HOUSE BILL No. 2564

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

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AN ACT concerning taxation; relating to credits; enacting the Kansas investment credit act and the Kansas jobs credit act; relating to qualifications and procedures; eliminating certain existing credits related thereto; amending K.S.A. 40-253a and 74-8945 and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 74-50,131, 79-32,111, 79-32,243 and 79-3606 and repealing the exist-ing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 74-50,113, 74-50,116, 74-50,117, 74-50,118, 74-50,119, 74-50,135, 74-50,135a, 79-32,155, 79-32,156, 79-32,157, 79-32,158, 79-32,159, 79-32,159a, 79-32,159b, 79-32,159c, 79-32,160, 79-32,160b and 79-32,160c and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 74-50,114, 74-50,115, 74-50,134, 79-3269, 79-32,153, 79-32,154 and 79-32,160a.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The provisions of sections 1 through 8, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas investment credit act.

New Sec. 2. As used in the Kansas investment credit act, unless otherwise provided: (a) "Act" means the Kansas investment credit act;

- (b) "ancillary support operation" means a Kansas business facility at which the business activities are ancillary processing functions and from which no or de minimis primary business activities occur. Ancillary processing functions shall support and improve operating efficiencies of the primary focus of the business, but are not of themselves, integral and necessary to performing the primary business activities;
- (c) "eligible taxpayer" means a for-profit business establishment subject to the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, the privilege tax as measured by the net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to chapter 79, article 11 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, sales or property taxes and that meets the eligibility criteria in section 3, and amendments thereto and is current in payment of Kansas taxes;
- (d) "headquarters" means a Kansas business facility where principal officers of the business are housed and from which direction, management, or administrative support of transactions is provided for a business or division of a business and from which no more than de minimis rev-

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enues are generated from primary business activities.

- "Kansas business facility" means any factory, mill, plant, refinery, warehouse, feedlot, building or complex of buildings that operate as a single unit on a contiguous piece of property, located within the state, including the land on which such facility is located and all machinery, equipment and other real and tangible personal property located at or within such facility used in connection with the operation of such facility. The term "Kansas business facility" includes only structures within which individuals are customarily employed or which are customarily used to house machinery, equipment or other property and that are not designed with the capability of being transported, moved or relocated. Such Kansas business facility shall satisfy the following requirements: (1) Such facility must be employed by the eligible taxpayer in the operation of a revenue producing enterprise. Such facility shall not be considered a Kansas business facility in the hands of the taxpayer if the taxpayer's only activity with respect to such facility is to lease it to another person or persons. If the taxpayer employs only a portion of such facility in the operation of a revenue producing enterprise, and leases another portion of such facility to another person or persons or does not otherwise use such other portions in the operation of a revenue producing enterprise, the portion employed by the taxpayer in the operation of a revenue producing enterprise shall be considered a Kansas business facility, if the requirements of subsection (e)(2) are satisfied; and
- (2) if such facility was acquired by the taxpayer from another person or persons, such facility was not employed, immediately prior to the transfer of title to such facility to the taxpayer, or to the commencement of the term of the lease of such facility to the taxpayer, by any other person or persons in the operation of a revenue producing enterprise and the taxpayer continues the operation of the same or substantially identical revenue producing enterprise at such facility;
- (f) "opportunity zone" shall be established by the secretary of commerce through rules and regulations. In addition to other opportunity zone designation criteria established by the secretary, such criteria shall include: (1) An opportunity zone, which shall be comprised of at least one county; (2) shall be economically disadvantaged; and (3) shall not include any counties in a metropolitan statistical area or micropolitan statistical area;
- (g) "qualified investment" means the value of the real and tangible personal property permanently and physically located at the Kansas business facility, except that "qualified investment" does not include inventory, construction in progress, or property held for sale to customers in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's business, which constitutes the Kansas business facility, or which is used by the taxpayer in the operation of

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1 the Kansas business facility, during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed. The value of such property during such taxable year shall be: 3 (1) The original cost of such property, if owned by the eligible taxpayer; or (2) eight times the net annual rental rate, if leased by the eligible taxpayer. Original cost is deemed to be the basis of the property for federal income tax purposes, prior to any federal adjustments, at the time of 6 acquisition by the taxpayer and adjusted by subsequent capital additions or improvements thereto and partial disposition thereof, by reason of sale, 8 exchange or abandonment. The net annual rental rate shall be the annual rental rate paid by the taxpayer less any annual rental rate received by 10 the taxpayer from subrentals. "Qualified investment" shall be determined 11 12 by calculating the value of the qualified investment that has been newly 13 placed into service at the eligible taxpayer's Kansas business facility during the taxpayer's tax year. In order to remain eligible the investment must 14 15 continue to be used during the tax year and remain in service on the last 16 business day of the taxpayer's tax year for which the credit is claimed. For plans that show a project shall extend beyond one tax period in which the 17 18 minimum investment is not met at the end of the first tax period that the 19 qualified investment is placed in service, the qualified investment can be accumulated into the next consecutive tax period for computation of the investment credit until the minimum investment has been met as long as 21 22 the qualified investment remains in service and is identified as part of the 23 same project. Once the minimum investment has been initially met on a project, subsequent qualified investment may be claimed in the tax period 24 25 that it is placed in service;

- (h) "revenue producing enterprise" means: (1) The assembly, fabrication, manufacture or processing of any agricultural, mineral or manufactured product;
- (2) the storage, warehousing, distribution or sale of any products of agriculture, aquaculture, mining or manufacturing;
 - (3) the feeding of livestock at a feedlot;
- (4) the operation of laboratories or other facilities for scientific, agricultural, aquacultural, animal husbandry or industrial research, development or testing;
 - (5) the performance of services of any type;
- (6) the feeding of aquatic plants and animals at an aquaculture operation;
- 38 (7) the administrative management of any of the foregoing activities; 39 or
 - (8) any combination of any of the foregoing activities.
 - "Revenue producing enterprise" shall not mean a swine production facility as defined in K.S.A. 17-5903, and amendments thereto; and
 - (i) "same or substantially identical revenue producing enterprise"

means a revenue producing enterprise in which the products produced or sold, services performed or activities conducted are the same in character and use, are produced, sold, performed or conducted in the same manner and to or for the same type of customers as the products, services or activities produced, sold, performed or conducted in another revenue producing enterprise.

New Sec. 3. (a) An eligible taxpayer may qualify for the investment credit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) The taxpayer's Kansas business facility must be:

- (A) Identified under the North American industry classification system (NAICS) subsector of 112112, 112210, 221, 311-425, 481-624, 812-813, or 922-928, as assigned by the secretary of the department of labor; or
- (B) identified as a headquarters or ancillary support operation by the secretary of commerce for purposes of this act, regardless of NAICS classification;
- (2) the qualified investment for the project must equal or exceed \$50,000 for those Kansas business facilities that are located in an opportunity zone and \$150,000 for those Kansas business facilities that are not located in an opportunity zone;
- (3) the taxpayer shall satisfy payment of a higher-than-average wage within a wage region at the Kansas business facility at which qualified investment occurs by performing one of the options described below: (A) The taxpayer's Kansas business facility with 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees will provide an average wage that is above the average wage paid by all Kansas business facilities that share the same assigned NAICS category used to develop wage thresholds and that have reported 500 or fewer employees to the Kansas department of labor on the quarterly wage reports;
- (B) the taxpayer's Kansas business facility with 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees is the sole facility within its assigned NAICS category that has reported wages for 500 or fewer employees to the Kansas department of labor on the quarterly wage reports;
- (C) the taxpayer's Kansas business facility with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees will provide an average wage that is above the average wage paid by all Kansas business facilities that share the same assigned NAICS category used to develop wage thresholds and that have reported more than 500 employees to the Kansas department of labor on the quarterly wage reports;
- (D) the taxpayer's Kansas business facility with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees is the sole facility within its assigned NAICS category that has reported wages for more than 500 employees to the Kansas department of labor on the quarterly wage reports, in which event

it shall either provide an average wage that is above the average wage paid by all Kansas business facilities that share the same assigned NAICS category and that have reported wages for 500 or fewer employees to the Kansas department of labor on the quarterly wage reports, or be the sole Kansas business facility within its assigned NAICS category that has reported wages to the Kansas department of labor on the quarterly wage reports;

