HOUSE BILL No. 2229

By Committee on Judiciary

1-25

9 AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating to unlawful animal fighting; amending K.S.A. 21-4315 and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4316 and 21-4317 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4319.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 21-4315 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4315. (a) Unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting is: (1) Causing, for amusement or gain, any dog animal to fight with or injure another dog animal, (2) knowingly permitting such fighting or injuring on premises under one's ownership, charge or control, or (3) training, owning, keeping, transporting or selling any dog animal for the purpose or with the intent of having it fight with or injure another dog animal.

- (b) Unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting is a severity level 10, nonperson felony.
- (c) Attending the unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting is a class B nonperson misdemeanor.
- (d) This section and K.S.A. 21-4316 and 21-4317, and amendments thereto, shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas criminal code.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4316 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4316. (a) When a person is arrested under K.S.A. 21-4315 and amendments thereto, a law enforcement agency may take into custody any dog animal on the premises where the dog animal fight is alleged to have occurred and any dog animal owned or kept on the premises of any person arrested for unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting or for attending the unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting, under K.S.A. 21-4315 and amendments thereto.
- (b) When a law enforcement agency takes custody of a dog an animal under this section, such agency may place the dog animal in the care of a duly incorporated humane society or licensed veterinarian for boarding, treatment or other care. If it appears to a licensed veterinarian that the dog animal is diseased or disabled beyond recovery for any useful purpose, such dog animal may be humanely killed. The dog animal may be sedated, isolated or restrained if such officer, agent or veterinarian determines it to be in the best interest of the dog animal, other animals at

the animal shelter or personnel of the animal shelter. If the dog animal is placed in the care of an animal shelter, the board of county commissioners in the county where the animal was taken into custody shall establish and approve procedures whereby the animal shelter may petition the district court to be allowed to place the dog animal for adoption or euthanize the dog animal at any time after 20 days after the dog animal is taken into custody, unless the owner or custodian of the dog animal files a renewable cash or performance bond with the county clerk of the county where the dog animal is being held, in an amount equal to not less than the cost of care and treatment of the dog animal for 30 days. Upon receiving such petition, the court shall determine whether the dog animal may be placed for adoption or euthanized. The board of county commissioners in the county where the animal was taken into custody shall review the cost of care and treatment being charged by the animal shelter maintaining the animal. Except as provided in subsection (c), if it appears to the licensed veterinarian by physical examination that the dog animal has not been trained for aggressive conduct or is a type of dog animal that is not commonly bred or trained for aggressive conduct, the district or county attorney shall order that the dog animal be returned to its owner when the dog animal is not needed as evidence in a case filed under K.S.A. 21-4315 or 21-4310, and amendments thereto. The owner or keeper of a dog an animal placed for adoption or humanely killed under this subsection (b) shall not be entitled to damages unless the owner or keeper proves that such placement or killing was unwarranted.

(c) If a person is convicted of unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting or attending the unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting under K.S.A. 21-4315 and amendments thereto, a dog an animal taken into custody pursuant to subsection (a) shall not be returned to such person and the court shall order the owner or keeper to pay to the animal shelter all expenses incurred for the care, treatment and boarding of such dog animal, including any damages caused by such dog animal, prior to conviction of the owner or keeper. Disposition of such dog animal shall be in accordance with K.S.A. 21-4311 and amendments thereto. If no such conviction results, the dog animal shall be returned to the owner or keeper and the court shall order the county where the dog animal was taken into custody to pay to the animal shelter all expenses incurred by the shelter for the care, treatment and boarding of such dog animal, including any damages caused by such dog animal, prior to its return.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4317 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4317. (a) Illegal ownership or keeping of an animal is owning or keeping on one's premises an animal by a person convicted of unlawful conduct of dog animal fighting under K.S.A. 21-4315, and amendments thereto, or cruelty to animals as defined in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-

- $1\quad 4310,$ and amendments thereto, within five years of the date of such $2\quad conviction.$
- $3 \hspace{0.4cm} (b) \hspace{0.4cm} Illegal \hspace{0.1cm} ownership \hspace{0.1cm} or \hspace{0.1cm} keeping \hspace{0.1cm} of \hspace{0.1cm} an \hspace{0.1cm} animal \hspace{0.1cm} is \hspace{0.1cm} a \hspace{0.1cm} class \hspace{0.1cm} B \hspace{0.1cm} nonperson \hspace{0.1cm} 4 \hspace{0.1cm} misdemeanor.$
- 5 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 21-4315 and K.S.A. 2006 Supp. 21-4316, 21-4317 and 6 21-4319 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.