Session of 2006

SENATE BILL No. 474

By Committee on Judiciary

9 AN ACT concerning crimes and punishment; relating to an aggravated 10 habitual sex offender; sentencing; amending K.S.A. 21-3503, 21-3504, 21-3505, 21-3506, 21-3518 and 21-3603 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-11 123502, 21-3510, 21-3511, 21-4704, 21-4706 and 22-3717 and repealing 13 the existing sections. 1415Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 16Section 1. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-3502 is hereby amended to read as 17follows: 21-3502. (a) Rape is: (1) Sexual intercourse with a person who does not consent to the sexual intercourse, under any of the following 1819circumstances: 20(A) When the victim is overcome by force or fear; 21(B) when the victim is unconscious or physically powerless; or 22 (\mathbf{C}) when the victim is incapable of giving consent because of mental 23 deficiency or disease, or when the victim is incapable of giving consent 24 because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other sub-25stance, which condition was known by the offender or was reasonably 26apparent to the offender; 27 sexual intercourse with a child who is under 14 years of age; (2)28(3)sexual intercourse with a victim when the victim's consent was 29 obtained through a knowing misrepresentation made by the offender that 30 the sexual intercourse was a medically or therapeutically necessary pro-31 cedure; or 32 (4)sexual intercourse with a victim when the victim's consent was 33 obtained through a knowing misrepresentation made by the offender that 34 the sexual intercourse was a legally required procedure within the scope 35 of the offender's authority. 36 It shall be a defense to a prosecution of rape under subsection (b) 37 (a)(2) that the child was married to the accused at the time of the offense. 38 (c) Rape as described in subsection (a)(1) or (2) is a severity level 1, 39 person felony. Rape as described in subsection (a)(3) or (4) is a severity 40 level 2, person felony. A violation of this section by a person meeting the 41definition of an aggravated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-424704, and amendments thereto, is an off-grid person felony. 43 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 21-3503 is hereby amended to read as follows: 213503. (a) Indecent liberties with a child is engaging in any of the following
 acts with a child who is 14 or more years of age but less than 16 years of
 age:

4 (1) Any lewd fondling or touching of the person of either the child 5 or the offender, done or submitted to with the intent to arouse or to 6 satisfy the sexual desires of either the child or the offender, or both; or

(2) soliciting the child to engage in any lewd fondling or touching of
the person of another with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires
of the child, the offender or another.

10 (b) It shall be a defense to a prosecution of indecent liberties with a 11 child as described in subsection (a)(1) that the child was married to the 12 accused at the time of the offense.

(c) Indecent liberties with a child is a severity level 5, person felony.
A violation of this section by a person meeting the definition of an aggravated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments
thereto, is an off-grid person felony.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 21-3504 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3504. (a) Aggravated indecent liberties with a child is:

(1) Sexual intercourse with a child who is 14 or more years of age but20 less than 16 years of age;

(2) engaging in any of the following acts with a child who is 14 or
more years of age but less than 16 years of age and who does not consent
thereto:

(A) Any lewd fondling or touching of the person of either the child
or the offender, done or submitted to with the intent to arouse or satisfy
the sexual desires of either the child or the offender, or both; or

(B) causing the child to engage in any lewd fondling or touching of
the person of another with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires
of the child, the offender or another; or

(3) engaging in any of the following acts with a child who is under 14(3) years of age:

(A) Any lewd fondling or touching of the person of either the child
or the offender, done or submitted to with the intent to arouse or to
satisfy the sexual desires of either the child or the offender, or both; or

(B) soliciting the child to engage in any lewd fondling or touching of
the person of another with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires
of the child, the offender or another.

(b) It shall be a defense to a prosecution of aggravated indecent liberties with a child as provided in subsection (a)(1), (a)(2)(A) and (a)(3)(A)
that the child was married to the accused at the time of the offense.

41 (c) Aggravated indecent liberties with a child as described in subsec-42 tions (a)(1) and (a)(3) is a severity level 3, person felony. Aggravated 43 indecent liberties with a child as described in subsection (a)(2) is a severity

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1 level 4, person felony. A violation of this section by a person meeting the

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2 definition of an aggravated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-

3 4704, and amendments thereto, is an off-grid person felony.

4 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 21-3505 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-5 3505. (a) Criminal sodomy is:

6 (1) Sodomy between persons who are 16 or more years of age and 7 members of the same sex or between a person and an animal;

8 (2) sodomy with a child who is 14 or more years of age but less than 9 16 years of age; or

10 (3) causing a child 14 or more years of age but less than 16 years of 11 age to engage in sodomy with any person or animal.

