HOUSE BILL No. 2586

By Representative Patton

2-1

AN ACT concerning employment security law; relating to contribution rates for new businesses; amending K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 44-710 and 44-710a and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 44-710 is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-710. (a) *Payment.* (1) Contributions shall accrue and become payable by each contributing employer for each calendar year in which the contributing employer is subject to the employment security law with respect to wages paid for employment. Such contributions shall become due and be paid by each contributing employer to the secretary for the employment security fund in accordance with such rules and regulations as the secretary may adopt and shall not be deducted, in whole or in part, from the wages of individuals in such employer's employ. In the payment of any contributions, a fractional part of \$.01 shall be disregarded unless it amounts to \$.005 or more, in which case it shall be increased to \$.01. Should contributions for any calendar quarter be less than \$5, no payment shall be required.

- (2) A new business in Kansas with 10 or fewer employees shall not be considered a contributing employer or pay any contribution rate pursuant to K.S.A. 44-710a, and amendments thereto, until the company has been in business for one year.
- (3) Paragraph (2) shall not apply to a new business with 10 or fewer employees wherein the new business employer has had an ownership interest in a business of the same nature or character within the past 12 months prior to starting the new business.
- (b) Rates and base of contributions. (1) Except as provided in paragraph (2) of this subsection, each contributing employer shall pay contributions on wages paid by the contributing employer during each calendar year with respect to employment as provided in K.S.A. 44-710a and amendments thereto.
- (2) (A) If the congress of the United States either amends or repeals the Wagner-Peyser act, the federal unemployment tax act, the federal social security act, or subtitle C of chapter 23 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, or any act or acts supplemental to or in lieu thereof,

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or any part or parts of any such law, or if any such law, or any part or parts thereof, are held invalid with the effect that appropriations of funds by congress and grants thereof to the state of Kansas for the payment of costs of administration of the employment security law are no longer available for such purposes, or (B) if employers in Kansas subject to the payment of tax under the federal unemployment tax act are granted full credit against such tax for contributions or taxes paid to the secretary of labor, then, and in either such case, beginning with the year in which the unavailability of federal appropriations and grants for such purpose occurs or in which such change in liability for payment of such federal tax occurs and for each year thereafter, the rate of contributions of each contributing employer shall be equal to the total of .5% and the rate of contributions as determined for such contributing employer under K.S.A. 44-710a and amendments thereto. The amount of contributions which each contributing employer becomes liable to pay under this paragraph (2) over the amount of contributions which such contributing employer would be otherwise liable to pay shall be credited to the employment security administration fund to be disbursed and paid out under the same conditions and for the same purposes as other moneys are authorized to be paid from the employment security administration fund, except that, if the secretary determines that as of the first day of January of any year there is an excess in the employment security administration fund over the amount required to be disbursed during such year, an amount equal to such excess as determined by the secretary shall be transferred to the employment security fund.

- (c) Charging of benefit payments. (1) The secretary shall maintain a separate account for each contributing employer, and shall credit the contributing employer's account with all the contributions paid on the contributing employer's own behalf. Nothing in the employment security law shall be construed to grant any employer or individuals in such employer's service prior claims or rights to the amounts paid by such employer into the employment security fund either on such employer's own behalf or on behalf of such individuals. Benefits paid shall be charged against the accounts of each base period employer in the proportion that the base period wages paid to an eligible individual by each such employer bears to the total wages in the base period. Benefits shall be charged to contributing employers' accounts and rated governmental employers' accounts upon the basis of benefits paid during each twelve-month period ending on the computation date.
- (2) (A) Benefits paid in benefit years established by valid new claims shall not be charged to the account of a contributing employer or rated governmental employer who is a base period employer if the examiner finds that claimant was separated from the claimant's most recent em-

ployment with such employer under any of the following conditions: (i) Discharged for misconduct or gross misconduct connected with the individual's work; or (ii) leaving work voluntarily without good cause attributable to the claimant's work or the employer.

- (B) Where base period wage credits of a contributing employer or rated governmental employer represent part-time employment and the claimant continues in that part-time employment with that employer during the period for which benefits are paid, then that employer's account shall not be charged with any part of the benefits paid if the employer provides the secretary with information as required by rules and regulations. For the purposes of this subsection (c)(2)(B), "part-time employment" means any employment when an individual works concurrently for two or more employers and also works less than full-time for at least one of those employers because the individual's services are not required for the customary, scheduled full-time hours prevailing at the work place or the individual does not customarily work the regularly scheduled full-time hours due to personal choice or circumstances.
- (C) No contributing employer or rated governmental employer's account shall be charged with any extended benefits paid in accordance with the employment security law, except for weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1978, all contributing governmental employers and governmental rated employers shall be charged an amount equal to all extended benefits paid.
- (D) No contributing employer, rated governmental employer or reimbursing employer's account shall be charged for any additional benefits paid during the period July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2004.
- (E) No contributing employer or rated governmental employer's account will be charged for benefits paid a claimant while pursuing an approved training course as defined in subsection (s) of K.S.A. 44-703 and amendments thereto.
- (F) No contributing employer or rated governmental employer's account shall be charged with respect to the benefits paid to any individual whose base period wages include wages for services not covered by the employment security law prior to January 1, 1978, to the extent that the employment security fund is reimbursed for such benefits pursuant to section 121 of public law 94-566 (90 Stat. 2673).
- (G) With respect to weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1977, Wages for insured work shall include wages paid for previously uncovered services. For the purposes of this subsection (c)(2)(G), the term "previously uncovered services" means services which were not covered employment, at any time during the one-year period ending December 31, 1975, except to the extent that assistance under title II of the federal emergency jobs and unemployment assistance act of 1974 was

