Session of 2004

## HOUSE BILL No. 2679

By Committee on Taxation

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9 AN ACT concerning sales taxation; relating to exemptions; identification 10 numbers and certificates; amending K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 79-3651 and 11 repealing the existing section. 1213 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 14New Section 1. On and after January 1, 2005, any entity or organi-15zation claiming an exemption from sales tax on its purchases of tangible 16 personal property or services under the specific exemptions listed in this 17section, shall prior to claiming any such exemption, apply to and obtain 18 from the secretary of revenue an exempt organization identification num-19 ber. Such exemptions are subsections (b), (c), (s), (z), (hh), (ii), (jj), (ll), 20(oo), (qq), (ss), (tt), (uu), (vv), (ww), (xx), (yy), (zz), (aaa), (ccc) and (ggg) 21of K.S.A. 79-3606, and amendments thereto. The secretary shall prescribe 22 the application form for such number, and such entity or organization 23 shall provide with the application information sufficient to establish that 24 such entity or organization qualifies for the sales tax exemption. Such 25entity shall enter the issued identification number on any exemption cer-26tificate presented to any retailer when claiming the sales tax exemption 27on any purchases. 28Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 79-3651 is hereby amended to read as 29follows: 79-3651. (a) For the purpose of the proper administration of the 30 Kansas retailers' sales tax act and to prevent evasion of the tax imposed 31 thereunder, it shall be presumed that all gross receipts from the sale of 32 tangible personal property or enumerated services are subject to tax until 33 the contrary is established. The burden of proving that a sale is not subject 34 to tax is upon the seller unless the seller takes from the purchaser an 35 exemption certificate to the effect that the property or service purchased 36 is not subject to tax. 37 An exemption certificate shall relieve the seller from collecting (b) 38 and remitting tax if the seller has obtained the required identifying in-39 formation as determined by the director, from the purchaser and the reason for claiming the exemption at the time of purchase and has main-4041tained proper records of exempt transactions pursuant to subsection (a) 42 of K.S.A. 79-3609, and amendments thereto and provided them to the 43 director when requested, except that a seller who fraudulently fails to collect the tax or solicits purchasers to participate in the unlawful claim
 of an exemption shall not be relieved from such liability. The seller shall
 obtain the same information for proof of a claimed exemption regardless
 of the medium in which the transaction occurred. The purchaser im properly claiming an exemption shall remain liable for the nonpayment
 of tax.

7 (c) The exemption certificate shall be substantially in such form as 8 the director may prescribe. The seller shall use the standard form for 9 claiming an exemption electronically as adopted by the director. A seller 10may require a purchaser to provide a copy of the purchaser's sales tax 11 registration certificate with a resale certificate as a condition for honoring 12the purchaser's resale exemption claim. A purchaser is not required to 13 provide a signature to claim an exemption from tax unless a paper ex-14emption certificate is used.

15 (d) To lawfully present a resale exemption certificate the purchaser 16 must be engaged in the business of selling property or services of the 17 same kind that is purchased, hold a registration certificate, and at the 18 time of purchase, either intend to resell the property in the regular course 19 of business or be unable to ascertain whether the property will be resold 20 or used for some other purpose.

21(e) Any person who issues a resale certificate or other exemption 22 certificate in order to unlawfully avoid payment of tax for business or 23 personal gain shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall 24 be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not 25more than one year, or by both. In addition, if the director determines 26that a person issued a resale certificate in order to unlawfully avoid pay-27ment of tax for business or personal gain, the director shall increase any 28penalty that is due from the person under K.S.A. 79-3615, and amend-29ments thereto, by \$250 or 10 times the tax due, whichever is greater, on 30 each transaction where the misuse of a resale certificate occurred.

31 Exemption certificates issued by a nonprofit an entity claiming a (f) 32 specific exemption under K.S.A. 79-3606, and amendments thereto, 33 *based on the status of the entity* shall bear the name and, address of the 34 entity and identification number issued to the entity pursuant to section 35 1, and amendments thereto, and indicate the subsection under which the 36 exemption is being claimed. Such certificate shall be signed by an officer, 37 office manager or other administrator of the nonprofit entity, if in paper 38 form, and contain the driver's license number of the signer. The certifi-39 cate shall be substantially in such form as the director may prescribe. 40Payments made on an exempt entity's check, warrant, voucher or is charged to the entity's account shall relieve the seller from collecting and 41 42 remitting the tax if it is taken in good faith.

43 (g) It shall be the duty of every person who purchases tangible per-

sonal property or services that are taxable under this act to pay the full
amount of tax that is lawfully due to the retailer making the sale. Any
person who willfully and intentionally refuses to pay such tax to the retailer shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished and fined as provided by subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and
amendments thereto.
Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2003 Supp. 79-3651 is hereby repealed.

8 Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 9 publication in the statute book.