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Session of 2003

HOUSE BILL No. 2347

By Representative O'Neal

2-12

10	AN ACT enacting the Kansas uniform securities act; amending K.S.A.
11	12-1675, 12-1677b, 12-4516, 16-214, 17-4632, 50-1009, 50-1016, 66-
12	1508, 74-8229 and 75-6302 and K.S.A. 2002 2003 Supp. 17-49a01, 21-
13	4619 , 21-4704 and 75-3170a and repealing the existing sections; also
14	repealing K.S.A. 17-1260, 17-1264, 17-1265, 17-1266, 17-1267, 17-
15	1269, 17-1273, 17-1274 and 17-1275 and K.S.A. 2002 2003 Supp. 17-
16	1252, 17-1253, 17-1254, 17-1255, 17-1257, 17-1258, 17-1259, 17-1261,
17	17-1262, 17-1262a, 17-1263, 17-1264, 17-1264a, 17-1265, 17-
18	1265a, 17-1266a, 17-1268, 17-1270, 17-1270a, 17-1270b, 17-1271 and
19	17-1272 .
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21	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:
22	New Section 1. Sections 1 through 52, and amendments thereto,
23	may be cited as the Kansas uniform securities act.
24	New Sec. 2. In this act, unless the context otherwise requires:
25	(1) "Administrator" means the securities commissioner of Kansas, ap-
26	pointed as provided in K.S.A. 75-6301, and amendments thereto.
27	(2) "Agent" means an individual, other than a broker-dealer, who
28	represents a broker-dealer in effecting or attempting to effect purchases
29	or sales of securities or represents an issuer in effecting or attempting to
30	effect purchases or sales of the issuer's securities, but a partner, officer,
31	or director of a broker-dealer or issuer, or an individual having a similar
32	status or performing similar functions is an agent only if the individual
33	otherwise comes within the term. The term does not include an individual
34	excluded by rule adopted or order issued under this act.
35	(3) "Bank" means:
36	(A) A banking institution organized under the laws of the United
37	States;
38	(B) a member bank of the federal reserve system;
39	(C) any other banking institution, whether incorporated or not, doing
40	business under the laws of a state or of the United States, a substantial
41	portion of the business of which consists of receiving deposits or exercis-
42	ing fiduciary powers similar to those permitted to be exercised by national
43	banks under the authority of the comptroller of the currency pursuant to

section 1 of Public Law 87-722 (12 U.S.C. section 92a), and which is
 supervised and examined by a state or federal agency having supervision

over banks, and which is not operated for the purpose of evading this act;
 and

5 (D) a receiver, conservator, or other liquidating agent of any insti-6 tution or firm included in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C).

7 (4) "Broker-dealer" means a person engaged in the business of ef-8 fecting transactions in securities for the account of others or for the per-9 son's own account. The term does not include:

10 (A) An agent;

11 (B) an issuer;

(C) a bank or, savings institution, **or trust company** if :

(i) Its activities as a broker-dealer are limited to those specified in subsections 3(a)(4)(B)(i) through (vi) and (viii) through (x); 3(a)(4)(B)(xi)if limited to unsolicited transactions; 3(a)(5)(B); and 3(a)(5)(C) of the securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. sections 78c(a)(4) and (5)); or (ii) it is a bank that satisfies the conditions described in subsection 3(a)(4)(E) of the securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section

19 78c(a)(4);

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20 (D) an international banking institution; or

21 (E) a person excluded by rule adopted or order issued under this act.

22 (5) "Depository institution" means:

23 (A) A bank; or

24 a savings institution, trust company, credit union, or similar in-(B) 25stitution that is organized or chartered under the laws of a state or of the 26United States, authorized to receive deposits, and supervised and exam-27ined by an official or agency of a state or the United States if its deposits 28or share accounts are insured to the maximum amount authorized by 29statute by the federal deposit insurance corporation, the national credit 30 union share insurance fund, or a successor authorized by federal law. The 31 term does not include:

(i) An insurance company or other organization primarily engaged in
 the business of insurance;

34 (ii) a morris plan bank; or

35 (iii) an industrial loan company.

36 (6) "Federal covered investment adviser" means a person registered37 under the investment advisers act of 1940.

(7) "Federal covered security" means a security that is, or upon completion of a transaction will be, a covered security under section 18(b) of
the securities act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. section 77r(b)) or rules or regulations

41 adopted pursuant to that provision.

42 (8) "Filing" means the receipt under this act of a record by the ad-43 ministrator or a designee of the administrator.

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1 (9) "Fraud," "deceit," and "defraud" are not limited to common law 2 deceit.

3 (10) "Guaranteed" means guaranteed as to payment of all principal 4 and all interest.

5 (11) "Institutional investor" means any of the following, whether act-6 ing for itself or for others in a fiduciary capacity:

(A) A depository institution or international banking institution;

8 (B) an insurance company;

(C) a separate account of an insurance company;

10 (D) an investment company as defined in the investment company 11 act of 1940;

12 (E) a broker-dealer registered under the securities exchange act of 13 1934;

14an employee pension, profit-sharing, or benefit plan if the plan (\mathbf{F}) has total assets in excess of \$10,000,000 or its investment decisions are 1516 made by a named fiduciary, as defined in the employee retirement in-17come security act of 1974, that is a broker-dealer registered under the 18securities exchange act of 1934, an investment adviser registered or ex-19 empt from registration under the investment advisers act of 1940, an 20investment adviser registered under this act, a depository institution, or 21an insurance company;

22 (G) a plan established and maintained by a state, a political subdivi-23 sion of a state, or an agency or instrumentality of a state or a political 24subdivision of a state for the benefit of its employees, if the plan has total 25assets in excess of \$10,000,000 or its investment decisions are made by a 26 duly designated public official or by a named fiduciary, as defined in the 27employee retirement income security act of 1974, that is a broker-dealer 28registered under the securities exchange act of 1934, an investment ad-29viser registered or exempt from registration under the investment advi-30 sers act of 1940, an investment adviser registered under this act, a de-31 pository institution, or an insurance company;

(H) a trust, if it has total assets in excess of \$10,000,000, its trustee
is a depository institution, and its participants are exclusively plans of the
types identified in subparagraph (F) or (G), regardless of the size of their
assets, except a trust that includes as participants self-directed individual
retirement accounts or similar self-directed plans;

37 (I) an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the internal rev-38 enue code (26 U.S.C. section 501(c)(3)), corporation, Massachusetts trust 39 or similar business trust, limited liability company, or partnership, not 40 formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, with 41 total assets in excess of \$10,000,000;

42 (J) a small business investment company licensed by the small busi-43 ness administration under Section 301(c) of the small business investment

1 act of 1958 (15 U.S.C. section 681(c)) with total assets in excess of 2 \$10,000,000;

 $\begin{array}{ll} 3 & (K) & a \mbox{ private business development company as defined in section} \\ 4 & 202(a)(22) \mbox{ of the investment advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 80b-5 & 2(a)(22)) \mbox{ with total assets in excess of $10,000,000;} \end{array}$

(L) a federal covered investment adviser acting for its own account;

(M) a "qualified institutional buyer" as defined in rule 144A(a)(1),
other than rule 144A(a)(1)(i)(H), adopted under the securities act of 1933
(17 C.F.R. 230.144A);

(N) a "major U.S. institutional investor" as defined in rule 15a6(b)(4)(i) adopted under the securities exchange act of 1934 (17 C.F.R.
240.15a-6); or

(O) any other person, other than an individual, of institutional
 character with total assets in excess of \$10,000,000 not organized
 for the specific purpose of evading this act; or

(P) any other person specified by rule adopted or order issued underthis act.

(12) "Insurance company" means a company organized as an insurance company whose primary business is writing insurance or reinsuring
risks underwritten by insurance companies and which is subject to supervision by the insurance commissioner or a similar official or agency of
a state.

(13) "Insured" means insured as to payment of all principal and allinterest.

(14) "International banking institution" means an international financial institution of which the United States is a member and whose securities are exempt from registration under the securities act of 1933.

28(15)"Investment adviser" means a person that, for compensation, 29engages in the business of advising others, either directly or through 30 publications or writings, as to the value of securities or the advisability of 31 investing in, purchasing, or selling securities or that, for compensation 32 and as a part of a regular business, issues or promulgates analyses or 33 reports concerning securities. The term includes a financial planner or 34 other person that, as an integral component of other financially related 35 services, provides investment advice to others for compensation as part 36 of a business or that holds itself out as providing investment advice to 37 others for compensation. The term does not include:

38 (A) An investment adviser representative;

(B) a lawyer, accountant, engineer, or teacher whose performance of
investment advice is solely incidental to the practice of the person's
profession;

42 (C) a broker-dealer or its agents whose performance of investment 43 advice is solely incidental to the conduct of business as a broker-dealer

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and that does not receive special compensation for the investment advice;
 (D) a publisher of a bona fide newspaper, news magazine, or business

3 or financial publication of general and regular circulation;

(E) a federal covered investment adviser;

(F) a bank or savings institution, or trust company;

6 (G) any other person that is excluded by the investment advisers act 7 of 1940 from the definition of investment adviser; or

8 (H) any other person excluded by rule adopted or order issued under 9 this act.

10(16)"Investment adviser representative" means an individual employed by or associated with an investment adviser or federal covered 11 12investment adviser and who makes any recommendations or otherwise 13 gives investment advice regarding securities, manages accounts or port-14folios of clients, determines which recommendation or advice regarding 15securities should be given, provides investment advice or holds herself or 16 himself out as providing investment advice, receives compensation to so-17licit, offer, or negotiate for the sale of or for selling investment advice, or 18supervises employees who perform any of the foregoing. The term does

19 not include an individual who:

20 (A) Performs only clerical or ministerial acts;

(B) is an agent whose performance of investment advice is solely incidental to the individual acting as an agent and who does not receive
special compensation for investment advisory services;

(C) is employed by or associated with a federal covered investment
adviser, unless the individual has a "place of business" in this state, as
that term is defined by rule adopted under section 203A of the
investment advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 80b-3a), and is:

(i) An "investment adviser representative" as that term is defined by
rule adopted under section 203A of the investment advisers act of 1940
(15 U.S.C. section 80b-3a); or

31 (ii) not a "supervised person" as that term is defined in Section 32 202(a)(25) of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Section 33 80b-2(a)(25)); or

34 (D) is excluded by rule adopted or order issued under this act.

35 (17) "Issuer" means a person that issues or proposes to issue a se-36 curity, subject to the following:

(A) The issuer of a voting trust certificate, collateral trust certificate,
certificate of deposit for a security, or share in an investment company
without a board of directors or individuals performing similar functions
is the person performing the acts and assuming the duties of depositor
or manager pursuant to the trust or other agreement or instrument under
which the security is issued.

43 (B) The issuer of an equipment trust certificate or similar security

serving the same purpose is the person by which the property is or will 1 2 be used or to which the property or equipment is or will be leased or 3 conditionally sold or that is otherwise contractually responsible for assur-4 ing payment of the certificate. (C) The issuer of a fractional undivided interest in an oil, gas, or other 56 mineral lease or in payments out of production under a lease, right, or 7 royalty is the owner of an interest in the lease or in payments out of 8 production under a lease, right, or royalty, whether whole or fractional, 9 that creates fractional interests for the purpose of sale. 10 "Nonissuer transaction" or "nonissuer distribution" means a (18)transaction or distribution not directly or indirectly for the benefit of the 11 12 issuer. 13 "Offer to purchase" includes an attempt or offer to obtain, or (19)14solicitation of an offer to sell, a security or interest in a security for value. 15The term does not include a tender offer that is subject to section 14(d) 16 of the securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78n(d)). 17(20)"Person" means an individual; corporation; business trust; estate; 18trust; partnership; limited liability company; association; joint venture; 19 government; governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; public 20corporation; or any other legal or commercial entity. 21(21)"Place of business" of a broker-dealer, an investment adviser, or 22 a federal covered investment adviser means: 23 (A) An office at which the broker-dealer, investment adviser, or fed-24 eral covered investment adviser regularly provides brokerage or invest-25ment advice or solicits, meets with, or otherwise communicates with cus-26 tomers or clients; or 27(**B**) any other location that is held out to the general public as a lo-28cation at which the broker-dealer, investment adviser, or federal covered 29investment adviser provides brokerage or investment advice or solicits, 30 meets with, or otherwise communicates with customers or clients. 31 (22)"Predecessor act" means the Kansas securities act repealed by 32 section 67. 33 (23)"Price amendment" means the amendment to a registration 34 statement filed under the securities act of 1933 or, if an amendment is 35 not filed, the prospectus or prospectus supplement filed under the se-36 curities act of 1933 that includes a statement of the offering price, un-37 derwriting and selling discounts or commissions, amount of proceeds, 38 conversion rates, call prices, and other matters dependent upon the of-39 fering price.

40 (24) "Principal place of business" of a broker-dealer or an investment 41 adviser means the executive office of the broker-dealer or investment 42 adviser from which the officers, partners, or managers of the broker-43 dealer or investment adviser direct, control, and coordinate the activities

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of the broker-dealer or investment adviser. 1

2 "Record," except in the phrases "of record," "official record," (25)3 and "public record," means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retriev-4 5able in perceivable form.

6 "Sale" includes every contract of sale, contract to sell, or dis-(26)7 position of, a security or interest in a security for value, and "offer to sell" includes every attempt or offer to dispose of, or solicitation of an offer to 8 9 purchase, a security or interest in a security for value.

10(A) A security given or delivered with, or as a bonus on account of, a purchase of securities or any other thing is considered to constitute part 11 12of the subject of the purchase and to have been offered and sold for value. 13 A gift of assessable stock is considered to involve an offer and (B)

14sale.

15 (\mathbf{C}) A sale or offer of a warrant or right to purchase or subscribe to 16another security of the same or another issuer, and a sale or offer of a security that gives the holder a present or future right or privilege to 1718convert the security into another security of the same or another issuer, is considered to include an offer of the other security. 19

20"Securities and exchange commission" means the United States (27)21securities and exchange commission.

22 (28)"Security" means a note; stock; treasury stock; security future; 23 bond; debenture; evidence of indebtedness; certificate of interest or par-24 ticipation in a profit-sharing agreement; collateral trust certificate; preor-25ganization certificate or subscription; transferable share; investment con-26 tract; voting trust certificate; certificate of deposit for a security; fractional 27undivided interest in oil, gas, or other mineral rights; put, call, straddle, 28option, or privilege on a security, certificate of deposit, or group or index 29of securities, including an interest therein or based on the value thereof; 30 put, call, straddle, option, or privilege entered into on a national securities 31 exchange relating to foreign currency; or, in general, an interest or in-32 strument commonly known as a "security"; or a certificate of interest or 33 participation in, temporary or interim certificate for, receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the fore-34 35 going. The term: 36

(A) Includes both a certificated and an uncertificated security;

37 does not include an insurance or endowment policy or annuity (B) 38 contract under which an insurance company promises to pay a fixed or 39 variable sum of money either in a lump sum or periodically for life or 40 other specified period;

41(C) does not include an interest in a contributory or noncontributory 42pension or welfare plan subject to the employee retirement income se-43 curity act of 1974;

1 (D) includes as an "investment contract" an investment in a common 2 enterprise with the expectation of profits to be derived primarily from 3 the efforts of a person other than the investor. A "common enterprise" 4 means an enterprise in which the fortunes of the investor are interwoven 5 with those of either the person offering the investment, a third party, or 6 other investors; and

(E) includes as an "investment contract," among other contracts,
may include an interest in a limited partnership and a limited liability
company and an investment in shall include a viatical settlement or
similar agreement investment as defined by rule adopted or order
issued under this act.

