Session of 2006

## SENATE BILL No. 601

By Committee on Ways and Means

4-27

10 AN ACT reconciling amendments to certain statutes; amending K.S.A. 40-955, as amended by section 2 of 2006 Substitute for Senate Bill 11 12 No. 539 and 60-4104, as amended by section 9 of 2006 House Sub-13 stitute for Senate Bill No. 196 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-135, as 14 amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 496, 8-2118, as amended 15 by section 3 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 411, 21-3110, 45-229, as amended 16 by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 499 and 75-5133 and repealing 17 the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 40-955, as amended by sec-18 tion 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 442 and 60-4104, as amended by section 19 11 of 2006 House Bill No. 25 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-135, as 20 amended by section 2 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 558, 8-2118, as amended 21 by section 5 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 344, 21-3110b and 45-229, as 22 amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 453.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. On and after January 1, 2007, K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-135, as amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 496, is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-135. (a) Upon the transfer of ownership of any vehicle registered under this act, the registration of the vehicle and the right to use any license plate thereon shall expire and thereafter there shall be no transfer of any registration, and the license plate shall be removed by the owner thereof. Except as provided in K.S.A. 8-172, and amendments thereto, and 8-1,147, and amendments thereto, it shall be unlawful for any person, other than the person to whom the license plate was originally issued, to have possession thereof. When the ownership of a registered vehicle is transferred, the original owner of the license plate may register another vehicle under the same number, upon application and payment of a fee of \$1.50, if such other vehicle does not require a higher license fee. If a higher license fee is required, then the transfer may be made upon the payment of the transfer fee of \$1.50 and the difference between the fee originally paid and that due for the new vehicle.

(b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-198, and amendments thereto, upon the transfer or sale of any vehicle by any person or dealer, or upon any transfer in accordance with K.S.A. 59-3511,

and amendments thereto, the new owner thereof, within 30 days, inclusive of weekends and holidays, from date of such transfer shall make application to the division for registration or reregistration of the vehicle, but no person shall operate the vehicle on any highway in this state during the thirty-day period without having applied for and obtained temporary registration from the county treasurer or from a dealer. After the expiration of the thirty-day period, it shall be unlawful for the owner or any other person to operate such vehicle upon the highways of this state unless the vehicle has been registered as provided in this act. For failure to make application for registration as provided in this section, a penalty of \$2 shall be added to other fees. When a person has a current motorcycle or passenger vehicle registration and license plate, including any registration decal affixed thereto, for a vehicle and has sold or otherwise disposed of the vehicle and has acquired another motorcycle or passenger vehicle and intends to transfer the registration and the license plate to the motorcycle or passenger vehicle acquired, but has not yet had the registration transferred in the office of the county treasurer, such person may operate the motorcycle or passenger vehicle acquired for a period of not to exceed 30 days by displaying the license plate on the rear of the vehicle acquired. If the acquired vehicle is a new vehicle such person also must carry the assigned certificate of title or manufacturer's statement of origin when operating the acquired vehicle, except that a dealer may operate such vehicle by displaying such dealer's dealer license plate.

(c) Certificate of title: No vehicle required to be registered shall be registered or any license plate or registration decal issued therefor, unless the applicant for registration shall present satisfactory evidence of ownership and apply for an original certificate of title for such vehicle. The following paragraphs of this subsection shall apply to the issuance of a certificate of title for a nonhighway vehicle, salvage vehicle or rebuilt salvage vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-197, and amendments thereto, except to the extent such paragraphs are made inapplicable by or are inconsistent with K.S.A. 8-198, and amendments thereto, and to any electronic certificate of title, except to the extent such paragraphs are made inapplicable by or are inconsistent with K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-135d, and amendments thereto, or with rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-135d, and amendments thereto.

The provisions of paragraphs (1) through (14) shall apply to any certificate of title issued prior to January 1, 2003, which indicates that there is a lien or encumbrance on such vehicle.

(1) An application for certificate of title shall be made by the owner or the owner's agent upon a form furnished by the division and shall state all liens or encumbrances thereon, and such other information as the division may require. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,

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no certificate of title shall be issued for a vehicle having any unreleased lien or encumbrance thereon, unless the transfer of such vehicle has been consented to in writing by the holder of the lien or encumbrance. Such consent shall be in a form approved by the division. In the case of members of the armed forces of the United States while the United States is engaged at war with any foreign nation and for a period of six months next following the cessation of hostilities, such application may be signed by the owner's spouse, parents, brother or sister. The county treasurer shall use reasonable diligence in ascertaining whether the facts stated in such application are true, and if satisfied that the applicant is the lawful owner of such vehicle, or otherwise entitled to have the same registered in such applicant's name, shall so notify the division, who shall issue an appropriate certificate of title. The certificate of title shall be in a form approved by the division, and shall contain a statement of any liens or encumbrances which the application shows, and such other information as the division determines.

The certificate of title shall contain upon the reverse side a form for assignment of title to be executed by the owner. This assignment shall contain a statement of all liens or encumbrances on the vehicle at the time of assignment. The certificate of title shall also contain on the reverse side blank spaces so that an abstract of mileage as to each owner will be available. The seller at the time of each sale shall insert and certify the mileage and the purchase price on the form filed for application or reassignment of title, and the division shall insert such mileage on the certificate of title when issued to purchaser or assignee. The signature of the purchaser or assignee is required on the form filed for application or reassignment of title, acknowledging the odometer and purchase price certification made by the seller, except that vehicles which are 10 model years or older and trucks with a gross vehicle weight of more than 16,000 pounds shall be exempt from the mileage acknowledgment requirement of the purchaser or assignee. Such title shall indicate whether the vehicle for which it is issued has been titled previously as a nonhighway vehicle or salvage vehicle. In addition, the reverse side shall contain two forms for reassignment by a dealer, stating the liens or encumbrances thereon. The first form of reassignment shall be used only when a dealer sells the vehicle to another dealer. The second form of reassignment shall be used by a dealer when selling the vehicle to another dealer or the ultimate owner of the vehicle. The reassignment by a dealer shall be used only where the dealer resells the vehicle, and during the time that the vehicle remains in the dealer's possession for resale, the certificate of title shall be dormant. When the ownership of any vehicle passes by operation of law, or repossession upon default of a lease, security agreement, or executory sales contract, the person owning such vehicle, upon furnishing

satisfactory proof to the county treasurer of such ownership, may procure a certificate of title to the vehicle. When a vehicle is registered in another state and is repossessed in another state, the owner of such vehicle shall not be entitled to obtain a valid Kansas title or registration, except that when a vehicle is registered in another state, but is financed originally by a financial institution chartered in the state of Kansas or when a financial institution chartered in Kansas purchases a pool of motor vehicle loans from the resolution trust corporation or a federal regulatory agency, and the vehicle is repossessed in another state, such Kansas financial institution shall be entitled to obtain a valid Kansas title or registration. In addition to any other fee required for the issuance of a certificate of title, any applicant obtaining a certificate of title for a repossessed vehicle shall pay a fee of \$3.

