## HOUSE BILL No. 2160

AN ACT relating to the state corporation commission; concerning motor carriers; relating to certain fees; amending K.S.A. 8-142, 8-2107, 32-1009, 44-503c, 60-305a, 65-1626, 65-4101, 65-4116, 65-7004, 66-1,105, 66-1,108, 66-1,109, 66-1,111, 66-1,112, 66-1,112h, 66-1,114, 66-1,114b, 66-1,115, 66-1,115a, 66-1,116, 66-1,119, 66-1,126, 66-1,128, 66-1,129, 66-1,129a, 66-1,130, 66-1,139, 66-1,140, 66-1a01, 66-1313a, 79-6a01, 79-6a02 and 79-6a03 and K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 8-2,127 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b, 66-1,112c, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112e and 66-1,112f.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. Contract motor carriers transporting household goods or passengers holding permits issued by the commission under the former authority of K.S.A. 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b or 66-1,112c, and amendments thereto, shall now be considered as holding certificates of convenience and necessity to transport such household goods and passengers as originally granted to that motor carrier by the commission. Contract motor carriers transporting property other than household goods or transporting passengers and holding permits issued by the commission under the former authority of K.S.A. 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b or 66-1,112c, and amendments thereto, shall now be considered as holding certificates of public service to transport such property other than household goods or transporting passengers as originally granted to that motor carrier by the commission. Contract motor carriers with rates and tariffs on file with the commission under the authority of K.S.A. 66-1,112 and 66-1,112f, and amendments thereto, shall be considered public motor carriers with the same rates and tariffs on file with the commission.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 8-142 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-142. It shall be unlawful for any person to commit any of the following acts and except as otherwise provided, violation is subject to penalties provided in K.S.A. 8-149, and amendments thereto:

First: To operate, or for the owner thereof knowingly to permit the operation, upon a highway of any vehicle, as defined in K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, which is not registered, or for which a certificate of title has not been issued or which does not have attached thereto and displayed thereon the license plate or plates assigned thereto by the division for the current registration year, including any registration decal required to be affixed to any such license plate pursuant to K.S.A. 8-134, and amendments thereto, subject to the exemptions allowed in K.S.A. 8-135, 8-198 and 8-1751a, and amendments thereto.

Second: To display or cause or permit to be displayed, or to have in possession, any registration receipt, certificate of title, registration license plate, registration decal, accessible parking placard or accessible parking identification card knowing the same to be fictitious or to have been canceled, revoked, suspended or altered. A violation of this part Second shall constitute an unclassified misdemeanor punishable by a fine of not less than \$100 and forfeiture of the item. A mandatory court appearance shall be required of any person violating this part Second. This part Second shall not apply to the possession of: (a) Model year license plates displayed on antique vehicles as allowed under K.S.A. 8-172, and amendments thereto; or (b) distinctive license plates allowed under K.S.A. 8-1,147, and amendments thereto.

*Third:* To lend to or knowingly permit the use by one not entitled thereto any registration receipt, certificate of title, registration license plate or registration decal issued to the person so lending or permitting the use thereof.

Fourth: To fail or refuse to surrender to the division, upon demand, any registration receipt, certificate of title, registration license plate or registration decal which has been suspended, canceled or revoked.

Fifth: To use a false or fictitious name or address in any application for a certificate of title, the registration of any vehicle or for any renewal or duplicate thereof, or knowingly to make a false statement or knowingly to conceal a material fact or otherwise commit a fraud in any such application.

Sixth: For the owner of a motor vehicle to file application for the registration thereof, in any county other than the county in which the owner of the vehicle resides or has a bona fide place of business, which place is not an office or facility established or maintained solely for the purpose of obtaining registration.

Seventh: To operate on the highways of this state a vehicle or combination of vehicles whose weight with cargo is in excess of the gross weight

for which the truck or truck tractor propelling the same is registered, except as provided by K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto, and subsections (a) to (f), inclusive, of K.S.A. 8-1911, and amendments thereto. Such gross weight shall not be required to be in excess of the limitations described by K.S.A. 8-1908 and 8-1909, and amendments thereto, for such vehicle or combination of vehicles of which it is a part. Any person or owner who operates a vehicle in this state with a registration in violation of subsection (2) of K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto, shall be required to pay the additional fee equal to the fee required by the applicable registration fee schedule, less the amount of the fee required for the gross weight for which the vehicle is registered to obtain the proper registration therewith. A fine of \$75 shall be assessed for all such gross weight registration violations.

Eighth: To operate a local truck or truck tractor which is registered for a gross weight of more than 12,000 pounds as a common or contract carrier outside a radius of three miles beyond the corporate limits of the city in which such vehicle was based when registered and licensed or to operate any other local truck or truck tractor licensed for a gross weight of more than 12,000 pounds outside a radius of 25 miles beyond the corporate limits of the city in which such vehicle was based when registered and licensed, except as provided in subsection (2) of K.S.A. 8-143 or 8-143i, and amendments thereto.

Ninth: To operate on the highways of this state a farm truck or farm trailer other than to transport: (a) Agricultural products produced by such owner; (b) commodities purchased by the owner for use on the farm owned or rented by the owner of such vehicles; (c) commodities for religious or educational institutions being transported by the owner of such vehicles for charity and without compensation of any kind, except as provided in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 66-1,109, and amendments thereto; or (d) sand, gravel, slag stone, limestone, crushed stone, cinders, black top, dirt or fill material to a township road maintenance or construction site of the township in which the owner of such truck resides.

Tenth: To operate a farm truck or truck tractor used in combination with a trailer or semitrailer for a gross weight which does not include the empty weight of the truck or truck tractor or of the combination of any truck or truck tractor and any type of trailer or semitrailer, plus the maximum weight of cargo which will be transported on or with the same; and such farm truck or farm truck tractor used to transport a gross weight of more than 54,000 pounds shall have durably lettered on the side of the motor vehicle the words "farm vehicle—not for hire."

*Eleventh:* To operate on the highways of this state any truck or truck tractor without the current quarter of license fees being paid thereon.

Twelfth: To operate on the highways of this state a truck or truck tractor without carrying in the cab a copy of the registration receipt for such vehicle or without having painted or otherwise durably marked on said vehicle on both sides thereof, the gross weight for which said vehicle is licensed and the name and address of the owner thereof, except as provided in K.S.A. 8-143e, and amendments thereto.

*Thirteenth:* To operate on the highways of this state a farm trailer carrying more than 6,000 pounds without being registered and the registration fees paid thereon.

Fourteenth: To operate more than 6,000 miles in any calendar year any truck or truck tractor which has been registered and licensed to operate not more than 6,000 miles in such calendar year, as provided in subsection (2) of K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto, unless the additional fee required by said subsection (2) has been paid.

Fifteenth: For any owner who has registered a truck or truck tractor on the basis of operating not more than 6,000 miles to fail to keep the records required by the director of vehicles, or to fail to comply with rules and regulations of the secretary of revenue relating to such registration.

*Sixteenth*: To operate a vehicle or combination of vehicles on the national system of interstate and defense highways with a gross weight greater than permitted by the laws of the United States Congress.

- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 8-2,127 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2,127. Vehicles that are exempt from this act include:
  - (a) Farm vehicles, defined as follows:

- (1) Registered as a farm truck or truck tractor under K.S.A. 8-143, and amendments thereto;
- (2) used to transport either agricultural products, farm machinery, farm supplies, or both, to or from a farm;
- (3) not used in the operations of a common <del>or contract</del> motor carrier; and
- (4) used within 150 air miles of any farm or farms owned or leased by the registered owner of such farm vehicle;
- (b) vehicles operated by firefighters and other persons which are necessary to the preservation of life or property or the execution of emergency governmental functions, are equipped with audible and visual signals and are not subject to normal traffic regulation. These vehicles include fire trucks, hook and ladder trucks, foam or water transport trucks, police SWAT team vehicles, ambulances or other vehicles that are used in response to emergencies;
- (c) military vehicles which are operated by military personnel in pursuit of military purposes and all noncivilian operators of equipment owned or operated by the United States department of defense. This applies to any active duty military personnel and members of the reserves and national guard on active duty, including personnel on full-time national guard duty, personnel on part-time training and national guard military technicians, civilians who are required to wear military uniforms and are subject to the code of military justice; and
- (d) motor vehicles, which would otherwise be considered commercial motor vehicles, if such vehicles are used solely and exclusively for private noncommercial use and any operator of such vehicles.
- K.S.A. 8-2107 is hereby amended to read as follows: 8-2107. (a) (1) Notwithstanding any other provisions of the uniform act regulating traffic on highways, when a person is stopped by a police officer for any of the offenses described in subsection (d) and such person is not immediately taken before a judge of the district court, the police officer may require the person stopped, subject to the provisions of subsection (c), to deposit with the officer a valid Kansas driver's license in exchange for a receipt therefor issued by such police officer, the form of which shall be approved by the division of vehicles. Such receipt shall be recognized as a valid temporary Kansas driver's license authorizing the operation of a motor vehicle by the person stopped until the date of the hearing stated on the receipt. The driver's license and a written copy of the notice to appear shall be delivered by the police officer to the court having jurisdiction of the offense charged as soon as reasonably possible. If the hearing on such charge is continued for any reason, the judge may note on the receipt the date to which such hearing has been continued and such receipt shall be recognized as a valid temporary Kansas driver's license until such date, but in no event shall such receipt be recognized as a valid Kansas driver's license for a period longer than 30 days from the date set for the original hearing. Any person who has deposited a driver's license with a police officer under this subsection (a) shall have such license returned upon final determination of the charge against such person.
- (2) In the event the person stopped deposits a valid Kansas driver's license with the police officer and fails to appear in the district court on the date set for appearance, or any continuance thereof, and in any event within 30 days from the date set for the original hearing, the court shall forward such person's driver's license to the division of vehicles with an appropriate explanation attached thereto. Upon receipt of such person's driver's license, the division shall suspend such person's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state until such person appears before the court having jurisdiction of the offense charged, the court makes a final disposition thereof and notice of such disposition is given by the court to the division. No new or replacement license shall be issued to any such person until such notice of disposition has been received by the division. The provisions of K.S.A. 8-256, and amendments thereto, limiting the suspension of a license to one year, shall not apply to suspensions for failure to appear as provided in this subsection (a).
- (b) No person shall apply for a replacement or new driver's license prior to the return of such person's original license which has been deposited in lieu of bond under this section. Violation of this subsection (b) is a class C misdemeanor. The division may suspend such person's driver's

license for a period of not to exceed one year from the date the division receives notice of the disposition of the person's charge as provided in subsection (a).