(b) It shall be a defense to a prosecution of criminal sodomy as provided in subsection (a)(2) that the child was married to the accused at the
time of the offense.

15 (c) Criminal sodomy as provided in subsection (a)(1) is a class B non-16 person misdemeanor. Criminal sodomy as provided in subsections (a)(2)17 and (a)(3) is a severity level 3, person felony. A violation of subsection 18 (a)(2) or (a)(3) by a person meeting the definition of an aggravated ha-19 bitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, 20 is an off-grid person felony.

21 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 21-3506 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-22 3506. (a) Aggravated criminal sodomy is:

23 (1) Sodomy with a child who is under 14 years of age;

24 (2) causing a child under 14 years of age to engage in sodomy with 25 any person or an animal; or

26 (3) sodomy with a person who does not consent to the sodomy or 27 causing a person, without the person's consent, to engage in sodomy with 28 any person or an animal, under any of the following circumstances:

(A) When the victim is overcome by force or fear;

(B) when the victim is unconscious or physically powerless; or

(C) when the victim is incapable of giving consent because of mental
deficiency or disease, or when the victim is incapable of giving consent
because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other substance, which condition was known by the offender or was reasonably
apparent to the offender.

(b) It shall be a defense to a prosecution of aggravated criminal sodomy under subsection (a)(1) that the child was married to the accused at
the time of the offense.

39 (c) Aggravated criminal sodomy is a severity level 2, person felony. A 40 violation of this section by a person meeting the definition of an aggra-

vated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments
thereto, is an off-grid person felony.

43 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-3510 is hereby amended to read as

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1 follows: 21-3510. (a) Indecent solicitation of a child is:

2 (1) Enticing or soliciting a child 14 or more years of age but less than 3 16 years of age to commit or to submit to an unlawful sexual act; or

(2) inviting, persuading or attempting to persuade a child 14 or more 4

 $\mathbf{5}$ years of age but less than 16 years of age to enter any vehicle, building, 6 room or secluded place with intent to commit an unlawful sexual act upon 7 or with the child.

8 (b) Indecent solicitation of a child is a severity level 6, person felony. 9 A violation of this section by a person meeting the definition of an aggra-10 vated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, is an off-grid person felony. 11

Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-3511 is hereby amended to read as 1213 follows: 21-3511. Aggravated indecent solicitation of a child is:

14(a) Enticing or soliciting a child under the age of 14 years to commit 15or to submit to an unlawful sexual act; or

16(b) inviting, persuading or attempting to persuade a child under the 17age of 14 years to enter any vehicle, building, room or secluded place with intent to commit an unlawful sexual act upon or with the child. 18

19Aggravated indecent solicitation of a child is a severity level 5, person 20felony. A violation of this section by a person meeting the definition of an 21aggravated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amend-22ments thereto, is an off-grid person felony.

23 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 21-3518 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-24 3518. (a) Aggravated sexual battery is the intentional touching of the per-25son of another who is 16 or more years of age and who does not consent 26 thereto, with the intent to arouse or satisfy the sexual desires of the of-27 fender or another under any of the following circumstances:

(1)When the victim is overcome by force or fear;

(2)when the victim is unconscious or physically powerless;

30 (3)when the victim is incapable of giving consent because of mental 31deficiency or disease, or when the victim is incapable of giving consent 32 because of the effect of any alcoholic liquor, narcotic, drug or other sub-33 stance, which condition was known by, or was reasonably apparent to, the 34 offender.

35 Aggravated sexual battery is a severity level 5, person felony. A (b) 36 violation of this section by a person meeting the definition of an aggra-37 vated habitual sex offender pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments 38 thereto, is an off-grid person felony.

39 (c) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the Kansas crim-40 inal code.

