15 of the capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, 100% of the allowance for 16 loan and lease loss, capital notes and debentures and reserve for 17 contingencies of such bank, except that this limit shall not apply to obligations of the United States government or any agency thereof; 18

19 (6) to buy and sell investment securities which are evidences of indebtedness limited to buying and selling without recourse marketable 20 21 obligations evidencing indebtedness of any person, copartnership, 22 association or corporation. The total amount of such investment securities 23 of any one obligor or maker held by such bank shall at no time exceed 24 25% of the capital stock surplus, undivided profits, 100% of the allowance 25 for loan and lease loss, capital notes and debentures and reserve for 26 contingencies of such bank:

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(7) to subscribe to, buy, hold and sell stock of:

(A) The federal national mortgage association in accordance with thenational housing act;

(B) the federal home loan mortgage corporation in accordance withthe federal home loan mortgage corporation act;

(C) the federal agricultural mortgage corporation, provided no bank's
 investment in such corporation shall exceed 5% of-its *the bank's* capital
 stock, surplus and undivided profits; and

(D) a federal home loan bank. Any bank may also become a memberof a federal home loan bank;

(8) to subscribe to, buy and own stock in one or more small business
investment companies in Kansas as otherwise authorized by federal law,
except that in no event shall any bank acquire shares in any small business
investment company if, upon the making of that acquisition, the aggregate
amount of shares in small business investment companies then held by the
bank would exceed 5% of *its the bank's* capital and surplus;

43 (9) to subscribe to, buy and own stock in any agricultural credit

corporation or livestock loan company, or its affiliate, organized pursuant
 to the provisions of the laws of the United States providing for the
 information and operation of agricultural credit corporations and livestock
 loan companies, in an amount not exceeding either the undivided profits or
 10% of the capital stock and surplus and undivided profits from such bank,
 whichever is greater;

7 (10) to buy, hold and sell any type of investment securities not 8 enumerated in this section with approval of the commissioner and upon 9 such conditions and under such regulations as are prescribed by the state 10 banking board;

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(11) to act as escrow agent;

12 (12) to subscribe to, acquire, hold and dispose of stock of a 13 corporation-having as its purpose the acquisition, holding and disposition 14 *the purpose of which is to acquire, hold and dispose* of loans secured by 15 real estate mortgages, and to acquire, hold and dispose of the debentures 16 and capital notes of such corporation. No bank's investment in such stock, 17 debentures and capital notes shall exceed 2% of its capital stock, surplus 18 and undivided profits;

(13) to purchase and sell securities and stock without recourse solelyupon the order, and for the account, of customers;

(14) to subscribe to, acquire, hold and dispose of any class of stock, debentures and capital notes of MABSCO agricultural services, inc. or any similar corporation having as its purpose the acquisition, holding and disposition the purpose of which is to acquire, hold and dispose of agricultural loans originated by Kansas banks. No bank's investment in such stock, debentures and capital notes shall exceed 2% of its capital stock, surplus and undivided profits;

(15) to engage in financial future contracts on United States
government and agency securities subject to such rules and regulations as
the commissioner may prescribe pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1713, and
amendments thereto, to promote safe and sound banking practices;

(16) to subscribe to, buy and own stock in a bankers' bank organized
under the laws of the United States, this state or any other state, or a one
bank holding company which owns or controls such a bankers' bank,
except no bank's investment in such stock shall exceed 10% of its capital
stock, surplus and undivided profits;

(17) to buy, hold and sell shares of an open-end investment company
in a manner consistent with the parameters outlined by the office of the
comptroller of the currency in banking circular 220, as such circular was
issued on November 21, 1986;

(18) subject to the prior approval of the commissioner and subject to
such rules and regulations as are adopted by the commissioner pursuant to
K.S.A. 9-1713, and amendments thereto, to promote safe and sound

banking practices, a bank may establish a subsidiary which engages in the
 following securities activities: (A) Selling or distributing stocks, bonds,
 debentures, notes, mutual funds and other securities; (B) issuing and
 underwriting municipal bonds; (C) organizing, sponsoring and operating
 mutual funds; or (D) acting as a securities broker-dealer;

6 (19) to subscribe to, buy and own stock in an insurance company 7 incorporated prior to 1910, under the laws of Kansas, with corporate 8 headquarters in this state, which only provides insurance to financial 9 institutions. The investment in such stock shall not exceed 2% of the 10 bank's capital stock, surplus and undivided profits;

(20) to purchase and hold an interest in life insurance policies and, to 11 12 the extent applicable, to purchase and hold an annuity in a manner 13 consistent with the parameters outlined in the interagency statement of the purchase and risk management of life insurance, issued by the office of the 14 15 comptroller of the currency, the board of governors of the federal reserve 16 system, the federal deposit insurance corporation and the office of the thrift supervision on December 7, 2004; and set out in the respective 17 agencies' issuances, including the federal deposit insurance corporation 18 19 financial institution letter 127-2004, effective December 7, 2004, subject 20 to the following limitations:

(A) The cash surrender value of any life insurance policy or policies underwritten by any one life insurance company shall not at any time exceed 15% of the total of the bank's capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, 100% of the allowance for loan and lease losses, capital notes and debentures and reserve for-contingency contingencies, unless the bank has obtained the prior approval of the commissioner;

27 (B) the cash surrender value of life insurance policies, in the 28 aggregate from all companies, cannot at any time exceed 25% of the *total* 29 of the bank's capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, 100% of the 30 allowance for loan and lease losses, capital notes and debentures and 31 reserve for-contingency contingencies, unless the bank has obtained the 32 prior approval of the state bank commissioner; and

(C) the limitations set forth in subparagraphs (A) and (B) shall not
apply to any life insurance policy in place prior to July 1, 1993; *and*

35 (D) for the purposes of subsections (a)(20)(A) and (a)(20)(B), 36 intangibles, such as goodwill, shall not be included in the calculation of 37 capital.

(21) act as an agent and receive deposits, renew time deposits, close loans, service loans and receive payments on loans and other obligations for any company which is a subsidiary, as defined in K.S.A. 9-519, and amendments thereto, of the bank holding company which owns the bank. Nothing in this subsection shall authorize a bank to conduct activities as an agent which the bank or the subsidiary would be prohibited from 1 conducting as a principal under any applicable federal or state law. Any

2 bank which enters or terminates any agreement pursuant to this subsection
3 shall within 30 days of the effective date of the agreement or termination
4 provide written notification to the commissioner which details all parties
5 involved and services to be performed or terminated;

6 (22) to make loans to the bank's stockholders or the bank's controlling 7 holding company stockholders on the security of the shares of the bank or 8 the bank's controlling bank holding company, but loans on the security of 9 the shares of the bank may occur only if the bank would have extended 10 credit to such stockholder on exactly the same terms without the bank 11 shares pledged as collateral;

(23) to make investments in and loans to community and economic
development entities as defined in K.S.A. 9-701, and amendments thereto,
subject to the limitations prescribed by community reinvestment act pub. l.
95-128, title VIII, 91 Stat. 1147, 12 U.S.C. § 2901 et seq.;

16 (24) to participate in a school savings deposit program authorized 17 under K.S.A. 9-1138, and amendments thereto;

(25) with prior approval of the commissioner, to control or hold aninterest in a financial subsidiary.

20 (A) The financial subsidiary may engage in one or more of the 21 following activities:

22 (i) Lending, exchanging, transferring, investing for others or 23 safeguarding money or securities;

(ii) acting as agent or broker for purposes of insuring, guaranteeing or
 indemnifying against loss, harm, damage, illness, disability, death or
 providing annuities as agent or broker subject to the requirements of
 chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto;

(iii) issuing or selling instruments representing interests in pools orassets permissible for a bank to hold directly;

30 (iv) operating a travel agency; and

31 (v) activities that are financial in nature as determined by the 32 commissioner.

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(B) Such activities do not include:

(i) Insuring, guaranteeing or indemnifying against loss, harm,
damage, illness, disability, death or providing or issuing annuities the
income of which is subject to tax treatment under 26 U.S.C. § 72;

(ii) real estate development or real estate investment, except asotherwise expressly authorized by Kansas law; or

(iii) any activity permitted for financial holding companies under 12
U.S.C. § 1843(k)(4)(H) and (I).

(C) As used in subsection (a)(25), "control" means:

42 (i) Directly or indirectly owning, controlling or having power to vote
43 25% or more of any class of the voting shares of a financial subsidiary;

1 (ii) controlling in any manner the election of a majority of the directors or trustees of the financial subsidiary; or 2

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(iii) otherwise directly or indirectly exercising a controlling influence 4 over the management or policies of the financial subsidiary, as determined 5 by the commissioner;

6 (26) to maintain and operate a postal substation on banking premises, 7 in accordance with the rules and regulations of the United States postal 8 service. The bank may advertise the services of the substation for the 9 purpose of attracting customers to the bank and receive income therefrom. 10 The bank shall keep the books and records of the substation separate from those the records of other banking operations; 11

12 (27) with prior approval of the commissioner, to invest in foreign bonds an amount not to exceed 1% of the bank's capital or surplus as long 13 as such bonds comply with the form and definition of investment 14 15 securities:

16 (28) to act as an agent for any credit life, health and accident 17 insurance, sometimes referred to as credit life and disability insurance, and 18 mortgage life and disability insurance in connection with extensions of 19 credit and only as a source of protection for such extension of credit;

20 (29) to act as agent for any fire, life or other insurance company 21 authorized to do business in this state at any approved office of the bank 22 which is located in any place the population does not exceed 5,000 23 inhabitants. Such insurance may be sold to existing and potential 24 customers of the bank regardless of the geographic location of the 25 customers:

26 (30) to become a stockholder and member of the federal reserve bank 27 of the federal reserve district where such bank is located;

28 (31) with prior approval of the commissioner, to acquire the stock of, 29 or establish and operate a subsidiary to acquire the stock of, another 30 insured depository institution or the holding company of the insured 31 depository institution provided such acquisition is incidental to a 32 reorganization otherwise authorized by the law of this state and which 33 occurs nearly simultaneously with such acquisition;

34 (32) with prior approval of the commissioner, to establish and operate 35 a subsidiary for the purpose of owning, holding and managing all or part 36 of the bank's securities portfolio provided the parent bank owns 100% of 37 the stock of the subsidiary and the subsidiary shall not own, hold or 38 manage securities for any party other than the parent bank. The subsidiary 39 shall be subject to:

40 (A) All banking laws and rules and regulations applicable to the parent bank unless otherwise provided; 41

42 (B) consolidation with the parent bank of pertinent book figures for 43 the purpose of applying all applicable statutory limitations including, but not limited to, capital requirements, owning and holding real estate and
 legal lending limitations;

3 (C) examination and supervision by the commissioner, the cost and 4 responsibility of which will be attributable to the parent bank; and

5 (D) any additional terms or conditions required by the commissioner 6 to address any legal or safety and soundness concerns;

7 (33) with prior approval of the commissioner, to establish or acquire 8 operating subsidiaries for the purpose of engaging in any activity which is 9 part or incidental to the business of banking as long as the parent bank 10 owns at least 50% of the stock of the subsidiary. The subsidiary shall be 11 subject to:

(A) All banking laws and regulations applicable to the parent bankunless otherwise provided;

(B) consolidation with the parent bank of pertinent book figures for
the purpose of applying all applicable statutory limitations including, but
not limited to, capital requirements, owning and holding real estate and
legal lending limitations;

18 (C) examination and supervision by the commissioner the cost and 19 responsibility of which will be attributable to the parent bank; and

20 (D) any additional terms or conditions required by the commissioner 21 to address any legal or safety and soundness concerns;

(34) to invest in, without limitation, obligations of or obligations which are insured as to principal and interest by or evidences of indebtedness that are fully collateralized by obligations of the federal home loan banks, the federal national mortgage association, the government national mortgage association, the federal home loan mortgage corporation, the student loan marketing association and the federal farm credit banks; and

(35) any bank or trust company may invest in bonds or notes secured by mortgages which in turn are insured or upon which there is a commitment to insure by the federal housing administration, or any successor thereto, in debentures issued by the federal housing administration or its *any* successor, and in obligations of national mortgage associations.

(b) Any bank hereby is authorized to exercise by the bank's board of
directors or duly authorized officers or agents, subject to approval by the
commissioner, any incidental power necessary to carry on the business of
banking.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1102. (a) Any bank or trust company may own, purchase, lease, hold, encumber or convey real property, including any building or buildings necessary for the bank's or trust company's accommodation in the transaction of its business. Real property shall be disposed of or 1 charged off the bank's or trust company's books not later than seven years

after the real property's intended use for bank or trust purposes ends.
Before the end of the holding period, a bank or trust company may request
authorization from the commissioner to hold the real property for an
additional year. No bank or trust company shall be granted more than three
requests for additional time to hold any one parcel of real property.

7 (b) Any bank or trust company may own, purchase, lease, hold, 8 encumber or convey certain personal property necessary for the bank's or 9 trust company's accommodation in the transaction of such bank's or trust 10 company's business.

(c) Any bank may own all or part of the stock in a single trust
 company or safe deposit company organized under the laws of the state of
 Kansas.

(d) Any bank may own all of the stock in a corporation or limited
liability company organized under the laws of the state of Kansas, owning
real estate, all or a part of which is occupied or to be occupied by the bank
or trust company.

18 (e) A bank's or trust company's total investment or ownership at all 19 times in any one or more of the following shall not exceed 50% of-its 20 unimpaired capital stock, surplus, undivided profits and capital notes and 21 debentures and the total of capital stock, surplus, undivided profits, 100% 22 of the allowance for loan and lease loss, capital notes and debentures and 23 reserve for contingencies. For purposes of this subsection, intangibles, 24 such as goodwill, shall not be included in the calculation of capital. Any 25 such excess shall be removed from the bank's or trust company's books 26 unless approval is granted by the commissioner:

27 28 (1) The book value of real estate plus all encumbrances thereon;

(2) the book value of furniture and fixtures;

29 30 (3) the book value of stock in a safe deposit company;

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(4) the book value of stock in a trust company; or

(5) the book value of stock in a corporation organized under the laws of this state owning real estate occupied by the bank or trust company and advances to such corporation acquired or made after July 1, 1973, except that any real estate not necessary for the accommodation of the bank's or trust company's business shall be disposed of or charged off its books according to subsection (a).

