HOUSE BILL No. 2680

By Representatives Mah, Davis, Dillmore, Holland, Lukert, Pauls, Ruff, Trimmer, Ward and Williams

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AN ACT enacting the immigration accountability act; relating to employment; duties of the department of revenue; amending K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-3234, 79-32,120 and 79-32,138 and repealing the existing sections.

 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. As used in this act, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) "Agency" means any agency, department, board or commission of the state or any municipality, as defined in K.S.A. 75-1117, and amendments thereto, that issues a license for purposes of operating a business in this state.
- (b) "E-verify" means an electronic system as jointly administered by the United States department of homeland security and the social security administration or its successor program, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 1324a, which is used to verify the employment authorization of employees.
- (c) "Employee" means any person who performs employment services for an employer pursuant to an employment relationship between the employee and employer.
- (d) "Employer" means any individual or type of organization that transacts business in this state, that has a license issued by an agency in this state and that employs one or more individuals who perform employment services in this state. Employer includes the state, any municipality, as defined in K.S.A. 75-1117, and amendments thereto, and self-employed persons.
- (e) "Intentionally" means, with respect to a result or to conduct, that a person's objective is to cause that result or to engage in that conduct.
- (f) "Knowingly employ an unauthorized alien" means the actions described in 8 U.S.C. 1324a. This term shall be interpreted consistently with 8 U.S.C. 1324a and any applicable federal rules and regulations.
- (g) "License" means any agency license, permit, certificate, approval, registration, charter or similar form of authorization that is required by law and that is issued by any agency for the purposes of operating a business in this state. License includes:

- (1) Articles of incorporation pursuant to article 60 of chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (2) A partnership pursuant to chapter 56a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (3) A limited partnership pursuant to article 1a of chapter 56 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (4) A limited liability company pursuant to article 76 of chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- (5) A foreign corporation, a foreign limited partnership or a foreign limited liability company authorized to transact business in this state.
- (6) A business trust pursuant to article 20 of chapter 17 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
 - (7) Any business entity that registers with the secretary of state. License does not include any professional license.
- 15 (h) "Unauthorized alien" means an alien who does not have the legal 16 right or authorization under federal law to work in the United States as 17 described in 8 U.S.C. 1324a(h)(3).
 - New Sec. 2. (a) On and after January 1, 2009, an employer shall not intentionally employ an unauthorized alien or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.
 - (b) On receipt of a complaint that an employer allegedly intentionally employs an unauthorized alien or knowingly employs an unauthorized alien, the attorney general or county attorney shall investigate whether the employer has violated subsection (a). When investigating a complaint, the attorney general or county attorney shall verify the work authorization of the alleged unauthorized alien with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 1373(c). A state, county or local official shall not attempt to independently make a final determination on whether an alien is authorized to work in the United States. An alien's immigration status or work authorization status shall be verified with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 1373(c). A person who knowingly files a false and frivolous complaint under this subsection is guilty of a class C, nonperson misdemeanor.
 - (c) If, after an investigation, the attorney general or county attorney determines that the complaint is not frivolous:
 - (1) The attorney general or county attorney shall notify the United States immigration and customs enforcement of the unauthorized alien.
 - (2) The attorney general or county attorney shall notify the local law enforcement agency of the unauthorized alien.
 - (3) The attorney general shall notify the appropriate county attorney to bring an action pursuant to subsection (d) if the complaint was originally filed with the attorney general.
 - (d) An action for a violation of subsection (a) shall be brought against

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the employer by the county attorney in the county where the unauthorized alien employee is employed. A second violation of this section shall be based only on an unauthorized alien who is employed by the employer after an action has been brought for a violation of subsection (a).