- (E) the number of NAICS digits to use in developing each set of wage thresholds for comparison purposes shall be determined by the secretary of commerce; or
- (F) the composition of wage regions used in connection with each set of wage thresholds shall be determined by the secretary of commerce;
- (4) as an alternative to the requirements of subsection (a)(3), a taxpayer having met the requirements of subsections (a)(1) and (2) may wage-qualify its Kansas business facility if, after excluding the headcount and wages reported on the quarterly wage reports to the Kansas department of labor for employees at that Kansas business facility who own five percent or more equity in the taxpayer, the average wage calculated for the taxpayer's Kansas business facility is greater than or equal to 1.5 times the aggregate state-wide average wage paid by industries covered by the employment security law based on data maintained by the secretary of labor; and
- (5)~ for taxpayers not covered by the Kansas employment security law pursuant to K.S.A. 44-703(i)(4)(B), the wage data required to compute the average wage calculated for the taxpayer's Kansas business facility will be based upon the taxpayer's wage level documentation approved by the secretary of commerce.
- (b) For the purposes of this section, the number of full-time equivalent employees shall be determined by dividing the number of hours worked by part-time employees during the pertinent measurement interval by an amount equal to the corresponding multiple of a 40-hour work week and adding the quotient to the average number of full-time employees.

New Sec. 4. (a) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2007, an eligible taxpayer that makes a qualified investment in a Kansas business facility shall be entitled to a credit in an amount equal to 10% of the qualified investment. Qualified investment must be identified and submitted to the secretary of commerce prior to making a commitment to invest. The credit allowed by this subsection shall be a one-time credit. The credit shall be allowed against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by the net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to article 11 of

 chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, for the taxable year during which the qualified investment is placed into service.

- (b) The eligible taxpayer shall claim the credit on the original return for the tax year in which the qualified investment is placed into service.
- (c) If the tax credit amount thereof exceeds the tax imposed, the tax credit amount thereof which exceeds the eligible taxpayer's tax liability may be carried forward for credit in the succeeding taxable year or years until the total amount of the tax credit is used, except that no such tax credit shall be carried forward for deduction after the tenth taxable year succeeding the taxable year in which such credit initially was claimed and no carry forward shall be allowed for deduction in any succeeding taxable year unless the taxpayer continues to satisfy the eligibility criteria in section 3, and amendments thereto, for such succeeding taxable year.
- (d) A qualified investment, of at least \$150,000, made by the eligible taxpayer in a Kansas business facility that is not located in a designated opportunity zone, may qualify for the investment credit.
- (e) A qualified investment, of at least \$50,000, made by the eligible taxpayer in a Kansas business facility that is located in a designated opportunity zone, may qualify for the investment credit.
- (f) If the eligible taxpayer is a corporation having an election in effect under subchapter S of the federal internal revenue code, a partnership or limited liability company, the credit provided by this section shall be claimed by the shareholders of such corporation, the partners of such partnership or the members of such limited liability company in the same manner as such shareholders, partners, or members account for their proportionate shares of income or loss of the corporation, partnership or limited liability company.
- New Sec. 5. (a) The secretary of revenue and the secretary of commerce shall work together to coordinate a set of procedures to implement the provisions of this act.
- (b) Any taxpayer claiming credits pursuant to this act, as a condition for claiming and qualifying for such credits, shall provide information pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-32,243, and amendments thereto, as part of the tax return in which such credits are claimed. Such credits shall not be denied solely on the basis of the contents of the information provided by the taxpayer pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-32,243, and amendments thereto.
- (c) The secretary of revenue shall submit an annual report to the legislature regarding utilization of the credits claimed pursuant to this act, for purposes of evaluation. Such report shall be due during the legislative session, commencing with the 2010 legislative session.
- New Sec. 6. The secretary of revenue and secretary of commerce may adopt such rules and regulations as necessary to carry out the pur-

poses of this act.

New Sec. 7. (a) Except as otherwise provided, for tax years commencing on or after December 31, 2007, no additional credits may be earned through the Kansas enterprise zone act, K.S.A. 79-32,160a; or the job expansion and investment tax credit act, K.S.A. 79-32,153. Any carry forward credit that has been earned through the Kansas enterprise zone act, K.S.A. 79-32,160a and is remaining after December 31, 2007, may be carried forward to succeeding taxable years as long as all requirements continue to be met. Any credit that has been earned through the job expansion and investment tax credit act, K.S.A. 79-32,153, with years left in recomputing the credit after December 31, 2007, may continue for the remainder of the 10-year period as long as all requirements continue to be met.

Except as otherwise provided, for tax years commencing on or (b) after December 31, 2007, no additional credits may be earned through the high performance incentive act, K.S.A. 74-50,115, and subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-32,160a. Any carry forward credit that has been earned through the high performance incentive act, subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-32,160a and is remaining after December 31, 2007, may be carried forward to succeeding taxable years, providing all requirements continue to be met and subject to the applicable carryforward limitations. Any taxpayer who has filed an application to be certified under K.S.A. 74-50,131, prior to July 1, 2008, may claim credits under the high performance incentive act, subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-32,160a, K.S.A. 74-50,131 during the certification period in tax years 2008 and 2009, which credits may be carried forward until used or for a maximum of ten years, as long as such taxpayer does not claim any credits for the same investment under the Kansas investment credit act. To accommodate unusual timing situations during the 2008 transition period, timing modifications may be authorized at the discretion of the secretary of commerce and the secretary of

New Sec. 8. The provisions of this act shall be applicable to all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2007, and prior to January 1, 2013

New Sec. 9. The provisions of sections 9 through 14 may be cited and shall be known as the Kansas jobs credit act.

New Sec. 10. As used in the Kansas jobs credit act, unless otherwise provided: (a) "Act" means the Kansas jobs credit act;

(b) "employed" means that an employer-employee relationship exists. A person who performs services for the taxpayer shall be considered as an employee if the taxpayer has the right to direct and control when, where, and how work will be done. In addition the taxpayer shall pay for the employee's wages directly, or indirectly through inter-company trans-

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fers. Independent contractors shall not be considered as employed for purposes of the Kansas jobs credit;

- (c) "Kansas job credit taxpayer" means any business entity authorized to do business in the state of Kansas which is subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of the Kansas income tax act, any national banking association, state bank, trust company or savings and loan association paying an annual tax on its net income pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or any insurance company paying the premium tax and privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, is current in payment of Kansas taxes, and has a Kansas business facility as defined in the investment credit act: (1) Identified under the North American industry classification system (NAICS) subsector of 112112, 112210, 221, 311-425, 481-624, 812-813, or 922-928, as assigned by the secretary of the department of labor; or
- (2) identified as a headquarters or ancillary support operation, regardless of NAICS classification;
- "new employee" means a person newly employed by the taxpayer in the taxpayer's business operating in Kansas during the taxable year for which the credit allowed by section (11), and amendments thereto, is claimed. A person shall be deemed to be so engaged if such person performs duties in Kansas in connection with the operation of the Kansas business on: (A) A regular, full-time basis; (B) a part-time basis, provided such person is customarily performing such duties at least 20 hours per week throughout the taxable year; or (C) a seasonal basis, provided such person performs such duties for substantially all of the season customary for the position in which such person is employed. For a Kansas business that becomes operational during the current tax year, new employees shall be the number of employees employed at the taxpayer's Kansas business on the last business day of the taxpayer's tax year. In the case of employees hired, in which the Kansas business existed and was operated by the taxpayer prior to such hiring, the number of new employees employed in the operation of the Kansas business shall be reduced by the number of employees employed at such Kansas business on the last business day of the taxpayer's previous tax year. Employees acquired through an acquisition or merger of a business operating in Kansas shall not be considered as new employees;
- (e) "opportunity zone" shall be established by the secretary of commerce through rules and regulations. In addition to other criteria established by the secretary, such criteria shall include: (1) An opportunity zone which shall be comprised of at least one county;
 - (2) shall be economically disadvantaged; and
- (3) shall not include any counties in a metropolitan statistical area or micropolitan statistical area;

(f) "opportunity zone job credit taxpayer" means any business entity with a Kansas business facility as defined in the Kansas investment credit act authorized to do business in the state of Kansas which is subject to the state income tax imposed by the provisions of the Kansas income tax act, any national banking association, state bank, trust company or savings and loan association paying an annual tax on its net income pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or any insurance company paying the premium tax and privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, and that is current in payment of Kansas taxes; and

(g) "related taxpayer" means: (1) A corporation, partnership, trust or association controlled by the taxpayer; (2) an individual, corporation, partnership, trust or association in control of the taxpayer; or (3) a corporation, partnership, trust or association controlled by an individual, corporation, partnership, trust or association in control of the taxpayer. "Control of a corporation" means ownership, directly or indirectly, of stock possessing at least 80% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock entitled to vote and at least 80% of all other classes of stock of the corporation. "Control of a partnership or association" means ownership of at least 80% of the capital or profits interest in such partnership or association. "Control of a trust" means ownership, directly or indirectly, of at least 80% of the beneficial interest in the principal or income of such trust.