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paid on the basis of such services, and which:

- (i) Are agricultural labor as defined in subsection (w) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, or domestic service as defined in subsection (aa) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, or
- (ii) are services performed by an employee of this state or a political subdivision thereof, as provided in subsection (i)(3)(E) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, or
- (iii) are services performed by an employee of a nonprofit educational institution which is not an institution of higher education.
- (H) No contributing employer or rated governmental employer's account shall be charged with respect to their pro rata share of benefit charges if such charges are of \$100 or less.
- (3) The examiner shall notify any base period employer whose account will be charged with benefits paid following the filing of a valid new claim and a determination by the examiner based on all information relating to the claim contained in the records of the division of employment security. Such notice shall become final and benefits charged to the base period employer's account in accordance with the claim unless within 10 calendar days from the date the notice was sent, the base period employer requests in writing that the examiner reconsider the determination and furnishes any required information in accordance with the secretary's rules and regulations. In a similar manner, a notice of an additional claim followed by the first payment of benefits with respect to the benefit year, filed by an individual during a benefit year after a period in such year during which such individual was employed, shall be given to any base period employer of the individual who has requested such a notice within 10 calendar days from the date the notice of the valid new claim was sent to such base period employer. For purposes of this subsection (c)(3), if the required information is not submitted or postmarked within a response time limit of 10 days after the base period employer notice was sent, the base period employer shall be deemed to have waived its standing as a party to the proceedings arising from the claim and shall be barred from protesting any subsequent decisions about the claim by the secretary, a referee, the board of review or any court, except that the base period employer's response time limit may be waived or extended by the examiner or upon appeal, if timely response was impossible due to excusable neglect. The examiner shall notify the employer of the reconsidered determination which shall be subject to appeal, or further reconsideration, in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 44-709 and amendments thereto.
- (4) Time, computation and extension. In computing the period of time for a base period employer response or appeals under this section from the examiner's or the special examiner's determination or from the

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referee's decision, the day of the act, event or default from which the designated period of time begins to run shall not be included. The last day of the period shall be included unless it is a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, in which event the period runs until the end of the next day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

- (d) *Pooled fund.* All contributions and payments in lieu of contributions and benefit cost payments to the employment security fund shall be pooled and available to pay benefits to any individual entitled thereto under the employment security law, regardless of the source of such contributions or payments in lieu of contributions or benefit cost payments.
- (e) Election to become reimbursing employer; payment in lieu of contributions. (1) Any governmental entity, Indian tribes or tribal units, (subdivisions, subsidiaries or business enterprises wholly owned by such Indian tribes), for which services are performed as described in subsection (i)(3)(E) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, or any nonprofit organization or group of nonprofit organizations described in section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 which is exempt from income tax under section 501(a) of such code, that becomes subject to the employment security law may elect to become a reimbursing employer under this subsection (e)(1) and agree to pay the secretary for the employment security fund an amount equal to the amount of regular benefits and ½ of the extended benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employ of such reimbursing employer, except that each reimbursing governmental employer, Indian tribes or tribal units shall pay an amount equal to the amount of regular benefits and extended benefits paid for weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1978, for governmental employers and December 21, 2000, for Indian tribes or tribal units to individuals for weeks of unemployment which begin during the effective period of such election.
- (A) Any employer identified in this subsection (e)(1) may elect to become a reimbursing employer for a period encompassing not less than four complete calendar years if such employer files with the secretary a written notice of such election within the 30-day period immediately following January 1 of any calendar year or within the 30-day period immediately following the date on which a determination of subjectivity to the employment security law is issued, whichever occurs later.
- (B) Any employer which makes an election to become a reimbursing employer in accordance with subparagraph (A) of this subsection (e)(1) will continue to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions until such employer files with the secretary a written notice terminating its election not later than 30 days prior to the beginning of the calendar year for which such termination shall first be effective.
- (C) Any employer identified in this subsection (e)(1) which has re-

mained a contributing employer and has been paying contributions under the employment security law for a period subsequent to January 1, 1972, may change to a reimbursing employer by filing with the secretary not later than 30 days prior to the beginning of any calendar year a written notice of election to become a reimbursing employer. Such election shall not be terminable by the employer for four complete calendar years.

- (D) The secretary may for good cause extend the period within which a notice of election, or a notice of termination, must be filed and may permit an election to be retroactive but not any earlier than with respect to benefits paid after January 1 of the year such election is received.
- (E) The secretary, in accordance with such rules and regulations as the secretary may adopt, shall notify each employer identified in subsection (e)(1) of any determination which the secretary may make of its status as an employer and of the effective date of any election which it makes to become a reimbursing employer and of any termination of such election. Such determinations shall be subject to reconsideration, appeal and review in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 44-710b and amendments thereto.
- (2) Reimbursement reports and payments. Payments in lieu of contributions shall be made in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (A) of this subsection (e)(2) by all reimbursing employers except the state of Kansas. Each reimbursing employer shall report total wages paid during each calendar quarter by filing quarterly wage reports with the secretary which shall be filed by the last day of the month following the close of each calendar quarter. Wage reports are deemed filed as of the date they are placed in the United States mail.
- (A) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end of any other period as determined by the secretary, the secretary shall bill each reimbursing employer, except the state of Kansas, (i) an amount to be paid which is equal to the full amount of regular benefits plus ½ of the amount of extended benefits paid during such quarter or other prescribed period that is attributable to service in the employ of such reimbursing employer; and (ii) for weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1978, each reimbursing governmental employer and December 21, 2000, for Indian tribes or tribal units shall be certified an amount to be paid which is equal to the full amount of regular benefits and extended benefits paid during such quarter or other prescribed period that is attributable to service in the employ of such reimbursing governmental employer.
- (B) Payment of any bill rendered under paragraph (A) of this subsection (e)(2) shall be made not later than 30 days after such bill was mailed to the last known address of the reimbursing employer, or otherwise was delivered to such reimbursing employer, unless there has been an application for review and redetermination in accordance with para-

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graph (D) of this subsection (e)(2).