41Sec. 9. K.S.A. 21-3603 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-

423603. (a) Aggravated incest is: (1) Marriage to a person who is under 18

43 years of age and who is known to the offender to be related to the offender 1 as any of the following biological, step or adoptive relatives: Child, grand-

2 child of any degree, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, uncle, aunt,3 nephew or niece; or

(2) engaging in: (A) Otherwise lawful sexual intercourse or sodomy 4 as defined by K.S.A. 21-3501 and amendments thereto; or (B) any lewd 56 fondling, as described in subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 21-3503 and amend-7 ments thereto, with a person who is 16 or more years of age but under 8 18 years of age and who is known to the offender to be related to the 9 offender as any of the following biological, step or adoptive relatives: Child, grandchild of any degree, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, 10 11uncle, aunt, nephew or niece. 12(b) Aggravated incest as described in subsection (a)(2)(A) is a severity

level 5, person felony. Aggravated incest as described in subsections (a)(1)
and (a)(2)(B) is a severity level 7, person felony. A violation of this section
by a person meeting the definition of an aggravated habitual sex offender
pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, is an off-grid person felony.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-4704 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 21-4704. (a) For purposes of sentencing, the following sentencing
guidelines grid for nondrug crimes shall be applied in felony cases for

21 crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993:

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1 (b) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing 2 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. Sentences expressed in such grid 3 represent months of imprisonment.

4 (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime severity 5 and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is the crime 6 severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The grid's 7 horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal 8 histories.

9 (d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in 10 this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, sub-11 ject to judicial discretion to deviate for substantial and compelling reasons 12 and impose a different sentence in recognition of aggravating and miti-13 gating factors as provided in this act. The appropriate punishment for a 14 felony conviction should depend on the severity of the crime of conviction 15 when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history.

(e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place
within the sentencing range. The sentencing judge shall select the center
of the range in the usual case and reserve the upper and lower limits for
aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure.

20 (2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall 21 pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the prison sen-22 tence, the maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of 23 good time and the period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing 24 hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall 25 not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision.

(3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pronounce the prison sentence as well as the duration of the nonprison sanction at the sentencing hearing.

29 (f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an 30 offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below 3132 the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above the dispositional 33 34 line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is 35 classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making the following findings on the record: 36

(1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be
 more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of
 offender recidivism; and

40 (2) the recommended treatment program is available and the of-41 fender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of 42 time; or

43 (3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by

1 promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional 2 3 nonprison sentence if the offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 4 6-G shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. (g) The sentence for the violation of K.S.A. 21-3411, and amend- $\mathbf{5}$ 6 ments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer or 7 K.S.A. 21-3415, and amendments thereto, aggravated battery against a 8 law enforcement officer and amendments thereto which places the de-9 fendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be presumed impris-10 onment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record that the nonprison sanction will serve 11 12 community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any de-13 cision made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional non-14prison sentence, if the offense is classified in grid block 6-H or 6-I, shall 15not be considered departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

(h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record
that the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any decision made by the court regarding
the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered
a departure and shall not be subject to appeal.

23 (i) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-24 1567 and, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, and subsections (b)(3)25and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments thereto, shall be as pro-26vided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section 27and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 21-4707 28and amendments thereto. If because of the offender's criminal history 29 classification the offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if 30 the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the of-31 fender is subject to imprisonment, the provisions of this section and 32 K.S.A. 21-4707, and amendments thereto, shall apply and the offender 33 shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in K.S.A. 21-34 3710, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding the provisions of any 35 other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the 36 felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a 37 and subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments 38 thereto shall not be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary 39 of corrections.

(j) (1) The sentence for any aggravated habitual sex offender shall be
an off-grid person felony with a term of imprisonment of life and such
offender shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or
reduction of sentence. An offender sentenced pursuant to this section shall

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not be eligible for parole prior to serving 40 years' imprisonment, and
 such 40 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of
 good time credits.

(2) As used in this subsection, "aggravated habitual sex offender" 4 means a person who: (A) Has been convicted in this state of rape as 5defined in K.S.A. 21-3502, and amendments thereto; indecent liberties 6 7 with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3503, and amendments thereto; ag-8 gravated indecent liberties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504, and 9 amendments thereto; criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505, and amendments thereto; aggravated criminal 10 sodomy as defined in K.S.A. 21-3506, and amendments thereto; indecent 11 12solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510, and amendments 13 thereto; aggravated indecent solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 1421-3511, and amendments thereto; aggravated sexual battery as defined 15 in K.S.A. 21-3518, and amendments thereto; aggravated incest as defined 16in K.S.A. 21-3603, and amendments thereto; or an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, 1718and amendments thereto, of any offense identified in this subsection; and 19(B) at the time of the conviction under paragraph (A) has at least one 20conviction for a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717, and 21amendments thereto, in this state or comparable felony under the laws of 22 another state, the federal government or a foreign government. 23 $\frac{k}{k}$ (1) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be 24 25double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. 26 The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction 27 carries a presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment

and shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term.
(2) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, As used in this

