Session of 2006

## HOUSE BILL No. 2884

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

9 AN ACT concerning wards and guardians; relating to the duties and pow-10 ers of guardians; concerning nutrition and hydration; amending K.S.A. 59-3051, 59-3068, 59-3075 and 59-3078 and repealing the existing 11 12 sections. 13 14Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 15New Section 1. (a) It shall be presumed that every ward incapable 16of making health care decisions has directed such ward's guardian to 17direct the ward's health care providers to provide such ward with nutrition 18or hydration or both to a degree that is sufficient to sustain life. 19(b) No guardian, court or any other person shall have the authority 20to make a decision on behalf of a ward who is legally incapable of making 21health care decisions to withhold or withdraw nutrition or hydration or 22 both from such ward except in the circumstances and under the condi-23 tions specifically provided for in subsection (c). 24 (c) The presumption established in subsection (a) shall not apply: 25(1)If, in the reasonable medical judgment of the ward's treating phy-26sician, such physician certifies in writing to the guardian that: 27(A) Provision of nutrition or hydration or both to the ward is not 28medically possible; 29 provision of nutrition or hydration or both to the ward would (B) 30 hasten death; or 31(C) the ward would be incapable of digesting or absorbing the nutri-32 tion or hydration or both so that its provision would not contribute to 33 sustaining the ward's life; or 34 (2) if the ward, when legally capable of making health care decisions, 35 executed, expressly and with informed consent, a written directive spe-36 cifically authorizing the withholding or withdrawal of nutrition or hydra-37 tion or both under the ward's current circumstances. Such directive shall 38 include, but not be limited to, a declaration executed pursuant to K.S.A. 39 65-28,101 et seq., and amendments thereto, and a durable power of at-40 torney for health care decisions executed pursuant to K.S.A. 58-625 et 41seq., and amendments thereto. 42(d) Prior to withholding or withdrawing nutrition or hydration or both 43 under subsection (c)(1), such written certification shall be presented to a

1 court of competent jurisdiction and such court shall afford the ward full and complete due process including, but not limited to, the right to court 2 3 appointed counsel, notice, hearing, subpoena power, discovery and payment of costs for experts if the ward is deemed indigent. At such hearing 4 the guardian shall show, by clear and convincing evidence, that the written  $\mathbf{5}$ certification is objectively true in all that it attests. 6 7 (e) A cause of action for injunctive relief may be maintained: Against any person who is reasonably believed to be about to 8 (1)9 violate or who is in the course of violating this section; or to secure a court determination, notwithstanding the position of 10(2)a guardian, whether there is clear and convincing evidence that the ward 11 12legally incapable of making health care decisions, when legally capable of making such decisions, executed expressly and with informed consent, a 13 written directive to withdrawing or withholding hydration or nutrition or 1415both in the applicable circumstances. 16(f) The action may be brought by any person who is: 17The spouse, parent, child or sibling of the person; (1)18(2)a current or former health care provider of the person; 19(3)a legally appointed guardian of the person; 20(4)the state protection and advocacy agency designated pursuant to 2142 U.S.C. 15043, 42 U.S.C. 10805 or 29 U.S.C. 794e; or 22 a public official with appropriate jurisdiction to prosecute or en-(5)23 force the laws of this state. Pending the final determination of the court, the court shall direct 24 (g)25that nutrition or hydration or both be provided such person unless the 26court determines that subsection (c)(1) is applicable. 27(h) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the act for ob-28taining a guardian or conservator, or both. 29 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 59-3051 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-30 3051. When used in the act for obtaining a guardian or a conservator, or 31 both: 32 (a) "Adult with an impairment in need of a guardian or a conservator, 33 or both" means a person 18 years of age or older, or a minor who is 34 considered to be of the age of majority pursuant to K.S.A. 38-101, and 35 amendments thereto, or upon whom the rights of majority have been conferred pursuant to K.S.A. 38-108, and amendments thereto, whose 36 ability to receive and evaluate relevant information, or to effectively com-37 38 municate decisions, or both, even with the use of assistive technologies 39 or other supports, is impaired such that the person lacks the capacity to 40 manage such person's estate, or to meet essential needs for physical health, safety or welfare, and who is in need of a guardian or a conservator, 4142or both. No person who is being treated by prayer in the practice of the 43 religion of any church which teaches reliance on spiritual means alone through prayer for healing shall be determined to be an adult with an
 impairment in need of a guardian under this act for that reason alone,
 nor considered to lack the capacity to meet essential needs for physical
 health, safety or welfare because of such person's reliance upon such
 treatment.