- (e) For any action in court under this section, the court shall expedite the action, including assigning the hearing at the earliest practicable date.
 - (f) On a finding of a violation of subsection (a):
- (1) For a first violation during a three-year period that is a knowing violation of subsection (a), the court:
- (A) Shall order the employer to terminate the employment of all unauthorized aliens.
- (B) Shall order the employer to be subject to a three-year probationary period. During the probationary period the employer shall file quarterly reports with the county attorney of each new employee who is hired by the employer at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work.
- (C) Shall order the employer to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney within three business days after the order is issued. The affidavit shall state that the employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer will not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. The court shall order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses subject to this section that are held by the employer if the employer fails to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney within three business days after the order is issued. All licenses that are suspended under this section shall remain suspended until the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. Notwithstanding any other law, on filing of the affidavit the suspended licenses shall be reinstated immediately by the appropriate agencies for the purposes of this section, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this section are all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this section are all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business. On receipt of the court's order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the court's order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the attorney general and the attorney general shall maintain the copy pursuant to subsection (g).
 - (D) May order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses de-

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scribed in paragraph (C) that are held by the employer for not to exceed 10 business days. The court shall base its decision to suspend under this 2 3 paragraph on any evidence or information submitted to it during the action for a violation of this section and shall consider the following factors, if relevant:

- (i) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the employer.
- (ii) Any prior misconduct by the employer.
- The degree of harm resulting from the violation.
- 9 Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply with any applicable requirements. 10
 - (v) The duration of the violation.
- (vi) The role of the directors, officers or principals of the employer 13 in the violation.
 - Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
 - For a first violation during a five-year period that is an intentional violation of subsection (a), the court shall:
 - (A) Order the employer to terminate the employment of all unauthorized aliens.
 - (B) Order the employer to be subject to a five-year probationary period. During the probationary period the employer shall file quarterly reports with the county attorney of each new employee who is hired by the employer at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work.
 - Order the appropriate agencies to suspend all licenses, described in paragraph (D) that are held by the employer for a minimum of 10 days. The court shall base its decision on the length of the suspension under this subdivision on any evidence or information submitted to it during the action for a violation of this subsection and shall consider the following factors, if relevant:
 - (i) The number of unauthorized aliens employed by the employer.
 - Any prior misconduct by the employer.
 - The degree of harm resulting from the violation.
- 33 Whether the employer made good faith efforts to comply with 34 any applicable requirements.
 - The duration of the violation.
 - (vi) The role of the directors, officers or principals of the employer in the violation.
 - Any other factors the court deems appropriate.
- Order the employer to file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. The affidavit shall state that the employer has terminated 40 the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer will not 42intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. All licenses that 43 are suspended under this section shall remain suspended until the em-

ployer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. For the purposes of this section, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this section are all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the licenses that are subject to suspension under this section are all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business. On receipt of the court's order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall suspend the licenses according to the court's order. The court shall send a copy of the court's order to the attorney general and the attorney general shall maintain the copy pursuant to subsection (g).

- (3) For a second violation of subsection (a) during the period of probation, the court shall order the appropriate agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer and that are necessary to operate the employer's business at the employer's business location where the unauthorized alien performed work. If a license is not necessary to operate the employer's business at the specific location where the unauthorized alien performed work, but a license is necessary to operate the employer's business in general, the court shall order the appropriate agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer at the employer's primary place of business. On receipt of the order and notwithstanding any other law, the appropriate agencies shall immediately revoke the licenses.
- (g) The attorney general shall maintain copies of court orders that are received pursuant to subsection (f) and shall maintain a database of the employers who have a first violation of subsection (a) and make the court orders available on the attorney general's website.
- (h) On determining whether an employee is an unauthorized alien, the court shall consider only the federal government's determination pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 1373(c). The federal government's determination creates a rebuttable presumption of the employee's lawful status. The court may take judicial notice of the federal government's determination and may request the federal government to provide automated or testimonial verification pursuant to 8 U.S.C. 1373(c).
- (i) For the purposes of this section, proof of verifying the employment authorization of an employee through e-verify creates a rebuttable presumption that an employer did not intentionally employ an unauthorized alien or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.
- (j) For the purposes of this section, an employer who establishes that it has complied in good faith with the requirements of 8 U.S.C. 1324a(b)

 establishes an affirmative defense that the employer did not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien.

