## SENATE BILL No. 86

By Committee on Judiciary

## 1-16

AN ACT concerning civil procedure; relating to the application to change a judge in civil cases; amending K.S.A. 20-311e and 20-311f and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 20-311d and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 20-311d is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-311d. (a) (1) A change of judge shall be ordered in any civil action upon the timely filing of a written application therefor by a party. The application need not allege or prove any cause for such change of judge and need not be verified.

(2) The application must be filed within 60 days from service of process or 30 days from the designation of the trial judge, whichever time is longer. If the designation of the trial judge occurs less than 30 days before trial, the application must be filed prior to any appearance before the trial judge.

In the case of intervenors, the application must be filed within 30 days of intervention or designation of the trial judge, whichever is later, but in no event may any intervening party obtain a change of judge unless the application is filed within 180 days of the designation of the trial judge.

- (3) A copy of the application and notice of the time when it will be presented to the court shall be served on all parties.
- (4) Application for change of judge may be made by one or more parties in any of the following classes: (A) Plaintiffs; (B) defendants; (C) third-party plaintiffs (where separate trial has been ordered); (D) third-party defendants; or (E) intervenors. Each of the foregoing classes is limited to one change of judge, and any such change granted any one or more members of a class exhausts the right of all members of the class to a change of judge. However, no party shall be precluded from later requesting any change of judge for cause. Further, in eminent domain cases involving multiple defendants, as to which separate appeals are to be held, each separate appeal to determine damages shall be treated as a separate case for purposes of change of judge.
- (5) The judge promptly shall sustain a timely application for change of judge upon its presentation. The disqualified judge shall transfer the case to a judge stipulated to by the parties if the new judge agrees to take

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the case. If the case is not so transferred, the disqualified judge shall notify 2 the chief judge:

- (A) If the chief judge is not disqualified in the case, the chief judge shall assign a judge of the district who is not disqualified; or
- (B) if the chief judge is disqualified in the case, a judge of the district shall be assigned in accordance with local court rules, so long as the local court rules do not permit the disqualified judge to make the assignment.
- (6) If after a change of judge has been granted the action shall be removed on application of another party to some other county in the same district, the transferred judge shall continue as the judge therein.
- (b) (1) If a party or a party's attorney believes that the judge to whom an action is assigned cannot afford that party a fair trial in the action, the party or attorney may file a motion for change of judge. The motion shall not state the grounds for the party's or attorney's belief. The judge shall promptly hear the motion informally upon reasonable notice to all parties who have appeared in the case. If the judge disqualifies the judge's self, the action shall be assigned to another judge by the chief judge. If the judge refuses to disqualify the judge's self, the party seeking a change of judge may file the affidavit provided for in subsection (b) paragraph (2). If an affidavit is to be filed it shall be filed immediately.
- (b) (2) If a party or a party's attorney files an affidavit alleging any of the grounds specified in subsection (e) paragraph (3), the chief judge shall at once determine, or refer the affidavit to another district judge for prompt determination of, the legal sufficiency of the affidavit. If the affidavit is filed in a district court in which there is no other judge who is qualified to hear the matter, the chief judge shall at once notify the departmental justice for the district and request the appointment of another district judge to determine the legal sufficiency of the affidavit. If the affidavit is found to be legally sufficient, the case shall be assigned to another judge.
- (e) (3) Grounds which may be alleged as provided in subsection (b) paragraph (2) for change of judge are that:
- The judge has been engaged as counsel in the action prior to the appointment or election as judge.
  - The judge is otherwise interested in the action.  $\frac{(2)}{(B)}$
  - The judge is related to either party to the action.  $\frac{(3)}{(C)}$
  - (4) (D) The judge is a material witness in the action.
- The party or the party's attorney filing the affidavit has cause to believe and does believe that on account of the personal bias, prejudice or interest of the judge such party cannot obtain a fair and impartial trial or fair and impartial enforcement of post-judgment remedies. Such affidavit shall state the facts and the reasons for the belief that bias, prejudice or an interest exists.

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(d) (4) In any affidavit filed pursuant to this section, the recital of 2 previous rulings or decisions by the judge on legal issues or concerning 3 the legal sufficiency of any prior affidavits filed by counsel for a party in any judicial proceeding, or filed by such counsel's law firm, pursuant to 4 this section, shall not be deemed legally sufficient for any belief that bias or prejudice exists. 6

- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 20-311e is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-311e. No judge or court shall punish for contempt anyone making, filing or presenting the application or the affidavit provided for by K.S.A. 20-311d or any motion founded thereon.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 20-311f is hereby amended to read as follows: 20-311f. 12 No party shall be granted more than one change of judge in any action, 13 but each party shall be heard to urge such party's objections to a judge in the first instance, except that in prejudgment matters a party may apply 14 15 or move for a change of judge in accordance with K.S.A. 20-311d, and 16 amendments thereto, within seven days after pretrial, or after receiving written notice of the judge before whom the case is to be heard, whichever is later. In post judgment proceedings the motion may be filed at any time.
- 20 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 20-311e and 20-311f and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 20-311d 21 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 22 23 publication in the statute book.