

SENATE BILL No. 549

AN ACT concerning school districts; relating to school finance; amending K.S.A. 72-6435 and 72-6441 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-978, 72-6405, 72-6407, 72-6409, 72-6410, 72-6412, 72-6413, 72-6414, 72-6414a, 72-6414b, 72-6415b, 72-6426, 72-6433, 72-6434, 72-6439, 72-6442b, 72-64c04, 72-8204c, 72-8814, 72-9509 and 75-2319 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 75-2320.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:*

New Section 1. Whenever the state board of education determines that a school has failed either to meet the accreditation requirements established by rules and regulations or standards adopted by the state board or provide the curriculum required by state law, the state board shall so notify the school district in which the school is located. Such notice shall specify the accreditation requirements that the school has failed to meet and the curriculum that the school has failed to provide. Upon receipt of such notice, the board of education of such district are encouraged to reallocate the resources of the district to remedy all deficiencies identified by the state board. When making such reallocation, the board of education shall take into consideration the resource strategies of highly resource-efficient districts as identified in Phase III of the Kansas Education Resource Management Study conducted by Standard and Poor's (March 2006).

New Sec. 2. In order to achieve uniform reporting of expenditures by school districts in school district budgets, districts shall report expenditures in the manner required by the state board.

New Sec. 3. (a) The nonproficient pupil weighting of each district shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(1) Determine the number of pupils who were not eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who took the mathematics or reading state assessments in school year 2004-2005;

(2) determine the number of all pupils who scored below proficiency on either the mathematics or reading state assessments in school year 2004-2005;

(3) divide the number determined under paragraph (2) by the number determined under paragraph (1);

(4) subtract the number of pupils who are eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act from the enrollment of the district;

(5) multiply the difference determined under paragraph (3) by the dividend determined under paragraph (4); and

(6) multiply the product determined under paragraph (5) by .029. The product is the nonproficient pupil weighting of the district.

(b) The provisions of this section shall expire June 30, 2007.

New Sec. 4. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "School district" or "district" means a school district which has an extraordinary declining enrollment.

(2) "Extraordinary declining enrollment" means an enrollment which has declined during the preceding three school years at a rate of at least 5% per year or by at least 50 pupils per year, whichever is greater.

(3) "Joint committee" means the joint committee on state building construction.

(b) The board of education of any school district shall not authorize the issuance of any bonds for the construction of a new building without having first advised and consulted with the joint committee. Prior to the date of the hearing of the joint committee at which the board is scheduled to appear, the board shall submit any information requested by the joint committee. Following such hearing, the committee shall make a recommendation on the advisability of the proposed issuance of bonds. A copy of the committee's recommendation shall be provided to the school district and to the state board of education within 15 days of the date of the hearing.

(c) If the joint committee recommends against the issuance of any bonds for the construction of a new building and if the district proceeds to issue bonds for such construction, the district shall not be entitled to, and shall not receive, state aid for such bonds under K.S.A. 75-2319, and amendments thereto unless approved by the state board.

(d) The provisions of this section shall not apply to any district which is not entitled to state aid under K.S.A. 75-2319, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 5. The high density at-risk pupil weighting of each school district shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(a) Except as provided by subsection (d), if the district has an enrollment of less than 40% at-risk pupils, the state board shall multiply the number of at-risk pupils by 0. The product is the high density at-risk pupil weighting of the district.

(b) Except as provided by subsection (d), if the district has an enrollment of at least 40% but less than 50% at-risk pupils, the state board shall multiply the number of at-risk pupils by .04 in school year 2006-2007, by .05 in school year 2007-2008 and by .06 in school year 2008-2009 and each school year thereafter. The product is the high density at-risk pupil weighting of the district.

(c) If the district has an enrollment of 50% or more at-risk pupils, the state board shall multiply the number of at-risk pupils by .08 in school year 2006-2007, by .09 in school year 2007-2008 and by .10 in school year 2008-2009 and each school year thereafter. The product is the high density at-risk pupil weighting of the district.

(d) If the district has an enrollment of at least 35.1% at-risk pupils and an enrollment density of at least 212.1 pupils per square mile, the state board shall multiply the number of at-risk pupils by .04 in school year 2006-2007, by .05 in school year 2007-2008 and by .10 in school year 2008-2009 and each school year thereafter. The product is the high density at-risk pupil weighting of the district.

New Sec. 6. (a) In order to pay the cost of providing full-day kindergarten, a school district may impose a fee to enroll in full-day kindergarten.

(b) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring school districts to provide full-day kindergarten nor as requiring any pupil to attend full-day kindergarten.

(c) As used in this section:

(1) "School district" means any school district which offers both full-day and half-day kindergarten.

(2) "Cost" means that portion of the cost of providing full-day kindergarten which is not paid by the state.

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-978 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-978. (a) Each year, the state board of education shall determine the amount of state aid for the provision of special education and related services each school district shall receive for the ensuing school year. The amount of such state aid shall be computed by the state board as provided in this section. The state board shall:

(1) Determine the total amount of general fund and local option budgets of all school districts;

(2) subtract from the amount determined in paragraph (1) the total amount attributable to assignment of transportation weighting, program weighting, special education weighting and at-risk pupil weighting to enrollment of all school districts;

(3) divide the remainder obtained in paragraph (2) by the total number of full-time equivalent pupils enrolled in all school districts on September 20;

(4) determine the total full-time equivalent enrollment of exceptional children receiving special education and related services provided by all school districts;

(5) multiply the amount of the quotient obtained in paragraph (3) by the full-time equivalent enrollment determined in paragraph (4);

(6) determine the amount of federal funds received by all school districts for the provision of special education and related services;

(7) determine the amount of revenue received by all school districts rendered under contracts with the state institutions for the provisions of special education and related services by the state institution;

(8) add the amounts determined under paragraphs (6) and (7) to the amount of the product obtained under paragraph (5);

(9) determine the total amount of expenditures of all school districts for the provision of special education and related services;

(10) subtract the amount of the sum obtained under paragraph (8) from the amount determined under paragraph (9); and

(11) ~~(A) for school year 2005-2006, multiply the remainder obtained~~

~~under paragraph (10) by 89.3%, except such limitation is suspended if there is a transfer of moneys pursuant to subsection (b) of section 25; and —(B) for school year 2006-2007 and each school year thereafter, multiply the remainder obtained under paragraph (10) by 92%.~~

The computed amount is the amount of state aid for the provision of special education and related services aid a school district is entitled to receive for the ensuing school year.

