As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2007

HOUSE BILL No. 2367

By Representative Kinzer

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AN ACT concerning public benefits and **employment; relating to** aliens unlawfully present in the United States; imposing certain prohibitions on receipt of public benefits[; **amending K.S.A. 21-4409 and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4503a and repealing the existing sections**].

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

[New] Section 1. (a) (1) No alien unlawfully present in the United States shall receive any state or local public benefit, except for state or local public benefits that are required to be offered by Title 8, Section 1621(b), of the United States Code.

- (2) "Public benefit" means: Any grant, contract, loan or license provided by an agency of state or local government; or any retirement, welfare, health, disability, housing, postsecondary education, food assistance or unemployment benefit under which payments, assistance, credits or reduced rates or fees are provided.
- (b) (1) In addition to providing proof of other eligibility requirements, at the time of application for any state or local public benefit, an applicant who is 18 years of age or older shall provide affirmative proof that the applicant is a citizen or a permanent resident of the United States or is lawfully present in the United States. Affirmative proof shall include documentary evidence recognized by the department of revenue when processing an application for a driver's license, as well as any document issued by the federal government that confirms an alien's lawful presence in the United States.
- (2) An applicant, who cannot provide the proof required under this section at the time of application, may alternatively sign an affidavit under oath, attesting to either United States citizenship or classification by the United States as an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence lawful presence in the United States as provided in 8 U.S.C.A. 1101 et seq.], in order to receive temporary benefits or temporary identification document as provided in this section. The affidavit shall include the applicant's social security number and an explanation of the penalties under

 state law for obtaining public assistance benefits fraudulently.

- (3) An applicant who has provided the sworn affidavit required under this section is eligible to receive temporary public benefits as follows:
- (A) For 90 days or until such time that it is determined that the applicant is not lawfully present in the United States, whichever is earlier; or
- (B) indefinitely if the applicant provides a copy of a completed application for a birth certificate that is pending in Kansas or some other state.

An extension granted under this subsection shall terminate upon the applicant's receipt of a birth certificate or a determination that a birth certificate does not exist because the applicant is not a United States citizen.

(c) An applicant who is an alien shall not receive any state or local public benefit unless the alien's lawful presence in the United States is first verified by the federal government, pursuant to Title 8, Section 1373(c) of the United States Code.

State and local agencies administering public benefits in this state shall cooperate with the United States department of homeland security in achieving verification of an alien's lawful presence in the United States. The system utilized may include the systematic alien verification for entitlements program operated by the United States department of homeland security.

- [New] Sec. 2. (a) All employers shall verify the identity and employment eligibility of all persons hired by completing and retaining pursuant to this section a federal form I-9 for each employee. For purposes of this section, the term employee shall not include the following:
- (1) Any person hired before November 7, 1986, and has been continuously employed by the same employer;
- (2) any person providing domestic services in a private household that are sporadic, irregular or intermittent;
- (3) any person providing services for the employer as an independent contractor; and
- (4) any person providing services for the employer, under a contract, subcontract or exchange entered into after November 6, 1986.
- (b) Employers shall, to the extent not inconsistent with federal laws and regulations:
- (1) Ensure that each employee completes section 1 of the form I-9 when the employee starts work;
- **(2)** review documents establishing each employee's identity 43 and eligibility to work to ensure that they reasonably appear on

their face:

- (A) To be genuine; and
 - (B) to relate to the individual presenting the documents;
- (3) complete section 2 of the form I-9;
- (4) complete section 3 of the form I-9;
- (5) retain the form I-9 for three years after the date the person began work or one year after the person's employment is terminated, whichever is later; and
- (6) make the form I-9 available for inspection by state or federal officials upon request with three days notice.
- (c) The Kansas department of labor shall make the form I-9 available to all employers.
- (d) No action shall be brought by any person, city, county or state official against any employer who complies with the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) relating in any way to the employment of an illegal alien.
- (e) In the event that the form I-9 is amended or replaced after the enactment of this section, an employer shall be considered in compliance with the provisions of subsections (a) and (b) if it completes and maintains the then current federal employment eligibility form consistent with all relevant federal laws and regulations.

[New] Sec. 3. As used in sections 3 through 7, and amendments thereto:

- (a) "Employer" means any person, including any partnership, firm, subcontractor, vendor, corporation or association, or agent thereof, who engages or utilizes the personal services of one or more individuals for a salary or wage;
- (b) "illegal alien" means any person not a citizen of the United States who has entered the United States in violation of the federal immigration and naturalization act or regulations issued thereunder, who has legally entered but without the right to be employed in the country, or who has legally entered subject to a time limit but has remained illegally after the expiration of such time limit, except that the term "illegal alien" shall not mean any person who currently has the legal right to remain in the United States and to be employed in the United States even though such person originally entered the United States in violation of the federal immigration and naturalization act or regulations issued thereunder and is not a citizen of the United States;
 - (c) "secretary" means the secretary of labor;
- 42 (d) "state agency" means any state office or officer, depart-43 ment, board, commission, institution, bureau or any agency, divi-

sion or unit within any office, department, board, commission or other state authority of this state or any person requesting a state appropriation;