New Sec. 11. (a) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2007, any opportunity zone job credit taxpayer who engages in new employment at least two new employees in the taxpayer's business operating in a designated opportunity zone in Kansas shall be allowed a credit of \$3,500 per new employee, against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by the net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, for the taxable year during which the employees were hired. To be considered employed in an opportunity zone, the employee must perform the majority of the services for the opportunity zone job credit taxpayer in the opportunity zone. Any Kansas job credit taxpayer, as defined in subsection (c)(1) of section 10, and amendments thereto, located in the state of Kansas who engages in new employment at least 10 new employees in the taxpayer's business operating in Kansas within two consecutive tax years shall be allowed a credit of \$1,500 per new employee, against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by the net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to article 11

 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, for the taxable year during which the employees were hired. Any Kansas job credit taxpayer, as defined in subsection (c)(2) of section 10, and amendments thereto, located in the state of Kansas who engages in new employment at least 20 new employees in the taxpayer's business operating in Kansas shall be allowed a credit of \$1,500 per new employee, against the tax imposed by the Kansas income tax act, the premium tax or privilege fees imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, or the privilege tax as measured by the net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, for the taxable year during which the employees were hired.

- (b) The taxpayer shall claim any credits pursuant to this act on the original return for the tax year in which the employees were hired.
- (c) If the amount of the tax credit exceeds the tax imposed, the amount thereof which exceeds such tax liability may be carried forward for credit in the succeeding taxable year or years until the total amount of the tax credit is used. In the event the taxpayer does not continue to employ the required minimum number of employees, any credit remaining will be forfeited and no longer available for carry forward.
- (d) If the taxpayer is a corporation having an election in effect under subchapter S of the federal internal revenue code, a partnership or limited liability company, the credit provided by this section shall be claimed by the shareholders of such corporation, the partners of such partnership or the members of such limited liability company in the same manner as such shareholders, partners, or members account for their proportionate shares of income or loss of the corporation, partnership or limited liability company.
- (e) A taxpayer that qualifies for the opportunity zone job credit for an employee may not also qualify for the Kansas job credit for the same employee.
- (f) Only one taxpayer may claim a specific employee for purposes of the opportunity zone job credit or the Kansas job credit. Employees transferred or reassigned within Kansas between related taxpayers will not qualify for the credit.

New Sec. 12. (a) Any taxpayer claiming credits pursuant to this act, as a condition for claiming and qualifying for such credits, shall provide information pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-32,243, and amendments thereto, as part of the tax return in which such credits are claimed. Such credits shall not be denied solely on the basis of the contents of the information provided by the taxpayer pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-32,243, and amendments thereto.

(b) The secretary of revenue shall submit an annual report to the legislature regarding utilization of the credits claimed pursuant to this act,

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for purposes of evaluation. Such report shall be due during the legislative session, commencing with the 2010 legislative session.

New Sec. 13. The secretary of revenue may adopt such rules and regulations as necessary to carry out the purposes of this act.

New Sec. 14. The provisions of this act shall be applicable to all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2007 and prior to January 1, 6 2012.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 74-50,131 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-50,131. Commencing after December 31, 1999: (a) As used in this act K.S.A. 74-50,132 and 74-50,133, and amendments thereto: (1) "Qualified firm" means a for-profit business establishment, subject to state income, sales or property taxes, identified under the standard industrial classification (SIC) codes as in effect July 1, 1993, major groups 20 through 39, major groups 40 through 51, and major groups 60 through 89; identified under the North American industry classification system (NAICS) as in effect on October 1, 2000, or is identified as a corporate or regional headquarters or back-office operation of a national or multinational corporation regardless of SIC code or NAICS designation. The secretary of commerce shall determine eligibility when a difference exists between a firm's SIC code and NAICS designation. A business establishment may be assigned a standard industrial classification code or NAICS designation according to the primary business activity at a single physical location in the state.

- "Metropolitan county" means the county of Douglas, Johnson, Leavenworth, Sedgwick, Shawnee or Wyandotte.
- (b) In the case of firms in major groups 40 through 51, and major groups 60 through 89 or the appropriate NAICS designation the business establishment must also demonstrate the following:
- More than ½ of its gross revenues are a result of sales to commercial or governmental customers outside the state of Kansas; or
- more than ½ of its gross revenues are a result of sales to Kansas manufacturing firms within major groups 20 through 39 or the appropriate NAICS designation; or
- (3) more than ½ of its gross revenues are a result of a combination of sales described in (1) and (2).
- For purposes of determining whether one of the average wage options described in subsection (d) below is satisfied, business establishments located within a metropolitan county, as defined in K.S.A. 74-50,114, and amendments thereto, will be compared only to other businesses within that metropolitan county, and business establishments located outside of a metropolitan county will be compared to businesses within an aggregation of counties representing the business establishment's region of the state, which regional aggregation will exclude met-

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 ropolitan counties. Such aggregation shall be determined by the department of commerce.

- (d) Additionally, a business establishment having met the criteria as established in subsection (a) or (b), and using the comparison method described in subsection (c), must meet one of the following criteria:
- (1) The establishment with 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees will provide an average wage that is above the average wage paid by all firms with 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees which share the same two-digit standard industrial classification code or appropriate NAICS designation.
- (2) The establishment with 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees is the sole firm within its two-digit standard industrial classification code or appropriate NAICS designation which has 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees.
- (3) The establishment with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees will provide an average wage that is above the average wage paid by firms with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees which share the same two-digit standard industrial classification code or appropriate NAICS designation.
- (4) The establishment with more than 500 full-time equivalent employees is the sole firm within its two-digit standard industrial classification code or appropriate NAICS designation which has 500 or more full-time equivalent employees, in which event it shall either provide an average wage that is above the average wage paid by all firms with 500 or fewer full-time equivalent employees which share the same two-digit standard industrial classification code or appropriate NAICS designation, or be the sole firm within its two-digit standard industrial classification code or appropriate NAICS designation.
- (e) As an alternative to the requirements of subsections (c) and (d), a firm having met the requirements of subsections (a) or (b), may qualify, if excluding taxable disbursements to company owners, the business establishment's annual average wage must be greater than or equal to 1.5 times the aggregate average wage paid by industries covered by the employment security law based on data maintained by the secretary of labor.
- (f) For the purposes of this section, the number of full-time equivalent employees shall be determined by dividing the number of hours worked by part-time employees during the pertinent measurement interval by an amount equal to the corresponding multiple of a 40-hour work week and adding the quotient to the number of full-time employees.
- (g) The secretary of commerce shall certify annually to the secretary of revenue that a firm meets the criteria for a qualified firm and that the firm is eligible for the benefits and assistance provided under this act K.S.A. 74-50,132 and 74-50,133, and amendments thereto. The secretary

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of commerce is hereby authorized to obtain any and all information necessary to determine such eligibility. Information obtained under this sec-2 3 tion shall not be subject to disclosure pursuant to K.S.A. 45-215 et seq., and amendments thereto, but shall upon request be made available to the legislative post audit division. The secretary of commerce shall publish rules and regulations for the implementation of this act. Such rules and 6 regulations shall include, but not be limited to:

