SENATE BILL No. 406

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

2-2

9 AN ACT concerning crimes, punishments and penalties; relating to do-10 mestic battery; amending K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3412a and repealing 11 the existing section.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3412a is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3412a. (a) Domestic battery is:

- (1) Intentionally or recklessly causing bodily harm by a family or household member against a family or household member; or
- (2) intentionally causing physical contact with a family or household member by a family or household member when done in a rude, insulting or angry manner.
- (b) (1) Upon a first conviction of a violation of domestic battery, a person shall be guilty of a class B person misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours nor more than six months' imprisonment and fined not less than \$200, nor more than \$500 or in the court's discretion the court may enter an order which requires the person enroll in and successfully complete a domestic violence prevention program.
- If, within five years immediately preceding commission of the crime, a person is convicted of a violation of domestic battery a second time, such person shall be guilty of a class A person misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's year of imprisonment and fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000. The person convicted must serve at lease five consecutive days of imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. The five days' five-day imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' hours of imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. The person convicted must serve at least five consecutive days' imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. As a condition of any grant of probation, suspension of sentence or parole or of any other release, the person shall be required to enter into and complete a treat-

 ment program for domestic violence prevention.

- (3) If, within five years immediately preceding commission of the crime, a person is convicted of a violation of domestic battery a third or subsequent time, such On the third or subsequent conviction of a violation of this section, a person shall be guilty of a person felony and sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's year imprisonment and fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' days of imprisonment. The court may also may require as a condition of parole that such person enter into and complete a treatment program for domestic violence. The 90 days' ninety-day imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' hours imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program.
 - (c) As used in this section:
- (1) Family or household member means persons 18 years of age or older who are spouses, former spouses, parents or stepparents and children or stepchildren, and persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, grandparents, stepgrandparents, persons who are or previously had been involved in an intimate relationship and persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or who have lived together at any time. Family or household member also includes a man and woman if the woman is pregnant and the man is alleged to be the father, regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time; and
- (2) for the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first, second, third or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this section:
- (A) "Conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of this section or entering into a diversion or deferred judgment agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this section;
- (B) "conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of a law of another state, or an ordinance of any city, or resolution of any county, which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits or entering into a diversion or deferred judgment agreement in lieu of further criminal proceedings in a case alleging a violation of such law, ordinance or resolution; and
- (C) only convictions occurring in the immediately preceding five years including prior to the effective date of this act shall be taken into account, but the court may consider other prior convictions in determining the sentence to be imposed within the limits provided for a first,

- second, third or subsequent offender, whichever is applicable, and
- 2 (D) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after con-
- 3 viction for a previous offense.
- 4 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3412a is hereby repealed.
- 5 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its
- 6 publication in the statute book.