(b) Each school district shall be entitled to receive:

(1) Reimbursement for actual travel allowances paid to special teachers at not to exceed the rate specified under K.S.A. 75-3203, and amendments thereto, for each mile actually traveled during the school year in connection with duties in providing special education or related services for exceptional children; such reimbursement shall be computed by the state board by ascertaining the actual travel allowances paid to special teachers by the school district for the school year and shall be in an amount equal to 80% of such actual travel allowances;

(2) reimbursement in an amount equal to 80% of the actual travel expenses incurred for providing transportation for exceptional children to special education or related services; such reimbursement shall not be paid if such child has been counted in determining the transportation weighting of the district under the provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act;

(3) reimbursement in an amount equal to 80% of the actual expenses incurred for the maintenance of an exceptional child at some place other than the residence of such child for the purpose of providing special education or related services; such reimbursement shall not exceed \$600 per exceptional child per school year; and

(4) except for those school districts entitled to receive reimbursement under subsection (c) or (d), after subtracting the amounts of reimbursement under paragraphs (1), (2) and (3) of this subsection (a) from the total amount appropriated for special education and related services under this act, an amount which bears the same proportion to the remaining amount appropriated as the number of full-time equivalent special teachers who are qualified to provide special education or related services to exceptional children and are employed by the school district for approved special education or related services bears to the total number of such qualified full-time equivalent special teachers employed by all school districts for approved special education or related services.

Each special teacher who is qualified to assist in the provision of special education or related services to exceptional children shall be counted as  $\frac{2}{3}$  full-time equivalent special teacher who is qualified to provide special education or related services to exceptional children.

(c) Each school district which has paid amounts for the provision of special education and related services under an interlocal agreement shall be entitled to receive reimbursement under subsection (b)(4). The amount of such reimbursement for the district shall be the amount which bears the same relation to the aggregate amount available for reimbursement for the provision of special education and related services under the interlocal agreement, as the amount paid by such district in the current school year for provision of such special education and related services bears to the aggregate of all amounts paid by all school districts in the current school year who have entered into such interlocal agreement for provision of such special education and related services.

(d) Each contracting school district which has paid amounts for the provision of special education and related services as a member of a cooperative shall be entitled to receive reimbursement under subsection (b)(4). The amount of such reimbursement for the district shall be the amount which bears the same relation to the aggregate amount available for reimbursement for the provision of special education and related services by the cooperative, as the amount paid by such district in the current school year for provision of such special education and related services bears to the aggregate of all amounts paid by all contracting school districts in the current school year by such cooperative for provision of such special education and related services.

(e) No time spent by a special teacher in connection with duties performed under a contract entered into by the Kansas juvenile correctional complex, the Atchison juvenile correctional facility, the Beloit juvenile correctional facility, the Larned juvenile correctional facility, or the To-

peka juvenile correctional facility and a school district for the provision of special education services by such state institution shall be counted in making computations under this section.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6405. (a) K.S.A. 72-6405 through 72-6440 ~~and~~, the provisions of chapter 152 ~~and~~, sections 1 through 18 of chapter 194 of the 2005 session laws of Kansas *and sections 1 through 6*, and amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the school district finance and quality performance act.

(b) *Except for the provisions of section 4, and amendments thereto*, the provisions of the school district finance and quality performance act are not severable. *Except for the provisions of section 4, and amendments thereto*, if any provision of that act is *stayed or is* held to be invalid or unconstitutional, it shall be presumed conclusively that the legislature would not have enacted the remainder of such act without such *stayed, invalid or unconstitutional* provision.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6407 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6407. (a) (1) “Pupil” means any person who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 in another district in accordance with an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending special education services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the district.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, a pupil in attendance full time shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil in attendance part time shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the pupil’s attendance bears to full-time attendance. A pupil attending kindergarten shall be counted as  $\frac{1}{2}$  pupil. A pupil enrolled in and attending an institution of postsecondary education which is authorized under the laws of this state to award academic degrees shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil’s postsecondary education enrollment and attendance together with the pupil’s attendance in either of the grades 11 or 12 is at least  $\frac{5}{6}$  time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the total time of the pupil’s postsecondary education attendance and attendance in grade 11 or 12, as applicable, bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in and attending an area vocational school, area vocational-technical school or approved vocational education program shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil’s vocational education enrollment and attendance together with the pupil’s attendance in any of grades nine through 12 is at least  $\frac{5}{6}$  time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the total time of the pupil’s vocational education attendance and attendance in any of grades nine through 12 bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services, except special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional children, provided for by the district shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional children provided for by the district shall be counted as  $\frac{1}{2}$  pupil. A preschool-aged at-risk pupil enrolled in a district and receiving services under an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan maintained by the district shall be counted as  $\frac{1}{2}$  pupil. A pupil in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services and enrolled in unified school district No. 259, Sedgwick county, Kansas, but housed, maintained, and receiving educational services at the Judge James V. Riddel Boys Ranch, shall be counted as two pupils.

(3) A pupil residing at the Flint Hills job corps center shall not be counted. A pupil confined in and receiving educational services provided for by a district at a juvenile detention facility shall not be counted. A pupil enrolled in a district but housed, maintained, and receiving educational services at a state institution shall not be counted. A pupil enrolled in a virtual school in a district but who is not a resident of the state of Kansas shall not be counted.

(b) “Preschool-aged exceptional children” means exceptional children,

except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten.

(c) “At-risk pupils” means pupils who are eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who are enrolled in a district which maintains an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan.

(d) “Preschool-aged at-risk pupil” means an at-risk pupil who has attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance with guidelines consonant with guidelines governing the selection of pupils for participation in head start programs.

(e) “Enrollment” means: (1) (A) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1)(B), for districts scheduling the school days or school hours of the school term on a trimestral or quarterly basis, the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 plus the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on February 20 less the number of pupils regularly enrolled on February 20 who were counted in the enrollment of the district on September 20; and for districts not specified in this paragraph (1), the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20; (B) a pupil who is a foreign exchange student shall not be counted unless such student is regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district for at least one semester or two quarters or the equivalent thereof;

(2) if enrollment in a district in any school year has decreased from enrollment in the preceding school year, enrollment of the district in the current school year means whichever is the greater of (A) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled, plus enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled, or (B) the sum of enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and the average (mean) of the sum of (i) enrollment of the district in the current school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and (ii) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled and (iii) enrollment in the school year next preceding the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled; or

(3) the number of pupils as determined under K.S.A. 72-6447 or K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6448, and amendments thereto.

(f) “Adjusted enrollment” means enrollment adjusted by adding at-risk pupil weighting, program weighting, low enrollment weighting, if any, ~~correlation density at-risk weighting, if any, nonproficient pupil weighting, if any, high enrollment~~ weighting, if any, declining enrollment weighting, if any, school facilities weighting, if any, ancillary school facilities weighting, if any, cost of living weighting, if any, special education and related services weighting, and transportation weighting to enrollment.

(g) “At-risk pupil weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of at-risk pupils.

(h) “Program weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of pupil attendance in educational programs which differ in cost from regular educational programs.

(i) “Low enrollment weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts ~~having under 1,662 enrollment pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto,~~ on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts in comparison with costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by districts having ~~1,662 or over enrollment to which high enrollment weighting is assigned pursuant to K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6442b, and amendments thereto.~~

(j) “School facilities weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities.

(k) “Transportation weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to the provision or furnishing of transportation.

(l) “Cost of living weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6449, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to the cost of living in the district.

(m) “Ancillary school facilities weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. Ancillary school facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, and remitted the proceeds from such tax to the state treasurer. Ancillary school facilities weighting is in addition to assignment of school facilities weighting to enrollment of any district eligible for such weighting.