New Sec. 3. This act shall not be construed to require an employer to take any action that the employer believes in good faith would violate federal or state law.

New Sec. 4. On and after January 1, 2009, every employer, after hiring an employee, shall verify the employment eligibility of the employee through e-verify.

New Sec. 5. On or before October 1, 2008, the department of revenue shall provide a notice to every employer that is required to withhold tax pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3298 et seq., and amendments thereto. The notice shall explain the requirements of this act, including the following:

- (a) A new state law prohibits employers from intentionally employing an unauthorized alien or knowingly employing an unauthorized alien.
- (b) For a first violation of this new state law during a three-year period that is a knowing violation, the court will order the appropriate licensing agencies to suspend all licenses held by the employer unless the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney within three business days. The filed affidavit must state that the employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer will not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. A license that is suspended will remain suspended until the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. A copy of the court order will be made available on the attorney general's website.
- (c) For a first violation of this new state law during a five-year period that is an intentional violation, the court will order the appropriate licensing agencies to suspend all licenses held by the employer for a minimum of 10 days. The employer must file a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. The filed affidavit must state that the employer has terminated the employment of all unauthorized aliens and that the employer will not intentionally or knowingly employ an unauthorized alien. A license that is suspended will remain suspended until the employer files a signed sworn affidavit with the county attorney. A copy of the court order will be made available on the attorney general's website.
- (d) For a second violation of this new state law, the court will order the appropriate licensing agencies to permanently revoke all licenses that are held by the employer.
- (e) Proof of verifying the employment authorization of an employee through e-verify will create a rebuttable presumption that an employer did not violate the new state law.
- (f) On and after January 1, 2009, every employer, after hiring an employee, is required to verify the employment eligibility of the employee through e-verify.

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41 42 (g) Instructions for the employer on how to enroll in e-verify.

New Sec. 6. (a) No payment or compensation or other remuneration, including, but not limited, to wages, salaries, bonuses, benefits, in-kind exchanges, expenses or any other economic benefit, paid to an unauthorized alien employee, as defined in section 1, and amendments thereto, may be claimed and allowed as a deductible business expense for state income tax purposes. This section shall apply whether or not an Internal Revenue Service form 1099 or form W-2 is issued in conjunction with such payments, compensation or other remuneration.

- This section shall not apply to any business which is exempt from compliance with federal employment verification procedures under federal law which makes the employment of unauthorized aliens unlawful.
- (c) This section shall not apply to any individual hired by the taxpayer prior to January 1, 2009.
- (d) This section shall not apply to any taxpayer where the individual being paid is not directly compensated or employed by such taxpayer.

New Sec. 7. (a) No state agency or municipality, as defined in K.S.A. 75-1117, and amendments thereto, shall award a public works or purchase contract to a bidder, contractor or employer, nor shall a bidder, contractor or employer be eligible to bid for or receive a public works contract, who has, in the preceding five years: (1) Been found to have violated section 2, and amendments thereto; or (2) been a party to a state agency proceeding in this state in which a penalty or sanction was ordered, either by hearing or final order, or through stipulation and agreement, for violating section 2, and amendments thereto.

- A person or entity is considered to have complied with a requirement of this section, notwithstanding a technical or procedural failure to meet such requirement, if there was a good faith attempt to comply with the federal requirements found in 8 U.S.C. 1324a.
- A person or entity which establishes that it has complied in good faith with respect to the hiring, recruiting or referral for employment of an alien in the United States has established an affirmative defense under this section.
- (d) Any employer found to be in violation of this section shall, in addition to all available administrative penalties and sanctions, forfeit and be liable for an amount equal to the total value of the state benefit such employer has received or been the beneficiary of for the period of five years leading up to the date of the finding of guilt, not to exceed the federally prescribed civil penalty in 8 U.S.C. 1324a.
- (e) The secretary of labor shall be responsible for administering the provisions of this section.
- The provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, K.S.A. 43 77-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall govern all proceedings

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1 initiated under this section.

