Session of 2008

HOUSE BILL No. 2830

By Representative Patton

2 - 12

- 9 AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relat-
- ing to sentencing; theft; amending K.S.A. 21-4704 and repealing the
 existing section; also repealing K.S.A. 21-4704b.
- 11 existing section; also repeating K.S.A. 12

13 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

- 14 Section 1. K.S.A. 21-4704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-
- 15 4704. (a) For purposes of sentencing, the following sentencing guidelines
- 16 grid for nondrug crimes shall be applied in felony cases for crimes com-

17 mitted on or after July 1, 1993:

HB 2830

Category		А	В			с		D			Е		F			6		Η			I	
Severity Level I	F	3 + Person Felonies	2 Person Felonies	n ies	1 Pe 1 Noi Fel	1 Person & 1 Nonperson Felonies		1 Person Felony		Non Fel	3 + Nonperson Felonies		2 Nonperson Felonies	on s	ž	1 Nonperson Felony		2 + Misdemeanors	anors	W	1 Misdemeanor No Record	anor
I	653	620 592	618 586	554	285	272 258	267	253	240	246	234 221	226	214	203	203	195	184	186 176	166	165	155	147
=	493	467 442	460 438		216	205 194	200	190		184	174 165	5 168	3 160	152	154	146		138 131	123	123	117	109
Ш	247	233 221	228 216	206	107	102 96	100	94	6 68	92	88 82	2 83	<i>6L</i>	74	11	72	68	99	61	19	59	55
IV	172	162 154	162 154		75	71 68	69	99	62 62	64	60 57	7 59	56	52	52	50	48 47	45	42	43	41	38
v	136	130 122	128 120	114	09	57 53	55	52	50 50	51	49 46	47 6	44	41	43	41	38	\square				
Ŋ	46	43 40	41 39	37	38	36 34	36	34	32	32	30 28	29	27	25				20	19	19	18	17
ПЛ	34	32 30	31 29	27	29	27 25	26	24	22	23	21 19	19	18	17	17	16	14	13	12	13	12	Ξ
ШЛ	23	21 19	20 19	18	19	18 17	17	16	15	15	14	13	12	11	Ξ	10	9	10	6	6	8	
XI	11	16 15	15 14	13	13	12 11	13	12	1 1	=	10	9 10	6	∞	6	80	7 8	7	9	7	9	4,
Х	13	12 11	12 11	10	11	10 9	10	6	8		8	7 8	7	6	7	9	5 7	9	5	7	9	4,
LEGEND Presumptive Probation Bresumptive Imriteonment	LEGEND Presumptive Probation Bobel Bob costumetive Innorisonmen	nemi																				

1 (b) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing 2 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. Sentences expressed in such grid 3 represent months of imprisonment.

4 (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime severity 5 and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is the crime 6 severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The grid's 7 horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal 8 histories.

9 (d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in 10 this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, sub-11 ject to judicial discretion to deviate for substantial and compelling reasons 12 and impose a different sentence in recognition of aggravating and miti-13 gating factors as provided in this act. The appropriate punishment for a 14 felony conviction should depend on the severity of the crime of conviction 15 when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history.

(e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place
within the sentencing range. The sentencing judge shall select the center
of the range in the usual case and reserve the upper and lower limits for
aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure.

20 (2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall 21 pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the prison sen-22 tence, the maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of 23 good time and the period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing 24 hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall 25 not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.

(3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the prison sentence as well as the duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.

29 (f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an 30 offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below 3132 the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the dispositional 33 34 line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is 35 classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making the following findings on the record: 36

(1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be
 more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of
 offender recidivism; and

40 (2) the recommended treatment program is available and the of-41 fender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of 42 time; or

43 (3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by

1 promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional 2 3 nonprison sentence if the offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. 4 (g) The sentence for the violation of K.S.A. 21-3415, and amend- $\mathbf{5}$ ments thereto, aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer com-6 7 mitted prior to July 1, 2006, or K.S.A. 21-3411, and amendments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer, which places the 8 defendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be presumed impris-9 onment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon 10 making a finding on the record that the nonprison sanction will serve 11 12community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any de-13 cision made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence, if the offense is classified in grid block 6-H or 6-I, shall 1415 not be considered departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record
that the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any decision made by the court regarding
the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered
a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