(f) Any bank or trust company may acquire or purchase real estate in
satisfaction of any debts due such bank or trust company, and may
purchase real estate at judicial sales, subject to the following:

40 (1) No bank or trust company shall bid at any judicial sale a larger 41 amount than is necessary to protect its debts and costs.

42 (2) No real estate or interest in oil and gas leasehold acquired in the 43 satisfaction of debts or upon judicial sales shall be carried as a book asset 1 of the bank or trust company for more than 10 years.

(3) At the termination of the 10 years such real estate shall be charged
off. The commissioner may grant an extension not to exceed four years, if
in the commissioner's judgment, it will be to the advantage of the bank or
trust company to carry carrying the real estate as an asset for such
extended period will be to the advantage of the bank or trust company.
Any such extensions issued shall be reviewed by the commissioner on an
annual basis.

9 (g) No bank or trust company may buy and sell real estate as a 10 business.

(h) A bank may hold or sell any personal property coming into
ownership of the bank in the collection of debts. All such property, except
legal investments, shall be sold within one year of acquisition, provided a
commercially reasonable sale can occur. If a commercially reasonable sale
cannot occur within one year, the commissioner may authorize a bank to
carry such property as a book asset for a longer period. The bank shall not
carry such property as a nonbook asset.

(i) The time periods for holding real estate or other property shallbegin when:

(1) The bank has received title or deed to the property;

(2) the property is in a redemption period following the bank'spurchase at a judicial sale; or

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(3) the bank has actual control of the property.

(j) With prior notification to the commissioner, any bank may operate
a wholly owned subsidiary corporation or limited liability company which
holds and manages property acquired through debt previously contracted.
The subsidiary shall be subject to:

(1) All banking laws and rules and regulations applicable to theparent bank unless otherwise provided;

(2) consolidation with the parent bank of pertinent book figures for
the purpose of applying all applicable statutory limitations including, but
not limited to, capital requirements, owning and holding real estate and
legal lending limitations;

(3) examination and supervision by the commissioner, the cost andresponsibility of which will be attributable to the parent bank; and

36 (4) any additional terms or conditions required by the commissioner37 to address any legal or safety and soundness concerns.

(k) (1) With prior approval of the commissioner, any bank may
exchange such bank's participation interest in real estate acquired or
purchased in satisfaction of any debts previously contracted for an interest
in a corporation or limited liability company which will manage, market
and dispose of the real property. Prior to the exchange, the bank's directors
must:

1 (A) Find and document that the exchange is in the best interest of the 2 bank and would improve the ability of the bank to recover, or otherwise 3 limit, the bank's loss on real estate acquired through debts previously 4 contracted;

5 (B) certify that the bank's loss exposure is limited, as a legal and 6 accounting matter, and that the bank does not have open-ended liability for 7 the obligations of the corporation or limited liability company;

8 (C) certify that the corporation or limited liability company agrees to 9 be subject to the supervision and examination by the commissioner; and

10 (D) ensure that the corporation or limited liability company complies 11 with this section and K.A.R. 17-11-17, including obtaining a current 12 appraisal of the real estate.

(2) A bank may not further exchange the bank's interest in the
 corporation or limited liability company for an interest in any other real or
 personal property.

16 Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1104 is hereby amended to read as 17 follows: 9-1104. (a) *Definitions*. As used in this section:

(1) "Borrower" means an individual, sole proprietorship, partnership,
joint venture, association, trust, estate, business trust, corporation, limited
liability company, not-for-profit corporation, state government of the
United States or a United States government unit or agency,
instrumentality or political subdivision thereof or any similar entity or
organization.

(2) "Capital" means the total of capital stock, surplus, undivided
profits, 100% of the allowance for loan and lease loss, capital notes and
debentures and reserve for contingencies. Intangibles, such as goodwill,
shall not be included in the definition of capital when determining lending
limits.

29 (3) "Loan" means:

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30 (A) A bank's direct or indirect advance of funds to or on behalf of a
31 borrower based on an obligation of the borrower to repay the funds;

- (B) a contractual commitment to advance funds;
- (C) an overdraft;

(D) loans that have been charged off the bank's books in whole or inpart, unless the loan is unenforceable by reason of:

- 36 (i) Discharge in bankruptcy;
- 37 (ii) expiration of the statute of limitations;
- 38 (iii) judicial decision; or
- 39 (iv) the bank's forgiveness of the debt;

40 (E) any credit exposure to a borrower arising from a derivative 41 transaction, repurchase agreement, reverse repurchase agreement, 42 securities lending transaction or securities borrowing transaction between 43 a bank and that borrower. 1 (4) "Derivative transaction" means any transaction that is a contract, 2 agreement, swap, warrant, note or option that is based in whole, or in part, 3 on the value of any interest in, or any quantitative measure or the 4 occurrence of any event relating to, one or more commodities, securities, 5 currencies, interest or other rates, indices or other assets.

6 (b) *General lending limit rule*. Subject to the provisions in 7 subsections (d), (e) and (f), loans to one borrower, including any bank 8 officer or employee, shall not exceed 25% of a bank's capital.

9 (c) *Calculation of the lending limit.* (1) The bank's lending limit shall 10 be calculated on the date the loan or written commitment is made. The 11 renewal or refinancing of a loan shall not constitute a new lending limit 12 calculation date unless new funds are advanced.

(2) If the bank's lending limit increases subsequent to the origination
date, a bank may use the current lending limit to determine compliance
when advancing funds. An advance of funds includes the lending of
money or the repurchase of any portion of a participation.

(3) If the bank's lending limit decreases subsequent to the origination
date, a bank is not prohibited from advancing on a prior commitment that
was legal on the date the commitment was made.

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(d) *Exemptions*. (1) Overnight federal funds.

(2) That portion of a loan which is continuously secured on a dollar
for dollar basis by any of the following will be exempt from any lending
limit:

(A) A guaranty, commitment or agreement to take over or to
purchase, made by any federal reserve bank or by any department, bureau,
board, commission, agency or establishment of the United States of
America, including any corporation wholly owned, directly or indirectly
by the United States;

(B) a perfected interest in a time deposit account in the lending bank.
In the case of a time deposit which may be withdrawn in whole or in part
prior to maturity, the bank shall establish written internal procedures to
prevent the release of the deposit;

33 (C) a bonded warehouse receipt issued to the borrower by some other
 34 person;

(D) treasury bills, certificates of indebtedness or bonds or notes of, or
 fully guaranteed by, the United States of America or instrumentalities or
 agencies thereof-or those fully guaranteed by them;

(E) general obligation bonds or notes of the state of Kansas or any
 other state in the United States of America;

40 (F) general obligation bonds or notes of any Kansas municipality or 41 quasi-municipality; or

42 (G) a perfected interest in a repurchase agreement of United States 43 government securities with the lending bank.

1 (e) *Special rules.* (1) The total liability of any borrower may exceed 2 the general 25% limit by up to an additional 10% of the bank's capital. To 3 qualify for this expanded limit:

4 5 6 (A) The bank shall have as collateral a recorded first lien or liens on real estate securing a portion of the borrower's total liability equal to at least the amount by which the total liability exceeds the 25% limit;

7 (B) the appraised value of the real estate shall equal at least twice the 8 amount by which the borrower's total liability exceeds the 25% limit; and

9 (C) a portion of the borrower's total liability, equal to at least the 10 amount by which the total liability exceeds the 25% limit, shall amortize 11 within 20 years by regularly scheduled installment payments.

(2) That portion of any loan endorsed or guaranteed by a borrower
will not be added to that borrower's liability until the endorsed or
guaranteed loan is past due 10 days.

(3) If the total liability of any shareholder owning 25% or more of
 any class of voting shares, officers or directors will exceed \$50,000, prior
 approval from the bank's board of directors shall be noted in the minutes.

18 (4) To the extent-they *time deposits* are insured by the federal deposit 19 insurance corporation, *time such* deposits purchased by a bank from 20 another financial institution shall not be considered a loan to that financial 21 institution and shall not be subject to the bank's lending limit.

(5) Third-party paper purchased by the bank will not be considered a
loan to the seller unless and until the bank has the right under the
agreement to require the seller to repurchase the paper.

(f) *Combination rules*.

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26 (1) *General rule*. Loans to one borrower will be attributed to another 27 borrower and their *the borrowers'* total liability will be combined:

(A) When proceeds of a loan are to be used for the direct benefit ofthe other borrower, to the extent of the proceeds so used; or

30 (B) when a common enterprise is deemed to exist between the 31 borrowers.

32 (2) *Direct benefit.* The proceeds of a loan to a borrower will be 33 deemed to be used for the direct benefit of another person and will be 34 attributed to the other person when the proceeds, or assets purchased with 35 the proceeds, are transferred to another person, other than in a bona fide 36 arm's length transaction where the proceeds are used to acquire property, 37 goods or services.

(3) Common enterprise. A common enterprise will be deemed to exist
 and loans to separate borrowers will be aggregated:

40 (A) When the expected source of repayment for each loan or
41 extension of credit is the same for each borrower and neither borrower has
42 another source of income from which the loan, together with the
43 borrower's other obligations, may be fully repaid;

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(B) when both of the following circumstances are present:

2 (i) Loans are made to borrowers-who that are related directly or indirectly through common control, including where one borrower is 3 directly or indirectly controlled by another borrower. Common control 4 5 means to own, control or have the power to vote 25% or more of any class 6 of voting securities or voting interests or to control, in any manner, the 7 election of a majority of the directors or to have the power to exercise a 8 controlling influence over the management or policies of another person; 9 and

(ii) substantial financial interdependence exists between or among the
 borrowers. Substantial financial interdependence is deemed to exist when
 50% or more of one borrower's gross receipts or gross expenditures, on an
 annual basis, are derived from transactions with the other borrower. Gross
 receipts and expenditures include gross revenues, expenses, intercompany
 loans, dividends, capital contributions and similar receipts or payments; or

16 (C) when separate persons borrow from a bank to acquire a business 17 enterprise of which those borrowers will own more than 50% of the voting 18 securities or voting interests, in which case a common enterprise is 19 deemed to exist between the borrowers for purposes of combining the 20 acquisition loan.

(D) An employer will not be treated as a source of repayment for
 purposes of determining a common enterprise because of wages and
 salaries paid to an employee.

24 (4) Special rules for loans to a corporate group. (A) Loans by a bank 25 to a borrower and the borrower's subsidiaries shall not, in the aggregate, exceed 50% of the bank's capital. At no time shall loans to any one 26 borrower or to any one subsidiary exceed the general lending limit of 25%, 27 28 except as allowed by other provisions of this section. For purposes of this 29 paragraph, a corporation or a limited liability company is a subsidiary of a borrower if the borrower owns or beneficially owns directly or indirectly 30 31 more than 50% of the voting securities or voting interests of the 32 corporation or company.

(B) Loans to a borrower and a borrower's subsidiaries that do not
meet the test contained in subsection (f)(4)(A) will not be combined unless
either the direct benefit or the common enterprise test is met.

36 (5) Special rules for loans to partnerships, joint ventures and 37 associations. (A) As used in this paragraph, the term "partnership" shall 38 include a partnership, joint venture or association. The term partner shall 39 include a partner in a partnership or a member in a joint venture or 40 association.

(B) *General partner*. Loans to a partnership are considered to be
loans to a partner if, by the terms of the partnership agreement, that partner
is held generally liable for debts or actions of the partnership.

1 (C) *Limited partner*. If the liability of a partner is limited by the terms 2 of the partnership agreement, the amount of the partnership debt 3 attributable to the partner is in direct proportion to that partner's limited 4 partnership liability.

5 (D) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (f)(5)(B) and (f)(5)6 (C), if by the terms of the loan agreement the liability of any partner is 7 different than delineated in the partnership agreement, for the purpose of 8 attributing debt to the partner, the loan agreement shall control.

9 (E) Loans to a partner are not attributed to the partnership unless 10 either the direct benefit or the common enterprise test is met.

(F) Loans to one partner are not attributed to other partners unlesseither the direct benefit or common enterprise test is met.

13 (G) When a loan is made to a partner to purchase an interest in a 14 partnership, both the direct benefit and common enterprise tests are 15 deemed to be met, and the loan is attributed to the partnership.

16 (6) Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, the 17 commissioner may determine, based upon an evaluation of the facts and 18 circumstances of a particular transaction, that a loan to one borrower may 19 be attributed to another borrower.

(g) The commissioner may order a bank to correct any loan not in compliance with this section within 60 days. A violation of this section shall be deemed corrected if that portion of the borrower's liability which created the violation could be legally advanced under current lending limits.