- $\overset{\circ}{(C)}$ Payments made by any reimbursing employer under the provisions of this subsection (e)(2) shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from the remuneration of individuals in the employ of such employer.
- (D) The amount due specified in any bill from the secretary shall be conclusive on the reimbursing employer, unless, not later than 15 days after the bill was mailed to the last known address of such employer, or was otherwise delivered to such employer, the reimbursing employer files an application for redetermination in accordance with K.S.A. 44-710b and amendments thereto.
- (E) Past due payments of amounts certified by the secretary under this section shall be subject to the same interest, penalties and actions required by K.S.A. 44-717 and amendments thereto. (1) If any nonprofit organization or group of nonprofit organizations described in section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 or governmental reimbursing employer is delinquent in making payments of amounts certified by the secretary under this section, the secretary may terminate such employer's election to make payments in lieu of contributions as of the beginning of the next calendar year and such termination shall be effective for such next calendar year and the calendar year thereafter so that the termination is effective for two complete calendar years. (2) Failure of the Indian tribe or tribal unit to make required payments, including assessment of interest and penalty within 90 days of receipt of the bill will cause the Indian tribe to lose the option to make payments in lieu of contributions as described pursuant to paragraph (e)(1) for the following tax year unless payment in full is received before contribution rates for the next tax year are calculated. (3) Any Indian tribe that loses the option to make payments in lieu of contributions due to late payment or nonpayment, as described in paragraph (2), shall have such option reinstated, if after a period of one year, all contributions have been made on time and no contributions, payments in lieu of contributions for benefits paid, penalties or interest remain outstanding.
- (F) Failure of the Indian tribe or any tribal unit thereof to make required payments, including assessments of interest and penalties, after all collection activities deemed necessary by the secretary have been exhausted, will cause services performed by such tribe to not be treated as employment for purposes of subsection (i)(3)(E) of K.S.A. 44-703 and amendments thereto. If an Indian tribe fails to make payments required under this section, including assessments of interest and penalties, within 90 days of a final notice of delinquency, the secretary shall immediately notify the United States internal revenue service and the United States department of labor. The secretary may determine that any Indian tribe

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that loses coverage pursuant to this paragraph may have services performed on behalf of such tribe again deemed "employment" if all contributions, payments in lieu of contributions, penalties and interest have been paid.

(G) In the discretion of the secretary, any employer who elects to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions and any nonprofit organization or group of nonprofit organizations described in section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 or governmental reimbursing employer or Indian tribe or tribal unit who is delinquent in filing reports or in making payments of amounts certified by the secretary under this section shall be required within 60 days after the effective date of such election, in the case of an eligible employer so electing, or after the date of notification to the delinquent employer under this subsection (e)(2)(G), in the case of a delinquent employer, to execute and file with the secretary a surety bond, except that the employer may elect, in lieu of a surety bond, to deposit with the secretary money or securities as approved by the secretary or to purchase and deliver to an escrow agent a certificate of deposit to guarantee payment. The amount of the bond, deposit or escrow agreement required by this subsection (e)(2)(G) shall not exceed 5.4% of the organization's taxable wages paid for employment by the eligible employer during the four calendar quarters immediately preceding the effective date of the election or the date of notification, in the case of a delinquent employer. If the employer did not pay wages in each of such four calendar quarters, the amount of the bond or deposit shall be as determined by the secretary. Upon the failure of an employer to comply with this subsection (e)(2)(G) within the time limits imposed or to maintain the required bond or deposit, the secretary may terminate the election of such eligible employer or delinquent employer, as the case may be, to make payments in lieu of contributions, and such termination shall be effective for the current and next calendar year.

(H) The state of Kansas shall make reimbursement payments quarterly at a fiscal year rate which shall be based upon: (i) The available balance in the state's reimbursing account as of December 31 of each calendar year; (ii) the historical unemployment experience of all covered state agencies during prior years; (iii) the estimate of total covered wages to be paid during the ensuing calendar year; (iv) the applicable fiscal year rate of the claims processing and auditing fee under K.S.A. 75-3798 and amendments thereto; and (v) actuarial and other information furnished to the secretary by the secretary of administration. In accordance with K.S.A. 75-3798, and amendments thereto, the claims processing and auditing fees charged to state agencies shall be deducted from the amounts collected for the reimbursement payments under this paragraph (H) prior to making the quarterly reimbursement payments for the state of Kansas.

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The fiscal year rate shall be expressed as a percentage of covered total wages and shall be the same for all covered state agencies. The fiscal year rate for each fiscal year will be certified in writing by the secretary to the secretary of administration on July 15 of each year and such certified rate shall become effective on the July 1 immediately following the date of certification. A detailed listing of benefit charges applicable to the state's reimbursing account shall be furnished quarterly by the secretary to the secretary of administration and the total amount of charges deducted from previous reimbursing payments made by the state. On January 1 of each year, if it is determined that benefit charges exceed the amount of prior reimbursing payments, an upward adjustment shall be made therefor in the fiscal year rate which will be certified on the ensuing July 15. If total payments exceed benefit charges, all or part of the excess may be refunded, at the discretion of the secretary, from the fund or retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be required for the next fiscal year.

