## HOUSE BILL No. 2641

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

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AN ACT concerning crimes, punishment and criminal procedure; relating to unlawful sexual relations; sentencing; offender registration; traffic in contraband in a correctional institution; amending K.S.A. 21-3520 and K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-3826, 21-4704 and 22-4902 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 21-3520 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3520. (a) Unlawful sexual relations is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy with a person who is not married to the offender if:

- (1) The offender is an employee or volunteer of the department of corrections, or the employee or volunteer of a contractor who is under contract to provide services for a correctional institution, and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a person 16 years of age or older who is an inmate; or
- (2) the offender is a parole officer, volunteer for the department of corrections or the employee or volunteer of a contractor who is under contract to provide supervision services for persons on parole, conditional release or postrelease supervision and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a person 16 years of age or older who is an inmate who has been released on parole or conditional release or postrelease supervision under the direct supervision and control of the offender; or
- (3) the offender is a law enforcement officer, an employee of a jail, or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide services in a jail and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a person 16 years of age or older who is confined by lawful custody to such jail; or
- (4) the offender is a law enforcement officer, an employee of a juvenile detention facility or sanctions house, or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide services in such facility or sanctions house and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a

person 16 years of age or older who is confined by lawful custody to such facility or sanctions house; or

- (5) the offender is an employee of the juvenile justice authority or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide services in a juvenile correctional facility and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a person 16 years of age or older who is confined by lawful custody to such facility; or
- (6) the offender is an employee of the juvenile justice authority or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide direct supervision and offender control services to the juvenile justice authority and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is 16 years of age or older and (A) released on conditional release from a juvenile correctional facility under the supervision and control of the juvenile justice authority or juvenile community supervision agency or (B) placed in the custody of the juvenile justice authority under the supervision and control of the juvenile justice authority or juvenile community supervision agency and the offender has knowledge that the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is currently under supervision;
- (7) the offender is an employee of the department of social and rehabilitation services or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide services in a social and rehabilitation services institution and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, not otherwise subject to subsection (a)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 21-3502, and amendments thereto, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy, not otherwise subject to subsection (a)(3)(C) of K.S.A. 21-3506, and amendments thereto, is a person 16 years of age or older who is a patient in such institution:
- (8) the offender is a teacher or a person in a position of authority and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, not otherwise subject to subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 21-3502 or subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-3504, and amendments thereto, lewd fondling or touching, not otherwise subject to K.S.A. 21-3503 or subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3504, and amendments thereto, or sodomy, not otherwise subject to K.S.A. 21-3505 or subsection (a)(1) or (a)(2) of K.S.A. 21-3506, and amendments thereto, is a student enrolled at the school where the offender is employed. If the offender is the parent of the student, the provisions of K.S.A. 21-3603, and amendments thereto, shall apply, not this subsection;
- (9) the offender is a court services officer or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide supervision services for persons

 under court services supervision and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a person 16 years of age or older who has been placed on probation under the supervision and control of court services and the offender has knowledge that the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is currently under the supervision of court services; or

- (10) the offender is a community correctional services officer or the employee of a contractor who is under contract to provide supervision services for persons under community corrections supervision and the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is a person 16 years of age or older who has been assigned to a community correctional services program under the supervision and control of community corrections and the offender has knowledge that the person with whom the offender is engaging in consensual sexual intercourse, lewd fondling or touching, or sodomy is currently under supervision of community corrections.
  - (b) Unlawful sexual relations is a severity level 5, person felony.
  - $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(c)}}$  For purposes of this act:
- (1) "Correctional institution" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto;
- (2) "inmate" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto;
- (3) "parole officer" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 75-5202, and amendments thereto;
- (4) "postrelease supervision" means the same as prescribed in the Kansas sentencing guidelines act in K.S.A. 21-4703, and amendments thereto:
- (5) "juvenile detention facility" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2302, and amendments thereto;
- (6) "juvenile correctional facility" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2302, and amendments thereto;
- (7) "sanctions house" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 38-2302, and amendments thereto;
- (8) "institution" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amendments thereto; and
- (9) "teacher" means and includes teachers, supervisors, principals, superintendents and any other professional employee in any public or private school offering any of grades kindergarten through 12;
- (10) "community corrections" means the entity responsible for supervising adults and juvenile offenders for confinement, detention, care or treatment, subject to conditions imposed by the court pursuant to the community corrections act, K.S.A. 75-5290, and amendments thereto,

 and the Kansas juvenile justice code, K.S.A. 38-1601 et seq., and amendments thereto;