25 Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1111 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1111. The general business of every bank shall be transacted at 26 27 the place of business specified in the bank's certificate of authority and at 28 one or more branch banks established and operated as provided in this 29 section. It shall be unlawful for any bank to establish and operate any 30 branch bank or relocate an existing branch bank except as hereinafter 31 provided. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, any location at 32 which a depository institution, as defined by K.S.A. 9-701, and 33 amendments thereto, receives deposits, renews time deposits, closes loans, 34 services loans or receives payments on loans or other obligations, as agent, 35 for a bank pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1101(a)(25), and amendments thereto, or 36 other applicable state or federal law, or is authorized to open accounts or 37 receive deposits under K.S.A. 9-1101(a)(28), and amendments thereto, 38 shall not be deemed to be a branch bank:

(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "branch bank" means
any office, agency or other place of business located within this state, other
than the place of business specified in the bank's certificate of authority, at
which deposits are received, checks paid, money lent or trust authority
exercised, if approval has been granted by the commissioner pursuant to

1 K.S.A. 9-1602, and amendments thereto;

2 (b) establishment of a new branch *bank* or relocation of an existing 3 branch-for eligible banks:

4 (1) After first applying for and obtaining the approval of the 5 commissioner, a bank incorporated under the laws of this state, may 6 establish and operate one or more branch banks or relocate an existing 7 branch bank, anywhere within this state;

8 (2) the application shall include the nature of the banking business to 9 be conducted at the proposed branch bank, the primary geographical area 10 to be served by the proposed branch bank, the personnel and office 11 facilities to be provided at the proposed branch bank and other information 12 the commissioner may require;

(3) the application shall include the name selected for the proposed
branch bank. The name selected for the proposed branch bank shall not be
the name of any other bank or branch bank: (A) Doing business in the
same city or town; or

17 (B) within a 15-mile radius of the proposed location, nor shall the 18 name selected be required to contain the name of the applicant bank. If the 19 name selected for the proposed branch bank does not contain the name of 20 the applicant bank, the branch bank shall provide in the public lobby of 21 such branch bank, a public notice that it is a branch bank of the applicant 22 bank. Any bank may request exemption from the commissioner from the 23 provisions of this paragraph;

24 (4) the application shall include proof of publication of notice that the 25 applicant bank intends to file or has filed an application to establish a branch bank or relocate an existing branch bank. The notice shall be 26 27 published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the 28 applicant bank proposes to locate the branch bank. The notice shall be in 29 the form prescribed by the commissioner and at a minimum shall contain 30 the name and address of the applicant bank, the location of the proposed 31 branch and a solicitation for written comments. The notice shall be 32 published on the same day for two consecutive weeks and provide for a 33 comment period of not less than 10 days after the date of the second 34 publication;

35 (5) upon receipt of the application, and following expiration of the 36 comment period, the commissioner may hold a hearing in the county in 37 which the applicant bank seeks to operate the branch bank. The applicant 38 shall publish notice of the time, date and place of such hearing in a 39 newspaper of general circulation in the county where the applicant bank 40 proposes to locate the branch bank, not less than 10, nor more than 30, 41 days prior to the date of the hearing, and proof of publication shall be filed 42 with the commissioner. At any such hearing, all interested persons shall be 43 allowed to present written and oral evidence to the commissioner, or the

commissioner's designee, in support of or in opposition to the branch bank. 1 2 Upon completion of a transcript of the testimony given at any such 3 hearing, the transcript shall be filed in the office of the commissioner;

4 (6) if the commissioner determines a public hearing is not warranted, 5 the commissioner shall approve or disapprove the application within 15 6 days after receipt of a complete application, but not prior to the end of the 7 comment period. If a public hearing is held, the commissioner shall 8 approve or disapprove the application within 60 days after consideration of 9 the complete application and the evidence gathered during the commissioner's investigation. The period for consideration of the 10 application may be extended if the commissioner determines the 11 12 application presents a significant supervisory concern. The new branch or relocation shall only be granted if the commissioner finds that: 13

14 (A) There is a reasonable probability of usefulness and success of the 15 proposed branch bank; and

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(B) the applicant bank's financial history and condition is sound;

(7) within 15 days after any final action of the commissioner 17 approving or disapproving an application, the applicant, or any adversely 18 19 affected or aggrieved person-who that provided written comments during the specified comment period, may request a hearing with the state 20 21 banking board. Upon receipt of a timely request, the state banking board 22 shall conduct a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas 23 administrative procedure act. Any decision of the state banking board is 24 subject to review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act;

25 (c) upon the request of any bank-or trust company proposing to relocate an existing branch less than one mile from the existing location, 26 27 the commissioner may exempt such bank-or trust company from the 28 requirements of this section;

29 (d) any branch bank lawfully established and operating on the 30 effective date of this act may continue to be operated by the bank then 31 operating the branch bank and by any successor bank;

32 (e) any bank location which has been established and is being 33 maintained by a bank at the time of-its the bank's merger into or 34 consolidation with another bank or at the time the bank's assets are 35 purchased and the bank's liabilities are assumed by another bank may 36 continue to be operated by the surviving, resulting or purchasing and 37 assuming bank;

38 (f) any state bank or national banking association may provide and 39 engage in banking transactions by means of remote service units wherever 40 located, which remote service units shall not be considered to be branch 41 banks. Any banking transaction effected by use of a remote service unit 42 shall be deemed to be transacted at a bank and not at a remote service unit; 43

(g) as a condition to the operation and use of any remote service unit

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1 in this state, a state bank or national banking association, each hereinafter 2 referred to as a bank, which desires to operate or enable its customers to 3 utilize a remote service unit must agree that such remote service unit will 4 be available for use by customers of any other bank or banks upon the 5 request of such bank or banks to share its use the use of the remote service 6 *unit* and the agreement of such bank or banks to share all costs, including a 7 reasonable return on capital expenditures incurred in connection with the 8 remote service unit's development, installation and operation. The owner 9 of the remote service unit, whether a bank or any other person, shall make 10 the remote service unit available for use by other banks and their customers on a nondiscriminatory basis, conditioned upon payment of a 11 12 reasonable proportion of all costs, including a reasonable return on capital 13 expenditures incurred in connection with the development, installation and operation of the remote service unit. Notwithstanding the foregoing 14 15 provisions of this subsection, a remote service unit located on the property 16 owned or leased by the bank where the principal place of business of a 17 bank, or an attached auxiliary teller facility or branch bank of a bank, is 18 located need not be made available for use by any other bank or banks or 19 customers of any other bank or banks;

20 (h) for purposes of this section, "remote service unit" means an 21 electronic information processing device, including associated equipment, 22 structures and systems, through or by means of which information relating 23 to financial services rendered to the public is stored and transmitted to a 24 bank and which, for activation and account access, is dependent upon the 25 use of a machine-readable instrument in the possession and control of the 26 holder of an account with a bank or is activated by a person upon 27 verifiable personal identification. The term shall include "online" computer 28 terminals which may be equipped with a telephone or televideo device that allows contact with bank personnel and "offline" automated cash 29 30 dispensing machines and automated teller machines. Withdrawals by 31 means of "offline" systems shall not exceed \$300 per transaction and shall 32 be restricted to individual not corporate or commercial accounts;

(i) upon providing notice to the commissioner, any state bank may
 conduct loan production activity at locations other than the place of
 business specified in the bank's certificate of authority or approved branch
 banks.

(1) Loan production activity shall consist of the following:

38 (A) Soliciting, assembling or processing of credit information and39 loan applications;

(B) approval of loan applications; or

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- 41 (C) loan closing activities, such as the execution of promissory notes 42 and deeds of trust.
- 43 (2) No customer shall be allowed to take actual receipt of the loan

1 funds;

2 (j) upon providing notice to the commissioner, any state bank may 3 conduct deposit production activity at locations other than the place of 4 business specified in the bank's certificate of authority or approved branch 5 banks provided there is no acceptance of actual deposits in person or by 6 drop box;

(k) upon providing notice to the commissioner, any state bank may
provide any of the following at a location other than the place of business
specified in the bank's certificate of authority without becoming a branch
bank:

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(1) Operate safe deposit boxes;

(2) sell travelers checks and saving bonds; and

(3) operate check cashing services so long as no actual accountwithdrawal occurs;

(l) any bank or trust company closing a branch bank, loan production
 office, deposit production office or other location shall provide notice to
 the commissioner.

18 Sec. 25. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1112 is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 9-1112. (a) No bank *or trust company* shall buy, sell or trade 20 tangible property as a business or invest in the stock of another bank or 21 corporation, except as specifically authorized.

(b) Unless prior approval of the commissioner is granted, no bank *or trust company* shall sell, give or purchase any instrument, contract,
 security or other asset or asset dividend to or from:

(1) Any employee or to an employee's related interest;

26 (2) any director or to a director's related interest;

27 (3) the bank's parent company; or

28 (4) a subsidiary of the bank's parent company.

This paragraph shall not apply to assignment of loans and related security agreements to or from a subsidiary of the bank's parent company.

(c) No bank shall acquire or make a loan on the bank's own shares of
 stock, or the stock of the bank's parent company or a subsidiary of the
 bank's parent company, except as otherwise specifically authorized.

(d) No bank shall give any preference to any depositor either by
 pledging any of the bank's assets as collateral security or in any other
 manner, except:

37 (1) As provided under the provisions of K.S.A. 9-1603, and38 amendments thereto; and

(2) the deposit of public moneys and funds in the custody of the
federal court or any of the court's officers may be secured as elsewhere
provided in the state banking code or as required by the federal court.

42 Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1114 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 9-1114. (a) The business of any bank or trust company shall be

25 26 1 managed and controlled by such bank's or trust company's board of 2 directors.

3 (b) The board shall consist of not less than five nor more than 25 4 members who shall be elected by the stockholders at any regular annual 5 meeting which shall be held on the date specified in the bank's or trust 6 company's bylaws. A majority of the directors shall be residents of this 7 state.

8 (c) If for any reason the meeting cannot be held on the date specified 9 in the bylaws, the meeting shall be held on a subsequent day within 60 10 days of the day fixed, to be designated by the board of directors, or, if the 11 directors fail to fix the day, by the shareholders representing $^{2}/_{3}$ of the 12 shares.

(d) In all cases, at least 10 days' notice of the date for the annualmeeting shall have been given by first-class mail to the shareholders.

(e) Any newly created directorship must be approved and elected by
the shareholders in the manner provided in the general corporation code. A
special meeting of the shareholders may be convened at any time for such
purpose.

(f) Any vacancy in the board of directors may be filled by the boardof directors in the manner provided in the general corporation code.

(g) Any director of any bank or trust company who shall become
indebted to such bank or trust company on any judgment or whose
indebtedness is charged off or forgiven shall forfeit such person's position
as director.

(h) Within 15 days after the annual meeting the president or cashier
of every bank and every trust company shall submit to the commissioner a
certified list of stockholders and the number of shares owned by each. This
list of stockholders shall be kept and maintained in the bank's or trust
company's main office and shall be subject to inspection by all
stockholders during the business hours of the bank or trust company. The
commissioner may require the list to be filed using an electronic means.

32 (i) Each director shall take and subscribe an oath to administer the 33 affairs of such bank or trust company diligently and honestly and to not 34 knowingly or willfully permit any of the laws relating to banks or trust 35 companies to be violated. A copy of each oath shall be-filed with the 36 commissioner within 15 days of the election of any officer or director-37 retained by the bank or trust company in the bank's or trust company's 38 records after the election of any officer or director, for review by the 39 commissioner's staff during the next examination. The commissioner may 40 require the oath to be filed using an electronic means.

(j) Every bank and trust company shall notify the commissioner of
 any change in the chief executive officer, president or directors, including
 in such bank's or trust company's report a statement of the past and current

business and professional affiliations of the new chief executive officer,
 president or directors.

3 Sec. 27. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1122 is hereby amended to read as 4 follows: 9-1122. (a) As used in this section:

5 (1) "Officers" means the person or persons designated by the board of 6 directors of a bank or trust company to act for the bank or trust company in 7 carrying out the provisions of this act or, in the absence of any such 8 designation or of the officer or officers so designated, the president or any 9 other officer currently in charge of the bank or trust company;

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(2) "office" means any place at which a bank transacts business; and

(3) "emergency" means any condition or occurrence which may 11 interfere physically with the conduct of normal business operations at the 12 13 offices of a bank or trust company or which poses an imminent or existing threat to the safety or security of persons or property, or both. An 14 emergency may arise as a result of and any one or more of the following, 15 16 but is not limited to, fire, flood, earthquake, hurricane, tornado, wind, rain 17 or snow storm, labor strike by bank or trust company employees, power 18 failure, transportation failure, interruption of communications facilities, 19 shortage of fuel, housing, food, transportation or labor, robbery or 20 attempted robbery, actual or threatened enemy attack, epidemic or other 21 catastrophe, riot, civil commotion and other acts of lawlessness or 22 violence, actual or threatened.

23 (b) A bank or trust company may remain closed on any one business 24 day of every week or may make a permanent change in the bank's or trust 25 company's hours of business. The bank or trust company shall post the resolution in a conspicuous place at the main office and all branch 26 27 locations of the bank or trust company at least 15 days in advance of any 28 closing or change in business hours. If the business day designated in any 29 resolution regarding closing is a legal public holiday, the bank or trust 30 company may close on the business day preceding or following the legal 31 public holiday.

32 (c) The officers of a bank or trust company may close the bank's or 33 trust company's offices on any day or days designated by proclamation of 34 the president of the United States or the governor or legislature of this 35 state, as a day or days of mourning, rejoicing or other special observance 36 and on such other day or days of local or special observance-as in the 37 reasonable and proper exercise of their discretion the officers feel the bank 38 or trust company should observe. If the bank or trust company is closed 39 pursuant to this subsection, the bank or trust company shall give 40 reasonable notice of the closing by posting a notice in a conspicuous place at the main office and all branch locations of the bank or trust company 41 42 and through any other means the bank or trust company deems 43 appropriate, including publication in a newspaper of general circulation in

1 the community, if time allows.

2 (d) Whenever the officers of a bank or trust company are of the 3 opinion that an emergency exists, or is impending, which affects, or may 4 affect, a bank's or trust company's offices, the officers shall have the 5 authority, in the reasonable and proper exercise of the officers' discretion, 6 to determine not to open such offices on any business or banking day or, if 7 having opened, to close such offices during the continuation of such 8 emergency. The officers shall notify the commissioner of the emergency, 9 the closing, the duration and the subsequent reopening within 48 hours of 10 any such event, if practical. In no case shall such offices remain closed for more than 48 consecutive hours, excluding other legal holidays, without 11 12 requesting and obtaining the approval of the commissioner.

13 (e) Every day on which any bank or trust company shall remain closed pursuant to this section shall be deemed a holiday for all of the 14 15 purposes of chapter 84 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments 16 thereto, and with respect to any bank or trust company business of any 17 character. No bank or trust company shall be required to permit access to the bank's or trust company's safe, deposit vault or vaults on any such day. 18 19 Where the terms of a contract requires the payment of money or the 20 performance of a condition on any such day by, through, with or at any 21 bank or trust company, then the payment may be made or condition 22 performed on the next business day with the same force and effect as if 23 made or performed in accordance with the terms of the contract. No 24 liability or loss of rights of any kind shall result from the delay.