- Allocation of benefit costs. The reimbursing account of each reimbursing employer shall be charged the full amount of regular benefits and ½ of the amount of extended benefits paid except that each reimbursing governmental employer's account shall be charged the full amount of regular benefits and extended benefits paid for weeks of unemployment beginning after December 31, 1978, to individuals whose entire base period wage credits are from such employer. When benefits received by an individual are based upon base period wage credits from more than one employer then the reimbursing employer's or reimbursing governmental employer's account shall be charged in the same ratio as base period wage credits from such employer bear to the individual's total base period wage credits. Notwithstanding any other provision of the employment security law, no reimbursing employer's or reimbursing governmental employer's account shall be charged for payments of extended benefits which are wholly reimbursed to the state by the federal government.
- (A) Proportionate allocation (when fewer than all reimbursing base period employers are liable). If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages paid by one or more reimbursing employers and on wages paid by one or more contributing employers or rated governmental employers, the amount of benefits payable by each reimbursing employer shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to the individual as the total base period wages paid to the individual by such employer bears to the total base period wages paid to the individual by all of such individual's base period employers.
- (B) Proportionate allocation (when all base period employers are reimbursing employers). If benefits paid to an individual are based on wages

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paid by two or more reimbursing employers, the amount of benefits payable by each such employer shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid to the individual as the total base period wages paid to the individual by such employer bear to the total base period wages paid to the individual by all of such individual's base period employers.

(4) Group accounts. Two or more reimbursing employers may file a joint application to the secretary for the establishment of a group account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid that are attributable to service in the employment of such reimbursing employers. Each such application shall identify and authorize a group representative to act as the group's agent for the purposes of this subsection (e)(4). Upon approval of the application, the secretary shall establish a group account for such employers effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which the secretary receives the application and shall notify the group's representative of the effective date of the account. Such account shall remain in effect for not less than four years and thereafter such account shall remain in effect until terminated at the discretion of the secretary or upon application by the group. Upon establishment of the account, each member of the group shall be liable for payments in lieu of contributions with respect to each calendar quarter in the amount that bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid in such quarter that are attributable to service performed in the employ of all members of the group as the total wages paid for service in employment by such member in such quarter bear to the total wages paid during such quarter for service performed in the employ of all members of the group. The secretary shall adopt such rules and regulations as the secretary deems necessary with respect to applications for establishment, maintenance and termination of group accounts that are authorized by this subsection (e)(4), for addition of new members to, and withdrawal of active members from such accounts, and for the determination of the amounts that are payable under this subsection (e)(4) by members of the group and the time and manner of such payments.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 44-710a is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-710a. (a) Classification of employers by the secretary. The term "employer" as used in this section refers to contributing employers, except that the employer of a new business in Kansas with 10 or fewer employees shall not be considered a contributing employer for the first year it is in business nor shall the secretary assign a contribution rate to the employer of such new business during such business' first year in business, as long as the employer of such small business has not had an ownership interest in a business of the same nature or character within the past 12 months prior to starting the new business. The secretary shall

classify employers in accordance with their actual experience in the payment of contributions on their own behalf and with respect to benefits charged against their accounts with a view of fixing such contribution rates as will reflect such experience. If, as of the date such classification of employers is made, the secretary finds that any employing unit has failed to file any report required in connection therewith, or has filed a report which the secretary finds incorrect or insufficient, the secretary shall make an estimate of the information required from such employing unit on the basis of the best evidence reasonably available to the secretary at the time, and notify the employing unit thereof by mail addressed to its last known address. Unless such employing unit shall file the report or a corrected or sufficient report as the case may be, within 15 days after the mailing of such notice, the secretary shall compute such employing unit's rate of contributions on the basis of such estimates, and the rate as so determined shall be subject to increase but not to reduction on the basis of subsequently ascertained information. The secretary shall determine the contribution rate of each employer in accordance with the requirements of this section.

- (1) New employers. (A) No employer will be eligible for a rate computation until there have been 24 consecutive calendar months immediately preceding the computation date throughout which benefits could have been charged against such employer's account.
- (B) (i) For the rate year 2007 2010 and each rate year thereafter, each employer who is not eligible for a rate contribution shall pay contributions equal to 4% of wages paid during each calendar year with regard to employment except that: (1) Such employers engaged in the construction industry shall pay a rate equal to 6% and (2) a new business with 10 or fewer employees shall not pay a contribution rate during its first year in business, as long as the employer of such new business has not had an ownership interest in a business of the same nature or character within the past 12 months prior to starting the new business.
- (ii) For rate years prior to 2007, employers who are not eligible for a rate computation shall pay contributions at an assigned rate equal to the sum of 1% plus the greater of the average rate assigned in the preceding calendar year to all employers in such industry sector or the average rate assigned to all covered employers during the preceding calendar year, except that in no instance shall any such assigned rate be less than 2%. Employers engaged in more than one type of industrial activity shall be classified by principal activity. All rates assigned will remain in effect for a complete calendar year. If the sale or acquisition of a new establishment would require reclassification of the employer to a different industry sector, the employer would be promptly notified, and the contribution rate applicable to the new industry sector would become effective the follow-

ing January 1.