6 (b) "Appropriate alternative" means any program or service, or the 7 use of a legal device or representative, which enables a person with an 8 impairment to adequately meet essential needs for physical health, safety 9 or welfare, or to reasonably manage such person's estate. Appropriate 10 alternatives may include, but are not limited to, a power of attorney, a 11 durable power of attorney, a power of attorney for health care decisions, 12 a living will, a trust, a joint tenancy or a representative payee.

13 (c) "Conservatee" means a person who has a conservator.

(d) "Conservator" means an individual or a corporation who or which
is appointed by the court to act on behalf of a conservatee and who or
which is possessed of some or all of the powers and duties set out in
K.S.A. 59-3078, and amendments thereto.

(e) "Guardian" means an individual or a corporation certified in accordance with K.S.A. 59-3070, and amendments thereto, who or which
is appointed by a court to act on behalf of a ward, and who or which is
possessed of some or all of the powers and duties set out in K.S.A. 593075, amendments thereto. "Guardian" does not mean a "natural guardian" unless specified.

(f) "In need of a guardian" means a person who because of both an
impairment and the lack of appropriate alternatives for meeting essential
needs, requires the appointment of a guardian.

(g) "In need of a conservator" means a person who because of both
an impairment and the lack of appropriate alternatives for managing such
person's estate, requires the appointment of a conservator.

30 (h) "Manage such person's estate" means making those determinations and taking those actions which are reasonably necessary in order for 3132 a person to receive and account for personal or business income, benefits 33 and property, whether real, personal or intangible, and except for reasons 34 of indigency, to purchase or otherwise obtain necessary goods or services, 35 to pay debts and expenses, to sell, exchange or otherwise dispose of prop-36 erty, and to plan for future accumulation, conservation, utilization, in-37 vestment, and other disposition of financial resources.

(i) "Meet essential needs for physical health, safety or welfare" means
making those determinations and taking those actions which are reasonably necessary in order for a person to obtain or be provided with shelter,
sustenance, personal hygiene or health care, and without which serious
illness or injury is likely to occur.

43 (j) "Minor" means any person defined by K.S.A. 38-101, and amend-

1 ments thereto, as being within the period of minority.

2 (k) "Minor with an impairment in need of a guardian or a conservator, 3 or both" means a person under 18 years of age who otherwise meets the 4 definition of an "adult with an impairment in need of a guardian or conservator, or both" and whose impairment is expected to continue beyond  $\mathbf{5}$ 6 the age of 18.

7 (l) "Natural guardian" means both the biological or adoptive mother 8 and father of a minor if neither parent has been found to be an adult with 9 an impairment in need of a guardian or has had parental rights terminated by a court of competent jurisdiction. If either parent of a minor is de-10 ceased, or has been found to be an adult with an impairment in need of 11 12a guardian or has had parental rights terminated by a court of competent 13 jurisdiction, then the other parent shall be the natural guardian, unless 14also deceased, or found to be an adult with an impairment in need of a 15guardian, or has had parental rights terminated by a court of competent 16jurisdiction, in which case no person shall qualify as the natural guardian.

17(m) "Person who has been previously adjudged as impaired in an-18other state" means a person who has been duly adjudged by a court of 19competent jurisdiction of any other state to be unable to meet essential 20needs for physical health, safety or welfare or to manage such person's 21estate and for whom a guardian or a conservator, or other similarly em-22 powered fiduciary, has been appointed by that court, but who now resides 23 within Kansas or for whom plans have been made by such person's guard-24 ian or other fiduciary to relocate the person to Kansas.

25"Person in need of an ancillary conservator" means a person not (n) 26residing within Kansas, who has been duly adjudged by a court of com-27 petent jurisdiction of another state to be unable to manage such person's 28estate and for whom a conservator or other fiduciary of the person's estate 29 has been appointed by that court, and who has property in Kansas for 30 which a conservator is required.