12 (29) "Self-regulatory organization" means a national securities 13 exchange registered under the securities exchange act of 1934, a national 14 securities association of broker-dealers registered under the securities 15 exchange act of 1934, a clearing agency registered under the securities 16 exchange act of 1934, or the municipal securities rulemaking board es-17 tablished under the securities exchange act of 1934.

(30) "Sign" means, with present intent to authenticate or adopt arecord:

20 (A) To execute or adopt a tangible symbol; or

21 (B) to attach or logically associate with the record an electronic sym-22 bol, sound, or process.

(31) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or
insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(32) "Rules" when used in the context of the rules adopted by the
administrator, means rules and regulations adopted by the administrator
pursuant to this act.

29New Sec 3. "Securities act of 1933" (15 U.S.C. section 77a et seq.), 30 "securities exchange act of 1934" (15 U.S.C. section 78a et seq.), "public 31 utility holding company act of 1935" (15 U.S.C. section 79 et seq.), "in-32 vestment company act of 1940" (15 U.S.C. section 80a-1 et seq.), "in-33 vestment advisers act of 1940" (15 U.S.C. section 80b-1 et seq.), "em-34 ployee retirement income security act of 1974" (29 U.S.C. section 1001 35 et seq.), "national housing act" (12 U.S.C. section 1701 et seq.), "com-36 modity exchange act" (7 U.S.C. Section 1 et seq.), "internal revenue code" 37 (26 U.S.C. section 1 et seq.), "securities investor protection act of 1970" 38 (15 U.S.C. section 78aaa et seq.), "securities litigation uniform standards 39 act of 1998" (112 Stat. 3227), "small business investment act of 1958" (15 40U.S.C. section 661 et seq.), and "electronic signatures in global and national commerce act" (15 U.S.C. section 7001 et seq.) mean those statutes 4142 and the rules and regulations adopted under those statutes, as in effect

43 on the date of the latest amendment to any provision of this act.

New Sec. 4. A reference in this act to an agency or department of 1 2 the United States is also a reference to a successor agency or department. 3 New Sec. 5. This act modifies, limits, and supersedes the federal electronic signatures in global and national commerce act, but does not 4 5modify, limit, or supersede section 101(c) of that act (15 U.S.C. section 6 7001(c)) or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described 7 in section 103(b) of that act (15 U.S.C. section 7003(b)). This act author-8 izes the filing of records and signatures, when specified by provisions of 9 this act or by a rule adopted or order issued under this act, in a manner 10 consistent with section 104(a) of that act (15 U.S.C. section 7004(a)). 11 New Sec. 6. The following securities are exempt from the require-

12ments of sections 11 through 16 and section 33, and amendments thereto: 13 (1) A security, including a revenue obligation or a separate security 14as defined in Rule 131 (17 C.F.R. 230.131) adopted under the securities 15act of 1933, issued, insured, or guaranteed by the United States; by a 16state; by a political subdivision of a state; by a public authority, agency, 17or instrumentality of one or more states; by a political subdivision of one 18 or more states; or by a person controlled or supervised by and acting as 19 an instrumentality of the United States under authority granted by the 20congress; or a certificate of deposit for any of the foregoing;

(2) a security issued, insured, or guaranteed by a foreign government
with which the United States maintains diplomatic relations, or any of its
political subdivisions, if the security is recognized as a valid obligation by
the issuer, insurer, or guarantor;

(3) a security issued by and representing or that will represent aninterest in or a direct obligation of, or be guaranteed by:

27 (A) An international banking institution;

28(B) a banking institution organized under the laws of the United 29States; a member bank of the federal reserve system; or a depository 30 institution a substantial portion of the business of which consists or will 31 consist of receiving deposits or share accounts that are insured to the 32 maximum amount authorized by statute by the federal deposit insurance 33 corporation, the national credit union share insurance fund, or a successor 34 authorized by federal law or exercising fiduciary powers that are similar 35 to those permitted for national banks under the authority of the comp-36 troller of currency pursuant to section 1 of public law 87-722 (12 U.S.C. 37 section 92a); or

(C) any other depository institution, unless by rule or order the ad ministrator proceeds under section 9, and amendments thereto;

40 (4) a security issued by and representing an interest in, or a debt of,
41 or insured or guaranteed by, an insurance company authorized to do
42 business in this state;

43 (5) a security issued or guaranteed by a railroad, other common car-

1 rier, public utility, or public utility holding company that is:

2 (A) Regulated in respect to its rates and charges by the United States 3 or a state;

(B) regulated in respect to the issuance or guarantee of the security
by the United States, a state, Canada, or a Canadian province or territory;
or

(C) a public utility holding company registered under the public utility holding company act of 1935 or a subsidiary of such a registered holding company within the meaning of that act;

10 (6) (A) a federal covered security specified in section 18(b)(1) of the 11 securities act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. section 77r(b)(1)) or by rule adopted 12 under that provision;

(B) a security listed or approved for listing on another securities mar-ket specified by rule under this act;

15 (C) a put or a call option contract; a warrant; or a subscription right 16 on or with respect to securities described in subsections (A) or (B);

(D) an option or similar derivative security on a security or an index
of securities or foreign currencies issued by a clearing agency registered
under the securities exchange act of 1934 and listed or designated for
trading on a national securities exchange, a facility of a national securities
exchange, or a facility of a national securities association registered under
the securities exchange act of 1934;

(E) an offer or sale of the underlying security in connection with the
offer, sale, or exercise of an option or other security that was exempt
when the option or other security was written or issued; or

(F) an option or a derivative security designated by the securities and
exchange commission under section 9(b) of the securities exchange act
of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 78i(b));

29 (7) a security issued by a person organized and operated exclusively 30 for religious, educational, benevolent, fraternal, charitable, social, athletic, 31 or reformatory purposes, or as a chamber of commerce, and not for pe-32 cuniary profit, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit 33 of a private stockholder or other person, or a security of a company that 34 is excluded from the definition of an investment company under Section 35 3(c)(10)(B) of the investment company act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 36 80a-3(c)(10)(B)). With respect to the offer or sale of a note, bond, de-37 benture, or other evidence of indebtedness issued by such a person, a 38 rule may be adopted under this act limiting the availability of this ex-39 emption by classifying securities, persons, and transactions, imposing dif-40ferent requirements for different classes, specifying with respect to par-41agraph (B) the scope of the exemption and the grounds for denial or 42 suspension, and requiring an issuer:

43 (A) To file a notice specifying the material terms of the proposed

offer or sale and copies of any proposed sales and advertising literature
to be used and provide that the exemption becomes effective if the administrator does not disallow the exemption within the period established
by the rule;

5 (B) to file a request for exemption authorization for which a rule 6 under this act may specify the scope of the exemption, the requirement 7 of an offering statement, the filing of sales and advertising literature, the 8 filing of consent to service of process complying with section 50, and 9 grounds for denial or suspension of the exemption; or

(C) to register under section 14;

(8) a member's or owner's interest in, or a retention certificate or like security given in lieu of a cash patronage dividend issued by, a cooperative organized and operated as a nonprofit membership cooperative under the cooperative laws of a state, but not a member's or owner's interest, retention certificate, or like security sold to persons other than bona fide members of the cooperative; and

17 (9) an equipment trust certificate with respect to equipment leased 18 or conditionally sold to a person, if any security issued by the person 19 would be exempt under this section or would be a federal covered security 20 under Section 18(b)(1) of the securities act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. section 21 77r(b)(1)).

New Sec. 7. The following transactions are exempt from the requirements of sections 11 through 16 and section 33, and amendments thereto:
(1) An isolated nonissuer transaction, whether effected by or through
a broker-dealer or not;

26 (2) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered, 27or exempt from registration under this act, and a resale transaction by a 28sponsor of a unit investment trust registered under the investment com-29pany act of 1940, in a security of a class that has been outstanding in the 30 hands of the public for at least 90 days, if, at the date of the transaction: 31 (A)(i) The issuer of the security is engaged in business, the issuer is not 32 in the organizational stage or in bankruptcy or receivership, and the issuer 33 is not a blank check, blind pool, or shell company that has no specific 34 business plan or purpose or has indicated that its primary business plan 35 is to engage in a merger or combination of the business with, or an ac-36 quisition of, an unidentified person;

(ii) the security is sold at a price reasonably related to its currentmarket price;

(iii) the security does not constitute the whole or part of an unsold
allotment to, or a subscription or participation by, the broker-dealer as
an underwriter of the security or a redistribution; and

42 (iv) a nationally recognized securities manual or its electronic equiv-

43 alent designated by rule adopted or order issued under this act or a record

filed with the securities and exchange commission that is publicly avail able contains:

(a) A description of the business and operations of the issuer;

4 (b) the names of the issuer's executive officers and the names of the 5 issuer's directors, if any;

6 (c) an audited balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within 18 7 months before the date of the transaction or, in the case of a reorgani-8 zation or merger when the parties to the reorganization or merger each 9 had an audited balance sheet, a pro forma balance sheet for the combined 10 organization; and

(d) an audited income statement for each of the issuer's two immediately previous fiscal years or for the period of existence of the issuer,
whichever is shorter, or, in the case of a reorganization or merger when
each party to the reorganization or merger had audited income statements, a pro forma income statement; or

16 (B) (i) the issuer of the security has a class of equity securities listed 17 on a national securities exchange registered under the securities exchange 18 act of 1934 or designated for trading on the national association of se-19 curities dealers automated quotation system, unless the issuer of the se-20 curity is a unit investment trust registered under the investment company 21 act of 1940;

(ii) the issuer of the security, including its predecessors, has beenengaged in continuous business for at least three years; and

(iii) the issuer of the security has total assets of at least \$2,000,000 based
on an audited balance sheet as of a date within 18 months before the date
of the transaction or, in the case of a reorganization or merger when the
parties to the reorganization or merger each had the audited balance
sheet, a pro forma balance sheet for the combined organization;

(3) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered
or exempt from registration under this act in a security of a foreign issuer
that is a margin security defined in regulations or rules adopted by the
board of governors of the federal reserve system;

(4) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered
or exempt from registration under this act in an outstanding security if
the guarantor of the security files reports with the securities and exchange
commission under the reporting requirements of section 13 or 15(d) of
the securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m or 78o(d));

(5) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered
 or exempt from registration under this act in a security that:

40 (A) Is rated at the time of the transaction by a nationally recognized
41 statistical rating organization in one of its four highest rating categories;
42 or

43 (B) has a fixed maturity or a fixed interest or dividend, if:

(i) A default has not occurred during the current fiscal year or within
 the three previous fiscal years of the issuer and any predecessor in the
 payment of principal, interest, or dividends on the security; and

4 (ii) the issuer is engaged in business, is not in the organizational stage 5 or in bankruptcy or receivership, and is not and has not been within the 6 previous 12 months a blank check, blind pool, or shell company that has 7 no specific business plan or purpose or has indicated that its primary 8 business plan is to engage in a merger or combination of the business 9 with, or an acquisition of, an unidentified person;

(6) a nonissuer transaction by or through a broker-dealer registered
or exempt from registration under this act effecting an unsolicited order
or offer to purchase;

13 (7) a nonissuer transaction executed by a bona fide pledgee without14 the purpose of evading this act;

(8) a nonissuer transaction by a federal covered investment adviser
with investments under management in excess of \$100,000,000 acting in
the exercise of discretionary authority in a signed record for the account
of others;

(9) a transaction in a security, whether or not the security or transaction is otherwise exempt, in exchange for one or more bona fide outstanding securities, claims, or property interests, or partly in such
exchange and partly for cash, if the terms and conditions of the issuance
and exchange or the delivery and exchange and the fairness of the terms
and conditions have been approved by the administrator after a hearing
or otherwise;

(10) a transaction between the issuer or other person on whose behalfthe offering is made and an underwriter, or among underwriters;

(11) a transaction in a note, bond, debenture, or other evidence ofindebtedness secured by a mortgage or other security agreement if:

(A) The note, bond, debenture, or other evidence of indebtedness isoffered and sold with the mortgage or other security agreement as a unit;

(B) a general solicitation or general advertisement of the transactionis not made; and

34 (C) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given, directly
35 or indirectly, to a person not registered under this act as a broker-dealer
36 or as an agent;

(12) a transaction by an executor, administrator of an estate, sheriff,
 marshal, receiver, trustee in bankruptcy, guardian, or conservator;

39 (13) a sale or offer to sell to:

40 (A) An institutional investor;

41 (B) a federal covered investment adviser; or

42 (C) any other person exempted by rule adopted or order issued under 43 this act; 1 (14) a sale or an offer to sell securities by an issuer, if the transaction 2 is part of a single issue in which:

3 (A) Not more than 25 purchasers are present in this state during any 4 12 consecutive months, other than those designated in paragraph (13);

5 (B) a general solicitation or general advertising is not made in con-6 nection with the offer to sell or sale of the securities;

(C) a commission or other remuneration is not paid or given, directly
or indirectly, to a person other than a broker-dealer registered under this
act or an agent registered under this act for soliciting a prospective purchaser in this state; and

(D) the issuer reasonably believes that all the purchasers in this state,
other than those designated in paragraph (13), are purchasing for
investment;

(15) a transaction under an offer to existing security holders of the
issuer, including persons that at the date of the transaction are holders
of convertible securities, options, or warrants, if a commission or other
remuneration, other than a standby commission, is not paid or given,
directly or indirectly, for soliciting a security holder in this state;

(16) an offer to sell, but not a sale, of a security not exempt fromregistration under the securities act of 1933 if:

(A) A registration or offering statement or similar record as required
under the securities act of 1933 has been filed, but is not effective, or the
offer is made in compliance with rule 165 adopted under the securities
act of 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.165); and

(B) a stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued against the offeror by the administrator or the securities and exchange commission, and an audit, inspection, or proceeding that is public and that may culminate in a stop order is not known by the offeror to be pending;

30 (17) an offer to sell, but not a sale, of a security exempt from regis-31 tration under the securities act of 1933 if:

32 (A) A registration statement has been filed under this act, but is not 33 effective;

(B) a solicitation of interest is provided in a record to offerees in
 compliance with a rule adopted by the administrator under this act; and

36 (C) a stop order of which the offeror is aware has not been issued by
37 the administrator under this act and an audit, inspection, or proceeding
38 that may culminate in a stop order is not known by the offeror to be
39 pending;

40 (18) a transaction involving the distribution of the securities of an 41 issuer to the security holders of another person in connection with a 42 merger, consolidation, exchange of securities, sale of assets, or other re-43 organization to which the issuer, or its parent or subsidiary and the other 1 person, or its parent or subsidiary, are parties;

2 (19) a rescission offer, sale, or purchase under section 39, and amend-3 ments thereto;

4 (20) an offer or sale of a security through a broker-dealer reg-5 istered under this act to a person not a resident of this state and 6 not present in this state if the offer or sale does not constitute a 7 violation of the laws of the state or foreign jurisdiction in which 8 the offeree or purchaser is present and is not part of an unlawful 9 plan or scheme to evade this act;