- (c) (1) In lieu of depositing a valid Kansas driver's license with the stopping police officer as provided in subsection (a), the person stopped may elect to give bond in the amount specified in subsection (d) for the offense for which the person was stopped. When such person does not have a valid Kansas driver's license, such person shall give such bond. Such bond shall be subject to forfeiture if the person stopped does not appear at the court and at the time specified in the written notice provided for in K.S.A. 8-2106, and amendments thereto.
- (2) Such bond may be a cash bond, a bank card draft from any valid and unexpired credit card approved by the division of vehicles or superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol or a guaranteed arrest bond certificate issued by either a surety company authorized to transact such business in this state or an automobile club authorized to transact business in this state by the commissioner of insurance. If any of the approved bank card issuers redeem the bank card draft at a discounted rate, such discount shall be charged against the amount designated as the fine for the offense. If such bond is not forfeited, the amount of the bond less the discount rate shall be reimbursed to the person providing the bond by the use of a bank card draft. Any such guaranteed arrest bond certificate shall be signed by the person to whom it is issued and shall contain a printed statement that such surety company or automobile club guarantees the appearance of such person and will, in the event of failure of such person to appear in court at the time of trial, pay any fine or forfeiture imposed on such person not to exceed an amount to be stated on such certificate.
- (3) Such cash bond shall be taken in the following manner: The police officer shall furnish the person stopped a stamped envelope addressed to the judge or clerk of the court named in the written notice to appear and the person shall place in such envelope the amount of the bond, and in the presence of the police officer shall deposit the same in the United States mail. After such cash payment, the person stopped need not sign the written notice to appear, but the police officer shall note the amount of the bond mailed on the notice to appear form and shall give a copy of such form to the person. If the person stopped furnishes the police officer with a guaranteed arrest bond certificate or bank card draft, the police officer shall give such person a receipt therefor and shall note the amount of the bond on the notice to appear form and give a copy of such form to the person stopped. Such person need not sign the written notice to appear, and the police officer shall present the notice to appear and the guaranteed arrest bond certificate or bank card draft to the court having jurisdiction of the offense charged as soon as reasonably possible.

(d) The offenses for which appearance bonds may be required as provided in subsection (c) and the amounts thereof shall be as follows:

On and after July 1, 1996:

Reckless driving	\$82
Driving when privilege is canceled, suspended or	
revoked	82
Failure to comply with lawful order of officer	57
Registration violation (registered for 12,000 pounds or	
less)	52
Registration violation (registered for more than 12,000	
pounds)	92
No driver's license for the class of vehicle operated or vi-	
olation of restrictions	52
Spilling load on highway	52
Overload:	-
Gross weight of vehicle or	
combination of vehiclesan amount equal to	the fine
plus docket fee	
to be imposed if con	victed
Gross weight upon any axle or	rricted
tandem, triple or quad axlesan amount equal to	the fine
plus docket fee	the ime
to be imposed if con	victed
to be imposed if eoi	1,1000

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Failure to obtain proper registration, clearance or to have	
current certification as required by K.S.A. 66-1324, and	
amendments thereto	272
Insufficient liability insurance for motor carriers pursuant	
to K.S.A. 66-1,128 or 66-1314, and amendments	
thereto	122
Failure to obtain interstate motor fuel tax authorization	
pursuant to K.S.A. 79-34,122, and amendments	
thereto	122
Improper equipment (glass or fire extinguishers)	52
No authority as private, contract or common carrier	122
No current driver's daily log	52
Invalid or no physical examination card	52
Transporting open container of alcoholic liquor or cereal	
malt beverage accessible while vehicle in motion	223
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- (e) In the event of forfeiture of any bond under this section, \$54 of the amount forfeited shall be regarded as a docket fee in any court having jurisdiction over the violation of state law.
- (f) None of the provisions of this section shall be construed to conflict with the provisions of the nonresident violator compact.
- (g) When a person is stopped by a police officer for any traffic infraction and the person is a resident of a state which is not a member of the nonresident violator compact, K.S.A. 8-1219 et seq., and amendments thereto, or the person is licensed to drive under the laws of a foreign country, the police officer may require a bond as provided for under subsection (c). The bond shall be in the amount specified in the uniform fine schedule in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 8-2118, and amendments thereto, plus \$54 which shall be regarded as a docket fee in any court having jurisdiction over the violation of state law.
- (h) When a person is stopped by a police officer for failure to provide proof of financial security pursuant to K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments thereto, and the person is a resident of another state or the person is licensed to drive under the laws of a foreign country, the police officer may require a bond as provided for under subsection (c). The bond shall be in the amount of \$54, plus \$54 which shall be regarded as a docket fee in any court having jurisdiction over the violation of state law.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 32-1009 is hereby amended to read as follows: 32-1009. Except as provided in rules and regulations adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 32-963, and amendments thereto, it shall be unlawful for any person to take, possess, transport, export, process, sell or offer for sale or ship nongame species deemed by the secretary to be in need of conservation pursuant to K.S.A. 32-959, and amendments thereto. Subject to the same exception, it shall further be unlawful for any common or contract carrier knowingly to transport or receive for shipment nongame species deemed by the secretary to be in need of conservation pursuant to K.S.A. 32-959, and amendments thereto.
- K.S.A. 44-503c is hereby amended to read as follows: 44-503c. (a) (1) Any individual who is an owner-operator and the exclusive driver of a motor vehicle that is leased or contracted to a licensed motor carrier shall not be considered to be a contractor or an employee of the licensed motor carrier within the meaning of K.S.A. 44-503, and amendments thereto, or an employee of the licensed motor carrier within the meaning of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto, and the licensed motor carrier shall not be considered to be a principal within the meaning of K.S.A. 44-503, and amendments thereto, or an employer of the owner-operator within the meaning of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 44-508, and amendments thereto, if the owner-operator is covered by an occupational accident insurance policy and is not treated under the terms of the lease agreement or contract with the licensed motor carrier as an employee for purposes of the federal insurance contribution act, 26 U.S.C. § 3101 et seq., the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 301 et seq., the federal unemployment tax act, 26 U.S.C. § 3301 et seq., and the federal statutes prescribing income tax withholding at the source, 26 U.S.C. § 3401 et seq.
  - (2) As used in this subsection:
- (A) "Motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck-trailer, semitrailer, tractor, motor bus or any other self-propelled or motor-driven vehicle

used upon any of the public highways of Kansas for the purpose of trans-

- porting persons or property;
  (B) "licensed motor carrier" means any person, firm, corporation or other business entity that holds a certificate of convenience and necessity, a certificate of public service, a contract carrier permit, or an interstate license as a common, contract or exempt carrier from the state corporation commission or is required to register motor carrier equipment pursuant to 49 U.S.C. § 11506; and
- (C) "owner-operator" means an individual who is the owner of a single motor vehicle that is driven exclusively by the owner under a lease agreement or contract with a licensed motor carrier.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this act, a licensed motor carrier may by lease agreement or contract secure workers compensation insurance for an owner-operator, otherwise subject to the act by statute or election, and may charge-back to the owner-operator the premium for such workers compensation insurance, and by doing so does not create an employer-employee relationship between the licensed motor carrier and the owner-operator, or subject the licensed motor carrier to liability under subsection (d)(1) of K.S.A. 44-5,120 and amendments thereto.
- (c) For purposes of subsection (b) of this section only, "owner-operator" means a person, firm, corporation or other business entity that is the owner of one or more motor vehicles that are driven exclusively by the owner or the owner's employees or agents under a lease agreement or contract with a licensed motor carrier; provided that neither the owneroperator nor the owner's employees are treated under the term of the lease agreement or contract with the licensed motor carrier as an employee for purposes of the federal insurance contribution act, 26 U.S.C. § 3101 et seq., the federal social security act, 42 U.S.C. § 301 et seq., the federal unemployment tax act, 26 U.S.C. § 3301 et seq., and the federal statutes prescribing income tax withholding at the source, 26 U.S.C. § 3401 et seq.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 60-305a is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-305a. Every individual, partnership, association or corporation engaged in the business of transportation as a common carrier or contract carrier, which is subject to regulation by the state corporation commission, doing business in this state shall designate some person residing in this state on whom all process and notices issued by any court of record may be served. In every case such individual, partnership, company or corporation shall file a certificate of the appointment and designation of such person in the office of the state corporation commission or as required pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 11506. The service of the process upon the person so designated, in any civil action, shall be deemed and held to be as effectual and complete as if service of such process were made upon the president or other chief officer of such individual, partnership, company or corporation. Any individual, partnership, company or corporation may revoke the appointment and designation of such person upon whom process may be served, by appointing any other person qualified as above specified and filing a certificate of such appointment. Every second or subsequent appointment shall also designate the person whose place is filled by such appointment. If any such individual, partnership, company or corporation fails to designate and appoint such person, as required by this section, such process may be served in any county as provided by provisions of article 3 of chapter 60 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.
- K.S.A. 65-1626 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-1626. For the purposes of this act:
- (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:
  - A practitioner or pursuant to the lawful direction of a practitioner;
- (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner; or
- (3) a pharmacist as authorized in K.S.A. 65-1635a and amendments thereto.
- "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser but shall not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee

of the carrier or warehouseman when acting in the usual and lawful course of the carrier's or warehouseman's business.

- (c) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy created by K.S.A. 74-1603 and amendments thereto.
- "Brand exchange" means the dispensing of a different drug product of the same dosage form and strength and of the same generic name than the brand name drug product prescribed.
- "Brand name" means the registered trademark name given to a

drug product by its manufacturer, labeler or distributor.

(f) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of any drug whether or not

- an agency relationship exists.