subsection, "persistent sex offender" means a person who: (A) (i) Has 3132 been convicted in this state of a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 33 22-3717 and amendments thereto, other than those crimes identified in 34 subsection (j)(2)(A); and (ii)(B) at the time of the conviction under par-35 agraph (A) (i) has at least one conviction for a sexually violent crime, as 36 defined in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments thereto in this state or com-37 parable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government 38 or a foreign government; or (B) (i) has been convicted of rape, K.S.A. 21-39 3502, and amendments thereto; and (ii) at the time of the conviction 40 under paragraph (B) (i) has at least one conviction for rape in this state or comparable felony under the laws of another state, the federal gov-4142ernment or a foreign government.

43 (3) Except as provided in paragraph (2) (B), the provisions of this

subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime
 is a severity level 1 or 2 felony.

3 $\frac{\mathbf{k}}{\mathbf{k}}$ (l) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association 4 with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further 5or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sen-6 7 tence shall be presumed imprisonment. Any decision made by the court 8 regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be 9 considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. As used in this subsection, "criminal street gang" means any organization, association or 10group of three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as 11 12one of its primary activities the commission of one or more person felonies 13 or felony violations of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 65-144101 et seq., and amendments thereto, which has a common name or 15common identifying sign or symbol, whose members, individually or col-16lectively engage in or have engaged in the commission, attempted com-17mission, conspiracy to commit or solicitation of two or more person fel-18onies or felony violations of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 1965-4101 et seq., and amendments thereto, or any substantially similar 20offense from another jurisdiction.

21 (H) (m) The sentence for a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-22 3715 and amendments thereto when such person being sentenced has a 23 prior conviction for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 21-3715 24 or 21-3716 and amendments thereto shall be presumed imprisonment.

Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-4706 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4706. (a) For crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, the sentences of imprisonment shall represent the time a person shall actually serve, subject to a reduction of up to 15% of the primary sentence for good time as authorized by law.

(b) The sentencing court shall pronounce sentence in all felony cases.
(c) Violations of K.S.A. 21-3401, 21-3439 and 21-3801 and amendments thereto are off-grid crimes for the purpose of sentencing. Except
as otherwise provided by K.S.A. 21-4622 through 21-4627, and 21-4629
through 21-4631, and amendments thereto, the sentence shall be imprisonment for life.

36 (d) Violations of K.S.A. 21-3502, 21-3503, 21-3504, subsection (a)(2)37 or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505, 21-3506, 21-3510, 21-3511, 21-3518, 21-3603, 38 and amendments thereto, or an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicita-39 tion, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, and amendments 40 thereto, of any of such offenses, by an aggravated habitual sex offender as defined in K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, is an off-grid crime 4142for the purpose of sentencing and offenders shall be sentenced pursuant 43 to subsection (j) of K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto.

1 Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 22-3717 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows: 22-3717. (a) Except as otherwise provided by this section; K.S.A. 3 1993 Supp. 21-4628 prior to its repeal; K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638 and amendments thereto; K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto; and 4 5K.S.A 21-4624, and amendments thereto, an inmate, including an inmate 6 sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618 and amendments thereto, shall be 7 eligible for parole after serving the entire minimum sentence imposed by 8 the court, less good time credits.

9 (b) (1) Except as provided by K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638 and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for the crime of capital murder, or an inmate sentenced for the crime of murder in the first degree based upon a finding of premeditated murder, committed on or after July 1, 1994, shall be eligible for parole after serving 25 years of confinement, without deduction of any good time credits.

15(2) Except as provided by subsection (b)(1) or (b)(4), K.S.A. 1993 16Supp. 21-4628 prior to its repeal and K.S.A. 21-4635 through 21-4638, 17and amendments thereto, an inmate sentenced to imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1993, but prior to July 1, 18191999, shall be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of confinement, without deduction of any good time credits and an inmate sentenced to 2021imprisonment for an off-grid offense committed on or after July 1, 1999, 22 shall be eligible for parole after serving 20 years of confinement without 23 deduction of any good time credits.

(3) Except as provided by K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628 prior to its
repeal, an inmate sentenced for a class A felony committed before July
1, 1993, including an inmate sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4618 and
amendments thereto, shall be eligible for parole after serving 15 years of
confinement, without deduction of any good time credits.

(4) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment for a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3402 and amendments thereto committed on or after
July 1, 1996, but prior to July 1, 1999, shall be eligible for parole after
serving 10 years of confinement without deduction of any good time
credits.