- (11) "court services" means the entity appointed by the district court that is responsible for supervising adults and juveniles placed on probation and misdemeanants placed on parole by district courts of this state;
- (12) "law enforcement officer" means the same as prescribed by K.S.A. 21-3110, and amendments thereto; and
- (13) "juvenile community supervision agency" means an entity that receives grants for the purpose of providing direct supervision to juveniles in the custody of the juvenile justice authority.
  - (c) Unlawful sexual relations is a severity level 10, person felony.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-3826 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3826. (a) Traffic in contraband in a correctional institution or care and treatment facility is introducing or attempting to introduce into or upon the grounds of any correctional institution or care and treatment facility or taking, sending, attempting to take or attempting to send from any correctional institution or care and treatment facility or any unauthorized possession while in any correctional institution or care and treatment facility or distributing within any correctional institution or care and treatment facility, any item without the consent of the administrator of the correctional institution or care and treatment facility.
- (b) Traffic in contraband in a correctional institution or care and treatment facility is a:
- (1) Severity level 6, nonperson felony, except as provided in subsection (b)(2) or (b)(3);
  - (2) severity level 5, nonperson felony if such items are:
- (A) Firearms, ammunition, explosives or a controlled substance which is defined in K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01, and amendments thereto, except as provided in subsection (b)(3);
- (B) defined as contraband by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections, in a correctional institution by an employee of a correctional institution, except as provided in subsection (b)(3); or
- (C) defined as contraband by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, in a care and treatment facility by an employee of a care and treatment facility, except as provided in subsection (b)(3); and
- (3) severity level 4, nonperson felony if such items are firearms, ammunition or explosives, in a correctional institution by an employee of a correctional institution or in a care and treatment facility by an employee of a care and treatment facility.
- (c) The provisions of subsection (b)(2)(A) shall not apply to the possession of a firearm or ammunition by a person licensed under the personal and family protection act, K.S.A. 75-7c01 et seq., and amendments

 thereto, in a parking lot open to the public if the firearm or ammunition is carried on the person while in a vehicle or while securing the firearm or ammunition in the vehicle, or stored out of plain view in a locked but unoccupied vehicle.

 $\frac{\text{(b)}}{\text{(d)}}$  For purposes of this section:

- (1) "Correctional institution" means any state correctional institution or facility, conservation camp, juvenile correctional facility, community correction center or facility for detention or confinement, juvenile detention facility or jail.
- (2) "Care and treatment facility" means the state security hospital provided for under K.S.A. 76-1305 et seq., and amendments thereto, and a facility operated by the department of social and rehabilitation services for the purposes provided for under K.S.A. 59-29a02 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (e) (1) Traffic in contraband in a correctional institution or care and treatment facility of firearms, ammunition, explosives or a controlled substance which is defined in K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01, and amendments thereto, is a severity level 5, nonperson felony. This paragraph shall not apply to the possession of a firearm or ammunition by a person licensed under the personal and family protection act, K.S.A. 75-7c01 et seq., and amendments thereto, in a parking lot open to the public if the firearm or ammunition is carried on the person while in a vehicle or while securing the firearm or ammunition in the vehicle, or stored out of plain view in a locked but unoccupied vehicle.
- (2) Traffic in any contraband, as defined by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary, in a correctional institution by an employee of a correctional institution is a severity level 5, nonperson felony.
- (3) Traffic in any contraband, as defined by rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, in a care and treatment facility by an employee of a care and treatment facility is a severity level 5, nonperson felony.
- (d) Except as provided in subsection (e), traffic in contraband in a correctional institution or care and treatment facility is a severity level 6, nonperson felony.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-4704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4704. (a) For purposes of sentencing, the following sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes shall be applied in felony cases for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993:

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Ш	247 233	221	228	216	206	107	2 96	100	94	68	92	88	83	3 79	74	LL	72 68	71	99	61	19	59 55
IV	172	154	162	154	75	71	1 68	69	99	62	29	09	57	95 6	52	52	50 47	84	45	24	43	41 38
Λ	081	122	128	120	114	57	7 53	22	52	50	51	49	46	44	41	43	41 38	<i>[]]</i>				
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- (b) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. Sentences expressed in such grid represent months of imprisonment.
  - (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime severity and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is the crime severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The grid's horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal histories.
  - (d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, subject to judicial discretion to deviate for substantial and compelling reasons and impose a different sentence in recognition of aggravating and mitigating factors as provided in this act. The appropriate punishment for a felony conviction should depend on the severity of the crime of conviction when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history.
  - (e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place within the sentencing range. The sentencing judge shall select the center of the range in the usual case and reserve the upper and lower limits for aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure.
  - (2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the prison sentence, the maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of good time and the period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.
  - (3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the prison sentence as well as the duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.
  - (f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making the following findings on the record:
  - (1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
  - (2) the recommended treatment program is available and the offender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of time; or
  - (3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by

promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence if the offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (g) The sentence for the violation of K.S.A. 21-3415, and amendments thereto, aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer committed prior to July 1, 2006, or K.S.A. 21-3411, and amendments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer, which places the defendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record that the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence, if the offense is classified in grid block 6-H or 6-I, shall not be considered departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record that the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (i) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, K.S.A. 21-4310 and K.S.A. 21-4318, and amendments thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 21-4707 and amendments thereto. If because of the offender's criminal history classification the offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the offender is subject to imprisonment, the provisions of this section and K.S.A. 21-4707, and amendments thereto, shall apply and the offender shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, K.S.A. 21-4310 and K.S.A. 21-4318, and amendments thereto, shall not be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections, except that the term of imprisonment for felony violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, may be served in a state correctional facility designated by the secretary of corrections if the secretary determines that substance abuse treatment resources and facility capacity is

available. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of treatment resources and facility capacity shall not be subject to review.

- (j) (1) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction carries a presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment and shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.
- (2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this subsection, "persistent sex offender" means a person who: (A) (i) Has been convicted in this state of a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments thereto; and (ii) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (A) (i) has at least one conviction for a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments thereto in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government; or (B) (i) has been convicted of rape, K.S.A. 21-3502, and amendments thereto; and (ii) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (B) (i) has at least one conviction for rape in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government.
- (3) Except as provided in paragraph (2)(B), the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime is a severity level 1 or 2 felony.
- (k) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. As used in this subsection, "criminal street gang" means any organization, association or group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its primary activities the commission of one or more person felonies or felony violations of K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto, which has a common name or common identifying sign or symbol, whose members, individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy to commit or solicitation of two or more person felonies or felony violations of K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a01 through 21-36a17, and amendments thereto, or any substantially similar offense from another jurisdiction.
- (l) Except as provided in subsection (o), the sentence for a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3715 and amendments thereto when such

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 person being sentenced has a prior conviction for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 21-3715 or 21-3716 and amendments thereto shall be presumed imprisonment.

- (m) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A 22-4903 or subsection (d) of K.S.A. 21-3812, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. If an offense under such sections is classified in grid blocks 5-E, 5-F, 5-G, 5-H or 5-I, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making the following findings on the record:
- (1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism, such program is available and the offender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of time; or
- (2) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence pursuant to this section shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (n) The sentence for a third or subsequent violation of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 21-3705, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- (o) The sentence for a felony violation of K.S.A. 21-3701 or 21-3715, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has no prior convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701 or 21-3715, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one or two prior felony convictions for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, and amendments thereto; or the sentence for a felony violation of K.S.A. 21-3715, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has one prior felony conviction for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716, and amendments thereto, shall be the sentence as provided by this section, except that the court may order an optional nonprison sentence for a defendant to participate in a drug treatment program, including, but not limited to, an approved after-care plan, if the court makes the following findings on the record:
- (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of the crime;
- (2) substance abuse treatment in the community is likely to be more effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program will serve community safety interests.
- 43 A defendant sentenced to an optional nonprison sentence under this

subsection shall be supervised by community correctional services. The provisions of subsection (f)(1) of K.S.A. 21-4729, and amendments thereto, shall apply to a defendant sentenced under this subsection.