- (iii) For purposes of this subsection (a), employers shall be classified by industrial activity in accordance with standard procedures as set forth in rules and regulations adopted by the secretary.
- (C) "Computation date" means June 30 of each calendar year with respect to rates of contribution applicable to the calendar year beginning with the following January 1. In arriving at contribution rates for each calendar year, contributions paid on or before July 31 following the computation date for employment occurring on or prior to the computation date shall be considered for each contributing employer who has been subject to this act for a sufficient period of time to have such employer's rate computed under this subsection (a).
- (2) Eligible employers. (A) A reserve ratio shall be computed for each eligible employer by the following method: Total benefits charged to the employer's account for all past years shall be deducted from all contributions paid by such employer for all such years. The balance, positive or negative, shall be divided by the employer's average annual payroll, and the result shall constitute the employer reserve ratio.
- (B) Negative account balance employers as defined in subsection (d) shall pay contributions at the rate of 5.4% for each calendar year.
- (C) Eligible employers, other than negative account balance employers, who do not meet the average annual payroll requirements as stated in subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, will be issued the maximum rate indicated in subsection (a)(3)(C) of this section until such employer establishes a new period of 24 consecutive calendar months immediately preceding the computation date throughout which benefits could have been charged against such employer's account by resuming the payment of wages. Contribution rates effective for each calendar year thereafter shall be determined as prescribed below.
- (D) As of each computation date, the total of the taxable wages paid during the 12-month period prior to the computation date by all employers eligible for rate computation, except negative account balance employers, shall be divided into 51 approximately equal parts designated in column A of schedule I as "rate groups," except, with regard to a year in which the taxable wage base changes. The taxable wages used in the calculation for such a year and the following year shall be an estimate of what the taxable wages would have been if the new taxable wage base had been in effect during the entire twelve-month period prior to the computation date. The lowest numbered of such rate groups shall consist of the employers with the most favorable reserve ratios, as defined in this section, whose combined taxable wages paid are less than 1.96% of all taxable wages paid by all eligible employers. Each succeeding higher numbered rate group shall consist of employers with reserve ratios that

are less favorable than those of employers in the preceding lower numbered rate groups and whose taxable wages when combined with the taxable wages of employers in all lower numbered rate groups equal the appropriate percentage of total taxable wages designated in column B of schedule I. Each eligible employer, other than a negative account balance employer, shall be assigned an experience factor designated under column C of schedule I in accordance with the rate group to which the employer is assigned on the basis of the employer's reserve ratio and taxable payroll. If an employer's taxable payroll falls into more than one rate group the employer shall be assigned the experience factor of the lower numbered rate group. If one or more employers have reserve ratios identical to that of the last employer included in the next lower numbered rate group, all such employers shall be assigned the experience factor designated to such last employer, notwithstanding the position of their taxable payroll in column B of schedule I.

SCHEDULE I—Eligible Employers

17	Column A	Column B	Column	ı C
18	Rate	Cumulative	Experience	factor
19	group	taxable payroll	(Ratio to tota	ıl wages)
20	1	Less than 1.96%		.025%
21	2	1.96% but less than 3.92		.04
22	3	3.92 but less than 5.88		.08
23	4	5.88 but less than 7.84		.12
24	5	7.84 but less than 9.80		.16
25	6	9.80 but less than 11.76		.20
26	7	11.76 but less than 13.72		.24
27	8	13.72 but less than 15.68		.28
28	9	15.68 but less than 17.64		.32
29	10	17.64 but less than 19.60		.36
30	11	19.60 but less than 21.56		.40
31	12	21.56 but less than 23.52		.44
32	13	23.52 but less than 25.48		.48
33	14	25.48 but less than 27.44		.52
34	15	27.44 but less than 29.40		.56
35	16	29.40 but less than 31.36		.60
36	17	31.36 but less than 33.32		.64
37	18	33.32 but less than 35.28		.68
38	19	35.28 but less than 37.24		.72
39	20	37.24 but less than 39.20		.76
40	21	39.20 but less than 41.16		.80
41	22	41.16 but less than 43.12		.84
42	23	43.12 but less than 45.08		.88
43	24	45.08 but less than 47.04		.92

1	25	47.04 but less than 49.00	.96
2	26	49.00 but less than 50.96	1.00
3	27	50.96 but less than 52.92	1.04
4	28	52.92 but less than 54.88	1.08
5	29	54.88 but less than 56.84	1.12
6	30	56.84 but less than 58.80	1.16
7	31	58.80 but less than 60.76	1.20
8	32	60.76 but less than 62.72	1.24
9	33	62.72 but less than 64.68	1.28
10	34	64.68 but less than 66.64	1.32
11	35	66.64 but less than 68.60	1.36
12	36	68.60 but less than 70.56	1.40
13	37	70.56 but less than 72.52	1.44
14	38	72.52 but less than 74.48	1.48
15	39	74.48 but less than 76.44	1.52
16	40	76.44 but less than 78.40	1.56
17	41	78.40 but less than 80.36	1.60
18	42	80.36 but less than 82.32	1.64
19	43	82.32 but less than 84.28	1.68
20	44	84.28 but less than 86.24	1.72
21	45	86.24 but less than 88.20	1.76
22	46	88.20 but less than 90.16	1.80
23	47	90.16 but less than 92.12	1.84
24	48	92.12 but less than 94.08	1.88
25	49	94.08 but less than 96.04	1.92
26	50	96.04 but less than 98.00	1.96
27	51	98.00 and over	2.00
28	(\mathbf{E})	Negative account balance employers shall, in addition to	
29	the rat	e provided for in subsection (a)(2)(B) of this section, pay	a sur-
30		based on the size of the employer's negative reserve rational	
31	calcula	tion which is provided for in subsection (a)(2) of this section	n. The
32	amount of the surcharge shall be determined from column B of schedule		
33	II of this section. Each negative account balance employer who does not		
34	satisfy	the requirements to have an average annual payroll, as defin	ned by
35	subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, shall be		
36	assigned a surcharge of 2%. Contribution payments made pursuant to this		
37	subsection (a)(2)(E) shall be credited to the appropriate account of such		
38	negative account balance employer.		
39	=	SCHEDULE II—Surcharge on Negative Accounts	
40	Column	A Co	olumn B
41	Negative	e Reserve Ratio Surcharge as a	percent
42	-	of taxabl	e wages
43	Less than	n 2.0%	0.20%