(5) An inmate sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to subsection (j)
of K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, committed on or after July
1, 2006, shall be eligible for parole after serving the mandatory term of
imprisonment without deduction of any good time credits.

(c) (1) Except as provided in subsection (e), if an inmate is sentenced
to imprisonment for more than one crime and the sentences run consecutively, the inmate shall be eligible for parole after serving the total of:

41 (1) (A) The aggregate minimum sentences, as determined pursuant 42 to K.S.A. 21-4608 and amendments thereto, less good time credits for 43 those crimes which are not class A felonies; and

1 (2)(B) an additional 15 years, without deduction of good time credits, 2 for each crime which is a class A felony.

3 (2) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment pursuant to subsection
4 (j) of K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto, for crimes committed on
5 or after July 1, 2006, the inmate shall be eligible for parole after serving
6 the mandatory term of imprisonment.

(d) (1) Persons sentenced for crimes, other than off-grid crimes,
committed on or after July 1, 1993, will not be eligible for parole, but will
be released to a mandatory period of postrelease supervision upon completion of the prison portion of their sentence as follows:

(A) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons sentenced for nondrug severity level 1 through 4 crimes and drug severity
levels 1 and 2 crimes must serve 36 months, plus the amount of good
time earned and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722 and amendments
thereto, on postrelease supervision.

16 (B) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons sen-17 tenced for nondrug severity levels 5 and 6 crimes and drug severity level 18 3 crimes must serve 24 months, plus the amount of good time earned 19 and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722, and amendments thereto, on 20 postrelease supervision.

(C) Except as provided in subparagraphs (D) and (E), persons sentenced for nondrug severity level 7 through 10 crimes and drug severity
level 4 crimes must serve 12 months, plus the amount of good time earned
and retained pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4722 and amendments thereto, on
postrelease supervision.

(D) (i) The sentencing judge shall impose the postrelease supervision period provided in subparagraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C), unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons to impose a departure based upon a finding that the current crime of conviction was sexually violent or sexually motivated. In that event, departure may be imposed to extend the postrelease supervision to a period of up to 60 months.

(ii) If the sentencing judge departs from the presumptive postrelease
supervision period, the judge shall state on the record at the time of
sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure. Departures in this section are subject to appeal pursuant to K.S.A. 21-4721
and amendments thereto.

(iii) In determining whether substantial and compelling reasons exist,the court shall consider:

40 (a) Written briefs or oral arguments submitted by either the defend-41 ant or the state;

42 (b) any evidence received during the proceeding;

43 (c) the presentence report, the victim's impact statement and any

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1 psychological evaluation as ordered by the court pursuant to subsection

2 (e) of K.S.A. 21-4714 and amendments thereto; and

(d) any other evidence the court finds trustworthy and reliable.

4 (iv) The sentencing judge may order that a psychological evaluation 5 be prepared and the recommended programming be completed by the 6 offender. The department of corrections or the parole board shall ensure 7 that court ordered sex offender treatment be carried out.

10 (vi) Upon petition, the parole board may provide for early discharge 11 from the postrelease supervision period upon completion of court or-12 dered programs and completion of the presumptive postrelease super-13 vision period, as determined by the crime of conviction, pursuant to sub-14 paragraph (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B) or (d)(1)(C). Early discharge from 15 postrelease supervision is at the discretion of the parole board.

(vii) Persons convicted of crimes deemed sexually violent or sexually
motivated, shall be registered according to the habitual sex offender registration act, K.S.A. 22-4901 through 22-4910 and amendments thereto.

(E) The period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraphs
(A) and (B) may be reduced by up to 12 months and the period of postrelease supervision provided in subparagraph (C) may be reduced by up
to six months based on the offender's compliance with conditions of supervision and overall performance while on postrelease supervision. The
reduction in the supervision period shall be on an earned basis pursuant
to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary of corrections.

(F) In cases where sentences for crimes from more than one severity
level have been imposed, the offender shall serve the longest period of
postrelease supervision as provided by this section available for any crime
upon which sentence was imposed irrespective of the severity level of the
crime. Supervision periods will not aggregate.