(n) “Juvenile detention facility” means: (1) Any secure public or private facility which is used for the lawful custody of accused or adjudicated juvenile offenders and which shall not be a jail;

(2) any level VI treatment facility licensed by the Kansas department of health and environment which is a psychiatric residential treatment facility for individuals under the age of 21 which conforms with the regulations of the centers for medicare/medicaid services and the joint commission on accreditation of health care organizations governing such facilities; and

(3) the Forbes Juvenile Attention Facility, the Sappa Valley Youth Ranch of Oberlin, Salvation Army/Koch Center Youth Services, the Clarence M. Kelley Youth Center, the Clarence M. Kelley Transitional Living Center, Trego County Secure Care Center, St. Francis Academy at Atchison, St. Francis Academy at Ellsworth, St. Francis Academy at Salina, St. Francis Center at Salina, King’s Achievement Center, and Liberty Juvenile Services and Treatment.

(o) “Special education and related services weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to provision of special education and related services for pupils determined to be exceptional children.

(p) “Virtual school” means any kindergarten or grades one through 12 course offered for credit that uses distance-learning technologies which predominantly use internet-based methods to deliver instruction and for which the course content is available on an “anytime, anyplace” basis, but the instruction occurs asynchronously with the teacher and pupil in separate locations, not necessarily located within a local education agency.

(q) “Declining enrollment weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6451, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of reduced revenues attributable to the declining enrollment of the district.

(r) ~~“Correlation weighting”~~ *High enrollment weighting* means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts ~~having 1,662 or over enrollment pursuant to K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6442b, and amendments thereto,~~ on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts as a correlate to low enrollment weighting assigned to enrollment of districts ~~having under 1,662 enrollment pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto.~~

(s) *“Density at-risk pupil weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of section 5, and amendments thereto, apply.*

(t) *“Nonproficient pupil” means a pupil who is not eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who has scored less than proficient on the mathematics or reading state assessment during school year 2004-2005 and who is enrolled in a district which maintains an approved proficiency assistance plan.*

(u) *“Nonproficient pupil weighting” means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of nonproficient pupils pursuant to section 3, and amendments thereto.*

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6409 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6409. (a) “General fund” means the fund of a district from which operating expenses are paid and in which is deposited the proceeds from the tax levied under K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto, all amounts of general state aid under this act, payments under K.S.A. 72-

7105a, and amendments thereto, payments of federal funds made available under the provisions of title I of public law 874, except amounts received for assistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received under the low-rent housing program, and such other moneys as are provided by law.

(b) “Operating expenses” means the total expenditures and lawful transfers from the general fund of a district during a school year for all purposes, except expenditures for the purposes specified in K.S.A. 72-6430, and amendments thereto.

(c) “General fund budget” means the amount budgeted for operating expenses in the general fund of a district.

(d) “Budget per pupil” means the general fund budget of a district divided by the enrollment of the district.

(e) “Program weighted fund” means and includes the following funds of a district: Vocational education fund, *preschool-aged at-risk education fund* and bilingual education fund.

(f) “Categorical fund” means and includes the following funds of a district: Special education fund, food service fund, driver training fund, adult education fund, adult supplementary education fund, area vocational school fund, professional development fund, parent education program fund, summer program fund, extraordinary school program fund, and educational excellence grant program fund.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6410 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6410. (a) “State financial aid” means an amount equal to the product obtained by multiplying base state aid per pupil by the adjusted enrollment of a district.

(b) “Base state aid per pupil” means an amount of state financial aid per pupil. Subject to the other provisions of this subsection, the amount of base state aid per pupil is ~~\$4,257~~ \$4,316 in school year 2006-2007, \$4,374 in school year 2007-2008 and \$4,433 in school year 2008-2009 and each school year thereafter. The amount of base state aid per pupil is subject to reduction commensurate with any reduction under K.S.A. 75-6704, and amendments thereto, in the amount of the appropriation from the state general fund for general state aid. If the amount of appropriations for general state aid is insufficient to pay in full the amount each district is entitled to receive for any school year, the amount of base state aid per pupil for such school year is subject to reduction commensurate with the amount of the insufficiency.

(c) “Local effort” means the sum of an amount equal to the proceeds from the tax levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to any unexpended and unencumbered balance remaining in the general fund of the district, except amounts received by the district and authorized to be expended for the purposes specified in K.S.A. 72-6430, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to any unexpended and unencumbered balances remaining in the program weighted funds of the district, except any amount in the vocational education fund of the district if the district is operating an area vocational school, and an amount equal to any remaining proceeds from taxes levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-7056 and 72-7072, and amendments thereto, prior to the repeal of such statutory sections, and an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current school year from amounts received in such year by the district under the provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-1046a, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current school year from amounts received in such year by the district pursuant to contracts made and entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-6757, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to the amount credited to the general fund in the current school year from amounts distributed in such year to the district under the provisions of articles 17 and 34 of chapter 12 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and under the provisions of articles 42 and 51 of chapter 79 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and an amount equal to the amount of payments received by the district under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-979, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to the amount of a grant, if any, received by the district under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-983, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to 70% of the federal impact aid of the district.

(d) “Federal impact aid” means an amount equal to the federally qual-

ified percentage of the amount of moneys a district receives in the current school year under the provisions of title I of public law 874 and congressional appropriations therefor, excluding amounts received for assistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received under the low-rent housing program. The amount of federal impact aid defined herein as an amount equal to the federally qualified percentage of the amount of moneys provided for the district under title I of public law 874 shall be determined by the state board in accordance with terms and conditions imposed under the provisions of the public law and rules and regulations thereunder.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6412 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6412. (a) ~~The~~ low enrollment weighting factor shall be assigned to each school district determined by the state board as provided by this section.

(b) For districts with enrollment of ~~1,662~~ 1,637 or more in school year 2006-2007, and 1,622 or more in school year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter, the low enrollment weighting factor shall be 0.

(c) For districts with enrollment of less than 100, the low enrollment weighting factor shall be equal to the low enrollment weighting factor of a district with enrollment of 100.

(d) For districts with enrollment of less than ~~1,662~~ 1,637 in school year 2006-2007 and less than 1,622 in school year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter and more than 99, the low enrollment weighting factor shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(1) Determine the low enrollment weighting factor for such districts for school year 2004-2005;

(2) multiply the low enrollment weighting factor of each district determined under paragraph (1) by 3,863;

(3) add 3,863 to the product obtained under paragraph (2);

(4) divide the product obtained under paragraph (3) by 4,107; and

(5) subtract 1 from the product obtained under paragraph (4). The difference shall be the low enrollment weighting factor for school year ~~2005-2006 and each school year thereafter~~ of the district.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6413 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6413. (a) The program weighting of each district shall be determined by the state board as follows:

~~(a)~~ (1) Compute full time equivalent enrollment in programs of bilingual education and multiply the computed enrollment by .395;

~~(b)~~ (2) compute full time equivalent enrollment in approved vocational education programs and multiply the computed enrollment by 0.5;

~~(c)~~ (3) add the products obtained under ~~(a) and (b)~~ (1) and (2). The sum is the program weighting of the district.