- As used in this section:
- "State agency" means any state office or officer, department, board, commission, institution, bureau or any agency, division or unit within any office, department, board, commission or other state authority of this state or any person requesting a state appropriation.
- "State benefit" means any state-administered or subsidized tax credit, tax abatement, tax exemption, loan or loan guarantee.
- 9 "Unit of government" means any municipality, as defined in K.S.A. 75-1117, and amendments thereto, or any entity which is the ben-10 eficiary of any state benefit.

New Sec. 8. As used in sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto:

- "Construction" means any constructing, altering reconstructing, repairing, rehabilitating, refinishing, refurbishing, remodeling, remediating, renovating, custom fabricating, maintenance, landscaping, improving, wrecking, painting, decorating, demolishing and adding to or subtracting from any building, structure, highway, roadway, street, bridge, alley, sewer, ditch, sewage disposal plant, water works, parking facility, railroad, excavation or other structure, project, development, real property or improvement, or to do any part thereof, whether or not the performance of the work herein described involves the addition to, or fabrication into, any structure, project, development, real property or improvement herein described of any material or article of merchandise. Construction shall also include moving construction related materials on the job site or to or from the job site.
- "Contractor" means any sole proprietor, partnership, limited partnership, firm, corporation, limited liability company, association or other business entity that registers with the secretary of state who engages in construction. "Contractor" shall include a general contractor and a subcontractor.
 - (c) "Department" means the department of labor.
 - "Secretary" means the secretary of labor.
- "Employer" means any contractor that employs individuals deemed employees under section 9, and amendments thereto. "Employer" shall not include the:
- (1) State of Kansas or its officers, agencies or political subdivisions; or
- 39 (2)federal government.
 - "Entity" means any contractor for which an individual is performing services and is not classified as an employee under section 9, and amendments thereto. "Entity" does not include the:
 - State of Kansas or its officers, agencies or political subdivisions;

or

- (2) federal government.
- (g) "Interested party" means a person with an interest in compliance with sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.
- (h) "Performing services" means the performance of any construction.

New Sec. 9. (a) For the purposes of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, an individual performing services for a contractor is deemed to be an employee of the employer except as provided in subsections (b) and (c).

- (b) An individual performing services for a contractor is deemed to be an employee of the contractor unless it is shown that the:
- (1) Individual has been and will continue to be free from control or direction over the performance of the service for the contractor, both under the contract of service and in fact;
- (2) service performed by the individual is outside the usual course of services performed by the contractor; and
- (3) individual is engaged in an independently established trade, occupation, profession or business; or
- (4) individual is deemed a legitimate sole proprietor or partnership under subsection (c).
- (c) The sole proprietor or partnership performing services for a contractor as a subcontractor is deemed legitimate if it is shown that:
- (1) the sole proprietor or partnership is performing the service free from the direction or control over the means and manner of providing the service, subject only to the right of the contractor for whom the service is provided to specify the desired result;
- (2) the sole proprietor or partnership is not subject to cancellation or destruction upon severance of the relationship with the contractor;
- (3) the sole proprietor or partnership has a substantial investment of capital in the sole proprietorship or partnership beyond ordinary tools and equipment and a personal vehicle;
- (4) the sole proprietor or partnership owns the capital goods and gains the profits and bears the losses of the sole proprietorship or partnership;
- (5) the sole proprietor or partnership makes its services available to the general public or the business community on a continuing basis;
- (6) the sole proprietor or partnership includes services rendered on a federal income tax schedule as an independent business or profession;
- (7) the sole proprietor or partnership performs services for the contractor under the sole proprietorship's or partnership's name;
- 42 (8) when the services being provided require a license or permit, the 43 sole proprietor or partnership obtains and pays for the license or permit

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in the sole proprietorship's or partnership's name;