- (3) Dealers shall execute, upon delivery to the purchaser of every new vehicle, a manufacturer's statement of origin stating the liens and encumbrances thereon. Such statement of origin shall be delivered to the purchaser at the time of delivery of the vehicle or at a time agreed upon by the parties, not to exceed 30 days, inclusive of weekends and holidays. The agreement of the parties shall be executed on a form approved by the division. In the event delivery of title cannot be made personally, the seller may deliver the manufacturer's statement of origin by restricted mail to the address of purchaser shown on the purchase agreement. The manufacturer's statement of origin may include an attachment containing assignment of such statement of origin on forms approved by the division. Upon the presentation to the division of a manufacturer's statement of origin, by a manufacturer or dealer for a new vehicle, sold in this state, a certificate of title shall be issued if there is also an application for registration, except that no application for registration shall be required for a travel trailer used for living quarters and not operated on the highways.
- (4) The fee for each original certificate of title shall be \$10 in addition to the fee for registration of such vehicle, trailer or semitrailer. The certificate of title shall be good for the life of the vehicle, trailer or semitrailer while owned or held by the original holder of the certificate of title.
- (5) Except for a vehicle registered by a federally recognized Indian tribe, as provided in paragraph (16), upon sale and delivery to the purchaser of every vehicle subject to a purchase money security interest as provided in article 9 of chapter 84 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, the dealer or secured party may complete a notice of security interest and when so completed, the purchaser shall execute the notice, in a form prescribed by the division, describing the vehicle and showing the name and address of the secured party and of the debtor and other information the division requires. The dealer or secured party, within 30 days of the sale and delivery, may mail or deliver the notice of

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security interest, together with a fee of \$2.50, to the division. The notice of security interest shall be retained by the division until it receives an application for a certificate of title to the vehicle and a certificate of title is issued. The certificate of title shall indicate any security interest in the vehicle. Upon issuance of the certificate of title, the division shall mail or deliver confirmation of the receipt of the notice of security interest, the date the certificate of title is issued and the security interest indicated, to the secured party at the address shown on the notice of security interest. The proper completion and timely mailing or delivery of a notice of security interest by a dealer or secured party shall perfect a security interest in the vehicle described on the date of such mailing or delivery. The county treasurers shall mail a copy of the title application to the Kansas lienholder. Each county treasurer shall charge the Kansas lienholder a \$1.50 service fee for processing and mailing a copy of the title application to the Kansas lienholder.

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate in this state a vehicle required to be registered under this act, or to transfer the title to any such vehicle to any person or dealer, unless a certificate of title has been issued as herein provided. In the event of a sale or transfer of ownership of a vehicle for which a certificate of title has been issued, which certificate of title is in the possession of the transferor at the time of delivery of the vehicle, the holder of such certificate of title shall endorse on the same an assignment thereof, with warranty of title in a form prescribed by the division and printed thereon and the transferor shall deliver the same to the buyer at the time of delivery to the buyer of the vehicle or at a time agreed upon by the parties, not to exceed 30 days, inclusive of weekends and holidays, after the time of delivery. The agreement of the parties shall be executed on a form provided by the division. The requirements of this paragraph concerning delivery of an assigned title are satisfied if the transferor mails to the transferee by restricted mail the assigned certificate of title within the 30 days, and if the transferor is a dealer, as defined by K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, such transferor shall be deemed to have possession of the certificate of title if the transferor has made application therefor to the division. The buyer shall then present such assigned certificate of title to the division at the time of making application for registration of such vehicle. A new certificate of title shall be issued to the buyer, upon payment of the fee of \$10. If such vehicle is sold to a resident of another state or country, the dealer or person making the sale shall notify the division of the sale and the division shall make notation thereof in the records of the division. When a person acquires a security agreement on a vehicle subsequent to the issuance of the original title on such vehicle, such person shall require the holder of the certificate of title to surrender the same and sign an

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application for a mortgage title in form prescribed by the division. Upon such surrender such person shall immediately deliver the certificate of title, application, and a fee of \$10 to the division. Upon receipt thereof, the division shall issue a new certificate of title showing the liens or encumbrances so created, but not more than two liens or encumbrances may be shown upon a title. When a prior lienholder's name is removed from the title, there must be satisfactory evidence presented to the division that the lien or encumbrance has been paid. When the indebtedness to a lienholder, whose name is shown upon a title, is paid in full, such lienholder within 10 days after written demand by restricted mail, shall furnish to the holder of the title a release of lien or execute such a release in the space provided on the title. For failure to comply with such a demand the lienholder shall be liable to the holder of the title for \$100 and also shall be liable for any loss caused to the holder by such failure. When the indebtedness to a lienholder, whose name is shown upon a title, is collected in full, such lienholder, within 30 days, shall furnish notice to the holder of title that such indebtedness has been paid in full and that such title may be presented to the lienholder at any time for release of lien shall comply with the provisions of section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 558, and amendments thereto.

- (7) It shall be unlawful for any person to buy or sell in this state any vehicle required to be registered, unless, at the time of delivery thereof or at a time agreed upon by the parties, not to exceed 30 days, inclusive of weekends and holidays, after the time of delivery, there shall pass between the parties a certificate of title with an assignment thereof. The sale of a vehicle required to be registered under the laws of this state, without assignment of the certificate of title, is fraudulent and void, unless the parties shall agree that the certificate of title with assignment thereof shall pass between them at a time other than the time of delivery, but within 30 days thereof. The requirements of this paragraph concerning delivery of an assigned title shall be satisfied if (A) the seller mails to the purchaser by restricted mail the assigned certificate of title within 30 days, or (B) if the transferor is a dealer, as defined by K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, such seller shall be deemed to have possession of the certificate of title if such seller has made application therefor to the division, or (C) if the transferor is a dealer and has assigned a title pursuant to paragraph (9) of this subsection (c).
- (8) In cases of sales under the order of a court of a vehicle required to be registered under this act, the officer conducting such sale shall issue to the purchaser a certificate naming the purchaser and reciting the facts of the sale, which certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the ownership of such purchaser for the purpose of obtaining a certificate of title to such motor vehicle and for registering the same. Any such purchaser

shall be allowed 30 days, inclusive of weekends and holidays, from the date of sale to make application to the division for a certificate of title and for the registering of such motor vehicle.

