Session of 2004

## **HOUSE Substitute for SENATE BILL No. 136**

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

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9 AN ACT concerning university and campus police officers; amending 10 K.S.A. 21-3110, 21-3409, 21-3411 and 72-8222 and K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3413, 21-3415, 22-2401a, 74-5602 and 76-726 and repealing the 11 12 existing sections. 13 14Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 15Section 1. K.S.A. 21-3110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-16 3110. The following definitions shall apply when the words and phrases 17defined are used in this code, except when a particular context clearly 18 requires a different meaning. 19 "Act" includes a failure or omission to take action. (1)20(2)"Another" means a person or persons as defined in this code other 21than the person whose act is claimed to be criminal. 22 (3)"Conduct" means an act or a series of acts, and the accompanying 23 mental state. 24 (4)"Conviction" includes a judgment of guilt entered upon a plea of 25guilty. 26 "Deception" means knowingly and willfully making a false state-(5)27ment or representation, express or implied, pertaining to a present or past 28existing fact. 29(6)To "deprive permanently" means to: 30 Take from the owner the possession, use or benefit of his or her (a) 31 property, without an intent to restore the same; or 32 (b) Retain property without intent to restore the same or with intent 33 to restore it to the owner only if the owner purchases or leases it back, 34 or pays a reward or other compensation for its return; or 35 (c) Sell, give, pledge or otherwise dispose of any interest in property 36 or subject it to the claim of a person other than the owner. 37 (7)"Dwelling" means a building or portion thereof, a tent, a vehicle 38 or other enclosed space which is used or intended for use as a human 39 habitation, home or residence. "Forcible felony" includes any treason, murder, voluntary man-40 (8)slaughter, rape, robbery, burglary, arson, kidnapping, aggravated battery, 4142aggravated sodomy and any other felony which involves the use or threat 43 of physical force or violence against any person.

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1 (9) "Intent to defraud" means an intention to deceive another person, 2 and to induce such other person, in reliance upon such deception, to 3 assume, create, transfer, alter or terminate a right, obligation or power 4 with reference to property.

(10) "Law enforcement officer" means:

6 (*a*) Any person who by virtue of such person's office or public em-7 ployment is vested by law with a duty to maintain public order or to make 8 arrests for crimes, whether that duty extends to all crimes or is limited to 9 specific crimes <del>or</del>;

(b) any officer of the Kansas department of corrections or, for the
purposes of K.S.A. 21-3409, 21-3411 and 21-3415 and subsection (a)(2)
of K.S.A. 21-3413, and amendments thereto, any employee of the Kansas

13 department of corrections; or

14 (c) any university police officer or campus police officer, as defined 15 in K.S.A. 22-2401a, and amendments thereto.

16 (11) "Obtain" means to bring about a transfer of interest in or pos-17 session of property, whether to the offender or to another.

(12) "Obtains or exerts control" over property includes but is not
limited to, the taking, carrying away, or the sale, conveyance, or transfer
of title to, interest in, or possession of property.

21 (13) "Owner" means a person who has any interest in property.

(14) "Person" means an individual, public or private corporation, gov-ernment, partnership, or unincorporated association.

(15) "Personal property" means goods, chattels, effects, evidences of
rights in action and all written instruments by which any pecuniary obligation, or any right or title to property real or personal, shall be created,
acknowledged, assigned, transferred, increased, defeated, discharged, or
dismissed.

(16) "Property" means anything of value, tangible or intangible, realor personal.

(17) "Prosecution" means all legal proceedings by which a person'sliability for a crime is determined.

(18) "Public employee" is a person employed by or acting for the
state or by or for a county, municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of the state for the purpose of exercising their
respective powers and performing their respective duties, and who is not
a "public officer."

38 (19) "Public officer" includes the following, whether elected or 39 appointed:

40 (a) An executive or administrative officer of the state, or a county,
41 municipality or other subdivision or governmental instrumentality of or
42 within the state.

43 (b) A member of the legislature or of a governing board of a county,

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1 municipality, or other subdivision of or within the state.

2 (c) A judicial officer, which shall include a judge of the district court,

3 juror, master or any other person appointed by a judge or court to hear4 or determine a cause or controversy.

