Session of 2005

## **SENATE BILL No. 181**

By Committee on Judiciary

## 2-2

AN ACT concerning civil procedure; relating to actions filed in violation 10alleging violations of Article 6 of the Kansas constitution; amending 11 12 K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-2102 and repealing the existing section. 13 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 1415New Section 1. (a) If a petition is filed in a district court of this state 16alleging a violation of Article 6 of the Kansas constitution, the chief judge of such district court shall notify the chief justice of the supreme court 1718of such petition within three business days thereafter. 19Within three business days of receiving such notice, the (b) 20chief justice shall notify the chief judge of the court of appeals. 21Within 10 business days of such notification, the chief justice receiving notice by the chief justice, the chief judge shall appoint a panel of 2223 three district court judges to preside over such civil action. The chief 24 judge shall designate one of such judges to be the presiding judge 25of the panel. The judicial panel shall be considered a court of competent 26jurisdiction to hear and decide the civil action. 27 The judicial panel shall establish venue pursuant to section 2, and (c) 28amendments thereto. 29 New Sec. 2. In any civil action where the plaintiff is alleging a vio-30 lation of Article 6 of the Kansas constitution, venue shall be brought in 31the county as designated by the three judge panel appointed pursuant to 32 section 1, and amendments thereto. In making such designation, the ju-33 dicial panel shall consider the location of the parties and the parties' 34 attorneys. witnesses. 35 (b) In any action alleging a violation of article 6 of the consti-36 tution of the state of Kansas, in which the plaintiff alleges that the 37 legislature has failed to provide intellectual, educational, voca-38 tional and scientific improvement in public schools or has failed to 39 make suitable provision for finance of the educational interests of 40 the state, it shall be the plaintiff's burden to prove that moneys appropriated and allocated by the legislature were not sufficient 4142to fund the cost of providing the subjects or areas of instruction 43 required by state law, including reasonable and necessary related instruction, administration, support staff, supplies, equipment and
 building costs.

3 In determining whether a plaintiff has met its burden of (c) proof, the judicial panel shall make such determination based on 4  $\mathbf{5}$ an analysis of adequacy had state moneys been utilized first to fund 6 the reasonable and necessary costs of providing the required sub-7 jects or areas of instruction and related services specified in sub-8 section (b). The judicial panel shall not be bound by the manner 9 in which state moneys were utilized, in fact, by the school district. 10Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-2102 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-2102. (a) As of right. Except for any order or final decision of 11 12a district magistrate judge, the appellate jurisdiction of the court of appeals may be invoked by appeal as a matter of right from: 13

14 (1) An order that discharges, vacates or modifies a provisional 15 remedy.

(2) An order that grants, continues, modifies, refuses or dissolves an
injunction, or an order that grants or refuses relief in the form of mandamus, quo warranto or habeas corpus.

(3) An order that appoints a receiver or refuses to wind up a receivership or to take steps to accomplish the purposes thereof, such as directing sales or other disposal of property, or an order involving the tax or revenue laws, the title to real estate, the constitution of this state or the constitution, laws or treaties of the United States.

(4) A final decision in any action, except in an action where a direct
appeal to the supreme court is required by law. In any appeal or cross
appeal from a final decision, any act or ruling from the beginning of the
proceedings shall be reviewable.

28(b) The appellate jurisdiction of the supreme court may be invoked 29 by appeal as a matter of right from a preliminary or final decision in which 30 a statute of this state has been held unconstitutional as a violation of 31Article 6 of the Kansas constitution pursuant to section 1, and amend-32 ments thereto. Any appeal filed pursuant to this subsection shall be filed 33 within 30 days of the date the preliminary or final decision is filed or 34 within 30 days of the effective date of this act, whichever is later. The 35 provisions of this subsection shall expire on July 1, 2006.

36 (c) Other appeals. When a district judge, in making in a civil action 37 an order not otherwise appealable under this section, is of the opinion 38 that such order involves a controlling question of law as to which there is 39 substantial ground for difference of opinion and that an immediate appeal 40 from the order may materially advance the ultimate termination of the 41litigation, the judge shall so state in writing in such order. The court of 42appeals may thereupon, in its discretion, permit an appeal to be taken 43 from such order, if application is made to it within 10 days after the entry 1 of the order under such terms and conditions as the supreme court fixes

2 by rule. Application for an appeal hereunder shall not stay proceedings

in the district court unless the district judge or an appellate court or ajudge thereof so orders.

5 Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2004 Supp. 60-2102 is hereby repealed.

6 Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 7 publication in the statute book.