- (e) "state benefit" means any state-administered or subsidized tax credit, tax abatement, tax exemption, loan or loan guarantee; and
- (f) "unit of government" means any school board, city or county council or commission of this state, including, but not limited to, any governmental entity which is wholly or partially taxpayer funded or any entity which is the beneficiary of any state benefit.
- [New] Sec. 4. (a) A person or entity is considered to have complied with a requirement of sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto, notwithstanding a technical or procedural failure to meet such requirement, if there was a good faith attempt to comply with the federal requirements found in title 8 of the United States code, section 1324a.
- (b) A person or entity which establishes that it has complied in good faith with respect to the hiring, recruiting or referral for employment of an alien in the United States has established an affirmative defense under sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto.
- [New] Sec. 5. (a) No state agency or unit of government shall award a public works or purchase contract to a bidder, contractor or employer, nor shall a bidder, contractor or employer be eligible to bid for or receive a public works contract, who has, in the preceding five years: (1) Been convicted of violating a law of this state or federal law respecting the employment of illegal aliens, or (2) been a party to a state agency proceeding in this state in which a penalty or sanction was ordered, either by hearing or final order, or through stipulation and agreement, for violation of a law of this state or federal law respecting the employment of illegal aliens.
- (b) Any employer found to be in violation of subsection (c) by attempting to bid on a contract or having been awarded a contract when ineligible shall, in addition to all available administrative penalties and sanctions, forfeit and be liable for an amount equal to the total value of the state benefit such employer has received or been the beneficiary of for the period of five years leading up to the date of the finding of guilt, not to exceed the federally prescribed civil penalty in title 8 of the United States code, section 1324a.
- [New] Sec. 6. The secretary of the department of labor shall be responsible for administering the provisions of sections 1

through 5, and amendments thereto.

[New] Sec. 7. The provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, K.S.A. 77-501 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall govern all proceedings initiated under sections 1 through 5, and amendments thereto.

- [Sec. 8. K.S.A. 21-4409 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4409. (a) Knowingly employing an alien illegally within the territory of the United States is the employment of such alien within the state of Kansas by an employer who knows such person to be illegally within the territory of the United States. The provisions of this section shall not apply to aliens who have entered the United States illegally and thereafter are permitted to remain within the United States, temporarily or permanently, pursuant to federal law.
- [(b) Knowingly employing an alien illegally within the territory of the United States is a class \subseteq A nonperson misdemeanor. On the second or subsequent conviction of a violation of this section, in addition to any other sentence imposed, a person shall be fined \$10,000.
- [(c) As used in this section, "employment" shall include subcontractors' employees if the employer of the subcontractor has knowledge that the subcontractor is employing persons or subcontracting with persons who are illegally within the territory of the United States.
- [Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4503a is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4503a. (a) A person who has been convicted of a felony may, in addition to the sentence authorized by law, be ordered to pay a fine which shall be fixed by the court as follows:
- [(1) For any off-grid felony crime or any felony ranked in severity level 1 of the drug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4705 and amendments thereto, a sum not exceeding \$500,000.
- [(2) For any felony ranked in severity levels 1 through 5 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4704 and amendments thereto or in severity levels 2 or 3 of the drug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4705 and amendments thereto, a sum not exceeding \$300,000.
- [(3) For any felony ranked in severity levels 6 through 10 of the nondrug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4704 and amendments thereto or in severity level 4 of the drug grid as provided in K.S.A. 21-4705 and amendments thereto, a sum not exceeding \$100,000.
- [(b) Except as otherwise provided in statute, a person who has been convicted of a misdemeanor, in addition to or instead of the imprisonment authorized by law, may be sentenced to pay a fine which shall be fixed by the court as follows:
- [(1) For a class A misdemeanor, a sum not exceeding \$2,500.

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- For a class B misdemeanor, a sum not exceeding \$1,000.
- For a class C misdemeanor, a sum not exceeding \$500.
- 3 [(4) For an unclassified misdemeanor, any sum authorized by the statute that defines the crime. If no penalty is provided in such 4 law, the fine shall not exceed the fine provided herein for a class 5 C misdemeanor. 6
 - [(c) As an alternative to any of the above fines, the fine imposed may be fixed at any greater sum not exceeding double the pecuniary gain derived from the crime by the offender.
- [(d) A person who has been convicted of a traffic infraction may be sentenced to pay a fine which shall be fixed by the court, not 12 exceeding \$500.
- 13 [(e) A person who has been convicted of a cigarette or tobacco infraction shall be sentenced to pay a fine of \$25. 14
- 15 [(f) The provisions of this section shall apply to crimes com-16 mitted on or after July 1, 1993.
- [Sec. 10. K.S.A. 21-4409 and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4503a are 17 18 hereby repealed.]
- Sec. 2. 8. [11.] This act shall take effect and be in force from and 19 20 after its publication in the statute book.