31 (2) As used in this section, "sexually violent crime" means:

(A) Rape, K.S.A. 21-3502, and amendments thereto;

(B) indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3503, and amendmentsthereto;

35 (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, K.S.A. 21-3504, and 36 amendments thereto;

37 (D) criminal sodomy, subsection (a)(2) and (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3505
38 and amendments thereto;

39 (E) aggravated criminal sodomy, K.S.A. 21-3506, and amendments40 thereto;

41 (F) indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3510, and amendments 42 thereto;

43 (G) aggravated indecent solicitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3511, and

1 amendments thereto;

2 (H) sexual exploitation of a child, K.S.A. 21-3516, and amendments 3 thereto;

4 (I) aggravated sexual battery, K.S.A. 21-3518, and amendments 5 thereto;

6 (J) any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to 7 the effective date of this act, that is comparable to a sexually violent crime 8 as defined in subparagraphs (A) through (I), or any federal or other state 9 conviction for a felony offense that under the laws of this state would be 10 a sexually violent crime as defined in this section;

(K) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in
K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302, 21-3303, and amendments thereto, of a sexually
violent crime as defined in this section; or

(L) any act which at the time of sentencing for the offense has been
determined beyond a reasonable doubt to have been sexually motivated.
As used in this subparagraph, "sexually motivated" means that one of the
purposes for which the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of the defendant's sexual gratification.

(e) If an inmate is sentenced to imprisonment for a crime committed
while on parole or conditional release, the inmate shall be eligible for
parole as provided by subsection (c), except that the Kansas parole board
may postpone the inmate's parole eligibility date by assessing a penalty
not exceeding the period of time which could have been assessed if the
inmate's parole or conditional release had been violated for reasons other
than conviction of a crime.

26 (f) If a person is sentenced to prison for a crime committed on or 27after July 1, 1993, while on probation, parole, conditional release or in a 28community corrections program, for a crime committed prior to July 1, 29 1993, and the person is not eligible for retroactive application of the 30 sentencing guidelines and amendments thereto pursuant to K.S.A. 21-31 4724 and amendments thereto, the new sentence shall not be aggregated 32 with the old sentence, but shall begin when the person is paroled or 33 reaches the conditional release date on the old sentence. If the offender 34 was past the offender's conditional release date at the time the new of-35 fense was committed, the new sentence shall not be aggregated with the 36 old sentence but shall begin when the person is ordered released by the 37 Kansas parole board or reaches the maximum sentence expiration date 38 on the old sentence, whichever is earlier. The new sentence shall then 39 be served as otherwise provided by law. The period of postrelease su-40 pervision shall be based on the new sentence, except that those offenders whose old sentence is a term of imprisonment for life, imposed pursuant 4142to K.S.A. 1993 Supp. 21-4628 prior to its repeal, or an indeterminate 43 sentence with a maximum term of life imprisonment, for which there is

no conditional release or maximum sentence expiration date, shall remain
 on postrelease supervision for life or until discharged from supervision
 by the Kansas parole board.

(g) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Kansas parole board 4 may release on parole those persons confined in institutions who are el-5igible for parole when: (1) The board believes that the inmate should be 6 7 released for hospitalization, for deportation or to answer the warrant or 8 other process of a court and is of the opinion that there is reasonable 9 probability that the inmate can be released without detriment to the com-10 munity or to the inmate; or (2) the secretary of corrections has reported to the board in writing that the inmate has satisfactorily completed the 11 12programs required by any agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a and 13 amendments thereto, or any revision of such agreement, and the board 14believes that the inmate is able and willing to fulfill the obligations of a 15 law abiding citizen and is of the opinion that there is reasonable proba-16bility that the inmate can be released without detriment to the community or to the inmate. Parole shall not be granted as an award of clemency and 1718shall not be considered a reduction of sentence or a pardon.

19 The Kansas parole board shall hold a parole hearing at least the (h) 20month prior to the month an inmate will be eligible for parole under 21subsections (a), (b) and (c). At least the month preceding the parole hear-22ing, the county or district attorney of the county where the inmate was 23 convicted shall give written notice of the time and place of the public comment sessions for the inmate to any victim of the inmate's crime who 24 25is alive and whose address is known to the county or district attorney or, 26if the victim is deceased, to the victim's family if the family's address is 27 known to the county or district attorney. Except as otherwise provided, 28failure to notify pursuant to this section shall not be a reason to postpone 29 a parole hearing. In the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony 30 or a class A felony the secretary of corrections shall give written notice 31 of the time and place of the public comment session for such inmate at 32 least one month preceding the public comment session to any victim of 33 such inmate's crime or the victim's family pursuant to K.S.A. 74-7338 and amendments thereto. If notification is not given to such victim or such 34 35 victim's family in the case of any inmate convicted of an off-grid felony 36 or a class A felony, the board shall postpone a decision on parole of the 37 inmate to a time at least 30 days after notification is given as provided in 38 this section. Nothing in this section shall create a cause of action against 39 the state or an employee of the state acting within the scope of the em-40 ployee's employment as a result of the failure to notify pursuant to this section. If granted parole, the inmate may be released on parole on the 4142date specified by the board, but not earlier than the date the inmate is 43 eligible for parole under subsections (a), (b) and (c). At each parole hear-