- (9) Any dealer who has acquired a vehicle, the title for which was issued under the laws of and in a state other than the state of Kansas, shall not be required to obtain a Kansas certificate of title therefor during the time such vehicle remains in such dealer's possession and at such dealer's place of business for the purpose of sale. The purchaser or transferee shall present the assigned title to the division of vehicles when making application for a certificate of title as provided in subsection (c)(1).
  - (10) Motor vehicles may be held and titled in transfer-on-death form.
- (11) Notwithstanding the provisions of this act with respect to time requirements for delivery of a certificate of title, or manufacturer's statement of origin, as applicable, any person who chooses to reaffirm the sale in writing on a form approved by the division which advises them of their rights pursuant to paragraph (7) of subsection (c) and who has received and accepted assignment of the certificate of title or manufacturer's statement of origin for the vehicle in issue may not thereafter void or set aside the transaction with respect to the vehicle for the reason that a certificate of title or manufacturer's statement of origin was not timely delivered, and in such instances the sale of a vehicle shall not be deemed to be fraudulent and void for that reason alone.
- (12) The owner of any vehicle assigning a certificate of title in accordance with the provisions of this section may file with the division a form indicating that such owner has assigned such certificate of title. Such forms shall be furnished by the division and shall contain such information as the division may require. Any owner filing a form as provided in this paragraph shall pay a fee of \$10. The filing of such form shall be prima facie evidence that such certificate of title was assigned and shall create a rebuttable presumption. If the assignee of a certificate of title fails to make application for registration, an owner assigning such title and filing the form in accordance with the provisions of this paragraph shall not be held liable for damages resulting from the operation of such vehicle.
- (13) Application for a certificate of title on a boat trailer with a gross weight over 2,000 pounds shall be made by the owner or the owner's agent upon a form to be furnished by the division and shall contain such information as the division shall determine necessary. The division may waive any information requested on the form if it is not available. The application together with a bill of sale for the boat trailer shall be accepted as prima facie evidence that the applicant is the owner of the boat trailer, provided that a Kansas title for such trailer has not previously been issued. If the application and bill of sale are used to obtain a certificate of title for a boat trailer under this paragraph, the certificate of title shall not be

issued until an inspection in accordance with subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-116a, and amendments thereto, has been completed.

- (14) In addition to the two forms for reassignment under paragraph (2) of subsection (c), a dealer may attach one additional reassignment form to a certificate of title. The director of vehicles shall prescribe and furnish such reassignment forms. The reassignment form shall be used by a dealer when selling the vehicle to another dealer or the ultimate owner of the vehicle only when the two reassignment forms under paragraph (2) of subsection (c) have already been used. The fee for a reassignment form shall be \$6.50. A dealer may purchase reassignment forms in multiples of five upon making proper application and the payment of required fees.
- (15) A first stage manufacturer, as defined in K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, who manufactures a motor vehicle in this state, and who sells such motor vehicles to dealers located in a foreign country, may execute a manufacturers statement of origin to the division of vehicles for the purpose of obtaining an export certificate of title. The motor vehicle issued an export certificate of title shall not be required to be registered in this state. An export certificate of title shall not be used to register such vehicle in the United States.
- (16) A security interest in a vehicle registered by a federally recognized Indian tribe shall be deemed valid under Kansas law if validly perfected under the applicable tribal law and the lien is noted on the face of the tribal certificate of title.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-2118, as amended by section 3 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 411, is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2118. (a) A person charged with a traffic infraction shall, except as provided in subsection (b), appear at the place and time specified in the notice to appear. If the person enters an appearance, waives right to trial, pleads guilty or no contest, the fine shall be no greater than that specified in the uniform fine schedule in subsection (c) and court costs shall be taxed as provided by law.
- (b) Prior to the time specified in the notice to appear, a person charged with a traffic infraction may enter a written appearance, waive right to trial, plead guilty or no contest and pay the fine for the violation as specified in the uniform fine schedule in subsection (c) and court costs provided by law. Payment may be made by mail or in person and may be by personal check. The traffic citation shall not have been complied with if a check is not honored for any reason, or if the fine and court costs are not paid in full. When a person charged with a traffic infraction makes payment without executing a written waiver of right to trial and plea of guilty or no contest, the payment shall be deemed such an appearance, waiver of right to trial and plea of no contest.

1 2	(c) The following uniform fine throughout the state but shall not limi		
3	following a court appearance, except an appearance made for the purpose		
4	of pleading and payment as permitted		
5	of offense contained in the following u		
6	ence only and is not a legal definition.		
7	Description of Offense	Statute	Fine
8	Refusal to submit to a preliminary breath test	8-1012	\$90
9	Unsafe speed for prevailing conditions	8-1557	\$60
10	Exceeding maximum speed limit; or speeding	8-1558	1-10 mph over the limit, \$30
11	in zone posted by the state department of	to	P
12	transportation; or speeding in locally posted	8-1560	11-20 mph over the limit,
13	zone	8-1560a	\$30 plus \$6 per mph over
14		or	10 mph over the limit;
15		8-1560b	,
16			21-30 mph over the limit,
17			\$90 plus \$9 per mph over
18			20 mph over the limit;
19			•
20			31 and more mph over the
21			limit, \$180 plus \$15 per
22			mph over 30 mph over the
23			limit;
24	Disobeying school crossing guard	section 1 o	f \$60
25		2006	
26		Senate Bil	l
27		No. 344	
28	Disobeying traffic control device	8-1507	\$60
29	Violating traffic control signal	8-1508	\$60
30	Violating pedestrian control signal	8-1509	\$30
31	Violating flashing traffic signals	8-1510	\$60
32	Violating lane-control signal	8-1511	\$60
33	Unauthorized sign, signal, marking or device	8-1512	\$30
34	Driving on left side of roadway	8-1514	\$60
35	Failure to keep right to pass oncoming vehicle	8-1515	\$60
36	Improper passing; increasing speed when	8-1516	\$60
37	passed		
38	Improper passing on right	8-1517	\$60
39	Passing on left with insufficient clearance	8-1518	\$60
40	Driving on left side where curve, grade,	8-1519	\$60
41	intersection railroad crossing, or obstructed		
42	view		4.00
43	Driving on left in no-passing zone	8-1520	\$60

1 2	Unlawful passing of stopped emergency vehicle	8-1520a	\$60
3	Driving wrong direction on one-way road	8-1521	\$60
4	Improper driving on laned roadway	8-1522	\$60
5	Following too close	8-1523	\$60
6	Improper crossover on divided highway	8-1524	\$30
7	Failure to yield right-of-way at uncontrolled	8-1526	\$60
8	intersection		
9	Failure to yield to approaching vehicle when	8-1527	\$60
10	turning left		
11	Failure to yield at stop or yield sign	8-1528	\$60
12	Failure to yield from private road or driveway	8-1529	\$60
13	Failure to yield to emergency vehicle	8-1530	\$180
14	Failure to yield to pedestrian or vehicle	8-1531	\$90
15	working on roadway		
16	Failure to comply with restrictions in road	8-1531a	\$30
17	construction zone		
18	Disobeying pedestrian traffic control device	8-1532	\$30
19	Failure to yield to pedestrian in crosswalk;	8-1533	\$60
20	pedestrian suddenly entering roadway;		
21	passing vehicle stopped for pedestrian at		
22	crosswalk		
23	Improper pedestrian crossing	8-1534	\$30
24	Failure to exercise due care in regard to	8-1535	\$30
25	pedestrian		
26	Improper pedestrian movement in crosswalk	8-1536	\$30
27	Improper use of roadway by pedestrian	8-1537	\$30
28	Soliciting ride or business on roadway	8-1538	\$30
29	Driving through safety zone	8-1539	\$30
30	Failure to yield to pedestrian on sidewalk	8-1540	\$30
31	Failure of pedestrian to yield to emergency	8-1541	\$30
32	vehicle		
33	Failure to yield to blind pedestrian	8-1542	\$30
34	Pedestrian disobeying bridge or railroad signal	8-1544	\$30
35	Improper turn or approach	8-1545	\$60
36	Improper "U" turn	8-1546	\$60
37	Unsafe starting of stopped vehicle	8-1547	\$30
38	Unsafe turning or stopping, failure to give	8-1548	\$60
39	proper signal; using turn signal unlawfully		
40	Improper method of giving notice of intention	8-1549	\$30
41	to turn		
42	Improper hand signal	8-1550	\$30
43	Failure to stop or obey railroad crossing signal	8-1551	\$180

