Session of 2010

HOUSE BILL No. 2525

By Committee on Local Government

9 AN ACT concerning the open meetings law; relating to executive ses-10sions; amending K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-4319 and repealing the existing 11section. 1213 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 14Section 1. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-4319 is hereby amended to read as 15 follows: 75-4319. (a) Upon formal motion made, seconded and carried, 16all bodies and agencies subject to the open meetings act may recess, but 17not adjourn, open meetings for closed or executive meetings. Any motion 18to recess for a closed or executive meeting shall include a statement of: 19(1) The justification for closing the meeting, (2) the subjects to be dis-20cussed during the closed or executive meeting and (3) the time and place 21at which the open meeting shall resume. Such motion, including the re-22 quired statement, shall be recorded in the minutes of the meeting and 23 shall be maintained as a part of the permanent records of the body or 24 agency. Discussion during the closed or executive meeting shall be limited 25to those subjects stated in the motion. 26No subjects shall be discussed at any closed or executive meeting, (b) 27 except the following: 28(1)Personnel matters of nonelected personnel; 29 consultation with an attorney for the body or agency which would (2)30 be deemed privileged in the attorney-client relationship; 31(3)matters relating to employer-employee negotiations whether or 32 not in consultation with the representative or representatives of the body 33 or agency; 34 (4) confidential data relating to financial affairs or trade secrets of 35 corporations, partnerships, trusts, and individual proprietorships; 36 matters relating to actions adversely or favorably affecting a per-(5)37 son as a student, patient or resident of a public institution, except that 38 any such person shall have the right to a public hearing if requested by 39 the person; 40 (6)preliminary discussions relating to the acquisition of real property; 41matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meeting (7)42pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8804 and amendments thereto; 43 (8)matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meeting

 $1 \quad \mbox{pursuant to subsection (d)(1) of K.S.A. 38-1507 and amendments thereto}$

2 or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 38-1508 and amendments thereto;

(9) matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meeting
 pursuant to subsection (j) of K.S.A. 22a-243 and amendments thereto;

5 (10) matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meet-6 ing pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 44-596 and amendments thereto;

7 (11) matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meet-8 ing pursuant to subsection (g) of K.S.A. 39-7,119 and amendments 9 thereto:

(12) matters required to be discussed in a closed or executive meetingpursuant to a tribal-state gaming compact;

12(13) matters relating to security measures, if the discussion of such 13 matters at an open meeting would jeopardize such security measures, that protect: (A) Systems, facilities or equipment used in the production, 1415 transmission or distribution of energy, water or communications services; 16(B) transportation and sewer or wastewater treatment systems, facilities or equipment; (C) a public body or agency, public building or facility or 1718the information system of a public body or agency; or (D) private property 19or persons, if the matter is submitted to the agency for purposes of this 20paragraph. For purposes of this paragraph, security means measures that 21protect against criminal acts intended to intimidate or coerce the civilian 22population, influence government policy by intimidation or coercion or 23 to affect the operation of government by disruption of public services, mass destruction, assassination or kidnapping. Security measures include, 24 but are not limited to, intelligence information, tactical plans, resource 2526deployment and vulnerability assessments;

(14) matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meeting pursuant to subsection (f) of K.S.A. 65-525, and amendments thereto;

(15) matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meeting pursuant to K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-7427, and amendments thereto;
and

(16) matters permitted to be discussed in a closed or executive meet ing pursuant to K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 46-3801, and amendments thereto.

(c) No binding action shall be taken during closed or executive re cesses, and such recesses shall not be used as a subterfuge to defeat the
 purposes of this act.

37 (d) (1) A member of a public body or agency may object to partici-38 pating in a closed or executive session if the member believes the action 39 violates or subverts the intent of the open meetings act. Upon such objec-40 tion, the closed or executive session may commence or continue only if 41 such meeting or session is recorded. Such recording shall be kept by the 42 public body or agency for a period of time not less than one year after 43 the date of the closed or executive session.

1 (2)The recording of a closed or executive session shall be sealed and 2 not be a public record subject to public inspection under the open records 3 act. In any action to enforce the open meetings act, upon order of the court, the recording of the closed or executive session shall be unsealed 4 and examined by the court in camera. If the court determines it is likely $\mathbf{5}$ that a violation of the act has occurred, the court shall determine what 6 7 portion of the recording of the closed or executive session, if any, should be disclosed for use in the enforcement proceeding to the party seeking 8 9 enforcement of this act. (3) In determining whether any portion of the recording of the closed

10 or executive session should be disclosed to a party under this subsection, 11 12the court shall weigh the prejudicial effects to the public interest resulting from the disclosure of any portion of the recording of the closed or exec-13 utive session against the probative value of such portion needed to enforce 1415the provisions of this act. After making its determination, the court may permit the party seeking enforcement of this act to inspect or use the 16recording of the closed or executive session, or any portion thereof, under 1718such conditions as the court may direct.

(4) The presence of a recording device, as required by this act, shall 1920not constitute or be construed as a violation of the attorney-client 21privilege.

22For the purposes of this subsection: (5)

23 "Recording" means the duplicating, or causing to be duplicated, (A)of sound by electronic means or otherwise, on a phonograph record, disc, 24 wire, tape, film or other article on which sounds are duplicated. 25

26"Recorded" means the duplication of, or causing the duplication (B)27 of, sound by a recording device.

 $\frac{d}{d}(e)$ (1) Any confidential records or information relating to security 2829 measures provided or received under the provisions of subsection (b)(13), shall not be subject to subpoena, discovery or other demand in any ad-30 31 ministrative, criminal or civil action.

32 (2) (A) Except as otherwise provided by law, any confidential documents, records or reports relating to the parole board provided or re-33 34 ceived under the provisions of subsection (b)(16) shall not be subject to 35 subpoena, discovery or other demand in any administrative, criminal or 36 civil action.

37 (B) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, any 38 summary statement provided or received under the provisions of subsec-39 tion (b)(16) shall not be subject to subpoena, discovery or other demand

in any administrative, criminal or civil action. 40 41

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2009 Supp. 75-4319 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 4243 publication in the statute book.