1 ing and, if parole is not granted, at such intervals thereafter as it deter-2 mines appropriate, the Kansas parole board shall consider: (1) Whether 3 the inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required by any agreement entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a and amendments thereto, or 4 any revision of such agreement; and (2) all pertinent information regard- $\mathbf{5}$ ing such inmate, including, but not limited to, the circumstances of the 6 7 offense of the inmate; the presentence report; the previous social history 8 and criminal record of the inmate; the conduct, employment, and attitude 9 of the inmate in prison; the reports of such physical and mental examinations as have been made; comments of the victim and the victim's 10 family including in person comments, contemporaneous comments and 11 12 prerecorded comments made by any technological means; comments of 13 the public; official comments; and capacity of state correctional 14institutions. 15 (i) In those cases involving inmates sentenced for a crime committed 16after July 1, 1993, the parole board will review the inmates proposed

release plan. The board may schedule a hearing if they desire. The board 1718may impose any condition they deem necessary to insure public safety, 19aid in the reintegration of the inmate into the community, or items not 20completed under the agreement entered into under K.S.A. 75-5210a and 21amendments thereto. The board may not advance or delay an inmate's 22 release date. Every inmate while on postrelease supervision shall remain 23 in the legal custody of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the 24 orders of the secretary.

25(j) Before ordering the parole of any inmate, the Kansas parole board 26shall have the inmate appear before either in person or via a video con-27 ferencing format and shall interview the inmate unless impractical be-28cause of the inmate's physical or mental condition or absence from the 29 institution. Every inmate while on parole shall remain in the legal custody 30 of the secretary of corrections and is subject to the orders of the secretary. 31 Whenever the Kansas parole board formally considers placing an inmate 32 on parole and no agreement has been entered into with the inmate under 33 K.S.A. 75-5210a and amendments thereto, the board shall notify the in-34 mate in writing of the reasons for not granting parole. If an agreement 35 has been entered under K.S.A. 75-5210a and amendments thereto and 36 the inmate has not satisfactorily completed the programs specified in the 37 agreement, or any revision of such agreement, the board shall notify the 38 inmate in writing of the specific programs the inmate must satisfactorily 39 complete before parole will be granted. If parole is not granted only 40 because of a failure to satisfactorily complete such programs, the board shall grant parole upon the secretary's certification that the inmate has 4142successfully completed such programs. If an agreement has been entered 43 under K.S.A. 75-5210a and amendments thereto and the secretary of

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1 corrections has reported to the board in writing that the inmate has satisfactorily completed the programs required by such agreement, or any 2 3 revision thereof, the board shall not require further program participation. However, if the board determines that other pertinent information 4 regarding the inmate warrants the inmate's not being released on parole, $\mathbf{5}$ the board shall state in writing the reasons for not granting the parole. If 6 7 parole is denied for an inmate sentenced for a crime other than a class A 8 or class B felony or an off-grid felony, the board shall hold another parole hearing for the inmate not later than one year after the denial unless the 9 parole board finds that it is not reasonable to expect that parole would 10be granted at a hearing if held in the next three years or during the interim 11 12period of a deferral. In such case, the parole board may defer subsequent parole hearings for up to three years but any such deferral by the board 13 shall require the board to state the basis for its findings. If parole is denied 1415 for an inmate sentenced for a class A or class B felony or an off-grid 16felony, the board shall hold another parole hearing for the inmate not later than three years after the denial unless the parole board finds that 1718it is not reasonable to expect that parole would be granted at a hearing if 19held in the next 10 years or during the interim period of a deferral. In 20such case, the parole board may defer subsequent parole hearings for up 21to 10 years but any such deferral shall require the board to state the basis 22for its findings. 23

(k) Parolees and persons on postrelease supervision shall be assigned,
upon release, to the appropriate level of supervision pursuant to the criteria established by the secretary of corrections.