"Proposed ward" means a person for whom a petition for the 31  $(\mathbf{0})$ 32 appointment of a guardian pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3058, 59-3059, 59-3060 33 or 59-3061, and amendments thereto, has been filed.

34 "Proposed conservatee" means a person for whom a petition for (p) 35 the appointment of a conservator pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3058, 59-3059, 36 59-3060, 59-3061 or 59-3062, and amendments thereto, has been filed. 37

 $(\mathbf{q})$ "Ward" means a person who has a guardian.

38 The terms defined in K.S.A. 59-2946 and 59-29b46, and amend- $(\mathbf{r})$ 39 ments thereto, have the meanings provided by those statutes.

40 "Expressly and with informed consent" means consent voluntarily *(s)* given with sufficient knowledge of the subject matter involved, including 4142a general understanding of the procedure, the medically acceptable alter-43 native procedures or treatments, and the substantial risks and hazards

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1 inherent in the proposed treatment or procedures, to enable the person

2 giving consent to make an understanding and enlightened decision with-

3 out any element of force, fraud, deceit, duress or other form of constraint 4 or coercion.

(t) "Nutrition" means sustenance administered in any manner.

6 (u) "Person legally incapable of making health care decisions" or 7 "ward legally incapable of making health care decisions" means any per-8 son or ward who:

9 (A) (i) Has been declared legally incompetent to make decisions af-10 fecting medical treatment or care; and

(ii) in the reasonable medical judgment of the attending physician, is
 unable to make decisions affecting medical treatment or other health care
 services; or

14 (B) is a minor.

(v) "Reasonable medical judgment" means a medical judgment that
would be made by a reasonably prudent physician, knowledgeable about
the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to the medical conditions involved.

19 (w) "Hydration" means providing water or fluids in any manner.

20 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 59-3068 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-21 3068. (a) The court in appointing a guardian or conservator shall give 22 priority in the following order to:

23 (1) The nominee of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee, if 24 such nomination is made within any durable power of attorney;

(2) the nominee of a natural guardian;

(3) the nominee of a minor who is the proposed ward or proposedconservatee, if the minor is over 14 years of age;

(4) the nominee of the spouse, adult child or other close family mem-ber of the proposed ward or proposed conservatee; or

30 (5) the nominee of the petitioner.

(b) (1) The court, in appointing a guardian or conservator, shall con-3132 sider the workload, capabilities and potential conflicts of interest of the 33 proposed guardian or conservator, or both, before making such appoint-34 ment, and the court shall give particular attention in making such ap-35 pointment to the number of other cases in which the proposed guardian 36 or conservator, other than a corporation, is currently serving as guardian 37 or conservator, or both, particularly if that number is more than 15 or 38 more wards or conservatees, or both.

39 (2) The court shall not appoint an unrelated person, institution, as40 sociation or corporation to be the guardian or conservator of a ward or
41 conservatee if the unrelated person, institution, association or
42 corporation:

43 (A) Provides during the guardianship or conservatorship, goods or

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1 services for a fee to the ward or conservatee in a professional or business 2 capacity;

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3 (B) is during the guardianship or conservatorship period a creditor of the ward or conservatee; 4

(C) has during the guardianship or conservatorship period interests  $\mathbf{5}$ that may conflict with interest of the ward or conservatee; 6

7 (D) is an employee of a treatment or residential facility where a ward 8 or conservate is an inpatient in or resident of the facility; or

9 (E) is employed by an unrelated person, institution, association or corporation who or which would be disqualified under paragraphs (A) 10 through (D). 11

12 (3) Nothing in this section shall prohibit a guardian or conservator 13 from collecting a:

(A) Reasonable fee, as approved by the court, for carrying out the 1415duties of a guardian or conservator; or

stipend from the Kansas guardianship program. (B)

*This section shall not apply to a:* (4)

18(A) Guardian or conservator of a minor appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 1959-3059, and amendments thereto; or

20(B)a financial institution serving as a conservator.