  (g) "Direct supervision" means the process by which the responsible pharmacist shall observe and direct the activities of a pharmacy student or pharmacy technician to a sufficient degree to assure that all such activities are performed accurately, safely and without risk or harm to patients, and complete the final check before dispensing.
- "Dispense" means to deliver prescription medication to the ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner or pursuant to the prescription of a mid-level practitioner.
- "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses prescription medication.
- "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or dispensing, any drug.

  (k) "Distributor" means a person who distributes a drug

- (l) "Drug" means: (1) Articles recognized in the official United States pharmacopoeia, or other such official compendiums of the United States, or official national formulary, or any supplement of any of them; (2) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals; (3) articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals; and (4) articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection; but does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories, except that the term "drug" shall not include amygdalin (laetrile) or any livestock remedy, if such livestock remedy had been registered in accordance with the provisions of article 5 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated prior
- to its repeal.  $(m) \quad \text{``Electronic transmission'' means transmission of information in }$ electronic form or the transmission of the exact visual image of a document by way of electronic equipment.
- "Generic name" means the established chemical name or official
- name of a drug or drug product. (o) (1) "Institutional drug room" means any location where prescription-only drugs are stored and from which prescription-only drugs are administered or dispensed and which is maintained or operated for the purpose of providing the drug needs of:
  - (A) Inmates of a jail or correctional institution or facility;
- residents of a juvenile detention facility, as defined by the Kansas code for care of children and the Kansas juvenile justice code;
- (C) students of a public or private university or college, a community college or any other institution of higher learning which is located in
  - (D) employees of a business or other employer; or
  - persons receiving inpatient hospice services.  $(\mathbf{E})$
  - (2)"Institutional drug room" does not include:
  - (A) Any registered pharmacy;
  - (B) any office of a practitioner; or
- a location where no prescription-only drugs are dispensed and no (C) prescription-only drugs other than individual prescriptions are stored or administered
- "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning provided in K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto, except that the term shall also include facilities licensed under the provisions of K.S.A. 75-3307b and amendments thereto except community mental health centers and facilities for the mentally retarded.
- "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a drug either directly or in-

directly by extraction from substances of natural origin, independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the drug or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term shall not include the preparation or compounding of a drug by an individual for the individual's own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a drug by: (1) A practitioner or a practitioner's authorized agent incident to such practitioner's administering or dispensing of a drug in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; (2) a practitioner, by a practitioner's authorized agent or under a practitioner's supervision for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale; or (3) a pharmacist or the pharmacist's authorized agent acting under the direct supervision of the pharmacist for the purpose of, or incident to, the dispensing of a drug by the pharmacist.

- (r) "Person" means individual, corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency, partnership, association or any other legal entity.
- (s) "Pharmacist" means any natural person licensed under this act to practice pharmacy.
- (t) "Pharmacist in charge" means the pharmacist who is responsible to the board for a registered establishment's compliance with the laws and regulations of this state pertaining to the practice of pharmacy, manufacturing of drugs and the distribution of drugs. The pharmacist in charge shall supervise such establishment on a full-time or a part-time basis and perform such other duties relating to supervision of a registered establishment as may be prescribed by the board by rules and regulations. Nothing in this definition shall relieve other pharmacists or persons from their responsibility to comply with state and federal laws and regulations.
- (u) "Pharmacy," "drug store" or "apothecary" means premises, laboratory, area or other place: (1) Where drugs are offered for sale where the profession of pharmacy is practiced and where prescriptions are compounded and dispensed; or (2) which has displayed upon it or within it the words "pharmacist," "pharmaceutical chemist," "pharmacy," "apothecary," "drugstore," "druggist," "drugs," "drug sundries" or any of these words or combinations of these words or words of similar import either in English or any sign containing any of these words; or (3) where the characteristic symbols of pharmacy or the characteristic prescription sign "Rx" may be exhibited. As used in this subsection, premises refers only to the portion of any building or structure leased, used or controlled by the licensee in the conduct of the business registered by the board at the address for which the registration was issued.
- (v) "Pharmacy student" means an individual, registered with the board of pharmacy, enrolled in an accredited school of pharmacy.
- (w) "Pharmacy technician" means an individual who, under the direct supervision and control of a pharmacist, may perform packaging, manipulative, repetitive or other nondiscretionary tasks related to the processing of a prescription or medication order and who assists the pharmacist in the performance of pharmacy related duties, but who does not perform duties restricted to a pharmacist.
- (x) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist licensed under the optometry law as a therapeutic licensee or diagnostic and therapeutic licensee, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a prescription-only drug in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a prescription-only drug.
- (y) "Preceptor" means a licensed pharmacist who possesses at least two years' experience as a pharmacist and who supervises students obtaining the pharmaceutical experience required by law as a condition to taking the examination for licensure as a pharmacist.
- $\rm (z)$  "Prescription" means, according to the context, either a prescription order or a prescription medication.
- (aa) "Prescription medication" means any drug, including label and container according to context, which is dispensed pursuant to a prescription order.
- (bb) "Prescription-only drug" means any drug whether intended for use by man or animal, required by federal or state law (including 21 United States Code section 353, as amended) to be dispensed only pur-

suant to a written or oral prescription or order of a practitioner or is restricted to use by practitioners only.

- (cc) "Prescription order" means: (1) An order to be filled by a pharmacist for prescription medication issued and signed by a practitioner or a mid-level practitioner in the authorized course of professional practice; or (2) an order transmitted to a pharmacist through word of mouth, note, telephone or other means of communication directed by such practitioner or mid-level practitioner.
- (dd) "Probation" means the practice or operation under a temporary license, registration or permit or a conditional license, registration or permit of a business or profession for which a license, registration or permit is granted by the board under the provisions of the pharmacy act of the state of Kansas requiring certain actions to be accomplished or certain actions not to occur before a regular license, registration or permit is issued.
  - (ee) "Professional incompetency" means:
- (1) One or more instances involving failure to adhere to the applicable standard of pharmaceutical care to a degree which constitutes gross negligence, as determined by the board;
- (2) repeated instances involving failure to adhere to the applicable standard of pharmaceutical care to a degree which constitutes ordinary negligence, as determined by the board; or
- (3) a pattern of pharmacy practice or other behavior which demonstrates a manifest incapacity or incompetence to practice pharmacy.
- (ff) "Retail dealer" means a person selling at retail nonprescription drugs which are prepackaged, fully prepared by the manufacturer or distributor for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the state and federal food, drug and cosmetic acts. Such nonprescription drugs shall not include: (1) A controlled substance; (2) a prescription-only drug; or (3) a drug intended for human use by hypodermic injection.
  - (gg) "Secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.
  - (hh) "Unprofessional conduct" means:
  - (1) Fraud in securing a registration or permit;
- (2) intentional adulteration or mislabeling of any drug, medicine, chemical or poison;
- (3) causing any drug, medicine, chemical or poison to be adulterated or mislabeled, knowing the same to be adulterated or mislabeled;
  - (4) intentionally falsifying or altering records or prescriptions;
- (5) unlawful possession of drugs and unlawful diversion of drugs to others;
- (6) willful betrayal of confidential information under K.S.A. 65-1654 and amendments thereto;
  - (7) conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public;
- (8) making a false or misleading statement regarding the licensee's professional practice or the efficacy or value of a drug;
- (9) commission of any act of sexual abuse, misconduct or exploitation related to the licensee's professional practice; or
- (10) performing unnecessary tests, examinations or services which have no legitimate pharmaceutical purpose.
- (ii) "Mid-level practitioner" means an advanced registered nurse practitioner issued a certificate of qualification pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1131 and amendments thereto who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-1130 and amendments thereto or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to the physician assistant licensure act who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-28a08 and amendments thereto.
- (jj) "Vaccination protocol" means a written protocol, agreed to by a pharmacist and a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the state board of healing arts, which establishes procedures and recordkeeping and reporting requirements for administering a vaccine by the pharmacist for a period of time specified therein, not to exceed two years.
- (kk) "Veterinary medical teaching hospital pharmacy" means any location where prescription-only drugs are stored as part of an accredited college of veterinary medicine and from which prescription-only drugs are distributed for use in treatment of or administration to a non-human.

- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 65-4101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-4101. As used in this act: (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by: (1) A practitioner or pursuant to the lawful direction of a practitioner; or
- (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner.
- (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser. It does not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee of the carrier or warehouseman.
  - (c) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy.
- (d) "Bureau" means the bureau of narcotics and dangerous drugs, United States department of justice, or its successor agency.
- (e) "Controlled substance" means any drug, substance or immediate precursor included in any of the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105, 65-4107, 65-4109, 65-4111 and 65-4113, and amendments to these sections.
- (f) "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which, or the container or labeling of which, without authorization bears the trademark, trade name or other identifying mark, imprint, number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance.
- (g) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled substance, whether or not there is an agency relationship.
- (h) "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled substance to an ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the packaging, labeling or compounding necessary to prepare the substance for that delivery, or pursuant to the prescription of a mid-level practitioner.
  - (i) "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses.
- (j) "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering or dispensing a controlled substance.
  - (k) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.
- (1) "Drug" means: (1) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United States or official national formulary or any supplement to any of them; (2) substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or animals; (3) substances (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or animals; and (4) substances intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection. It does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories.
- (m) "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the board has found to be and by rule and regulation designates as being the principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used or likely to be used in the manufacture of a controlled substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit manufacture.
- (n) "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a controlled substance either directly or indirectly or by extraction from substances of natural origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the substance or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term does not include the preparation or compounding of a controlled substance by an individual for the individual's own lawful use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a controlled substance: (1) By a practitioner or the practitioner's agent pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner as an incident to the practitioner's administering or dispensing of a controlled substance in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; or
- (2) by a practitioner or by the practitioner's authorized agent under such practitioner's supervision for the purpose of or as an incident to research, teaching or chemical analysis or by a pharmacist or medical care facility as an incident to dispensing of a controlled substance.