26The Kansas parole board shall adopt rules and regulations in ac-(l) 27cordance with K.S.A. 77-415 et seq., and amendments thereto, not in-28 consistent with the law and as it may deem proper or necessary, with 29 respect to the conduct of parole hearings, postrelease supervision reviews, 30 revocation hearings, orders of restitution, reimbursement of expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services and other conditions to 3132 be imposed upon parolees or releasees. Whenever an order for parole or 33 postrelease supervision is issued it shall recite the conditions thereof.

(m) Whenever the Kansas parole board orders the parole of an inmate or establishes conditions for an inmate placed on postrelease supervision, the board:

(1) Unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of payment unworkable, shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease supervision pay any transportation expenses resulting from returning the parolee or the person on postrelease supervision to this state to answer criminal charges or a warrant for a violation of a condition of probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, parole, con1 ditional release or postrelease supervision;

2 (2) to the extent practicable, shall order as a condition of parole or 3 postrelease supervision that the parolee or the person on postrelease su-4 pervision make progress towards or successfully complete the equivalent 5 of a secondary education if the inmate has not previously completed such 6 educational equivalent and is capable of doing so;

(3) may order that the parolee or person on postrelease supervision
perform community or public service work for local governmental agencies, private corporations organized not-for-profit or charitable or social
service organizations performing services for the community;

(4) may order the parolee or person on postrelease supervision to pay
the administrative fee imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 22-4529,
and amendments thereto, unless the board finds compelling circumstances which would render payment unworkable; and

15(5) unless it finds compelling circumstances which would render a 16plan of payment unworkable, shall order that the parolee or person on 17postrelease supervision reimburse the state for all or part of the expenditures by the state board of indigents' defense services to provide counsel 18 19and other defense services to the person. In determining the amount and 20method of payment of such sum, the parole board shall take account of 21the financial resources of the person and the nature of the burden that 22 the payment of such sum will impose. Such amount shall not exceed the 23 amount claimed by appointed counsel on the payment voucher for indi-24 gents' defense services or the amount prescribed by the board of indi-25gents' defense services reimbursement tables as provided in K.S.A. 22-264522 and amendments thereto, whichever is less, minus any previous 27 payments for such services.

(n) If the court which sentenced an inmate specified at the time of
sentencing the amount and the recipient of any restitution ordered as a
condition of parole or postrelease supervision, the Kansas parole board
shall order as a condition of parole or postrelease supervision that the
inmate pay restitution in the amount and manner provided in the journal
entry unless the board finds compelling circumstances which would render a plan of restitution unworkable.

(o) Whenever the Kansas parole board grants the parole of an inmate,
the board, within 10 days of the date of the decision to grant parole, shall
give written notice of the decision to the county or district attorney of the
county where the inmate was sentenced.

(p) When an inmate is to be released on postrelease supervision, the
secretary, within 30 days prior to release, shall provide the county or
district attorney of the county where the inmate was sentenced written
notice of the release date.

43 (q) Inmates shall be released on postrelease supervision upon the

termination of the prison portion of their sentence. Time served while
 on postrelease supervision will vest.

3 (r) An inmate who is allocated regular good time credits as provided in K.S.A. 22-3725 and amendments thereto may receive meritorious good 4 time credits in increments of not more than 90 days per meritorious act. 5These credits may be awarded by the secretary of corrections when an 6 7 inmate has acted in a heroic or outstanding manner in coming to the 8 assistance of another person in a life threatening situation, preventing 9 injury or death to a person, preventing the destruction of property or taking actions which result in a financial savings to the state. 10

11 (s) The provisions of subsections (d)(1)(A), (d)(1)(B), (d)(1)(C) and 12 (d)(1)(E) shall be applied retroactively as provided in subsection (t).

13 (t) For offenders sentenced prior to the effective date of this act who 14are eligible for modification of their postrelease supervision obligation, 15 the department of corrections shall modify the period of postrelease su-16pervision as provided for by this section for offenders convicted of severity level 9 and 10 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug 1718crimes and severity level 4 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes on or before September 1, 2000; for offenders convicted of 1920severity level 7 and 8 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug 21crimes on or before November 1, 2000; and for offenders convicted of 22 severity level 5 and 6 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug 23 crimes and severity level 3 crimes on the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes on or before January 1, 2001. 24 25Sec. 13. K.S.A. 21-3503, 21-3504, 21-3505, 21-3506, 21-3518 and 21-

3603 and K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 21-3502, 21-3510, 21-3511, 21-4704, 21-4706
and 22-3717 are hereby repealed.

28 Sec. 14. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 29 publication in the statute book.