- (1) A definition of "training and education" for purposes of K.S.A. 74-50,132 and amendments thereto.
- Establishment of eligibility requirements and application procedures for expenditures from the high performance incentive fund created in K.S.A. 74-50,133 and amendments thereto.
 - (3) Establishment of approval guidelines for private consultants authorized pursuant to K.S.A. 74-50,133 and amendments thereto.
 - Establishment of guidelines for prioritizing business assistance programs pursuant to K.S.A. 74-50,133 and amendments thereto.
 - A definition of "commercial customer" for the purpose of K.S.A. 74-50,133 and amendments thereto.
- (6) A definition of "headquarters" for the purpose of K.S.A. 74-50,133 and amendments thereto.
 - (7) Establishment of guidelines concerning the use and disclosure of any information obtained to determine the eligibility of a firm for the assistance and benefits provided for by this act K.S.A. 74-50,132 and 74-50,133, and amendments thereto.
 - Sec. 16. K.S.A. 40-253a is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-253a. For purposes of calculating any tax due under K.S.A. 40-253, and amendments thereto, from a taxpayer not organized under the laws of this state, the credits allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-2813, 74-50,132, 79-32,153, 79-32,160 74-50,132 and 79-32,196, and the Kansas investment credit act and the Kansas jobs credit act, and amendments thereto, shall be treated as tax paid under K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto.
 - Sec. 17. K.S.A. 74-8945 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8945. The establishment shall not be allowed credits pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,160a the Kansas investment credit act, and amendments thereto, for any amount of investment related to or computed on the basis of any investment of the proceeds of obligations issued pursuant to this act.
- K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-32,111 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,111. (a) The amount of income tax paid to another state by a resident individual, resident estate or resident trust on income derived from sources in another state shall be allowed as a credit against the tax computed under the provisions of this act. Such credit shall not be greater in proportion to the tax computed under this act than the adjusted gross income for such year derived in another state while such

taxpayer is a resident of this state is to the total Kansas adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. As used in this subsection, state shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by subsection (h) of K.S.A. 79-3271, and amendments thereto. The credit allowable hereunder for income tax paid to a foreign country or political subdivision thereof shall not exceed the difference of such income tax paid less the credit allowable for such income tax paid by the federal internal revenue code. No redetermination of income tax paid for the purposes of determining the credit allowed by this subsection shall be required for the taxable year for which an income tax refund payment pursuant to the provisions of section 18 of article 10 of the Missouri constitution is made, but the income tax paid allowable for credit in the next following taxable year shall be reduced by the amount of such refund amount, except that, for tax year 1998, the income tax paid allowable for credit shall be reduced by the amount of such refunds made for all taxable years prior to tax year 1998.

(b) There shall be allowed as a credit against the tax computed under the provisions of the Kansas income tax act, and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto, on the Kansas taxable income of an individual, corporation or fiduciary the amount determined under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-32,153 to 79-32,158, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-32,243 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,243. (a) For tax years commencing after December 31, 2005, any taxpayer claiming credits pursuant to K.S.A. 74-50,132, 79-32,153 or 79-32,160a, and amendments thereto, and the Kansas investment credit act and the Kansas jobs credit act, and amendments thereto, as a condition for claiming and qualifying for such credits, shall provide the following information as part of the tax return, in which such credits are claimed, which shall be used by the department of revenue in evaluating the effectiveness of such tax credit programs, pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 74-99b35, and amendments thereto:

- (1) Actual jobs created as a direct result of the expenditures on which such credit claim is based, if the taxpayer has previously submitted an estimate of such number of actual jobs created to the department of commerce as a part of applying for certification for such program participation;
- (2) additional payroll generated as a direct result of the expenditures on which such credit claim is based, if the taxpayer has previously submitted an estimate of such amount of additional payroll generated to the department of commerce as a part of applying for certification for such program participation;
- (3) actual jobs retained as a direct result of the expenditures on which such credit claim is based, if the taxpayer has previously submitted an estimate of actual jobs retained to the department of commerce as a part

of applying for certification for such program participation;

- (4) additional revenue generated as a direct result of the expenditures on which such credit claim is based, if the taxpayer has previously submitted an estimate of such amount of additional revenue generated to the department of commerce as a part of applying for certification for such program participation;
- (5) additional sales generated as a direct result of the expenditures on which such credit claim is based, if the taxpayer has previously submitted an estimate of additional sales generated to the department of commerce as a part of applying for certification for program participation; and
- (6) total employment and payroll at the end of the tax year in which the credits are claimed.
- (b) Such credits specified in subsection (a) shall not be denied solely on the basis of the information provided by the taxpayer pursuant to subsections (a)(1) through (a)(6).
- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 79-3606 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3606. The following shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this act:
- (a) All sales of motor-vehicle fuel or other articles upon which a sales or excise tax has been paid, not subject to refund, under the laws of this state except cigarettes as defined by K.S.A. 79-3301 and amendments thereto, cereal malt beverages and malt products as defined by K.S.A. 79-3817 and amendments thereto, including wort, liquid malt, malt syrup and malt extract, which is not subject to taxation under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-41a02 and amendments thereto, motor vehicles taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-5117, and amendments thereto, tires taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3424d, and amendments thereto, drycleaning and laundry services taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-34,150, and amendments thereto, and gross receipts from regulated sports contests taxed pursuant to the Kansas professional regulated sports act, and amendments thereto;
- (b) all sales of tangible personal property or service, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by the state of Kansas, a political subdivision thereof, other than a school or educational institution, or purchased by a public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority or nonprofit blood, tissue or organ bank and used exclusively for state, political subdivision, hospital or public hospital authority or nonprofit blood, tissue or organ bank purposes, except when: (1) Such state, hospital or public hospital authority is engaged or proposes to engage in any business specifically taxable under the provisions of this act and such items of tangible personal property or service are used or proposed to be used in such business, or (2) such political subdivision is engaged or proposes to engage in the business of furnishing

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- (c) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by a public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private nonprofit educational institution and used primarily by such school or institution for nonsectarian programs and activities provided or sponsored by such school or institution or in the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings to be used for such purposes. The exemption herein provided shall not apply to erection, construction, repair, enlargement or equipment of buildings used primarily for human habitation;
- all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority, public or private elementary or secondary school or a public or private nonprofit educational institution, which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such hospital or public hospital authority, school or educational institution; and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of the state or district described in subsection (s), the total cost of which is paid from funds of such political subdivision or district and which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such political subdivision or district. Nothing in this subsection or in the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418 and amendments thereto, shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of the state or any such district. As used in this subsection, K.S.A. 12-3418 and 79-3640, and amendments thereto, "funds of a political subdivision" shall mean general tax revenues, the proceeds of any bonds and gifts or grants-in-aid. Gifts shall not mean funds used for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities which are to be leased to the donor. When any political subdivision of the state, district described in subsection (s), public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority, public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private nonprofit educational institution shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved,

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and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the political subdivision, district described in subsection (s), hospital or public hospital authority, school or educational institution concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. As an alternative to the foregoing procedure, any such contracting entity may apply to the secretary of revenue for agent status for the sole purpose of issuing and furnishing project exemption certificates to contractors pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary establishing conditions and standards for the granting and maintaining of such status. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, the political subdivision, district described in subsection (s), hospital or public hospital authority, school or educational institution concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto:

(e) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings or other projects for the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, which would be exempt from taxation if purchased directly by the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. When the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities shall contract for the erection, repair, or enlargement of any building or other project, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the

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contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. As an alternative to the foregoing procedure, any such contracting entity may apply to the secretary of revenue for agent status for the sole purpose of issuing and furnishing project exemption certificates to contractors pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary establishing conditions and standards for the granting and maintaining of such status. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615 and amendments thereto;

