Session of 2004

HOUSE BILL No. 2867

By Committee on Health and Human Services

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AN ACT concerning adult care homes; providing for a medical review 9 10 panel. 11 12 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 13 Section 1. (a) The legislature finds that the number of lawsuits, 14claims for damages and the large judgments and settlements has precip-15itated a malpractice insurance crisis which affects the entire health care 16system including health care providers in the adult care home industry. 17Additionally, increased delays in the litigation process delays recovery by 18claimants with meritorious cases and increased the overall costs to all 19 parties involved in a lawsuit. 20(b) To identify and encourage the early resolution of meritorious 21claims and the withdrawal or dismissal of non-meritorious claims the leg-22 islature finds it is in the best interests of the state and the parties involved 23 to have such claims heard by a medical review panel. 24 Sec. 2. As used in this act: 25(a) "Adult care home" means any nursing facility, nursing facility for 26 mental health, intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded, as-27sisted living facility, residential health care facility, home plus, boarding 28care home and adult day care facility, all of which classifications of adult 29care homes are required to be licensed by the secretary of aging. 30 "Health care" means any act or treatment provided, or which (b) 31 should have been provided, by any health care provider to or on behalf 32 of a patient during the course of the patient's care or confinement in an 33 adult care home. 34 "Health care provider" means any individual, partnership, cor-(c) 35 poration, facility or institution licensed by this state to provide health care 36 or medical professional services in the field of long-term care including 37 any officer, employee or agent of an adult care home acting within the 38 scope of such individual's employment. 39 "Medical malpractice" means any action against a health care pro-(d) 40 vider alleging personal injuries resulting from health care rendered, the 41 failure to render health care or any other alleged departure from accepted 42standards of health care by the health care provider. 43 "Resident" means all individuals kept, cared for, treated, boarded (e)

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1 or otherwise accommodated in any adult care home.

2 Sec. 3. (a) No action against a health care provider may be com-3 menced in any court of this state before the claimant's complaint has 4 been presented to a medical review panel and an opinion is rendered by 5 this panel. Any action commenced without a determination by the panel 6 shall be dismissed without prejudice for failure to comply with this 7 section.

8 (b) Submission of a medical malpractice claim to a medical review 9 panel shall toll the running of the applicable statute of limitation period 10 for that claim until 90 days after the panel's final decision is delivered to 11 the claimant and the claimant's attorney by certified mail.

Sec. 4. The commissioner of insurance shall administer the provisions of this act and shall adopt rules and regulations as may be necessary
to implement the provisions of this act.

Sec. 5. (a) A claim of medical malpractice against a health care provider within the meaning of this act shall be filed with the commissioner
of insurance.

(b) Within 10 days of the filing of a notice of a medical malpractice
claim with the department of insurance together with proof of service on
the respondent health care provider, the commissioner of insurance shall
select a medical review panel composed of:

(1) A geriatric-trained clinician from a state accredited school;

23 (2) a health care provider as defined in section 2, and amendments24 thereto;

(3) a licensed physician of medicine and surgery who shall be fromthe same field of medicine as the individual against whom the claim isfiled; and

(4) a non-voting attorney who shall be a practitioner with experiencein the trial of personal injury cases and who shall serve as the panelchairperson.

31 (c) The commissioner of insurance shall select the panel members 32 from a list of such professionals maintained by the department of insur-33 ance. The licensing agency for each profession shall submit a list of names 34 to the insurance commissioner from which medical review panel mem-35 bers may be selected.

36 (d) Members of the medical review panel shall be paid amounts as 37 provided in subsection (e) of K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments thereto.

38 Sec. 6. (a) The notice of claim filed with the department of insurance 39 shall contain a brief statement of facts of the claim, the names of the 40 persons involved and the dates and circumstances of the alleged act or 41 acts of medical malpractice.

42 (b) A health care provider named by the claimant in the notice of 43 claim shall respond within 10 days of receiving the service of the notice of claim. The response shall be served upon the claimant, or the claimant's
 attorney if claimant has hired an attorney, and filed with the department
 of insurance together with proof of service.

(c) The parties shall submit to the screening panel all written evidentiary material, including, but not limited to, medical and hospital reports,
X-rays, laboratory tests, excerpts of treatises and other documents relevant to the claim no less than five days before the hearing. Each party
shall send a copy of all evidence submitted to the panel to the opposing
party.

10 (d) The hearing shall consist of the testimony of witnesses and pres-11 entations by the parties or their counsel or both. The hearing shall be 12 informal and confidential. No stenographic record shall be made of the 13 hearing. All evidence, documents and exhibits shall, at the close of the 14 hearing, be returned to the parties or witnesses from whom they were 15 obtained.