(21) employees' stock purchase, savings, option, profit- sharing, pension, or similar employees' benefit plan, including any securities, plan interests, and guarantees issued under a compensatory benefit plan or compensation contract, contained in a record, established by the issuer, its parents, its majority-owned subsidiaries, or the majority-owned subsidiaries of the issuer's parent for the participation of their employees including offers or sales of such securities to:

17 (A) Directors; general partners; trustees, if the issuer is a business18 trust; officers; consultants; and advisors;

(B) family members who acquire such securities from those personsthrough gifts or domestic relations orders;

(C) former employees, directors, general partners, trustees, officers,
 consultants, and advisors if those individuals were employed by or pro viding services to the issuer when the securities were offered; and

(D) insurance agents who are exclusive insurance agents of the issuer,
or the issuer's subsidiaries or parents, or who derive more than 50% of
their annual income from those organizations;

27 (21) (22) a transaction involving:

28(A) A stock dividend or equivalent equity distribution, whether the 29corporation or other business organization distributing the dividend or 30 equivalent equity distribution is the issuer or not, if nothing of value is 31 given by stockholders or other equity holders for the dividend or equiv-32 alent equity distribution other than the surrender of a right to a cash or 33 property dividend if each stockholder or other equity holder may elect to 34 take the dividend or equivalent equity distribution in cash, property, or 35 stock;

(B) an act incident to a judicially approved reorganization in which a
security is issued in exchange for one or more outstanding securities,
claims, or property interests, or partly in such exchange and partly for
cash; or

40 (C) the solicitation of tenders of securities by an offeror in a tender 41 offer in compliance with rule 162 adopted under the securities act of 42 1933 (17 C.F.R. 230.162); or

43 (22) (23) a nonissuer transaction in an outstanding security by or

through a broker-dealer registered or exempt from registration under this 1 2 act, if the issuer is a reporting issuer in a foreign jurisdiction designated 3 by this paragraph or by rule adopted or order issued under this act; has 4 been subject to continuous reporting requirements in the foreign juris- $\mathbf{5}$ diction for not less than 180 days before the transaction; and the security 6 is listed on the foreign jurisdiction's securities exchange that has been 7 designated by this paragraph or by rule adopted or order issued under 8 this act, or is a security of the same issuer that is of senior or substantially 9 equal rank to the listed security or is a warrant or right to purchase or 10 subscribe to any of the foregoing. For purposes of this paragraph, Canada, 11 together with its provinces and territories, is a designated foreign juris-12diction and the Toronto stock exchange, inc., is a designated securities 13 exchange. After an administrative hearing in compliance with the Kansas 14administrative procedure act, the administrator, by rule adopted or order 15issued under this act, may revoke the designation of a securities exchange 16 under this paragraph, if the administrator finds that revocation is neces-17sary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of 18 investors. 19 New Sec. 8. A rule adopted or order issued under this act may ex-20 empt a security, transaction, or offer; a rule under this act may exempt a 21class of securities, transactions, or offers from any or all of the require-

ments of sections 11 through 16 and section 33, and amendments thereto; and an order under this act may waive, in whole or in part, any or all of the conditions for an exemption or offer under sections 6 and 7, and amendments thereto.

26 New Sec. 9. (a) Except with respect to a federal covered security or 27a transaction involving a federal covered security, an order under this act 28may deny, suspend application of, condition, limit, or revoke an exemp-29 tion created under section 6 (3)(C), (7) or (8) or section 7, and amend-30 ments thereto, or an exemption or waiver created under section 8, and 31 amendments thereto, with respect to a specific security, transaction, or 32 offer. An order under this section may be issued only pursuant to the 33 procedures in section 16(d) or section 43, and amendments thereto, and 34 only prospectively.

(b) Knowledge of order required. A person does not violate
section 11, 13 through 16, 33 or 39, and amendments thereto, by
an offer to sell, offer to purchase, sale, or purchase effected after
the entry of an order issued under this section if the person did
not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have
known, of the order.
New Sec. 10. The administrator may by rules and regulations set a

41 New Sec. 10. The administrator may by fulles and regulations set a
 42 fee not to exceed \$2,500 for an application or filing made in connection
 43 with any exemption from securities registration.

1 New Sec. 11. It is unlawful for a person to offer or sell a security in 2 this state unless:

3 (1) The security is a federal covered security and, if required by sec4 tion 12, and amendments thereto, notice or documents have been filed
5 and the fee has been paid;

6 (2) the security, transaction, or offer is exempted from registration 7 under sections 6 through 8, and amendments thereto; or

(3) the security is registered under this act.

9 New Sec. 12. (a) *Required filing of records*. With respect to a federal 10 covered security, as defined in section 18(b)(2) of the securities act of 11 1933 (15 U.S.C. section 77r(b)(2)), that is not otherwise exempt under 12 sections 6 through 8, and amendments thereto, a rule adopted or order 13 issued under this act may require the filing of any or all of the following 14 records:

(1) Before the initial offer of a federal covered security in this state,
all records that are part of a federal registration statement filed with the
securities and exchange commission under the securities act of 1933 and
a consent to service of process complying with section 50, and amendments thereto, signed by the issuer and the payment of a fee not to exceed
\$2,500;

(2) after the initial offer of the federal covered security in this state,
all records that are part of an amendment to a federal registration statement filed with the securities and exchange commission under the securities act of 1933; and

(3) to the extent necessary or appropriate to compute fees, a report of the value of the federal covered securities sold or offered to persons present in this state, if the sales data are not included in records filed with the securities and exchange commission and payment of a fee not to exceed \$2,500.

30 (b) Notice filing effectiveness and renewal. A notice filing under sub-31 section (a) is effective for one year commencing on the later of the notice 32 filing or the effectiveness of the offering filed with the securities and 33 exchange commission. On or before expiration, the issuer may renew a 34 notice filing by filing a copy of those records filed by the issuer with the 35 securities and exchange commission that are required by rule or order 36 under this act to be filed and by paying a renewal fee not to exceed \$2,500. 37 A previously filed consent to service of process complying with section 38 50, and amendments thereto, may be incorporated by reference in a re-39 newal. A renewed notice filing becomes effective upon the expiration of 40 the filing being renewed.

41 (c) Notice filings for federal covered securities under Section 42 18(b)(4)(D). With respect to a security that is a federal covered security 43 under section 18(b)(4)(D) of the securities act of 1933(15 U.S.C. section)

77r(b)(4)(D), a rule under this act may require: (1) A notice filing by or 1 2 on behalf of an issuer to include a copy of form D, including the appendix, 3 as promulgated by the securities and exchange commission, and a consent 4 to service of process complying with section 50, and amendments thereto, 5signed by the issuer, not later than 15 days after the first sale of the federal 6 covered security in this state; and (2) the payment of a fee not to exceed 7 \$2,500 for a timely filing and the payment of a fee not to exceed \$5,000 8 for any late filing. 9 (d) Stop orders. Except with respect to a federal security under sec-10tion 18(b)(1) of the securities act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. section 77r(b)(1)), 11 if the administrator finds that there is a failure to comply with a notice 12or fee requirement of this section, the administrator may issue a stop 13 order suspending the offer and sale of a federal covered security in this 14state. If the deficiency is corrected, the stop order is void as of the time 15of its issuance and no penalty may be imposed by the administrator other 16 than a late filing fee. 17New Sec. 13. (a) Registration permitted. A security for which a reg-18istration statement has been filed under the securities act of 1933 in 19 connection with the same offering may be registered by coordination 20 under this section. 21(b) *Required records*. A registration statement and accompanying re-22 cords under this section must contain or be accompanied by the following 23 records in addition to the information specified in section 15, and amend-24 ments thereto, and a consent to service of process complying with section 2550, and amendments thereto: 26A copy of the latest form of prospectus filed under the securities (1)act of 1933; 2728(2)a copy of the articles of incorporation and bylaws or their sub-29stantial equivalents currently in effect; a copy of any agreement with or 30 among underwriters; a copy of any indenture or other instrument gov-31 erning the issuance of the security to be registered; and a specimen, copy, 32 or description of the security **that is required by rule adopted or order** 33 issued under this act; 34 copies of any other information or any other records filed by the (3)35 issuer under the securities act of 1933 requested by the administrator; 36 and 37 (4)an undertaking to forward each amendment to the federal pro-

38 spectus, other than an amendment that delays the effective date of the 39 registration statement, promptly after it is filed with the securities and 40 exchange commission.

41 (c) Conditions for effectiveness of registration statement. A registra42 tion statement under this section becomes effective simultaneously with
43 or subsequent to the federal registration statement when all the following

1 conditions are satisfied:

2 (1) A stop order under subsection (d) or section 16, and amendments 3 thereto, or issued by the securities and exchange commission is not in 4 effect, and a proceeding is not pending against the issuer under section 516, and amendments thereto, and the administrator has not given written 6 notice of deficiencies that are unresolved and that would constitute 7 grounds for a stop order under section 16, and amendments thereto; and the registration statement has been on file for at least 20 days or 8 (2)9 a shorter period provided by rule adopted or order issued under this act. 10Notice of federal registration statement effectiveness. The regis-(d) 11 trant shall promptly notify the administrator in a record of the date when 12the federal registration statement becomes effective and the content of 13 any price amendment and shall promptly file a record containing the price 14amendment. If the notice is not timely received, the administrator may 15issue a stop order, without prior notice or hearing, retroactively denying 16effectiveness to the registration statement or suspending its effectiveness 17until compliance with this section. The administrator shall promptly notify 18the registrant of an order by telephone or electronic means and promptly 19 confirm this notice by a record. If the registrant subsequently complies 20with the notice requirements of this section, the stop order is void as of 21the date of its issuance. 22 (e) *Effectiveness of registration statement*. If the federal registration 23 statement becomes effective before each of the conditions in this section 24 is satisfied or is waived by the administrator, the registration statement is 25automatically effective under this act when all the conditions are satisfied 26 or waived. If the registrant notifies the administrator of the date when 27the federal registration statement is expected to become effective, the 28administrator shall promptly notify the registrant by a record, indicating 29whether all the conditions are satisfied or waived and whether the ad-30 ministrator intends the institution of a proceeding under section 16, and 31 amendments thereto. The notice by the administrator does not preclude 32 the institution of such a proceeding.

33 New Sec. 14. (a) *Registration permitted*. A security may be regis-34 tered by qualification under this section.

(b) Required records. A registration statement under this section must contain the information or records specified in section 15, and amendments thereto, a consent to service of process complying with section 50, and amendments thereto, and the following information or records unless waived by the administrator for good cause shown:

(1) With respect to the issuer and any significant subsidiary, its name,
address, and form of organization; the state or foreign jurisdiction and
date of its organization; the general character and location of its business;
a description of its physical properties and equipment; and a statement

of the general competitive conditions in the industry or business in which
 it is or will be engaged;

3 (2) with respect to each director and officer of the issuer, and other 4 person having a similar status or performing similar functions, the per-5son's name, address, and principal occupation for the previous five years; 6 the amount of securities of the issuer held by the person as of the 30th 7 day before the filing of the registration statement; the amount of the 8 securities covered by the registration statement to which the person has 9 indicated an intention to subscribe; and a description of any material 10 interest of the person in any material transaction with the issuer or a 11 significant subsidiary effected within the previous three years or proposed 12 to be effected;

(3) with respect to persons covered by paragraph (2), the aggregate
sum of the remuneration paid to those persons during the previous 12
months and estimated to be paid during the next 12 months, directly or
indirectly, by the issuer and all predecessors, parents, subsidiaries, and
affiliates of the issuer;

(4) with respect to a person owning of record or owning beneficially,
if known, 10% or more of the outstanding shares of any class of equity
security of the issuer, the information specified in paragraph (2) other
than the person's occupation;

(5) with respect to a promoter, if the issuer was organized within the
previous three years, the information or records specified in paragraph
(2), any amount paid to the promoter within that period or intended to
be paid to the promoter, and the consideration for the payment;

(6) with respect to a person on whose behalf any part of the offering
is to be made in a nonissuer distribution, the person's name and address;
the amount of securities of the issuer held by the person as of the date
of the filing of the registration statement; a description of any material
interest of the person in any material transaction with the issuer or any
significant subsidiary effected within the previous three years or proposed
to be effected; and a statement of the reasons for making the offering;

33 (7) the capitalization and long term debt, on both a current and pro 34 forma basis, of the issuer and any significant subsidiary, including a de-35 scription of each security outstanding or being registered or otherwise 36 offered, and a statement of the amount and kind of consideration, 37 whether in the form of cash, physical assets, services, patents, goodwill, 38 or anything else of value, for which the issuer or any subsidiary has issued 39 its securities within the previous two years or is obligated to issue its 40securities;

41 (8) the kind and amount of securities to be offered; the proposed
42 offering price or the method by which it is to be computed; any variation
43 at which a proportion of the offering is to be made to a person or class

of persons other than the underwriters, with a specification of the person 1 2 or class; the basis on which the offering is to be made if otherwise than 3 for cash; the estimated aggregate underwriting and selling discounts or commissions and finder's fees, including separately cash, securities, con-4 5tracts, or anything else of value to accrue to the underwriters or finders 6 in connection with the offering or, if the selling discounts or commissions 7 are variable, the basis of determining them and their maximum and min-8 imum amounts; the estimated amounts of other selling expenses, includ-9 ing legal, engineering, and accounting charges; the name and address of 10 each underwriter and each recipient of a finder's fee; a copy of any un-11 derwriting or selling group agreement under which the distribution is to 12be made or the proposed form of any such agreement whose terms have 13 not yet been determined; and a description of the plan of distribution of 14any securities that are to be offered otherwise than through an under-15writer; 16(9) the estimated monetary proceeds to be received by the issuer 17from the offering; the purposes for which the proceeds are to be used by 18the issuer; the estimated amount to be used for each purpose; the order 19 or priority in which the proceeds will be used for the purposes stated; the 20amounts of any funds to be raised from other sources to achieve the 21purposes stated; the sources of the funds; and, if a part of the proceeds 22 is to be used to acquire property, including goodwill, otherwise than in

the ordinary course of business, the names and addresses of the vendors, the purchase price, the names of any persons that have received commissions in connection with the acquisition, and the amounts of the commissions and other expenses in connection with the acquisition, including the cost of borrowing money to finance the acquisition;

(10) a description of any stock options or other security options outstanding, or to be created in connection with the offering, and the amount
of those options held or to be held by each person required to be named
in paragraph (2), (4), (5), (6), or (8) and by any person that holds or will
hold 10% or more in the aggregate of those options;

(11) the dates of, parties to, and general effect concisely stated of
each managerial or other material contract made or to be made otherwise
than in the ordinary course of business to be performed in whole or in
part at or after the filing of the registration statement or that was made
within the previous two years, and a copy of the contract;

(12) a description of any pending litigation, action, or proceeding to
which the issuer is a party and that materially affects its business or assets,
and any litigation, action, or proceeding known to be contemplated by
governmental authorities;

(13) a copy of any prospectus, pamphlet, circular, form letter, adver-tisement, or other sales literature intended as of the effective date to be

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1 used in connection with the offering and any solicitation of interest used 2 in compliance with section 7 (17)(B), and amendments thereto;

(14) a specimen or copy of the security being registered, unless the
security is uncertificated; a copy of the issuer's articles of incorporation
and bylaws or their substantial equivalents, in effect; and a copy of any
indenture or other instrument covering the security to be registered;

(15) a signed or conformed copy of an opinion of counsel concerning
the legality of the security being registered, with an English translation if
it is in a language other than English, which states whether the security
when sold will be validly issued, fully paid, and nonassessable and, if a
debt security, a binding obligation of the issuer;

(16) a signed or conformed copy of a consent of any accountant, engineer, appraiser, or other person whose profession gives authority for a
statement made by the person, if the person is named as having prepared
or certified a report or valuation, other than an official record that is
public, which is used in connection with the registration statement;

17(17) a balance sheet of the issuer as of a date within four months 18before the filing of the registration statement; a statement of income and 19 a statement of cash flows for each of the three fiscal years preceding the 20date of the balance sheet and for any period between the close of the 21immediately previous fiscal year and the date of the balance sheet, or for 22 the period of the issuer's and any predecessor's existence if less than three 23years; and, if any part of the proceeds of the offering is to be applied to 24 the purchase of a business, the financial statements that would be re-25quired if that business were the registrant; and

(18) any additional information or records required by rule adoptedor order issued under this act.