5 (d) A hearing officer, which shall include any person authorized by 6 law or private agreement, to hear or determine a cause or controversy 7 and who is not a judicial officer.

(e) A law enforcement officer.

9 (f) Any other person exercising the functions of a public officer under 10 color of right.

(20) "Real property" or "real estate" means every estate, interest, andright in lands, tenements and hereditaments.

(21) "Solicit" or "solicitation" means to command, authorize, urge,incite, request, or advise another to commit a crime.

(22) "State" or "this state" means the state of Kansas and all land and
water in respect to which the state of Kansas has either exclusive or concurrent jurisdiction, and the air space above such land and water. "Other
state" means any state or territory of the United States, the District of
Columbia and the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico.

20 (23) "Stolen property" means property over which control has been 21 obtained by theft.

22 (24) "Threat" means a communicated intent to inflict physical or 23 other harm on any person or on property.

(25) "Written instrument" means any paper, document or other instrument containing written or printed matter or the equivalent thereof, used for purposes of reciting, embodying, conveying or recording information, and any money, token, stamp, seal, badge, trademark, or other evidence or symbol of value, right, privilege or identification, which is capable of being used to the advantage or disadvantage of some person.

30 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 21-3409 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-31 3409. (*a*) Assault of a law enforcement officer is an assault, as defined in 32 K.S.A. 21-3408 and amendments thereto<sub>5</sub>:

(1) Committed against a uniformed or properly identified state,
county or city law enforcement officer while such officer is engaged in
the performance of such officer's duty; or

(2) committed against a uniformed or properly identified university
or campus police officer while such officer is engaged in the performance
of such officer's duty.

(b) Assault of a law enforcement officer is a class A person 40 misdemeanor.

41 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 21-3411 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-42 3411. (*a*) Aggravated assault of a law enforcement officer is an aggravated

43 assault, as defined in K.S.A. 21-3410 and amendments thereto;

1 (1) Committed against a uniformed or properly identified state, 2 county or city law enforcement officer while such officer is engaged in 3 the performance of such officer's duty; *or* 

4 (2) committed against a uniformed or properly identified university
5 or campus police officer while such officer is engaged in the performance
6 of such officer's duty.

(b) Aggravated assault of a law enforcement officer is a severity level
6, person felony. A person convicted of aggravated assault of a law enforcement officer shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of
K.S.A. 21-4704, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3413 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 21-3413. Battery against a law enforcement officer is a battery,
as defined in K.S.A. 21-3412 and amendments thereto:

(a) (1) Committed against a uniformed or properly identified state,
county or city law enforcement officer, other than a state correctional
officer or employee, a city or county correctional officer or employee, a
juvenile correctional facility officer or employee or a juvenile detention
facility officer or employee, while such officer is engaged in the performance of such officer's duty;

(2) committed against a state correctional officer or employee by a
person in custody of the secretary of corrections, while such officer or
employee is engaged in the performance of such officer's or employee's
duty;

(3) committed against a juvenile correctional facility officer or employee by a person confined in such juvenile correctional facility, while
such officer or employee is engaged in the performance of such officer's
or employee's duty;

(4) committed against a juvenile detention facility officer or employee
by a person confined in such juvenile detention facility, while such officer
or employee is engaged in the performance of such officer's or employee's
duty; or

(5) committed against a city or county correctional officer or employee by a person confined in a city holding facility or county jail facility,
while such officer or employee is engaged in the performance of such officer's or employee's duty; *or*

36 (6) committed against a uniformed or properly identified university
37 or campus police officer while such officer is engaged in the performance
38 of such officer's duty.

(b) Battery against a law enforcement officer as defined in subsection
(a)(1) is a class A person misdemeanor. Battery against a law enforcement
officer as defined in subsection (a)(2), (a)(3), (a)(4) or (a)(5) is a severity

42 level 5, person felony.

43 (c) As used in this section:

"Correctional institution" means any institution or facility under 1 (1)2 the supervision and control of the secretary of corrections.

3 (2) "State correctional officer or employee" means any officer or employee of the Kansas department of corrections or any independent con-4 5tractor, or any employee of such contractor, working at a correctional 6 institution.