1	Failure to stop at railroad crossing stop sign	8-1552	\$120
2	Certain hazardous vehicles failure to stop at	8-1553	\$180
3	railroad crossing		
4	Improper moving of heavy equipment at	8-1554	\$60
5	railroad crossing		
6	Vehicle emerging from alley, private roadway,	8-1555	\$60
7	building or driveway		
8	Improper passing of school bus; improper use	8-1556	\$300
9	of school bus signals		
10	Improper passing of church or day-care bus;	8-1556a	\$180
11	improper use of signals		
12	Impeding normal traffic by slow speed	8-1561	\$30
13	Speeding on motor-driven cycle	8-1562	\$60
14	Speeding in certain vehicles or on posted	8-1563	\$30
15	bridge		
16	Improper stopping, standing or parking on	8-1569	\$30
17	roadway		
18	Parking, standing or stopping in prohibited	8-1571	\$30
19	area		
20	Improper parking	8-1572	\$30
21	Unattended vehicle	8-1573	\$30
22	Improper backing	8-1574	\$30
23	Driving on sidewalk	8-1575	\$30
24	Driving with view or driving mechanism	8-1576	\$30
25	obstructed		
26	Unsafe opening of vehicle door	8-1577	\$30
27	Riding in house trailer	8-1578	\$30
28	Improper driving in defiles, canyons, or on	8-1579	\$30
29	grades		
30	Coasting	8-1580	\$30
31	Following fire apparatus too closely	8-1581	\$60
32	Driving over fire hose	8-1582	\$30
33	Putting glass, etc., on highway	8-1583	\$90
34	Driving into intersection, crosswalk, or	8-1584	\$30
35	crossing without sufficient space on other		
36	side		
37	Improper operation of snowmobile on	8-1585	\$30
38	highway		
39	Parental responsibility of child riding bicycle	8-1586	\$30
40	Not riding on bicycle seat; too many persons	8-1588	\$30
41	on bicycle		
42	Clinging to other vehicle	8-1589	\$30
43	Improper riding of bicycle on roadway	8-1590	\$30

1	Carrying articles on bicycle; one hand on	8-1591	\$30
2	handlebars		
3	Improper bicycle lamps, brakes or reflectors	8-1592	\$30
$\frac{4}{5}$	Improper operation of motorcycle; seats; passengers, bundles	8-1594	\$30
6 7	Improper operation of motorcycle on laned roadway	8-1595	\$60
8	Motorcycle clinging to other vehicle	8-1596	\$30
9	Improper motorcycle handlebars or passenger	8-1597	\$60
10	equipment		, , ,
11	Motorcycle helmet and eye-protection	8-1598	\$30
12	requirements		, , ,
13	Unlawful riding on vehicle	8-1578a	\$60
14	Unlawful operation of all-terrain vehicle	8-15,100	\$60
15	Unlawful operation of low-speed vehicle	8-15,101	\$60
16	Littering	8-15,102	\$100
17	Equipment offenses that are not	8-1701	\$60
18	misdemeanors		
19	Driving without lights when needed	8-1703	\$30
20	Defective headlamps	8-1705	\$30
21	Defective tail lamps	8-1706	\$30
22	Defective reflector	8-1707	\$30
23	Improper stop lamp or turn signal	8-1708	\$30
24	Improper lighting equipment on certain	8-1710	\$30
25	vehicles		
26	Improper lamp color on certain vehicles	8-1711	\$30
27	Improper mounting of reflectors and lamps on	8-1712	\$30
28	certain vehicles		
29	Improper visibility of reflectors and lamps on	8-1713	\$30
30	certain vehicles		
31	No lamp or flag on projecting load	8-1715	\$60
32	Improper lamps on parked vehicle	8-1716	\$30
33	Improper lights, lamps, reflectors and	8-1717	\$30
34	emblems on farm tractors or slow-moving		
35	vehicles		
36	Improper lamps and equipment on	8-1718	\$30
37	implements of husbandry, road machinery		
38	or animal-drawn vehicles		
39	Unlawful use of spot, fog, or auxiliary lamp	8-1719	\$30
40	Improper lamps or lights on emergency	8-1720	\$30
41	vehicle		
42	Improper stop or turn signal	8-1721	\$30
43	Improper vehicular hazard warning lamp	8-1722	\$30

1	Unauthorized additional lighting equipment	8-1723	\$30
2	Improper multiple-beam lights	8-1724	\$30
3	Failure to dim headlights	8-1725	\$60
4	Improper single-beam headlights	8-1726	\$30
5	Improper speed with alternate lighting	8-1727	\$30
6	Improper number of driving lamps	8-1728	\$30
7	Unauthorized lights and signals	8-1729	\$30
8	Improper school bus lighting equipment and	8-1730	\$30
9	warning devices		
10	Unauthorized lights and devices on church or	8-1730a	\$30
11	day-care bus		
12	Improper lights on highway construction or	8-1731	\$30
13	maintenance vehicles		
14	Defective brakes	8-1734	\$30
15	Defective or improper use of horn or warning	8-1738	\$30
16	device		
17	Defective muffler	8-1739	\$30
18	Defective mirror	8-1740	\$30
19	Defective wipers; obstructed windshield or	8-1741	\$30
20	windows		
21	Improper tires	8-1742	\$30
22	Improper flares or warning devices	8-1744	\$30
23	Improper use of vehicular hazard warning	8-1745	\$30
24	lamps and devices		
25	Improper air-conditioning equipment	8-1747	\$30
26	TV screen visible to driver	8-1748	\$30
27	Improper safety belt or shoulder harness	8-1749	\$30
28	Improper wide-based single tires	8-1742b	\$60
29	Improper compression release engine braking	8-1761	\$60
30	system		
31	Defective motorcycle headlamp	8-1801	\$30
32	Defective motorcycle tail lamp	8-1802	\$30
33	Defective motorcycle reflector	8-1803	\$30
34	Defective motorcycle stop lamps and turn	8-1804	\$30
35	signals		
36	Defective multiple-beam lighting	8-1805	\$30
37	Improper road-lighting equipment on motor-	8-1806	\$30
38	driven cycles		
39	Defective motorcycle or motor-driven cycle	8-1807	\$30
40	brakes		
41	Improper performance ability of brakes	8-1808	\$30
42	Operating motorcycle with disapproved	8-1809	\$30
43	braking system		