(c) Conditions for effectiveness of registration statement. A registration statement under this section becomes effective 30 days, or any
shorter period provided by rule adopted or order issued under this act,
after the date the registration statement or the last amendment other
than a price amendment is filed, if:

(1) A stop order is not in effect and a proceeding is not pending under
 section 16, and amendments thereto;

35 (2) the administrator has not issued an order under section 16, and 36 amendments thereto, delaying effectiveness; and

(3) the applicant or registrant has not requested that effectiveness bedelayed.

(d) Delay of effectiveness of registration statement. The administrator
 may delay effectiveness once for not more than 90 days if the adminis trator determines the registration statement is not complete in all material

42 respects and promptly notifies the applicant or registrant of that deter-

43 mination. The administrator may also delay effectiveness for a further

29

period of not more than 30 days if the administrator determines that the
 delay is necessary or appropriate.

3 (e) *Prospectus distribution may be required*. A rule adopted or order 4 issued under this act may require as a condition of registration under this 5 section that a prospectus containing a specified part of the information 6 or record specified in subsection (b) be sent or given to each person to 7 which an offer is made, before or concurrently, with the earliest of:

8 (1) The first offer made in a record to the person otherwise than by 9 means of a public advertisement, by or for the account of the issuer or 10 another person on whose behalf the offering is being made or by an 11 underwriter or broker-dealer that is offering part of an unsold allotment 12 or subscription taken by the person as a participant in the distribution;

13 (2) the confirmation of a sale made by or for the account of the 14 person;

15 (3) payment pursuant to such a sale; or

(4) delivery of the security pursuant to such a sale.

New Sec. 15. (a) *Who may file*. A registration statement may be filed
by the issuer, a person on whose behalf the offering is to be made, or a
broker-dealer registered under this act.

(b) *Filing fee.* A person filing a registration statement shall pay a fee
established by the administrator by rule or order, but not more than
\$2,500 for each year that the registration statement is effective. If a registration statement is withdrawn before the effective date or a preeffective
stop order is issued under section 16, and amendments thereto, the administrator shall retain an amount of the fee established by the administrator by rule or order.

(c) Status of offering. A registration statement filed under section 13
 or 14, and amendments thereto, must specify:

(1) The amount of securities to be offered in this state;

30 (2) the states in which a registration statement or similar record in 31 connection with the offering has been or is to be filed; and

(3) any adverse order, judgment, or decree issued in connection with
 the offering by a state securities regulator, the securities and exchange
 commission, or a court.

(d) Incorporation by reference. A record filed under this act or the predecessor act within five years preceding the filing of a registration statement may be incorporated by reference in the registration statement to the extent that the record is currently accurate.

(e) Nonissuer distribution. In the case of a nonissuer distribution,
 information or a record may not be required under subsection (i) or sec-

41 tion 14, and amendments thereto, unless it is known to the person filing

42 the registration statement or to the person on whose behalf the distri-

43 bution is to be made or unless it can be furnished by those persons with-

1 out unreasonable effort or expense.

2 (f) Escrow and impoundment. A rule adopted or order issued under 3 this act may require as a condition of registration that a security issued 4 within the previous five years or to be issued to a promoter for a consid- $\mathbf{5}$ eration substantially less than the public offering price or to a person for 6 a consideration other than cash be deposited in escrow; and that the 7 proceeds from the sale of the registered security in this state be im-8 pounded until the issuer receives a specified amount from the sale of the 9 security either in this state or elsewhere. The conditions of any escrow 10 or impoundment required under this subsection may be established by 11 rule adopted or order issued under this act, but the administrator may 12 not reject a depository institution solely because of its location in another 13 state.

14 (g) *Form of subscription*. A rule adopted or order issued under this 15 act may require as a condition of registration that a security registered 16 under this act be sold only on a specified form of subscription or sale 17 contract and that a signed or conformed copy of each contract be filed 18 under this act or preserved for a period specified by the rule or order, 19 which may not be longer than five years.

20 (h) *Effective period*. Except while a stop order is in effect under sec-21tion 16, and amendments thereto, a registration statement is effective for 22 one year after its effective date, or for any longer period designated by 23 rule adopted or order issued under this act during which the security is 24 being offered or distributed in a nonexempted transaction by or for the 25account of the issuer or other person on whose behalf the offering is 26being made or by an underwriter or broker-dealer that is still offering 27part of an unsold allotment or subscription taken as a participant in the 28distribution. For the purposes of a nonissuer transaction, all outstanding 29 securities of the same class identified in the registration statement as a 30 security registered under this act are considered to be registered while 31 the registration statement is effective. If any securities of the same class 32 are outstanding, a registration statement may not be withdrawn until one 33 year after its effective date. A registration statement may be withdrawn 34 only with the approval of the administrator.

(i) *Periodic reports.* While a registration statement is effective, a rule
adopted or order issued under this act may require the person that filed
the registration statement to file reports, not more often than quarterly,
to keep the information or other record in the registration statement
reasonably current and to disclose the progress of the offering.

40 (j) *Posteffective amendments*. A registration statement shall be 41 amended after its effective date if there are material changes in infor-42 mation or documents in the registration statement or if there is an in-43 crease in the aggregate amount of securities offered or sold in this state.

The posteffective amendment becomes effective when the administrator 1 2 provides written notice that the amendment has been accepted. If a pos-3 teffective amendment is made to increase the number of securities specified to be offered or sold, the person filing the amendment shall pay a 4 5registration fee based upon the increase in such price calculated in ac-6 cordance with the rate and fee specified in subsection (b). A posteffective 7 amendment relates back to the date of the offering of the additional securities being registered if, within one year after the date of the sale, 8 9 the amendment is filed and the additional registration fee is paid. If a 10 posteffective amendment for registration of additional securities and pay-11 ment of additional fees is not filed in a timely manner, there shall be no 12penalty assessed if the amendment is filed and the additional registration 13 fee is paid within one year after the date the additional securities are sold 14in this state. 15New Sec. 16. (a) Stop orders. The administrator may issue a stop 16 order denying effectiveness to, or suspending or revoking the effective-17ness of, a registration statement if the administrator finds that the order 18is in the public interest and that: 19 The registration statement as of its effective date or before the (1)20effective date in the case of an order denying effectiveness, an amend-21ment under section 15 (j), and amendments thereto, as of its effective 22 date, or a report under section 15 (i), and amendments thereto, is incom-23 plete in a material respect or contains a statement that, in the light of the 24 circumstances under which it was made, was false or misleading with 25respect to a material fact; 26(2) this act or a rule adopted or order issued under this act or a 27condition imposed under this act has been willfully violated, in connection 28with the offering, by: 29(A) The person filing the registration statement, but only if such per-30 son is directly or indirectly controlled by or acting for the issuer; 31 the issuer, a partner, officer, or director of the issuer or a person (B) 32 having a similar status or performing a similar function; 33 a promoter of the issuer; (\mathbf{C}) 34 (D) a person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by the 35 issuer; or 36 (\mathbf{E}) an underwriter; 37 (3)the security registered or sought to be registered is the subject of 38 a permanent or temporary injunction of a court of competent jurisdiction 39 or an administrative stop order or similar order issued under any federal, foreign, or state law other than this act applicable to the offering, but the 4041administrator may not institute a proceeding against an effective registra-42tion statement under this paragraph more than one year after the date of 43 the order or injunction on which it is based, and the administrator may

not issue an order under this paragraph on the basis of an order or in-1 2 junction issued under the securities act of another state unless the order 3 or injunction was based on conduct that would constitute, as of the date 4 of the order, a ground for a stop order under this section; 5the issuer's enterprise or method of business includes or would (4)6 include activities that are unlawful where performed or in this state; 7 $(\mathbf{5})$ with respect to a security sought to be registered under section 8 13, and amendments thereto, there has been a failure to comply with the 9 undertaking required by section 13(b)(4), and amendments thereto; 10the applicant or registrant has not paid the filing fee, but the (6)11 administrator shall void the order if the deficiency is corrected; 12(7)the offering: 13 Will work or tend to work a fraud upon purchasers or would so (A) 14operate; 15has been or would be made with unreasonable amounts of un-(B) derwriters' and sellers' discounts, commissions, or other compensation, 16 17or promoters' profits or participations, or unreasonable amounts or kinds 18 of options; or 19 (\mathbf{C}) is being made on terms that are unfair, unjust, or inequitable; 20Enforcement of subsection (a)(7). To the extent practicable, the (b) 21administrator by rule adopted or order issued under this act shall publish 22 standards that provide notice of conduct that violates subsection (a)(7). 23 Institution of stop order. The administrator may not institute a (c) 24 stop order proceeding against an effective registration statement on the 25basis of conduct or a transaction known to the administrator when the 26registration statement became effective unless the proceeding is insti-27tuted within 30 days after the registration statement became effective. 28(d) Summary process. The administrator may summarily revoke, 29deny, postpone, or suspend the effectiveness of a registration statement 30 pending final determination of an administrative proceeding. Upon the 31 issuance of the order, the administrator shall promptly notify each person 32 specified in subsection (e) that the order has been issued, the reasons for 33 the revocation, denial, postponement, or suspension, and that within 15 34 days after the receipt of a request in a record from the person the matter 35 will be scheduled for a hearing. If a hearing is not requested and none is 36 ordered by the administrator, within 30 days after the date of service of 37 the order, the order becomes final. If a hearing is requested or ordered, 38 the administrator, after notice of and opportunity for hearing for each 39 person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend 40 the order until final determination. (e) Procedural requirements for stop order. (1) A stop order may not 41 42 be issued under this section without: 43 Appropriate notice to the applicant or registrant, the issuer, and (A)

the person on whose behalf the securities are to be or have been offered; 1

an opportunity for hearing; and 2 (\mathbf{B}) 3

 (\mathbf{C}) findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record.

(2)Any proceeding under this section shall be done in accordance 4 5with the Kansas administrative procedure act.

6 Modification or vacation of stop order. The administrator may (f) 7 modify or vacate a stop order issued under this section if the administrator 8 finds that the conditions that caused its issuance have changed or that it 9 is necessary or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of 10investors.

11 New Sec. 17. The administrator may waive or modify, in whole or in 12 part, any or all of the requirements of sections 12, 13, and 14(b), and 13 amendments thereto, or the requirement of any information or record in 14a registration statement or in a periodic report filed pursuant to section 1515(I)(i), and amendments thereto.

16New Sec. 18. (a) Registration requirement. It is unlawful for a person 17to transact business in this state as a broker-dealer unless the person is 18registered under this act as a broker-dealer or is exempt from registration 19 as a broker-dealer under subsection (b) or (d).

20Exemptions from registration. The following persons are exempt (b) 21from the registration requirement of subsection (a):

22 (1)A broker-dealer without a place of business in this state if its only 23 transactions effected in this state are with:

24 The issuer of the securities involved in the transactions; (A)

25a broker-dealer registered under this act or not required to be (B) 26 registered as a broker-dealer under this act;

27 (\mathbf{C}) an institutional investor:

28a nonaffiliated federal covered investment adviser with invest-(D) 29ments under management in excess of \$100,000,000 acting for the ac-30 count of others pursuant to discretionary authority in a signed record;

31 a bona fide preexisting customer whose principal place of resi- (\mathbf{E}) 32 dence is not in this state and the broker-dealer is registered as a broker-33 dealer under the securities exchange act of 1934 or not required to be 34 registered under the securities exchange act of 1934 and is registered 35 under the securities act of the state in which the customer maintains a 36 principal place of residence;

37 (F) a bona fide preexisting customer whose principal place of resi-38 dence is in this state but was not present in this state when the customer 39 relationship was established, if:

The broker-dealer is registered under the securities exchange act 40(i) of 1934 or not required to be registered under the securities exchange 4142act of 1934 and is registered under the securities laws of the state in 43 which the customer relationship was established and where the customer 1 had maintained a principal place of residence; and

2 (ii) within 45 days after the customer's first transaction in this state, 3 the person files an application for registration as a broker-dealer in this 4 state and a further transaction is not effected more than 75 days after the $\mathbf{5}$ date on which the application is filed, or, if earlier, the date on which the 6 administrator notifies the person that the administrator has denied the 7 application for registration or has stayed the pendency of the application 8 for good cause; 9 (G) not more than three customers in this state during the previous 10 12 months, in addition to those customers specified in subparagraphs (A)

11 through (F) and under subparagraph (H), if the broker-dealer is registered under the securities exchange act of 1934 or not required to be registered under the securities exchange act of 1934 and is registered under the securities act of the state in which the broker-dealer has its principal place of business; and

16 (H) any other person exempted by rule adopted or order issued un-17 der this act; and

(2) a person that deals solely in United States government securities
and is supervised as a dealer in government securities by the board of
governors of the federal reserve system, the comptroller of the currency,
the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the office of thrift
supervision.

23 (c) Limits on employment or association. It is unlawful for a broker-24dealer, or for an issuer engaged in offering, offering to purchase, pur-25chasing, or selling securities in this state, directly or indirectly, to employ 26or associate with an individual to engage in an activity related to securities 27transactions in this state if the registration of the individual is suspended 28or revoked or the individual is barred from employment or association 29 with a broker-dealer, an issuer, an investment adviser, or a federal covered 30 investment adviser by an order of the administrator under this act, the 31 securities and exchange commission, or a self-regulatory organization. A 32 broker-dealer or issuer does not violate this subsection if the broker-33 dealer or issuer did not know and in the exercise of reasonable care could 34 not have known, of the suspension, revocation, or bar. Upon request from 35 a broker-dealer or issuer and for good cause, an order under this act may 36 modify or waive, in whole or in part, the application of the prohibitions 37 of this subsection to the broker-dealer.