23 (i) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) 24 of K.S.A. 21-3710, K.S.A. 21-4310 and K.S.A. 21-4318, and amendments 2526thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing 27requirements of that section and shall not be subject to the provisions of 28this section or K.S.A. 21-4707 and amendments thereto. If because of the 29 offender's criminal history classification the offender is subject to pre-30 sumptive imprisonment or if the judge departs from a presumptive pro-31bation sentence and the offender is subject to imprisonment, the provi-32 sions of this section and K.S.A. 21-4707, and amendments thereto, shall 33 apply and the offender shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as 34 provided in K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding 35 the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3)36 37 of K.S.A. 21-3412a, subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, 38 K.S.A. 21-4310 and K.S.A. 21-4318, and amendments thereto, shall not 39 be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections, 40 except that the term of imprisonment for felony violations of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto, may be served in a state correctional 4142facility designated by the secretary of corrections if the secretary deter-43 mines that substance abuse treatment resources and facility capacity is

HB 2830

available. The secretary's determination regarding the availability of
 treatment resources and facility capacity shall not be subject to review.

(j) (1) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current
convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be
double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.
The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction
carries a presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment
and shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.

Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this 10(2)subsection, "persistent sex offender" means a person who: (A) (i) Has 11 12been convicted in this state of a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 13 22-3717 and amendments thereto; and (ii) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (A) (i) has at least one conviction for a sexually violent 1415crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments thereto in this state 16or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government; or (B) (i) has been convicted of rape, 1718K.S.A. 21-3502, and amendments thereto; and (ii) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (B) (i) has at least one conviction for rape in 1920this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal 21government or a foreign government.

(3) Except as provided in paragraph (2)(B), the provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime is a
severity level 1 or 2 felony.

25(k) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony 26violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any 27criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further or assist 28in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sentence shall 29 be presumed imprisonment. Any decision made by the court regarding 30 the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. As used in this subsection, 3132 "criminal street gang" means any organization, association or group of 33 three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its 34 primary activities the commission of one or more person felonies or felony 35 violations of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 65-4101 et seq., and amendments thereto, which has a common name or common iden-36 tifying sign or symbol, whose members, individually or collectively engage 37 38 in or have engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy 39 to commit or solicitation of two or more person felonies or felony viola-40 tions of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 65-4101 et seq., and amendments thereto, or any substantially similar offense from an-4142other jurisdiction.

43 (l) (1) The sentence for a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-

3715 and amendments thereto when such person being sentenced has a
 prior conviction for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 21-3715
 or 21-3716 and amendments thereto shall be presumed imprisonment.

4 (2) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3715, and amendments 5 thereto, when such person being sentenced has two or more prior con-6 victions for violations of K.S.A. 21-3715, and amendments thereto, or a 7 prior conviction of K.S.A. 21-3715 and 21-3716, and amendments thereto, 8 shall be presumed imprisonment and the defendant shall be sentenced 9 to prison as provided by this section. Such sentence shall not be consid-

10 ered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(m) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A 22-4903 or subsection (d)
of K.S.A. 21-3812, and amendments thereto, shall be presumptive imprisonment. If an offense under such sections is classified in grid blocks
5-E, 5-F, 5-G, 5-H or 5-I, the court may impose an optional nonprison
sentence upon making the following findings on the record:

16 (1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be 17 more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of 18 offender recidivism, such program is available and the offender can be 19 admitted to such program within a reasonable period of time; or

20 (2) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by 21 promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence pursuant to this section shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(n) The sentence for a violation of K.S.A. 21-3701, and amendments
 thereto, theft, which places the defendant's sentence in grid block category

27 A through E shall be presumed imprisonment to the amount in the center

28 of the range in such grid block. Any decision made by the court imposing

29 presumed imprisonment shall not be considered a departure and shall not
30 be subject to appeal.

31 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 21-4704 and 21-4704b are hereby repealed.

32 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 33 publication in the statute book.