SENATE BILL No. 320

By Joint Committee on State-Tribal Relations

12-30

AN ACT concerning jurisdiction of certain law enforcement officers; amending K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 22-2401a and repealing the existing section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 22-2401a is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-2401a. (1) Law enforcement officers employed by consolidated county law enforcement agencies or departments and sheriffs and their deputies may exercise their powers as law enforcement officers:

- (a) Anywhere within their county; and
- (b) in any other place when a request for assistance has been made by law enforcement officers from that place or when in fresh pursuit of a person.
- (2) Law enforcement officers employed by any city may exercise their powers as law enforcement officers:
- (a) Anywhere within the city limits of the city employing them and outside of such city when on property owned or under the control of such city; and
- (b) in any other place when a request for assistance has been made by law enforcement officers from that place or when in fresh pursuit of a person.
- (3) (a) Law enforcement officers employed by a Native American Indian Tribe may exercise powers of law enforcement officers anywhere within the exterior limits of the reservation of the tribe employing such tribal law enforcement officer, subject to the following:
- (i) The provisions of subsection (3)(a) shall be applicable only if as long as such Native American Indian Tribe has entered into maintains in force a valid and binding agreement with an insurance carrier to provide liability insurance coverage for damages assessed in state or federal court and arising from the acts, errors or omissions of such tribal law enforcement agency or officer while acting pursuant to this section. Such insurance policy shall: (A) Be in an amount not less than \$500,000 for any one person and \$2,000,000 for any one occurrence for personal injury and \$1,000,000 for any one occurrence for property damage and shall carry an endorsement to provide coverage for mutual aid assistance. Such in-

 surance policy shall be subject to verification by the attorney general. Such insurance policy shall; and (B) include an endorsement providing that the insurer may not invoke tribal sovereign immunity up to the limits of the policy set forth herein. Any insurance carrier providing to a tribe the liability insurance coverage described in this subsection shall certify to the attorney general that the tribe has in effect coverage which complies with the requirements of this subsection. Such carrier shall notify the attorney general immediately by first class mail if for any reason such coverage terminates or no longer complies with the requirements of this subsection.

- (ii) The provisions of subsection (3)(a) shall be applicable only if such Native American Indian Tribe has filed with the county clerk a map clearly showing the boundaries of the Tribe's reservation as defined in this section.
- (b) If a claim is brought against any tribal law enforcement agency or officer for acts committed by such agency or officer while acting pursuant to this section, such claim shall be subject to disposition as if the tribe was the state pursuant to the Kansas tort claims act, provided that such act shall not govern the tribe's purchase of insurance. The tribe shall waive its sovereign immunity solely to the extent necessary to permit recovery under the liability insurance, but not to exceed the policy limits.
- (c) Nothing in this subsection (3) shall be construed to prohibit any agreement between any state, county or city law enforcement agency and any Native American Indian Tribe.
- (d) Nothing in this subsection (3) shall be construed to affect the provision of law enforcement services outside the exterior boundaries of reservations so as to affect in any way the criteria by which the United States department of the interior makes a determination regarding placement of land into trust.
- (e) Neither the state nor any political subdivision of the state shall be liable for any act or failure to act by any tribal law enforcement officer.
- (4) University police officers employed by the chief executive officer of any state educational institution or municipal university may exercise their powers as university police officers anywhere:
- (a) On property owned or operated by the state educational institution or municipal university, by a board of trustees of the state educational institution, an endowment association, an athletic association, a fraternity, sorority or other student group associated with the state educational institution or municipal university;
- (b) on the streets, property and highways immediately adjacent to the campus of the state educational institution or municipal university;
- (c) within the city where such property as described in this subsection is located, as necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of stu-

dents and faculty of the state educational institution or municipal univer-sity, with appropriate agreement by the local law enforcement agencies. Such agreements shall include provisions defining the geographical scope of the jurisdiction conferred, circumstances requiring the extended jurisdiction, scope of law enforcement powers and duration of the agreement. Any agreement entered into pursuant to this provision shall be approved by the governing body of the city or county, or both, having jurisdiction where such property is located, and the chief executive officer of the state educational institution or municipal university involved before such agreement may take effect; and

