SENATE BILL No. 493

By Committee on Judiciary

1-29

AN ACT concerning crimes and punishments; relating to smoking; creating the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act; amending K.S.A. 21-4012 and 65-530 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act.

New Sec. 2. As used in sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings unless a different meaning clearly appears from the context:

- (a) "Bar" means any indoor area that is operated and licensed primarily for the sale and service of alcoholic beverages for on-premises consumption.
- (b) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle used on a highway in interstate or intrastate commerce to transport property when the vehicle:
- (1) Has a gross weight rating, or gross vehicle weight or gross combination weight of 10,001 pounds or more; and
- (2) is not used in transporting material found by the United States secretary of transportation to be hazardous under 49 U.S.C. 5103 and transported in a quantity requiring placarding under regulations prescribed by the United States secretary of transportation under 49 C.F.R., subtitle B, chapter I, subchapter C, and is subject to the provisions of 49 C.F.R. 397.13 as enacted on December 12, 1994.
- (c) "Employee" means any person who is employed by an employer in consideration for direct or indirect monetary wages or profit, and any person who volunteers their services for a nonprofit entity.
- (d) "Employer" means any person, partnership, corporation, association or organization, including municipal or nonprofit entities, which employs one or more individual persons.
- (e) "Enclosed area" means all space between a floor and ceiling which is enclosed on all sides by solid walls, windows or doorways which extend from the floor to the ceiling, including all space therein screened by partitions which do not extend to the ceiling or are not solid or similar struc-

tures. For purposes of this section, the following shall not be considered an "enclosed area": (1) Rooms or areas, enclosed by walls, windows or doorways, having neither a ceiling nor a roof and which are completely open to the elements and weather at all times; and (2) rooms or areas, enclosed by walls, windows or doorways and a roof or ceiling, having an opening that is completely and permanently open to the elements and weather and which comprises an area that is at least 20% of the total perimeter wall area of such room or area.

- (f) "Entryway" means the area within a 10 foot radius outside of any doorway leading into a building or facility that is not exempted pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 21-4010, and amendments thereto.
- (g) "Food service establishment" means any place in which food is served or is prepared for sale or service on the premises. Such term shall include, but not be limited to, fixed or mobile restaurants, coffee shops, cafeterias, short-order cafes, luncheonettes, grills, tea rooms, sandwich shops, soda fountains, taverns, private clubs, roadside kitchens, commissaries and any other private, public or nonprofit organization or institution routinely serving food and any other eating or drinking establishment or operation where food is served or provided for the public with or without charge.
- (h) "Medical care facility" means a doctor's office, general hospital, special hospital, ambulatory surgery center or recuperation center, as defined by K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto, and any psychiatric hospital licensed under K.S.A. 75-3307b, and amendments thereto.
- (i) "Place of employment" means any enclosed area under the control of a public or private employer, including, but not limited to, work areas, auditoriums, elevators, private offices, employee lounges and restrooms, conference and meeting rooms, classrooms, employee cafeterias, stairwells and hallways, that is used by employees during the course of employment. For purposes of this section, a private residence shall not be considered a "place of employment" unless:
- (1) Such residence is used as a day care home, as defined in K.S.A. 65-530, and amendments thereto; or
- (2) such residence is also used for the operation of an in-home business, and such business consists of an enclosed area that is a designated work area which is accessible to the general public or which is occupied by at least one employee on a full-time basis, and such employee is not related to the owner of the business and has no ownership interest in the residence.
 - (j) "Public building" means any building owned or operated by:
- (1) The state, including any branch, department, agency, bureau, commission, authority or other instrumentality thereof;
 - (2) any county, city, township, other political subdivision, including