The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (p) The sentence for a felony violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any combination of three or more prior felony convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 or 21-3716 and amendments thereto, or the sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3715, and amendments thereto, when such person being sentenced has any combination of two or more prior convictions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3701, 21-3715 and 21-3716, and amendments thereto, shall be presumed imprisonment and the defendant shall be sentenced to prison as provided by this section, except that the court may recommend that an offender be placed in the custody of the secretary of corrections, in a facility designated by the secretary to participate in an intensive substance abuse treatment program, upon making the following findings on the record:
- (1) Substance abuse was an underlying factor in the commission of the crime:
- (2) substance abuse treatment with a possibility of an early release from imprisonment is likely to be more effective than a prison term in reducing the risk of offender recidivism; and
- (3) participation in an intensive substance abuse treatment program with the possibility of an early release from imprisonment will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation.

The intensive substance abuse treatment program shall be determined by the secretary of corrections, but shall be for a period of at least four months. Upon the successful completion of such intensive treatment program, the offender shall be returned to the court and the court may modify the sentence by directing that a less severe penalty be imposed in lieu of that originally adjudged within statutory limits. If the offender's term of imprisonment expires, the offender shall be placed under the applicable period of postrelease supervision.

The sentence under this subsection shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- (q) The sentence for a violation of subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 21-3413, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment and shall be served consecutively to any other term or terms of imprisonment imposed. Such sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.
- 42 (r) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3520, and amendments 43 thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. Such sentence shall not be

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1 considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 22-4902 is hereby amended to read as 2 3 follows: 22-4902. As used in this the Kansas offender registration act, unless the context otherwise requires: 4
  - "Offender" means: (1) A sex offender as defined in subsection (b);
- (2)a violent offender as defined in subsection (d); 6
  - a sexually violent predator as defined in subsection (f);
- any person who, on and after the effective date of this act May 29, 1997, is convicted of any of the following crimes when the victim is 9 less than 18 years of age: 10
  - (A) Kidnapping as defined in K.S.A. 21-3420 and amendments thereto, except by a parent;
  - (B) aggravated kidnapping as defined in K.S.A. 21-3421 and amendments thereto; or
- 15 (C) criminal restraint as defined in K.S.A. 21-3424 and amendments 16 thereto, except by a parent;
  - any person convicted of any of the following criminal sexual conduct if one of the parties involved is less than 18 years of age:
    - Adultery as defined by K.S.A. 21-3507, and amendments thereto;
  - (B) criminal sodomy as defined by subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-3505, and amendments thereto;
- 22 (C) promoting prostitution as defined by K.S.A. 21-3513, and amend-23 ments thereto;
  - patronizing a prostitute as defined by K.S.A. 21-3515, and amendments thereto; or
    - lewd and lascivious behavior as defined by K.S.A. 21-3508, and amendments thereto; or
    - (F) unlawful sexual relations as defined by K.S.A. 21-3520, and amendments thereto;
    - (6) any person who has been required to register under any federal, military or other state's law or is otherwise required to be registered;
    - (7) any person who, on or after July 1, 2006, is convicted of any person felony and the court makes a finding on the record that a deadly weapon was used in the commission of such person felony;
    - (8) any person who has been convicted of an offense in effect at any time prior to the effective date of this act May 29, 1997, that is comparable to any crime defined in subsection (4), (5), (7) or (11), or any federal, military or other state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be an offense defined in subsection (4), (5), (7) or (11);
    - any person who has been convicted of an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303 and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in subsection (4), (5), (7) or (10);

- (10) any person who has been convicted of aggravated trafficking as defined in K.S.A. 21-3447, and amendments thereto; or
- (11) any person who has been convicted of: (A) Unlawful manufacture or attempting such of any controlled substance or controlled substance analog as defined by K.S.A. 65-4159, prior to its repeal or K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a03, and amendments thereto, unless the court makes a finding on the record that the manufacturing or attempting to manufacture such controlled substance was for such person's personal use;
- (B) possession of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, red phosphorus, lithium metal, sodium metal, iodine, anhydrous ammonia, pressurized ammonia or phenylpropanolamine, or their salts, isomers or salts of isomers with intent to use the product to manufacture a controlled substance as defined by K.S.A. 65-7006, prior to its repeal or K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a09 or 21-36a10, and amendments thereto, unless the court makes a finding on the record that the possession of such product was intended to be used to manufacture a controlled substance for such person's personal use; or
- $\left(C\right)$  K.S.A. 65-4161, prior to its repeal or K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-36a05, and amendments thereto.