- (d) additionally, when there is reason to believe that a violation of a state law, a county resolution, or a city ordinance has occurred on property described in subsection (4)(a) or (b), such officers with appropriate notification of, and coordination with, local law enforcement agencies or departments, may investigate and arrest persons for such a violation anywhere within the city where such property, streets and highways are located. Such officers also may exercise such powers in any other place when in fresh pursuit of a person. University police officers shall also have authority to transport persons in custody to an appropriate facility, wherever it may be located. University police officers at the university of Kansas medical center may provide emergency transportation of medical supplies and transplant organs.
- (5) In addition to the areas where law enforcement officers may exercise their powers pursuant to subsection (2), law enforcement officers of any jurisdiction within Johnson or Sedgwick county may exercise their powers as law enforcement officers in any area within the respective county when executing a valid arrest warrant or search warrant, to the extent necessary to execute such warrants.
- (6) In addition to the areas where university police officers may exercise their powers pursuant to subsection (4), university police officers may exercise the powers of law enforcement officers in any area outside their normal jurisdiction when a request for assistance has been made by law enforcement officers from the area for which assistance is requested.
- (7) In addition to the areas where law enforcement officers may exercise their powers pursuant to subsection (2), law enforcement officers of any jurisdiction within Johnson county may exercise their powers as law enforcement officers in any adjoining city within Johnson county when any crime, including a traffic infraction, has been or is being committed by a person in view of the law enforcement officer. A law enforcement officer shall be considered to be exercising such officer's powers pursuant to subsection (2), when such officer is responding to the scene of a crime, even if such officer exits the city limits of the city employing the officer and further reenters the city limits of the city employing the

officer to respond to such scene.

- (8) Campus police officers employed by a community college or school district may exercise the power and authority of law enforcement officers anywhere:
- (a) On property owned, occupied or operated by the school district or community college or at the site of a function sponsored by the school district or community college;
- (b) on the streets, property and highways immediately adjacent to and coterminous with property described in subsection (8)(a);
- (c) within the city or county where property described in subsection (8)(a) is located, as necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of students and faculty of the school district or community college, with appropriate agreement by local law enforcement agencies. Such agreements shall include provisions, defining the geographical scope of the jurisdiction conferred, circumstances requiring the extended jurisdiction, scope of law enforcement powers and duration of the agreement. Before any agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall take effect, it shall be approved by the governing body of the city or county, or both, having jurisdiction where such property is located, and the board of education or board of trustees involved;
- (d) with appropriate notification of and coordination with local law enforcement agencies, within the city or county where property described in subsection (8)(a) or (8)(b) is located, when there is reason to believe that a violation of a state law, county resolution or city ordinance has occurred on such property, as necessary to investigate and arrest persons for such a violation;
 - (e) when in fresh pursuit of a person; and
- (f) when transporting persons in custody to an appropriate facility, wherever it may be located.
 - (9) As used in this section:
- (a) "Law enforcement officer" means: (1) Any law enforcement officer as defined in K.S.A. 22-2202, and amendments thereto; or (2) any tribal law enforcement officer who is employed by a Native American Indian Tribe and has completed successfully the initial and any subsequent law enforcement training required under the Kansas law enforcement training act.
- (b) "University police officer" means a police officer employed by the chief executive officer of: (1) Any state educational institution under the control and supervision of the state board of regents; or (2) a municipal university.
- (c) "Campus police officer" means a school security officer designated as a campus police officer pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8222, and amendments thereto.

- 1 (d) "Fresh pursuit" means pursuit, without unnecessary delay, of a 2 person who has committed a crime, or who is reasonably suspected of 3 having committed a crime.
 - (e) "Native American Indian Tribe" means the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation, Kickapoo Tribe in Kansas, Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri and the Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska.
 - (f) "Reservation" means:
 - (i) With respect to the Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska, the reservation established by treaties with the United States concluded May 17, 1854, and March 6, 1861;
 - (ii) with respect to the Kickapoo Nation, the reservation established by treaty with the United States concluded June 28, 1862;
 - (iii) with respect to the Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation in Kansas, the reservation established by treaties with the United States concluded June 5, 1846, November 15, 1861, and February 27, 1867; and
 - (iv) with respect to the Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri in Kansas and Nebraska: (A) the reservation established by treaties with the United States concluded May 18, 1854, and March 6, 1861, and by acts of Congress of June 10, 1872 (17 Stat. 391), and August 15, 1876 (19 Stat. 208), and (B) the premises of the gaming facility established pursuant to the gaming compact entered into between such nation and the state of Kansas, and the surrounding parcel of land held in trust which lies adjacent to and east of U.S. Highway 75 and adjacent to and north of Kansas Highway 20, as identified in such compact.
 - (10) The provisions of subsection (3) and subsections (9)(a)(2), (9)(d) and (9)(e) shall expire on July 1, 2009.
 - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2005 Supp. 22-2401a is hereby repealed.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.