38 (d) Foreign transactions. A rule adopted or order issued under this39 act may permit:

40 (1) A broker-dealer that is registered in Canada or other foreign ju41 risdiction and that does not have a place of business in this state to effect
42 transactions in securities with or for, or attempt to effect the purchase or
43 sale of any securities by:

1 (A) An individual from Canada or other foreign jurisdiction who is 2 temporarily present in this State and with whom the broker-dealer had a 3 bona fide customer relationship before the individual entered the United 4 States;

5 (B) an individual from Canada or other foreign jurisdiction who is 6 present in this state and whose transactions are in a self-directed tax 7 advantaged retirement plan of which the individual is the holder or con-8 tributor in that foreign jurisdiction; or

9 (C) an individual who is present in this state, with whom the broker-10 dealer customer relationship arose while the individual was temporarily 11 or permanently resident in Canada or the other foreign jurisdiction; and

(2) an agent who represents a broker-dealer that is exempt under this
subsection to effect transactions in securities or attempt to effect the
purchase or sale of securities in this state as permitted for a broker-dealer
described in paragraph (1).

16 New Sec. 19. (a) *Registration requirement*. It is unlawful for an in-17 dividual to transact business in this state as an agent unless the individual 18 is registered under this act as an agent or is exempt from registration as 19 an agent under subsection (b).

20 (b) *Exemptions from registration*. The following individuals are ex-21 empt from the registration requirement of subsection (a):

22 (1) An individual who represents a broker-dealer in effecting trans-23 actions in this state limited to those described in section 15(h)(2) of the 24 securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 78(o)(2));

(2) an individual who represents a broker-dealer that is exempt under
section 18 (b) or (d), and amendments thereto;

(3) an individual who represents an issuer with respect to an offer or
sale of the issuer's own securities or those of the issuer's parent or any of
the issuer's subsidiaries, and who is not compensated in connection with
the individual's participation by the payment of commissions or other
remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on transactions in those
securities;

(4) an individual who represents an issuer and who effects transactions in the issuer's securities exempted by section 7, and amendments
thereto, other than section 7 (11) and (14), and amendments thereto;

36 an individual who represents an issuer that effects transactions (5)37 solely in federal covered securities of the issuer, but an individual who 38 effects transactions in a federal covered security under section 18(b)(3)39 or 18(b)(4)(D) of the securities act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. section 77r(b)(3)40 or 77r(b)(4)(D) is not exempt if the individual is compensated in con-41nection with the agent's participation by the payment of commissions or 42other remuneration based, directly or indirectly, on transactions in those 43 securities;

1 (6) an individual who represents a broker-dealer registered in this 2 state under section 18 (a), and amendments thereto, or exempt from 3 registration under section 18 (b), and amendments thereto, in the offer 4 and sale of securities for an account of a nonaffiliated federal covered 5 investment adviser with investments under management in excess of 6 \$100,000,000 acting for the account of others pursuant to discretionary 7 authority in a signed record;

8 (7) an individual who represents an issuer in connection with the 9 purchase of the issuer's own securities;

10 (8) an individual who represents an issuer and who restricts partici-11 pation to performing clerical or ministerial acts; or

(9) any other individual exempted by rule adopted or order issuedunder this act.

(c) Registration effective only while employed or associated. The registration of an agent is effective only while the agent is employed by or
associated with a broker-dealer registered under this act or an issuer that
is offering, selling, or purchasing its securities in this state.

18 (d) *Limit on employment or association.* It is unlawful for a broker-19 dealer, or an issuer engaged in offering, selling, or purchasing securities 20 in this state, to employ or associate with an agent who transacts business 21 in this state on behalf of broker-dealers or issuers unless the agent is 22 registered under subsection (a) or exempt from registration under sub-23 section (b).

(e) *Limit on affiliations*. An individual may not act as an agent for
more than one broker-dealer or one issuer at a time, unless the brokerdealer or the issuer for which the agent acts are affiliated by direct or
indirect common control or are authorized by rule or order under this
act.

New Sec. 20. (a) *Registration requirement*. It is unlawful for a person
to transact business in this state as an investment adviser unless the person
is registered under this act as an investment adviser or is exempt from
registration as an investment adviser under subsection (b).

33 (b) *Exemptions from registration*. The following persons are exempt34 from the registration requirement of subsection (a):

(1) A person without a place of business in this state that is registered
under the securities act of the state in which the person has its principal
place of business if its only clients in this state are:

(A) Federal covered investment advisers, investment advisers regis tered under this act, or broker-dealers registered under this act;

40 (B) institutional investors;

41 (C) bona fide preexisting clients whose principal places of residence 42 are not in this state if the investment adviser is registered under the 43 securities act of the state in which the clients maintain principal places 1 of residence; or

2 (D) any other client exempted by rule adopted or order issued under 3 this act;

4 (2) a person without a place of business in this state if the person has 5 had, during the preceding 12 months, not more than five clients that are 6 resident in this state in addition to those specified under paragraph (1); 7 or

8 (3) any other person exempted by rule adopted or order issued under9 this act .

10(c) *Limits on employment or association.* It is unlawful for an investment adviser, directly or indirectly, to employ or associate with an indi-11 12vidual to engage in an activity related to investment advice in this state if 13 the registration of the individual is suspended or revoked or the individual 14is barred from employment or association with an investment adviser, 15federal covered investment adviser, or broker-dealer by an order under 16this act, the securities and exchange commission, or a self-regulatory or-17ganization, unless the investment adviser did not know, and in the exercise 18of reasonable care could not have known, of the suspension, revocation, 19 or bar. Upon request from the investment adviser and for good cause, 20the administrator, by order, may waive, in whole or in part, the application 21of the prohibitions of this subsection to the investment adviser.

(d) Investment adviser representative registration required. It is unlawful for an investment adviser to employ or associate with an individual required to be registered under this act as an investment adviser representative who transacts business in this state on behalf of the investment adviser unless the individual is registered under section 21 (a), and amendments thereto, or is exempt from registration under section 21 (b), and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 21. (a) *Registration requirement*. It is unlawful for an individual to transact business in this state as an investment adviser representative unless the individual is registered under this act as an investment adviser representative or is exempt from registration as an investment adviser representative under subsection (b).

34 (b) *Exemptions from registration*. The following individuals are ex-35 empt from the registration requirement of subsection (a):

(1) An individual who is exclusively employed by or associated with
an investment adviser that is exempt from registration under section 20
(b), and amendments thereto, or a federal covered investment adviser
that is excluded from the notice filing requirements of section 22, and
amendments thereto; and

41 (2) any other individual exempted by rule adopted or order issued 42 under this act.

43 (c) Registration effective only while employed or associated. The reg-

istration of an investment adviser representative is not effective while the 1 2 investment adviser representative is not employed by or associated with 3 an investment adviser registered under this act or a federal covered in-4 vestment adviser that has made or is required to make a notice filing $\mathbf{5}$ under section 22, and amendments thereto. 6 (d) *Limit on affiliations*. An individual may transact business as an 7 investment adviser representative for more than one investment adviser 8 or federal covered investment adviser unless a rule adopted or order 9 issued under this act prohibits or limits an individual from acting as an 10investment adviser representative for more than one investment adviser 11 or federal covered investment adviser. 12(e) *Limits on employment or association.* It is unlawful for an indi-13 vidual acting as an investment adviser representative, directly or indi-14rectly, to conduct business in this state on behalf of an investment adviser 15or a federal covered investment adviser if the registration of the individual 16 as an investment adviser representative is suspended or revoked or the 17individual is barred from employment or association with an investment 18adviser or a federal covered investment adviser by an order under this 19 act, the securities and exchange commission, or a self-regulatory organi-20zation. Upon request from a federal covered investment adviser and for 21good cause, the administrator, by order issued, may waive, in whole or in 22 part, the application of the requirements of this subsection to the federal 23 covered investment adviser. 24 (f) Referral fees. An investment adviser registered under this act, a 25federal covered investment adviser that has filed a notice under section 26 22, and amendments thereto, or a broker-dealer registered under this act 27is not required to employ or associate with an individual as an investment 28adviser representative if the only compensation paid to the individual for 29a referral of investment advisory clients is paid to an investment adviser 30 registered under this act, a federal covered investment adviser who has 31 filed a notice under section 22, and amendments thereto, or a broker-32 dealer registered under this act with which the individual is employed or 33 associated as an investment adviser representative. 34 New Sec. 22 (a) *Notice filing requirement*. Except with respect to a 35 federal covered investment adviser described in subsection (b), it is un-36 lawful for a federal covered investment adviser to transact business in this 37 state as a federal covered investment adviser unless the federal covered 38 investment adviser complies with subsection (c). 39 Notice filing requirement not required. The following federal cov-(b) 40 ered investment advisers are not required to comply with subsection (c): 41 (1)A federal covered investment adviser without a place of business 42 in this state if its only clients in this state are:

43 (A) Federal covered investment advisers, investment advisers regis-

1 tered under this act, and broker-dealers registered under this act;

2 (B) institutional investors;

3 (C) bona fide preexisting clients whose principal places of residence 4 are not in this state; or

5 (D) other clients specified by rule adopted or order issued under this 6 act;

7 (2) a federal covered investment adviser without a place of business 8 in this state if it has had, during the preceding 12 months, not more than 9 five clients that are resident in this state in addition to those specified 10 under paragraph (1); and

(3) any other person excluded by rule adopted or order issued underthis act.

(c) Notice filing procedure. A person acting as a federal covered investment adviser, not excluded under subsection (b), shall file a notice, a
consent to service of process complying with section 50, and amendments
thereto, and such records as have been filed with the securities and
exchange commission under the investment advisers act of 1940 required
by rule adopted or order issued under this act and pay the fees specified
in section 27 (e), and amendments thereto.

(d) *Effectiveness of filing.* The notice under subsection (c) becomes
effective upon its filing, and shall expire on December 31 each year,
unless renewed.

New Sec. 23. (a) *Application for initial registration*. A person shall register as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative by filing an application and a consent to service of process complying with section 50, and amendments thereto, and paying the fee specified in section 27, and amendments thereto, and any reasonable fees charged by the designee of the administrator for processing the filing. The application must contain:

30 (1) The information or record required for the filing of a uniform 31 application; and

(2) upon request by the administrator, any other financial or otherinformation or record that the administrator determines is appropriate.

(b) Amendment. If the information or record contained in an application filed under subsection (a) is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete
in a material respect, the registrant shall promptly file a correcting
amendment.

(c) *Effectiveness of registration*. If an order is not in effect and a
proceeding is not pending under section 29, and amendments thereto,
registration becomes effective at noon on the 45th day after a completed
application is filed, unless the registration is denied or the administrator
has given written notice of deficiencies that are unresolved and

43 that would constitute grounds for denial under section 29, and

amendments thereto. A rule adopted or order issued under this act may
 set an earlier effective date or may defer the effective date until noon on
 the 45th day after the filing of any amendment completing the
 application.

(d) Registration renewal. A registration is effective until midnight on 56 December 31 of the year for which the application for registration is filed. 7 Unless an order is in effect under section 29, and amendments thereto, 8 a registration may be automatically renewed each year by filing such re-9 cords as are required by rule adopted or order issued under this act, by 10 paying the fee specified in section 27, and amendments thereto, and by 11 paying costs charged by the designee of the administrator for processing 12 the filings.

13 (e) Additional conditions or waivers. A rule adopted or order issued 14 under this act may impose other conditions not inconsistent with the 15 national securities markets improvement act of 1996. An order issued 16 under this act may waive, in whole or in part, specific requirements in 17 connection with registration as are in the public interest and for the pro-18 tection of investors.

19 New Sec. 24. (a) Succession. A broker-dealer or investment adviser 20 may succeed to the current registration of another broker-dealer or in-21vestment adviser or a notice filing of a federal covered investment adviser, 22 and a federal covered investment adviser may succeed to the current 23 registration of an investment adviser or notice filing of another federal 24 covered investment adviser, by filing as a successor an application for 25registration pursuant to section 18 or 20, and amendments thereto, or a 26notice pursuant to section 22, and amendments thereto, for the unexpired 27portion of the current registration or notice filing.

28(b) Organizational change. A broker-dealer or investment adviser 29 that changes its form of organization or state of incorporation or organi-30 zation may continue its registration by filing an amendment to its regis-31 tration if the change does not involve a material change in its financial 32 condition or management. The amendment becomes effective when filed 33 or on a date designated by the registrant in its filing. The new organization 34 is a successor to the original registrant for the purposes of this act. If 35 there is a material change in financial condition or management, the bro-36 ker-dealer or investment adviser shall file a new application for registra-37 tion. A predecessor registered under this act shall stop conducting its 38 securities business other than winding down transactions and shall file for 39 withdrawal of broker-dealer or investment adviser registration within 45 40days after filing its amendment to effect succession.

(c) Name change. A broker-dealer or investment adviser that changes
its name may continue its registration by filing an amendment to its registration. The amendment becomes effective when filed or on a date

1 designated by the registrant.

2 (d) Change of control. A change of control of a broker-dealer or in-3 vestment adviser may be made in accordance with a rule adopted or order 4 issued under this act. 5New Sec. 25 (a) Notice of termination. If an agent registered under 6 this act terminates employment by or association with a broker-dealer or 7 issuer, or if an investment adviser representative registered under this act 8 terminates employment by or association with an investment adviser or 9 federal covered investment adviser, or if either registrant terminates ac-10 tivities that require registration as an agent or investment adviser repre-11 sentative, the broker-dealer, issuer, investment adviser, or federal covered 12investment adviser shall promptly file a notice of termination. If the reg-13 istrant learns that the broker-dealer, issuer, investment adviser, or federal 14covered investment adviser has not filed the notice, the registrant may 15do so. 16(b) Transfer of employment or association. If an agent registered un-17der this act terminates employment by or association with a broker-dealer 18registered under this act and begins employment by or association with 19 another broker-dealer registered under this act; or if an investment ad-20viser representative registered under this act terminates employment by 21or association with an investment adviser registered under this act or a 22 federal covered investment adviser who has filed a notice under section 23 22, and amendments thereto, and begins employment by or association 24 with another investment adviser registered under this act or a federal 25covered investment adviser who has filed a notice under section 22, and 26 amendments thereto, then upon the filing by or on behalf of the regis-27trant, within 30 days after the termination, of an application for registra-28tion that complies with the requirement of section 23 (a), and amend-29ments thereto, and payment of the filing fee required under section 27, 30 and amendments thereto, the registration of the agent or investment ad-31 viser representative is: 32 (1) Immediately effective as of the date of the completed filing, if the 33 agent's central registration depository record or successor record or the 34 investment adviser representative's investment adviser registration de-35 pository record or successor record does not contain a new or amended

36 disciplinary disclosure within the previous 12 months; or

(2) temporarily effective as of the date of the completed filing, if the agent's central registration depository record or successor record or the investment adviser representative's investment adviser registration depository record or successor record contains a new or amended disciplinary disclosure within the preceding 12 months.

