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SENATE BILL No. 156

By Committee on Commerce

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AN ACT enacting the Kansas professional employer organization registration act.
Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. The provisions of this act shall be known and may be cited

as the professional employer organization registration act. Sec. 2. As used in this act:

- (a) "Client" means any person who enters into a professional employer agreement with a professional employer organization.
- (b) "Co-employer" means either a professional employer organization or a client.
- (c) "Co-employment relationship" means a relationship which is intended to be an ongoing relationship rather than a temporary or project specific one, wherein the rights, duties and obligations of an employer which arise out of an employment relationship have been allocated between co-employers pursuant to a professional employer agreement and this act. In a co-employment relationship:
- (1) The professional employer organization is entitled to enforce only employer rights and is subject to only those obligations specifically allocated to the professional employer organization by the professional employer agreement or this act;
- (2) the client is entitled to enforce those rights and obligated to provide and perform those employer obligations allocated to the client by the professional employer agreement and this act; and
- (3) the client is entitled to enforce any right and obligated to perform any obligation of an employer not specifically allocated to the professional employer organization by the professional employer agreement or this act.
- (d) "Covered employee" means an individual having a co-employment relationship with a professional employer organization and a client where:
- (1) The individual has received written notice of co-employment with the professional employer organization; and
- 42 (2) the individual's co-employment relationship is pursuant to a pro-43 fessional employer agreement subject to this act. Individuals who are

officers, directors, shareholders, partners and managers of the client will be covered employees to the extent the professional employer organization and the client have expressly agreed in the professional employer agreement that such individuals would be covered employees and provided the individuals meet the criteria of this paragraph and act as operational managers or perform day-to-day operational services for the client.

- (e) "Department" means the department of labor.
- (f) "Direct hire employee" of a client or a professional employer organization means an individual who is an employee within the meaning of the workers' compensation act and is not a professional employer organization co-employee.
- (g) "Direct purchase basis" means an arrangement in which all contractual obligations under the insurance policy run directly between the insurer and the client without the involvement of the professional employer organization, whether the arrangement is negotiated solely between the client and the insurer or is negotiated with the assistance of the professional employer organization on terms that might not be available to the general public.
- (h) "Independent certified public accountant" means a person who has been certified by a state examining board as having met the state's legal requirements for the practice of public accounting and conforms to the standards as contained in the code of professional ethics of the American institute of certified public accountants.
- (i) "Master policy basis" means an arrangement under which a single policy issued to the PEO provides coverage for more than one client and provides coverage to the PEO with respect to its direct hire employees.
- (j) "Multiple coordinated policy basis" means an arrangement under which a separate policy is issued to or on behalf of each client or group of affiliated clients but payment obligations and certain policy communications are coordinated through the professional employer organization. A multiple coordinated policy shall unconditionally obligate the insurer to pay all benefits due under the workers' compensation laws, whether or not the professional employer organization and client comply with their obligations under the policy.
- (k) "PEO group" means two or more professional employer organizations that are majority owned or commonly controlled by the same entity, parent or controlling persons.
- (l) "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association or any other form of legally recognized entity.
- (m) "Professional employer agreement" means a written contract by and between a client and a professional employer organization that

provides:

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- (1) For the co-employment of covered employees;
- (2) for the allocation of employer rights and obligations between the client and the professional employer organization with respect to the covered employees; and
- (3) that the professional employer organization and the client assume the responsibilities required by this act.
- (n) "Professional employer organization" or "PEO" means any person engaged in the business of providing professional employer services. A person engaged in the business of providing professional employer services shall be subject to registration and regulation under this act regardless of its use of the term or conducting business as a professional employer organization, PEO, staff leasing company, registered staff leasing company, employee leasing company, administrative employer or any other name.
- (o) "Professional employer services" shall mean the service of entering into co-employment relationships under this act in which all or a majority of the employees providing services to a client or to a division or work unit of a client are covered employees.
 - (p) "Registrant" means a PEO registered under this act.
 - (q) "Secretary" means the secretary of labor.
 - (r) "Temporary help services" means services consisting of a person:
 - (1) Recruiting and hiring its own employees;
- (2) finding other organizations that need the services of those employees;
- (3) assigning those employees to perform work at or services for the other organizations to support or supplement the other organizations' workforces or to provide assistance in special work situations such as, but not limited to, employee absences, skill shortages, seasonal workloads or to perform special assignments or projects; and
- (4) customarily attempting to reassign the employees to other organizations when they finish each assignment.
- Sec. 3. (a) Nothing contained in this act or in any professional employer agreement shall affect, modify or amend any collective bargaining agreement, or the rights or obligations of any client, PEO or covered employee under the federal national labor relations act, the federal railway labor act or K.S.A. 44-614, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Nothing in this act or in any professional employer agreement shall:
- (1) Diminish, abolish or remove rights of covered employees to a client or obligations of the client to a covered employee existing prior to the effective date of the professional employer agreement;
- (2) affect, modify or amend any contractual relationship or restrictive

 covenant between a covered employee and any client in effect at the time a professional employer agreement becomes effective. Nor shall it prohibit or amend any contractual relationship or restrictive covenant that is entered into subsequently between a client and a covered employee. A PEO shall have no responsibility or liability in connection with, or arising out of, any existing or new contractual relationship or restrictive covenant unless the PEO has specifically agreed otherwise in writing; or

- (3) create any new or additional enforceable right of a covered employee against a PEO that is not specifically provided by the professional employer agreement or this act.
- (c) Nothing contained in this act or any professional employer agreement shall affect, modify or amend any state, local or federal licensing, registration or certification requirement applicable to any client or covered employee.
- (d) A covered employee who must be licensed, registered or certified according to law or regulation is deemed solely an employee of the client for purposes of any license, registration or certification requirement.
- (e) A PEO shall not be deemed to engage in any occupation, trade, profession or other activity that is subject to licensing, registration or certification requirements, or is otherwise regulated by a governmental entity solely by entering into and maintaining a co-employment relationship with a covered employee who is subject to such requirements or regulation.
- (f) A client shall have the sole right of direction and control of the professional or licensed activities of covered employees and of client's business. Covered employees and clients shall remain subject to regulation by the regulatory or governmental entity responsible for licensing, registration or certification of the covered employees or clients.
- (g) With respect to a bid, contract, purchase order or agreement entered into with the state or a political subdivision of the state, a client company's status or certification as a small, minority-owned, disadvantaged or woman-owned business enterprise or as a historically underutilized business is not affected because the client company has entered into an agreement with a PEO or uses the services of a PEO.
- Sec. 4. No person shall open, operate or maintain a professional employer organization for the purpose of providing professional employer services or use the names PEO, professional employer organization, staff leasing company, registered staff leasing company, employee leasing, administrative employer or other title representing professional employer services without first obtaining a registration from the department pursuant to this act.
- Sec. 5. (a) Each applicant for registration under this act shall provide the department with the following information:

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- (1) The name or names under which the PEO conducts business;
- (2) the address of the principal place of business of the PEO and the address of each office it maintains in this state;
 - (3) the PEO's taxpayer or employer identification number;
- (4) a list by jurisdiction of each name under which the PEO has operated in the preceding five years, including any alternative names, names of predecessors and, if known, successor business entities;
- (5) a statement of ownership, which shall include the name and evidence of the business experience of any person that, individually or acting in concert with one or more other persons, owns or controls, directly or indirectly, 25% or more of the equity interests of the PEO;
- (6) a statement of management, which shall include the name and evidence of the business experience of any person who serves as president, chief executive officer or otherwise has the authority to act as senior executive officer of the PEO;
- (7) an attestation from an independent certified public accountant licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where the accountant is located that:
- (A) The PEO has financial statements that present the financial condition of the PEO or PEO group fairly and accurately in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (B) (i) an audit of the PEO or PEO group's financial statements has been performed within the last 13 months by an independent certified public accountant licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where the accountant is located resulting in an audit letter that is without qualification as to the going concern status of the PEO; or
- (ii) the PEO that has not had sufficient operating history to have had an audit performed on financial statements that are based upon at least 12 months of operating history;
- (C) the PEO is in compliance with the requirements of section 12 of this act; and
- (D) that all liabilities for wages, employee benefit plan premiums, federal, state and local withholding taxes, unemployment insurance taxes and workers' compensation premiums have been paid in a timely manner.
- (b) Each PEO operating within this state as of the effective date of this act shall complete its initial registration not later than 180 days after the effective date of this act. Such initial registration shall be valid until the end of the PEO's first fiscal year end that is more than one year after the effective date of this act.
- (c) Each PEO not operating within this state as of the effective date of this act shall complete its initial registration prior to commencement of operations within this state.
- 43 Sec. 6. (a) Within 180 days after the end of a registrant's fiscal year,

a PEO or PEO group shall renew its registration by:

- (1) Notifying the department of any changes in the information provided in the registrant's most recent registration or renewal; and
- (2) providing the department with an attestation from an independent certified public accountant licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where the accountant is located that:
- (A) The PEO has financial statements that present the financial condition of the PEO or PEO group fairly and accurately in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- (B) an audit of the PEO's financial statements for the PEO or PEO group's preceding fiscal year has been performed within the last 180 days by an independent certified public accountant licensed to practice in the jurisdiction where the accountant is located resulting in an audit letter that is without qualification as to the going concern status of the PEO;
- $\left(C\right) \;\;$ the PEO is in compliance with the requirements of section 12 of this act; and
- (D) that all liabilities for wages, employee benefit plan premiums, federal, state and local withholding taxes, unemployment taxes and workers' compensation premiums incurred during the previous fiscal year have been paid.
- (b) An applicant may apply with the department for an extension of time to comply with the requirements of subsection (a)(2) of this section, but any such request must be accompanied by a letter from the independent certified public accountant stating the reasons for the delay and the anticipated date at which the attestation required by this subsection will be submitted to the department.
- Sec. 7. (a) PEOs in a PEO group may satisfy the registration, reporting and attestation requirements of this registration law on a combined or consolidated basis provided that each member of the PEO group guarantees the obligations under this act of each other member of the PEO group. In the case of a PEO group that submits a single attestation of the financial condition of the PEO group and the attestation includes entities that are not PEOs or that are not in the PEO group, the controlling entity of the PEO group under the consolidated or combined attestation must guarantee the obligations of the PEOs in the PEO group.
- Sec. 8. (a) A PEO is eligible for a limited registration under this act if the PEO:
- (1) Submits a properly executed request for limited registration on a form provided by the department;
- (2) is domiciled outside this state and is licensed or registered as a professional employer organization in another state;
- 42 (3) does not maintain an office in this state or directly solicit clients 43 located or domiciled within this state; and