- (f) tangible personal property purchased by a railroad or public utility for consumption or movement directly and immediately in interstate commerce;
- (g) sales of aircraft including remanufactured and modified aircraft sold to persons using directly or through an authorized agent such aircraft as certified or licensed carriers of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States or any foreign government or sold to any foreign government or agency or instrumentality of such foreign government and all sales of aircraft for use outside of the United States and sales of aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts and sales of services employed in the remanufacture, modification and repair of aircraft;
- (h) all rentals of nonsectarian textbooks by public or private elementary or secondary schools;
- (i) the lease or rental of all films, records, tapes, or any type of sound or picture transcriptions used by motion picture exhibitors;
- (j) meals served without charge or food used in the preparation of such meals to employees of any restaurant, eating house, dining car, hotel, drugstore or other place where meals or drinks are regularly sold to the public if such employees' duties are related to the furnishing or sale of

 such meals or drinks:

- (k) any motor vehicle, semitrailer or pole trailer, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto, or aircraft sold and delivered in this state to a bona fide resident of another state, which motor vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft is not to be registered or based in this state and which vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft will not remain in this state more than 10 days;
- (l) all isolated or occasional sales of tangible personal property, services, substances or things, except isolated or occasional sale of motor vehicles specifically taxed under the provisions of subsection (o) of K.S.A. 79-3603 and amendments thereto;
- (m) all sales of tangible personal property which become an ingredient or component part of tangible personal property or services produced, manufactured or compounded for ultimate sale at retail within or without the state of Kansas; and any such producer, manufacturer or compounder may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property for use as an ingredient or component part of the property or services produced, manufactured or compounded;
- (n) all sales of tangible personal property which is consumed in the production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining or compounding of tangible personal property, the treating of by-products or wastes derived from any such production process, the providing of services or the irrigation of crops for ultimate sale at retail within or without the state of Kansas; and any purchaser of such property may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property for consumption in such production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining, compounding, treating, irrigation and in providing such services;
- (o) all sales of animals, fowl and aquatic plants and animals, the primary purpose of which is use in agriculture or aquaculture, as defined in K.S.A. 47-1901, and amendments thereto, the production of food for human consumption, the production of animal, dairy, poultry or aquatic plant and animal products, fiber or fur, or the production of offspring for use for any such purpose or purposes;
- (p) all sales of drugs dispensed pursuant to a prescription order by a licensed practitioner or a mid-level practitioner as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto. As used in this subsection, "drug" means a compound, substance or preparation and any component of a compound, substance or preparation, other than food and food ingredients, dietary supplements or alcoholic beverages, recognized in the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary, and supplement to any of

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them, intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease or intended to affect the structure or any function of the body;

- (q) all sales of insulin dispensed by a person licensed by the state board of pharmacy to a person for treatment of diabetes at the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine by the board of healing arts;
- (r) all sales of prosthetic devices and mobility enhancing equipment prescribed in writing by a person licensed to practice the healing arts, dentistry or optometry, and in addition to such sales, all sales of hearing aids, as defined by subsection (c) of K.S.A. 74-5807, and amendments thereto, and repair and replacement parts therefor, including batteries, by a person licensed in the practice of dispensing and fitting hearing aids pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 74-5808, and amendments thereto. For the purposes of this subsection: (1) "Mobility enhancing equipment" means equipment including repair and replacement parts to same, but does not include durable medical equipment, which is primarily and customarily used to provide or increase the ability to move from one place to another and which is appropriate for use either in a home or a motor vehicle; is not generally used by persons with normal mobility; and does not include any motor vehicle or equipment on a motor vehicle normally provided by a motor vehicle manufacturer; and (2) "prosthetic device" means a replacement, corrective or supportive device including repair and replacement parts for same worn on or in the body to artificially replace a missing portion of the body, prevent or correct physical deformity or malfunction or support a weak or deformed portion of the body;
- (s) except as provided in K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 82a-2101, and amendments thereto, all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased directly or indirectly by a groundwater management district organized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 82a-1020 et seq. and amendments thereto, by a rural water district organized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 82a-612, and amendments thereto, or by a water supply district organized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 19-3501 et seq., 19-3522 et seq. or 19-3545, and amendments thereto, which property or services are used in the construction activities, operation or maintenance of the district;
- (t) all sales of farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment, repair and replacement parts therefor and services performed in the repair and maintenance of such machinery and equipment. For the purposes of this subsection the term "farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment" shall include a work-site utility vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, and is equipped with a bed or cargo box for hauling materials, and shall also include machinery and equipment used in the operation of

Christmas tree farming but shall not include any passenger vehicle, truck, truck tractor, trailer, semitrailer or pole trailer, other than a farm trailer, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto. Each purchaser of farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment exempted herein must certify in writing on the copy of the invoice or sales ticket to be retained by the seller that the farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment purchased will be used only in farming, ranching or aquaculture production. Farming or ranching shall include the operation of a feedlot and farm and ranch work for hire and the operation of a nursery;

- (u) all leases or rentals of tangible personal property used as a dwelling if such tangible personal property is leased or rented for a period of more than 28 consecutive days;
- (v) all sales of tangible personal property to any contractor for use in preparing meals for delivery to homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and to homebound disabled persons or to be served at a groupsitting at a location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and to otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private nonprofit food service project available to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service designated by the private nonprofit organization, and all sales of tangible personal property for use in preparing meals for consumption by indigent or homeless individuals whether or not such meals are consumed at a place designated for such purpose, and all sales of food products by or on behalf of any such contractor or organization for any such purpose;
- (w) all sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered through mains, lines or pipes: (1) To residential premises for noncommercial use by the occupant of such premises; (2) for agricultural use and also, for such use, all sales of propane gas; (3) for use in the severing of oil; and (4) to any property which is exempt from property taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201b Second through Sixth. As used in this paragraph, "severing" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by subsection (k) of K.S.A. 79-4216, and amendments thereto. For all sales of natural gas, electricity and heat delivered through mains, lines or pipes pursuant to the provisions of subsection (w)(1) and (w)(2), the provisions of this subsection shall expire on December 31, 2005;
- (x) all sales of propane gas, LP-gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources for the production of heat or lighting for noncommercial use of an occupant of residential premises occurring prior to January 1, 2006;
- (y) all sales of materials and services used in the repairing, servicing, altering, maintaining, manufacturing, remanufacturing, or modification of railroad rolling stock for use in interstate or foreign commerce under

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authority of the laws of the United States;

- (z) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased directly by a port authority or by a contractor therefor as provided by the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418 and amendments thereto;
- (aa) all sales of materials and services applied to equipment which is transported into the state from without the state for repair, service, alteration, maintenance, remanufacture or modification and which is subsequently transported outside the state for use in the transmission of liquids or natural gas by means of pipeline in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States;
- (bb) all sales of used mobile homes or manufactured homes. As used in this subsection: (1) "Mobile homes" and "manufactured homes" shall have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 58-4202 and amendments thereto; and (2) "sales of used mobile homes or manufactured homes" means sales other than the original retail sale thereof;
- (cc) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased for the purpose of and in conjunction with constructing, reconstructing, enlarging or remodeling a business or retail business which meets the requirements established in K.S.A. 74-50,115 and amendments thereto Kansas business facility, and the sale and installation of machinery and equipment purchased for installation at any such business or retail business Kansas business facility. When a person shall contract Kansas jobs or opportunity zone credit taxpayer, as defined in section 10, and amendments thereto, or an eligible taxpayer, as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto, purchases machinery and equipment or contracts for the construction, reconstruction, enlargement or remodeling of any such business or retail business Kansas business facility, such person taxpayer shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials, machinery and equipment for incorporation in such project. Such exemption certificate shall not extend beyond two years from the date of the application for the exemption certificate. Extensions may be granted under proper circumstances. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the owner of the business or retail business taxpayer a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials, machinery or equipment purchased un-

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der such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed thereon, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615 and amendments thereto. As used in this subsection, "business" and "retail business" have the meanings respectively ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 74-50,114 and amendments thereto Any person constructing, reconstructing, remodeling or enlarging a facility which will be leased in whole or in part for a period of five years or more, to a Kansas jobs or opportunity zone credit taxpayer as defined in section 10, and amendments thereto, or an eligible taxpayer as defined in section 2, and amendments thereto, that would be eligible for a sales tax exemption under the provisions of this subsection, if such taxpayer had constructed, reconstructed, enlarged or remodeled such facility or portion thereof itself shall be entitled to the sales tax exemption under the provisions of this subsection. When such person leases less than the total facility to such taxpayer, a project exemption certificate may be granted on: (1) The total cost of constructing, reconstructing, remodeling or enlarging, the facility multiplied by a fraction given by dividing the number of leased square feet eligible for the sales tax exemption by the total square feet being constructed, reconstructed, remodeled or enlarged; or (2) the actual cost of constructing, reconstructing, remodeling or enlarging that portion of the facility to be occupied by such taxpayer, as the person may elect;