21In appointing a guardian for a person who is an adherent of a (c) 22religion whose tenets and practices call for reliance on prayer alone for 23 healing, the court shall consider, but shall not be limited to, the appointment of an individual as guardian who is sympathetic to and willing to 24 support this system of healing. 25

26Sec. 4. K.S.A. 59-3075 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-27 3075. (a) (1) The individual or corporation appointed by the court to serve as the guardian shall carry out diligently and in good faith, the general 28 29 duties and responsibilities, and shall have the general powers and au-30 thorities, provided for in this section as well as any specific duties, re-31 sponsibilities, powers and authorities assigned to the guardian by the 32 court. In doing so, a guardian shall at all times be subject to the control 33 and direction of the court, and shall act in accordance with the provisions 34 of any guardianship plan filed with the court pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3076, 35 and amendments thereto. The court shall have the authority to appoint counsel for the guardian, and the fees of such attorney may be assessed 36 37 as costs pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3094, and amendments thereto.

38 A guardian shall become and remain personally acquainted with (2)39 the ward, the spouse of the ward and with other interested persons as-40 sociated with the ward and who are knowledgeable about the ward, the ward's needs and the ward's responsibilities. A guardian shall exercise 41

authority only as necessitated by the ward's limitations. A guardian shall 4243

encourage the ward to participate in making decisions affecting the ward.

1 A guardian shall encourage the ward to act on the ward's own behalf to the extent the ward is able. A guardian shall encourage the ward to de-2 3 velop or regain the skills and abilities necessary to meet the ward's own essential needs and to otherwise manage the ward's own affairs. In making 4 decisions on behalf of the ward, a guardian shall consider the expressed 5desires and personal values of the ward to the extent known to the guard-6 7 ian. A guardian shall strive to assure that the personal, civil and human rights of the ward are protected. A guardian shall at all times act in the 8 9 best interests of the ward and shall exercise reasonable care, diligence and prudence. 10 (3) A guardian who is an unrelated person shall avoid a conflict of 11 12interest or even the appearance of a conflict of interest. Impropriety or 13 conflict of interest occurs where the guardian has some personal or agency interest that can be perceived as self-serving or adverse to the position or 1415best interest of the ward. The guardian who is an unrelated person shall: 16(A) Not provide direct services for a fee, except as provided in subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 59-3068, and amendments thereto; 1718(B) be independent from all providers of services to the ward to ensure that the guardian remains free to challenge inappropriate or poorly 1920delivered services and to advocate vigorously on behalf of the ward; 21(C) not concurrently represent both the ward and the service 22provider; 23 (D) not employ such guardian's friends or family to provide services for a profit or fee unless no alternative is available and the guardian 24 25discloses this arrangement to the court; 26(E) petition or assist the ward to petition the court for limitation or 27 termination of the guardianship when the ward is no longer a person with 28a disability in need of a guardian, or when there are effective alternatives 29 available; and (F) assist the ward in preparing and filing a petition for restoration 30 31 upon request. 32 (b) A guardian shall have the following general duties, responsibili-33 ties, powers and authorities: 34 (1) If the ward is a minor, to have the custody and control of the 35 minor, and to provide for the minor's care, treatment, habilitation, edu-36 cation, support and maintenance; (2) if the ward is an adult, to take charge of the person of the ward, 37 38 and to provide for the ward's care, treatment, habilitation, education, support and maintenance; 39 40 (3) to consider and either provide on behalf of the ward necessary or required consents or refuse the same; 4142(4) to assure that the ward resides in the least restrictive setting appropriate to the needs of the ward and which is reasonably available; 43

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1 (5) to assure that the ward receives any necessary and reasonably 2 available medical care, consistent with the provisions of K.S.A. 59-3077, 3 and amendments thereto, when applicable, and any reasonably available 4 nonmedical care or other services as may be needed to preserve the health 5 of the ward or to assist the ward to develop or retain skills and abilities;

6 (6) to promote and protect the comfort, safety, health and welfare of 7 the ward;

8 (7) to make necessary determinations and arrangements for, and to 9 give the necessary consents in regard to, the ward's funeral arrangements, 10 burial or cremation, the performance of an autopsy upon the body of the 11 ward, and anatomical gifts of the ward, subject to the provisions and 12 limitations provided for in K.S.A. 65-2893 and 65-3210 and K.S.A. 65-13 1734, and amendments thereto; and

14 (8) to exercise all powers and to discharge all duties necessary or 15 proper to implement the provisions of this section.

