Session of 2005

Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 1606

By Senators Wagle and D. Schmidt, Apple, Barnett, Barone, Brownlee, Bruce, Donovan, Gilstrap, Huelskamp, Jordan, Journey, McGinn, Morris, O'Connor, Ostmeyer, Palmer, Petersen, Pine, Pyle, Reitz, V. Schmidt, Schodorf, Taddiken, Teichman, Umbarger, Wilson and Wysong

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A PROPOSITION to amend section 5 of article 3 of the constitution of 1415 the state of Kansas, relating to the selection of justices of the supreme 16 court. 1718Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Kansas, two-thirds of the 19members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the Senate and two-20thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the House 21of Representatives concurring therein: 22 Section 1. The following proposition to amend the constitution of the 23 state of Kansas shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state for their approval or rejection: Section 5 of article 3 of the constitution 24 25of the state of Kansas is hereby amended to read as follows: 26 "§ 5. Selection of justices of the supreme court. (a) Any va-27 cancy occurring in the office of any justice of the supreme court 28and any position to be open thereon as a result of enlargement 29 of the court, or the retirement or failure of an incumbent to file 30 his such justice's declaration of candidacy to succeed himself be 31 retained in office as hereinafter required, or failure of a justice 32 to be elected to succeed himself be retained in office, shall be 33 filled by appointment by the governor, with the consent of the 34 senate, of one of three persons possessing the qualifications of 35 office who shall be nominated and whose names shall be sub-36 mitted to the governor by the supreme court nominating com-37 mission established as hereinafter provided. 38 In event of the failure of the governor to make the appoint-(b) 39 ment within sixty days from the time the names of the nominees 40 are submitted to him the governor, the chief justice of the supreme court, with the consent of the senate, shall make the ap-4142pointment from such nominees. 43 (c) No person appointed pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of this

1 section shall assume the office of justice of the supreme court 2 until the senate, by an affirmative vote of the majority of all 3 members of the senate then elected or appointed and qualified, consents to such appointment. The senate shall vote to consent 4 $\mathbf{5}$ to any such appointment not later than 30 days after such ap-6 pointment is received by the senate. If the senate is not in session 7 and will not be in session within the 30 day time limitation, the president of the senate shall convene the senate for the sole pur-8 9 pose of voting on such appointment and no other action shall be 10 in order during such session. In the event a majority of the senate 11 does not vote to consent to the appointment, the governor may 12appoint another of the three persons whose names were sub-13 mitted to the governor pursuant to subsection (a) and such subsequent appointment shall be considered by the senate 1415 in the same procedure as provided in this article. If the gov-16ernor fails to make such subsequent appointment within 15 17days after the senate vote on the previous appointee or if 18all three persons whose names were submitted to the gov-19 ernor pursuant to subsection (a) have been considered by, 20but did not receive the consent of, the senate, then the supreme court nominating commission shall submit to the governor 2122 three additional names possessing the qualifications of office and 23 such nominations shall be considered in the same procedure as 24 provided in this article. The same nomination, appointment and 25consent procedure shall be followed until a valid appointment 26has been made. No person who has been previously appointed 27 but did not receive the consent of the senate shall be nominated 28or appointed again for the same vacancy. If the senate fails to 29 vote on an appointment within the 30 day time limitation, the senate shall be deemed to have given consent to such 30 31 appointment. 32 (e) (d) Each justice of the supreme court appointed pursuant to

33 provisions of subsection (a) or(b) of this section and consented 34 to pursuant to the provisions of subsection (c) of this section shall 35 hold office for an initial term ending on the second Monday in January following the first general election that occurs after the 36 37 expiration of twelve months in office. Not less than sixty days 38 prior to the holding of the general election next preceding the 39 expiration of his such justice's term of office, any justice of the 40 supreme court may file in the office of the secretary of state a declaration of candidacy for election to succeed himself be re-4142*tained in office*. If a declaration is not so filed, the position held by such justice shall be open from the expiration of his such 43

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1 justice's term of office. If such declaration is filed, his such jus-2 tice's name shall be submitted at the next general election to the 3 electors of the state on a separate judicial ballot, without party designation, reading substantially as follows: 4 $\mathbf{5}$ "Shall (Here insert name of justice.) 6 7 (Here insert the title of the court.) 8 9 be retained in office?" 10 If a majority of those voting on the question vote against retaining him such justice in office, the position or office which he such 11 justice holds shall be open upon the expiration of his such jus-1213 tice's term of office; otherwise he such justice shall, unless removed for cause, remain in office for the regular term of six years 1415 from the second Monday in January following such election. At the expiration of each term he such justice shall, unless by law 16he such justice is compelled to retire, be eligible for retention in 1718office by election in the manner prescribed in this section. (d) (e) A nonpartisan nominating commission whose duty it shall 19be to nominate and submit to the governor the names of persons 20for appointment to fill vacancies in the office of any justice of 21the supreme court is hereby established, and shall be known as 22 23 the "supreme court nominating commission." Said commission 24 shall be organized as hereinafter provided. (e) (f) The supreme court nominating commission shall be com-25posed as follows: One member, who shall be chairman chair-2627 person, chosen from among their number by the members of the bar who are residents of and licensed in Kansas; one member 2829 from each congressional district chosen from among their number by the resident members of the bar in each such district; and 30 one member, who is not a lawyer, from each congressional dis-31 trict, appointed by the governor from among the residents of 32 33 each such district. 34 (f) (g) The terms of office, the procedure for selection and certification of the members of the commission and provision for 35 their compensation or expenses shall be as provided by the 36 legislature. 37 38 $\frac{(g)}{(h)}$ No member of the supreme court nominating commission shall, while he such person is a member, hold any other public 39 40 office by appointment or any official position in a political party or for six months thereafter be eligible for nomination for the 41office of justice of the supreme court. The commission may act 42only by the concurrence of a majority of its members." 43

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1 Sec. 2. The following statement shall be printed on the ballot with 2 the amendment as a whole: 3 "Explanatory statement. The purpose of this amendment is to require persons appointed by the governor or the chief justice to 4 the office of justice of the supreme court to be consented to by 56 the senate. A procedure is established whereby senate consent 7 would occur with 30 days of receiving the appointment. If the senate does not consent by a majority vote, the supreme court 8 9 nominating commission would submit three more names to the 10 governor. The governor would then select an appointment which would again go to the senate for consent. The same nomination, 11 12appointment and consent procedure would be followed until a 13 valid appointment is made. If the senate fails to vote on on appointment within 30 days, it will be considered that the senate 1415 has consented to the appointment. 16"A vote for this proposition would provide a procedure whereby the 17senate, by majority vote, would consent to the appointment, by 18the governor or chief justice, of supreme court justices. 19"A vote against this proposition would continue in effect the current 20provision whereby the supreme court nominating commission 21nominates three persons for the office of the supreme court and 22the governor appoints one of such persons." 23 Sec. 3. This resolution, if approved by two-thirds of the members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the Senate, and two-thirds of the 24 25members elected (or appointed) and qualified to the House of Repre-26sentatives shall be entered on the journals, together with the yeas and 27 nays. The secretary of state shall cause this resolution to be published as provided by law and shall cause the proposed amendment to be submitted 2829 to the electors of the state at the general election in November in the year 2006 unless a special election is called at a sooner date by concurrent 30 31 resolution of the legislature, in which case it shall be submitted to the 32 electors of the state at the special election.