- (dd) all sales of tangible personal property purchased with food stamps issued by the United States department of agriculture;
- (ee) all sales of lottery tickets and shares made as part of a lottery operated by the state of Kansas;
- (ff) on and after July 1, 1988, all sales of new mobile homes or manufactured homes to the extent of 40% of the gross receipts, determined without regard to any trade-in allowance, received from such sale. As used in this subsection, "mobile homes" and "manufactured homes" shall have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 58-4202 and amendments thereto;
- (gg) all sales of tangible personal property purchased in accordance with vouchers issued pursuant to the federal special supplemental food program for women, infants and children;
- (hh) all sales of medical supplies and equipment, including durable medical equipment, purchased directly by a nonprofit skilled nursing home or nonprofit intermediate nursing care home, as defined by K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto, for the purpose of providing medical services to residents thereof. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes. As used in this subsection, "durable medical equipment" means equipment

 including repair and replacement parts for such equipment, but does not include mobility enhancing equipment as defined in subsection (r) which can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, generally is not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is not worn in or on the body;

- (ii) all sales of tangible personal property purchased directly by a nonprofit organization for nonsectarian comprehensive multidiscipline youth development programs and activities provided or sponsored by such organization, and all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of any such organization. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes;
- (jj) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly on behalf of a community-based mental retardation facility or mental health center organized pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4001 et seq., and amendments thereto, and licensed in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-3307b and amendments thereto and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by contractors during the time period from July, 2003, through June, 2006, for the purpose of constructing, equipping, maintaining or furnishing a new facility for a community-based mental retardation facility or mental health center located in Riverton, Cherokee County, Kansas, which would have been eligible for sales tax exemption pursuant to this subsection if purchased directly by such facility or center. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes;
- (kk) (1) (A) all sales of machinery and equipment which are used in this state as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation by a manufacturing or processing plant or facility;
- (B) all sales of installation, repair and maintenance services performed on such machinery and equipment; and
- (C) all sales of repair and replacement parts and accessories purchased for such machinery and equipment.
 - (2) For purposes of this subsection:
- (A) "Integrated production operation" means an integrated series of operations engaged in at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility to process, transform or convert tangible personal property by physical, chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally existed. Integrated production operations shall include: (i) Production line operations, including packaging operations; (ii) preproduction operations to handle, store and treat raw materials; (iii) post production handling, storage, warehousing and distribution operations; and (iv) waste, pollution and environmental control operations, if any;

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- (B) "production line" means the assemblage of machinery and equipment at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility where the actual transformation or processing of tangible personal property occurs;
- (C) "manufacturing or processing plant or facility" means a single, fixed location owned or controlled by a manufacturing or processing business that consists of one or more structures or buildings in a contiguous area where integrated production operations are conducted to manufacture or process tangible personal property to be ultimately sold at retail. Such term shall not include any facility primarily operated for the purpose of conveying or assisting in the conveyance of natural gas, electricity, oil or water. A business may operate one or more manufacturing or processing plants or facilities at different locations to manufacture or process a single product of tangible personal property to be ultimately sold at retail;
- "manufacturing or processing business" means a business that utilizes an integrated production operation to manufacture, process, fabricate, finish, or assemble items for wholesale and retail distribution as part of what is commonly regarded by the general public as an industrial manufacturing or processing operation or an agricultural commodity processing operation. (i) Industrial manufacturing or processing operations include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, the fabrication of automobiles, airplanes, machinery or transportation equipment, the fabrication of metal, plastic, wood, or paper products, electricity power generation, water treatment, petroleum refining, chemical production, wholesale bottling, newspaper printing, ready mixed concrete production, and the remanufacturing of used parts for wholesale or retail sale. Such processing operations shall include operations at an oil well, gas well, mine or other excavation site where the oil, gas, minerals, coal, clay, stone, sand or gravel that has been extracted from the earth is cleaned, separated, crushed, ground, milled, screened, washed, or otherwise treated or prepared before its transmission to a refinery or before any other wholesale or retail distribution. (ii) Agricultural commodity processing operations include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, meat packing, poultry slaughtering and dressing, processing and packaging farm and dairy products in sealed containers for wholesale and retail distribution, feed grinding, grain milling, frozen food processing, and grain handling, cleaning, blending, fumigation, drying and aeration operations engaged in by grain elevators or other grain storage facilities. (iii) Manufacturing or processing businesses do not include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, nonindustrial businesses whose operations are primarily retail and that produce or process tangible personal property as an incidental part of conducting the retail business, such as retailers who bake, cook or prepare food products in the regular course of their retail trade, grocery stores,

meat lockers and meat markets that butcher or dress livestock or poultry in the regular course of their retail trade, contractors who alter, service, repair or improve real property, and retail businesses that clean, service or refurbish and repair tangible personal property for its owner;

- (E) "repair and replacement parts and accessories" means all parts and accessories for exempt machinery and equipment, including, but not limited to, dies, jigs, molds, patterns and safety devices that are attached to exempt machinery or that are otherwise used in production, and parts and accessories that require periodic replacement such as belts, drill bits, grinding wheels, grinding balls, cutting bars, saws, refractory brick and other refractory items for exempt kiln equipment used in production operations;
 - (F) "primary" or "primarily" mean more than 50% of the time.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, machinery and equipment shall be deemed to be used as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation when used:
- (A) To receive, transport, convey, handle, treat or store raw materials in preparation of its placement on the production line;
- (B) to transport, convey, handle or store the property undergoing manufacturing or processing at any point from the beginning of the production line through any warehousing or distribution operation of the final product that occurs at the plant or facility;
- (C) to act upon, effect, promote or otherwise facilitate a physical change to the property undergoing manufacturing or processing;
- (D) to guide, control or direct the movement of property undergoing manufacturing or processing;
- (E) to test or measure raw materials, the property undergoing manufacturing or processing or the finished product, as a necessary part of the manufacturer's integrated production operations;
- (F) to plan, manage, control or record the receipt and flow of inventories of raw materials, consumables and component parts, the flow of the property undergoing manufacturing or processing and the management of inventories of the finished product;
- (G) to produce energy for, lubricate, control the operating of or otherwise enable the functioning of other production machinery and equipment and the continuation of production operations;
- (H) to package the property being manufactured or processed in a container or wrapping in which such property is normally sold or transported;
- (I) to transmit or transport electricity, coke, gas, water, steam or similar substances used in production operations from the point of generation, if produced by the manufacturer or processor at the plant site, to that manufacturer's production operation; or, if purchased or delivered

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from offsite, from the point where the substance enters the site of the plant or facility to that manufacturer's production operations;

- (J) to cool, heat, filter, refine or otherwise treat water, steam, acid, oil, solvents or other substances that are used in production operations;
- (K) to provide and control an environment required to maintain certain levels of air quality, humidity or temperature in special and limited areas of the plant or facility, where such regulation of temperature or humidity is part of and essential to the production process;
- (L) to treat, transport or store waste or other byproducts of production operations at the plant or facility; or
- (M) to control pollution at the plant or facility where the pollution is produced by the manufacturing or processing operation.
- (4) The following machinery, equipment and materials shall be deemed to be exempt even though it may not otherwise qualify as machinery and equipment used as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation: (A) Computers and related peripheral equipment that are utilized by a manufacturing or processing business for engineering of the finished product or for research and development or product design; (B) machinery and equipment that is utilized by a manufacturing or processing business to manufacture or rebuild tangible personal property that is used in manufacturing or processing operations, including tools, dies, molds, forms and other parts of qualifying machinery and equipment; (C) portable plants for aggregate concrete, bulk cement and asphalt including cement mixing drums to be attached to a motor vehicle; (D) industrial fixtures, devices, support facilities and special foundations necessary for manufacturing and production operations, and materials and other tangible personal property sold for the purpose of fabricating such fixtures, devices, facilities and foundations. An exemption certificate for such purchases shall be signed by the manufacturer or processor. If the fabricator purchases such material, the fabricator shall also sign the exemption certificate; and (E) a manufacturing or processing business' laboratory equipment that is not located at the plant or facility, but that would otherwise qualify for exemption under subsection (3)(E).
- (5) "Machinery and equipment used as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation" shall not include:
- (A) Machinery and equipment used for nonproduction purposes, including, but not limited to, machinery and equipment used for plant security, fire prevention, first aid, accounting, administration, record keeping, advertising, marketing, sales or other related activities, plant cleaning, plant communications, and employee work scheduling;
- (B) machinery, equipment and tools used primarily in maintaining and repairing any type of machinery and equipment or the building and plant;