(c) A guardian shall not be obligated by virtue of the guardian's appointment to use the guardian's own financial resources for the support
of the ward.

(d) A guardian shall not be liable to a third person for the acts of the
ward solely by virtue of the guardian's appointment, nor shall a guardian
who exercises reasonable care in selecting a third person to provide any
medical or other care, treatment or service for the ward be liable for any
injury to the ward resulting from the wrongful conduct of that third
person.

(e) A guardian shall not have the power:

(1) To prohibit the marriage or divorce of the ward;

(2) to consent, on behalf of the ward, to the termination of the ward'sparental rights;

29 (3) to consent to the adoption of the ward, unless approved by the 30 court;

(4) to consent, on behalf of the ward, to any psychosurgery, removal
of any bodily organ, or amputation of any limb, unless such surgery, removal or amputation has been approved in advance by the court, except
in an emergency and when necessary to preserve the life of the ward or
to prevent serious and irreparable impairment to the physical health of
the ward;

(5) to consent, on behalf of the ward, to the sterilization of the ward,
unless approved by the court following a due process hearing held for
the purposes of determining whether to approve such, and during which
hearing the ward is represented by an attorney appointed by the court;

41 (6) to consent, on behalf of the ward, to the performance of any 42 experimental biomedical or behavioral procedure on the ward, or for the

43 ward to be a participant in any biomedical or behavioral experiment, with-

1 out the prior review and approval of such by either an institutional review board as provided for in title 45, part 46 of the code of federal regulations, 2 3 or if such regulations do not apply, then by a review committee established by the agency, institution or treatment facility at which the pro-4 cedure or experiment is proposed to occur, composed of members se- $\mathbf{5}$ lected for the purposes of determining whether the proposed procedure 6 7 or experiment: 8 (A) Does not involve any significant risk of harm to the physical or

9 mental health of the ward, or the use of aversive stimulants, and is in-10 tended to preserve the life or health of the ward or to assist the ward to 11 develop or regain skills or abilities; or

12 (B) involves a significant risk of harm to the physical or mental health 13 of the ward, or the use of an aversive stimulant, but that the conducting of the proposed procedure or experiment is intended either to preserve 1415 the life of the ward, or to significantly improve the quality of life of the ward, or to assist the ward to develop or regain significant skills or abilities, 16and that the guardian has been fully informed concerning the potential 1718risks and benefits of the proposed procedure or experiment or of any aversive stimulant proposed to be used, and as to how and under what 1920circumstances the aversive stimulant may be used, and has specifically 21consented to such;

(7) to consent, on behalf of the ward, to the withholding or withdrawal of life-saving or life sustaining medical care, treatment, services
or procedures, except:

(A) In accordance with the provisions of any declaration of the ward
made pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 65-28,101 through 65-28,109,
and amendments thereto; or

28(B) if the ward, prior to the court's appointment of a guardian pur-29 suant to K.S.A. 59-3067, and amendments thereto, shall have executed a 30 durable power of attorney for health care decisions pursuant to K.S.A. 31 58-629, and amendments thereto, and such shall not have been revoked 32 by the ward prior thereto, and there is included therein any provision 33 relevant to the withholding or withdrawal of life-saving or life-sustaining 34 medical care, treatment, services or procedures, then the guardian shall 35 have the authority to act as provided for therein, even if the guardian has revoked or otherwise amended that power of attorney pursuant to the 36 37 authority of K.S.A. 58-627, and amendments thereto, or the guardian may 38 allow the agent appointed by the ward to act on the ward's behalf if the 39 guardian has not revoked or otherwise amended that power of attorney; 40 or

(C) in the circumstances where the ward's treating physician shall
 certify in writing to the guardian that the ward is in a persistent vegetative