- (9) the sole proprietor or partnership furnishes the tools and equipment necessary to provide the service;
- (10) if necessary, the sole proprietor or partnership hires its own employees without contractor approval, pays the employees without reimbursement from the contractor and reports the employees' income to the internal revenue service:
- (11) the contractor does not represent the sole proprietorship or partnership as an employee of the contractor to its customers; and
- (12) the sole proprietor or partnership has the right to perform similar services for others on whatever basis and whenever it chooses.
- (d) Where a sole proprietor or partnership performing services for a contractor as a subcontractor is deemed not legitimate under subsection (c), the sole proprietorship or partnership shall be deemed an individual for purposes of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.
- (e) Subcontractors or lower tiered contractors are subject to all provisions of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.
- (f) A contractor shall not be liable under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, for any subcontractor's failure to properly classify persons performing services as employees, nor shall a subcontractor be liable for any lower tiered subcontractor's failure to properly classify persons performing services as employees.

New Sec. 10. It is unlawful for an employer or entity not to designate an individual as an employee under section 9, and amendments thereto, unless the employer or entity satisfies the provisions of section 9, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 11. (a) Any interested party may file a complaint with the department against an entity or employer covered under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, if there is a reasonable belief that the entity or employer is in violation of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto. It shall be the duty of the department to enforce the provisions of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto. The department shall have the power to conduct investigations in connection with the administration and enforcement of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto. Any investigator with the department shall be authorized to visit and inspect, at all reasonable times, any places covered by sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, and shall be authorized to inspect, at all reasonable times, documents related to the determination of whether an individual is an employee under section 9, and amendments thereto. The secretary or the secretary's representative may compel, by subpoena, the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, payrolls, records, papers and other evidence in any investigation and may administer oaths to witnesses.

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- 1 (b) Whenever the department believes upon investigation that there 2 has been a violation of any of the provisions of sections 8 through 19, and 3 amendments thereto, or any authorized rules or regulations, the depart-4 ment may:
 - (1) Issue and cause to be served on any party an order to cease and desist from further violation:
 - (2) take affirmative or other action as deemed reasonable to eliminate the effect of the violation;
 - (3) collect the amount of any wages, salary, employment benefits or other compensation denied or lost to the individual; and
 - (4) assess any civil penalty pursuant to section 14, and amendments thereto.
 - (c) The civil penalties assessed by the department as well as any other relief requested by the department shall be recoverable in an action brought by the attorney general.

New Sec. 12. Criminal violations of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, shall be prosecuted by the attorney general. The department shall refer matters to the attorney general upon determining that a criminal violation may have occurred. In all other proceedings, the department shall be represented by the attorney general's office.

New Sec. 13. Whenever it appears that any employer or entity has violated a valid order of the department issued under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, the secretary may commence an action and obtain from the court an order commanding the employer or entity to obey the order of the department or be found guilty of contempt of court.

New Sec. 14. (a) An employer or entity that violates any of the provisions of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, or any authorized rules and regulations upon a first violation shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$1,500 for each. An employer or entity shall be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$2,500 for the second or subsequent violation within a five-year period. For purposes of this section, each violation of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, for each person and for each day the violation continues shall constitute a separate and distinct violation. In determining the amount of a penalty, the secretary shall consider the appropriateness of the penalty to the employer or entity charged, upon the determination of the gravity of the violations. The amount of the penalty, when finally determined, may be recovered in a civil action filed in any court by the secretary, or a person aggrieved by a violation of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, or any authorized rules and regulations. In any civil action brought by an interested party pursuant to this section, the court shall award the interested party 10% of the amount recovered. In such case, the remaining amount recovered shall be credited to the employee classification fund.