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- (C) transportation, transmission and distribution equipment not primarily used in a production, warehousing or material handling operation at the plant or facility, including the means of conveyance of natural gas, electricity, oil or water, and equipment related thereto, located outside the plant or facility;
- (D) office machines and equipment including computers and related peripheral equipment not used directly and primarily to control or measure the manufacturing process;
 - (E) furniture and other furnishings;
- (F) buildings, other than exempt machinery and equipment that is permanently affixed to or becomes a physical part of the building, and any other part of real estate that is not otherwise exempt;
- (G) building fixtures that are not integral to the manufacturing operation, such as utility systems for heating, ventilation, air conditioning, communications, plumbing or electrical;
- (H) machinery and equipment used for general plant heating, cooling and lighting;
- (I) motor vehicles that are registered for operation on public highways; or
- (J) employee apparel, except safety and protective apparel that is purchased by an employer and furnished gratuitously to employees who are involved in production or research activities.
- (6) Subsections (3) and (5) shall not be construed as exclusive listings of the machinery and equipment that qualify or do not qualify as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation. When machinery or equipment is used as an integral or essential part of production operations part of the time and for nonproduction purpose at other times, the primary use of the machinery or equipment shall determine whether or not such machinery or equipment qualifies for exemption.
- (7) The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this subsection;
- (ll) all sales of educational materials purchased for distribution to the public at no charge by a nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of encouraging, fostering and conducting programs for the improvement of public health;
- (mm) all sales of seeds and tree seedlings; fertilizers, insecticides, herbicides, germicides, pesticides and fungicides; and services, purchased and used for the purpose of producing plants in order to prevent soil erosion on land devoted to agricultural use;
- (nn) except as otherwise provided in this act, all sales of services rendered by an advertising agency or licensed broadcast station or any member, agent or employee thereof;

- (oo) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by a community action group or agency for the exclusive purpose of repairing or weatherizing housing occupied by low income individuals;
- (pp) all sales of drill bits and explosives actually utilized in the exploration and production of oil or gas;
- (qq) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a nonprofit museum or historical society or any combination thereof, including a nonprofit organization which is organized for the purpose of stimulating public interest in the exploration of space by providing educational information, exhibits and experiences, which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;
- (rr) all sales of tangible personal property which will admit the purchaser thereof to any annual event sponsored by a nonprofit organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;
- (ss) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a public broadcasting station licensed by the federal communications commission as a noncommercial educational television or radio station;
- (tt) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of a not-for-profit corporation which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for the sole purpose of constructing a Kansas Korean War memorial;
- (uu) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of any rural volunteer fire-fighting organization for use exclusively in the performance of its duties and functions;
- (vv) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by any of the following organizations which are exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for the following purposes, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of any such organization for any such purpose:
- (1) The American Heart Association, Kansas Affiliate, Inc. for the purposes of providing education, training, certification in emergency cardiac care, research and other related services to reduce disability and death from cardiovascular diseases and stroke;
- (2) the Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill, Inc. for the purpose of advocacy for persons with mental illness and to education, research and support for their families;
- (3) the Kansas Mental Illness Awareness Council for the purposes of advocacy for persons who are mentally ill and to education, research and support for them and their families;
 - (4) the American Diabetes Association Kansas Affiliate, Inc. for the

purpose of eliminating diabetes through medical research, public education focusing on disease prevention and education, patient education including information on coping with diabetes, and professional education and training;

- (5) the American Lung Association of Kansas, Inc. for the purpose of eliminating all lung diseases through medical research, public education including information on coping with lung diseases, professional education and training related to lung disease and other related services to reduce the incidence of disability and death due to lung disease;
- (6) the Kansas chapters of the Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders Association, Inc. for the purpose of providing assistance and support to persons in Kansas with Alzheimer's disease, and their families and caregivers;
- (7) the Kansas chapters of the Parkinson's disease association for the purpose of eliminating Parkinson's disease through medical research and public and professional education related to such disease;
- (8) the National Kidney Foundation of Kansas and Western Missouri for the purpose of eliminating kidney disease through medical research and public and private education related to such disease;
- (9) the heartstrings community foundation for the purpose of providing training, employment and activities for adults with developmental disabilities;
- (10) the Cystic Fibrosis Foundation, Heart of America Chapter, for the purposes of assuring the development of the means to cure and control cystic fibrosis and improving the quality of life for those with the disease;
- (11) the spina bifida association of Kansas for the purpose of providing financial, educational and practical aid to families and individuals with spina bifida. Such aid includes, but is not limited to, funding for medical devices, counseling and medical educational opportunities;
- (12) the CHWC, Inc., for the purpose of rebuilding urban core neighborhoods through the construction of new homes, acquiring and renovating existing homes and other related activities, and promoting economic development in such neighborhoods;
- (13) the cross-lines cooperative council for the purpose of providing social services to low income individuals and families;
- (14) the Dreams Work, Inc., for the purpose of providing young adult day services to individuals with developmental disabilities and assisting families in avoiding institutional or nursing home care for a developmentally disabled member of their family;
- (15) the KSDS, Inc., for the purpose of promoting the independence and inclusion of people with disabilities as fully participating and contributing members of their communities and society through the training and

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42 43 providing of guide and service dogs to people with disabilities, and providing disability education and awareness to the general public; and

- (16) the lyme association of greater Kansas City, Inc., for the purpose of providing support to persons with lyme disease and public education relating to the prevention, treatment and cure of lyme disease;
- (ww) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by the Habitat for Humanity for the exclusive use of being incorporated within a housing project constructed by such organization;

(xx) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a nonprofit zoo which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, or on behalf of such zoo by an entity itself exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 contracted with to operate such zoo and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any nonprofit zoo which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such nonprofit zoo or the entity operating such zoo. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any nonprofit zoo. When any nonprofit zoo shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the nonprofit zoo concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such cer-

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tificate was issued, the nonprofit zoo concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto;

(yy) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a parent-teacher association or organization, and all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of such association or organization;

(zz) all sales of machinery and equipment purchased by over-the-air, free access radio or television station which is used directly and primarily for the purpose of producing a broadcast signal or is such that the failure of the machinery or equipment to operate would cause broadcasting to cease. For purposes of this subsection, machinery and equipment shall include, but not be limited to, that required by rules and regulations of the federal communications commission, and all sales of electricity which are essential or necessary for the purpose of producing a broadcast signal or is such that the failure of the electricity would cause broadcasting to cease;

all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a religious organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, and used exclusively for religious purposes, and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such organization which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such organization. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such organization. When any such organization shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certifi-

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cate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to such organization concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, such organization concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto. Sales tax paid on and after July 1, 1998, but prior to the effective date of this act upon the gross receipts received from any sale exempted by the amendatory provisions of this subsection shall be refunded. Each claim for a sales tax refund shall be verified and submitted to the director of taxation upon forms furnished by the director and shall be accompanied by any additional documentation required by the director. The director shall review each claim and shall refund that amount of sales tax paid as determined under the provisions of this subsection. All refunds shall be paid from the sales tax refund fund upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports pursuant to vouchers approved by the director or the director's designee; (bbb) all sales of food for human consumption by an organization