Convictions which result from or are connected with the same act, or result from crimes committed at the same time, shall be counted for the purpose of this section as one conviction. Any conviction set aside pursuant to law is not a conviction for purposes of this section. A conviction from another state shall constitute a conviction for purposes of this section.

- (b) "Sex offender" includes any person who, after the effective date of this act on or after April 14, 1994, is convicted of any sexually violent crime set forth in subsection (c) or is adjudicated as a juvenile offender for an act which if committed by an adult would constitute the commission of a sexually violent crime set forth in subsection (c).
  - (c) "Sexually violent crime" means:
  - (1) Rape as defined in K.S.A. 21-3502 and amendments thereto;
- (2) indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments thereto;
- (3) aggravated indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504 and amendments thereto;
- (4) criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505 and amendments thereto;
- 39 (5) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506 and 40 amendments thereto;
- 41 (6) indecent solicitation of a child as defined by K.S.A. 21-3510 and 42 amendments thereto:
  - (7) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child as defined by K.S.A.

- 21-3511 and amendments thereto:
- (8) sexual exploitation of a child as defined by K.S.A. 21-3516 and amendments thereto;
- 4 (9) sexual battery as defined by K.S.A. 21-3517 and amendments 5 thereto;
  - (10) aggravated sexual battery as defined by K.S.A. 21-3518 and amendments thereto;
  - (11) aggravated incest as defined by K.S.A. 21-3603 and amendments thereto: or
  - (12) electronic solicitation as defined by K.S.A. 21-3523, and amendments thereto, committed on and after the effective date of this act or after April 17, 2008;
  - (13) unlawful sexual relations as defined by K.S.A. 21-3520, and amendments thereto, committed on or after July 1, 2010;
  - $\frac{(13)}{(14)}$  any conviction for an offense in effect at any time prior to the effective date of this act April 29, 1993, that is comparable to a sexually violent crime as defined in subparagraphs (1) through (11), or any federal, military or other state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a sexually violent crime as defined in this section;
  - $\overline{(14)}$  (15) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303 and amendments thereto, of a sexually violent crime, as defined in this section; or
  - $(15)\,(16)\,$  any act which at the time of sentencing for the offense has been determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated. As used in this subparagraph, "sexually motivated" means that one of the purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification.
  - (d) "Violent offender" includes any person who, after the effective date of this act on or after May 29, 1997, is convicted of any of the following crimes:
  - (1) Capital murder as defined by K.S.A. 21-3439 and amendments thereto;
  - (2) murder in the first degree as defined by K.S.A. 21-3401 and amendments thereto;
  - (3) murder in the second degree as defined by K.S.A. 21-3402 and amendments thereto;
  - (4) voluntary manslaughter as defined by K.S.A. 21-3403 and amendments thereto;
  - (5) involuntary manslaughter as defined by K.S.A. 21-3404 and amendments thereto; or
- 41 (6) any conviction for an offense in effect at any time prior to the 42 effective date of this act May 29, 1997, that is comparable to any crime 43 defined in this subsection, or any federal, military or other state conviction

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for an offense that under the laws of this state would be an offense defined
 in this subsection; or

- (7) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303 and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.
- (e) "Law enforcement agency having jurisdiction" means the sheriff of the county in which the offender expects to reside upon the offender's discharge, parole or release.
- 9 (f) "Sexually violent predator" means any person who, on or after July 10 1, 2001, is found to be a sexually violent predator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-11 29a01 et seq. and amendments thereto.
  - (g) "Nonresident student or worker" includes any offender who crosses into the state or county for more than 14 days, or for an aggregate period exceeding 30 days in a calendar year, for the purposes of employment, with or without compensation, or to attend school as a student.
  - (h) "Aggravated offenses" means engaging in sexual acts involving penetration with victims of any age through the use of force or the threat of serious violence, or engaging in sexual acts involving penetration with victims less than 14 years of age, and includes the following offenses:
  - (1) Rape as defined in subsection (a)(1)(A) and subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 21-3502, and amendments thereto;
  - (2) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(1) and subsection (a)(3)(A) of K.S.A. 21-3506, and amendments thereto; and
- 24 (3) any attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303 and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in this subsection.
- 27 (i) "Institution of higher education" means any post-secondary school 28 under the supervision of the Kansas board of regents.
- 29 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 21-3520 and K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 21-3826, 21-4704 and 30 22-4902 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.