(b) A school district may expend amounts received from the bilingual weighting to pay the cost of providing at-risk and preschool-aged at-risk education programs and services.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6414 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6414. (a) The at-risk pupil weighting of each district shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the number of at-risk pupils included in enrollment of the district by ~~.193~~ .278 for school year 2006-2007, by .378 for school year 2007-2008 and by .456 for school year 2008-2009 and each school year thereafter. The product is the at-risk pupil weighting of the district.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (d), of the amount a district receives from the at-risk pupil weighting, an amount produced by a pupil weighting of .01 shall be used by the district for achieving mastery of basic reading skills by completion of the third grade in accordance with standards and outcomes of mastery identified by the state board under K.S.A. 72-7534, and amendments thereto.

(c) A district shall include such information in its at-risk pupil assistance plan as the state board may require regarding the district's remediation strategies and the results thereof in achieving the third grade reading standards and outcomes of mastery identified by the state board. The reporting requirements shall include information documenting remediation strategies and improvement made by pupils who performed below the expected standard on the second grade diagnostic reading test prescribed by the state board.

(d) A district whose pupils substantially achieve the state board stan-



dards and outcomes of mastery of reading skills upon completion of third grade may be released, upon request, by the state board from the requirements of subsection (b).

(e) (1) *A district may expend amounts received from the at-risk pupil weighting to pay for the cost of providing full-day kindergarten to any pupil enrolled in the district and attending full-day kindergarten whether or not such pupil is an at-risk pupil.*

(2) *Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as requiring school districts to provide full-day kindergarten nor as requiring any pupil to attend full-day kindergarten.*

(3) *As used in this subsection (e):*

(A) *“District” means any school district which offers both full-day and half-day kindergarten.*

(B) *“Cost” means that portion of the cost of providing full-day kindergarten which is not paid by the state.*

(f) *A school district may expend amounts received from the at-risk weighting to pay the cost of providing preschool-aged at-risk, bilingual and vocational education programs and services.*

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6414a is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6414a. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the at-risk education fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. ~~Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the district from whatever source for at-risk assistance plans or programs shall be credited to the at-risk education fund established by this section.~~ The expenses of a district directly attributable to providing at-risk assistance or programs, *including assistance or programs provided to nonproficient pupils*, shall be paid from the at-risk education fund.

(b) Any balance remaining in the at-risk education fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the at-risk education fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the at-risk education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

(c) *Each year the board of education of each school district shall prepare and submit to the state board a report on the at-risk program or assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include information specifying the number of at-risk pupils and nonproficient pupils who were served or provided assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed, the results of providing such service or assistance and any other information required by the state board.*

(d) *In order to achieve uniform reporting of the number of at-risk pupils and nonproficient pupils provided service or assistance by school districts in at-risk programs, districts shall report the number of at-risk pupils and nonproficient pupils served or assisted in the manner required by the state board.*

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6414b is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6414b. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the preschool-aged at-risk education fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. ~~Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the district from whatever source for preschool-aged at-risk assistance plans or programs shall be credited to the preschool-aged at-risk education fund established by this section.~~ The expenses of a district directly attributable to providing preschool-aged at-risk assistance or programs shall be paid from the preschool-aged at-risk education fund.

(b) *A school district may expend amounts received from the preschool-aged at-risk weighting to pay the cost of providing at-risk, bilingual and vocational education programs and services.*

~~(b)~~ (c) Any balance remaining in the preschool-aged at-risk education fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the preschool-aged at-risk education fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-

2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the preschool-aged at-risk education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

*(d) Each year the board of education of each school district shall prepare and submit to the state board a report on the preschool-aged at-risk program or assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include information specifying the number of pupils who were served or provided assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed, the results of providing such service or assistance and any other information required by the state board.*

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6415b is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6415b. ~~(a) Except as provided by subsection (b),~~ School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has adopted a local option budget in an amount equal to ~~the state prescribed percentage for the school year~~ *at least 25% of the amount of the state financial aid determined for the district in the current school year.* School facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of the district only in the school year in which operation of a new school facility is commenced and in the next succeeding school year.

~~(b) School facilities weighting may be assigned to the enrollment of a district which adopted a local option budget in an amount which is not less than 25%, if the issuance of bonds to finance such facilities has been approved at an election held on or before June 30, 2005.~~

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6426 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6426. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the contingency reserve fund. Such fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The fund shall be maintained for payment of expenses of a district attributable to financial contingencies as determined by the board. Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), at no time in any school year shall the amount maintained in the fund exceed an amount equal to ~~4%~~ 6% of the general fund budget of the district for the school year.

~~(b) (1)~~ In any school year, if the amount in the contingency reserve fund of a district is in excess of the amount authorized under subsection (a) to be maintained in the fund, and if such excess amount is the result of a reduction in the general fund budget of the district for the school year because of a decrease in enrollment, the district may maintain the excess amount in the fund until depletion of such excess amount by expenditure from the fund for the purposes thereof.

~~(2) Except as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection, at no time in school year 2005-2006, shall the amount maintained in the fund exceed an amount equal to 6% of the general fund budget of the district for such school year.~~

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6433 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6433. (a) (1) The board of any district may adopt a local option budget in each school year in an amount not to exceed an amount equal to the district prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid determined for the district in the school year. As used in this section, “district prescribed percentage” means:

(A) For any district that was authorized to adopt and that adopted a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, do not apply in the current school year, in the 2001-02 school year and in each school year thereafter, a percentage that is equal to 80% of the percentage specified in the resolution under which the district was authorized to adopt a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year;

(B) for any district that was authorized to adopt and that adopted a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, apply in the current school year, a percentage in the 2001-02 school year and each school year thereafter that is equal to the sum of the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school

year and the percentage computed for the district by the state board under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto;

(C) for any district that was not authorized to adopt a local option budget in the 1996-97 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, apply in the current school year, a percentage in the 2001-02 school year and each school year thereafter that is equal to the sum of the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year and the percentage computed for the district by the state board under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto;

(D) for any district to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, applied in the 1997-98 school year and to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, do not apply in the current school year because an increase in the amount budgeted by the district in its local option budget as authorized by a resolution adopted under the provisions of subsection (b) causes the actual amount per pupil budgeted by the district in the preceding school year as determined for the district under provision (1) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, to equal or exceed the average amount per pupil of general fund budgets and local option budgets computed by the state board under whichever of the provisions (7) through (10) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, is applicable to the district's enrollment group, a percentage that is equal to the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year if the resolution authorized the district to increase its local option budget on a continuous and permanent basis. If the resolution that authorized the district to increase its local option budget specified a definite period of time for which the district would retain its authority to increase the local option budget and such authority lapses at the conclusion of such period and is not renewed, the term district prescribed percentage means a percentage that is equal to the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year less the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution unless the loss of the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution would cause the actual amount per pupil budgeted by the district to be less than the average amount per pupil of general fund budgets and local option budgets computed by the state board under whichever of the provisions (7) through (10) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, is applicable to the district's enrollment group, in which case, the term district prescribed percentage means a percentage that is equal to the percentage of the amount of state financial aid the district was authorized to budget in the preceding school year less the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution plus a percentage which shall be computed for the district by the state board in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, except that, in making the determination of the actual amount per pupil budgeted by the district in the preceding school year, the state board shall exclude the percentage of increase that was authorized by the resolution.