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- (4) does not have more than 50 covered employees employed or domiciled in this state on any given day.
 - (b) A limited registration is valid for one year, and may be renewed.
- (c) A PEO seeking limited registration under this section shall provide the department with information and documentation necessary to show that the PEO qualifies for a limited registration.
- (d) Section 5(a)(7) and section 6(a)(2) of this act shall not apply to applicants for limited registration.
- Sec. 9. The department may by rule and regulation provide for the acceptance of an affidavit or certification of a bonded, independent and qualified assurance organization that is licensed as an assurance organization in another state, and has been approved by the secretary certifying qualifications of a professional employer organization in lieu of the requirements of sections 5(a)(7) and section 6(a)(2) of this act.
- Sec. 10. (a) The department shall maintain a list of professional employer organizations registered under this act.
- (b) The department may prescribe forms necessary to promote the efficient administration of this act.
- (c) All records, reports and other information obtained from a PEO under this act, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act by the department shall be confidential and shall not be published or open to public inspection other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties.
- Sec. 11. (a)No fee charged pursuant to this act shall exceed the amount reasonably necessary for the administration of this act. The amount of registration fees shall be set by the secretary as follows:
- (1) Upon filing an initial registration statement under this act, a PEO shall pay an initial registration fee in an amount of not to exceed \$1,000.
- (2) Upon each annual renewal of a registration statement filed under this act, a PEO shall pay a renewal fee in an amount of not to exceed \$1,000.
- (3) The department shall determine by rule any fee to be charged for a group registration.
- (4) Each PEO seeking limited registration under the terms of section 8 shall pay a fee in an amount of not to exceed \$500 upon initial application for limited registration and upon each annual renewal of a limited registration.
- (5) A PEO seeking alternative registration pursuant to section 9 of this act shall pay an initial and annual fee in an amount of not to exceed \$1,000.
- 41 (b) There is hereby established in the state treasury the professional 42 organization registration fund which shall be administered by the secre-43 tary. All expenditures from the fund shall be made in accordance with

appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the secretary.

All moneys received by the secretary under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury at least monthly in accordance with provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, and shall be credited to the professional organization registration fund.

- Sec. 12. (a) Except as provided in subsections (b), (c) and (d) of this section, a PEO or a PEO group shall maintain, at all times, \$100,000 in working capital, that is current assets minus current liabilities, as defined by generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) In lieu of the working capital requirements of subsection (a), a PEO or PEO group may provide to the department a bond, irrevocable letter of credit or securities with a minimum market value of \$100,000.
- (c) A PEO that has not had sufficient operating history to have required an audit of its financial statements shall provide to the department a bond, irrevocable letter of credit or securities with a minimum market value of \$100,000.
- (d) Any PEO or PEO group that does not have positive working capital shall provide to the department a bond, irrevocable letter of credit or securities with a market value equal to or greater than \$100,000 plus an amount sufficient to cover the deficit in working capital.
- (e) Any bond submitted pursuant to this subsection shall be held by a depository designated by the department securing payment by the PEO of all taxes, wages, benefits or other entitlement due to or with respect to covered employees, if the PEO does not make such payments when due.
- Sec. 13. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this act or in the professional employer agreement, in each co-employment relationship:
- (1) The client shall be entitled to exercise all rights and shall be obligated to perform all duties and responsibilities otherwise applicable to an employer in an employment relationship; and
- (2) the PEO shall be entitled to exercise only those rights and obligated to perform only those duties and responsibilities specifically required by this act or set forth in the professional employer agreement. The rights, duties and obligations of the PEO as co-employer with respect to any covered employee shall be limited to those arising pursuant to the professional employer agreement and this act during the term of co-employment by the PEO of the covered employee.
- (b) Unless otherwise agreed by the PEO and the client in a professional employer agreement, the client retains the exclusive right to direct and control the covered employees as is necessary to conduct the client's business, to discharge any of the client's fiduciary responsibilities, or to comply with any licensure requirements applicable to the client or to the

 covered employees.

- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this act, the co-employment relationship between the client and the PEO, and between each co-employer and each covered employee, shall be governed by the professional employer agreement. Each professional employer agreement shall include the following:
- (1) The allocation of rights, duties and obligations as described in subparagraph (a);
- (2) provisions stating that the PEO shall have responsibility to pay wages to covered employees; to withhold, collect, report and remit payroll-related and unemployment taxes; and, to the extent the PEO has assumed responsibility in the professional employer agreement, to make payments for employee benefits for covered employees. As used in this section, the term "wages" does not include any obligation between a client and a covered employee for payments beyond or in addition to the covered employee's salary, draw or regular rate of pay, such as bonuses, commissions, severance pay, deferred compensation, profit sharing or vacation, sick or other paid time off pay, unless the PEO has expressly agreed to assume liability for such payments in the professional employer agreement;
- (3) provisions stating that the PEO shall have a right to hire, discipline and terminate a covered employee, as may be necessary to fulfill the PEO's responsibilities under this act and the professional employer agreement. The client shall have a right to hire, discipline and terminate a covered employee; and
- (4) provisions allocating the responsibility to obtain workers' compensation coverage for covered employees, from a carrier holding a certificate of authority to do business in this state pursuant to K.S.A. 40-201 et seq., and amendments thereto, and otherwise in compliance with all applicable requirements, to either the client or the PEO.
- (d) With respect to each professional employer agreement entered into by a PEO, the PEO shall provide written notice to each covered employee affected by the agreement of the general nature of the coemployment relationship between and among the PEO, the client and the covered employee.
- (e) Except to the extent otherwise expressly provided by the applicable professional employer agreement:
- (1) A client shall be solely responsible for the quality, adequacy or safety of the goods or services produced or sold in client's business;
- (2) a client shall be solely responsible for directing, supervising, training and controlling the work of the covered employees with respect to the business activities of the client and solely responsible for the acts, errors or omissions of the covered employees with regard to such

activities:

- (3) a client shall not be liable for the acts, errors or omissions of a PEO, or of any covered employee of the client and a PEO when the covered employee is acting under the express direction and control of the PEO:
- (4) a PEO shall not be liable for the acts, errors or omissions of a client or of any covered employee of the client when such covered employee is acting under the express direction and control of the client;
- (5) nothing in this subsection shall serve to limit any contractual liability or obligation specifically provided in the written professional employer agreement@d
- (6) a covered employee is not, solely as the result of being a covered employee of a PEO, an employee of the PEO for purposes of general liability insurance, fidelity bonds, surety bonds, employer's liability which is not covered by workers' compensation or liquor liability insurance carried by the PEO unless the covered employees are included by specific reference in the professional employer agreement and applicable prearranged employment contract, insurance contract or bond.
- (f) Covered employees whose services are subject to sales tax shall be deemed the employees of the client for purposes of collecting and levying sales tax on the services performed by the covered employee. Nothing contained in this act shall relieve a client of any sales tax liability with respect to its goods or services.
- (g) Any tax assessed on a per capita or per employee basis shall be assessed against the client for covered employees and against the professional employer organization for its direct hire employees.
- (h) In the case of tax imposed or calculated upon the basis of total payroll, the professional employer organization shall be eligible to apply any small business allowance or exemption available to the client for the covered employees for purpose of computing the tax.
- Sec. 14. (a) A professional employer organization or its representative shall not sell, solicit or negotiate insurance unless licensed as an insurance agent, insurance broker or insurance producer pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 40-4901 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (b) A PEO registered pursuant to this act is not engaged in the sale of insurance or in acting as a third party administrator by offering, marketing, selling, administering or providing professional employer services which include services and the sponsorship of employee benefit plans for covered employees.
- Sec. 15. (a) A client and a PEO shall each be deemed an employer for purposes of sponsoring retirement and welfare benefit plans for its covered employees.
 - (b) A professional employer agreement may require the participation

of a client in a plan of workers' compensation coverage provided by a professional employer organization for the covered employees, however, nothing in this act shall require the participation of a client in any retirement or welfare benefit plan sponsored by a PEO for the benefit of covered employees.

