Session of 2007

HOUSE BILL No. 2418

By Committee on Health and Human Services

2-6

10AN ACT concerning the definition of general hospital; amending K.S.A. 1165-425 and repealing the existing section. 12 13 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 14Section 1. K.S.A. 65-425 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-15 425. As used in this act: 16"General hospital" means an establishment with an organized (a) 17medical staff of physicians; with permanent facilities that include inpatient 18beds and a dedicated emergency department; and with medical services, 19including physician services, and continuous registered professional nursing services and emergency department services for not less than 24 hours 2021of every day, to provide diagnosis and treatment for patients who have a 22 variety of medical conditions; that participates in and is part of the state-23 wide trauma system plan and any plan for the delivery of emergency 24 medical services applicable to its region; that is focused on providing treat-25ment for patients who require inpatient care; and is a participating pro-26vider in the Kansas medicaid plan. In addition, the diagnosis-related 27groups of inpatient discharges from the establishment, determined by the 28methodology used for the medicare and medicaid programs, shall meet 29 the following requirements: (1) No more than 44% of such discharges may 30 relate to patients with a disease or disorder in any one major diagnostic 31category; and (2) the sum of inpatient discharges for the two highest major 32 diagnostic categories shall not exceed 65% of all inpatient discharges. For the purposes of this subsection (a), "major diagnostic category" means a 33 34 cardiac-related disease or disorder, an orthopedic-related disease or dis-35 order, or any surgical procedure not related to a cardiac or orthopedic 36 disease or disorder. 37 (b) "Special hospital" means an establishment with an organized 38 medical staff of physicians; with permanent facilities that include inpatient 39 beds; and with medical services, including physician services, and contin-40 uous registered professional nursing services for not less than 24 hours 41of every day, to provide diagnosis and treatment for patients who have 42specified medical conditions.

43 (c) "Person" means any individual, firm, partnership, corporation,

company, association, or joint-stock association, and the legal successor
 thereof.

3 (d) "Governmental unit" means the state, or any county, municipality,
4 or other political subdivision thereof; or any department, division, board
5 or other agency of any of the foregoing.

6 (e) "Licensing agency" means the department of health and 7 environment.

8 (f) "Ambulatory surgical center" means an establishment with an or-9 ganized medical staff of one or more physicians; with permanent facilities 10 that are equipped and operated primarily for the purpose of performing 11 surgical procedures; with continuous physician services during surgical 12procedures and until the patient has recovered from the obvious effects 13 of anesthetic and at all other times with physician services available when-14ever a patient is in the facility; with continuous registered professional 15 nursing services whenever a patient is in the facility; and which does not 16provide services or other accommodations for patient to stay more than 1724 hours. Before discharge from an ambulatory surgical center, each pa-18tient shall be evaluated by a physician for proper anesthesia recovery. 19Nothing in this section shall be construed to require the office of a phy-20sician or physicians to be licensed under this act as an ambulatory surgical 21center.

22(g) "Recuperation center" means an establishment with an organized 23 medical staff of physicians; with permanent facilities that include inpatient 24 beds; and with medical services, including physician services, and contin-25uous registered professional nursing services for not less than 24 hours 26 of every day, to provide treatment for patients who require inpatient care 27 but are not in an acute phase of illness, who currently require primary 28convalescent or restorative services, and who have a variety of medical 29 conditions.

(h) "Medical care facility" means a hospital, ambulatory surgical center or recuperation center, but shall not include a hospice which is certified to participate in the medicare program under 42 code of federal
regulations, chapter IV, section 418.1 *et seq.* and amendments thereto
and which provides services only to hospice patients.

(i) "Critical access hospital" shall have the meaning ascribed to such
term under K.S.A. 65-468 and amendments thereto.

(j) "Hospital" means "general hospital," "critical access hospital," or"special hospital."

39 (k) "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine and 40 surgery in this state.

41 [New Sec. 2. Any hospital licensed as a general hospital on July

42 1, 2007, which does not meet the criteria for licensure as a general

43 hospital pursuant to the definition of general hospital set out in

1 K.S.A. 65-425, and amendments thereto, shall be entitled to con-

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- 2 tinue to be licensed as a general hospital until December 31, 2009,
- 3 provided that such hospital (a) otherwise meets the criteria for
- 4 licensure as a hospital pursuant to this hospital licensure act, and
- 5 (b) such hospital submits a letter of intent to the secretary of the
- 6 department of health and environment on or before April 1, 2008,
 7 stating the hospital's intent to convert its facilities or program so
- stating the hospital's intent to convert its facilities or program soas to meet the criteria for licensure as a general hospital pursuant
- 9 to the definition of general hospital set out in K.S.A. 65-425, and
- 10 amendments thereto.]
- 11 Sec. 2. **[3.]** K.S.A. 65-425 is hereby repealed.
- 12 Sec. 3. **[4.]** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after
- 13 January 1, 2008, and its publication in the statute book.