(2) (A) Subject to the provisions of subpart (B), the adoption of a local option budget under authority of this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members of the board and shall require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(B) In lieu of utilizing the authority granted by subpart (A) for adoption of a local option budget, the board of a district may pass a resolution authorizing adoption of such a budget and publish such resolution once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district. The resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No. \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall be authorized to adopt a local option budget in each school year for a period of time not to exceed \_\_\_\_\_ years in an amount not to exceed \_\_\_\_\_% of the amount of state financial aid determined for the current school year. The local option budget authorized by this resolution may be adopted, unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after publication of this resolution. In the event

a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether adoption of the local option budget shall be authorized to the electors of the school district at an election called for the purpose or at the next general election, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of Unified School District No. \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ County, Kansas, on the \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be appropriately filled. The blank preceding the word “years” shall be filled with a specific number, and the blank preceding the percentage symbol shall be filled with a specific number. No word shall be inserted in either of the blanks. The percentage specified in the resolution shall not exceed the district prescribed percentage. The resolution shall be published once in a newspaper having general circulation in the school district. If no petition as specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the board may adopt a local option budget. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether adoption of a local option budget shall be authorized. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution. If any district is authorized to adopt a local option budget under this subpart, but the board of such district chooses, in any school year, not to adopt such a budget or chooses, in any school year, to adopt such budget in an amount less than the amount of the district prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid in any school year, such board of education may so choose. If the board of any district refrains from adopting a local option budget in any one or more school years or refrains from budgeting the total amount authorized for any one or more school years, the authority of such district to adopt a local option budget shall not be extended by such refrainment beyond the period specified in the resolution authorizing adoption of such budget, nor shall the amount authorized to be budgeted in any succeeding school year be increased by such refrainment. Whenever an initial resolution has been adopted under this subpart, and such resolution specified a lesser percentage than the district prescribed percentage, the board of the district may adopt one or more subsequent resolutions under the same procedure as provided for the initial resolution and subject to the same conditions, and shall be authorized to increase the percentage as specified in any such subsequent resolution for the remainder of the period of time specified in the initial resolution. Any percentage specified in a subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions shall be limited so that the sum of the percentage authorized in the initial resolution and the percentage authorized in the subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions is not in excess of the district prescribed percentage in any school year. The board of any district that has been authorized to adopt a local option budget under this subpart and levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6435, and amendments thereto, may initiate, at any time after the final levy is certified to the county clerk under any current authorization, procedures to renew its authority to adopt a local option budget in the manner specified in this subpart or may utilize the authority granted by subpart (A). As used in this subpart, the term “authorized to adopt a local option budget” means that a district has adopted a resolution under this subpart, has published the same, and either that the resolution was not protested or that it was protested and an election was held by which the adoption of a local option budget was approved.

(3) The provisions of this subsection are subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c).

~~(b) The provisions of this subsection (b) shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6433a, and amendments thereto.~~

(1) The board of any district that adopts a local option budget under subsection (a) may increase the amount of such budget in each school year in an amount which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) does not exceed the state prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid determined for

the district in the school year if the board of the district determines that an increase in such budget would be in the best interests of the district.

(2) No district may increase a local option budget under authority of this subsection until: (A) A resolution authorizing such an increase is passed by the board and published once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district; or (B) the question of whether the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget has been submitted to and approved by the qualified electors of the district at a special election called for the purpose. Any such election shall be noticed, called and held in the manner provided by K.S.A. 10-120, and amendments thereto, for the noticing, calling and holding of elections upon the question of issuing bonds under the general bond law. The notice of such election shall state the purpose for and time of the election, and the ballot shall be designed with the question of whether the board of education of the district shall be continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district in each school year by a percentage which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) does not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year. If a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election approve authorization of the board to increase the local option budget, the board shall have such authority. If a majority of the qualified electors voting at the election are opposed to authorization of the board to increase the local option budget, the board shall not have such authority and no like question shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the district within the nine months following the election.

(3) (A) Subject to the provisions of subpart (B), a resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget of a district shall state that the board of education of the district shall be authorized to increase the local option budget of the district in each school year in an amount not to exceed \_\_\_\_\_% of the amount of state financial aid determined for the current school year and that the percentage of increase may be reduced so that the sum of the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) and the percentage of increase specified in the resolution does not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year. The blank preceding the percentage symbol shall be filled with a specific number. No word shall be inserted in the blank. The resolution shall specify a definite period of time for which the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget and such period of time shall be expressed by the specific number of school years for which the board shall retain its authority to increase the local option budget. No word shall be used to express the number of years for which the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget.

(B) In lieu of the requirements of subpart (A) and at the discretion of the board, a resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget of a district may state that the board of education of the district shall be continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district in each school year by a percentage which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) does not exceed the state prescribed percentage in any school year.

(4) A resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget of a district shall state that the amount of the local option budget may be increased as authorized by the resolution unless a petition in opposition to such increase, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after publication. If no petition is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution, the board is authorized to increase the local option budget of the district. If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether the board shall be authorized to increase the local option budget of the district. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution.

(5) The requirements of provision (2) do not apply to any district that is continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district. An increase in the amount of a local option budget

by such a district shall require a majority vote of the members of the board and shall require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(6) If any district is authorized to increase a local option budget, but the board of such district chooses, in any school year, not to adopt or increase such budget or chooses, in any school year, to adopt or increase such budget in an amount less than the amount authorized, such board of education may so choose. If the board of any district refrains from adopting or increasing a local option budget in any one or more school years or refrains from budgeting the total amount authorized for any one or more school years, the amount authorized to be budgeted in any succeeding school year shall not be increased by such refrainment, nor shall the authority of the district to increase its local option budget be extended by such refrainment beyond the period of time specified in the resolution authorizing an increase in the local option budget if the resolution specified such a period of time.

(7) Whenever an initial resolution has been adopted under this subsection, and such resolution specified a percentage which together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) is less than the state prescribed percentage, the board of the district may adopt one or more subsequent resolutions under the same procedure as provided for the initial resolution and shall be authorized to increase the percentage as specified in any such subsequent resolution. If the initial resolution specified a definite period of time for which the district is authorized to increase its local option budget, the authority to increase such budget by the percentage specified in any subsequent resolution shall be limited to the remainder of the period of time specified in the initial resolution. Any percentage specified in a subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions shall be limited so that the sum of the percentage authorized in the initial resolution and the percentage authorized in the subsequent resolution or in subsequent resolutions together with the percentage of the amount of state financial aid budgeted under subsection (a) is not in excess of the state prescribed percentage in any school year.

(8) (A) Subject to the provisions of subpart (B), the board of any district that has adopted a local option budget under subsection (a), has been authorized to increase such budget under a resolution which specified a definite period of time for retention of such authorization, and has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6435, and amendments thereto, may initiate, at any time after the final levy is certified to the county clerk under any current authorization, procedures to renew the authority to increase the local option budget subject to the conditions and in the manner specified in provisions (2) and (3) of this subsection.