7 (3)"Juvenile correctional facility officer or employee" means any of-8 ficer or employee of the juvenile justice authority or any independent 9 contractor, or any employee of such contractor, working at a juvenile 10 correctional facility, as defined in K.S.A. 38-1602 and amendments 11 thereto.

12(4)"Juvenile detention facility officer or employee" means any officer 13 or employee of a juvenile detention facility as defined in K.S.A. 38-1602 14and amendments thereto.

15(5) "City or county correctional officer or employee" means any cor-16 rectional officer or employee of the city or county or any independent 17contractor, or any employee of such contractor, working at a city holding 18 facility or county jail facility.

19 Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3415 is hereby amended to read as 20follows: 21-3415. (a) Aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer 21is:

22 (1) An aggravated battery, as defined in subsection (a)(1)(A) of K.S.A. 23 21-3414 and amendments thereto, committed against: (A) A uniformed 24 or properly identified state, county or city law enforcement officer while 25the officer is engaged in the performance of the officer's duty; or (B) a 26 uniformed or properly identified university or campus police officer while 27such officer is engaged in the performance of such officer's duty; 28

(2) an aggravated battery, as defined in subsection (a)(1)(B) or (a)(1)(C) of K.S.A. 21-3414 and amendments thereto, committed against: 2930 (A) A uniformed or properly identified state, county or city law enforcement officer while the officer is engaged in the performance of the offi-31 32 cer's duty; or (B) a uniformed or properly identified university or campus 33 police officer while such officer is engaged in the performance of such 34 officer's duty; or

35 (3) intentionally causing, with a motor vehicle, bodily harm to: (A) A 36 uniformed or properly identified state, county or city law enforcement 37 officer with a motor vehicle, while the officer is engaged in the perform-38 ance of the officer's duty; or (B) a uniformed or properly identified university or campus police officer while such officer is engaged in the per-39 40 formance of such officer's duty.

41 (b) (1) Aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer as de-42scribed in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(3) is a severity level 3, person felony. 43

Aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer as described (2)

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1 in subsection (a)(2) is a severity level 6, person felony.

2 (3) A person convicted of aggravated battery against a law enforce3 ment officer shall be subject to the provisions of subsection (g) of K.S.A.
4 21-4704 and amendments thereto.

5 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 22-2401a is hereby amended to read as 6 follows: 22-2401a. (1) Law enforcement officers employed by consoli-7 dated county law enforcement agencies or departments and sheriffs and 8 their deputies may exercise their powers as law enforcement officers:

(a) Anywhere within their county; and

10 (b) in any other place when a request for assistance has been made 11 by law enforcement officers from that place or when in fresh pursuit of 12 a person.

13 (2) Law enforcement officers employed by any city may exercise theirpowers as law enforcement officers:

(a) Anywhere within the city limits of the city employing them and
outside of such city when on property owned or under the control of such
city; and

(b) in any other place when a request for assistance has been madeby law enforcement officers from that place or when in fresh pursuit ofa person.

(3) University police officers employed by the chief executive officer
 of any state educational institution or municipal university may exercise
 their powers as university police the power and authority of law enforce ment officers anywhere:

(a) On property owned, *occupied* or operated by the state educational institution or municipal university, by a board of trustees of the state educational institution; *or by* an endowment association, <del>an</del> athletic association, <del>a</del> fraternity, sorority or other student group associated with the state educational institution or municipal university;

(b) on the streets, property and highways immediately adjacent to the
 campus of the state educational institution or municipal university and
 coterminous with property described in subsection (3)(a);

33 (c) within the city where such property as described in this subsection 34 or county where property described in subsection (3)(a) is located, as 35 necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of students and faculty 36 of the state educational institution or municipal university, with appro-37 priate agreement by the local law enforcement agencies. Such agreements 38 shall include provisions defining the geographical scope of the jurisdiction 39 conferred, circumstances requiring the extended jurisdiction, scope of law 40enforcement powers and duration of the agreement. *Before* any agree-41ment entered into pursuant to this provision *shall take effect, it* shall be 42 approved by the governing body of the city or county, or both, having 43 jurisdiction where such property is located, and the chief executive officer of the state educational institution or municipal university involved before
 such agreement may take effect; and;