- (c) A fully-insured welfare benefit plan offered to the covered employees of a single PEO shall be considered a single employer welfare benefit plan and shall not be considered a multiple employer welfare arrangement, or "MEWA", as defined in section 514 of the employee retirement income security act of 1974, as amended, and shall be exempt from the licensing requirements contained at K.S.A. 40-201 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (d) For purposes of K.S.A. 40-2209 et seq., and amendments thereto, a PEO shall be considered the employer of all of its covered employees and all covered employees of one or more clients participating in a health benefit plan sponsored by a single PEO shall be considered employees of the PEO.
- (e) If a PEO offers to its covered employees any health benefit plan which is not fully-insured by an insurer authorized to do business in this state, the plan shall:
- (1) Utilize a third-party administrator authorized to do business in this state;
- (2) hold all plan assets, including participant contributions, in a trust account;
- (3) provide sound reserves for the plan as determined using generally accepted actuarial standards; and
- (4) provide written notice to each covered employee participating in the benefit plan that the plan is self-insured or is not fully-insured.
- Sec. 16. (a) The responsibility to obtain workers' compensation coverage for covered employees from an insurer licensed to do business in this state pursuant to K.S.A. 40-201 et seq., and amendments thereto, and in compliance with all applicable law shall be specifically allocated in the professional employer agreement to either the client or the PEO.
- (b) Nothing in this act shall require the participation of a client in any plan of workers' compensation coverage provided by a professional employer organization for the benefit of covered employees, if the client has obtained workers' compensation coverage for the covered employees and employees of the client who are not covered employees subject to a professional employer agreement on a direct purchase basis from an insurer licensed to do business in this state pursuant to K.S.A. 40-201 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- 42 (c) If a PEO holds a license issued pursuant to K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 40-43 4901 et seq., and amendments thereto, and the PEO is authorized by an

insurer licensed to do business in this state, the PEO may negotiate coverage, collect premiums on behalf of the insurer, and otherwise act as an intermediary with respect to direct purchase coverage as permitted by law.

- (d) Nothing in this section shall abrogate the responsibility of the client to obtain workers' compensation coverage for all employees who are not covered employees pursuant to a professional employer agreement.
- (e) If covered employees are covered by a workers' compensation policy purchased by a client on a direct purchase basis, and are not covered by a workers' compensation policy issued in the name of the PEO, the client shall provide a certificate of insurance to the PEO evidencing that workers' compensation coverage has been obtained for covered employees by the client.
- (f) The requirements contained in subsection (a) of this section shall be fulfilled in one of the following ways:
- (1) The client obtains workers' compensation coverage on a direct purchase basis pursuant to K.S.A. 44-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, covering all of the client's covered employees and direct hire employees, subject to the same requirements and conditions as if the client were the sole employer of its PEO co-employees;
- (2) the PEO purchases a separate workers' compensation policy, issued pursuant to K.S.A. 44-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, from an insurer holding a certificate of authority to do business in this state providing workers' compensation coverage for the covered employees of each client on a multiple coordinated policy basis listing the PEO as "labor contractor for" each client or group of affiliated clients;
- (3) the PEO purchases workers' compensation insurance coverage pursuant to K.S.A. 44-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, for covered employees of one or more clients from an insurer holding a certificate of authority to do business in this state on a master policy basis and the insurer issues a certificate of coverage providing workers compensation insurance coverage for the client; or
- (4) the PEO obtains authorization from the department of insurance to self-insure its workers' compensation obligations pursuant to K.S.A. 44-532 et seq., and amendments thereto, and provides workers' compensation coverage under such self-insurance in compliance with department of insurance regulations.
- (g) (1) The premium for any insurance policy issued to a PEO or a client pursuant to subsection (b) that provides workers' compensation coverage for covered employees shall be developed using the exposure and experience of the client or clients for which the policy is being issued.
 - (2) The insurer of a PEO may take all reasonable steps to ascertain

exposure under the policy through the following procedures:

- $\left(A\right)$ Complete description of PEO's operations and the client's operations;
- (B) periodic reporting of payroll, classifications, experience rating modification factors and jurisdictions with exposure by covered client;
 - (C) audit of PEO's operations and client or clients' operations; and
- (D) any other reasonable measure to determine the appropriate premium.
- (h) The PEO shall provide any information requested by the department or the department of insurance relating to its contractual provisions for inception and termination of PEO agreements with clients, the methods by which its workers' compensation costs are determined and allocated and any other information relevant to the PEO's workers' compensation coverage arrangements.
- (i) All records, reports and other information obtained from a PEO under this subsection, except to the extent necessary for the proper administration of this act by the department of insurance shall be confidential and shall not be published or open to public inspection other than to public employees in the performance of their public duties.
- (j) (1) All loss reporting for injuries to covered employees and all payroll reporting for covered employees shall be conducted in a manner that identifies both the PEO and the client and enables the calculation of experience modification factors for the individual clients of a PEO upon the termination of the professional employer agreement; and
- (2) the experience modification factor for the client shall be based on the experience of both covered employees and employees who are direct hire employees of the client during the experience period.
- (k) The Kansas workers' compensation insurance plan shall issue workers' compensation policies for the covered employees of a PEO on a multiple coordinated policy basis listing the PEO as the first named insured.
- (l) Both the client and the PEO shall be considered the employer for the purpose of coverage under the workers' compensation act. The protection of the exclusive remedy provision of K.S.A. 44-501, and amendments thereto, shall apply to the PEO, the client and to all covered employees and other employees of the client irrespective of which co-employer obtains such workers' compensation coverage.
- Sec. 17. (a) For the purposes of K.S.A. 44-701 et seq., and amendments thereto, covered employees of a registered PEO are considered the employees of the PEO, which shall be responsible for the payment of contributions, penalties and interest on wages paid by the PEO to its covered employees during the term of the applicable professional employer agreement, except that an individual proprietor, partner or cor-

 porate officer, who is a shareholder or member of the board of directors of the client company, shall not be considered a covered employee of the PEO.

- (b) A professional employer organization shall be liable for contributions on wages paid by the professional employer organization to covered employees.
- (c) The professional employer organization shall keep separate records and submit separate quarterly contributions and wage reports for each client company.
- (d) The PEO shall report and pay all required contributions for covered employees to the unemployment compensation fund using the state employer account number and the contribution rate of the PEO.
- (e) On the termination of a contract between a PEO and a client company or the failure by a PEO to submit reports or make tax payments as required by K.S.A. 44-701 et seq., and amendments thereto, the client shall be treated as a new employer without a previous experience record unless that client is otherwise eligible for an experience rating.
- (f) The provisions of this section shall not be applicable to temporary help services which provide temporary workers to employers on a temporary help basis, provided the temporary help services agencies are liable as employers for the payment of contributions on wages paid to temporary workers so employed.
- (g) This section shall be construed as part of the employment security law.
- Sec. 18. The following shall not be deemed to be professional employer organizations or the providing of professional employment services for purposes of this act:
- (a) Arrangements wherein a person, whose principal business activity is not entering into professional employer arrangements and which does not hold itself out as a PEO, shares employees with a commonly owned company within the meaning of section 414(b) and (c) of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended;
- (b) independent contractor arrangements by which a person assumes responsibility for the produced or service performed by the person or agents of such persons and retains and exercises primary direction and control over the work performed by the individuals whose services are supplied under the arrangements; or
 - (c) persons providing temporary help services.
- Sec. 19. (a) It shall be the duty of the department when informed of any violation of section 4 of this act, to investigate the allegation of the complaint.
- (b) The secretary may after notice and an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to the Kansas administrative procedure act, refuse to renew or

may suspend or revoke a professional employer organization's license, or may place the licensee on probation for a period not to exceed one year, or may impose an administrative penalty in an amount not to exceed \$1,000 for each material violation of this act, and may issue a cease and desist order if it is found after a hearing that:

- (1) The professional employer organization has knowingly provided false or fraudulent information, or has knowingly made a material misrepresentation to the department, or other governmental agency in conjunction with any license, renewal, or in any report required under this act:
- (2) the professional employer organization or a controlling person of a PEO has been convicted of a crime that relates to the operation of a PEO, relates to fraud or deceit, or the ability of the licensee or a controlling person of a licensee to operate a PEO; or
- (3) the professional employer organization has committed a willful violation of this act or any order or rule and regulation issued by the department under this act.
- Sec. 20. The secretary may adopt, amend and revoke rules and regulations governing the administration and enforcement of this act.
- Sec. 21. If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act are severable.
- Sec. 22. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.