- (b) For any second or subsequent violation which is within five-years of an earlier violation, the department shall add the employer or entity's name to a list to be posted on the department's official website. Upon such notice, the department shall notify the violating employer or entity. No state contract shall be awarded to an employer or entity appearing on the list until four years have elapsed from the date of the last violation.
- (c) Any person who willfully violates any of the provisions of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, or any authorized rules and regulations, or obstructs the secretary, or the secretary's representatives, or any other person authorized to inspect places of employment under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, shall be liable for civil penalties up to double the amounts specified in subsection (a). Any person who willfully violates any of the provisions of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, or any authorized rules and regulations, shall be liable to the employee for punitive damages in an amount equal to the penalties assessed in subsection (a). The penalties established pursuant to this subsection shall be imposed in cases in which an employer or entity's conduct is proven by a preponderance of the evidence to be willful.
- (d) An entity or employer that willfully violates any provision of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, is guilty of a class C nonperson misdemeanor. An entity or employer that commits a second or subsequent violation within a five-year period is guilty of a severity level 10, nonperson felony.
- New Sec. 15. (a) All moneys received by the department pursuant to sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. The state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount of the remittance in the state treasury and credit it to the employee classification fund, which is hereby created.
- (b) Subject to appropriations, all expenditures from the employee classification fund shall be used by the department for administration, investigation and other expenses incurred in carrying out its powers and duties under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.
- (c) All expenditures from the employee classification fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary.

New Sec. 16. (a) It is unlawful for an employer or entity, or any agent of an employer or entity, to retaliate through discharge or in any other manner against any person for exercising any rights granted under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto. Such retaliation shall subject an employer or entity to civil penalties pursuant to section 14, and

amendments thereto, or a private cause of action, or both.

- (b) It is unlawful for an employer or entity to retaliate against a person for:
- (1) Making a complaint to an employer or entity, to a co-worker, to a community organization, before a public hearing, or to a state or federal agency that rights guaranteed under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, have been violated;
- (2) causing to be instituted any proceeding under or related to sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto; or
- (3) testifying or preparing to testify in an investigation or proceeding under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 17. (a) An interested party or person aggrieved by a violation of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, or any authorized rules and regulations, by an employer or entity may file suit in court, in the county where the alleged offense occurred or where any person who is party to the action resides, without regard to exhaustion of any alternative administrative remedies provided in sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto. Actions may be brought by one or more persons for and on behalf of themselves and other persons similarly situated. A person whose rights have been violated under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, by an employer or entity is entitled to collect:

- (1) The amount of any wages, salary, employment benefits or other compensation denied or lost to the person by reason of the violation, plus an equal amount in liquidated damages;
- (2) compensatory damages and an amount up to \$500 for each violation of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, or any authorized rules and regulations;
- (3) in the case of unlawful retaliation, all legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate; and
 - (4) attorney's fees and costs.
- (b) The right of an interested party or aggrieved person to bring an action under this section terminates upon the passing of three years from the final date of performing services to the employer or entity. This limitations period is tolled if an employer or entity has deterred a person's exercise of rights under sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 18. (a) The department may adopt rules and regulations to implement and administer sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.

- (b) Any finding made pursuant to sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, is for the purpose of enforcing sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto, and may not be admissible or binding against a party in any other proceeding.
 - (c) The provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, K.S.A.

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77-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall govern all administrative proceedings initiated under this section.

New Sec. 19. (a) There shall be no waiver of any provision of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.

- (b) It is a class C nonperson misdemeanor for an employer to attempt to induce any individual to waive any provision of sections 8 through 19, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-3234 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3234. (a) All reports and returns required by this act shall be preserved for three years and thereafter until the director orders them to be destroyed.
- Except in accordance with proper judicial order, or as provided in subsection (c) or in K.S.A. 17-7511, subsection (g) of K.S.A. 46-1106, K.S.A. 46-1114, or K.S.A. 79-32,153a, and amendments thereto, it shall be unlawful for the secretary, the director, any deputy, agent, clerk or other officer, employee or former employee of the department of revenue or any other state officer or employee or former state officer or employee to divulge, or to make known in any way, the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report, return, federal return or federal return information required under this act; and it shall be unlawful for the secretary, the director, any deputy, agent, clerk or other officer or employee engaged in the administration of this act to engage in the business or profession of tax accounting or to accept employment, with or without consideration, from any person, firm or corporation for the purpose, directly or indirectly, of preparing tax returns or reports required by the laws of the state of Kansas, by any other state or by the United States government, or to accept any employment for the purpose of advising, preparing material or data, or the auditing of books or records to be used in an effort to defeat or cancel any tax or part thereof that has been assessed by the state of Kansas, any other state or by the United States government.
- (c) The secretary or the secretary's designee may: (1) Publish statistics, so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof;
- (2) allow the inspection of returns by the attorney general or other legal representatives of the state;
- (3) provide the post auditor access to all income tax reports or returns in accordance with and subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of K.S.A. 46-1106 or K.S.A. 46-1114, and amendments thereto;
- (4) disclose taxpayer information from income tax returns to persons or entities contracting with the secretary of revenue where the secretary has determined disclosure of such information is essential for completion of the contract and has taken appropriate steps to preserve confidentiality;