3 (d) additionally with appropriate notification of and coordination with local law enforcement agencies, within the city or county where 4 property described in subsection (3)(a) is located, when there is reason 56 to believe that a violation of a state law, a county resolution, or a city 7 ordinance has occurred on such property described in subsection (3)(a)or (b), such officers with appropriate notification of, and coordination 8 9 with, local law enforcement agencies or departments, may, as necessary 10 to investigate and arrest persons for such a violation anywhere within the 11 city where such property, streets and highways are located. Such officers 12also may exercise such powers in any other place;

(e) when in fresh pursuit of a person. University police officers shall
 also have authority to transport;

(f) when transporting persons in custody to an appropriate facility,
wherever it may be located. University police officers at the university of
Kansas medical center may provide; and

(g) when providing emergency transportation of medical supplies andtransplant organs.

(4) In addition to the areas where law enforcement officers may exercise their powers pursuant to subsection (2), law enforcement officers
of any jurisdiction within Johnson or Sedgwick county may exercise their
powers as law enforcement officers in any area within the respective
county when executing a valid arrest warrant or search warrant, to the
extent necessary to execute such warrants.

26(5) In addition to the areas where university police officers may ex-27ercise their powers pursuant to subsection (3), university police officers 28may exercise the powers of law enforcement officers in any area outside 29their normal jurisdiction when a request for assistance has been made by 30 law enforcement officers from the area for which assistance is requested. 31 In addition to the areas where law enforcement officers may ex-(6)32 ercise their powers pursuant to subsection (2), law enforcement officers 33 of any jurisdiction within Johnson county may exercise their powers as 34 law enforcement officers in any adjoining city within Johnson county 35 when any crime, including a traffic infraction, has been or is being com-36 mitted by a person in view of the law enforcement officer. A law enforce-37 ment officer shall be considered to be exercising such officer's powers 38 pursuant to subsection (2), when such officer is responding to the scene 39 of a crime, even if such officer exits the city limits of the city employing the officer and further reenters the city limits of the city employing the 4041officer to respond to such scene.

42 (7) Campus police officers employed by a community college or school
 43 district may exercise the power and authority of law enforcement officers

*1 anywhere:* 

2 (a) On property owned, occupied or operated by the school district 3 or community college or at the site of a function sponsored by the school 4 district or community college; (b) on the streets, property and highways immediately adjacent to 56 and coterminous with property described in subsection (7)(a); 7 (c) within the city or county where property described in subsection 8 (7)(a) is located, as necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of 9 students and faculty of the school district or community college, with 10 appropriate agreement by local law enforcement agencies. Such agreements shall include provisions, defining the geographical scope of the ju-11 12risdiction conferred, circumstances requiring the extended jurisdiction, 13 scope of law enforcement powers and duration of the agreement. Before 14any agreement entered into pursuant to this section shall take effect, it 15shall be approved by the governing body of the city or county, or both, 16 having jurisdiction where such property is located, and the board of ed-17ucation or board of trustees involved; 18 (d) with appropriate notification of and coordination with local law 19 enforcement agencies, within the city or county where property described 20in subsection (7)(a) is located, when there is reason to believe that a vi-21olation of a state law, county resolution or city ordinance has occurred 22 on such property, as necessary to investigate and arrest persons for such 23 a violation; 24(e) when in fresh pursuit of a person; and 25(f) when transporting persons in custody to an appropriate facility, wherever it may be located. 2627(7) (8) As used in this section: 28"Law enforcement officer" has the meaning ascribed thereto in (a) 29 K.S.A. 22-2202 and amendments thereto. (b) "University police officers officer" means university police officers 30 31 a police officer employed by the chief executive officer of: (1) Any state 32 educational institution under the control and supervision of the state 33 board of regents; or (2) a municipal university. 34 "Campus police officer" means a school security officer designated (c)35 as a campus police officer pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8222, and amendments 36 thereto. 37  $\frac{(e)}{(d)}$ "Fresh pursuit" means pursuit, without unnecessary delay, of 38 a person who has committed a crime, or who is reasonably suspected of 39 having committed a crime. 40Sec. 7. K.S.A. 72-8222 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-41 8222. (a) The board of education of any school district or the board of

42 trustees of any community college may employ school security officers,

43 and may designate any one or more of such school security officers as a

1 school law enforcement campus police officer, to aid and supplement law

2 enforcement agencies of this state and of the community the state and of
3 the city and county in which the school district or community college is
4 located.