42 (c) *Withdrawal of temporary registration*. The administrator may 43 withdraw a temporary registration if there are or were grounds for dis-

cipline as specified in section 29, and amendments thereto, and the ad-1 2 ministrator does so within 30 days after the filing of the application. If 3 the administrator does not withdraw the temporary registration within 4 the 30 day period, registration becomes automatically effective on the 531st day after filing. 6 (d) *Power to prevent registration*. The administrator may prevent the 7 effectiveness of a transfer of an agent or investment adviser representative 8 under subsection (b)(1) or (2) based on the public interest and the pro-9 tection of investors. 10 (e) Termination of registration or application for registration. The 11 administrator may cancel a registration or deny an application for regis-12 tration in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative 13 procedure act if the administrator finds that a registrant or applicant for 14registration is no longer in existence or has ceased to act as a broker-15dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative, 16 or is the subject of an adjudication of incapacity or is subject to the control 17of a committee, conservator, or guardian, or cannot reasonably be located. 18The administrator may reinstate a canceled or terminated registration, 19 with or without hearing, and may make the registration retroactive. 20 New Sec. 26. Withdrawal of registration by a broker-dealer, agent, 21investment adviser, or investment adviser representative becomes effec-22 tive 60 days after the filing of the application to withdraw or within any 23 shorter period as provided by rule adopted or order issued under this act 24 unless a revocation or suspension proceeding is pending when the appli-25cation is filed. If a proceeding is pending, withdrawal becomes effective 26when and upon such conditions as required by rule adopted or order 27issued under this act. The administrator may institute a revocation or 28suspension proceeding under section 29, and amendments thereto, within 29one year after the withdrawal became effective automatically and issue a 30 revocation or suspension order as of the last date on which registration 31 was effective if a proceeding is not pending. 32 New Sec. 27. (a) *Filing fees*. The administrator shall establish fees by 33 rules and regulations, subject to the following limitations: 34 Broker-dealers. A person shall pay a fee of not more than \$300 (1)35 when initially filing an application for registration as a broker-dealer and 36 filing a renewal of registration as a broker-dealer. If the filing results in 37 a denial or withdrawal, the administrator shall retain the fee. 38 Agents. The fee for an individual is not more than \$100 when (2)

filing an application for registration as an agent, when filing a renewal of
registration as an agent, and when filing for a change of registration as an
agent. If the filing results in a denial or withdrawal, the administrator
shall retain the fee.

43 (3) *Investment advisers*. A person shall pay a fee of not more than

1 \$300 when filing an application for registration as an investment adviser

and when filing a renewal of registration as an investment adviser. If thefiling results in a denial or withdrawal, the administrator shall retain thefee.

5 (4) *Investment adviser representatives*. The fee for an individual is 6 not more than \$100 when filing an application for registration as an in-7 vestment adviser representative, when filing a renewal of registration as 8 an investment adviser representative, and when filing a change of regis-9 tration as an investment adviser representative. If the filing results in a 10 denial or withdrawal, the administrator shall retain the fee.

(5) Federal covered investment advisers. A federal covered investment adviser required to file a notice under section 22, and amendments
thereto, shall pay an initial fee and an annual notice fee of not more than
\$300.

(b) *Payment*. A person required to pay a filing or notice fee under
this section may transmit the fee through or to a designee as a rule or
order provides under this act.

New Sec. 28. (a) *Financial requirements*. Subject to section 15(h) of the securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 780(h)) or Section 222 of the investment advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 80b-22), a rule adopted or order issued under this act may establish minimum financial requirements for broker-dealers registered or required to be registered under this act and investment advisers registered or required to be registered under this act.

25(b) Financial reports. Subject to section 15(h) of the securities 26exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 78o(h)) or section 222(b) of the 27investment advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 80b-22), a broker-28dealer registered or required to be registered under this act and an in-29vestment adviser registered or required to be registered under this act 30 shall file such financial reports as are required by a rule adopted or order 31 issued under this act. If the information contained in a record filed under 32 this subsection is or becomes inaccurate or incomplete in a material re-33 spect, the registrant shall promptly file a correcting amendment.

(c) *Recordkeeping.* Subject to section 15(h) of the securities exchange
act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 78o(h)) or section 222 of the investment
advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 80b-22):

(1) A broker-dealer registered or required to be registered under this
act and an investment adviser registered or required to be registered
under this act shall make and maintain the accounts, correspondence,
memoranda, papers, books, and other records required by rule adopted
or order issued under this act;

42 (2) broker-dealer records required to be maintained under paragraph43 (1) may be maintained in any form of data storage acceptable under sec-

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 $\begin{array}{ll} 1 & \mbox{tion } 17(a) \mbox{ of the securities exchange act of } 1934 \ (15 \ U.S.C. \ section \ 78q(a)) \\ 2 & \mbox{ if they are readily accessible to the administrator; and} \end{array}$

3 (3) investment adviser records required to be maintained under par-4 agraph (1) may be maintained in any form of data storage required by 5 rule adopted or order issued under this act.

6 (d) Audits or inspections. The records of every person issuing or guar-7 anteeing any securities subject to the provisions of this act and of every 8 broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser represen-9 tative registered or required to be registered under this act are subject 10to such reasonable periodic, special, or other audits or inspections by a 11 representative of the administrator, within or without this state, as the 12 administrator considers necessary or appropriate in the public interest 13 and for the protection of investors. An audit or inspection may be made 14at any time and without prior notice. The administrator may copy, and 15remove for audit or inspection copies of, all records the administrator 16 reasonably considers necessary or appropriate to conduct the audit or 17inspection. The administrator may assess a reasonable charge for con-18ducting an audit or inspection under this subsection.

19 *Custody and discretionary authority bond or insurance.* Subject 20to section 15(h) of the securities exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 21780(h) or section 222 of the investment advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 22 section 80b-22), a rule adopted or order issued under this act may require 23 a broker-dealer or investment adviser that has custody of or discretionary 24 authority over funds or securities of a customer or client to obtain insur-25ance or post a bond or other satisfactory form of security. The adminis-26trator may determine the requirements of the insurance, bond, or other 27satisfactory form of security. Insurance or a bond or other satisfactory 28form of security may not be required of a broker-dealer registered under 29this act whose net capital exceeds, or of an investment adviser registered 30 under this act whose minimum financial requirements exceed, the 31 amounts required by rule or order under this act. The insurance, bond, 32 or other satisfactory form of security must permit an action by a person 33 to enforce any liability on the insurance, bond, or other satisfactory form 34 of security if instituted within the time limitations in section 38 (j)(2), and 35 amendments thereto.

36 Requirements for custody. Subject to section 15(h) of the securi-(f) 37 ties exchange act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. section 780(h)) or section 222 of the 38 investment advisers act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. section 80b-22), an agent may 39 not have custody of funds or securities of a customer except under the 40supervision of a broker-dealer and an investment adviser representative may not have custody of funds or securities of a client except under the 41 42 supervision of an investment adviser or a federal covered investment ad-43 viser. A rule adopted or order issued under this act may prohibit, limit,

or impose conditions on a broker-dealer regarding custody of funds or
 securities of a customer and on an investment adviser regarding custody
 of securities or funds of a client.

4 (g) *Investment adviser brochure rule.* With respect to an investment 5 adviser registered or required to be registered under this act, a rule 6 adopted or order issued under this act may require that information or 7 other record be furnished or disseminated to clients or prospective clients 8 in this state as necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the 9 protection of investors and advisory clients.

10(h) Continuing education. A rule adopted or order issued under this 11 act may require an individual registered under section 19 or 21, and 12amendments thereto, to participate in a continuing education program 13 approved by the securities and exchange commission and administered by a self-regulatory organization or, in the absence of such a program, a 1415rule adopted or order issued under this act may require continuing ed-16ucation for an individual registered under section 21, and amendments 17thereto.

18New Sec. 29. (a) Disciplinary conditions-applicants. An order issued 19 under this act may deny an application, or may condition or limit regis-20tration of an applicant to be a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, 21or investment adviser representative if the administrator finds that the 22 order is in the public interest and that there is a ground for discipline 23 under subsection (d) against the applicant or, if the applicant is a broker-24 dealer or investment adviser, against any partner, officer, director, person 25having a similar status or performing similar functions, or person directly 26 or indirectly controlling the broker-dealer or investment adviser.

27(b) Disciplinary conditions — registrants. An order issued under this 28act may revoke, suspend, condition, or limit the registration of a registrant 29if the administrator finds that the order is in the public interest and that 30 there is a ground for discipline under subsection (d) against the registrant 31 or, if the registrant is a broker-dealer or investment adviser, against any 32 partner, officer, or director, any person having a similar status or per-33 forming similar functions, or any person directly or indirectly controlling 34 the broker-dealer or investment adviser. However, the administrator:

(1) May not institute a revocation or suspension proceeding under
this subsection based on an order issued by another state that is reported
to the administrator or designee later than one year after the date of the
order on which it is based; and

39 (2) under subsection (d)(5)(A) and (B), may not issue an order on the 40 basis of an order under the state securities act of another state unless the 41 other order was based on conduct for which subsection (d) would au-42 thorize the action had the conduct occurred in this state.

43 (c) Disciplinary penalties — registrants. If the administrator finds

that the order is in the public interest and that there is a ground for 1 2 discipline under subsection (d)(1) through (6), (8), (9), (10), (12) or (13)3 against a registrant or, if the registrant is a broker-dealer or investment 4 adviser, against any partner, officer, or director, any person having similar $\mathbf{5}$ functions, or any person directly or indirectly controlling the broker-6 dealer or investment adviser, then the administrator may enter an order 7 against the registrant containing one or more of the following sanctions 8 or remedies: 9 (1)A censure; 10 (2)a bar or suspension from association with a broker-dealer or in-11 vestment adviser registered in this state; 12(3)a civil penalty up to a maximum of \$10,000 \$25,000 for each 13 violation. If any person is found to have violated any provision of 14this act, and such violation is committed against elder or disabled 15persons, as defined in K.S.A. 50-676, and amendments thereto, in 16 addition to any civil penalty otherwise provided by law, the ad-17ministrator may impose an additional penalty not to exceed 18 \$15,000 for each such violation. The total penalty against a person 19 shall not exceed \$1,000,000; 20 (4) an order requiring the registrant to pay restitution for any loss or 21disgorge any profits arising from a violation, including, in the administra-22 tor's discretion, the assessment of interest not to exceed 15% per annum 23 from the date of the violation at the rate provided for interest on 24 judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto; 25(5) an order charging the registrant with the actual cost of an inves-26 tigation or proceeding; or 27(6) an order requiring the registrant to cease and desist from any 28action that constitutes a ground for discipline, or to take other action 29necessary or appropriate to comply with this Act. 30 Grounds for discipline. A person may be disciplined under sub-(d) 31 sections (a) through (c) if the person: 32 has filed an application for registration in this state under this act (1)33 or the predecessor act within the previous 10 years, which, as of the 34 effective date of registration or as of any date after filing in the case of 35 an order denying effectiveness, was incomplete in any material respect 36 or contained a statement that, in light of the circumstances under which 37 it was made, was false or misleading with respect to a material fact; 38 willfully violated or willfully failed to comply with this act or the (2)39 predecessor act or a rule adopted or order issued under this act or the 40predecessor act within the previous 10 years;

(3) has been convicted of a felony or within the previous 10 years has
been convicted of a misdemeanor involving a security, a commodity future or option contract, or an aspect of a business involving securities,

commodities, investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance; 1 2 (4) is enjoined or restrained by a court of competent jurisdiction in 3 an action instituted by the administrator under this act or the predecessor act, a state, the securities and exchange commission, or the United States 4 5from engaging in or continuing an act, practice, or course of business 6 involving an aspect of a business involving securities, commodities, in-7 vestments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance; 8 (5) is the subject of an order, issued after notice and opportunity for 9 hearing by: 10(A) The securities, depository institution, insurance, or other financial services regulator of a state or by the securities and exchange commission 11 12or other federal agency denying, revoking, barring, or suspending regis-13 tration as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered in-14vestment adviser, or investment adviser representative; 15the securities regulator of a state or by the securities and exchange (B) 16 commission against a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, invest-17ment adviser representative, or federal covered investment adviser; 18(C) the securities and exchange commission or by a self- regulatory 19 organization suspending or expelling the registrant from membership in 20the self-regulatory organization; 21(D) a court adjudicating a United States postal service fraud order; 22 (\mathbf{E}) the insurance regulator of a state denying, suspending, or revok-23 ing the registration of an insurance agent; or 24 a depository institution regulator suspending or barring a person (\mathbf{F}) 25from the depository institution business; 26(6) is the subject of an adjudication or determination, after notice and 27opportunity for hearing, by the securities and exchange commission, the 28commodity futures trading commission, the federal trade commission, a 29federal depository institution regulator, or a depository institution, insur-30 ance, or other financial services regulator of a state that the person will-31 fully violated the securities act of 1933, the securities exchange act of 32 1934, the investment advisers act of 1940, the investment company act 33 of 1940, or the commodity exchange act, the securities or commodities law of a state, or a federal or state law under which a business involving 34 35 investments, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance is regulated; 36 (7) is insolvent, either because the person's liabilities exceed the per-37 son's assets or because the person cannot meet the person's obligations 38 as they mature, but the administrator may not enter an order against an 39 applicant or registrant under this paragraph without a finding of insolvency as to the applicant or registrant; 40(8) refuses to allow or otherwise impedes the administrator from con-4142ducting an audit or inspection under section 28 (d), and amendments 43 thereto, refuses access to a registrant's office to conduct an audit or inspection under section 28 (d), and amendments thereto, fails to keep or
 maintain sufficient records to permit an audit disclosing the condition of
 the registrant's business, or fails willfully and without cause to comply
 with a request for information by the administrator or person designated
 by the administrator in conducting investigations or examinations under
 this act;
 (9) has failed to reasonably supervise an agent, investment adviser
 representative or other individual if the agent investment adviser rep-

8 representative, or other individual, if the agent, investment adviser rep-9 resentative, or other individual was subject to the person's supervision 10 and committed a violation of this act or the predecessor act or a rule 11 adopted or order issued under this act or the predecessor act within the 12 previous 10 years;

(10) has not paid the proper filing fee within 30 days after having
been notified by the administrator of a deficiency, but the administrator
shall vacate an order under this paragraph when the deficiency is
corrected;

(11) after notice and opportunity for a hearing, has been found withinthe previous 10 years:

(A) By a court of competent jurisdiction to have willfully violated the
laws of a foreign jurisdiction under which the business of securities, commodities, investment, franchises, insurance, banking, or finance is
regulated;

(B) to have been the subject of an order of a securities regulator of
a foreign jurisdiction denying, revoking, or suspending the right to engage
in the business of securities as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser,
investment adviser representative, or similar person; or

(C) to have been suspended or expelled from membership by or participation in a securities exchange or securities association operating under the securities laws of a foreign jurisdiction;

(12) is the subject of a cease and desist order issued by the securities
and exchange commission or issued under the securities, commodities,
investment, franchise, banking, finance, or insurance laws of a state;

(13) has engaged in dishonest or unethical practices in the securities,
commodities, investment, franchise, banking, finance, or insurance business within the previous 10 years; or

36 (14) is not qualified on the basis of factors such as training, experi-37 ence, and knowledge of the securities business. However, in the case of 38 an application by an agent for a broker-dealer that is a member of a self-39 regulatory organization or by an individual for registration as an invest-40 ment adviser representative, a denial order may not be based on this 41 paragraph if the individual has successfully completed all examinations