(B) The provisions of subpart (A) do not apply to the board of any district that is continuously and permanently authorized to increase the local option budget of the district.

(9) As used in this subsection:

(A) “Authorized to increase a local option budget” means either that a district has held a special election under provision (2)(B) by which authority of the board to increase a local option budget was approved, or that a district has adopted a resolution under provision (2) (A), has published the same, and either that the resolution was not protested or that it was protested and an election was held by which the authority of the board to increase a local option budget was approved.

(B) “State prescribed percentage” means ~~27% for school year 2005-2006, 29%~~ 30% for school year 2006-2007 and ~~30%~~ 31% for school year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter.

(c) To the extent the provisions of the foregoing subsections conflict with this subsection, this subsection shall control. Any district that is authorized to adopt a local option budget in the 1997-98 school year under a resolution which authorized the adoption of such budget in accordance with the provisions of this section prior to its amendment by this act may continue to operate under such resolution for the period of time specified in the resolution or may abandon the resolution and operate under the provisions of this section as amended by this act. Any such district shall operate under the provisions of this section as amended by this act after the period of time specified in the resolution has expired.

(d) (1) There is hereby established in every district that adopts a local option budget a fund which shall be called the supplemental general fund.

The fund shall consist of all amounts deposited therein or credited thereto according to law.

(2) Subject to the limitation imposed under provision (3), *and subsection (e) of K.S.A. 72-6434, and amendments thereto*, amounts in the supplemental general fund may be expended for any purpose for which expenditures from the general fund are authorized or may be transferred to the general fund of the district or to any program weighted fund or categorical fund of the district. *Amounts in the supplemental general fund attributable to any percentage over 25% of state financial aid determined for the current school year may be transferred to the capital improvements fund of the district and the capital outlay fund of the district if such transfers are specified in the resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25%.*

(3) Amounts in the supplemental general fund may not be expended nor transferred to the general fund of the district for the purpose of making payments under any lease-purchase agreement involving the acquisition of land or buildings which is entered into pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8225, and amendments thereto.

(4) Any unexpended and unencumbered cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund of a district at the conclusion of any school year in which a local option budget is adopted shall be disposed of as provided in this subsection. If the district did not receive supplemental general state aid in the school year and the board of the district determines that it will be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be maintained in such fund or transferred to the general fund of the district. If the board of such a district determines that it will not be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. If the district received supplemental general state aid in the school year, transferred or expended the entire amount budgeted in the local option budget for the school year, and determines that it will be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be maintained in such fund or transferred to the general fund of the district. If such a district determines that it will not be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. If the district received supplemental general state aid in the school year, did not transfer or expend the entire amount budgeted in the local option budget for the school year, and determines that it will not be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. If the district received supplemental general state aid in the school year, did not transfer or expend the entire amount budgeted in the local option budget for the school year, and determines that it will be necessary to adopt a local option budget in the ensuing school year, the state board shall determine the ratio of the amount of supplemental general state aid received to the amount of the local option budget of the district for the school year and multiply the total amount of the cash balance remaining in the supplemental general fund by such ratio. An amount equal to the amount of the product shall be transferred to the general fund of the district. The amount remaining in the supplemental general fund may be maintained in such fund or transferred to the general fund of the district.

(e) To the extent the provisions of the foregoing section conflict with this subsection, this subsection shall control. ~~Any district that adopted or was authorized to adopt a local option budget for school year 2004-2005 in an amount equal to 25% may adopt a local option budget for school year 2005-2006 in an amount not to exceed the state prescribed percentage in effect on July 1, 2005, by adoption of a resolution. Such resolution shall not be subject to the provisions of this section relating to publication, protest or election. Any resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 30% of the state financial aid of the district in the current school year shall not become effective unless such resolution has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qual-~~

*ified electors of the school district voting at an election called and held thereon. Such resolution shall specify how the moneys will be expended and shall be published in the manner provided by this section. The election shall be called and held in the manner provided by this section.*

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6434 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6434. (a) In each school year, each district that has adopted a local option budget is eligible for entitlement to an amount of supplemental general state aid. Entitlement of a district to supplemental general state aid shall be determined by the state board as provided in this subsection. The state board shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil in the preceding school year of each district in the state;

(2) rank the districts from low to high on the basis of the amounts of assessed valuation per pupil determined under (1);

(3) identify the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil located at the 81.2 percentile of the amounts ranked under (2);

(4) divide the assessed valuation per pupil of the district in the preceding school year by the amount identified under (3);

(5) subtract the ratio obtained under (4) from 1.0. If the resulting ratio equals or exceeds 1.0, the eligibility of the district for entitlement to supplemental general state aid shall lapse. If the resulting ratio is less than 1.0, the district is entitled to receive supplemental general state aid in an amount which shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the amount of the local option budget of the district by such ratio. The product is the amount of supplemental general state aid the district is entitled to receive for the school year.

(b) If the amount of appropriations for supplemental general state aid is less than the amount each district is entitled to receive for the school year, the state board shall prorate the amount appropriated among the districts in proportion to the amount each district is entitled to receive.

(c) The state board shall prescribe the dates upon which the distribution of payments of supplemental general state aid to school districts shall be due. Payments of supplemental general state aid shall be distributed to districts on the dates prescribed by the state board. The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each district, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the district shall credit the amount thereof to the supplemental general fund of the district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

(d) If any amount of supplemental general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year pursuant to the other provisions of this section is not paid on or before June 30 of such school year, then such payment shall be paid on or after the ensuing July 1, as soon as moneys are available therefor. Any payment of supplemental general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year and that is paid to school districts on or after the ensuing July 1 shall be recorded and accounted for by school districts as a receipt for the school year ending on the preceding June 30.

*(e) (1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), moneys received as supplemental general state aid shall be used to meet the requirements under the school performance accreditation system adopted by the state board, to provide programs and services required by law and to improve student performance.*

*(2) Amounts of supplemental general state aid attributable to any percentage over 25% of state financial aid determined for the current school year may be transferred to the capital improvements fund of the district and the capital outlay fund of the district if such transfers are specified in the resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25%.*

*(f) For the purposes of determining the total amount of state moneys paid to school districts, all moneys appropriated as supplemental general state aid shall be deemed to be state moneys for educational and support services for school districts.*

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 72-6435 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6435.

(a) In each school year, the board of every district that has adopted a local option budget may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property



of the district for the purpose of: (1) Financing that portion of the district's local option budget which is not financed from any other source provided by law ~~and for the purpose of~~; (2) paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district; *and (3) funding transfers to the capital improvement fund of the district and the capital outlay fund of the district if such transfers are specified in the resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25% of state financial aid determined for the current school year.*

(b) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section, except the proceeds of such tax levied for the purpose of paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the district, shall be deposited in the supplemental general fund of the district.

(c) No district shall proceed under K.S.A. 79-1964, 79-1964a or 79-1964b, and amendments to such sections.