- (o) "Marijuana" means all parts of all varieties of the plant Cannabis whether growing or not, the seeds thereof, the resin extracted from any part of the plant and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the plant, its seeds or resin. It does not include the mature stalks of the plant, fiber produced from the stalks, oil or cake made from the seeds of the plant, any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of the mature stalks, except the resin extracted therefrom, fiber, oil, or cake or the sterilized seed of the plant which is incapable of germination.
- "Narcotic drug" means any of the following whether produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of vegetable origin or independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis: (1) Opium and opiate and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of opium or opiate;

(2) any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of the substances referred to in clause (1) but not including the isoquinoline alkaloids of

opium;

(3) opium poppy and poppy straw;

- coca leaves and any salt, compound, derivative or preparation of coca leaves, and any salt, compound, isomer, derivative or preparation thereof which is chemically equivalent or identical with any of these substances, but not including decocainized coca leaves or extractions of coca leaves which do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.
- (q) "Opiate" means any substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a drug having addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining liability. It does not include, unless specifically designated as controlled under K.S.A. 65-4102 and amendments thereto, the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methylmorphinan and its salts (dextromethorphan). It does include its racemic and levorotatory forms.
- (r) "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver somni-
- ferum l. except its seeds.

  (s) "Person" means individual, corporation, government, or governmen mental subdivision or agency, business trust, estate, trust, partnership or association or any other legal entity.
- (t) "Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the opium

poppy, after mowing.

(u) "Pharmacist" means an individual currently licensed by the board

to practice the profession of pharmacy in this state.

- (v) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist licensed under the optometry law as a therapeutic licensee or diagnostic and therapeutic licensee, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a controlled substance in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a controlled substance.
- (w) "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation,
- growing or harvesting of a controlled substance.

  (x) "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a controlled substance for such person's own use or for the use of a member of such person's household or for administering to an animal owned by such person or by a member of such person's household.
  - "Isomer" means all enantiomers and diastereomers.
- "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning ascribed to that (z)term in K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto.
- "Cultivate" means the planting or promotion of growth of five or more plants which contain or can produce controlled substances.
- (bb) (1) "Controlled substance analog" means a substance that is intended for human consumption, and:
- The chemical structure of which is substantially similar to the chemical structure of a controlled substance listed in or added to the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107 and amendments
- (B) which has a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107 and amendments thereto; or

- $\left(C\right)$  with respect to a particular individual, which the individual represents or intends to have a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system substantially similar to the stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous system of a controlled substance included in the schedules designated in K.S.A. 65-4105 or 65-4107 and amendments thereto.
  - (2) "Controlled substance analog" does not include:
  - (A) A controlled substance;
- $\left( B\right) \ \ \, a$  substance for which there is an approved new drug application; or
- (C) a substance with respect to which an exemption is in effect for investigational use by a particular person under section 505 of the federal food, drug, and cosmetic act (21 U.S.C. 355) to the extent conduct with respect to the substance is permitted by the exemption.
- (cc) "Mid-level practitioner" means an advanced registered nurse practitioner issued a certificate of qualification pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1131 and amendments thereto, who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-1130, and amendments thereto or a physician assistant licensed under the physician assistant licensure act who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-28a08 and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 65-4116 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-4116. (a) Every person who manufactures, distributes or dispenses any controlled substance within this state or who proposes to engage in the manufacture, distribution or dispensing of any controlled substance within this state shall obtain annually a registration issued by the board in accordance with the uniform controlled substances act and with rules and regulations adopted by the board.
- (b) Persons registered by the board under this act to manufacture, distribute, dispense or conduct research with controlled substances may possess, manufacture, distribute, dispense or conduct research with those substances to the extent authorized by their registration and in conformity with the other provisions of this act.
- (c) The following persons need not register and may lawfully possess controlled substances under this act, as specified in this subsection:
- (1) An agent or employee of any registered manufacturer, distributor or dispenser of any controlled substance if the agent or employee is acting in the usual course of such agent or employee's business or employment;
- (2) a common or contract carrier or warehouseman or an employee thereof whose possession of any controlled substance is in the usual course of business or employment;
- (3) an ultimate user or a person in possession of any controlled substance pursuant to a lawful order of a practitioner or a mid-level practitioner or in lawful possession of a schedule V substance;
- (4) persons licensed and registered by the board under the provisions of the acts contained in article 16 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, to manufacture, dispense or distribute drugs are considered to be in compliance with the registration provision of the uniform controlled substances act without additional proceedings before the board or the payment of additional fees, except that manufacturers and distributors shall complete and file the application form required under the uniform controlled substances act;
- (5) any person licensed by the state board of healing arts under the Kansas healing arts act;
  - (6) any person licensed by the state board of veterinary examiners;
  - (7) any person licensed by the Kansas dental board;
  - (8) a mid-level practitioner; and
- (9) any person who is a member of the Native American Church, with respect to use or possession of peyote, whose use or possession of peyote is in, or for use in, bona fide religious ceremonies of the Native American Church, but nothing in this paragraph shall authorize the use or possession of peyote in any place used for the confinement or housing of persons arrested, charged or convicted of criminal offenses or in the state security hospital.
- (d) The board may waive by rules and regulations the requirement for registration of certain manufacturers, distributors or dispensers if the

board finds it consistent with the public health and safety, except that licensure of any person by the state board of healing arts to practice any branch of the healing arts, Kansas dental board or the state board of veterinary examiners shall constitute compliance with the registration requirements of the uniform controlled substances act by such person for such person's place of professional practice. Evidence of abuse as determined by the board relating to a person licensed by the state board of healing arts shall be submitted to the state board of healing arts and the attorney general within 60 days. The state board of healing arts shall, within 60 days, make findings of fact and take such action against such person as it deems necessary. All findings of fact and any action taken shall be reported by the state board of healing arts to the board of pharmacy and the attorney general. Evidence of abuse as determined by the board relating to a person licensed by the state board of veterinary examiners shall be submitted to the state board of veterinary examiners and the attorney general within 60 days. The state board of veterinary examiners shall, within 60 days, make findings of fact and take such action against such person as it deems necessary. All findings of fact and any action taken shall be reported by the state board of veterinary examiners to the board of pharmacy and the attorney general. Evidence of abuse as determined by the board relating to a dentist licensed by the Kansas dental board shall be submitted to the Kansas dental board and the attorney general within 60 days. The Kansas dental board shall, within 60 days, make findings of fact and take such action against such dentist as it deems necessary. All findings of fact and any action taken shall be reported by the Kansas dental board to the board of pharmacy and the attorney general.

- (e) A separate annual registration is required at each place of business or professional practice where the applicant manufactures, distributes or dispenses controlled substances.
- (f) The board may inspect the establishment of a registrant or applicant for registration in accordance with the board's rules and regulations.
- (g) (1) The registration of any person or location shall terminate when such person or authorized representative of a location dies, ceases legal existence, discontinues business or professional practice or changes the location as shown on the certificate of registration. Any registrant who ceases legal existence, discontinues business or professional practice, or changes location as shown on the certificate of registration, shall notify the board promptly of such fact and forthwith deliver the certificate of registration directly to the secretary or executive secretary of the board. In the event of a change in name or mailing address the person or authorized representative of the location shall notify the board promptly in advance of the effective date of this change by filing the change of name or mailing address with the board. This change shall be noted on the original application on file with the board.
- (2) No registration or any authority conferred thereby shall be assigned or otherwise transferred except upon such conditions as the board may specifically designate and then only pursuant to the written consent of the board.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 65-7004 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-7004. The provisions of this act shall not apply to: (a) A distribution of a regulated chemical to or by a common or contract carrier for carriage in the lawful and usual course of the business of the common or contract carrier, or to or by a warehouseman for storage in the lawful and usual course of the business of the warehouseman;
- (b) the lawful administering or dispensing of a regulated chemical by a licensed practitioner in the course of professional practice or research;
- (c) the purchase, distribution or possession of a regulated chemical by a local, state or federal law enforcement agency while in the discharge of official duties unless the Kansas bureau of investigation properly notifies the local law enforcement agency relying on the exclusion that its investigatory activities are contrary to the public interest; or
- (d) products containing ephedra or ma huang, which do not contain any chemically synthesized ephedrine alkaloids, and are lawfully marketed as dietary supplements under federal law.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 66-1a01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1a01. (a) The state corporation commission shall charge and collect fees

for the purposes and in the amounts as prescribed in this section. Such fees shall be paid to the state corporation commission at the time of filing the original papers or application in the case.

(b) (1) For the purposes of certificates issued under K.S.A. 66-125, and amendments thereto, to authorize the issuance of stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, except as otherwise provided in this paragraph (1), the commission shall charge and collect an application fee of \$10 to accompany each application and processing fees which shall be set by rules and regulations adopted by the commission and shall reflect the costs incurred by the commission to process such application.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this paragraph (1), whenever an application is made for a certificate to authorize the issuance of stocks, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness and the relevant federal authority has authorized the issuance of the same issue of such stocks, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness, the commission shall charge and collect an application fee of \$10 to accompany each application and a processing fee of \$25 which shall be paid on or before issuance of such certificate.

- (2) Whenever an application is made for a certificate of convenience and authority to provide interexchange telecommunications services or competitive local exchange carrier services, the commission shall charge and collect an application fee of \$250 which shall accompany the application.
- (3) With regard to the regulation of motor carriers, the commission shall charge and collect fees in accordance with the following schedule:

For application for motor common carrier certificate	<del>\$25</del>
For application for motor common carrier certificate, li-	
cense or authority	not to exceed
J	\$250
For application for motor carrier permit or license, except	
no fee shall apply to motor carriers regulated by the	
relevant federal authority	<del>10</del>
For application for intrastate private and interstate exempt	
motor carrier registration	100
For application for extension, rerouting, removal of restric-	
tions or transfer of motor common carrier certificate	
and motor common carrier license	<del>10</del> 100
For single-state registration of motor carrier vehicles for	
motor carriers, and renewals of those registrations, with	
the state of Kansas as their base state	10 per vehicle
Annual renewal fees for all certificates and registrations,	,
due by December 31 of each year	10 per vehicle
If increases proposed in rates, fares or charges when hear-	,
ing is required	25
Late fee for failure to timely complete renewals	cost of initial application
	-

- (4) The commission shall charge a fee for copies, other than mimeographed or printed copies, of applications, orders, certificates, schedules and duplicate motor-carrier equipment identification cards and a fee for copies of passenger, household goods or property motor common carrier lists, both fees in amounts approved by the director of accounts and reports under K.S.A. 45-219, and amendments thereto.
- (c) There is hereby created in the state treasury the public service regulation fund. The commission shall remit all moneys received by or for it in payment of the fees imposed for certificates authorizing the issuance of stock, bonds or other evidences of indebtedness under paragraph (1) of subsection (b) to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon the receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the public service regulation fund. All expenditures from the public service regulation fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the chairperson of the state corporation commission or by a person or persons designated by such chairperson.
- (d) There is hereby created in the state treasury the motor carrier license fees fund. The commission shall remit all moneys received by or

for it in payment of the fees imposed for regulation of motor carriers under paragraphs (2) and (3) of subsection (b) to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon the receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the motor carrier license fees fund. All expenditures from the motor carrier license fees fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the chairperson of the state corporation commission or by a person or persons designated by such chairperson.

- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 66-1,105 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,105. The orders and decisions of the corporation commission on the matters covered by this act shall be made in writing and a certified copy thereof copies of such decisions shall be served on the motor carrier affected thereby by certified motor carriers by first class mail, except that such copies when mailed to private carriers and carriers having licenses under K.S.A. 66-1,116 or permits under K.S.A. 66-1,112g shall be mailed such copies by first class mail orders and decisions potentially resulting in a negative impact upon any motor carrier's authority and initial orders in show cause proceedings shall be served by certified mail, return receipt requested. Every such order and decision of the commission on matters covered by this act shall become operative and effective within 30 days after such service, and such the motor carrier shall carry the provisions of such the order into effect, unless the order is enjoined or set aside by a court of proper jurisdiction.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 66-1,108 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,108. As used in this act:
- (a) "Commission" means the corporation commission of the state of Kansas;
- (b) "contract motor carrier of property" means any person engaged in the transportation by motor vehicle of property for hire and not included in the term public motor carrier of property;
- (e)—"contract motor carrier of passengers" means any person engaged in the transportation by motor vehicle of persons for hire and not included in the term public motor carrier of passengers;
- (b) "gross combination vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of a combination (articulated) motor vehicle. In the absence of a value specified by the manufacturer, gross combination weight rating shall be determined by adding the gross vehicle weight rating of the power unit and the total weight of the towed unit and any load thereon;
- (c) "gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the loaded weight of a single motor vehicle;
- (d) "household goods" means property and personal effects used or to be used in a dwelling, when a part of the equipment or supply of such dwelling and such other similar property, as the commission may provide by rules and regulations, if the transportation of such effects or property is:
- (1) Arranged and paid for by the householder, including transportation of property from a factory or store when the property is purchased by the householder with intent to use in such householder's dwelling; or
  - (2) arranged and paid for by another party.
- (e) "Motor carrier" means any person operating as a for hire motor carrier or a private motor carrier, and any of their that person's agents, officers, representatives, as well as employees responsible for hiring, supervising, training, assigning or dispatching of drivers and employees concerned with the installation, inspection and maintenance of motor vehicle equipment or accessories or both;
- (f) "motor vehicle" means any automobile, truck, trailer, semitrailer, tractor, motor bus or any other self-propelled or motor-driven vehicle used upon any of the public highways of the state for the purpose of transporting persons or property;
- (g) "person" means any individual, firm, partnership, limited liability partnership, corporation, limited liability company, association or their lessees, trustees or receivers;
  - (h) "private motor carrier" means a person who provides transpor-

tation of property or passengers, by commercial vehicle and is not a for hire motor carrier;

- (i) "public highways" means every public street, alley, road or highway or thoroughfare of any kind used by the public;
- (j) "public motor carrier of household goods" means any person who undertakes for hire to transport by motor vehicle from place to place, the household goods of others who may choose to employ *or contract with* the motor carrier;
- (k) "public motor carrier of passengers" means any person who undertakes for hire to transport by motor vehicle, from place to place, persons who may choose to employ *or contract with* the motor carrier; and
- (l) "public motor carrier of property" means any person who undertakes for hire to transport by motor vehicle, from place to place, the property other than household goods of others who may choose to employ or contract with the motor carrier.
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 66-1,109 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,109. This act shall not require the following carriers to obtain a certificate, license or permit from the commission or file rates, tariffs, annual reports or provide proof of insurance with the commission:
- (a) Transportation by motor carriers wholly within the corporate limits of a city or village in this state, or between contiguous cities or villages in this state or in this and another state, or between any city or village in this or another state and the suburban territory in this state within three miles of the corporate limits, or between cities and villages in this state and cities and villages in another state which are within territory designated as a commercial zone by the relevant federal authority, except that none of the exemptions specified in this subsection (a) shall apply to wrecker carriers and none of such exemptions shall apply to motor carriers of passengers, other than motor carriers of passengers operating as a part of the general transit system serving any such city or village in this or another state, operating on regular routes and time schedules between any city or village in this or another state, and the suburban territory in this state;
- (b) a private motor carrier who operates within a radius of 25 miles beyond the corporate limits of its city or village of domicile, or who operates between cities and villages in this state and cities and villages in another state which are within territory designated as a commercial zone by the relevant federal authority;
- (c) the owner of livestock or producer of farm products transporting livestock of such owner or farm products of such producer to market in a motor vehicle of such owner or producer, or the motor vehicle of a neighbor on the basis of barter or exchange for service or employment, or to such owner or producer transporting supplies for the use of such owner or producer in a motor vehicle of such owner or producer, or in the motor vehicle of a neighbor on the basis of barter or exchange for service or employment;
- (d) persons operating motor vehicles used only to transport property when no common carrier is accessible, but when common-carrier service is available then this last exemption is limited to the transportation of such property from origin to the nearest practicable common-carrier receiving or loading point, or from a common-carrier unloading point by way of the shortest practicable route to destination, providing such motor vehicle does not pass a practicable delivery or receiving point of a common carrier equipped to transport such load, or when used to transport property from the point of origin to point of destination thereof when the destination of such property is less distant from the point of origin thereof than the nearest practicable common-carrier receiving or loading point equipped to transport such load;
- (e) (1) the transportation of children to and from school, or (2) to motor vehicles owned by schools, colleges, and universities, religious or charitable organizations and institutions, or governmental agencies, when used to convey students, inmates, employees, athletic teams, orchestras, bands or other similar activities;
- (f) a new vehicle dealer as defined by K.S.A. 8-2401, and amendments thereto, when transporting property to or from the place of business of such dealer;
  - (g) motor vehicles carrying tools, property or material belonging to

the owner of the vehicle and used in repair, building or construction work, not having been sold or being transported for the purpose of sale;

- (h) persons operating motor vehicles which have an ad valorem tax situs in and are registered in the state of Kansas, and used only to transport grain from the producer to an elevator or other place for storage or sale for a distance of not to exceed 50 miles;
- $\left(i\right)$  the operation of hearses, funeral coaches, funeral cars or ambulances by motor carriers;
- (j) motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States, the District of Columbia, any state, any municipality or any other political subdivision of this state, including vehicles used exclusively for handling U.S. mail, and the operation of motor vehicles used exclusively by organizations operating public transportation systems pursuant to 49 U.S.C. sections 5307, 5310 and 5311:
- (k) any motor vehicle with a normal seating capacity of not more than the driver and 15 passengers while used for vanpooling or otherwise not for profit in transporting persons who, as a joint undertaking, bear or agree to bear all the costs of such operations, or motor vehicles with a normal seating capacity of not more than the driver and 15 passengers for not-for-profit transportation by one or more employers of employees to and from the factories, plants, offices, institutions, construction sites or other places of like nature where such persons are employed or accustomed to work;
- (l) motor vehicles used to transport water for domestic purposes or livestock consumption;
- (m) transportation of sand, gravel, slag stone, limestone, crushed stone, cinders, calcium chloride, bituminous or concrete paving mixtures, blacktop, dirt or fill material to a construction site, highway maintenance or construction project or other storage facility and the operation of readymix concrete trucks in transportation of ready-mix concrete;
- (n) the operation of a vehicle used exclusively for the transportation of solid waste, as the same is defined by K.S.A. 65-3402, and amendments thereto, to any solid waste processing facility or solid waste disposal area, as the same is defined by K.S.A. 65-3402, and amendments thereto;
- (o) the transporting of vehicles used solely in the custom combining business when being transported by persons engaged in such business;
- (p) the operation of vehicles used for servicing, repairing or transporting of implements of husbandry, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1427, and amendments thereto, by a person actively engaged in the business of buying, selling or exchanging implements of husbandry, if such operation is within 100 miles of such person's established place of business in this state;
- (q) transportation by taxi or bus companies operated exclusively within any city or within 25 miles of the point of its domicile in a city;
- (r) a vehicle being operated with a dealer license plate issued under K.S.A. 8-2406, and amendments thereto, and in compliance with K.S.A. 8-136, and amendments thereto, and vehicles being operated with a full-privilege license plate issued under K.S.A. 8-2425, and amendments thereto:
- (s) any person operating a motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 10,000 pounds or less, transporting property sold or to be sold by the owner or operator of such motor vehicle, except motor vehicles transporting hazardous materials which require placards;

As used in this subsection, "gross vehicle weight rating" means the value specified by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a single or a combination (articulated) vehicle. The gross vehicle weight rating of a combination (articulated) vehicle commonly referred to as the "gross combination weight rating" is the gross vehicle weight rating of the power unit, plus the gross vehicle weight rating of the towed unit or units:

- $\left(t\right)$  the operation of vehicles used for transporting materials used in the servicing or repairing of the refractory linings of industrial boilers; and
- $\left( u\right) \;$  transportation of newspapers published at least one time each week.
- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 66-1,111 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,111. No public motor carrier of property or passengers, contract motor

carrier of property or passengers for hire or private motor carrier of property or local cartage carrier shall operate any motor vehicle for the transportation of either persons or property on any public highway in this state except in accordance with the provisions of this act; the act of which this act is amendatory, and amendments thereto, and other applicable laws.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 66-1,112 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,112. (a) The commission is hereby vested with power and authority and it shall be its duty to license, supervise and regulate every public motor carrier of property, of household goods or of passengers in this state, to the full extent not preempted by federal law, including fixing and approving reasonable maximum or minimum, or maximum and minimum rates, fares, charges, classifications and rules and regulations pertaining to the transportation of household goods or passengers as defined in 49 U.S.C. 13102. The commission shall prescribe rules and regulations related to uniform cargo liability, uniform bills of lading, uniform cargo credit and antitrust immunity for joint-line rates and routes, classifications and mileage guides. The commission is hereby vested with power and authority and it shall be its duty to license, supervise and regulate every public motor carrier transporting property, household goods or passengers in this state, and to regulate and supervise the accounts, schedules, service and method of operation of same; to prescribe a uniform system and classification of accounts to be used; to require the filing of annual and other reports and any other data; and to supervise and regulate public motor carriers transporting property, household goods or passengers in all matters affecting the relationship between such public motor carriers of property, of household goods or of passengers and the traveling and shipping public.