42 required by subsection (e). The administrator may require an applicant

43 for registration under section 19 or 21, and amendments thereto, who

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has not been registered in a state within the two years preceding the filing 1 2 of an application in this state to successfully complete an examination. 3 (e) *Examinations*. A rule adopted or order issued under this act may 4 require that an examination, including an examination developed or ap-5proved by an organization of securities regulators, be successfully com-6 pleted by a class of individuals or all individuals. An order issued under 7 this act may waive, in whole or in part, an examination as to an individual 8 and a rule adopted under this act may waive, in whole or in part, an 9 examination as to a class of individuals if the administrator determines 10 that the examination is not necessary or appropriate in the public interest 11 and for the protection of investors. 12(f) Summary process. In accordance with the Kansas administrative 13 procedures act, the administrator may use summary or emergency pro-14ceedings to suspend or deny an application; restrict, condition, limit, or 15suspend a registration; or censure, bar, or impose a civil penalty or cease 16and desist order on a registrant before final determination of an admin-17istrative proceeding. If a hearing is not requested and none is ordered by 18the administrator within 30 days after the date of service of the order, 19 the order becomes final by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or 20ordered, the administrator, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to 21each person subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend the order until final determination. 22 23 Procedural requirements. (1) An order issued may not be issued (g) 24 under this section, except under subsection (f), without: 25Appropriate notice to the applicant or registrant; (\mathbf{A}) 26(B) opportunity for hearing; and 27 (\mathbf{C}) findings of fact and conclusions of law in a record. 28Proceedings under this subsection shall be conducted in accord-(2)29ance with the Kansas administrative procedures act. 30 (h) Control person liability. A person that controls, directly or indi-31 rectly, a person not in compliance with this section may be disciplined by 32 order of the administrator under subsections (a) through (c) to the same 33 extent as the noncomplying person, unless the controlling person did not 34 know, and in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of 35 the existence of conduct that is a ground for discipline under this section. 36 *Limit on investigation or proceeding.* The administrator may not (i) 37 institute a proceeding under subsection (a), (b), or (c) based solely on 38 material facts actually known by the administrator unless an investigation 39 or the proceeding is instituted within one year after the administrator actually acquires knowledge of the material facts. 40New Sec. 30. It is unlawful for a person, in connection with the offer, 4142sale, or purchase of a security, directly or indirectly: 43 (1) To employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud;

(2) to make an untrue statement of a material fact, or omit to state a 1 2 material fact necessary in order to make a statement made, in the light 3 of the circumstances under which it is made, not misleading; or 4 to engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates (3)5or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon another person. 6 New Sec. 31. (a) *Fraud in providing investment advice*. It is unlawful 7 for a person that advises others for compensation, either directly or in-8 directly or through publications or writings, as to the value of securities 9 or the advisability of investing in, purchasing, or selling securities or that, 10 for compensation and as part of a regular business, issues or promulgates 11 analyses or reports relating to securities: 12(1) To employ a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud another person; 13 or 14(2)to engage in an act, practice, or course of business that operates 15or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon another person. 16 Rules defining fraud. A rule adopted under this act may define (b) 17an act, practice, or course of business of an investment adviser or an 18 investment adviser representative, other than a supervised person of a 19 federal covered investment adviser, as fraudulent, deceptive, or manip-20ulative, and prescribe means reasonably designed to prevent investment 21advisers and investment adviser representatives, other than supervised 22 persons of a federal covered investment adviser, from engaging in acts, 23practices, and courses of business defined as fraudulent, deceptive, or 24 manipulative. 25(c) Rules specifying contents of advisory contract. A rule adopted un-26der this act may specify the contents of an investment advisory contract 27entered into, extended, or renewed by an investment adviser. 28New Sec. 32. (a) *Civil*. In a civil action or administrative proceeding 29under this act, a person claiming an exemption, exception, preemption, 30 or exclusion has the burden to prove the applicability of the claim. 31 (b) Criminal. In a criminal proceeding under this act, a person claim-32 ing an exemption, exception, preemption, or exclusion has the burden of 33 going forward with evidence of the claim. 34 New Sec. 33. (a) *Filing requirement*. Except as otherwise provided 35 in subsection (b), a rule adopted or order issued under this act may re-36 quire the filing of a prospectus, pamphlet, circular, form letter, adver-37 tisement, sales literature, or other advertising record relating to a security 38 or investment advice, addressed or intended for distribution to prospec-39 tive investors, including clients or prospective clients of a person regis-40tered or required to be registered as an investment adviser under this act. 41 (b) *Excluded communications*. This section does not apply to sales 42 and advertising literature specified in subsection (a) which relates to a 43 federal covered security, a federal covered investment adviser, or a security or transaction exempted by section 6, 7, or 8, and amendments
 thereto, except as required for a notice filing under section 6, 7, or 8, and
 amendments thereto.

4 New Sec. 34. (a) It is unlawful for a person to make or cause to be 5 made, in a record that is used in an action or proceeding or filed under 6 this act, a statement that, at the time and in the light of the circumstances 7 under which it is made, is false or misleading in a material respect, or, in 8 connection with the statement, to omit to state a material fact necessary 9 to make the statement made, in the light of the circumstances under 10 which it was made, not false or misleading.

(b) It is unlawful for any person to **intentionally** influence, coerce,
manipulate or mislead any person in connection with financial statements
or appraisals to be used in the offer, sale or purchase of securities for the
purpose of rendering such financial statements or appraisals materially
misleading.

16 (c) It is unlawful for any person to:

(1) Alter, destroy, shred, mutilate, conceal, cover up or falsify any
record with the intent to impede, obstruct or influence any investigation
by the administrator or the administrator's designee;

(2) alter, destroy, shred, mutilate or conceal a record with the intent
to impair the object's integrity or availability for use in a proceeding before the administrator or a proceeding brought by the administrator; or

(3) take action harmful to a person with the intent to retaliate, including, but not limited to, interference with lawful employment of such
person, for providing truthful information relating to a violation of this
act.

27New Sec. 35. The filing of an application for registration, a registra-28tion statement, a notice filing under this act, the registration of a person, 29the notice filing by a person, or the registration of a security under this 30 act does not constitute a finding by the administrator that a record filed 31 under this act is true, complete, and not misleading. The filing or regis-32 tration or the availability of an exemption, exception, preemption, or ex-33 clusion for a security or a transaction does not mean that the administrator 34 has passed upon the merits or qualifications of, or recommended or given 35 approval to, a person, security, or transaction. It is unlawful to make, or 36 cause to be made, to a purchaser, customer, client, or prospective cus-37 tomer or client a representation inconsistent with this section.

38 New Sec. 36. A broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal 39 covered investment adviser, or investment adviser representative is not 40 liable to another broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, federal covered 41 investment adviser, or investment adviser representative for defamation

42 relating to a statement that is contained in a record required by the ad-

43 ministrator, or designee of the administrator, the securities and exchange

commission, or a self-regulatory organization, unless the person knew, or 1 2 should have known at the time that the statement was made, that it was 3 false in a material respect or the person acted in reckless disregard of the 4 statement's truth or falsity. 5New Sec. 37. (a) Criminal penalties. (1) Except as provided in sub-6 sections (a)(2) through (a)(4), a conviction for an intentional violation of 7 this act, or a rule adopted or order issued under this act, except section 8 33, and amendments thereto, or the notice filing requirements of section 9 12 or 22, and amendments thereto, is a severity level 7, nonperson felony. 10An individual convicted of violating a rule or order under this act may be 11 fined, but may not be imprisoned, if the individual did not have knowledge of the rule or order. 12 13 (2) A conviction for an intentional violation of section 30 or 31, and 14amendments thereto, is: 15(A) a severity level $\frac{3}{4}$, nonperson felony if the violation resulted in 16 a loss of \$1,000,000 \$100,000 or more; 17(B) a severity level 4, nonperson felony if the violation resulted in a 18loss of at least \$100,000 but less than \$1,000,000; 19 -(C) a severity level 5, nonperson felony if the violation resulted in a 20loss of at least \$25,000 but less than \$100,000; or 21 (\mathbf{D}) (C) a severity level 67, nonperson felony if the violation resulted 22 in a loss of less than \$25,000. 23A conviction for an intentional violation of section 11, 18 (a), 18 (3)24 (c), 19 (a), 19 (d), 20 (a), 20 (c), 20 (d), 21 (a), or 21 (e), and amendments 25thereto, is: 26(A) a severity level **4 5**, nonperson felony if the violation resulted in 27a loss of \$1,000,000 \$100,000 or more; 28(B) a severity level 5, nonperson felony if the violation resulted in a 29loss of at least \$100,000 but less than \$1,000,000; 30 - (C) a severity level 6, nonperson felony if the violation resulted in a 31 loss of at least \$25,000 but less than \$100,000; or 32 (\mathbf{D}) (C) a severity level 7, nonperson felony if the violation resulted 33 in a loss of less than \$25,000. 34 A conviction for an intentional violation of section 34 or 35, and (4)35 amendments thereto, is a severity level 8, nonperson felony. 36 Any violation of section 11, 18 (a), 18 (c), 19 (a), 19 (d), 20 **(5)** 37 (a), 20 (c), 20 (d), 21 (a), 21 (e), 30 or 31, and amendments thereto, 38 resulting in a loss of \$25,000 or more shall have a presumptive 39 sentence of imprisonment regardless of its location on the sen-40tencing grid block. 41 (b) Statute of Limitations. No Except as provided by subsection 42 (9) of K.S.A. 21-3106, and amendments thereto, no prosecution for 43 any crime under this act may be commenced more than 10 years

after the alleged violation if the victim is the Kansas public em-1 2 ployees retirement system and no prosecution for any other crime 3 under this act may be commenced more than five years after the alleged 4 violation, except that no prosecution for any crime under this act may be commenced more than 10 years after the alleged violation if the victim 56 is the Kansas public employees retirement system. A prosecution is com-7 menced when a complaint or information is filed, or an indictment returned, and a warrant thereon is delivered to the sheriff or other officer 8 9 for execution, except that no prosecution shall be deemed to have been 10 commenced if the warrant so issued is not executed without unreasonable 11 delay. 12(c) *Criminal reference*. The administrator may refer such evidence as 13 may be available concerning violations of this act or of any rules and 14regulations or order hereunder to the attorney general or the proper

15county or district attorney, who may in the prosecutor's discretion, with 16 or without such a reference, institute the appropriate criminal proceed-17ings under this act. Upon receipt of such reference, the attorney general 18or the county attorney or district attorney may request that a duly em-19 ployed attorney of the administrator prosecute or assist in the prosecution 20of such violation or violations on behalf of the state. Upon approval of the 21administrator, such employee shall be appointed a special prosecutor for 22 the attorney general or the county attorney or district attorney to serve 23 without compensation from the attorney general or the county attorney 24 or district attorney. Such special prosecutor shall have all the powers and 25duties prescribed by law for assistant attorneys general or assistant county 26 or district attorneys and such other powers and duties as are lawfully delegated to such special prosecutor by the attorney general or the county 2728attorney or district attorney. If an attorney employed by the admin-29istrator acts as a special prosecutor, the administrator may pay 30 extradition and witness expenses associated with the case.

(d) No limitation on other criminal enforcement. This act does not
limit the power of this state to punish a person for conduct that constitutes
a crime under other laws of this state.

New Sec. 38. (a) *Securities litigation uniform standards act*. Enforcement of civil liability under this section is subject to the securities litigation uniform standards act of 1998.

37 (b) *Liability of seller to purchaser*. A person is liable to the purchaser 38 if the person sells a security in violation of section 11, and amendments 39 thereto, or by means of an untrue statement of a material fact or an 40 omission to state a material fact necessary in order to make a statement 41 made, in light of the circumstances under which it is made, not mislead-42 ing, the purchaser not knowing the untruth or omission and the seller not 43 sustaining the burden of proof that the seller did not know and, in the

exercise of reasonable care, could not have known of the untruth or omis-1 2

sion. An action under this subsection is governed by the following:

3 (1) The purchaser may maintain an action to recover the considera-4 tion paid for the security, less the amount of any income received on the $\mathbf{5}$ security, and interest at 15% per annum from the date of the purchase 6 at the rate provided for interest on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, 7 and amendments thereto, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees deter-8 mined by the court, upon the tender of the security, or for actual damages 9 as provided in paragraph (3).

10 (2)The tender referred to in paragraph (1) may be made any time 11 before entry of judgment. Tender requires only notice in a record of 12 ownership of the security and willingness to exchange the security for the 13 amount specified. A purchaser that no longer owns the security may re-14cover actual damages as provided in paragraph (3).

15(3)Actual damages in an action arising under this subsection are the 16 amount that would be recoverable upon a tender less the value of the 17security when the purchaser disposed of it, and interest at 15% per annum 18 from the date of the purchase at the rate provided for interest on 19 judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, costs, and 20 reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court. (c) Liability of purchaser to seller. A person is liable to the seller if 21

22 the person buys a security by means of an untrue statement of a material 23 fact or omission to state a material fact necessary in order to make the 24 statement made, in light of the circumstances under which it is made, 25not misleading, the seller not knowing of the untruth or omission, and 26the purchaser not sustaining the burden of proof that the purchaser did 27not know, and in the exercise of reasonable care, could not have known 28of the untruth or omission. An action under this subsection is governed 29by the following:

30 The seller may maintain an action to recover the security, and any (1)31 income received on the security, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees 32 determined by the court, upon the tender of the purchase price, or for 33 actual damages as provided in paragraph (3).

34 The tender referred to in paragraph (1) may be made any time (2)35 before entry of judgment. Tender requires only notice in a record of the 36 present ability to pay the amount tendered and willingness to take delivery 37 of the security for the amount specified. If the purchaser no longer owns 38 the security, the seller may recover actual damages as provided in para-39 graph (3).

40 (3) Actual damages in an action arising under this subsection are the 41difference between the price at which the security was sold and the value 42 the security would have had at the time of the sale in the absence of the

43 purchaser's conduct causing liability, and interest at 15% per annum from the date of the sale of the security at the rate provided for interest on
 judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, costs, and

3 reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court.

(d) Liability of unregistered broker-dealer and agent. A person acting 4 5as a broker-dealer or agent that sells or buys a security in violation of 6 section 18 (a), 19 (a), or 35, and amendments thereto, is liable to the 7 customer. The customer, if a purchaser, may maintain an action for re-8 covery of actual damages as specified in subsections (b)(1) through (3), 9 or, if a seller, for a remedy as specified in subsections (c)(1) through (3). 10(e) Liability of unregistered investment adviser and investment ad-11 viser representative. A person acting as an investment adviser or invest-12ment adviser representative that provides investment advice for compen-13 sation in violation of section 20 (a), 21 (a), or 35, and amendments thereto, 14is liable to the client. The client may maintain an action to recover the 15consideration paid for the advice, interest at 15% per annum from the 16date of payment at the rate provided for interest on judgments by 17K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, costs, and reasonable attor-18neys' fees determined by the court.

19 (f) *Liability for investment advice.* A person that receives directly or 20 indirectly any consideration for providing investment advice to another 21 person and that employs a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud the other 22 person or engages in an act, practice, or course of business that operates 23 or would operate as a fraud or deceit on the other person, is liable to the 24 other person. An action under this subsection is governed by the 25 following:

(1) The person defrauded may maintain an action to recover the consideration paid for the advice and the amount of any actual damages caused by the fraudulent conduct, interest at 15% per annum from the date of the fraudulent conduct at the rate provided for interest on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto, costs, and reasonable attorneys' fees determined by the court, less the amount of any income received as a result of the fraudulent conduct.

(2) This subsection does not apply to a broker-dealer or its agents if
the investment advice provided is solely incidental to transacting business
as a broker-dealer and no special compensation is received for the investment advice.