(f) The posting of the notice provided for in this section shall be notice to everyone of the closing or change in hours of the bank or trust company, and thereafter no liability shall be incurred by the bank or trust company by reason of closing or changing the bank hours pursuant to this section.

(g) The provisions of this section shall be construed and applied as being in addition to, and not in substitution for, or limitation of, any other law of this state or of the United States, authorizing the closing of a bank or trust company or excusing the delay by a bank or trust company in the performance of the bank's or trust company's duties and obligations because of emergencies or conditions beyond the bank's or trust company's control or otherwise.

Sec. 28. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1124 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1124. No limitation or prohibition otherwise imposed by any provision of state law exclusively relating to banks shall prevent any state bank or banks from investing not more than 10% of the paid-in and unimpaired capital and unimpaired surplus in a bank service company. No bank shall invest more than 5% of-its *the bank's* total assets in bank service companies. Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1127c is hereby amended to read as
 follows: 9-1127c. (a) No state bank shall invest in the capital stock of a
 bank service company that performs any service under K.S.A. 9-1127b(c),
 (d) or (e), and amendments thereto, without the prior approval of the
 commissioner.

6 (b) No state bank shall invest in the capital stock of a bank service 7 company that performs any service under authority of K.S.A. 9-1127b(f), 8 and amendments thereto, and no bank service company shall perform any 9 activity under K.S.A. 9-1127b(f), and amendments thereto, without the 10 prior approval of the commissioner.

(c) In determining whether to approve or deny any application for 11 12 prior approval under K.S.A. 9-1124 through 9-1127c, and amendments thereto, the commissioner is authorized to consider the financial and 13 14 managerial resources and future prospects of the bank or banks and bank 15 service company involved, including the financial capability of the bank to 16 make a proposed investment under this act, and possible adverse affects 17 such as undue concentration of resources, unfair or decreased competition, 18 conflicts of interest or unsafe or unsound banking practices.

(d) In the event the commissioner fails to act on any application under
 this section within 90 days of the submission of a complete application-to
 them, the application shall be deemed approved.

Sec. 30. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1130 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1130. (a) Every bank and trust company shall retain such bank's and trust company's business records for such periods as are or may be prescribed by or in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(b) Each bank and trust company shall retain permanently such bank'sor trust company's:

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(1) Minute books of *its the* stockholders and directors;

(3) general ledger or the record kept in lieu thereof;

29 (2) capital stock ledger and capital stock certificate ledger or stubs;

30 31

(4) daily statements of condition; and

32 (5) all records which the commissioner shall, in accordance with the33 provisions of this section, require to be retained permanently.

34 (c) All other records of a bank or trust company shall be retained for
 35 such periods as the commissioner shall *prescribe*, in accordance with the
 36 provisions of this section, prescribe.

(d) The commissioner shall, in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 9-1713, and amendments thereto, adopt and promulgate rules and regulations classifying all records kept by banks and trust companies, prescribing the period for which records of each class shall be retained, and requiring to be kept such record of destruction of records as the commissioner deems advisable. Such periods may be permanent or for a term of years. Prior to the adoption, amendment or revocation of such 1 rules and regulations the commissioner shall consider:

2 (1) Actions and administrative proceedings in which the production
 3 of bank or trust company records might be necessary or desirable;

4 (2) state and federal statutes of limitation applicable to such actions 5 or proceedings;

6 (3) the availability of information contained in bank and trust 7 company records from other sources; and

8 (4) such other matters as the commissioner shall deem pertinent to the 9 interest of customers and shareholders of banks and trust companies and of 10 the people of this state having such records available.

(e) Any bank or trust company may destroy any record which has
been retained for the period prescribed, in accordance with the terms of
this section for retention of records of such bank's or trust company's class,
and shall, after destroying such record, thereafter be under no duty to
produce such record.

16 (f) In lieu of retention of the original records with the exception of the 17 document or documents creating the fiduciary relationship, any bank or 18 trust company may cause any, or all, of such bank's or trust company's 19 records, and records at any time in the custody of such bank or trust 20 company, including those held by it as a fiduciary, to be photographed or 21 otherwise reproduced to permanent form. Any such photograph or 22 reproduction shall have the same force and effect as the original thereof 23 and be admitted in evidence equally with the original.

(g) Any bank or trust company may cause any, or all, transactions,
information and data occurring in the regular course of such bank's or trust
company's operations to be recorded and maintained by electronic means.
When the electronic records of such transactions, information and data are
converted to writing, such writings shall constitute the original records of
such transactions, information and data and shall have the force and effect
thereof.

(h) To the extent that they the provisions of this section are not in
contravention of any statute of the United States or regulations
promulgated thereunder, the provisions of this section shall apply to all
banks and trust companies doing business in this state.

(i) Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect any duty of abank or trust company to preserve the confidentiality of their records.

Sec. 31. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1137 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 9-1137. (a) For the purposes of this section:

(1) "Bank" means a state chartered or federally chartered bank, trust
company or bank holding company as defined in K.S.A. 9-519, and
amendments thereto, located in this state;

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(2) "compliance review committee" means:

43 (A) An audit, loan review or compliance committee appointed by the

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board of directors of a bank-whose that functions-are-to evaluate and-seek 1 seeks to improve loan underwriting standards, asset quality, financial 2 3 reporting to federal or state regulatory agencies or compliance with federal 4 or state statutory or regulatory requirements; or

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(B) any other person to the extent the person acts in an investigatory 6 capacity at the direction of a compliance review committee;

7 "compliance review documents" means documents prepared for or (3) 8 created by a compliance review committee;

9 (4) "loan review committee" means a person or group of persons who, on behalf of a bank, reviews loans held by the institution for the 10 purpose of assessing the credit quality of the loans, compliance with the 11 12 institution's loan policies and compliance with applicable laws and 13 regulations; or

14 (5) "person" means an individual, group of individuals, board, committee, partnership, firm, association, corporation or other entity. 15

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(b) Except as provided in subsection (c):

17 (1) Compliance review documents are confidential and are not discoverable or admissible in evidence in any civil action arising out of 18 19 matters evaluated by the compliance review committee; and

20 (2) compliance review documents delivered to a federal or state 21 governmental agency remain confidential and are not discoverable or 22 admissible in evidence in any civil action arising out of matters evaluated 23 by the compliance review committee.

24 (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to any information required by 25 statute or rules and regulations to be maintained by or provided to a governmental agency while the information is in the possession of the 26 27 governmental agency to the extent applicable law expressly authorizes-its 28 disclosure of such information.

29 (d) This section may not be construed to limit the discovery or 30 admissibility in any civil action of any documents that are not compliance 31 review documents.

32 Sec. 32. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1213 is hereby amended to read as 33 follows: 9-1213. When any drawee bank shall be presented with a draft 34 drawn on-it the drawee bank in the usual course of business by a drawer 35 bank that has failed or been closed by operation of law or legal action, the 36 drawee bank shall accept and pay such draft regardless of having received 37 notice, constructive or otherwise, of the failure or closing of the drawer 38 bank if the

39 (a) Draft was issued prior to the failure or closing of the drawer bank;

40 (b) drawee bank has, on deposit to the credit of the failed or closed 41 drawer bank, sufficient funds to pay the draft; and

(c) drawee bank has received proof that the draft represents payment 42 43 of cash letters covering checks that had been charged to the individual

accounts of the failed or closed drawer bank prior to the failure or closing
 of the drawer bank.

Sec. 33. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1304 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1304. (a) Upon the approval of the commissioner, the receiver or liquidator or the board of directors of any bank which may be closed because of-its *the bank's* inability to meet the demands of its depositors may borrow from the federal deposit insurance corporation or its successor, and pledge any part or all of-its *the bank's* assets as security.

9 (b) The assets, or any portion thereof, of any bank which may close 10 because of its the bank's inability to meet the demands of its depositors may be sold to the federal deposit insurance corporation or its successor 11 12 upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner shall approve. Nothing contained in this section shall limit the power of any bank, the 13 commissioner or receiver or liquidator thereof to pledge or sell any assets 14 15 in accordance with other provisions of the state banking code and existing 16 laws.

17 Sec. 34. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1401 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1401. (a) The governing body of any municipal corporation or 18 19 quasi-municipal corporation shall designate by official action recorded 20 upon-its the governing body's minutes the banks, savings and loan 21 associations and savings banks which shall serve as depositories of its the 22 governing body's funds and the officer and official having the custody of 23 such funds shall not deposit such funds other than at such designated 24 banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks. The banks, 25 savings and loan associations and savings banks which have main or branch offices in the county or counties in which all or part of such 26 27 municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation is located shall be 28 designated as such official depositories if the municipal or quasi-municipal 29 corporation can obtain satisfactory security therefor.

30 (b) Every officer or person depositing public funds shall deposit all 31 such public funds coming into-such officer the officer's or person's 32 possession in their name and official title as such officer. If the governing 33 body of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation fails to 34 designate an official depository or depositories, the officer thereof having 35 custody of its the governing body's funds shall deposit such funds with one 36 or more banks, savings and loan associations or savings banks which have 37 main or branch offices in the county or counties in which all or part of 38 such municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation is located if 39 satisfactory security can be obtained therefor and if not then elsewhere, but 40 upon so doing. If the officer having custody is unable to obtain satisfactory security at a depository within the county or counties where 41 42 the governing body is located, then the officer may deposit funds 43 elsewhere. If the governing body's funds are deposited elsewhere, the

1 *officer* shall serve notice in writing on the governing body showing the 2 names and locations of such *the* banks, savings and loan associations and 3 savings banks where such *the* funds are deposited, and upon so doing the 4 officer having custody of such *the* funds shall not be liable for the loss of 5 any portion thereof except for official misconduct or for the 6 misappropriation of such funds by such officer.

7 (c) If eligible banks, savings and loan associations or savings banks 8 under subsections (a) or (b) cannot or will not provide an acceptable bid, 9 which shall include services, for the depositing of public funds under this 10 section, then banks, savings and loan associations or savings banks which have main or branch offices in an adjoining county to the county in which 11 12 all or part of such municipal or quasi-municipal corporation is located may receive deposits of such municipal corporation or quasi-municipal 13 14 corporation, if such banks, savings and loan associations or savings banks 15 have been designated as official depositories under subsection (a) and the 16 municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation can obtain 17 satisfactory security therefor.

(d) The depository bank, savings and loan association or savings bank
and any agent, trustee, wholly owned subsidiary or affiliate having
identical ownership granting a security interest shall enter into a written
agreement with the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation
which so designates the bank as a depository for the municipal corporation
or quasi-municipal corporation's public moneys.

(1) The agreement shall secure the public moneys of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation by granting a security interest in securities held by the depository bank, savings and loan association or savings bank and any agent, trustee, wholly owned subsidiary or affiliate having identical ownership pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1402, and amendments thereto.

30 (2) The depository bank, savings and loan association or savings bank 31 and any agent, trustee, wholly owned subsidiary or affiliate having 32 identical ownership shall perfect the security interest causing control to be 33 given to the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation in 34 accordance with the Kansas uniform commercial code.

(3) The security agreement shall be in writing, executed by all parties
thereto, maintained as part of their the parties' official records, and except
for the municipal corporations or quasi-municipal corporations, approved
by-their the boards of directors or their loan committees, which approvals
shall be reflected in the minutes of the boards or committees.

40 Sec. 35. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1402 is hereby amended to read as 41 follows: 9-1402. (a) Before any deposit of public moneys or funds shall be 42 made by any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the 43 state of Kansas with any bank, savings and loan association or savings bank, such municipal or quasi-municipal corporation shall obtain security
 for such deposit in one of the following manners prescribed by this
 section.

4 (b) Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may give 5 a corporate surety bond of some surety corporation authorized to do 6 business in this state, which bond shall be in an amount equal to the public 7 moneys or funds on deposit at any given time less the amount of such 8 public moneys or funds which is insured by the federal deposit insurance 9 corporation or its successor and such bond shall be conditioned that such 10 deposit shall be paid promptly on the order of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation making such deposits. 11

12 Such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may (c) 13 deposit, maintain, pledge, assign and grant a security interest in, or cause 14 its agent, trustee, wholly owned subsidiary or affiliate having identical ownership to deposit, maintain, pledge, assign and grant a security interest 15 16 in, for the benefit of the governing body of the municipal corporation or 17 quasi-municipal corporation in the manner provided in this section, 18 securities, security entitlements, financial assets and securities accounts 19 owned by the depository institution directly or indirectly through-its the 20 institution's agent or trustee holding securities on-its the institution's 21 behalf, or owned by the depository institutions wholly owned subsidiary or 22 by such affiliate, the market value of which is equal to 100% of the total 23 deposits at any given time, and such securities, security entitlements, 24 financial assets and securities accounts, may be accepted or rejected by the 25 governing body of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal 26 corporation and shall consist of the following and security entitlements 27 thereto:

(1) Direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal
 and interest by, the United States of America or any agency thereof and
 obligations, including, but not limited to, letters of credit and securities of
 United States sponsored corporations which under federal law may be
 accepted as security for public funds;

(2) bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas which have been refunded in advance of their the bonds' maturity and are fully secured as to payment of principal and interest thereon by deposit in trust, under escrow agreement with a bank, of direct obligations of, or obligations the principal of and the interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed by, the United States of America;

(3) bonds of the state of Kansas;

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41 (4) general obligation bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-42 municipal corporation of the state of Kansas;

43 (5) revenue bonds of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal

corporation of the state of Kansas if approved by the commissioner; 1

2 (6) temporary notes of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas which are general obligations of the 3 4 municipal or quasi-municipal corporation issuing the same;

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(7) warrants of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal 6 corporation of the state of Kansas the issuance of which is authorized by 7 the state board of tax appeals and which are payable from the proceeds of 8 a mandatory tax levy;

9 (8) bonds of either a Kansas not-for-profit corporation or of a local housing authority that are rated at least Aa by Moody's investors service or 10 AA by Standard & Poor's corp.; 11

(9) bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments 12 thereto, that are rated at least MIG-1 or Aa by Moody's investors service or 13 AA by Standard & Poor's corp.; 14

(10) notes of a Kansas not-for-profit corporation that are issued to 15 16 provide only the interim funds for a mortgage loan that is insured by the 17 federal housing administration;

(11) bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8901 through 74-8916, and 18 19 amendments thereto:

20 (12) bonds issued pursuant to K.S.A. 68-2319 through 68-2330, and 21 amendments thereto:

22 (13) commercial paper that does not exceed 270 days to maturity and 23 which has received one of the two highest commercial paper credit ratings by a nationally recognized investment rating firm; or 24

25 (14) (A) negotiable promissory notes together with first lien mortgages on one to four family residential real estate located in Kansas 26 securing payment of such notes when such notes or mortgages: 27

28 (i) Are underwritten by the federal national mortgage association, the 29 mortgage corporation, the federal housing federal home loan administration or the veterans administration standards: 30

31 (ii) have been in existence with the same borrower for at least two 32 years and with no history of any installment being unpaid for 30 days or 33 more: and

34 (iii) are valued at not to exceed 50% of the lesser of the following three values: Outstanding mortgage balance, current appraised value of the 35 real estate or discounted present value based upon current federal national 36 37 mortgage association or government national mortgage association interest 38 rates quoted for conventional, federal housing administration or veterans 39 administration mortgage loans.