1	Defective horn, muffler, mirrors or tires	8-1810	\$30
2	Unlawful statehouse parking	75-4510a	\$15
3	Exceeding gross weight of vehicle or	8-1909	Pounds Overweight
4	combination		up to 1000 \$25
5			1001 to 2000 3¢ per pound
6			2001 to 5000 5¢ per pound
7			5001 to $7500$ 7¢ per pound
8			$7501$ and over $\dots$ $10c$ per pound
9	Exceeding gross weight on any axle or tandem,	8-1908	Pounds Overweight
10	triple or quad axles		up to 1000 \$25
11			$1001$ to $2000\ldots3c$ per pound
12			$2001$ to $5000\ldots5c$ per pound
13			5001 to $7500$ 7¢ per pound
14			$7501$ and over $\dots$ 10¢ per pound
15	Failure to obtain proper registration, clearance	66-1324	\$272
16	or to have current certification		
17	Insufficient liability insurance for motor	66-1,128	\$122
18	carriers	or	
19		66-1314	
20	Failure to obtain interstate motor fuel tax	79-34,122	\$122
21	authorization		
22	No authority as private or common carrier	66-1,111	\$122
23	Violation of motor carrier safety rules and	66-1,129	\$100
24	regulations, except for violations specified in		
25	subsection (b)(2) of K.S.A. 66-1,130, and		
26	amendments thereto		

- (d) Traffic offenses classified as traffic infractions by this section shall be classified as ordinance traffic infractions by those cities adopting ordinances prohibiting the same offenses. A schedule of fines for all ordinance traffic infractions shall be established by the municipal judge in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 12-4305, and amendments thereto. Such fines may vary from those contained in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c).
- (e) Fines listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c) shall be doubled if a person is convicted of a traffic infraction, which is defined as a moving violation in accordance with rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 8-249, and amendments thereto, committed within any road construction zone as defined in K.S.A. 8-1458a, and amendments thereto.
- (f) For a second violation of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, within two years after a prior conviction of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, such person, upon conviction shall be fined 1  $\frac{1}{2}$  times the applicable amount from one, but not both,

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1 of the schedules listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c). For a third violation of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and 2 3 amendments thereto, within two years, after two prior convictions of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, such person, upon 4 conviction shall be fined two times the applicable amount from one, but 6 not both, of the schedules listed in the uniform fine schedule contained in subsection (c). For a fourth and each succeeding violation of K.S.A. 8-8 1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, within two years after three 9 prior convictions of K.S.A. 8-1908 or 8-1909, and amendments thereto, 10 such person, upon conviction shall be fined 2 ½ times the applicable amount from one, but not both, of the schedules listed in the uniform 11 12 fine schedule contained in subsection (c).

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-3110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3110. The following definitions shall apply when the words and phrases defined are used in this code, except when a particular context clearly requires a different meaning.
  - (1) "Act" includes a failure or omission to take action.
- (2) "Another" means a person or persons as defined in this code other than the person whose act is claimed to be criminal.
- (3) "Conduct" means an act or a series of acts, and the accompanying mental state.
- 22 (4) "Conviction" includes a judgment of guilt entered upon a plea of 23 guilty.
- 24 (5) "Deception" means knowingly and willfully making a false 25 statement or representation, express or implied, pertaining to a present 26 or past existing fact.
  - (6) To "deprive permanently" means to:
  - (a) Take from the owner the possession, use or benefit of property, without an intent to restore the same; or
  - (b) Retain property without intent to restore the same or with intent to restore it to the owner only if the owner purchases or leases it back, or pays a reward or other compensation for its return; or
  - (c) Sell, give, pledge or otherwise dispose of any interest in property or subject it to the claim of a person other than the owner.
  - (7) "Dwelling" means a building or portion thereof, a tent, a vehicle or other enclosed space which is used or intended for use as a human habitation, home or residence.
  - (8) "Firearm" means any weapon designed or having the capacity to propel a projectile by force of an explosion or combustion.
  - (8) (9) "Forcible felony" includes any treason, murder, voluntary manslaughter, rape, robbery, burglary, arson, kidnapping, aggravated battery, aggravated sodomy and any other felony which involves the use or threat of physical force or violence against any person.

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(9) 10 "Intent to defraud" means an intention to deceive another person, and to induce such other person, in reliance upon such deception, 2 3 to assume, create, transfer, alter or terminate a right, obligation or power with reference to property.

(10) (11) "Law enforcement officer" means:

- (a) Any person who by virtue of such person's office or public employment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to specific crimes;
- (b) any officer of the Kansas department of corrections or, for the purposes of K.S.A. 21-3409, 21-3411 and 21-3415, and amendments thereto, any employee of the Kansas department of corrections; or
- (c) any university police officer or campus police officer, as defined in K.S.A. 22-2401a, and amendments thereto.
- (11) (12) "Obtain" means to bring about a transfer of interest in or possession of property, whether to the offender or to another.
- $\frac{(12)}{(13)}$  "Obtains or exerts control" over property includes but is not limited to, the taking, carrying away, or the sale, conveyance, or transfer of title to, interest in, or possession of property.
  - (13) (14) "Owner" means a person who has any interest in property.
- $\frac{(14)}{(15)}$  "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, government, partnership, or unincorporated association.
  - (15) (16) "Personal property" means goods, chattels, effects, evidences of rights in action and all written instruments by which any pecuniary obligation, or any right or title to property real or personal, shall be created, acknowledged, assigned, transferred, increased, defeated, discharged, or dismissed.
- (16) (17) "Property" means anything of value, tangible or intangible, real or personal.
- $\frac{(17)}{(18)}$ "Prosecution" means all legal proceedings by which a person's liability for a crime is determined.
- (18) (19) "Public employee" is a person employed by or acting for the state or by or for a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of the state for the purpose of exercising their respective powers and performing their respective duties, and who is not a "public officer."
- $\frac{(19)}{(20)}$ "Public officer" includes the following, whether elected or
- (a) An executive or administrative officer of the state, or a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of or within the state.
- 42 (b) A member of the legislature or of a governing board of a county, 43 municipality, or other subdivision of or within the state.