(e) The panel shall have the authority to subpoen witnesses and doc-uments and to administer oaths.

18Upon application of any party or upon its own discretion, the panel (f) 19 may request the insurance commissioner to appoint an additional impar-20tial, licensed physician of medicine and surgery having particular expertise 21in the medical specialty involved to assist in the determination of the 22 claim. Such physician may conduct a physical examination of the claimant 23 upon the request of a party or of the panel. The panel shall determine 24the fee and expenses to be paid to such physician. The parties to the 25hearing shall share equally in paying such fee and expenses.

(g) The panel shall render a written decision on the claim no laterthan 30 days after completion of the hearing.

Sec. 7. (a) The medical review panel by a majority of its membersshall render one or more of the following opinions:

(1) The evidence does not support a conclusion that the health careprovider failed to comply with the appropriate standard of care.

32 (2) The evidence supports a conclusion that the health care provider
33 failed to comply with the appropriate standard of care and such failure
34 was a proximate cause of the alleged damages.

(3) The evidence supports a conclusion that the health care provider
failed to comply with the appropriate standard of care but such failure
was not the proximate cause of the alleged damages.

(4) The evidence indicates that there is a material issue of fact, not
requiring expert opinion, bearing on liability for consideration by a court
or jury.

(5) If the panel's opinion is that set forth in paragraph (2) of subsection (a), the panel may determine whether the claimant suffered any disability or impairment and the extent and duration of the disability or

the percentage of the impairment. 1 2 (b) If the panel's opinion is that set forth in paragraph (2) of subsec-3 tion (a), the panel may decide the amount, if any, which in its recom-4 mendation should reasonably be offered for settlement of the claim. The 5amount shall specify which portion of the amount recommended is at-6 tributable to economic losses and which is attributable to non-economic 7 losses. The panel may not recommend punitive damages. 8 (c) The panel's decision shall be in writing. Any member of the panel 9 who does not agree with the panel's decision may file a dissenting opinion. 10 The panel shall sit as an expert advisory board. The panel's de-(d) 11 cision shall be without administrative or judicial authority and shall not 12 be binding on any party. 13 Sec. 8. (a) The opinion reached by the screening panel shall be ad-14missible as evidence in any action subsequently brought by the claimant in a court of law on the same claim, however, any amount recommended 1516 by the panel in settlement of the claim shall be inadmissible. Any dis-17senting opinion filed with the panel decision shall be admissible into ev-18idence in such action. The opinion of the screening panel shall be of 19 evidentiary value only and not conclusive as to the merits of the case. 20No member of the panel shall be deposed for or testify at a sub-(b) 21sequent trial of the same claim. 22 (c) Panel members shall have absolute immunity from civil liability 23for all communications, findings, opinions, conclusions and recommen-24 dations made in the course and scope of duties prescribed by this act. 25Sec. 9. (a) If the medical review panel finds in favor of the claimant 26and the respondent makes an offer of settlement to the claimant in at 27least the amount recommended by the panel for settlement of the claim, 28but such offer is rejected by the claimant, the claimant may file an action 29in a court of law. If the claimant does not obtain a judgment that is at 30 least 25% higher than the amount offered in settlement by the defendant, the claimant shall be liable for the defendant's reasonable costs and at-31 32 torney fees incurred in the court action. 33 (b) If the medical review panel finds in favor of the claimant and the 34 defendant fails to make an offer of settlement to the claimant in at least 35 the amount recommended by the panel for settlement of the claim, the 36 claimant may file an action in a court of law. If the defendant does not 37 obtain a favorable judgment in court, the defendant shall be liable for the 38 claimant's reasonable costs and attorney fees incurred in court action. 39 (c) If the panel decision is not in favor of the claimant, the claimant 40 may file an action in a court of law. If the claimant does not obtain a 41 favorable judgment in court, the claimant shall be liable for the defend-42 ant's reasonable costs and attorney fees incurred in the court action.

43 Sec. 10. (a) Presentation of a medical malpractice claim to a state

screening panel involving health care providers pursuant to this act shall
 be a condition precedent to commencement of an action on the same
 claim in federal district court. No such action shall be commenced in
 federal district court without the medical review panel having previously
 rendered its opinion.
 (b) Any report of the opinion reached by the panel shall be admissible
 as evidence in any action subsequently brought by the claimant on the

8 same claim in federal district court, however, any amount recommended9 by the medical review panel in settlement of the claim shall be inadmis-

10 sible in the federal court.

Sec. 11. This act shall be part of and supplemental to the adult carehome act.

Sec. 12. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after itspublication in the statute book.