Securities under paragraph (A) shall be taken at their value for 40 (B) not more than 50% of the security required under the provisions of this 41 42 section. 43

(C) Securities under paragraph (A) shall be withdrawn immediately

1 from the collateral pool if any installment is unpaid for 30 days or more.

2 (D) A status report on all such loans shall be provided to the investing 3 governmental entity by the financial institution on a quarterly basis.

4 (d) No such bank, savings and loan association or savings bank may 5 deposit and maintain for the benefit of the governing body of a municipal 6 or quasi-municipal corporation of the state of Kansas, any securities which 7 consist of:

8 (1) Bonds secured by revenues of a utility which has been in 9 operation for less than three years; or

(2) bonds issued under K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments
thereto, unless such bonds have been refunded in advance of their maturity
as provided in subsection (d) or such bonds are rated at least Aa by
Moody's investors service or AA by Standard & Poor's corp.

14 (e) Any applicant requesting approval of a revenue bond pursuant to subsection (c)(5) shall pay to the commissioner a fee in an amount 15 16 established pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1726, and amendments 17 thereto, to defray the expenses of the commissioner in the examination and 18 investigation of the application. The commissioner shall remit all amounts 19 received under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the 20 provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of 21 each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in 22 the state treasury to the credit of the bank investigation fund. The moneys 23 in the bank investigation fund shall be used to pay the expenses of the 24 commissioner in the examination and investigation of such applications 25 and any unused balance shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee 26 fund

Sec. 36. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1405. (a) All bonds and securities given by any bank, savings and loan association or savings bank to secure public moneys of the United States or any board, commission or agency thereof, shall be deposited as required by the United States government or any-of-itsdesignated *federal* agencies.

(b) All securities, security entitlements and financial assets securing
the deposits of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation
shall be deposited as described in subsection (c) or (d) or in a securities
account with one of the following custodial banks or trust companies:

37 (1) A Kansas state bank;

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(2) a Kansas national bank;

39 (3) a state bank organized in another state and which has a branch40 office in this state;

41 (4) a trust company incorporated under the laws of this state or 42 another state; or

43 (5) the federal home loan bank of Topeka.

1 (c) Securities, security entitlements and financial assets securing the 2 deposits of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation may 3 be deposited with the state treasurer pursuant to a written custodial 4 agreement and a receipt issued with one copy going to the municipal 5 corporation or quasi-municipal corporation making the public deposit and 6 one copy going to the bank, savings and loan association or savings bank 7 which has secured such public deposits. The receipt shall identify the 8 securities, security entitlements and financial assets which are subject to a security interest to secure payment of the deposits of the municipal 9 10 corporation or quasi-municipal corporation.

(d) Securities, security entitlements and financial assets securing the deposits of any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation may be deposited with the federal reserve bank of Kansas City to be there held in such manner, under regulations and operating letters of the federal reserve bank of Kansas City, as to secure payment of the deposits of the municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation in the depository institution.

(e) This section shall not prohibit any custodial bank or trust
 company from depositing securities, security entitlements and financial
 assets in the custodial bank or trust company's account if:

(1) The custodial bank or trust company's account is located at a bank
 or trust company organized under the laws of any state, the United States
 or any centralized securities depository wherever located within the United
 States; and

(2) the custodial bank or trust company issues a receipt which
 identifies the securities, security entitlements and financial assets on
 deposit at the custodial bank or trust company.

(f) No securities, security entitlements and financial assets securing
public deposits shall be deposited in any custodial bank or trust company
which has the following commonalities with the depository bank, savings
and loan association or savings bank:

(1) Direct or indirect ownership by any parent corporation;

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(3) common majority of the board of directors; or

(2) common controlling shareholders;

(4) common directors with the ability to control or influence directly
or indirectly the acts or policies of the depository bank, savings and loan
association or savings bank securing such public deposits.

(g) When securities, security entitlements and financial assets are
deposited with the state treasurer as authorized by this section, the state
treasurer shall make a charge for such service which is equivalent to the
reasonable and customary charge made therefor.

42 (h) The custodial agreement shall be in writing, executed by all 43 parties thereto, maintained as part of their the parties' official records, and except for the municipal corporations or quasi-municipal corporation,
 approved by-their *the* boards of directors or-their loan committees, which
 approvals shall be reflected in the minutes of the boards or committees.

4 (i) A bank, savings and loan association or savings bank which fails 5 to pay-according to its terms any deposit of public moneys of any 6 municipal or quasi-municipal corporation *according to the terms of the* 7 *security agreement* shall immediately take action to enable bonds and 8 securities pledged to secure such *the* deposit to be sold to satisfy-its *the* 9 *bank's or association's* obligation to the municipal or quasi-municipal 10 corporation.

Sec. 37. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1408 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 9-1408. As used in article 14 of chapter 9 of the Kansas Statutes
Annotated, and amendments thereto:

(a) "Branch" means any office within this state or another state, other
than the main office, that is approved as a branch by a federal or state
supervisory agency and at which deposits are received, checks paid or
money lent. Branch does not include an automated teller machine, remote
service unit or similar device, a loan production office or a deposit
production office;

(b) "centralized securities depository" means a clearing agency
registered with the securities and exchange commission which provides
safekeeping and book-entry settlement services to—its the agency's
participants;

(c) "government unit" means any state, county, municipality or other
 political subdivision thereof;

26 (d) "Kansas national bank" means a federally chartered bank which
27 has a main office or branch located in this state;

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(e) "Kansas state bank" means a Kansas state chartered bank;

(f) "main office" means the place of business specified in the articles
of association, certificate of authority or similar document where the
business of the institution is carried on and which is not a branch;

32 (g) "municipal corporation" or "quasi-municipal corporation" 33 includes each investing governmental unit under K.S.A. 12-1675, and 34 amendments thereto;

(h) "savings and loan association" means any savings and loan
association incorporated under the laws of this state or any other state or
organized under the laws of the United States and which has a main or
branch office in this state;

(i) "savings bank" means any savings bank organized under the laws
of the United States and which has a main or branch office in this state;
and

42 (j) "securities," "security entitlements," "financial assets," "securities 43 account," "security agreement," "security interest," "perfection" and 1 "control" shall have the meanings given such terms under the Kansas 2 uniform commercial code.

3 Sec. 38. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1504 is hereby amended to read as 4 follows: 9-1504. (a) In the event the sole lessee or all lessees in joint tenancy named in the lease agreement covering a safe deposit box rental 5 6 shall die, the safe deposit box may be opened, forcibly if necessary, at any 7 time thereafter, in the presence of persons holding a legal or beneficial 8 interest relating to the lessee, by two employees of the lessor, one of whom 9 shall be an officer of the lessor. The contents shall be disposed of as 10 follows:

(1) Instruments of a testamentary nature may be removed by the
 named executor. If no executor is named or if the named executor fails to
 act within 60 days after the date of death of the lessee, such employees
 may remove all instruments of a testamentary nature and deposit the same
 with the district court-pursuant to K.S.A. 59-601 et seq., and amendments
 thereto.

17 (2) The employees in their discretion may deliver life insurance 18 policies therein contained to the beneficiaries named in such policies, and 19 any deed to a cemetery lot and any burial instructions found therein to the 20 appropriate parties.

(3) Any and all other contents of such box so opened shall be kept
and retained by the bank, trust company or safe deposit company and shall
be delivered only to the parties legally entitled to the same.

24 (b) In the event no person claims to be interested in the contents of 25 such box within 60 days after the death of the lessee, the lessor may open the box by forcible entry and remove all instruments of a testamentary 26 27 nature and deposit the same with the district court-pursuant to K.S.A. 59-28 601 et seq., and amendments thereto, subject to payment of rentals, 29 expenses and repairs. Any and all other contents of such box so opened 30 shall be kept and retained by the bank or trust company and shall be 31 delivered only to the parties legally entitled to the same.

Sec. 39. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1506 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 9-1506. (a) The lessor shall have a lien upon the contents of any
safe deposit box for the rental thereon.

(b) The lessor may, after giving not less than 60 days' written notice to the lessee of such lessor's intention to enter the box, remove the contents and sell the same for the payment of rent due or other expenses incurred by the bank in keeping the contents, open the box forcibly and remove the contents in the presence of two of-its *the lessor's* employees, one of whom shall be an officer, when:

41 (1) The lessee has not paid the rent within 30 days after the same is 42 due; or

43 (2) the lessee has failed to surrender possession of any box within 30

1 days from the date of the termination of the lease.

2 (c) The lessor shall retain such contents for at least 90 days after 3 opening the box. The lessor then may sell any part or all of the contents at 4 public sale pursuant to the requirements for a commercially reasonable 5 sale under article 9 of the Kansas uniform commercial code and retain 6 from the proceeds of sale the rent due, the costs of opening and repairing 7 the box, the costs of sale and any other amounts due to the lessor.

8 (d) Any article, item or document without apparent market value may 9 be destroyed after two years from the date of giving or mailing the 10 required notice.

(e) Any notice required by this section shall be delivered either
 personally or by registered mail delivered to the latest address shown on
 the safe deposit records of the lessor.

Sec. 40. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1601 is hereby amended to read as 14 follows: 9-1601. (a) Any bank, upon the affirmative vote of at least $\frac{2}{3}$ of 15 the voting stock, may apply to the commissioner for approval to conduct 16 17 trust business. If approval is granted by the commissioner, a special permit 18 shall be issued and the bank shall be authorized, subject to such conditions as the commissioner may require, to exercise all powers necessary or 19 20 incidental to carrying on a trust business and also may exercise the 21 following powers to:

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(1) Receive for safekeeping personal property of every description;

23 (2) accept and execute any trust agreement and perform any trustee24 duties as required by such trust agreement;

(3) act as agent, trustee, executor, administrator, registrar of stocks
 and bonds, conservator, assignee, receiver, custodian, corporate trustee or
 attorney-in-fact in any agreed-upon capacity;

(4) accept and execute all trusts and to perform any fiduciary duties
as may be committed or transferred to-it *the bank* by order, judgment or
decree of any court of record of competent jurisdiction;

(5) act as executor or trustee under the last will and testament, or as
 administrator, with or without the will annexed to the letters of
 administration, of the estate of any deceased person;

(6) be a conservator for any minor, incapacitated person or trustee forany convict under the appointment of any court of competent jurisdiction;

(7) receive money in trust for investment in real or personal property
 of every kind and nature and to reinvest the proceeds thereof;

act as either an originating trustee or as a contracting trustee
 pursuant to K.S.A. 9-2107, and amendments thereto;

40 (9) buy and sell foreign or domestic exchange, gold, silver, coin or 41 bullion;

42 (10) act in any fiduciary capacity and to perform any act as a 43 fiduciary which trust companies incorporated under the laws of this state 1 may perform under any provision of the banking or insurance laws of this

state, including, without limitation, acting as a successor fiduciary to any
trust company upon liquidation pursuant to K.S.A. 9-2107, and
amendments thereto; and

5 (11) to perform or purchase trust services for or from a bank or 6 service corporation through a trust service agency agreement provided the 7 commissioner is notified 30 days after contracting for the service. Such 8 notification shall include the trust services provided, the name of the 9 servicer and the date the service will commence.

10 (b) (1) The commissioner has the discretion to grant or reject the 11 application of any bank to acquire trust authority. In making such 12 determination, the commissioner shall take into consideration:

(A) The reasonable probability of usefulness and success of the bankhaving trust authority;

(B) the financial history and condition of the bank and the character,
 qualifications and experience of the trust officers and personnel; and

(C) any other facts and circumstances that the commissioner deemsappropriate.

(2) If the commissioner denies an application, the applicant shall have
the right to a hearing to be conducted in accordance with the Kansas
administrative procedure act. Any final order of the commissioner
pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the Kansas
judicial review act.

(c) (1) If the governing instrument limits investment of funds to
deposit in time or savings deposits in the bank, any bank may act as trustee
or custodian for any of the following without being issued a special
permit:

28 (A) Individual retirement accounts established pursuant to 26 U.S.C.
29 § 408;

30 (B) trusts established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 401; and

31 (C) medical savings accounts established pursuant to 26 U.S.C. §
32 220.

(2) If the governing instrument limits investment of funds to deposit
in time, savings or demand deposits in the bank, any bank may act as a
trustee or custodian for any health savings accounts established pursuant to
26 U.S.C. § 223, without being issued a special permit pursuant to
subsection (a).

38 (d) Any state bank having been granted trust authority by the39 commissioner may add "and trust company" to its corporate name.