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- (c) A judicial officer, which shall include a judge of the district court, juror, master or any other person appointed by a judge or court to hear 3 or determine a cause or controversy.
  - (d) A hearing officer or presiding officer, which shall include any person authorized by law or private agreement, to hear or determine a cause or controversy and who is not a judicial officer.
    - A law enforcement officer.
  - Any other person exercising the functions of a public officer under color of right.
  - $\frac{(20)}{(21)}$ "Real property" or "real estate" means every estate, interest, and right in lands, tenements and hereditaments.
  - "Solicit" or "solicitation" means to command, authorize,  $\frac{(21)}{(22)}$ urge, incite, request, or advise another to commit a crime.
  - (22) (23) "State" or "this state" means the state of Kansas and all land and water in respect to which the state of Kansas has either exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction, and the air space above such land and water. "Other state" means any state or territory of the United States, the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.
  - $\frac{(23)}{(24)}$ "Stolen property" means property over which control has been obtained by theft.
  - (24) (25) "Threat" means a communicated intent to inflict physical or other harm on any person or on property.
  - (25) (26) "Written instrument" means any paper, document or other instrument containing written or printed matter or the equivalent thereof, used for purposes of reciting, embodying, conveying or recording information, and any money, token, stamp, seal, badge, trademark, or other evidence or symbol of value, right, privilege or identification, which is capable of being used to the advantage or disadvantage of some person.
  - Sec. 4. K.S.A. 40-955, as amended by section 2 of 2006 Substitute for Senate Bill No. 539, is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-955. (a) Every insurer shall file with the commissioner, except as to inland marine risks where general custom of the industry is not to use manual rates or rating plans, every manual of classifications, rules and rates, every rating plan, policy form and every modification of any of the foregoing which it proposes to use. Every such filing shall indicate the proposed effective date and the character and extent of the coverage contemplated and shall be accompanied by the information upon which the insurer supports the filings. A filing and any supporting information shall be open to public inspection after it is filed with the commissioner. An insurer may satisfy its obligations to make such filings by authorizing the commissioner to accept on its behalf the filings made by a licensed rating organization or another insurer. Nothing contained in this act shall be

construed to require any insurer to become a member or subscriber of

any rating organization.

- (b) Any rate filing for the basic coverage required by K.S.A. 40-3401 et seq. and amendments thereto, loss costs filings for workers compensation, and rates for assigned risk plans established by article 21 of chapter 40 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or rules and regulations established by the commissioner shall require approval by the commissioner before its use by the insurer in this state. As soon as reasonably possible after such filing has been made, the commissioner shall in writing approve or disapprove the same, except that any filing shall be deemed approved unless disapproved within 30 days of receipt of the filing.
- (c) Any other rate filing, except personal lines filings, shall become effective on filing or any prospective date selected by the insurer, subject to the commissioner disapproving the same if the rates are determined to be inadequate, excessive, unfairly discriminatory or otherwise fails to meet the requirements of this act. Personal lines rate filings shall be on file for a waiting period of 30 days before becoming effective, subject to the commissioner disapproving the same if the rates are determined to be inadequate, excessive, unfairly discriminatory or otherwise fail to meet requirements of this act. The term "personal lines" shall mean insurance for noncommercial automobile, homeowners, dwelling fire-and-renters insurance policies, as defined by the commissioner by rules and regulations. A filing complies with this act unless it is disapproved by the commissioner within the waiting period or pursuant to subsection (e).
- (d) In reviewing any rate filing the commissioner may require the insurer or rating organization to provide, at the insurer's or rating organization's expense, all information necessary to evaluate the reasonableness of the filing, to include payment of the cost of an actuary selected by the commissioner to review any rate filing, if the department of insurance does not have a staff actuary in its employ.
- (e) (1) (A) If a filing is not accompanied by the information required by this act, the commissioner shall promptly inform the company or organization making the filing. The filing shall be deemed to be complete when the required information is received by the commissioner or the company or organization certifies to the commissioner the information requested is not maintained by the company or organization and cannot be obtained.
- (B) If the commissioner finds a filing does not meet the requirements of this act, the commissioner shall send to the insurer or rating organization that made the filing, written notice of disapproval of the filing, specifying in what respects the filing fails to comply and stating the filing shall not become effective.
- (C) If at any time after a filing becomes effective, the commissioner

finds a filing does not comply with this act, the commissioner shall after a hearing held on not less than 10 days' written notice to every insurer and rating organization that made the filing issue an order specifying in what respects the filing failed to comply with the act, and stating when, within a reasonable period thereafter, the filing shall be no longer effective. Copies of the order shall be sent to such insurer or rating organization. The order shall not affect any contract or policy made or issued prior to the expiration of the period set forth in the order.

- (2) (A) In the event an insurer or organization has no legally effective rate because of an order disapproving rates, the commissioner shall specify an interim rate at the time the order is issued.
- (B) The interim rate may be modified by the commissioner on the commissioner's own motion or upon motion of an insurer or organization. The interim rate or any modification thereof shall take effect prospectively in contracts of insurance written or renewed 15 days after the commissioner's decision setting interim rates.
- (C) When the rates are finally determined, the commissioner shall order any overcharge in the interim rates to be distributed appropriately, except refunds to policyholders the commissioner determines are de minimis may not be required.
- (3) (A) Any person or organization aggrieved with respect to any filing that is in effect may make written application to the commissioner for a hearing thereon, except that the insurer or rating organization that made the filing may not proceed under this subsection. The application shall specify the grounds to be relied on by the applicant.
- (B) If the commissioner finds the application is made in good faith, that the applicant would be so aggrieved if the applicant's grounds are established, and that such grounds otherwise justify holding such a hearing, the commissioner shall, within 30 days after receipt of the application, hold a hearing on not less than 10 days' written notice to the applicant and every insurer and rating organization that made such filing.
- (C) Every rating organization receiving a notice of hearing or copy of an order under this section, shall promptly notify all its members or subscribers affected by the hearing or order. Notice to a rating organization of a hearing or order shall be deemed notice to its members or subscribers.
- (f) No insurer shall make or issue a contract or policy except in accordance with filings which have been filed or approved for such insurer as provided in this act.
- (1) On an application for personal motor vehicle insurance where the applicant has applied for collision or comprehensive coverage, the applicant shall be allowed to identify a lienholder listed on the certificate of title for the motor vehicle described in the application.

- (2) On an application for property insurance on real property, the applicant shall be allowed to identify a mortgagee listed on a mortgage for the real property described in the application.
- (g) The commissioner may adopt rules and regulations to allow suspension or modification of the requirement of filing and approval of rates as to any kind of insurance, subdivision or combination thereof, or as to classes of risks, the rates for which cannot practicably be filed before they are used.
- (h) Except for workers compensation and employer's liability line, the following categories of commercial lines risks are considered special risks which are exempt from the filing requirements in this section:
  - Risks that are written on an excess or umbrella basis;
- (2) commercial risks, or portions thereof, that are not rated according to manuals, rating plans, or schedules including "a" rates;
  - (3) large risks; and
- (4) special risks designated by the commissioner, including but not limited to risks insured under highly protected risks rating plans, commercial aviation, credit insurance, boiler and machinery, inland marine, fidelity, surety and guarantee bond insurance risks.
  - (i) For the purposes of this subsection, "large risk" means:
- (1) An insured that has total insured property values of \$5,000,000 or more;
- (2) an insured that has total annual gross revenues of \$10,000,000 or more; or
- (3) an insured that has in the preceding calendar year a total paid premium of \$50,000 or more for property insurance, \$50,000 or more for general liability insurance, or \$100,000 or more for multiple lines policies.
- (j) The exemption for any large risk contained in subsection (h) shall not apply to workers compensation and employer's liability insurance, insurance purchasing groups, and the basic coverage required by K.S.A. 40-3401 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (k) Underwriting files, premium, loss and expense statistics, financial and other records pertaining to special risks written by any insurer shall be maintained by the insurer and shall be subject to examination by the commissioner.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 45-229, as amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 499, is hereby amended to read as follows: 45-229. (a) It is the intent of the legislature that exceptions to disclosure under the open records act shall be created or maintained only if:
- (1) The public record is of a sensitive or personal nature concerning individuals;
- 42 (2) the public record is necessary for the effective and efficient 43 administration of a governmental program; or