~~(d) The provisions of this section shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1992.~~

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6439 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6439. (a) In order to accomplish the mission for Kansas education, the state board of education shall design and adopt a school performance accreditation system based upon improvement in performance that reflects high academic standards and is measurable.

~~(b) The state board of education shall provide for assessments in the core academic areas of mathematics, science, reading, writing, and social studies, and shall establish curriculum standards for such core academic areas. The assessments shall be administered at three grade levels, as determined by the state board.~~ *The state board shall establish curriculum standards which reflect high academic standards for the core academic areas of mathematics, science, reading, writing and social studies.* The curriculum standards shall be ~~equal to the best standards and shall be reviewed at least every three seven years. The state board shall ensure compatibility between the statewide assessments and the curriculum standards.~~ Nothing in this subsection shall be construed in any manner so as to impinge upon any district's authority to determine its own curriculum.

~~(c) The state board shall provide for statewide assessments in the core academic areas of mathematics, science, reading, writing and social studies. The board shall ensure compatibility between the statewide assessments and the curriculum standards established pursuant to subsection (b). Such assessments shall be administered at three grade levels, as determined by the board.~~ The state board of education shall determine performance levels on the statewide assessments, the achievement of which represents ~~excellence~~ *high academic standards* in the academic area at the grade level to which the assessment applies. The state board should specify ~~the measure of excellence~~ *high academic standards* both for individual performance and school performance on the assessments.

(d) Each school in every district shall establish a school site council composed of the principal and representatives of teachers and other school personnel, parents of pupils attending the school, the business community, and other community groups. School site councils shall be responsible for providing advice and counsel in evaluating state, school district, and school site performance goals and objectives and in determining the methods that should be employed at the school site to meet these goals and objectives. Site councils may make recommendations and proposals to the school board regarding budgetary items and school district matters, including but not limited to, identifying and implementing the best practices for developing efficient and effective administrative and management functions. Site councils also may help school boards analyze the unique environment of schools, enhance the efficiency and maximize limited resources, including outsourcing arrangements and cooperative opportunities as a means to address limited budgets.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 72-6441 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6441.

(a) (1) The board of any district to which the provisions of this subsection apply may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount

not to exceed the amount authorized by the state board of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to assignment of ancillary school facilities weighting to enrollment of the district. The state board of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the difference between the amount of costs directly attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities and the amount that is financed from any other source provided by law for such purpose, including any amount attributable to assignment of school facilities weighting to enrollment of the district for each school year in which the district is eligible for such weighting. If the district is not eligible, or will be ineligible, for school facilities weighting in any one or more years during the two-year period for which the district is authorized to levy a tax under this subsection, the state board of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a levy, in such year or years of ineligibility, which will produce an amount that is not greater than the actual amount of costs attributable to commencing operation of the facility or facilities.

(2) The *state* board of tax appeals shall certify to the state board of education the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under subsection (a).

(3) The state board of tax appeals may adopt rules and regulations necessary to ~~properly~~ effectuate the provisions of this subsection, including rules *and regulations* relating to the evidence required in support of a district's claim that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities are in excess of the amount that is financed from any other source provided by law for such purpose.

(4) The provisions of this subsection apply to any district that (A) commenced operation of one or more new school facilities in the school year preceding the current school year or has commenced or will commence operation of one or more new school facilities in the current school year or any or all of the foregoing, ~~and~~; (B) is authorized to adopt and has adopted a local option budget ~~in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage of the amount of state financial aid determined for the district in the current school year, which is at least equal to that amount required to qualify for school facilities weighting under K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6415b, and amendments thereto;~~ and (C) is experiencing extraordinary enrollment growth as determined by the state board of education.

(b) The board of any district that has levied an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of two years under authority of subsection (a) may continue to levy such tax under authority of this subsection each year for an additional period of time not to exceed three years in an amount not to exceed the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection if the board of the district determines that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more new school facilities are significantly greater than the costs attributable to the operation of other school facilities in the district. The tax authorized under this subsection may be levied at a rate which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount computed by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. In computing such amount, the state board shall (1) determine the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of subsection (a) in the second year for which such tax was levied and add to such amount the amount of general state aid directly attributable to school facilities weighting that was received by the district in the same year, and (2) compute 75% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the first year of the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection, and (3) compute 50% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the second year of the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection, and (4) compute 25% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the third year of the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection.

(c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt

of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-6442b is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6442b. The ~~correlation~~ *high enrollment* weighting of each district with ~~1,662~~ 1,637 or over enrollment in school year 2006-2007, ~~1,622~~ or over enrollment in school year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(a) Determine the schedule amount for a district with 1,662 1,637 enrollment in school year 2006-2007, and 1,622 enrollment in school year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter as derived from the linear transition under (d) of K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto, and subtract the amount determined under (c) of K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto, from the schedule amount so determined;

(b) divide the remainder obtained under (a) by the amount determined under (c) of K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto, and multiply the quotient by the enrollment of the district in the current school year. The product is the ~~correlation~~ *high enrollment* weighting of the district.

Sec. 25. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-64c04 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-64c04. (a) For school year 2007-2008, and for each school year thereafter, the total amount of state aid, except for state aid for special education and related services, shall be increased by not less than a percentage equal to the percentage increase in the CPI (urban) during the preceding fiscal year as certified to the commissioner of education by the director of the budget and the director of the legislative research department on August 15 of each year. Such state aid shall be distributed and adjusted for weighted enrollment changes in the manner provided by law. If there is a percentage decrease or no change in the CPI (urban) during the preceding fiscal year, the amount of state aid, excluding state aid for special education and related services, shall be no less than the amount of such aid in the preceding fiscal year.

(b) *The increases in the amount of state aid attributable to the new weightings created by this act, the increases in the existing weightings and the increases in the amount of base state aid per pupil shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of subsection (a) for school years 2007-2008 and 2008-2009.*

~~(b)~~ (c) The provisions of this section shall expire on June 30, 2010.

Sec. 26. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-8204c is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8204c. (a) Each year the board of education of a school district shall ~~prepare a budget and a summary of the proposed budget. Such budget~~ *conduct an assessment of the educational needs of each attendance center in the district. Information obtained from such needs-assessment shall be used by the board when preparing the budget of the school district. The board also shall prepare a summary of the budget for the school district. The budgets and summary shall be in the form prescribed by the director pursuant to K.S.A. 79-2926, and amendments thereto.*

(b) The ~~budget~~ *budgets* and the summary of the proposed budget shall be on file at the administrative offices of the school district. Copies of such ~~budget~~ *budgets* and summary shall be available upon request.

(c) The notice required to be published by K.S.A. 79-2929, and amendments thereto, shall include a statement that the ~~budget~~ *budgets* and the summary of the proposed budget is on file at the administrative offices of the district and that copies of such ~~budget~~ *budgets* and summary are available upon request.

Sec. 27. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-9509 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-9509. (a) There is hereby established in every school district a fund which shall be called the “bilingual education fund,” which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. ~~Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the school district from whatever source for bilingual education programs established under this act shall be credited to the fund established by this section.~~ The expenses of a district directly attributable to such bilingual education programs shall be paid from the bilingual education fund.