- (5) disclose to the secretary of commerce specific taxpayer information related to financial information previously submitted by the taxpayer to the secretary of commerce concerning or relevant to any income tax credits, for purposes of verification of such information or evaluating the effectiveness of any tax credit program administered by the secretary of commerce;
- (6) disclose income tax returns to the state gaming agency to be used solely for the purpose of determining qualifications of licensees of and applicants for licensure in tribal gaming. Any information received by the state gaming agency shall be confidential and shall not be disclosed except to the executive director, employees of the state gaming agency and members and employees of the tribal gaming commission;
- (7) disclose the taxpayer's name, last known address and residency status to the department of wildlife and parks to be used solely in its license fraud investigations;
- (8) disclose the name, residence address, employer or Kansas adjusted gross income of a taxpayer who may have a duty of support in a title IV-D case to the secretary of the Kansas department of social and rehabilitation services for use solely in administrative or judicial proceedings to establish, modify or enforce such support obligation in a title IV-D case. In addition to any other limits on use, such use shall be allowed only where subject to a protective order which prohibits disclosure outside of the title IV-D proceeding. As used in this section, "title IV-D case" means a case being administered pursuant to part D of title IV of the federal social security act (42 U.S.C. §651 et seq.) and amendments thereto. Any person receiving any information under the provisions of this subsection shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of subsection (b) and to the penalty provisions of subsection (e);
- (9) permit the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States, or the proper official of any state imposing an income tax, or the authorized representative of either, to inspect the income tax returns made under this act and the secretary of revenue may make available or furnish to the taxing officials of any other state or the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States or other taxing officials of the federal government, or their authorized representatives, information contained in income tax reports or returns or any audit thereof or the report of any investigation made with respect thereto, filed pursuant to the income tax laws, as the secretary may consider proper, but such information shall not be used for any other purpose than that of the administration of tax laws of such state, the state of Kansas or of the United States;
- (10) communicate to the executive director of the Kansas lottery information as to whether a person, partnership or corporation is current in the filing of all applicable tax returns and in the payment of all taxes,

interest and penalties to the state of Kansas, excluding items under formal appeal, for the purpose of determining whether such person, partnership or corporation is eligible to be selected as a lottery retailer;

- (11) communicate to the executive director of the Kansas racing commission as to whether a person, partnership or corporation has failed to meet any tax obligation to the state of Kansas for the purpose of determining whether such person, partnership or corporation is eligible for a facility owner license or facility manager license pursuant to the Kansas parimutuel racing act;
- (12) provide such information to the executive director of the Kansas public employees retirement system for the purpose of determining that certain individuals' reported compensation is in compliance with the Kansas public employees retirement act at K.S.A. 74-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto; and
- (13) provide taxpayer information of persons suspected of violating sections 8 through 19 or K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 44-766, and amendments thereto, to the staff attorneys of the department of labor for the purpose of determining compliance by any person with the provisions of sections 8 through 19 or K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 44-766, and amendments thereto, which information shall be limited to withholding tax and payroll information, the identity of any person that has been or is currently being audited or investigated in connection with the administration and enforcement of the withholding and declaration of estimated tax act, K.S.A. 79-3294 et seq., as amended, and the results or status of such audit or investigation.
- (d) Any person receiving information under the provisions of subsection (c) shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of subsection (b) and to the penalty provisions of subsection (e).
- (e) Any violation of subsection (b) or (c) is a class A nonperson misdemeanor and, if the offender is an officer or employee of the state, such officer or employee shall be dismissed from office.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to allow disclosure of the amount of income or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report, return, federal return or federal return information, where such disclosure is prohibited by the federal internal revenue code as in effect on September 1, 1996, and amendments thereto, related federal internal revenue rules or regulations, or other federal law.
- Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-32,120 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,120. (a) If federal taxable income of an individual is determined by itemizing deductions from such individual's federal adjusted gross income, such individual may elect to deduct the Kansas itemized deduction in lieu of the Kansas standard deduction. The Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the total amount of deductions from

federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section. No deduction shall be allowed for any payment, compensation or other economic benefit disallowed by section 6, and amendments thereto.

- (b) The total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income shall be reduced by the total amount of income taxes imposed by or paid to this state or any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent that the same are deducted in determining the federal itemized deductions and by the amount of all depreciation deductions claimed for any real or tangible personal property upon which the deduction allowed by K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto, is or has been claimed.
- Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-32,138 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,138. (a) Kansas taxable income of a corporation taxable under this act shall be the corporation's federal taxable income for the taxable year with the modifications specified in this section.
- (b) There shall be added to federal taxable income: (i) The same modifications as are set forth in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-32,117, and amendments thereto, with respect to resident individuals.
- (ii) The amount of all depreciation deductions claimed for any property upon which the deduction allowed by K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto, is claimed.
- (iii) The amount of any charitable contribution deduction claimed for any contribution or gift to or for the use of any racially segregated educational institution.
- (iv) The amount of the payments, compensation or other economic benefit disallowed by section 6, and amendments thereto.
- (c) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income: (i) The same modifications as are set forth in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 79-32,117, and amendments thereto, with respect to resident individuals.
- (ii) The federal income tax liability for any taxable year commencing prior to December 31, 1971, for which a Kansas return was filed after reduction for all credits thereon, except credits for payments on estimates of federal income tax, credits for gasoline and lubricating oil tax, and for foreign tax credits if, on the Kansas income tax return for such prior year, the federal income tax deduction was computed on the basis of the federal income tax paid in such prior year, rather than as accrued. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the deduction for federal income tax liability for any year shall not exceed that portion of the total federal income tax liability for such year which bears the same ratio to the total federal income tax

liability for such year as the Kansas taxable income, as computed before any deductions for federal income taxes and after application of subsections (d) and (e) of this section as existing for such year, bears to the federal taxable income for the same year.

- (iii) An amount for the amortization deduction allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto.
- (iv) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987, the amount included in federal taxable income pursuant to the provisions of section 78 of the internal revenue code.
- (v) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987, 80% of dividends from corporations incorporated outside of the United States or the District of Columbia which are included in federal taxable income.
- (d) If any corporation derives all of its income from sources within Kansas in any taxable year commencing after December 31, 1979, its Kansas taxable income shall be the sum resulting after application of subsections (a) through (c) hereof. Otherwise, such corporation's Kansas taxable income in any such taxable year, after excluding any refunds of federal income tax and before the deduction of federal income taxes provided by subsection (c)(ii) shall be allocated as provided in K.S.A. 79-3271 to K.S.A. 79-3293, inclusive, and amendments thereto, plus any refund of federal income tax as determined under paragraph (iv) of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-32,117, and amendments thereto, and minus the deduction for federal income taxes as provided by subsection (c)(ii) shall be such corporation's Kansas taxable income.
- (e) A corporation may make an election with respect to its first taxable year commencing after December 31, 1982, whereby no addition modifications as provided for in subsection (b)(ii) of K.S.A. 79-32,138 and subtraction modifications as provided for in subsection (c)(iii) of K.S.A. 79-32,138, as those subsections existed prior to their amendment by this act, shall be required to be made for such taxable year.
- 32 Sec. 23. K.S.A. 2007 Supp. 79-3234, 79-32,120 and 79-32,138 are 33 hereby repealed.
- Sec. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.