(b) The commission shall have power and authority, by general order or otherwise, to prescribe reasonable and necessary rules and regulations governing all such motor carriers. All laws relating to the powers, duties, authority and jurisdiction of the corporation commission over common carriers are hereby made applicable to all such motor carriers except as

herein otherwise specifically provided.

- (c) In order to insure nondiscriminatory, nonpreferential and just and reasonable rates, joint rates, fares, tolls, charges and exactions for all shippers, the commission shall establish rate-making procedures for all motor common and contract carriers, including collective rate-making procedures for joint consideration, initiation and establishment of such rates and charges for transporting household goods or passengers as defined in 49 U.S.C. 13102. The commission shall prescribe reasonable rules and regulations related to uniform cargo liability, uniform bills of lading, uniform cargo credit and antitrust immunity for joint-line rates and routes, classifications and mileage guides. Joint and collective rate-making shall be limited to:
- (1) That which is necessary to formulate one or more joint rates as such term is used in K.S.A. 66-117, and amendments thereto;
- (2) general rate increases or decreases if the tariff proposal gives shippers, under procedures approved by the state corporation commission, at least 15 days' notice of the proposal and an opportunity to present comments on it before a tariff is filed with the commission and if discussion of such increases or decreases is related to industry average carrier costs and does not include discussion related exclusively to individual markets or particular single-line rates;
  - (3) changes in commodity classifications;
- (4) changes in tariff structures if discussion of such changes is related to industry average carrier costs and does not include discussion related exclusively to individual markets or particular single-line rates; and
- (5) publishing of tariffs, filing of independent actions for individual members and changes in rules and regulations which are of at least substantially general application throughout the area in which such changes will apply.
- (d) The provisions of K.S.A. 50-101 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to the activities and procedures of persons, groups, agencies, bureaus or other entities where such activities and procedures have received approval by order of the state corporation commission under this statute.
  - Sec. 18. K.S.A. 66-1,112h is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-

- 1,112h. Upon the request of the holder of any contract carrier permit, private carrier permit or interstate license, while serving in the armed forces of the United States, the state corporation commission is hereby authorized to grant to such holder a suspension of such permit or license for such period and upon such terms and conditions as the commission may determine: *Provided*,, *except* that nothing herein shall be construed to limit the authority of the commission to cancel or revoke a permit or license for violations of statutes or rules and regulations which have occurred prior to or during such suspension.
- Sec. 19. K.S.A. 66-1,114 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,114. (a) Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful for any public motor carrier to operate as a carrier of household goods or passengers in intrastate commerce within this state without first having obtained from the corporation commission a certificate of convenience and necessity to transport household goods or passengers. The corporation commission, upon the filing of an application for a certificate, shall fix a time and place for hearing thereon, which shall be not less than 20 and not more than 60 days after the filing and shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act. Notices of hearings shall be published bimonthly in the first and third issues of the Kansas register electronically on the commission's web site within three days of the filing of the application. Any person may offer testimony at such hearing.
- (b) If the commission finds that the proposed service or any part thereof is proposed to be performed by the applicant, that the applicant is fit, willing and able to perform such service, and that the applicant is in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, the commission shall issue the certificate of convenience and necessity to transport household goods and passengers, except that if the commission finds that the proposed service is inconsistent with the public convenience and necessity, the commission shall not issue the certificate.
- (c) Within 12 months of the issuance to a public motor carrier of a certificate of convenience and necessity to transport household goods or passengers, the commission shall verify that such public motor carrier continues to be fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws.
- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 66-1,114b is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,114b. (a) Except as hereinafter provided, it shall be unlawful for any public motor carrier to operate as a carrier of property other than household goods or *as a carrier of* passengers in intrastate commerce within this state without first having obtained from the <del>corporation</del> commission a certificate of public service to transport property other than household goods or *to transport* passengers.
- The corporation commission, upon the filing of an application for a certificate of public service to transport property other than household goods, shall ascertain that the motor carrier is fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws. Once a motor carrier submits a complete application demonstrating that the motor carrier is fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, the commission may issue that motor carrier a 30-day interim certificate of public service, signed and approved by the commission's executive director. A list of applications received shall be published bimonthly in the first and third issues of the Kansas register, but in no ease shall notice of the receipt of an application be published no more than 30 days after the application is filed. If the commission finds that the public motor carrier is fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, the commission shall issue the certificate, signed and approved by the commission's executive director, authorizing the public motor earrier to transport such property statewide electronically on the commission's web site, and shall state whether an interim certificate has been granted to the applicant. Any person who opposes the grant of a certificate of public

service to a motor carrier applicant shall have 30 days from the commission's grant of an interim certificate to file a written protest with the commission. If no protest against a motor carrier applicant is filed before the expiration of the 30-day interim certificate, the commission may issue the motor carrier applicant a permanent certificate, signed and approved by the commission's executive director. If the commission finds that the public motor carrier an applicant is not fit, knowledgeable, or in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws, an order shall be issued denying the application. If the commission deems it necessary, a hearing may be held on any application, and any commission decision on such application shall be issued by order.

(c) Motor carriers holding a certificate of convenience and necessity to transport property other than household goods or a local wrecker permit shall be considered as holding a certificate of public service to transport that property originally granted by the commission as a public motor carrier of property. Pursuant to federal law those motor carriers may transport that property originally granted by the commission statewide.

transport that property originally granted by the commission statewide.

(d) Within 12 months of the issuance to a public motor carrier of a certificate of public service to transport property other than household goods or passengers, the commission shall verify that such public motor carrier continues to be fit, knowledgeable and in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations, liability and cargo insurance requirements and other applicable state laws.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 66-1,115 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,115. It shall be unlawful for any "contract motor carrier of property or passengers" or "private motor carrier of property" private motor carrier to operate as a carrier of property or passengers within this state either in intrastate commerce or in interstate commerce without first having obtained from the corporation commission a license or permit or registered pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14504. An application shall be made to the corporation commission in writing stating such information as the commission may request. Upon receipt of such information and on compliance with the rules and regulations and payment of fees, the corporation commission shall issue a license or permit to such applicant.

Sec. 22. K.S.A. 66-1,115a is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,115a. Notwithstanding the provisions of K.S.A. 66-1,112b and 66-1,114, and amendments thereto, the commission may issue or grant contract carrier permits and common public motor carrier certificates or abandonments thereof without a formal hearing when the request for such issuance, grant or abandonment is made by verified application, and proper notice has been given in accordance with K.S.A. 66-1,112b and 66-1,114, and amendments thereto, if no protests are lodged against the granting of the application and if the applicant demonstrates the applicant is fit, willing and able to perform such service and is in compliance with the commission's safety rules and regulations. For applications of public motor carriers transporting household goods or passengers, if the commission finds that evidence shows that the proposed service is inconsistent with the public convenience and necessity, the commission shall not grant the application.

Sec. 23. K.S.A. 66-1,116 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,116. (a) It shall be unlawful for a public motor carrier of property, of household goods or of passengers, or a contract motor carrier of property or of passengers, to operate in interstate commerce regulated by the relevant federal agency without registering its motor vehicles in its base state pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14504 in order to operate in Kansas.

(b) It shall be unlawful for a public motor carrier of property, of household goods or of passengers, a contract motor carrier of property or of passengers, or a private motor carrier of property which is exempt from federal regulations, to operate in interstate commerce within this state, without having furnished the corporation commission, in writing such information as the commission may request covering observance of state police regulations and the payments of the fees. This act shall apply to all persons and motor vehicles engaged in interstate commerce only to the extent permitted by the constitution and laws of the United States.

Sec. 24. K.S.A. 66-1,119 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,119. No public motor carrier authorized by this act to operate shall

change, abandon or discontinue any service established by this act or operations under any certificate of convenience and necessity issued for carriers of household goods or passengers without consent of the commission after written application. Failure of any motor carrier to annually renew its authority, certificate or permit in a timely manner shall result in a termination of that motor carrier's authority by operation of law. A list of applications for changes to, abandonments of or discontinuances of any authority, as well as any abandonments of authority by operation of law for failure to renew, shall be published on the commission's web site.