40 (e) A bank making application to the commissioner for approval to
41 conduct trust business shall pay to the commissioner a fee, in an amount
42 established pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1726, and amendments
43 thereto, to defray the expenses of the commissioner in the examination and

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investigation of the application. The commissioner shall remit all moneys 1 2 received under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the 3 provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of 4 each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in 5 the state treasury to the credit of the bank investigation fund. The moneys 6 in the bank investigation fund shall be used to pay the expenses of the 7 commissioner in the examination and investigation of such applications 8 and any unused balance shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee 9 fund

10 Sec. 41. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1607 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1607. (a) Any bank or trust company, when acting as a fiduciary 11 or a co-fiduciary with others and with the consent of its co-fiduciary or co-12 13 fiduciaries, if any, who that are hereby authorized to give such consent, may cause any investment held in any such capacity to be registered and 14 held in the name of a nominee or nominees of such bank or trust company. 15 Such bank or trust company shall be liable for the acts of any such 16 17 nominee with respect to any investment so registered.

(b) The records of the bank or trust company shall at all times show the ownership of any investment registered and held in the name of a nominee, which investment shall be in the control of the bank or trust company and be kept separate and apart from the assets of the bank or trust company.

Sec. 42. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1609 is hereby amended to read as
 follows: 9-1609. (a) Any bank or trust company authorized to act as
 fiduciary may establish common trust funds for the purpose of furnishing
 investments to:

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(1) Such bank or trust company as fiduciary;

(2) such bank or trust company and others, as co-fiduciaries;

(3) another state or national bank or trust company, as fiduciary,
which is a subsidiary of the same bank holding company of which-it *the bank or trust company* is a subsidiary, as such terms are defined in K.S.A.
9-519, and amendments thereto; or

(4) another state or national bank or trust company with which-it *the bank or trust company* is affiliated through common control, as defined in
 K.S.A. 9-1612, and amendments thereto.

(b) Any bank or trust company authorized to act as fiduciary may, as
such fiduciary or co-fiduciary, invest funds which it lawfully holds for
investment in interests in such common trust funds, if such investment is
not prohibited by the instrument, judgment, decree or order creating such
fiduciary relationship, and if, in the case of co-fiduciaries, the bank or trust
company procures the consent of its co-fiduciaries to such investment.

42 Sec. 43. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1611 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 9-1611. Whenever the governing instrument of any trust 1 authorizes a bank or trust company acting as fiduciary to engage in any of 2 the following activities, such instrument shall also be deemed to authorize 3 the bank or trust company to engage in the following activities, with any 4 company which has or acquires control of such bank or trust company:

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(a) Hold as a trust investment-its the bank's or trust company's own 6 stock or obligations, or property acquired from the bank or trust company; 7 or

8 (b) sell or transfer, by loan or otherwise, property held as fiduciary to 9 the bank or trust company; or

(c) purchase for investment the stock or obligations of, or property 10 11 from, the bank or trust company.

Sec. 44. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1704 is hereby amended to read as 12 follows: 9-1704. (a) Each bank or trust company shall be required to make 13 a report to the commissioner at any time upon the commissioner's request. 14 Such reports shall be in a form and manner prescribed by the 15 16 commissioner and shall be verified by the president, chief executive 17 officer or cashier and attested to by at least three directors of the bank or 18 trust company, none of whom shall have verified the report. The report 19 shall show in detail the assets and liabilities of the bank or trust company 20 at the close of business upon the date determined by the commissioner. 21 The commissioner may require a copy of the report, or a portion thereof, to 22 be published in a newspaper, published in or having a general circulation 23 in the place where the bank or trust company is located, within 10 days 24 after the report is forwarded to the commissioner. The expense of 25 publication shall be paid by the bank or trust company.

(b) Each trust company shall report to the commissioner all assets 26 27 held by the trust company in a fiduciary capacity as of December 31 of 28 each year. The report shall be in the form and manner prescribed by the 29 commissioner and shall be filed with the commissioner by January 30 of 30 each year. The commissioner may require the report to be filed using an 31 electronic means.

32 (c) Each trust department of a bank shall report to the commissioner 33 all assets held by the trust department in a fiduciary capacity at any time 34 upon the commissioner's request. The report shall be in the form 35 prescribed by the commissioner. The commissioner may require the report 36 to be filed using an electronic means.

37 (d) A request for information made pursuant to this section shall be 38 made in writing and mailed to each bank and trust company. The request 39 shall be deemed to be legal notice to each bank and trust company. The 40 request may include the requirement for the filing of information by the 41 bank or trust company using electronic means.

42 Sec. 45. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1712 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 9-1712. (a) All information the state bank commissioner generates in making an investigation or examination of a state bank or trust companyshall be confidential information.

3 (b) All confidential information shall be the property of the state of 4 Kansas and shall not be disclosed except upon the written approval of the 5 commissioner.

6 (c) Except for disclosure pursuant to subsection (e) and K.S.A. 9-7 2014, and amendments thereto, the commissioner shall give 10 days prior 8 written notice to the affected bank or trust company of intent to disclose 9 confidential information.

(d) Any bank or trust company receiving notice of the intent to
 disclose confidential information may object to the disclosure of the
 confidential information and shall be afforded the right to a hearing in
 accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act.

14 (e) (1) The commissioner may furnish to the federal deposit insurance corporation, or to any officer or examiner thereof, a copy of any or all 15 16 examination reports made by the commissioner, or the commissioner's 17 examiners, of any bank or trust company insured by such corporation. The 18 commissioner may disclose to the federal deposit insurance corporation, or 19 any official or examiner thereof, any and all information contained in the 20 commissioner's office concerning the condition of any bank or trust 21 company insured by such corporation.

(2) The commissioner may disclose any and all information contained
 in the commissioner's office concerning the condition of any bank or trust
 company to the:

(A) Federal reserve bank;

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- 26 (B) office of the comptroller of currency;
- 27 (C) federal home loan bank;
- 28 (D) office of thrift supervision;
- 29 (E) financial crimes enforcement network; or
- 30 (F) consumer financial protection bureau.

(3) The commissioner may furnish to the state treasurer a copy of any
or all examination information relating specifically to apparent violations
of the uniform unclaimed property act, K.S.A. 58-3934 through 58-3978,
and amendments thereto.

35 (4) To reduce the potential for duplicative and burdensome filings, 36 examinations and other regulatory activities, the commissioner, by 37 agreement, may establish an information sharing and exchange program 38 with any regulatory agency of this state, another state or the United States 39 concerning activities that are financial in nature, incidental to financial 40 activities, or complementary to financial activities, as those terms are used 41 in 15 U.S.C. § 6801 et seq. on the effective date of this act. Each agency 42 that is party to such an agreement shall agree to maintain confidentiality of 43 information that is confidential under applicable state or federal law and to

take all reasonable steps to oppose any effort to secure disclosure of the
 information by such agency.

(5) Disclosure of information by or to the commissioner pursuant to
this section shall not constitute a waiver of or otherwise affect or diminish
a privilege to which the information is otherwise subject, whether or not
the disclosure is governed by a confidentiality agreement. "Privilege"
includes any work product, attorney-client or other privilege recognized
under federal or state law.

9 (6) Nothing in this section shall be construed to limit the powers of 10 the commissioner with reference to examinations and reports required by 11 the state banking code.

(f) As used in this section, "information" means, but is not limited to,all documents, oral and written communication and all electronic data.

(g) Any person-who *that* violates this section, upon conviction, shallbe guilty of a class C misdemeanor.

16 (h) The commissioner may provide any person with a letter of good 17 standing upon request. Any person requesting a letter of good standing 18 shall pay to the commissioner a fee in an amount established pursuant to 19 K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1726, and amendments thereto, to defray the 20 expenses of the commissioner in investigating and complying with the 21 request. The commissioner shall remit all moneys received under this 22 section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 23 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, 24 the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to 25 the credit of the bank investigation fund. The moneys in the bank investigation fund shall be used to pay the expenses of the commissioner 26 27 in the examination and investigation of such applications and any unused 28 balance shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee fund.

29 Sec. 46. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1715 is hereby amended to read as 30 follows: 9-1715. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the 31 contrary, the commissioner shall have the power to authorize any or all 32 banks to engage in any activity in which any other bank, savings and loan 33 association or a savings bank, organized under the laws of the United 34 States, this state or any other state-whose with deposits-are insured by the 35 United States government is lawfully authorized to engage in at the time 36 authority is granted.

37 (2) The commissioner shall have the power to authorize any or all 38 Kansas trust companies, trust departments or both to engage in any trust-39 related activity in which any trust company or trust department, organized 40 under the laws of the United States, this state or any other state, is lawfully 41 authorized to engage in at the time authority is granted.

42 (b) (1) The commissioner shall exercise the power granted in 43 subsection (a) by the issuance of a special order if the commissioner deems-it such action is reasonably required to: (A) Preserve and protect
 the welfare of a particular institution; or (B) preserve the welfare of all
 state banks or trust companies and to promote competitive equality of state
 and other insured depository institutions.

5 Such special order shall provide for the effective date thereof and upon 6 and after such date shall be in full force and effect until amended or 7 revoked by the commissioner. Promptly following issuance, the 8 commissioner shall mail a copy of each special order to all state banks and 9 trust companies and shall be published in the Kansas register.

10 (c) The commissioner, at the time of issuing any special order 11 pursuant to this section, shall prepare a written report, which shall include 12 a description of the special order and a copy of the special order and 13 submit the written report to:

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(1) The president and the minority leader of the senate;

15 (2) the chairperson and ranking minority member of the senate 16 standing committee on financial institutions and insurance;

17 (3) the speaker and the minority leader of the house of 18 representatives;

(4) the chairperson and ranking minority member of the house ofrepresentatives standing committee on financial institutions; and

(5) the governor.

22 (d) Within two weeks of the beginning of each legislative session, the 23 commissioner shall submit to the senate committee on financial 24 institutions and insurance and the house of representatives committee on 25 financial institutions, a written summary of each special order issued during the preceding year. Upon request of the chair of the senate standing 26 committee on financial institutions and insurance or the chair of the house 27 28 standing committee on financial institutions, the commissioner, or the commissioner's designee, shall appear before the committee to discuss any 29 30 special order issued during the preceding year. If the committee desires 31 information concerning the economic impact of any special order, the 32 committee chair or ranking minority member may request assistance from 33 the division of budget.

(e) The issuance of special orders under this section shall not be
subject to the provisions of article 4 of chapter 77 of the Kansas Statutes
Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(f) The powers contained in this section shall be in addition to anyand all other powers granted to the commissioner.

Sec. 47. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1720 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1720. *(a)* Except with the *prior written* approval of the commissioner, or as otherwise permitted by the state banking code, it shall be unlawful for-a person, acting directly or indirectly or through concert with one or more persons to: 1 (a) (1) A person, acting directly or indirectly or through concert with 2 one or more persons, to acquire control of any bank or trust company; or

(b) (2) commence any merger transaction with a bank or trust-3 company which includes, but is not limited to, any merger, consolidation, 4 acquisition of assets or assumption of any liabilities a bank to merge or 5 6 consolidate with any bank or institution, or either directly or indirectly 7 acquire the assets of, or assume the liability to pay any deposit made in 8 any other bank or institution, referred to hereinafter as a merger transaction: or 9

10 (3) a trust company to merge or consolidate with any trust company, or either directly or indirectly acquire the assets of any other 11 12 trust company, referred to hereinafter as a merger transaction.

(b) A trust company may merge or consolidate with a trust 13 company{, with the prior written approval of the commissioner} 14 15 chartered by:

16 (1) The comptroller of the currency; or

17 (2) another state with the prior written approval of the 18 commissioner.

19 An application filed pursuant to this subsection shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 9-1721, 9-1722 and 9-1724, and amendments 20 21 thereto.

22 Sec. 48. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1721 is hereby amended to read as 23 follows: 9-1721. (a) The party person proposing to acquire, control or effectuate a bank or trust company undertaking a merger transaction, 24 25 hereinafter referred to as the applicant, shall-apply in writing for approval 26 from file an application with the commissioner at least 60 days prior to the 27 proposed change of control or merger transaction. If the commissioner 28 does not act on the application within the 60-day time period, the 29 application shall stand approved. The commissioner may, for any reason, extend the time period to act on an application for an additional 30 days. 30 31 The time period to act on an application may be further extended if the 32 commissioner determines that the applicant has not furnished all the information required under K.S.A. 9-1722, and amendments thereto, or 33 34 that, in the commissioner's judgment, any material information submitted 35 is substantially inaccurate.

36 (b) Upon the filing of an application, the commissioner shall make an 37 investigation of each party to the applicant for the change of control or 38 merger transaction. The commissioner may deny the application if the 39 commissioner finds the:

40 (1) Proposed change of control or merger transaction would result in 41 a monopoly or would be in furtherance of any combination or conspiracy 42 to monopolize or attempt to monopolize the business of banking or trust 43 services in any part of this state;

1 (2) financial condition of any party to a change of control or merger 2 transaction *the applicant* might jeopardize the financial stability of the 3 bank or trust company or prejudice the interests of the depositors of a 4 bank;

5 (3) competence, experience or integrity of any party to a change of 6 control or merger transaction the applicant or of any of the proposed 7 management personnel of the bank or trust company or resulting bank or 8 trust company indicates it would not be in the interest of the depositors of 9 the bank, the clients of trust services, or in the interest of the public-to 10 permit such person to control the bank or trust company; or

11 (4) applicant neglects, fails or refuses to furnish the commissioner 12 with all of the information required by the commissioner.

(c) Upon service of an order denying an application, the applicant
shall have the right to a hearing to be conducted in accordance with the
Kansas administrative procedure act before the state banking board. Any
final order of the commissioner pursuant to this section is subject to
review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.