(b) Any balance remaining in the bilingual education fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the bilingual education fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the

provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the bilingual education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

*(c) Each year the board of education of each school district shall prepare and submit to the state board a report on the bilingual education program and assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include information specifying the number of pupils who were served or provided assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed, the results of providing such service or assistance and any other information required by the state board.*

Sec. 28. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-8814 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8814. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the school district capital outlay state aid fund. Such fund shall consist of all amounts transferred thereto under the provisions of subsection (c).

(b) In each school year, each school district which levies a tax pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be entitled to receive payment from the school district capital outlay state aid fund in an amount determined by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. The state board of education shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil (AVPP) of each school district in the state and round such amount to the nearest \$1,000. The rounded amount is the AVPP of a school district for the purposes of this section;

(2) determine the median AVPP of all school districts;

(3) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the median AVPP of all school districts as the point of beginning. The schedule of dollar amounts shall range upward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the highest AVPP of all school districts and shall range downward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all school districts;

(4) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district by assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the median AVPP shown on the schedule, decreasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval above the amount of the median AVPP, and increasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval below the amount of the median AVPP. The state aid percentage factor of a school district is the percentage assigned to the schedule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district, except that the state aid percentage factor of a school district shall not exceed 100%. The state aid computation percentage is 25%;

(5) determine the amount levied by each school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8801 et seq., and amendments thereto;

(6) multiply the amount computed under (5), but not to exceed 8 mills, by the applicable state aid percentage factor. The product is the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the school district capital outlay state aid fund in the school year.

(c) The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the entitlements of school districts determined under the provisions of subsection (b), and an amount equal thereto shall be transferred by the director from the state general fund to the school district capital outlay state aid fund for distribution to school districts. *All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund.*

(d) Payments from the school district capital outlay state aid fund shall be distributed to school districts at times determined by the state board of education. The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district entitled to payment from the fund, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw

a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the school district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the school district shall credit the amount thereof to the capital outlay fund of the school district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

*(e) Amounts transferred to the capital outlay fund of a school district as authorized by K.S.A. 72-6433, and amendments thereto, shall not be included in the computation when determining the amount of state aid to which a district is entitled to receive under this section.*

Sec. 29. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 75-2319 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-2319. (a) There is hereby established in the state treasury the school district capital improvements fund. The fund shall consist of all amounts transferred thereto under the provisions of subsection (c).

(b) *Subject to the provisions of subsection (f)*, in each school year, each school district which is obligated to make payments from its ~~bond and interest~~ *capital improvements* fund shall be entitled to receive payment from the school district capital improvements fund in an amount determined by the state board of education as provided in this subsection. The state board of education shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil (AVPP) of each school district in the state and round such amount to the nearest \$1,000. The rounded amount is the AVPP of a school district for the purposes of this section;

(2) determine the median AVPP of all school districts;

(3) prepare a schedule of dollar amounts using the amount of the median AVPP of all school districts as the point of beginning. The schedule of dollar amounts shall range upward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the highest AVPP of all school districts and shall range downward in equal \$1,000 intervals from the point of beginning to and including an amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district with the lowest AVPP of all school districts;

(4) determine a state aid percentage factor for each school district by assigning a state aid computation percentage to the amount of the median AVPP shown on the schedule, decreasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval above the amount of the median AVPP, and increasing the state aid computation percentage assigned to the amount of the median AVPP by one percentage point for each \$1,000 interval below the amount of the median AVPP. The state aid percentage factor of a school district is the percentage assigned to the schedule amount that is equal to the amount of the AVPP of the school district, except that the state aid percentage factor of a school district shall not exceed 100%. The state aid computation percentage is 5% for contractual bond obligations incurred by a school district prior to the effective date of this act, and 25% for contractual bond obligations incurred by a school district on or after the effective date of this act;

(5) determine the amount of payments in the aggregate that a school district is obligated to make from its bond and interest fund and, of such amount, compute the amount attributable to contractual bond obligations incurred by the school district prior to the effective date of this act and the amount attributable to contractual bond obligations incurred by the school district on or after the effective date of this act;

(6) multiply each of the amounts computed under (5) by the applicable state aid percentage factor; and

(7) add the products obtained under (6). The amount of the sum is the amount of payment the school district is entitled to receive from the school district capital improvements fund in the school year.

(c) The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the entitlements of school districts determined under the provisions of subsection (b), and an amount equal thereto shall be transferred by the director from the state general fund to the school district capital improvements fund for distribution to school districts. All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this subsection shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund, except that all such transfers during the fiscal years ending June 30, 2006 and June

30, 2007, shall be considered to be revenue transfers from the state general fund.

(d) Payments from the school district capital improvements fund shall be distributed to school districts at times determined by the state board of education to be necessary to assist school districts in making scheduled payments pursuant to contractual bond obligations. The state board of education shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each school district entitled to payment from the fund, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the school district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the school district shall credit the amount thereof to the bond and interest fund of the school district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

(e) The provisions of this section apply only to contractual obligations incurred by school districts pursuant to general obligation bonds issued upon approval of a majority of the qualified electors of the school district voting at an election upon the question of the issuance of such bonds.

(f) *Amounts transferred to the capital improvements fund of a school district as authorized by K.S.A. 72-6433, and amendments thereto, shall not be included in the computation when determining the amount of state aid to which a district is entitled to receive under this section.*

Sec. 30.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

(a) There is appropriated for the above agency from the state general fund for the fiscal year or years specified, the following:

General state aid	
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.....	\$127,200,000
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.....	\$2,104,677,000
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.....	\$2,187,377,000
Supplemental general state aid	
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.....	\$17,117,000
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.....	\$277,891,000
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.....	\$292,891,000
Special education services aid	
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.....	\$348,071,000
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.....	\$373,071,000

(b) There is appropriated for the above agency from the following special revenue fund or funds for the fiscal year or years specified, all moneys now or hereafter lawfully credited to and available in such fund or funds, except that expenditures other than refunds authorized by law shall not exceed the following:

School district capital outlay state aid fund	
For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.....	No limit

(c) On July 1, 2006, the \$21,000,000 appropriated for the above agency for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, by section 92(a) of 2006 Senate Bill No. 480 from the state general fund in the capital outlay state aid account, is hereby lapsed.

(d) The appropriations made by this section shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 46-155, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 31. K.S.A. 72-6435 and 72-6441 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 72-978, 72-6405, 72-6407, 72-6409, 72-6410, 72-6412, 72-6413, 72-6414, 72-6414a, 72-6414b, 72-6415b, 72-6426, 72-6433, 72-6434, 72-6439, 72-6442b, 72-64c04, 72-8204c, 72-8814, 72-9509, 75-2319 and 75-2320 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 32. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

I hereby certify that the above BILL originated in the SENATE, and passed that body

\_\_\_\_\_

SENATE adopted  
Conference Committee Report \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*President of the Senate.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Secretary of the Senate.*

Passed the HOUSE  
as amended \_\_\_\_\_

HOUSE adopted  
Conference Committee Report \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Speaker of the House.*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Chief Clerk of the House.*

APPROVED \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Governor.*