1	2.0% but less than 4.0	.40
2	4.0 but less than 6.0	.60
3	6.0 but less than 8.0	.80
4	8.0 but less than 10.0	1.00
5	10.0 but less than 12.0	1.20
6	12.0 but less than 14.0	1.40
7	14.0 but less than 16.0	1.60
8	16.0 but less than 18.0	1.80
9	18.0 and over	2.00
10	(3) Planned yield. (A) The average required yield shall be deter	mined
11	from schedule III of this section, and the planned yield on total w	ages in
12	column B of schedule III shall be determined by the reserve fun	
13	in column A of schedule III. The reserve fund ratio shall be deter	mined
14	by dividing total assets in the employment security fund provided	l for in
15	subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-712, and amendments thereto, excluding	ling all
16	moneys credited to the account of this state pursuant to section	903 of
17	the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as amended, which have been appropriate the federal social security act, as a federal security act	
18	by the state legislature, whether or not withdrawn from the trus	
19	and excluding contributions not yet paid on July 31 by total payre	
20	contributing employers for the preceding fiscal year which ende	
21	30.	J
22	SCHEDULE III—Fund Control Ratios to Total Wages	
23	Column A Co	olumn B
24	Reserve Fund Ratio Plann	
25	Reserve Fund Rano Plann	ed Yield
26	4.500 and over	ed Yield 0.00
27	4.500 and over	0.00
	4.500 and over	0.00 0.01
28	4.500 and over	0.00 0.01 0.02
28 29	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03
28 29 30	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04
28 29 30 31	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05
28 29 30 31 32	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06
28 29 30 31 32 33	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07
28 29 30 31 32 33 34	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.325	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.325 4.275 but less than 4.300	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.325 4.275 but less than 4.300 4.250 but less than 4.275	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.325 4.275 but less than 4.300 4.250 but less than 4.275 4.225 but less than 4.250	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.325 4.275 but less than 4.300 4.250 but less than 4.275 4.225 but less than 4.250 4.200 but less than 4.250	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.11 0.12
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.350 4.275 but less than 4.300 4.250 but less than 4.275 4.225 but less than 4.250 4.200 but less than 4.250 4.200 but less than 4.255 4.175 but less than 4.200	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.13
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.350 4.275 but less than 4.300 4.250 but less than 4.275 4.225 but less than 4.250 4.200 but less than 4.250 4.175 but less than 4.200 4.150 but less than 4.200 4.150 but less than 4.175	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.13
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42	4.500 and over 4.475 but less than 4.500 4.450 but less than 4.475 4.425 but less than 4.450 4.400 but less than 4.425 4.375 but less than 4.400 4.350 but less than 4.375 4.325 but less than 4.350 4.300 but less than 4.350 4.275 but less than 4.325 4.275 but less than 4.255 4.250 but less than 4.275 4.225 but less than 4.250 4.200 but less than 4.250 4.175 but less than 4.200 4.150 but less than 4.175 4.125 but less than 4.150	0.00 0.01 0.02 0.03 0.04 0.05 0.06 0.07 0.08 0.09 0.10 0.11 0.12 0.13 0.14 0.15

 $43 \quad 4.050 \text{ but less than } 4.075 \qquad \qquad 0.18$

1	4.025 but less than 4.050	
2	4.000 but less than 4.025	
3	3.950 but less than 4.000	
4	3.900 but less than 3.950	
5	3.850 but less than 3.900	
6	3.800 but less than 3.850	
7	3.750 but less than 3.800	
8	3.700 but less than 3.750	
9	3.650 but less than 3.700	
10	3.600 but less than 3.650	
11	3.550 but less than 3.600	
12	3.500 but less than 3.550	
13	3.450 but less than 3.500	
14	3.400 but less than 3.450	
l5	3.350 but less than 3.400	
16	3.300 but less than 3.350	
L7	3.250 but less than 3.300	
18	3.200 but less than 3.250	
19	3.150 but less than 3.200	
20	3.100 but less than 3.150	
21	3.050 but less than 3.100	
22	3.000 but less than 3.050	
23	2.950 but less than 3.000	
24	2.900 but less than 2.950	
25	2.850 but less than 2.900	
26	2.800 but less than 2.850	
27	2.750 but less than 2.800	
28	2.700 but less than 2.750	
29	2.650 but less than 2.700	
30	2.600 but less than 2.650	
31	2.550 but less than 2.600	
32	2.500 but less than 2.550	
33	2.450 but less than 2.500	
34	2.400 but less than 2.450	
35	2.350 but less than 2.400	
36	2.300 but less than 2.350	
37	2.250 but less than 2.300	
38	2.200 but less than 2.250	
39	2.150 but less than 2.200	
10	2.100 but less than 2.150	
41	2.050 but less than 2.100	
12	2.000 but less than 2.050	
13	1 975 but less than 2 000	