18 Sec. 49. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1722 is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 9-1722. (a) An *A change of control* application filed pursuant to 20 K.S.A. 9-1721, and amendments thereto, shall contain the following 21 information:

(1) The identity, personal history, business background and experience of each person by whom or on whose behalf or for whom the change of control-or merger transaction is to be made, including the material business activities and affiliations during the past five years and a description of any material pending legal or administrative proceedings in which the person is a party and any criminal indictment or conviction of such person by a state or federal court;

(2) a statement of the assets and liabilities of each person by whom or on whose behalf or for whom the change of control-or merger transaction is to be made, along with any related statements of income and source and application of funds, as of a date not more than 90 days prior to the date of the application. Individuals who own 10% or more shares in a bank holding company, as defined in K.S.A. 9-519, and amendments thereto, shall file the financial information required by this paragraph;

(3) the terms and conditions of the proposed change of control-or
 merger transaction and the manner in which such change of control-or
 merger transaction is to be made;

(4) the identity, source and amount of the funds or other
considerations used or to be used in making the change of control-or
merger transaction and, if any part of these funds or other considerations
has been or is to be borrowed or otherwise obtained for such purpose, a
description of the transaction, the names of the parties, and any

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1 arrangements, agreements or understandings with such persons;

2 (5) any plans or proposals which any applicant may have to liquidate
3 the bank or trust company or to make any other major change in-its *the*4 *bank's or trust company's* business or corporate structure or management;

5 (6) the identification of any person employed, retained or to be 6 compensated by any party or by any person on such person's behalf to 7 make solicitations or recommendations to stockholders for the purpose of 8 assisting in the change of control-or merger transaction and a brief 9 description of the terms of such employment, retainer or arrangement for 10 compensation;

(7) copies of all invitations or tenders or advertisements making a
 tender offer to stockholders for purchase of their stock to be used in
 connection with the proposed change of control or merger transaction;

(8) when applicable, the certified copies of the stockholder
 proceedings showing a majority of the outstanding voting stock was voted
 in favor of the change of control or merger transaction; and

(9) any additional relevant information in the form and mannerprescribed by the commissioner.

(b) A merger transaction application filed pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1721,
 and amendments thereto, shall contain the following information:

(1) The structure, terms and conditions and financing arrangements
 of the proposed merger transaction;

(2) a complete and final copy of the merger transaction agreement;

(3) certified copies of the stockholder proceedings showing a
majority of the outstanding voting stock of the banks or trust companies in
the merger transaction was voted in favor of the merger transaction;

(4) a list of directors and senior executive officers of the resulting
bank or trust company;

(5) one year pro forma statements of financial conditions and future
 prospects of the resulting bank or trust company, including capital
 positions;

32 (6) how the merger transaction will meet the convenience and needs33 of the community; and

34 (7) any other relevant information in the form and manner prescribed35 by the commissioner.

36 (b) (c) With regard to any trust company which files a notice pursuant 37 to this section, the commissioner may require fingerprinting of any 38 proposed officer, director, shareholder or any other person deemed 39 necessary by the commissioner. Such fingerprints may be submitted to the Kansas bureau of investigation and the federal bureau of investigation for 40 a state and national criminal history record check. The fingerprints shall be 41 used to identify the person and to determine whether the person has a 42 43 record of arrests and convictions in this state or any other jurisdiction. The

1 commissioner may use information obtained from fingerprinting and the 2 criminal history for purposes of verifying the identification of the person 3 and in the official determination of the qualifications and fitness of the 4 persons proposing to acquire the trust company. Whenever the 5 commissioner requires fingerprinting, any associated costs shall be paid by 6 the applicant or the parties to the application.

7 (e) (d) The commissioner may accept an application filed with the 8 federal reserve bank or federal deposit insurance corporation in lieu of -a 9 statement an application filed pursuant to subsection (a). The 10 commissioner may, in addition to such application, request additional 11 relevant information.

12 (d) (e) At the time of filing an application pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1721, and amendments thereto, or an application filed pursuant to subsection-(e) 13 (d), the applicant shall pay to the commissioner a fee in an amount 14 established pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1726, and amendments 15 16 thereto, to defray the expenses of the commissioner in the examination and 17 investigation of the application. The commissioner shall remit all moneys 18 received under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the 19 provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of 20 each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in 21 the state treasury to the credit of the bank investigation fund. The moneys 22 in the bank investigation fund shall be used to pay the expenses of the 23 commissioner in the examination and investigation of such applications 24 and any unused balance shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee 25 fund.

Sec. 50. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1724 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1724. (a) The provisions of K.S.A. 9-1720 through 9-1724, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to the merger transaction of a bank or trust company when the surviving entity is a national banking association or other federally chartered financial institution *or a trust company chartered by:*

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(1) The comptroller of the currency; or

(2) another state, except that the bank shall provide written
 notification to the commissioner of such a merger, consolidation or
 transfer of assets and liabilities at least 10 days prior to—its the
 consummation of any such transaction.

(b) Not more than 15 days following any merger transaction, any
bank or trust company that will cease to exist shall surrender such bank's
or trust company's state certificate of authority or charter and shall certify
in writing that the proper instruments have been executed and filed in
accordance with K.S.A. 17-6003, and amendments thereto.

42 (c) Notice of the merger transaction shall be published twice in a 43 newspaper of general circulation in each city or county in which the bank 1 or trust company is located, or the newspaper nearest such city or county

and a certified copy of each notice shall be filed with the commissioner. The first publication shall be no later than five days after an application is filed. The second publication shall be on the 14th day after the date of the first publication or, if the newspaper does not publish on the 14th day, then the date that is the closest to the 14th day. The notice shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and shall provide for a comment period of not less than 10 days after the date of the second publication.

9 Sec. 51. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1807 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows: 9-1807. (a) If the commissioner finds that any bank or trust company is engaging, has engaged or is about to engage in an unsafe or 11 12 unsound practice or if the commissioner finds that any bank or trust 13 company is violating, has violated or is about to violate a law, rule and 14 regulation or order of the commissioner or state banking board, the 15 commissioner may issue and serve upon the bank or trust company a 16 notice of charges. The notice of charges shall contain a statement of the 17 facts that forms the basis for a proposed cease and desist order and shall 18 state the time and place at which a hearing will be held by the state 19 banking board to determine whether an order to cease and desist therefrom 20 should be issued by the state banking board against the bank or trust 21 company. Such hearing shall be fixed for a date not earlier than 30 days 22 nor later than 60 days after service of such notice.

23 (b) Unless the bank or trust company shall appear at the hearing, such 24 bank or trust company shall be deemed to have consented to the issuance 25 of the cease and desist order. In the event of such consent, or if upon the record made at any such hearing, the state banking board shall find that 26 27 any unsafe or unsound practice or violation specified in the notice of 28 charges has been established, the state banking board may issue and serve 29 upon the bank or trust company an order to cease and desist from any such 30 practice or violation. Such order may require the bank or trust company 31 and such bank's or trust company's directors, officers, employees or agents 32 to cease and desist or to take affirmative action to correct the conditions 33 resulting from any such practice or violation. A cease and desist order shall 34 become effective at the time specified therein and shall remain effective 35 and enforceable as provided therein, except to such extent as it is stayed, 36 modified or terminated by the state banking board.

(c) Whenever the commissioner finds that a bank's or trust company's unsafe or unsound practice or violation, or the continuation thereof, is likely to cause insolvency, substantial dissipation of assets or earnings or is likely to otherwise seriously prejudice the interests of *its the bank's* depositors *or trust company's clients*, the commissioner may issue a temporary order requiring the bank or trust company to cease and desist from any such practice or violation. The order shall contain a notice of

charges with a statement of the facts that forms the basis for a proposed 1 2 temporary cease and desist order. Such order shall be effective upon 3 service on the bank or trust company and shall remain effective and 4 enforceable pending the completion of the proceedings pursuant to such notice and until such time as the state banking board shall dismiss the 5 6 charges specified in such notice, or if a cease and desist order is issued 7 against the bank or trust company, until the effective date of any such 8 order

9 Sec. 52. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1902 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows: 9-1902. A bank or trust company shall be deemed to be insolvent when: (a) The actual cash market value of a bank's or trust company's 11 12 assets is insufficient to pay such bank's or trust company's creditor 13 liabilities, except that for this purpose unconditional evidence of indebtedness of the United States of America may be valued, at the 14 15 discretion of the commissioner, at par or cost whichever is the lesser; or 16 (b) when it the bank or trust company is unable to meet the demands of its 17 creditors in the usual and customary manner.

18 Sec. 53. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1905 is hereby amended to read as 19 follows: 9-1905. (a) In the event the commissioner appoints a receiver for 20 any bank or trust company, the commissioner shall appoint:

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(1) The federal deposit insurance corporation; or

(2) any individual, partnership, association, limited liability company,
 corporation or any other business entity which shall have accounting,
 regulatory, legal or other relevant experience in the field of banking or
 trust as shall be determined by the commissioner.

(b) Any receiver other than the federal deposit insurance corporation
shall give such bond as the commissioner deems proper and immediately
file in the district court of the county where the bank or trust company is
located for liquidation, disposition and dissolution pursuant to the state
banking code, and K.S.A. 17-101 et seq., and amendments thereto the *Kansas general corporation code*, and as may be ordered by the court.

32 (1) The receiver shall be entitled to reasonable compensation subject33 to the approval of the district court.

(2) Upon written application made within 30 days after the filing in district court, the court may appoint as receiver any person-whom *that* the holders of more than 60% in amount of the claims against such bank or trust company shall agree upon in writing. The creditors so agreeing may also agree upon the compensation and charges to be paid such receiver. Each receiver so appointed shall make a complete report to the commissioner covering the receiver's acts and proceedings as such.

41 (c) The bank or trust company shall have the right to petition for
42 review of the commissioner's order taking charge, appointment of a special
43 deputy or appointment of a receiver. Such review shall not be subject to

the provisions of K.S.A. 77-501 et seq., and amendments thereto. A 1 2 petition for review shall be filed within 10 days of the commissioner's 3 action. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, or by order 4 of the court, review shall proceed as expeditiously as possible pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 77-601 et seq., and amendments thereto. 5 6 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the decision of the 7 district court may be appealed only to the supreme court of Kansas. The 8 time within which an appeal may be taken shall be 10 days from final disposition of the district court. 9

10 Sec. 54. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1906 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1906. (a) A receiver appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 9-1905, and 11 amendments thereto, other than the federal deposit insurance corporation, 12 13 shall take charge of any bank or trust company and all of-its the bank's or 14 trust company's assets and property, and liquidate the affairs and business 15 thereof for the benefit of-its the depositors, creditors and stockholders of 16 the bank or trust company. The receiver may sell all the property of the 17 bank or trust company upon such terms as the district court of the county 18 where the bank or trust company is located shall approve. The receiver 19 shall pay over all moneys received to the creditors and depositors of such 20 bank or trust company.

(b) In distributing assets of the bank or trust company in payment of
its liabilities, the order of payment, in the event its assets are insufficient to
pay in full all of its liabilities, shall be by category as follows:

(1) The costs and expenses of the receivership and real and personal
 property taxes assessed against the bank or trust company pursuant to
 applicable law;

27 28 (2) claims which are secured or given priority by applicable law;(3) claims of unsecured depositors;

29 (4) all other claims exclusive of claims on capital notes and 30 debentures; and

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(5) claims on capital notes and debentures.

Should the assets be insufficient for the payment in full of all claims
within a category, such claims shall be paid in the order provided by other
applicable law or, in the absence of such applicable law, pro rata.

35 Sec. 55. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1907 is hereby amended to read as 36 follows: 9-1907. The federal deposit insurance corporation or-its any 37 successor, hereby is authorized and empowered to be and act without bond 38 as receiver of any bank, the deposits in which are to any extent insured by 39 such corporation. If the federal deposit insurance corporation, or-its any 40 successor, accepts the appointment, then the federal deposit insurance 41 corporation, or-its any successor, shall succeed to all the rights, titles, 42 powers and privileges of the bank and of any stockholder, member, 43 account holder, depositor, officer or director of the bank with respect to the

1 bank.

Sec. 56. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1908 is hereby amended to read as follows: 9-1908. Whenever the federal deposit insurance corporation, or-its *any* successor, shall accept the appointment as receiver for any bank the possession of and title to all of the assets, business and property of every kind of such bank shall pass to and vest in the federal deposit insurance corporation, or-its *any* successor, as receiver without the execution of any instruments of assignment, endorsement, transfer or conveyance.

9 Sec. 57. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1909 is hereby amended to read as 10 follows: 9-1909. All claims of depositors and other creditors must be filed 11 with the receiver within one year after the date of the receiver's 12 appointment, and if any claim is not filed, then-it *the claim* shall be barred 13 from participation in the estate and assets of any such bank or trust 14 company.

15 Sec. 58. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1910 is hereby amended to read as 16 follows: 9-1910. Upon the affirmative vote of $\frac{2}{3}$ of the outstanding voting 17 stock, the shareholders of a bank or trust company may transfer all of-its 18 the bank's or trust company's assets and property of whatever nature and 19 any rights thereto to the possession and control of the commissioner and 20 waive any right to the Kansas administrative procedure act, the Kansas 21 judicial review act or any other lawful right to challenge the 22 commissioner's authority without the execution of any instruments of 23 assignment, endorsement, transfer or conveyance. Such action shall 24 operate as a bar to any attachment proceedings.

25 K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1915 is hereby amended to read as Sec. 59. 26 follows: 9-1915. It shall be unlawful for the president, director, managing 27 officer, cashier or any other officer of any bank to agree to accept deposits, 28 in an amount that would create an excess above the federal deposit 29 insurance corporation insured deposit amount, after such person has 30 knowledge of the fact that such bank is insolvent or in failing 31 circumstances. It hereby is made the duty of every such officer or managing officer to examine into the affairs of every such bank and know 32 33 its condition if possible. Upon failure to discharge such duty such person 34 shall be held to have had knowledge of the insolvency of such bank or that 35 it the bank was in failing circumstances, for the purposes of this section. 36 Every person-who shall violate that violates the provisions of this section 37 shall be responsible individually for such deposits so received, except that 38 any director or officer who may have paid more than such person's share 39 of the liabilities mentioned in this section shall have the proper remedy at 40 law against such other persons as shall not have paid their full share of 41 such liabilities.