- (3) the public record affects confidential information. The maintenance or creation of an exception to disclosure must be compelled as measured by these criteria. Further, the legislature finds that the public has a right to have access to public records unless the criteria in this section for restricting such access to a public record are met and the criteria are considered during legislative review in connection with the particular exception to disclosure to be significant enough to override the strong public policy of open government. To strengthen the policy of open government, the legislature shall consider the criteria in this section before enacting an exception to disclosure.
- (b) Subject to the provisions of subsection (h), all exceptions to disclosure in existence on July 1, 2000, shall expire on July 1, 2005, and any new exception to disclosure or substantial amendment of an existing exception shall expire on July 1 of the fifth year after enactment of the new exception or substantial amendment, unless the legislature acts to continue the exception. A law that enacts a new exception or substantially amends an existing exception shall state that the exception expires at the end of five years and that the exception shall be reviewed by the legislature before the scheduled date.
- (c) For purposes of this section, an exception is substantially amended if the amendment expands the scope of the exception to include more records or information. An exception is not substantially amended if the amendment narrows the scope of the exception.
- (d) This section is not intended to repeal an exception that has been amended following legislative review before the scheduled repeal of the exception if the exception is not substantially amended as a result of the review.
- (e) In the year before the expiration of an exception, the revisor of statutes shall certify to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives, by July 15, the language and statutory citation of each exception which will expire in the following year which meets the criteria of an exception as defined in this section. Any exception that is not identified and certified to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives is not subject to legislative review and shall not expire. If the revisor of statutes fails to certify an exception that the revisor subsequently determines should have been certified, the revisor shall include the exception in the following year's certification after that determination.
- (f) "Exception" means any provision of law which creates an exception to disclosure or limits disclosure under the open records act pursuant to K.S.A. 45-221, and amendments thereto, or pursuant to any other provision of law.
  - (g) A provision of law which creates or amends an exception to

disclosure under the open records law shall not be subject to review and expiration under this act if such provision:

- (1) Is required by federal law;
- (2) applies solely to the legislature or to the state court system.
- (h) (1) The legislature shall review the exception before its scheduled expiration and consider as part of the review process the following:
  - (A) What specific records are affected by the exception;
- (B) whom does the exception uniquely affect, as opposed to the general public;
  - (C) what is the identifiable public purpose or goal of the exception;
- (D) whether the information contained in the records may be obtained readily by alternative means and how it may be obtained;
- (2) An exception may be created or maintained only if it serves an identifiable public purpose and may be no broader than is necessary to meet the public purpose it serves. An identifiable public purpose is served if the legislature finds that the purpose is sufficiently compelling to override the strong public policy of open government and cannot be accomplished without the exception and if the exception:
- (A) Allows the effective and efficient administration of a governmental program, which administration would be significantly impaired without the exception;
- (B) protects information of a sensitive personal nature concerning individuals, the release of which information would be defamatory to such individuals or cause unwarranted damage to the good name or reputation of such individuals or would jeopardize the safety of such individuals. Only information that would identify the individuals may be excepted under this paragraph; or
- (C) protects information of a confidential nature concerning entities, including, but not limited to, a formula, pattern, device, combination of devices, or compilation of information which is used to protect or further a business advantage over those who do not know or use it, the disclosure of which information would injure the affected entity in the marketplace.
- (3) Records made before the date of the expiration of an exception shall be subject to disclosure as otherwise provided by law. In deciding whether the records shall be made public, the legislature shall consider whether the damage or loss to persons or entities uniquely affected by the exception of the type specified in paragraph (2)(B) or (2)(C) of this subsection (h) would occur if the records were made public.
- (i) Exceptions contained in the following statutes as certified by the revisor of statutes to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives pursuant to subsection (e) of this section on June 1, 2004, are hereby continued in existence until July 1, 2010, at which time such exceptions shall expire: 1-401, 2-1202, 5-512, 9-1137, 9-1712,

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          9-2217, 10-630, 11-306, 12-189, 12-1,108, 12-1694, 12-1698, 12-2819, 12-
          4516, 16-715, 16a-2-304, 17-1312e, 17-2227, 17-5832, 17-7503, 17-7505,
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          17-7511, 17-7514, 17-76,139, 19-4321, 21-2511, 22-3711, 22-4707, 22-
          4909,\, 22a-243,\, 22a-244,\, 23-605,\, 23-9,\\ 312,\, 25-4161,\, 25-4165,\, 31-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-405,\, 34-4
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           65-1627, 65-1831, 65-2422d, 65-2438, 65-2836, 65-2839a, 65-2898a, 65-
          3015, 65-3447, 65-34,108, 65-34,126, 65-4019, 65-4608, 65-4922, 65-
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          4925, 65-5602, 65-5603, 65-6002, 65-6003, 65-6004, 65-6010, 65-67a05,
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          65-6803, 65-6804, 66-101c, 66-117, 66-151, 66-1,190, 66-1,203, 66-1220a,
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           8903, 73-1228, 74-2424, 74-2433f, 74-4905, 74-4909, 74-50,131, 74-5515,
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           74-7308, 74-7338, 74-7405a, 74-8104, 74-8307, 74-8705, 74-8804, 74-
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          9805, 75-104, 75-712, 75-7b15, 75-1267, 75-2943, 75-4332, 75-4362, 75-
          5133, 75-5266, 75-5665, 75-5666, 75-7310, 76-355, 76-359, 76-493, 76-
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           12b11, 76-3305, 79-1119, 79-1437f, 79-15,118, 79-3234, 79-3395,
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           79-3420, 79-3499, 79-34,113, 79-3614, 79-3657, 79-4301 and 79-5206.
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- (j) Exceptions contained in the following statutes as certified by the revisor of statutes to the president of the senate and the speaker of the house of representatives pursuant to subsection (e) of this section on June 1, 2005, are hereby continued in existence until July 1, 2011, at which time such exceptions shall expire: 1-501, 9-1303, 12-4516a, 38-1692, 39-970, 40-4913, 65-525, 65-5117, 65-6016, 65-6017 and 74-7508.
- See. 6. K.S.A. 60-4104, as amended by section 9 of 2006 House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 196, is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-4104. Conduct and offenses giving rise to forfeiture under this act, whether or not there is a prosecution or conviction related to the offense, are:
- 38 <u>(a) All offenses which statutorily and specifically authorize forfeiture;</u> 39 <u>(b) violations of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 65-</u>
- 40 4101 et seq., and amendments thereto;
- 41 (c) theft which is classified as a felony violation pursuant to K.S.A.
- 42 21-3701, and amendments thereto, in which the property taken was
- 43 livestock;