43 state or is suffering from an illness or other medical condition for which

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1 further treatment, other than for the relief of pain, would not likely prolong the life of the ward other than by artificial means, nor would be likely 2 3 to restore to the ward any significant degree of capabilities beyond those the ward currently possesses likely to be permanently comatose and suf-4 fering from a severe illness such that life sustaining medical care is objec- $\mathbf{5}$ tively futile and would only prolong the dying process, and which opinion 6 7 is concurred in by either a second physician or by any medical ethics or 8 similar committee to which the health care provider has access established 9 for the purposes of reviewing such circumstances and the appropriateness of any type of physician's order which would have the effect of withhold-10ing or withdrawing life-saving or life sustaining medical care, treatment, 11 12services or procedures. Such written certification shall be approved by an 13 order issued by the court; presented to a court of competent jurisdiction and such court shall afford the ward full and complete due process in-1415cluding, but not limited to, the right to court appointed counsel, notice, 16hearing, subpoena power, discovery and payment of costs for experts if the ward is deemed indigent. At such hearing the guardian shall show, 1718by clear and convincing evidence, that the: (1) Written certification is objectively true in all that it attests; and (2) that the ward, when legally 1920capable of making health care decisions, expressed informed consent to 21withhold or withdraw medical care under the ward's current circum-22stances. In assessing the ward's intent there shall be a presumption in 23 favor of the treatment or continued treatment of the ward. As used in subsection (e)(7), "medical care" shall not include nutrition 24 25and hydration. Nutrition or hydration or both may only be withheld or 26withdrawn as permitted by section 1, and amendments thereto. 27 Every person with a disability is presumed to have capacity and be 28legally capable of making any decision, including, but not limited to, 29 health care and medical care, unless such person has been expressly de-30 clared to be incapable to make such decision through a specific portion 31 of the guardianship order. 32 (8) To exercise any control or authority over the ward's estate, except 33 if the court shall specifically authorize such. The court may assign such

if the court shall specifically authorize such. The court may assign such authority to the guardian, including the authority to establish certain trusts as provided in K.S.A. 59-3080, and amendments thereto, and may waive the requirement of the posting of a bond, only if:

(A) Initially, the combined value of any funds and property in the
possession of the ward or in the possession of any other person or entity,
but which the ward is otherwise entitled to possess, equals \$10,000 or
less; and

(B) either the court requires the guardian to report to the court the
commencement of the exercising of such authority, or requires the guardian to specifically request of the court the authority to commence the

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1 exercise of such authority, as the court shall specify; and

2 (C) the court also requires the guardian, whenever the combined 3 value of such funds and property exceeds \$10,000, to:

File a guardianship plan as provided for in K.S.A. 59-3076, and 4 (i) amendments thereto, which contains elements similar to those which 5would be contained in a conservatorship plan as provided for in K.S.A. 6 7 59-3078, and amendments thereto;

8 (ii) petition the court for appointment of a conservator as provided for in K.S.A. 59-3058, 59-3059 or 59-3060, and amendments thereto; or 9

(iii) notify the court as the court shall specify that the value of the 10conservatee's estate has equaled or exceeded \$10,000, if the court has 11 12earlier appointed a conservator but did not issue letters of conservatorship 13 pending such notification; and

(9) to place the ward in a treatment facility as defined in K.S.A. 59-1415 3077, and amendments thereto, except if authorized by the court as pro-16vided for therein.

17(f) The guardian shall file with the court reports concerning the status 18of the ward and the actions of the guardian as the court shall direct 19pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3083, and amendments thereto.

20Sec. 5. K.S.A. 59-3078 is hereby amended to read as follows: 59-213078. (a) (1) The individual or corporation appointed by the court to serve 22 as the conservator shall carry out diligently and in good faith the general 23 duties and responsibilities, and shall have the general powers and authorities, provided for in this section, as well as any specific duties, re-24 25sponsibilities, powers and authorities assigned to the conservator by the 26 court. In doing so, a conservator at all times shall be subject to the control 27and direction of the court, and shall act in accordance with the provisions 28of any conservatorship plan filed with the court pursuant to K.S.A. 59-29 3079, and amendments thereto. The court shall have the authority to 30 appoint counsel for the conservator, and the fees of such attorney may 31 be assessed as costs pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3094, and amendments thereto.

32 A conservator, in the exercise of the conservator's responsibilities (2)33 and authorities, should become aware of the conservatee's needs and 34 responsibilities. A conservator shall exercise authority only as necessitated 35 by the conservatee's limitations. A conservator shall encourage the con-36 servatee to participate in the making of decisions affecting the conser-37 vatee's estate. A conservator shall encourage the conservatee to manage 38 as much of the conservatee's estate as the conservatee is able to manage. 39 A conservator shall consider and, to the extent possible, act in accordance

40 with the expressed desires and personal values of the conservatee. A con-

servator shall assist the conservatee in developing or regaining the skills 41

42and abilities necessary in order for the conservatee to be able to manage 43

the conservatee's own estate. A conservator shall strive to assure that the

1 personal, civil and human rights of the conservatee are protected. A con-

2 servator shall at all times act in the best interests of the conservatee and3 shall exercise reasonable care, diligence and prudence.