(b) The protective function of school security officers and school law 56 enforcement officers shall extend to all school district property of the 7 school district or community college and the protection of students, teachers and other employees together with the property of such persons on 8 9 or in any school or *community* college property or areas adjacent thereto, 10 or while attending or located at the site of any school or community college-sponsored function. While engaged in the protective functions 11 12specified in this section, each school security officer and each school law 13 enforcement officer shall possess and exercise all general law enforce-14ment powers, rights, privileges, protections and immunities in every county in which there is located any part of the territory of the school 1516 district or community college.

17(c) The protective function of campus police officers shall extend to 18all property of the school district or community college and the protection 19 of students, teachers and other employees together with the property of 20such persons on or in any school or community college property or areas 21adjacent thereto, or while attending or located at the site of any school or 22 community college-sponsored function. While engaged in the protective 23 functions specified in this section, each campus police officer shall possess 24 and exercise all general law enforcement powers, rights, privileges, pro-25tections and immunities in every county in which there is located any part 26 of the territory of the school district or community college.

27(d) In addition to enforcement of state law, county resolutions and 28city ordinances, campus police officers shall enforce rules and regulations 29and rules and policies of the board of trustees or school board, whether 30 or not violation thereof constituents a criminal offense. While on duty, 31 campus police officers shall wear and display publicly a badge of office. 32 No such badge shall be required to be worn by any plain clothes inves-33 tigator or departmental administrator, but any such officer shall present 34 proper credentials and identification when required in the performance 35 of such officer's duties. In performance of any of the powers, duties and 36 functions authorized by this section, K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 22-2401a, and 37 amendments thereto, or any other law, campus police officers shall have 38 the same rights, protections and immunities afforded other law enforce-39 ment officers.

(e) The board of education of each school district shall adopt a policy
providing for notification of a student's parents or guardians whenever
the student is taken into custody by a campus police officer.

43 Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 74-5602 is hereby amended to read as

follows: 74-5602. As used in the Kansas law enforcement training act: 1 2 (a) "Training center" means the law enforcement training center 3 within the division of continuing education of the university of Kansas, created by K.S.A. 74-5603 and amendments thereto. 4  $\mathbf{5}$ (b) "Commission" means the Kansas law enforcement training com-6 mission, created by K.S.A. 74-5606 and amendments thereto. 7 (c) "Dean" means the dean of the division of continuing education 8 of the university of Kansas. 9 (d) "Director," as created in K.S.A. 74-5603 and amendments 10 thereto, means the director of police training at the law enforcement 11 training center. 12 "Police officer" or "law enforcement officer" means a full-time or (e) 13 part-time salaried officer or employee of the state, a county or a city, 14whose duties include the prevention or detection of crime and the en-15forcement of the criminal or traffic laws of this state or of any municipality 16 thereof. Such terms shall include, but not be limited to, the sheriff, un-17dersheriff and full-time or part-time salaried deputies in the sheriff's of-18fice in each county; deputy sheriffs deputized pursuant to K.S.A. 19-2858 19 and amendments thereto; conservation officers of the Kansas department 20 of wildlife and parks; campus police officers at all state educational institutions or a municipal university university police officers, as defined in 2122 K.S.A. 22-2401a, and amendments thereto; campus police officers, as de-23 fined in K.S.A. 22-2401a, and amendments thereto; law enforcement 24 agents of the director of alcoholic beverage control; law enforcement 25agents of the Kansas lottery; law enforcement agents of the Kansas racing 26 commission; deputies and assistants of the state fire marshal having law 27enforcement authority; capitol area security guards, existing under the 28authority of K.S.A. 75-4503 and amendments thereto. Such terms shall 29also include railroad policemen appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 66-524 and 30 amendments thereto; and school security officers designated as school 31 law enforcement officers pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8222 and amendments 32 thereto. Such terms shall not include any elected official, other than a 33 sheriff, serving in the capacity of a law enforcement or police officer solely 34 by virtue of such official's elected position; any attorney-at-law having 35 responsibility for law enforcement and discharging such responsibility 36 solely in the capacity of an attorney; any employee of the commissioner 37 of juvenile justice, the secretary of corrections or the secretary of social 38 and rehabilitation services; any deputy conservation officer of the Kansas 39 department of wildlife and parks; or any employee of a city or county who 40is employed solely to perform correctional duties related to jail inmates 41and the administration and operation of a jail; or any full-time or part-42 time salaried officer or employee whose duties include the issuance of a 43 citation or notice to appear provided such officer or employee is not vested by law with the authority to make an arrest for violation of the laws
 of this state or any municipality thereof, and is not authorized to carry
 firearms when discharging the duties of such person's office or employ ment. Such term shall include any officer appointed or elected on a pro visional basis.