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- 1 (d) unlawful discharge of a firearm, K.S.A. 21-4219, and amendments 2 thereto:
- 3 (e) money laundering, K.S.A. 65-4142, and amendments thereto;
- 4 (f) gambling, K.S.A. 21-4303, and amendments thereto, and commercial gambling, K.S.A. 21-4304, and amendments thereto;
- 6 <u>(g) counterfeiting, K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-3763, and amendments</u> 7 thereto:
- 8 (h) violations of section 1 of 2006 House Substitute for Senate Bill 9 No. 196, and amendments thereto;
- (i) an act or omission occurring outside this state, which would be a
   violation in the place of occurrence and would be described in this section
   if the act occurred in this state, whether or not it is prosecuted in any
   state:
  - (j) an act or omission committed in furtherance of any act or omission described in this section including any inchoate or preparatory offense, whether or not there is a prosecution or conviction related to the act or omission;
- 18 (k) any solicitation or conspiracy to commit any act or omission
  19 described in this section, whether or not there is a prosecution or
  20 conviction related to the act or omission.;
  - (l) furtherance of terrorism or illegal use of weapons of mass destruction, section 3 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 25, and amendments thereto.
  - Sec. 7: [6.] K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 75-5133 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-5133. (a) Except as otherwise more specifically provided by law, all information received by the secretary of revenue, the director of taxation or the director of alcoholic beverage control from returns, reports, license applications or registration documents made or filed under the provisions of any law imposing any sales, use or other excise tax administered by the secretary of revenue, the director of taxation, or the director of alcoholic beverage control, or from any investigation conducted under such provisions, shall be confidential, and it shall be unlawful for any officer or employee of the department of revenue to divulge any such information except in accordance with other provisions of law respecting the enforcement and collection of such tax, in accordance with proper judicial order or as provided in K.S.A. 74-2424, and amendments thereto.
    - (b) The secretary of revenue or the secretary's designee may:
  - (1) Publish statistics, so classified as to prevent identification of particular reports or returns and the items thereof;
  - (2) allow the inspection of returns by the attorney general or the attorney general's designee;
- 42 (3) provide the post auditor access to all such excise tax reports or 43 returns in accordance with and subject to the provisions of subsection (g)

of K.S.A. 46-1106, and amendments thereto;

- (4) disclose taxpayer information from excise tax returns to persons or entities contracting with the secretary of revenue where the secretary has determined disclosure of such information is essential for completion of the contract and has taken appropriate steps to preserve confidentiality;
- (5) provide information from returns and reports filed under article 42 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated to county appraisers as is necessary to insure proper valuations of property. Information from such returns and reports may also be exchanged with any other state agency administering and collecting conservation or other taxes and fees imposed on or measured by mineral production;
- (6) provide, upon request by a city or county clerk or treasurer or finance officer of any city or county receiving distributions from a local excise tax, monthly reports identifying each retailer doing business in such city or county or making taxable sales sourced to such city or county, setting forth the tax liability and the amount of such tax remitted by each retailer during the preceding month, and identifying each business location maintained by the retailer and such retailer's sales or use tax registration or account number;
- (7) provide information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 79-3601, and amendments thereto, to a city or county treasurer or clerk or finance officer to explain the basis of statistics contained in reports provided by subsection (b)(6);
- (8) disclose the following oil and gas production statistics received by the department of revenue in accordance with K.S.A. 79-4216 et seq. and amendments thereto: Volumes of production by well name, well number, operator's name and identification number assigned by the state corporation commission, lease name, leasehold property description, county of production or zone of production, name of purchaser and purchaser's tax identification number assigned by the department of revenue, name of transporter, field code number or lease code, tax period, exempt production volumes by well name or lease, or any combination of this information;
- (9) release or publish liquor brand registration information provided by suppliers, farm wineries and microbreweries in accordance with the liquor control act. The information to be released is limited to: Item number, universal numeric code, type status, product description, alcohol percentage, selling units, unit size, unit of measurement, supplier number, supplier name, distributor number and distributor name;
- (10) release or publish liquor license information provided by liquor licensees, distributors, suppliers, farm wineries and microbreweries in accordance with the liquor control act. The information to be released is

limited to: County name, owner, business name, address, license type, license number, license expiration date and the process agent contact information;

- (11) release or publish cigarette and tobacco license information obtained from cigarette and tobacco licensees in accordance with the Kansas cigarette and tobacco products act. The information to be released is limited to: County name, owner, business name, address, license type and license number;
- (12) provide environmental surcharge or solvent fee, or both, information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-34,150 and 65-34,151, and amendments thereto, to the secretary of health and environment or the secretary's designee for the sole purpose of ensuring that retailers collect the environmental surcharge tax or solvent fee, or both;
- (13) provide water protection fee information from returns and applications for registration filed pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-954, and amendments thereto, to the secretary of the state board of agriculture or the secretary's designee and the secretary of the Kansas water office or the secretary's designee for the sole purpose of verifying revenues deposited to the state water plan fund;
- (14) provide to the secretary of commerce copies of applications for project exemption certificates sought by any taxpayer under the enterprise zone sales tax exemption pursuant to subsection (cc) of K.S.A. 79-3606, and amendments thereto;
  - (15) disclose information received pursuant to the Kansas cigarette and tobacco act and subject to the confidentiality provisions of this act to any criminal justice agency, as defined in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 22-4701, and amendments thereto, or to any law enforcement officer, as defined in subsection (e)(10) of K.S.A. 21-3110, and amendments thereto, on behalf of a criminal justice agency, when requested in writing in conjunction with a pending investigation; and
  - (16) provide to retailers tax exemption information for the sole purpose of verifying the authenticity of tax exemption numbers issued by the department.
  - (c) Any person receiving any information under the provisions of subsection (b) shall be subject to the confidentiality provisions of subsection (a) and to the penalty provisions of subsection (d).
  - (d) Any violation of this section shall be a class A, nonperson misdemeanor, and if the offender is an officer or employee of this state, such officer or employee shall be dismissed from office. Reports of violations of this paragraph shall be investigated by the attorney general. The district attorney or county attorney and the attorney general shall have authority to prosecute any violation of this section if the offender is

1 a city or county clerk or treasurer or finance officer of a city or county. 2 Sec. 8. [7.] K.S.A. 40-955, as amended by section 2 of 2006 3 Substitute for Senate Bill No. 539, 40-955, as amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 442, <del>60-4104, as amended by section 9 of 2006</del> 4 House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 196 and 60-4104, as amended by 5 6 section 11 of 2006 House Bill No. 25 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-2118, as amended by section 3 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 411, 8-2118, as amended 8 by section 5 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 344, 21-3110, 21-3110b, 45-229, as 9 amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 499, 45-229, as amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 453 and 75-5133 are hereby repealed. 10 Sec. 9. [8.] On and after January 1, 2007, K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 8-135, 11 12 as amended by section 1 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 496 and K.S.A. 2005 13 Supp. 8-135, as amended by section 2 of 2006 Senate Bill No. 558 are 14 hereby repealed. 15 Sec. 10. [9.] This act shall take effect and be in force from and after 16 its publication in the statute book.