4 (3) A conservator who is an unrelated person shall avoid a conflict of 5 interest or even the appearance of a conflict of interest. Impropriety or 6 conflict of interest occurs where the conservator has some personal or 7 agency interest that can be perceived as self-serving or adverse to the 8 position or best interest of the conservatee. The conservator who is an 9 unrelated person and who is not a financial institution serving as a con-10 servator, shall:

11 (A) Not provide direct services for a fee, except as provided in sub-12 section (b)(3) of K.S.A. 59-3068, and amendments thereto;

(B) be independent from all providers of services to the conservatee
to ensure that the conservator remains free to challenge inappropriate or
poorly delivered services and to advocate vigorously on behalf of the
conservatee;

17 (C) not concurrently represent both the conservatee and the service18 provider;

(D) not employ such conservator's friends or family to provide services for a profit or fee unless no alternative is available and the conservator
discloses this arrangement to the court;

22 (E) petition or assist the conservatee to petition the court for limita-23 tion or termination of the conservatorship when the conservatee is no 24 longer a person with a disability in need of a conservator, or when there 25 are effective alternatives available; and

26 (F) assist the conservatee in preparing and filing a petition for res-27 toration upon request.

(b) A conservator shall have the following general duties, responsi-bilities, powers and authorities:

(1) To pay the reasonable charges for the support, maintenance, care,
treatment, habilitation and education of the conservatee in a manner suitable to the conservatee's station in life and the value of the conservatee's
estate; but nothing herein shall be construed to release a natural guardian
from the ordinary obligations imposed by law for the support, maintenance, care, treatment, habilitation and education of the natural guardian's minor children;

(2) to pay all just and lawful debts of the conservatee and the reasonable charges for the support, maintenance, care, treatment, habilitation
and education of the conservatee's spouse and minor children;

40 (3) to separately possess and manage all the assets of the estate of 41 the conservatee and to collect all debts and assert all claims in favor of 42 the conservatee, and with the approval of the court, to compromise the 43 same. The conservator shall keep any property of the conservatee's estate 4

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1 insured against theft, other loss or damage, in reasonable amounts based upon the value of the estate, and for the benefit of the conservatee or 2 3 the conservatee's estate;

(4) to prosecute and defend all actions in the name of the conservatee or as necessary to protect the interests of the conservatee;

to sell assets of the conservatee's estate when the interests of the 6 (5)conservatee or conservatee's estate require the sale thereof;

8 (6)to possess and manage any ongoing business that the conservatee 9 was managing and operating prior to the appointment of the conservator, and to divest the conservatee's estate of any interests therein, with the 10approval of the court, when the conservator deems it in the best interests 11 12of the conservatee or the conservatee's estate to do so; and

13 to invest all funds in a manner which is reasonably prudent in (7)view of the value of the conservatee's estate, except as may be currently 1415needed for payment of any debts and charges as provided for herein. If 16the conservator shall expend or invest any funds from the conservatee's estate for the purchase of any policy of insurance or annuity contract, the 1718conservator shall reserve to the conservatee the right to change the ben-19eficiary thereof upon the termination of the conservatorship and of any 20guardianship which may have been established for the conservatee.

21 (c) A conservator shall not be obligated by virtue of the conservator's 22appointment to use the conservator's own financial resources for the sup-23 port of the conservatee.