1	1.950 but less than 1.975	
2	1.925 but less than 1.950	
3	1.900 but less than 1.925	
4	1.875 but less than 1.900	
5	1.850 but less than 1.875	
6	1.825 but less than 1.850	
7	1.800 but less than 1.825	
8	1.775 but less than 1.800	
9	1.750 but less than 1.775	
10	1.725 but less than 1.750	
11	1.700 but less than 1.725	
12	1.675 but less than 1.700	
13	1.650 but less than 1.675	
14	1.625 but less than 1.650	
15	1.600 but less than 1.625	
16	1.575 but less than 1.600	
17	$1.550~\mathrm{but}$ less than 1.575	
18	$1.525~\mathrm{but}$ less than 1.550	
19	1.500 but less than 1.525	
20	1.475 but less than 1.500	
21	1.450 but less than 1.475	
22	1.425 but less than 1.450	
23	1.400 but less than 1.425	
24	1.375 but less than 1.400	
25	1.350 but less than 1.375	
26	1.325 but less than 1.350	
27	1.300 but less than 1.325	
28	1.275 but less than 1.300	
29	1.250 but less than 1.275	
30	1.225 but less than 1.250	
31	1.200 but less than 1.225	
32	1.175 but less than 1.200	
33	1.150 but less than 1.175	
34	1.125 but less than 1.150	
35	1.100 but less than 1.125	
36	1.075 but less than 1.100	
37	1.050 but less than 1.075	
38	1.025 but less than 1.050	
39	1.000 but less than 1.025	
40	0.900 but less than 1.000	
41	0.800 but less than 0.900	
42	$0.700~\mathrm{but}$ less than 0.800	
43	0.600 but less than 0.700	

1	0.500 but less than 0.600	 1.05
2	0.400 but less than 0.500	 1.06
3	0.300 but less than 0.400	 1.07
4	0.200 but less than 0.300	 1.08
5	0.100 but less than 0.200	 1.09
6	Less than 0.100%	 1.10

- (B) Adjustment to taxable wages. The planned yield as a percent of total wages, as determined in this subsection (a)(3), shall be adjusted to taxable wages by multiplying by the ratio of total wages to taxable wages for all contributing employers for the preceding fiscal year ending June 30, except, with regard to a year in which the taxable wage base changes. The taxable wages used in the calculation for such a year and the following year shall be an estimate of what the taxable wages would have been if the new taxable wage base had been in effect during all of the preceding fiscal year ending June 30.
- (C) Effective rates. (i) Except with regard to rates for negative account balance employers, employer contribution rates to be effective for the ensuing calendar year shall be computed by adjusting proportionately the experience factors from schedule I of this section to the required yield on taxable wages. For the purposes of this subsection (a)(3), all rates computed shall be rounded to the nearest .01% and for calendar year 1983 and ensuing calendar years, the maximum effective contribution rate shall not exceed 5.4%.
- (ii) For rate year 2007 and subsequent rate years, employers who are current in filing quarterly wage reports and in payment of all contributions due and owing, shall be issued a contribution rate based upon the following reduction: for rate groups 1 through 5, the rates would be reduced to 0.00%; for rate groups 6 through 28, the rates would be reduced by 50%; for rate groups 29 through 51, the rates would be reduced by 40%.
- (iii) In order to be eligible for the reduced rates for rate year 2007, the employer must file all late reports and pay all contributions due and owing within a 30-day period following the date of mailing of the amended rate notice.
- (iv) In order to be eligible for the reduced rates for rate year 2008 and subsequent rate years, employers must file all reports due and pay all contributions due and owing on or before January 31 of the applicable year, except that the reduced rates for otherwise eligible employers shall not be effective for any rate year if the average high cost multiple of the employment security trust fund balance falls below 1.2 as of the computation date of that year's rates. For the purposes of this provision, the average high cost multiple is the reserve fund ratio, as defined by subsection (a)(3)(A), divided by the average high benefit cost rate. The average high benefit cost rate shall be determined by averaging the three

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highest benefit cost rates over the last 20 years from the preceding fiscal year which ended June 30. The high benefit cost rate is defined by dividing total benefits paid in the fiscal year by total payrolls for covered employers in the fiscal year.

- (b) Successor classification. (1) (A) For the purposes of this subsection (b), whenever an employing unit, whether or not it is an "employing unit" within the meaning of subsection (g) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, becomes an employer pursuant to subsection (h)(4) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, or is an employer at the time of acquisition and meets the definition of a "successor employer" as defined by subsection (dd) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, and thereafter transfers its trade or business, or any portion thereof, to another employer and, at the time of the transfer, there is substantially common ownership, management or control of the two employers, then the unemployment experience attributable to the transferred trade or business shall be transferred to the employer to whom such business is so transferred. These experience factors consist of all contributions paid, benefit experience and annual payrolls of the predecessor employer. The transfer of some or all of an employer's workforce to another employer shall be considered a transfer of trade or business when, as the result of such transfer, the transferring employer no longer performs trade or business with respect to the transferred workforce, and such trade or business is performed by the employer to whom the workforce is transferred.
- (B) If, following a transfer of experience under subparagraph (A), the secretary determines that a substantial purpose of the transfer or business was to obtain a reduced liability for contributions, then the experience rating accounts of the employers involved shall be combined into a single account and a single rate assigned to such account.
- (2) A successor employer as defined by subsection (h)(4) or subsection (dd) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, may receive the experience rating factors of the predecessor employer if an application is made to the secretary or the secretary's designee in writing within 120 days of the date of the transfer.
- (3) Whenever an employing unit, whether or not it is an "employing unit" within the meaning of subsection (g) of K.S.A. 44-703, and amendments thereto, acquires or in any manner succeeds to a percentage of an employer's annual payroll which is less than 100% and intends to continue the acquired percentage as a going business, the employing unit may acquire the same percentage of the predecessor's experience factors if: (A) The predecessor employer and successor employing unit make an application in writing on the form prescribed by the secretary, (B) the application is submitted within 120 days of the date of the transfer, (C) the successor employing unit is or becomes an employer subject to this