- Sec. 25. K.S.A. 66-1,126 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,126. Any person who shall operate as any carrier to which this act applies without first obtaining a certificate, permit or license or in violation of any of the terms thereof, or who fails to make any return or report required by this act or by the commission, or who denies to the commission access to such carrier's books or records, or who fails to comply with any commission order requiring the payment of a penalty, orders requiring the cease and desist of certain operations or orders placing a motor carrier out of service, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished as provided in K.S.A. 66-1,130, and amendments thereto.
- K.S.A. 66-1,128 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,128. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c) or pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14504, no certificate, permit, or license shall be issued by the state cor poration commission to any public motor carrier of property, household goods or passengers, contract motor carrier of property or private motor carrier of property, until the applicant has filed with the commission a liability insurance policy approved by the commission, in such reasonable amounts as the commission determines by rules and regulations is necessary to adequately protect the interest of the public with due regard to the number of persons and amount of property involved. Such amounts shall not be less than \$100,000 for personal injury or death to any one person in any one accident, \$300,000 for injury or death to two or more persons in any one accident and \$50,000 for loss to property of others in any one accident, which liability insurance shall bind the obligors to pay compensation for injuries to persons and loss of or damage to property resulting from the negligent operation of such carrier.
- (b) The liability insurance policy required to be filed by any resident applicant shall be in an insurance company or association authorized to transact business in this state. Such policy of any nonresident applicant may be afforded by an insurance company not authorized to do business in this state which has given the commissioner of insurance of this state a power of attorney authorizing such commissioner to accept service on its behalf of notice or process in any action upon such policy. Such company not authorized to do business in this state shall have on file with such commissioner a form as prescribed by subsection (b) of K.S.A. 40-3106, and amendments thereto. A certificate of any insurance company or association, in a form approved by the  $\ensuremath{\operatorname{state}}$  corporation commission certifying that there is in effect the liability insurance required by this section, may be filed in lieu of the insurance policy itself. In the event such certificate is filed, such company shall furnish to the commission upon its request a duplicate original of the insurance policy and all endorsements thereon. No other or additional bonds or licenses than those prescribed in this act shall be required of any motor carrier by any city or town or other agency of the state.
- (c) Any public motor carrier of property, household goods or passengers, contract motor carrier of property or passengers or private motor carrier of property in whose name more than 25 motor vehicles are registered may qualify as a self-insurer by obtaining a certificate of self-insurance from the commissioner of insurance. Upon application of any such carrier, the commissioner of insurance may issue a certificate of self-insurance, if the commissioner is satisfied that such carrier is possessed and will continue to be possessed of ability to pay any judgment obtained against such carrier arising out of the ownership, operation, maintenance or use of any motor vehicle registered in such carrier's name.
- (d) Upon notice and a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the commissioner of insurance may cancel a certificate of self-insurance upon reasonable grounds. Failure to pay any judgment against a self-insurer, arising out of the owner-

ship, operation, maintenance or use of a motor vehicle registered in such self-insurer's name, within 30 days after such judgment shall have become final, shall constitute reasonable grounds for the cancellation of a certificate of self-insurance.

- Sec. 27. K.S.A. 66-1,129 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,129. (a) The commission shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to carry out the provisions of this act. No public motor carrier of property, household goods or passengers, contract motor carrier of property or passengers or private motor carrier of property shall operate or allow the operation of any motor vehicle on any public highway in this state except within the provisions of the rules and regulations adopted by the commission. Rules and regulations adopted by the commission shall include:
- (1) Every vehicle unit shall be maintained in a safe and sanitary condition at all times.
- (2) Every driver of a public motor carrier, operating as a carrier of intrastate commerce within this state, shall be at least 18 years of age. Every driver of a contract motor carrier or private motor carrier, operating as a carrier of intrastate commerce within this state, shall be at least 16 years of age. All such drivers shall be competent to operate the motor vehicle under such driver's charge.
- (3) Minimum age requirements for every driver of a motor carrier, operating as a carrier of interstate commerce, shall be consistent with federal motor carrier regulations.
- (4) Hours of service for operators of all motor carriers to which this act applies shall be fixed by the commission.
- (5) Accidents arising from or in connection with the operation of motor carriers shall be reported to the commission within the time, in the detail and in the manner as the commission requires.
- (6) Every motor carrier shall have attached to each unit or vehicle distinctive marking adopted by the commission.
- (7) Motor carrier transportation requirements that are consistent with continuation of the federal motor carrier safety assistance program and other federal requirements concerning transportation of hazardous materials.
- (b) No rules and regulations adopted by the commission pursuant to this section shall require the operator of any motor vehicle having a gross vehicle weight rating or gross combination weight rating of not more than 10,000 pounds to submit to a physical examination, unless required by federal laws or regulations.
- (c) Any rules and regulations of the commission, adopted pursuant to this section, shall not apply to the following, while engaged in the carriage of intrastate commerce in this state:
- (1) The owner of livestock or producer of farm products transporting livestock of such owner or farm products of such producer to market in a motor vehicle of such owner or producer, or the motor vehicle of a neighbor on the basis of barter or exchange for service or employment, or to such owner or producer transporting supplies for the use of such owner or producer in or producer, or in the motor vehicle of a neighbor on the basis of barter or exchange for service or employment.
- (2) The transportation of children to and from school, or to motor vehicles owned by schools, colleges, and universities, religious or charitable organizations and institutions, or governmental agencies, when used to convey students, inmates, employees, athletic teams, orchestras, bands or other similar activities.
- (3) Motor (A) Except for motor vehicles under subparagraph (B), motor vehicles, with a gross vehicle weight rating, as defined in subsection (s) of K.S.A. 66-1,109, and amendments thereto, of 26,000 pounds or less, carrying tools, property or material belonging to the owner of the vehicle, and used in repair, building or construction work, not having been sold or being transported for the purpose of sale, except vehicles transporting hazardous materials which require placards.
- (B) Except vehicles transporting hazardous materials which require placards, motor vehicles, with a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,000 pounds or less, carrying tools, property or material belonging to the owner of the vehicle and used in repair, building or construction work and such tools, property or material are being transported to or from an active

construction site located within a radius of 25 miles of the principal place of business of the motor carrier.

- (4) Persons operating motor vehicles which have an ad valorem tax situs in and are registered in the state of Kansas, and used only to transport grain from the producer to an elevator or other place for storage or sale for a distance of not to exceed 50 miles.
- (5) The operation of hearses, funeral coaches, funeral cars or ambulances by motor carriers.
- (6) Motor vehicles owned and operated by the United States, the District of Columbia, any state, any municipality or any other political subdivisions of this state.
- (7) Any motor vehicle with a normal seating capacity of not more than the driver and 15 passengers while used for vanpooling or otherwise not for profit in transporting persons who, as a joint undertaking, bear or agree to bear all the costs of such operations, or motor vehicles with a normal seating capacity not more than the driver and 15 passengers for not-for-profit transportation by one or more employers of employees to and from the factories, plants, offices, institutions, construction sites or other places of like nature where such persons are employed or accustomed to work.
- (8) Motor vehicles used to transport water for domestic purposes or livestock consumption.
- (9) The operation of vehicles used for servicing, repairing or transporting of implements of husbandry, as defined in K.S.A. 8-1427, and amendments thereto, by a person actively engaged in the business of buying, selling or exchanging implements of husbandry, if such operation is within 100 miles of such person's established place of business in this state, unless the implement of husbandry is transported on a commercial motor vehicle.
- Sec. 28. K.S.A. 66-1,129a is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,129a. (a) The commission, at any time for good cause shown, may suspend the operation of any motor carrier subject to economic or safety rules and regulations adopted by the commission. Upon notice and an opportunity to be heard in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedure act, the commission may revoke, amend, initiate sanctions or fine any motor carrier who has a certificate, license or permit issued by the commission or is subject to the safety rules and regulations adopted by the commission. Any motor carrier suspended prior to a hearing must be afforded the opportunity of a hearing on the matter. If such a hearing is requested, the hearing shall be held within 10 days of the request.
- (b) The director of the commission's transportation division, at any time for good cause shown, may request the Kansas highway patrol to impound a motor carrier's vehicle or vehicles when that motor carrier have
  - (1) Failed to comply with an out-of-service order;
  - (2) failed to comply with a cease or desist order;
  - (3) failed to obtain commission authority to operate;
  - (4) failed to pay a commission-assessed civil penalty; or
- (5) has otherwise failed to comply with a commission order. Any motor carrier whose vehicle is impounded prior to a hearing must be afforded the opportunity of a hearing on the matter. If such a hearing is requested, the hearing shall be held within 10 days of the request.
- (c) The commission is authorized to enter into any contracts or agreements necessary with the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol, in order to provide facilities and personnel to accomplish the impounding of vehicles.
- (d) If the owner of a motor vehicle which has been impounded pursuant to this section refuses to pay any towing, impoundment, storage or other fees relating to the impoundment of such vehicle or fails to take possession of such vehicle within 30 days following the date of the expiration of the impoundment period, such vehicle shall be deemed abandoned and the vehicle may be disposed of by the person having possession of such vehicle. If the person having possession of such vehicle is a public agency, disposition of such vehicle shall be in compliance with the procedures for notice and public auction provided by paragraph (2) of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 8-1102, and amendments thereto. If the person having

possession of such vehicle is not a public agency, disposition of such vehicle shall be in compliance with K.S.A. 8-1103 through 8-1108, and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 29. K.S.A. 66-1,130 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,130. Every carrier to which this act applies and every person who violates or who procures, aids or abets in the violating of any provision of this act, or who fails to obey any order, decision or *rule and* regulation of the commission, or who procures or aids or abets any person in his failure to obey such order, decision or *rule and* regulation, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not exceeding \$500. The inspectors designated by the commission shall have all the lawful powers of peace officers to enforce this act in any county or city of this state.
- Sec. 30. K.S.A. 66-1,139 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,139. (a) All interstate regulated public motor carriers of property, of household goods or of passengers or contract motor carriers of property or of passengers who operate a motor vehicle in Kansas shall register their motor vehicles in their base state pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 14504, unless exempted under the provision of K.S.A. 66-1,109, and amendments thereto.
- (b) All intrastate public motor carriers of property, household goods or passengers, contract motor carriers of property or passengers, and private motor carriers of property shall register with the state corporation commission all trucks or truck tractors as defined by K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, and all other passenger vehicles used to transport persons for hire, used in the operation of their business as such, except those used in operations exempted under the provisions of K.S.A. 66-1,109, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Interstate motor carriers which have been granted authority by the commission to transport commodities exempt from the jurisdiction of the relevant federal authority and who operate for hire or who operate as private motor carriers shall register all trucks or truck tractors as defined by K.S.A. 8-126, and amendments thereto, and all other passenger vehicles used to transport persons for hire, used in the operation of their business as such, except those used in operations exempted under the provisions of K.S.A. 66-1,109, and amendments thereto. For the purpose of assisting in paying the cost of supervision and regulation of motor carriers, every such carrier shall annually pay to the commission for each calendar year a regulatory fee of \$10 for each truck, truck tractor or passenger vehicle registered with the commission. No fee shall be charged for a trailer or semitrailer. Interstate motor carriers that are already registered pursuant to subsection (a), shall not be required to register under this subsection.
- (d) All applications for registration shall be made on forms furnished by the commission. Applications for registration of interstate common or contract motor carriers shall include on the application the quantity of trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles used by the motor carriers on which a fee is required to be paid. Applications for registration of intrastate common or contract motor carriers, private motor carriers, and interstate exempt motor carriers shall include the complete vehicle identification numbers and the year and make of all trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles used by the motor carrier, on which a fee is required to be paid, and the application shall be accompanied by the required fee. The fees shall be due January 1 and shall be paid not later than January 15. Upon receipt of the application and fee, the commission shall issue to the carrier appropriate credentials for each vehicle registered.
- (e) The commission shall remit all moneys received by it or for it in payment of fees imposed under this section to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the motor carrier license fees fund.
- Sec. 31. K.S.A. 66-1,140 is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-1,140. (a) The commission shall make reasonable rules and regulations specifying circumstances under which substitute or extra trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles to be used temporarily in cases of emergency or for special occasional trips by carriers currently licensed by the

commission may be registered and shall prescribe and collect a reasonable registration fee therefor, not exceeding \$2.50 \$10 for each truck, truck tractor or passenger vehicle. The term of such registration shall be for such period of time as the commission shall prescribe by rules and regulations.