42 Sec. 60. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-2007 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 9-2007. Any receiver of an insolvent bank or trust company, other 1 than the federal deposit insurance corporation, who or any successor, that

2 fails to comply with the provisions of the state banking code, upon 3 conviction shall be guilty of a class A, nonperson misdemeanor.

Sec. 61. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-2011 is hereby amended to read as 4 follows: 9-2011. It shall be unlawful for any individual, firm or 5 6 corporation to advertise, publish or otherwise promulgate that they are the 7 individual, firm or corporation is engaged in the banking business or trust 8 business without first having obtained authority from the commissioner. Any such individual or member of any such firm or officer of any such 9 corporation violating this section, upon conviction shall be guilty of a class 10 A, nonperson misdemeanor. 11

12 Sec. 62. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-2104 is hereby amended to read as 13 follows: 9-2104. (a) No executor, administrator, conservator or trustee 14 holding trust company stock shall be personally subject to any liability as 15 stockholders in such trust company.

(b) No person holding trust company stock as collateral security shall
be personally subject to any liability as stockholders in such trust
company.

(c) The person owning the stock or the person pledging such stockshall be deemed the person liable as a stockholder in the trust company.

(d) Any executor, administrator, conservator or trustee holding trust
company stock shall be liable in the normal course of acting and carrying
out the fiduciary duties of an executor, administrator, conservator or
trustee.

25 (e) (1) Any executor, administrator, conservator or trustee holding 26 shares of stock may vote as a shareholder.

27 (2) Any person-who *that* has pledged such person's stock as collateral
 28 security may represent the same at all meetings and may vote accordingly
 29 as a shareholder.

30 Sec. 63. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-2107 is hereby amended to read as 31 follows: 9-2107. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "Contracting trustee" means any trust company, as defined in 32 33 K.S.A. 9-701, and amendments thereto, any bank that has been granted 34 trust authority by the commissioner under K.S.A. 9-1602, and amendments 35 thereto, any national bank chartered to do business in Kansas that has been 36 granted trust authority by the comptroller of the currency under 12 U.S.C. 37 § 92a, any bank that has been granted trust authority or any trust company, regardless of where such bank or trust company is located, that is 38 39 controlled, as defined in K.S.A. 9-1612, and amendments thereto, by the same bank holding company as any trust company, state bank or national 40 41 bank chartered to do business in Kansas, which accepts or succeeds to any fiduciary responsibility as provided in this section; 42

43 (2) "originating trustee" means any trust company, bank, national

banking association, savings and loan association or savings bank which
 has trust powers and its principal place of business is in this state and
 which places or transfers any fiduciary responsibility to a contracting
 trustee as provided in this section; *and*

5 (3) "financial institution" means any bank, national banking 6 association, savings and loan association or savings bank which has its 7 principal place of business in this state but which does not have trust 8 powers.

9 (b) Any contracting trustee and any originating trustee may enter into an agreement by which the contracting trustee, without any further 10 authorization of any kind, succeeds to and is substituted for the originating 11 12 trustee as to all fiduciary powers, rights, duties, privileges and liabilities 13 with respect to all accounts for which the originating trustee serves in any 14 fiduciary capacity, except as may be provided otherwise in the agreement. 15 Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, no contracting trustee 16 having its with a home office outside the state of Kansas shall enter into an 17 agreement except with an originating trustee which is commonly controlled as defined in K.S.A. 9-1612, and amendments thereto, by the 18 19 same bank holding company.

20 (c) Unless the agreement expressly provides otherwise, upon the 21 effective date of the substitution:

(1) The contracting trustee shall be deemed to be named as the
 fiduciary in all writings, including, without limitation, trust agreements,
 wills and court orders, which pertain to the affected fiduciary accounts;
 and

26 (2) the originating trustee is absolved from all fiduciary duties and 27 obligations arising under such writings and shall discontinue the exercise 28 of any fiduciary duties with respect to such writings, except that the 29 originating trustee is not absolved or discharged from any duty to account 30 required by K.S.A. 59-1709, and amendments thereto, or any other 31 applicable statute, rule of law, rules and regulations or court order, nor 32 shall the originating trustee be absolved from any breach of fiduciary duty 33 or obligation occurring prior to the effective date of the agreement.

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(d) The agreement may authorize the contracting trustee:

(1) To establish a trust service desk at any office of the originating
trustee at which the contracting trustee may conduct any trust business and
any business incidental thereto and which the contracting trustee may
otherwise conduct at its principal place of business; and

(2) to engage the originating trustee as the agent of the contracting
trustee, on a disclosed basis to customers, for the purposes of providing
administrative, advertising and safekeeping services incident to the
fiduciary services provided by the contracting trustee.

43 (e) Any contracting trustee may enter into an agreement with a

1 financial institution providing that the contracting trustee may establish a 2 trust service desk as authorized by subsection (d) in the offices of such 3 financial institution and which provides such financial institution, on a 4 disclosed basis to customers, may act as the agent of contracting trustee for 5 purposes of providing administrative services and advertising incident to 6 the fiduciary services to be performed by the contracting trustee.

7 (f) No activity authorized by subsections (b) through (e) shall be 8 conducted by any contracting trustee, originating trustee or financial 9 institution until an application for such authority has been submitted to and 10 approved by the commissioner. The application shall be in the form and 11 contain the information required by the commissioner, which shall at a 12 minimum include certified copies of the following documents:

(1) The agreement;

14 (2) the written action taken by the board of directors of the 15 originating trustee or financial institution approving the agreement;

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(3) all other required regulatory approvals;

17 (4) proof of publication of notice that the applicant intends to file or 18 has filed an application pursuant to this section. The notice shall be 19 published in a newspaper of general circulation in the county where the 20 principal office of the originating trustee or financial institution is located. 21 The notice shall be in the form prescribed by the commissioner and shall 22 contain the name of the applicant contracting trustee and the originating 23 trustee, the proposed date of filing of the application with the-24 commissioner and a solicitation for written comments. The notice shall be 25 published on the same day for two consecutive weeks and provide for a 26 comment period of not less than 10 days after the date of the second publication; and 27

28 (5) a certification by the parties to the agreement that written notice 29 of the proposed substitution was sent by first-class mail to each co-30 fiduciary, each surviving settlor of a trust, each ward of a guardianship, 31 each person-who that has sole or shared power to remove the originating 32 trustee as fiduciary and each adult beneficiary currently receiving or 33 entitled to receive a distribution of principle or income from a fiduciary 34 account affected by the agreement, and that such notice was sent to each 35 such person's address as shown in the originating trustee's records. An 36 unintentional failure to give such notice shall not impair the validity or 37 effect of any such agreement, except an intentional failure to give such 38 notice shall render the agreement null and void as to the party not 39 receiving the notice of substitution.

(g) A contracting trustee making application to the commissioner for
approval of any agreement pursuant to this section shall pay to the
commissioner a fee, in an amount established pursuant to K.S.A. 2015
Supp. 9-1726, and amendments thereto, to defray the expenses of the

1 commissioner in the examination and investigation of the application. The 2 commissioner shall remit all moneys received under this section to the 3 state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and 4 amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state 5 treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit 6 of the bank investigation fund. The moneys in the bank investigation fund 7 shall be used to pay the expenses of the commissioner, or designee, in the 8 examination and investigation of such applications and any unused balance 9 shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee fund.

(h) Upon the filing of a complete application with the commissioner,
the commissioner shall make or cause to be made, a careful examination
and investigation of the proposed agreement. If the commissioner finds
any of the following matters unfavorably, the commissioner may deny the
application:

15 (1) The reasonable probability of usefulness and success of the 16 contracting trustee; and

(2) the financial history and condition of the contracting trustee
including the character, qualifications and experience of the officers
employed by the contracting trustee.

20 (i) The commissioner shall render approval or disapproval of the 21 application within 90 days of receiving a complete application.

(j) Upon service of an order denying an application, the applicant shall have the right to a hearing to be conducted in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act before the state banking board. Any final order of the commissioner pursuant to this section is subject to review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.

(k) When the commissioner determines that any contracting trustee domiciled in this state has entered into a contracting agreement in violation of the laws governing the operation of such contracting trustee, the commissioner may take such action as available under K.S.A. 9-1714, 9-1805, 9-1807 or 9-1809, and amendments thereto, to remedy such violation.

33 (1) Any party entitled to receive a notice under subsection (f)(5) may 34 file a petition in the court having jurisdiction over the fiduciary 35 relationship, or if none, in the district court in the county where the 36 originating trustee has its principal office, seeking to remove any 37 contracting trustee substituted or about to be substituted as fiduciary 38 pursuant to this section. Unless the contracting trustee files a written 39 consent to its removal or a written declination to act subsequent to the 40 filing of the petition, the court, upon notice and hearing, shall determine the best interest of the petitioner and all other parties concerned and shall 41 42 fashion such relief as-it the court deems appropriate in the circumstances, 43 including the awarding of reasonable attorney fees. The right to file a

petition under this subsection shall be in addition to any other rights to remove [the] fiduciary provided by any other statute or regulation or by the writing creating the fiduciary relationship. If the removal of the fiduciary is prompted solely as a result of the contracting agreement, any reasonable cost associated with such removal and transfer shall be paid by the originating trustee or financial institution entering into the agreement.

7 Sec. 64. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-2108 is hereby amended to read as 8 follows: 9-2108. It is unlawful for any trust company to establish or 9 operate a trust service office or relocate an existing trust service office 10 except as provided herein.

(a) As used in this section: "Trust service office" means any office,
agency or other place of business located within this state, other than the
place of business specified in the trust company's certificate of authority, at
which the powers granted to trust companies under K.S.A. 9-2103, and
amendments thereto, are exercised. For the purposes of this section, any
activity in compliance with K.S.A. 9-2107, and amendments thereto, does
not constitute a trust service office.

(b) After first applying for and obtaining the approval of the
commissioner under this section, one or more trust service offices may be
established or operated in any city within this state by a trust company
incorporated under the laws of this state.

(c) An application to establish or operate a trust service office or to
 relocate an existing trust service office shall be in the form and manner
 prescribed by the commissioner and provide the following documents:

(1) A certified copy of the written action taken by the board of
 directors of the trust company approving the establishment or operation of
 the proposed trust service office or the proposed relocation of the trust
 service office;

29

(2) all other required regulatory approvals;

30 (3) proof of publication of notice that the applicant intends to file or 31 has filed an application pursuant to this section. The notice shall be 32 published in a newspaper of general circulation where the proposed trust 33 service office is to be located. The notice shall be in the form prescribed by 34 the commissioner and shall contain the name of the applicant, the location 35 of the proposed trust service office, the proposed date of filing of the 36 application with the commissioner and a solicitation for written comments. 37 The notice shall be published on the same day for two consecutive weeks 38 and provide for a comment period of not less than 10 days after the date of 39 the second publication; and

40 (4) the application shall include the name selected for the proposed
41 trust service office. The name selected for the proposed trust service office
42 shall not be the *same or substantially similar to the* name of any other trust
43 company or trust service office doing business in the state of Kansas, nor

shall the name selected be required to contain the name of the applicant
 trust company. If the name selected for the proposed trust service office
 does not contain the name of the applicant trust company, the trust service
 office shall provide in the public lobby of such trust service office, a public
 notice that it is a trust service office of the applicant trust company. Any
 trust company may request exemption from the commissioner from the
 provisions of this subsection.

8 (d) A trust company making application to the commissioner for 9 approval of a trust service office under this section shall pay to the 10 commissioner a fee, in an amount established pursuant to K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-1726, and amendments thereto, to defray the expenses of the 11 12 commissioner in the examination and investigation of the application. The 13 commissioner shall remit all moneys received under this section to the 14 state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and 15 amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state 16 treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit 17 of the bank investigation fund. The moneys in the bank investigation fund 18 shall be used to pay the expenses of the commissioner or designee in the 19 examination and investigation of such applications and any unused balance 20 shall be transferred to the bank commissioner fee fund.

(e) Upon the request of any trust company proposing to relocate an
existing trust service office less than one mile from the trust company's
existing location, the commissioner may exempt such trust company from
the requirements of this section.

25 (e) (f) Upon the filing of a complete application with the 26 commissioner, the commissioner shall make or cause to be made, a careful 27 examination and investigation. If the commissioner finds any of the 28 following matters unfavorably, the commissioner may deny the 29 application:

30 (1) The reasonable probability of usefulness and success of the 31 proposed trust service office; and

(2) the applicant trust company's financial history and condition
 including the character, qualifications and experience of the officers
 employed by the trust company.

35 (f) (g) Upon service of an order denying an application, the applicant 36 shall have the right to a hearing to be conducted in accordance with the 37 Kansas administrative procedure act before the state banking board. Any 38 final order of the state banking board pursuant to this section is subject to 39 review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.

40 (g) (h) When the commissioner determines that a trust company 41 domiciled in this state has established or is operating a trust service office 42 in violation of the laws governing the operation of such trust company, the 43 commissioner may take such action as available under K.S.A. 9-1714, 91 1805, 9-1807 or 9-1809, and amendments thereto, to remedy such 2 violation.

3 Sec. 65. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 9-519, 9-534, 9-701, 9-801, 9-802, 9-803, 4 9-804, 9-808, 9-809, 9-811, 9-812, 9-814, 9-815, 9-816, 9-901a, 9-902, 9-5 903, 9-904, 9-906, 9-907, 9-1101, 9-1102, 9-1104, 9-1111, 9-1112, 9-1114, 9-1122, 9-1124, 9-1127c, 9-1130, 9-1137, 9-1213, 9-1304, 9-1401, 9-1402, 6 9-1405, 9-1408, 9-1504, 9-1506, 9-1601, 9-1607, 9-1609, 9-1611, 9-1704, 7 9-1712, 9-1715, 9-1720, 9-1721, 9-1722, 9-1724, 9-1807, 9-1902, 9-1905, 8 9-1906, 9-1907, 9-1908, 9-1909, 9-1910, 9-1915, 9-2007, 9-2011, 9-2104, 9 9-2107 and 9-2108 are hereby repealed. 10 Sec. 66. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 11

12 publication in the statute book.