(bbb) all sales of food for human consumption by an organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, pursuant to a food distribution program which offers such food at a price below cost in exchange for the performance of community service by the purchaser thereof;

(ccc) on and after July 1, 1999, all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a primary care clinic or health center the primary purpose of which is to provide services to medically underserved individuals and families, and which is exempt from federal income taxa-

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(ddd) on and after January 1, 1999, and before January 1, 2000, all sales of materials and services purchased by any class II or III railroad as

classified by the federal surface transportation board for the construction, renovation, repair or replacement of class II or III railroad track and facilities used directly in interstate commerce. In the event any such track or facility for which materials and services were purchased sales tax exempt is not operational for five years succeeding the allowance of such exemption, the total amount of sales tax which would have been payable except for the operation of this subsection shall be recouped in accordance with rules and regulations adopted for such purpose by the secretary of revenue;

(eee) on and after January 1, 1999, and before January 1, 2001, all sales of materials and services purchased for the original construction, reconstruction, repair or replacement of grain storage facilities, including railroad sidings providing access thereto;

all sales of material handling equipment, racking systems and other related machinery and equipment that is used for the handling, movement or storage of tangible personal property in a warehouse or distribution facility in this state; all sales of installation, repair and maintenance services performed on such machinery and equipment; and all sales of repair and replacement parts for such machinery and equipment. For purposes of this subsection, a warehouse or distribution facility means a single, fixed location that consists of buildings or structures in a contiguous area where storage or distribution operations are conducted that are separate and apart from the business' retail operations, if any, and which do not otherwise qualify for exemption as occurring at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility. Material handling and storage equipment shall include aeration, dust control, cleaning, handling and other such equipment that is used in a public grain warehouse or other commercial grain storage facility, whether used for grain handling, grain storage, grain refining or processing, or other grain treatment operation;

(ggg) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of the Kansas Academy of Science which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and used solely by such academy for the preparation, publication and dissemination of education materials;

(hhh) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of all domestic violence shelters that are member agencies of the Kansas coalition against sexual and domestic violence;

(iii) all sales of personal property and services purchased by an organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and which such personal property and services are used by any such organization in the collection, storage and distribution of food products to nonprofit organizations which distribute such food products to persons pursuant to a

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food distribution program on a charitable basis without fee or charge, and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities used for the collection and storage of such food products for any such organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such organization. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such organization. When any such organization shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to such organization concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in such facilities or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in such facilities reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, such organization concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto. Sales tax paid on and after July 1, 2005, but prior to the effective

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date of this act upon the gross receipts received from any sale exempted by the amendatory provisions of this subsection shall be refunded. Each claim for a sales tax refund shall be verified and submitted to the director of taxation upon forms furnished by the director and shall be accompanied by any additional documentation required by the director. The director shall review each claim and shall refund that amount of sales tax paid as determined under the provisions of this subsection. All refunds shall be paid from the sales tax refund fund upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports pursuant to vouchers approved by the director or the director's designee;

(jjj) all sales of dietary supplements dispensed pursuant to a prescription order by a licensed practitioner or a mid-level practitioner as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto. As used in this subsection, "dietary supplement" means any product, other than tobacco, intended to supplement the diet that: (1) Contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: A vitamin, a mineral, an herb or other botanical, an amino acid, a dietary substance for use by humans to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake or a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract or combination of any such ingredient; (2) is intended for ingestion in tablet, capsule, powder, softgel, gelcap or liquid form, or if not intended for ingestion, in such a form, is not represented as conventional food and is not represented for use as a sole item of a meal or of the diet; and (3) is required to be labeled as a dietary supplement, identifiable by the supplemental facts box found on the label and as required pursuant to 21 C.F.R.§ 101.36;

(Ill) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by special olympics Kansas, inc. for the purpose of providing year-round sports training and athletic competition in a variety of olympic-type sports for individuals with intellectual disabilities by giving them continuing opportunities to develop physical fitness, demonstrate courage, experience joy and participate in a sharing of gifts, skills and friendship with their families, other special olympics athletes and the community, and activities provided or sponsored by such organization, and all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of any such organization;

(mmm) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by or on behalf of the Marillac Center, Inc., which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, for the purpose of providing psycho-social-biological and special education services to children, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of such organization for such purpose;

(nnn) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by the West Sedgwick County-Sunrise Rotary Club and Sunrise Charitable Fund for the purpose of constructing a boundless playground which

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is an integrated, barrier free and developmentally advantageous play environment for children of all abilities and disabilities;

(000) all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of a public library serving the general public and supported in whole or in part with tax money or a not-for-profit organization whose purpose is to raise funds for or provide services or other benefits to any such public library;

(ppp) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of a homeless shelter which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal income tax code of 1986, and used by any such homeless shelter to provide emergency and transitional housing for individuals and families experiencing homelessness, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of any such homeless shelter for any such purpose;

all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by TLC for children and families, inc., hereinafter referred to as TLC, which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and which such property and services are used for the purpose of providing emergency shelter and treatment for abused and neglected children as well as meeting additional critical needs for children, juveniles and family, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of TLC for any such purpose; and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for the operation of services for TLC for any such purpose which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by TLC. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling such facilities for TLC. When TLC contracts for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling such facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to TLC a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been

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returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, TLC shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto;

(rrr) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by any county law library maintained pursuant to law and sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by an organization which would have been exempt from taxation under the provisions of this subsection if purchased directly by the county law library for the purpose of providing legal resources to attorneys, judges, students and the general public, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of any such county law library;

(sss)all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by catholic charities or youthville, hereinafter referred to as charitable family providers, which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and which such property and services are used for the purpose of providing emergency shelter and treatment for abused and neglected children as well as meeting additional critical needs for children, juveniles and family, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of charitable family providers for any such purpose; and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for the operation of services for charitable family providers for any such purpose which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by charitable family providers. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling such facilities for charitable family providers. When charitable family providers contracts for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or re-

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modeling such facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to charitable family providers a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, charitable family providers shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto;

(ttt) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for a project for the purpose of restoring, constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling a home or facility owned by a nonprofit museum which has been granted an exemption pursuant to subsection (qq), which such home or facility is located in a city which has been designated as a qualified hometown pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-5071, et seq., and amendments thereto, and which such project is related to the purposes of K.S.A. 75-5071, et seq., and amendments thereto, and which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such nonprofit museum. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the restoring, constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling a home

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or facility for any such nonprofit museum. When any such nonprofit museum shall contract for the purpose of restoring, constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling a home or facility, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project, the contractor shall furnish to such nonprofit museum a sworn statement on a form to be provided by the director of taxation that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in a home or facility or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, such nonprofit museum shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto; and

(uuu) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by Kansas children's service league, hereinafter referred to as KCSL, which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and which such property and services are used for the purpose of providing for the prevention and treatment of child abuse and maltreatment as well as meeting additional critical needs for children, juveniles and family, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of KCSL for any such purpose; and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for the operation of services for KCSL

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1 for any such purpose which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by KCSL. Nothing in this 3 subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, maintaining, re-4 pairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling such facilities for KCSL. When KCSL contracts for the purpose of constructing, maintaining, re-6 pairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling such facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for 8 9 the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of 10 such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and 11 12 such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the num-13 ber of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to KCSL a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by 14 15 the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to ex-16 emption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of 17 18 taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found 19 not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to 20 have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the 21 22 building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the 23 director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials 24 25 will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, 26 KCSL shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, 27 and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor 28 together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, em-29 ployee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of 30 any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other 31 than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of 32 the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, 33 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be 34 subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, 35 and amendments thereto. 36

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 40-253a, 74-50,113, 74-50,116, 74-50,117, 74-50,118, 74-50,119, 74-50,135, 74-50,135a, 74-8945, 79-32,155, 79-32,156, 79-32,157, 79-32,158, 79-32,159, 79-32,159a, 79-32,159b, 79-32,159c, 79-32,160, 79-32,160b and 79-32,160c and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 74-50,114, 74-50,115, 74-50,131, 74-50,134, 79-3269, 79-32,111, 79-32,153, 79-32,154, 79-32,160a, 79-32,243 and 79-3606 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 22. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.