A conservator shall not be personally liable: (d)

25To a third person for the acts of the conservate solely by virtue (1)26of the conservator's appointment, nor shall a conservator who exercises 27 reasonable care in selecting a third person to provide any service to the 28conservatee's estate be liable for any loss to the conservatee's estate re-29 sulting from the wrongful conduct of that third person;

30 (2) on any mortgage note or by reason of the covenants in any instrument of conveyance duly executed by the conservator in the conser-3132 vator's representative capacity as authorized by the court;

on a contract properly entered into in a fiduciary capacity in the 33 (3)34 course of administration of the estate unless the conservator fails to reveal 35 in the contract the representative capacity and to identify the estate;

36 for obligations arising from ownership or control of property of (4)37 the estate or for other acts or omissions occurring in the course of ad-38 ministration of the estate unless the conservator is personally at fault;

39 (5)for any environmental condition on or injury resulting from any 40 environmental condition on land owned or acquired by the conservatee's 41estate: or

42(6) for retaining, until maturity, any security or investment which is included in the conservatee's estate at the time of the establishment of 43

the conservatorship, even though such security or investment may not be
 considered prudent or reasonable.

(e) A conservator shall be entitled to receive on behalf of the conservatee's estate any distributive share of the assets of an estate or trust,
and shall have the same right as any other distributee or beneficiary to
accept or demand distribution in kind, and may retain, until maturity, any
security or investment so distributed to the conservator, even though such
security or investment may not be considered prudent or reasonable.

9 (f) A conservator shall not have the power:

(1) To use the assets of a minor's estate to pay any obligation imposed
by law upon the minor's natural guardian or natural guardians, including
the support, maintenance, care, treatment, habilitation or education of
the minor, except with the specific approval of the court granted upon a
showing of extreme hardship;

15 (2) to sell, convey, lease or mortgage the conservatee's interest in the 16 homestead of the conservatee, except with the approval of the court, and 17 no conservator's deed or other instrument executed by virtue of the 18 court's approval shall be valid unless the spouse, or if the spouse has been 19 adjudicated a person with an impairment in need of a conservator, the 20 conservator appointed for the spouse, shall join therein as one of the 21 grantors thereof;

(3) to lease, except with the approval of the court, the possession or
use of any real estate within the conservatee's estate for any period of
greater than three years;

(4) to sell, convey or mortgage, except with approval of the court, any
real estate within the conservatee's estate;

(5) to sell, convey, lease or mortgage, except with approval of thecourt, any oil, gas or other mineral interest within the conservatee's estate;

(6) to sell, convey, lease or mortgage, except with the approval of the court, the inchoate interest of the conservatee in any real estate the title to which is in the spouse of the conservatee, and no conservator's deed or other instrument executed by virtue of the court's approval shall be valid unless the spouse, or if the spouse has been adjudicated a person with an impairment in need of a conservator, the conservator appointed for the spouse, shall join therein as one of the grantors thereof;

36 (7) to extend, except with the approval of the court, an existing mort37 gage in favor of the conservatee or conservatee's estate, for a period of
38 more than five years;

(8) to extend, except with the approval of the court, an existing mortgage which obligates the conservatee or the conservatee's estate, unless
the extension agreement contains the same prepayment privileges, the
rate of interest does not exceed the lowest rate in the mortgage extended,

43 and the extension does not exceed five years; or

1 (9) to make any gift on behalf of the conservatee, except with the 2 approval of the court upon a finding that:

3 (A) The conservatee had either in the past as a habit made similar
4 gifts or declared an intent to make such a gift, or under the circumstances,
5 would have made such a gift or gifts;

6 (B) sufficient funds and assets will remain in the conservatee's estate 7 after the making of such a gift to meet the expected needs and respon-8 sibilities of the conservatee; and

9 (C) any person or entity who would have received the property to be 10 gifted had the conservatee died at the time of the gift, but who is not the 11 person or entity receiving the gift, has either consented to or agreed with 12 the giving of the gift, in writing, or has received notice of the proposal to 13 make the gift and been given the opportunity to request a hearing thereon 14 by the court to be held prior to the court's approving the gift.

15 (g) The conservator shall file with the court, within 30 days of the 16 court's issuance of letters of conservatorship as provided for in K.S.A. 59-17 3069, and amendments thereto, an initial inventory of all of the property 18 and assets of the conservatee's estate, including any sources of regular 19 income to the estate.

(h) The conservator shall file with the court accountings and other
reports concerning the status of the estate and the actions of the conservator as the court shall direct pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3083, and amendments thereto.

24 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 59-3051, 59-3068, 59-3075 and 59-3078 are hereby 25 repealed.

26 Sec. 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 27 publication in the statute book.