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act immediately after the transfer, (D) the percentage of the experience rating factors transferred shall not be thereafter used in computing the contribution rate for the predecessor employer, and (E) the secretary finds that such transfer will not tend to defeat or obstruct the object and purposes of this act.

- (4) (A) The rate of both employers in a full or partial successorship under paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be recalculated and made effective on the first day of the next calendar quarter following the date of transfer of trade or business.
- (B) If a successor employer is determined to be qualified under paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection to receive the experience rating factors of the predecessor employer, the rate assigned to the successor employer for the remainder of the contributions year shall be determined by the following:
- (i) If the acquiring employing unit was an employer subject to this act prior to the date of the transfer, the rate of contribution shall be the same as the contribution rate of the acquiring employer on the date of the transfer.
- (ii) If the acquiring employing unit was not an employer subject to this act prior to the date of the transfer, the successor employer shall have a newly computed rate for the remainder of the contribution year which shall be based on the transferred experience rating factors as they existed on the most recent computation date immediately preceding the date of acquisition. These experience rating factors consist of all contributions paid, benefit experience and annual payrolls.
- (5) Whenever an employing unit is not an employer at the time it acquires the trade or business of an employer, the unemployment experience factors of the acquired business shall not be transferred to such employing unit if the secretary finds that such employing unit acquired the business solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions. Instead, such employing unit shall be assigned the applicable industry rate for a "new employer" as described in subsection (a)(1) of this section. In determining whether the business was acquired solely or primarily for the purpose of obtaining a lower rate of contributions, the secretary shall use objective factors which may include the cost of acquiring the business, whether the employer continued the business enterprise of the acquired business, how long such business enterprise was continued, or whether a substantial number of new employees were hired for performance of duties unrelated to the business activity conducted prior to acquisition.
- (6) Whenever an employer's account has been terminated as provided in subsections (d) and (e) of K.S.A. 44-711, and amendments thereto, and the employer continues with employment to liquidate the

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business operations, that employer shall continue to be an "employer" subject to the employment security law as provided in subsection (h)(8) of K.S.A. 44-703 and amendments thereto. The rate of contribution from the date of transfer to the end of the then current calendar year shall be the same as the contribution rate prior to the date of the transfer. At the completion of the then current calendar year, the rate of contribution shall be that of a "new employer" as described in subsection (a)(1) of this section.

- (7) No rate computation will be permitted an employing unit succeeding to the experience of another employing unit pursuant to this section for any period subsequent to such succession except in accordance with rules and regulations adopted by the secretary. Any such regulations shall be consistent with federal requirements for additional credit allowance in section 3303 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and consistent with the provisions of this act.
- Voluntary contributions. Notwithstanding any other provision of the employment security law, any employer may make voluntary payments for the purpose of reducing or maintaining a reduced rate in addition to the contributions required under this section. Such voluntary payments may be made only during the thirty-day period immediately following the date of mailing of experience rating notices for a calendar year. All such voluntary contribution payments shall be paid prior to the expiration of 120 days after the beginning of the year for which such rates are effective. The amount of voluntary contributions shall be credited to the employer's account as of the next preceding computation date and the employer's rate shall be computed accordingly, except that no employer's rate shall be reduced more than five rate groups as provided in schedule I of this section as the result of a voluntary payment. An employer not having a negative account balance may have such employer's rate reduced not more than five rate groups as provided in schedule I of this section as a result of a voluntary payment. An employer having a negative account balance may have such employer's rate reduced to that prescribed for rate group 51 of schedule I of this section by making a voluntary payment in the amount of such negative account balance or to that rate prescribed for rate groups 50 through 47 of schedule I of this section by making an additional voluntary payment that would increase such employer's reserve ratio to the lower limit required for such rate groups 50 through 47. Under no circumstances shall voluntary payments be refunded in whole or in part.
- (d) As used in this section, "negative account balance employer" means an eligible employer whose total benefits charged to such employer's account for all past years have exceeded all contributions paid by such employer for all such years.

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(e) The secretary of labor shall annually prepare and submit a certi-2 fication as to the solvency and adequacy of the amount credited to the state of Kansas' account in the federal employment security trust fund to 3 the governor and the employment security advisory council. The certifi-4 cation shall be submitted on or before December 1 of each calendar year and shall be for the 12-month period ending on June 30 of that calendar 6 year. In arriving at the certification contributions paid on or before July 31 following the 12-month period ending date of June 30 shall be considered. Each certification shall be used to determine the need for any adjustment to schedule III in subsection (a)(3)(A) and to assist in preparing legislation to accomplish any such adjustment.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 44-710 and 44-710a are hereby repealed. 12 13 Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book. 14