SENATE BILL No. 272

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

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AN ACT concerning criminal procedure; relating to persons incompetent to stand trial; amending K.S.A. 22-3303 and 22-3305 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 22-3303 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3303. (1) A defendant who is charged with a felony and is found to be incompetent to stand trial shall be committed for evaluation and treatment to the state security hospital or any appropriate county or private institution. A defendant who is charged with a misdemeanor felony and is found to be incompetent to stand trial shall be committed for evaluation and treatment to any appropriate state, county or private institution and shall not be released until a district court judge finds, after a hearing at the institution, that the defendant does not present a danger to such defendant or others. When making that determination, the district court shall consider at least the clinical information presented by the state institution which has been generated regarding the competency and mental status of the defendant. Any such commitment shall be for $\frac{1}{2}$ an initial period of not to exceed 90 180 days. Within 90 180 days after the defendant's commitment to such institution, the chief medical officer of such institution shall certify to the district court in a hearing at the institution whether the defendant has a substantial probability of attaining competency is competent to stand trial in the foreseeable future. If such probability does exist, the court shall order the defendant to remain in an appropriate state, county or private institution until the defendant attains competency to stand trial or for a period of six months from the date of the original commitment, whichever occurs first. If such probability does not exist, the court shall order the secretary of social and rehabilitation services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and any amendments thereto. When a defendant is charged with any offgrid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 through 3 felony, or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603 or 21-3719, and amendments thereto, and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for

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eare and treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in subsection (e) of K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as defined in subsection (f)(3) of K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto. The other provisions of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, shall not apply If the defendant is found to remain incompetent to stand trial, such defendant shall be committed for evaluation and treatment to any appropriate state institution and shall not be released until a district court judge finds, after a hearing at the institution, that the defendant does not present a danger to such defendant or others. The foregoing process shall take place every following 180 days, until, after a hearing at the institution, the defendant is either found by the district court to be competent to stand trial, or found incompetent to stand trial but to not present a danger to such defendant or others. If the defendant is found by the district court, after a hearing at the institution, to be incompetent to stand trial but to not present a danger to such defendant or others, the district court shall order the defendant released from the state institution. A precondition of any such release by the district court shall be that the state institution shall provide proof satisfactory to the court of actual written notice, 30 days in advance of the defendant's release, to the county or district attorney where the defendant was charged, the head of the law enforcement agency in such county, and the victim of the crime with which the defendant was charged.

- (2) If a defendant who was found to have had a substantial probability of attaining competency to stand trial, as provided in subsection (1), has not attained competency to stand trial, or has not been released by the district court as provided in subsection (1), within six 12 months from the date of the original commitment, the court shall order the secretary of social and rehabilitation services to commence involuntary commitment proceedings pursuant to article 29 of chapter 59 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and any amendments thereto. When a defendant is charged with any off-grid felony, any nondrug severity level 1 through 3 felony, or a violation of K.S.A. 21-3504, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603 or 21-3719, and amendments thereto, and commitment proceedings have commenced, for such proceeding, "mentally ill person subject to involuntary commitment for care and treatment" means a mentally ill person, as defined in subsection (e) of K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, who is likely to cause harm to self and others, as defined in subsection (f)(3) of K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto. The other provisions of subsection (f) of K.S.A. 59-2946, and amendments thereto, shall not apply.
- (3) Under subsection (1) and (2), if a committed defendant was charged with a person felony and is found incompetent to stand trial, there shall be a presumption such defendant is a danger to such defendant or others, and such presumption may only be overcome if the district

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court finds the defendant, if released without continuing involuntary treatment, will not present a danger to such defendant or others and will not be likely to commit a person felony.

- (3) (4) When reasonable grounds exist to believe that a defendant who has been adjudged incompetent to stand trial is competent, the court in which the criminal case is pending shall conduct a hearing in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302 and amendments thereto to determine the person's present mental condition. Reasonable notice of such hearings shall be given to the prosecuting attorney, the defendant and the defendant's attorney of record, if any. If the court, following such hearing, finds the defendant to be competent, the proceedings pending against the defendant shall be resumed.
- (4) (5) A defendant committed to a public state institution under the provisions of this section who is thereafter sentenced for the crime charged at the time of commitment may be credited with all or any part of the time during which the defendant was committed and confined in such public state institution.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 22-3305 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3305. (1) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services as required by K.S.A. 22-3303 and amendments thereto, and the defendant is not committed to a treatment facility as a patient, the defendant shall remain in the institution where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3303 and amendments thereto, and the secretary shall promptly notify the court and the county or district attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending of the result of the involuntary commitment proceeding.
- (2) Whenever involuntary commitment proceedings have been commenced by the secretary of social and rehabilitation services as required by K.S.A. 22-3303 and amendments thereto, and the defendant is committed to a treatment facility as a patient but thereafter is to be discharged pursuant to the care and treatment act for mentally ill persons, the defendant shall remain in the institution where committed pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3303 and amendments thereto, and the head of the treatment facility shall promptly notify the court and the county or district attorney of the county in which the criminal proceedings are pending that the defendant is to be discharged *subject to provisions of subsection* (3).

When giving notification to the court and the county or district attorney pursuant to subsection (1) or (2), the treatment facility shall include in such notification an opinion from the head of the treatment facility as to whether or not the defendant is now competent to stand trial. Upon request of the county or district attorney, the court may set a hearing on the issue of whether or not the defendant has been restored to compe-

tency. If no such request is made within 10 days after receipt of notice pursuant to subsection (1) or (2), the court shall order the defendant to be discharged from commitment and shall dismiss without prejudice the charges against the defendant, and the period of limitation for the prosecution for the crime charged shall not continue to run until the defendant has been determined to have attained competency in accordance with K.S.A. 22-3302 and amendments thereto.

- (3) A defendant charged with committing any of the following: capital murder as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439, and amendments thereto, an attempt to commit capital murder, murder in the first degree, as defined by K.S.A. 21-3401, and amendments thereto, or an attempt to commit murder in the first degree, murder in the second degree as defined by K.S.A. 21-3402, and amendments thereto, an attempt to commit murder in the second degree, voluntary manslaughter as defined by K.S.A. 21-3403, and amendments thereto, or an attempt to commit voluntary manslaughter, involuntary manslaughter, as defined by K.S.A. 21-3404, and amendments thereto, or any other inherently dangerous felony as described in K.S.A. 21-3436, and amendments thereto, shall not be eligible for release from a state mental health treatment facility and is deemed to remain a danger to such defendant or others as defined by the code for the care and treatment for mentally ill persons so long as the defendant continues to remain incompetent to stand trial based upon a mental disease or defect which interferes with such person's ability to be competent to stand trial.
- (4) A defendant who is committed and charged with the crimes as set forth in subsection (3) shall be entitled to a hearing every 12 months to determine if the defendant continues to suffer from an underlying mental disease or defect which prohibits the defendant from obtaining competency.
- (5) Under no circumstances shall a doctor, director or superintendent of a state mental health treatment facility discharge a defendant who has pending criminal charges, until a hearing is held before the district judge presiding over the criminal proceedings has authorized the release of said defendant. At the hearing, notice will be given to the county or district attorney, the victim or victim's family and the court must determine by clear and convincing evidence that the defendant will not pose a danger to such defendant or others on the basis of such mental disease or defect which prohibits the defendant from being competent to stand trial.
 - Sec. 3. K.S.A. 22-3303 and 22-3305 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.