6 (f) "Full-time" means employment requiring at least 1,000 hours of 7 work per year.

8 (g) "Part-time" means employment on a regular schedule or employ9 ment which requires a minimum number of hours each payroll period,
10 but in any case requiring less than 1,000 hours of work per year.

11 "Misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" means a violation of (h) 12domestic battery as provided by K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 21-3412a and amend-13 ments thereto, or any other misdemeanor under federal, municipal or 14state law that has as an element the use or attempted use of physical 15force, or the threatened use of a deadly weapon, committed by a current 16or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with 17whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabiting 18with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, parent or guardian, or 19 by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent or guardian of the victim. 20"Auxiliary personnel" means members of organized nonsalaried (i) 21groups which operate as an adjunct to a police or sheriff's department, 22 including reserve officers, posses and search and rescue groups.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 76-726 is hereby amended to read as follows: 76-726. (a) The chief executive officer of any state educational institution may employ university police officers to aid and supplement state and local law enforcement agencies. Such university police officers shall have the power and authority of law enforcement officers: (1) On property owned or operated by the state educational institution, by a board of trustees of the state educational institution, an endowment association,

an athletic association, a fraternity, sorority or other student group asso ciated with the state educational institution;

32 (2) on the streets, property and highways immediately adjacent to the
 33 campus of the state educational institution;

34 (3) within the city where such property as described in this subsection
 35 is located, as necessary to protect the health, safety and welfare of stu-

36 dents and faculty of the state educational institution or municipal univer-

37 sity, with appropriate agreement by local law enforcement agencies. Such

38 agreements shall include provisions, defining the geographical scope of

39 the jurisdiction conferred, circumstances requiring the extended jurisdic-

40 tion, scope of law enforcement powers and duration of the agreement.

41 Any agreement entered into pursuant to this provision shall be approved

42 by the governing body of the city or county, or both, having jurisdiction

43 where such property is located, and the chief executive officer of the state

1 educational institution or municipal university involved before such 2 agreement may take effect; and 3 (4) additionally when there is reason to believe that a violation of a 4 state law, a county resolution, or a city ordinance has occurred on property  $\mathbf{5}$ described in provisions (1) or (2), such officers, with appropriate notifi-6 cation of, and coordination with, local law enforcement agencies, may 7 investigate and arrest persons for such a violation anywhere within the 8 city where such property, streets and highways are located. University 9 police officers shall also have authority to transport persons in custody to 10 an appropriate facility, wherever it may be located. University police of-11 ficers at the university of Kansas medical center may provide emergency 12 transportation of medical supplies and transplant organs. 13 (b) In addition to enforcement of state law, county resolutions and 14city ordinances, university police officers shall enforce rules and regula-15tions of the board of regents and rules and policies of the state educational 16 institution, whether or not violation thereof constitutes a criminal offense. 17Every While on duty, university police officer shall, while on duty, officers 18 shall wear and publicly display a badge of office, except that. No such 19 badge shall be required to be worn by any plain clothes investigator or 20 departmental administrator, but any such person officer shall present 21proper credentials and identification when required in the performance 22 of such officer's duties. In performance of any of the powers, duties and 23 functions authorized by this act section, K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 22-2401a, and 24 amendments thereto, or any other law, university police officers shall have 25the same rights, protections and immunities afforded to other law enforcement officers. 26 27Sec. 10. K.S.A. 21-3110, 21-3409, 21-3411 and 72-8222 and K.S.A. 282003 Supp. 21-3413, 21-3415, 22-2401a, 74-5602 and 76-726 are hereby 29 repealed.

30 Sec. 11. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 31 publication in the statute book.