any commission, authority, agency or instrumentality thereof; or

- (3) any other separate corporate instrumentality or unit of the state or any municipality.
- (k) "Public meeting" means any meeting open to the public pursuant to K.S.A. 75-4317 et seq., and amendments thereto, or any other law of this state.
- (l) "Public place" means any enclosed areas open to the public or used by the general public including, but not limited to: Banks, bars, food service establishments, retail service establishments, retail stores, public means of mass transportation, passenger elevators, health care institutions or any other place where health care services are provided to the public, medical care facilities, educational facilities, libraries, courtrooms, public buildings, restrooms, grocery stores, school buses, museums, theaters, auditoriums, arenas and recreational facilities. For purposes of this section, a private residence shall not be considered a "public place" unless such residence is used as a day care home, as defined in K.S.A. 65-530, and amendments thereto.
- (m) "Smoking" means possession of a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe or burning tobacco in any other form or device designed for the use of tobacco

New Sec. 3. (a) No person shall smoke in an enclosed area or at a public meeting, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Public places;
- taxicabs and limousines;
- (3) restrooms, lobbies, hallways and other common areas in public and private buildings, condominiums and other multiple-residential facilities:
- (4) restrooms, lobbies and other common areas in hotels and motels and in at least 80% of the sleeping quarters within a hotel or motel that may be rented to guests;
- (5) entryways of all buildings and facilities not exempted pursuant to subsection (b) of this section; and
 - (6) any place of employment.
- (b) Each employer having a place of employment that is an enclosed area shall provide a smoke-free workplace for all employees. Such employer shall also adopt and maintain a written smoking policy which shall prohibit smoking without exception in all areas of the place of employment. Such policy shall be communicated to all current employees within one week of its adoption and shall be communicated to all new employees upon hiring. Each employer shall provide a written copy of the smoking policy upon request to any current or prospective employee.
 - (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
- (1) The outdoor areas of any building or facility beyond 10 feet of

any entrance or exit to such building or facility;

- (2) private homes, private residences, except when such home or residence is used as a day care home, as defined in K.S.A. 65-530, and amendments thereto;
- (3) that portion of a place of employment as described in paragraph (i)(2) of section 2, and amendments thereto, which is not used as a designated work area;
- (4) a hotel or motel room designated for smoking guests if the total percentage of such hotel or motel rooms in such hotel or motel does not exceed 20%;
 - (5) private automobiles used primarily for personal use;
 - (6) freight trains; and
 - (7) commercial motor vehicles.
- New Sec. 4. The proprietor or other person in charge of the premises of a public place, or other area where smoking is prohibited, shall post or cause to be posted in a conspicuous place signs displaying the international no smoking symbol and clearly stating that smoking is prohibited by state law.
- New Sec. 5. (a) It shall be unlawful for any person who owns, manages, operates or otherwise controls the use of any public place, or other area where smoking is prohibited, to fail to comply with all or any of the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person who owns, manages, operates or otherwise controls the use of any public place, or other area where smoking is prohibited, to allow smoking to occur where prohibited by law. Any such person shall be deemed to allow smoking to occur under this subsection if such person:
 - (1) Has knowledge that smoking is occurring; or
 - (2) acquiesces to the smoking under the totality of the circumstances.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to smoke in any area where smoking is prohibited by the provisions of section 3, and amendments thereto.
- New Sec. 6. Nothing in sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, shall prevent any city or county from regulating smoking within its boundaries, so long as such regulation is at least as stringent as that imposed by sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto. In such cases the more stringent local regulation shall control to the extent of any inconsistency between such regulation and sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto.
- New Sec. 7. The provisions of K.S.A. 21-4009 through 21-4014, 21-4016 and 21-4017, and amendments thereto, shall not apply in any county which is subject to the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act pursuant to section 9, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 8. If any provision of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, or the application thereof to any person, thing or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect the provision of application of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, are declared to be severable.

New Sec. 9. (a) The board of county commissioners of each county in the state by resolution shall submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposition to make the county subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto. The proposition shall be submitted to the voters at a general election of the county held not more than 180 days after the effective date of this act.