- (b) The commission shall also provide for special registration for trucks, truck tractors or passenger vehicles not registered under the provisions of K.S.A. 66-1,139, and amendments thereto, which enter the state only on an occasional trip or in temporary service and shall collect \$5 \$15 as a fee therefor.
- (c) By contract entered into by the commission and, the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol and the secretary of the department of revenue, the commission may designate the superintendent as the agent and secretary as agents authorized to provide the special registrations under either subsection (a) or (b) so that such registrations will be obtainable at motor carrier inspection stations and department of revenue offices. In such event, the superintendent of the Kansas highway patrol or the superintendent's designee and the secretary or the secretary's designee may provide such special registrations pursuant to the terms and conditions of the applicable contract. The commission or its designated agent shall acknowledge special registration under either subsection (a) or (b), which acknowledgment shall accompany the vehicle and be used and accepted as evidence of such registration; and when necessary, such acknowledgment shall be by telegram.

K.S.A. 66-1313a is hereby amended to read as follows: 66-Sec. 32. 1313a. Except as otherwise authorized under other laws of this state, a motor carrier who holds a certificate of convenience and necessity, a certificate of public service, a contract carrier permit, a private carrier permit or an interstate license from the state corporation commission, upon application to the commission, may be designated to establish an authorized inspection station for the inspection of the motor vehicles, trailers and semitrailers operated in this state by such motor carrier for compliance with the equipment statutes and rules and regulations of this state. Such inspection station shall be located in Kansas. If the condition of the motor vehicle, trailer or semitrailer is found to be in compliance with the laws of this state, the authorized inspection station shall issue a certificate of inspection stating its approval and the date of the inspection. No certificate shall be issued unless equipment not in compliance is first repaired or corrected and records of such repairs or corrections are maintained by the authorized inspection station. Certificates issued under this section shall be valid for 12 months from the date of issue. Every certificate of approval issued pursuant to this section shall be issued in triplicate. One copy of such certificate shall be carried in the motor vehicle of the combination of vehicles of which a trailer or semitrailer is a part or in the motor vehicle if applicable to the motor vehicle, during the time such certificate is valid or in effect, one copy shall be retained by the authorized inspection station as prescribed by rules and regulations of the commission and the third copy shall be returned to the commission. Such equipment inspection records shall be made available to the commission upon request. The commission shall adopt rules and regulations for the administration of this section and shall establish a schedule of fees and charges governing the cost of administration of such authorized inspection stations.

Sec. 33. K.S.A. 79-6a01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-6a01. The director of property valuation shall value and assess annually the over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment of motor carriers described in this act. The local deputy assessor shall value and assess within the taxing district where located all other property, real and personal, belonging to such motor carriers.

As used in this act, "over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment" shall include all motor-driven vehicles, trailers, semitrailers, buses and trucks owned, used or operated in the state of Kansas by such motor carriers in the transportation of persons or property other than motor vehicles and rolling equipment used solely or mainly for local transportation in a particular community or local area, or for local pickup and delivery, or passenger automobiles used for purposes other than transportation of persons or property for hire. "Motor carriers" as used in this

act shall include every person, firm or corporation who or which holds a certificate of convenience and necessity, a certificate of public service, a contract carrier permit, or an interstate license as a common, contract or exempt carrier from the corporation commission of the state of Kansas or is required to register motor carrier equipment pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 11506.

- Sec. 34. K.S.A. 79-6a02 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-6a02. On or before the twentieth day of March 20 in each year every person, firm or corporation which was a motor carrier on the first day of January 1 of said such year and who or which owned, used or operated any over-the-road motor vehicles or rolling equipment in the state of Kansas during the preceding year shall (if a firm or corporation by its president, secretary or principal acting officer or agent) return to the director of property valuation, upon forms furnished by said the director, a sworn statement or schedule as follows:
- 1. A list of all certificates, licenses and permits which have been issued to the operator as a motor carrier by the Kansas state corporation commission.
- 2. The total number of miles for which all over-the-road motor vehicles used in the state of Kansas were operated in Kansas and everywhere during the calendar year prior to making such report.
- 3. The complete list of over-the-road vehicles and rolling equipment owned, used or operated in the state of Kansas by said such motor carrier during the preceding calendar year and giving the name and number, model and value of the same: *Provided*, except that interchange equipment and trip-leased equipment shall be listed only by the owner.
- 4. In case any motor carrier holding a certificate of convenience and necessity, a contract carrier permit or an interstate license as a common; contract or exempt carrier from the corporation commission of the state of Kansas between January 1 and March 1 of any year did not own, use or operate any over-the-road motor vehicle or rolling equipment in the state of Kansas during the preceding calendar year he or she such motor carrier shall on or before the twentieth day of March 20 of such year file with the director of property valuation a complete list and number of over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment owned, used or operated by him or her such motor carrier in the state of Kansas between January 1 and March 1 of the year in which such list is filed together with a verified statement estimating the number of miles he or she such motor carrier expects such equipment to be operated in the state of Kansas and everywhere during such year.
- In case any motor carrier required to file a statement under the provisions of this act fails to make and file such statement on or before the twentieth day of March 20, the director of property valuation shall, after he or she the director has ascertained the value of the property, of such motor carrier from any other sources available to him or her the director, add fifty percent (50%) 50% additional value as a penalty for failure to file a report, but such assessment shall not relieve the motor carrier from the duty to file such report or statement: *Provided*, *except* that for good cause shown the director of property valuation may extend the time in which to make and file such statement: Provided further, except that whenever, in the judgment of the director of property valuation the failure of any motor carrier to comply with this provision is due to a good and reasonable cause, the director of property valuation may at his or her the director's discretion waive or reduce any of the penalty herein provided upon making a record of his or her the director's reason therefor. In the event a motor carrier shall file a statement for any year within one year after such statement was due, the director of property valuation shall recompute the assessment, tax and penalty on the basis of said such statement.
- Sec. 35. K.S.A. 79-6a03 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-6a03. The director of property valuation shall value and assess all overthe-road motor vehicles owned, used and operated in the state of Kansas during the preceding calendar year by every motor carrier for the purpose of taxation by the state of Kansas in an amount to be determined in the following manner and according to the following method:
- (1) The true value of all over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment operated in the state of Kansas shall be determined;

- (2) the ratio which the total number of miles of the equipment listed operated in the state of Kansas bears to the total number of miles operated everywhere by such equipment shall be determined;
- (3) the assessed value of all over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment owned, used or operated in the state of Kansas by said such motor carrier shall be determined by multiplying the true value by the mileage ratio:
- (4) the amount so determined shall be the value and assessment of all over-the-road motor vehicles and rolling equipment owned, used or operated in the state of Kansas by said such motor carrier in the state of Kansas: Provided, except that if any motor carrier who or which holds a certificate of convenience and necessity, a contract carrier permit, or an interstate license as a common, contract or exempt carrier from the corporation commission of the state of Kansas between January 1 and March 1 of any year did not own, use or operate any over-the-road motor vehicles or rolling equipment in Kansas during the preceding calendar year, the director of property valuation shall determine the mileage ratio of miles operated in the state of Kansas to miles operated everywhere by use of the estimate of mileage furnished by such motor carrier, and apply the same to the assessed valuation of the equipment listed by said such motor carrier to determine the assessed value of such equipment and the tax due thereon; and in any such case, when the carrier files his or her such carrier's return the following year, showing the actual mileage of such vehicles in the state of Kansas and everywhere during such year, the director of property valuation shall recompute the tax and refund any excess tax paid by such carrier, or if an additional amount of tax is determined to be due from the taxpayer, said such additional amount shall become due upon mailing of notice of such additional tax to the motor carrier by the director of property valuation, which additional tax may be collected as provided in K.S.A. 79-6a07 and 79-6a11, and amendments

Sec. 36. K.S.A. 8-142, 8-2107, 32-1009, 44-503c, 60-305a, 65-1626, 65-4101, 65-4116, 65-7004, 66-1,105, 66-1,108, 66-1,109, 66-1,111, 66-1,112, 66-1,112a, 66-1,112b, 66-1,112c, 66-1,112d, 66-1,112e, 66-1,112f, 66-1,112h, 66-1,114, 66-1,114b, 66-1,115, 66-1,115a, 66-1,116, 66-1,119, 66-1,126, 66-1,128, 66-1,129, 66-1,129a, 66-1,130, 66-1,139, 66-1,140, 66-1a01, 66-1313a, 79-6a01, 79-6a02 and 79-6a03 and K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 8-2,127 are hereby repealed.

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Sec. 37. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

I hereby certify that the House, and passed the	ne above BILL originated in at body	the
House adopted Conference Committee	e Report	
		Speaker of the House.
		Chief Clerk of the House.
Passed the Senate as amended		
SENATE adopted Conference Committee	e Report	
		President of the Senate.
		Secretary of the Senate.
Approved		
		Governor.