- (c) The election provided for by subsection (a) or (f) shall be conducted, and the votes counted and canvassed, in the manner provided by law for question submitted elections of the county.
- (d) If a majority of the votes cast and counted at an election under subsection (a) is in favor of making the county subject to the provisions of the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act, then on and after January 1, 2009, the county shall be subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto.
- (e) If a majority of the votes cast and counted at an election under subsection (a) is against making the county subject to the provisions of the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act, the county shall not be subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, except that such county shall still be subject to the provisions of subsection (f) of this section and the provisions of K.S.A. 21-4009 through 21-4014, 21-4016 and 21-4017, and amendments thereto.
- (f) In the event a majority of the votes cast and counted at an election held pursuant to subsection (a) or this subsection is against making the county subject to the provisions of the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act, the board of county commissioners may at any time after such election by resolution submit to the qualified voters of the county a proposition to make the county subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto. The proposition shall be submitted to the voters of the county at the next general election of the county which follows adoption of the resolution by more than 90 days. If a majority of the votes cast and counted at an election under this subsection is in favor

of making the county subject to the provisions of the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act, then on and after January 1 of the year immediately following such election, the county shall be subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto. If a majority of the votes cast and counted at an election under this subsection is against making the county subject to the provisions of the Kansas uniform smoking prohibition act, the county shall not be subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, except that such county shall still be subject to the provisions of this subsection and the provisions of K.S.A. 21-4009 through 21-4014, 21-4016 and 21-4017, and amendments thereto.

- (g) No county shall be subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, until such county has elected to be subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, pursuant to this section. At such time the county shall become subject to the provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, on such date as provided in subsection (d) or (f), whichever is applicable.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 21-4012 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4012. (a) Any person found guilty of smoking in violation of this act K.S.A. 21-4010, 21-4011, section 3 or section 4, and amendments thereto, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$20 for each violation. Any person found guilty of failing to post signs as required by this act, is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not more than \$50.:
 - (1) Not exceeding \$100 for the first violation within a one-year period;
- (2) not exceeding \$200 for a second violation within a one-year period; or
- (3) not exceeding \$500 for a third or subsequent violation within a one-year period.

For purposes of this subsection, the number of violations within a oneyear period shall be measured by the date the violations occur.

- (b) Each individual allowed to smoke by a person who owns, manages, operates or otherwise controls the use of any public place, or other area where smoking is prohibited, in violation of subsection (b) of section 5, and amendments thereto, shall be considered a separate violation for the purposes of determining the number of violations under subsection (a).
- (c) In addition, the department of health and environment, or local department of health, may institute an action in any court of competent jurisdiction to enjoin repeated violations of this act.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 65-530 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-530. 42 (a) As used in this section:
 - (1) "Day care home" means a day care home as defined under Kansas

 administrative regulation 28-4-113, a group day care home as defined under Kansas administrative regulation 28-4-113 and a family day care home as defined under K.S.A. 65-517 and amendments thereto.

- (2) "Smoking" means possession of a lighted cigarette, cigar, pipe or burning tobacco in any other form or device designed for the use of tobacco.
- (b) Smoking within any room, enclosed area or other enclosed space of a facility or facilities of a day care home during a time when children who are not related by blood, marriage or legal adoption to the person who maintains the home are being cared for, as part of the operation of the day care home, within the facility or facilities is hereby prohibited. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit smoking on the premises of the day care home outside the facility or facilities of a day care home, including but not limited to porches, yards or garages.
- (c) Each day care home registration certificate or license shall contain a statement in bold print that smoking is prohibited within a room, enclosed area or other enclosed space of the facility or facilities of the day care home under the conditions specified in subsection (b). The statement shall be phrased in substantially the same language as subsection (b). The registration certificate or license shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the facility or facilities.
- (d) The secretary of health and environment may levy a civil fine under K.S.A. 65-526 and amendments thereto against any day care home for a first or second violation of this section. A third or subsequent violation shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 65-523 and amendments thereto.
- (e) In addition to any civil fine which may be levied pursuant to subsection (d), any day care home that violates any provision of this section may also be subject to criminal punishment pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4012, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 21-4012 and 65-530 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 13. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.