(g) Joint and several liability. The following persons are liable jointly
and severally with and to the same extent as persons liable under subsections (b) through (f):

(1) A person that directly or indirectly controls a person liable under
subsections (b) through (f), unless the controlling person sustains the
burden of proof that the person did not know, and in the exercise of
reasonable care could not have known, of the existence of conduct by

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1 reason of which the liability is alleged to exist;

2 (2)an individual who is a managing partner, executive officer, or di-3 rector of a person liable under subsections (b) through (f), including an 4 individual having a similar status or performing similar functions, unless 5the individual sustains the burden of proof that the individual did not 6 know and, in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of 7 the existence of conduct by reason of which the liability is alleged to exist; 8 (3)an individual who is an employee of or associated with a person 9 liable under subsections (b) through (f) and who materially aids the con-10duct giving rise to the liability, unless the individual sustains the burden 11 of proof that the individual did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable 12 care could not have known, of the existence of conduct by reason of which 13 the liability is alleged to exist; and

(4) a person that is a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser, or investment adviser representative that materially aids the conduct giving rise to the liability under subsections (b) through (f), unless the person sustains the burden of proof that the person did not know and, in the exercise of reasonable care could not have known, of the existence of conduct by reason of which liability is alleged to exist.

(h) *Right of contribution.* A person liable under this section has a
right of contribution as in cases of contract against any other person liable
under this section for the same conduct.

(i) Survival of cause of action. A cause of action under this section
survives the death of an individual who might have been a plaintiff or
defendant.

(j) *Statute of limitations*. A person may not obtain relief:

(1) Under subsection (b) for violation of section 11, and amendments
thereto, or under subsection (d) or (e), unless the action is instituted
within one year two years after the violation occurred; or

30 (2) under subsection (b), other than for violation of section 11, and
31 amendments thereto, or under subsection (c) or (f), unless the action is
32 instituted within the earlier of two years after discovery of the facts con33 stituting the violation or five years after the violation.

(k) No enforcement of violative contract. A person that has made, or
has engaged in the performance of, a contract in violation of this act or
a rule adopted or order issued under this act, or that has acquired a
purported right under the contract with knowledge of conduct by reason
of which its making or performance was in violation of this act, may not
base an action on the contract.

40 (l) *No contractual waiver.* A condition, stipulation, or provision bind-41 ing a person purchasing or selling a security or receiving investment ad-42 vice to waive compliance with this act or a rule adopted or order issued 43 under this act is void. 1 (m) *Survival of other rights or remedies.* The rights and remedies 2 provided by this act are in addition to any other rights or remedies that 3 may exist, but this act does not create a cause of action not specified in 4 this section or section 28 (e), and amendments thereto.

5 New Sec. 39. A purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice 6 may not maintain an action under section 38, and amendments thereto, 7 if:

8 (1) The purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice receives 9 in a record, before the action is instituted:

10 (A) An offer stating the respect in which liability under section 38, 11 and amendments thereto, may have arisen and fairly advising the pur-12 chaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice of that person's rights in 13 connection with the offer, and any financial or other information neces-14 sary to correct all material misrepresentations or omissions in the infor-15 mation that was required by this act to be furnished to that person at the 16 time of the purchase, sale, or investment advice;

17(B) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation 18of section 38 (b), and amendments thereto, an offer to repurchase the 19 security for cash, payable on delivery of the security, equal to the consid-20eration paid, and interest at 15% per annum from the date of the purchase 21at the rate provided for interest on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, 22 and amendments thereto, less the amount of any income received on 23 the security, or, if the purchaser no longer owns the security, an offer to 24 pay the purchaser upon acceptance of the offer damages in an amount 25that would be recoverable upon a tender, less the value of the security 26 when the purchaser disposed of it, and interest at 15% per annum from 27the date of the purchase at the rate provided for interest on judg-28ments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto in cash equal to 29the damages computed in the manner provided in this subsection;

30 (C) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation 31 of section 38 (c), and amendments thereto, an offer to tender the security, 32 on payment by the seller of an amount equal to the purchase price paid, 33 less income received on the security by the purchaser and interest at 15% 34 per annum from the date of the sale **at the rate provided for interest** 35 on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto; or if the 36 purchaser no longer owns the security, an offer to pay the seller upon 37 acceptance of the offer, in cash, damages in the amount of the difference 38 between the price at which the security was purchased and the value the 39 security would have had at the time of the purchase in the absence of the 40 purchaser's conduct that may have caused liability and interest at 15% 41per annum from the date of the sale at the rate provided for interest 42on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto;

43 (D) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation

of section 38 (d), and amendments thereto; and if the customer is a pur-1 2 chaser, an offer to pay as specified in subparagraph (B); or, if the customer 3 is a seller, an offer to tender or to pay as specified in subparagraph (C); 4 (E) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation 5of section 38 (e), and amendments thereto, an offer to reimburse in cash 6 the consideration paid for the advice and interest at 15% per annum from 7 the date of payment at the rate provided for interest on judgments 8 by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto; or 9 (F) if the basis for relief under this section may have been a violation 10of section 38 (f), and amendments thereto, an offer to reimburse in cash 11 the consideration paid for the advice, the amount of any actual damages 12 that may have been caused by the conduct, and interest at 15% per annum 13 from the date of the violation causing the loss at the rate provided for 14interest on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto; 15(2)the offer under paragraph (1) states that it must be accepted by 16 the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice within 30 days 17after the date of its receipt by the purchaser, seller, or recipient of in-18 vestment advice or any shorter period, of not less than three days, that 19 the administrator, by order, specifies; 20the offeror has the present ability to pay the amount offered or (3)21to tender the security under paragraph (1); 22 (4)the offer under paragraph (1) is delivered to the purchaser, seller, 23 or recipient of investment advice, or sent in a manner that ensures receipt 24 by the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice; and 25(5) the purchaser, seller, or recipient of investment advice that ac-26cepts the offer under paragraph (1) in a record within the period specified 27under paragraph (2) is paid in accordance with the terms of the offer. 28 New Sec. 40. (a) Administration. (1) This act shall be administered 29by the securities commissioner of Kansas. 30 All fees herein provided for shall be collected by the administra-(2)31 tor. All salaries and expenses necessarily incurred in the administration 32 of this act shall be paid from the securities act fee fund. 33 (3) The administrator shall remit all moneys received from all fees, 34 charges, deposits or penalties which have been collected under this Act 35 or other laws of this state regulating the issuance, sale or disposal of 36 securities or regulating dealers in this state or under the uniform land 37 sales practices act, to the state treasurer at least monthly. Upon receipt 38 of any such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount 39 thereof in the state treasury. In accordance with subsection (a) of K.S.A. 4075-3170, and amendments thereto, 20% of each such deposit shall be 41 credited to the state general fund and, except as provided in subsection 42 (d), the balance shall be credited to the securities act fee fund. 43 (4) On the last day of each fiscal year, the director of accounts and

reports shall transfer from the securities act fee fund to the state general 1 2 fund any remaining unencumbered amount in the securities act fee fund 3 exceeding \$50,000 so that the beginning unencumbered balance in the securities act fee fund on the first day of each fiscal year is \$50,000. All 4 5expenditures from the securities act fee fund shall be made in accordance 6 with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and 7 reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the administrator or by 8 a person or persons designated by the administrator.

9 (5) All amounts transferred from the securities act fee fund to the 10state general fund under paragraph (4) are to reimburse the state general fund for accounting, auditing, budgeting, legal, payroll, personnel and 11 12purchasing services and any other governmental services which are per-13 formed on behalf of the state agency involved by other state agencies 14which receive appropriations from the state general fund to provide such services. Such reimbursements are in addition to those authorized by 1516K.S.A. 75-3170a and amendments thereto.

(b) Prohibited conduct. (1) It is unlawful for the administrator or an 1718officer, employee, or designee of the administrator to use for personal 19 benefit or the benefit of others records or other information obtained by 20or filed with the administrator that are not public under section 46 (b), 21and amendments thereto. This act does not authorize the administrator 22 or an officer, employee, or designee of the administrator to disclose the 23 record or information, except in accordance with section 41, 46 (c), or 24 47, and amendments thereto.

(2) Neither the administrator nor any employee of the administrator
shall be interested as an officer, director, or stockholder in securing any
authorization to sell securities under the provisions of this act.

(c) No privilege or exemption created or diminished. This act does
not create or diminish a privilege or exemption that exists at common
law, by statute or rule, or otherwise.

31 (d) Investor education. (1) The administrator may develop and im-32 plement investor education initiatives to inform the public about investing 33 in securities, with particular emphasis on the prevention and detection of 34 securities fraud. In developing and implementing these initiatives, the 35 administrator may collaborate with public and nonprofit organizations 36 with an interest in investor education. The administrator may accept a 37 grant or donation from a person that is not affiliated with the securities 38 industry or from a nonprofit organization, regardless of whether the or-39 ganization is affiliated with the securities industry, to develop and implement investor education initiatives. This subsection does not authorize 40the administrator to require participation or monetary contributions of a 4142registrant in an investor education program.

43 (2) There is hereby established in the state treasury the investor ed-

ucation fund. Such fund shall be administered by the administrator for 1 2 the purposes described in subsection (d)(1) and for the education of 3 registrants, including official hospitality. Moneys collected as civil 4 penalties under this act shall be credited to the investor education fund. 5The administrator may also receive payments designated to be credited 6 to the investor education fund as a condition in settlements of cases aris-7 ing out of investigations or examinations. All expenditures from the in-8 vestor education fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation 9 acts upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports issued pursuant 10to vouchers approved by the administrator or by a person or persons 11 designated by the administrator. Five Two years after the effective date 12of this act, the administrator shall conduct a review and submit a report 13 to the governor and the legislature concerning the expenditures from the 14investor education fund and the results achieved from the investor edu-15cation program. 16 New Sec. 41. (a) Authority to investigate. The administrator may: 17(1) Conduct public or private investigations within or outside of this 18state which the administrator considers necessary or appropriate to de-

state which the administrator considers necessary or appropriate to determine whether a person has violated, is violating, or is about to violate this act or a rule adopted or order issued under this act, or to aid in the enforcement of this act or in the adoption of rules and forms under this act;

(2) require or permit a person to testify, file a statement, or produce
a record, under oath or otherwise as the administrator determines, as to
all the facts and circumstances concerning a matter to be investigated or
about which an action or proceeding is to be instituted;

(3) publish a record concerning an action, proceeding, or an investigation under, or a violation of, this act or a rule adopted or order issued
under this act if the administrator determines it is necessary or appropriate in the public interest and for the protection of investors; and

31 (4)appoint special investigators to aid in investigations conducted 32 pursuant to this act. Such special investigators shall have authority to make 33 arrests, serve subpoenas and all other process, conduct searches and sei-34 zures, store evidence, and carry firearms, concealed or otherwise while 35 investigating violations of this act and to generally enforce all the criminal 36 laws of the state as violations of those laws are encountered by such special 37 investigators. The director of police training at the law enforcement train-38 ing center is authorized to offer and carry out a special course of instruc-39 tion for special investigators performing law enforcement duties under 40authority of this subsection. Such special investigators shall not carry fire-41 arms without having first successfully completed such special law enforce-42 ment training course.

43 (b) Administrator powers to investigate. For the purpose of an in-

vestigation under this act, the administrator or its designated officer may 1 2 administer oaths and affirmations, subpoena witnesses, seek compulsion 3 of attendance, take evidence, require the filing of statements, and require 4 the production of any records that the administrator considers relevant 5or material to the investigation. 6 (c) *Procedure and remedies for noncompliance*. If a person does not 7 appear or refuses to testify, file a statement, produce records, or otherwise 8 does not obey a subpoena as required by the administrator under this act, 9 the administrator may apply to any court of competent jurisdiction or a 10 court of another state to enforce compliance. The court may: 11 Hold the person in contempt; (1)12(2)order the person to appear before the administrator; 13 (3)order the person to testify about the matter under investigation 14or in question; 15(4)order the production of records; 16(5)grant injunctive relief, including restricting or prohibiting the of-17fer or sale of securities or the providing of investment advice; 18(6)impose a civil penalty of not greater than \$10,000 \$25,000 for 19 each violation; and 20(7)grant any other necessary or appropriate relief. 21(d) Application for relief. This section does not preclude a person 22 from applying to any court of competent jurisdiction or a court of another 23 state for relief from a request to appear, testify, file a statement, produce 24 records, or obey a subpoena. 25(e) Use immunity procedure. An individual is not excused from at-26 tending, testifying, filing a statement, producing a record or other evi-27dence, or obeying a subpoena of the administrator under this act or in an 28action or proceeding instituted by the administrator under this act on the 29ground that the required testimony, statement, record, or other evidence, 30 directly or indirectly, may tend to incriminate the individual or subject 31 the individual to a criminal fine, penalty, or forfeiture. If the individual 32 refuses to testify, file a statement, or produce a record or other evidence 33 on the basis of the individual's privilege against self-incrimination, the administrator may compel the testimony, the filing of the statement, the 34 35 production of the record, or the giving of other evidence. The testimony, 36 record, or other evidence compelled under such an order may not be 37 used, directly or indirectly, against the individual in a criminal case, except 38 in a prosecution for perjury or contempt or otherwise failing to comply 39 with the order. (f) Assistance to securities regulator of another jurisdiction. At the

40 (f) Assistance to securities regulator of another jurisdiction. At the
41 request of the securities regulator of another state or a foreign jurisdic42 tion, the administrator may provide assistance if the requesting regulator
43 states that it is conducting an investigation to determine whether a person

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has violated, is violating, or is about to violate a law or rule of the other 1 2 state or foreign jurisdiction relating to securities matters that the request-3 ing regulator administers or enforces. The administrator may provide the 4 assistance by using the authority to investigate and the powers conferred 5by this section as the administrator determines is necessary or appropri-6 ate. The assistance may be provided without regard to whether the con-7 duct described in the request would also constitute a violation of this act 8 or other law of this state if occurring in this state. In deciding whether to 9 provide the assistance, the administrator may consider whether the re-10 questing regulator is permitted and has agreed to provide assistance re-11 ciprocally within its state or foreign jurisdiction to the administrator on 12 securities matters when requested; whether compliance with the request 13 would violate or prejudice the public policy of this state; and the availa-14bility of resources and employees of the administrator to carry out the 15request for assistance. 16 New Sec. 42. (a) Civil action instituted by administrator. If the ad-17ministrator believes that a person has engaged, is engaging, or is about 18to engage in an act, practice, or course of business constituting a violation 19 of this act or a rule adopted or order issued under this act or that a person 20has, is, or is about to engage in an act, practice, or course of business that 21materially aids a violation of this act or a rule adopted or order issued 22 under this act, the administrator may maintain an action in any court of 23 competent jurisdiction to enjoin the act, practice, or course of business 24 and to enforce compliance with this act or a rule adopted or order issued 25under this act. 26(b) *Relief available*. In an action under this section and on a proper 27showing, the court may: 28(1) Issue a permanent or temporary injunction, restraining order, or 29declaratory judgment; 30 order other appropriate or ancillary relief, which may include: (2)31 (A) An asset freeze, accounting, writ of attachment, writ of general 32 or specific execution, and appointment of a receiver or conservator, that 33 may be the administrator, for the defendant or the defendant's assets;

(B) ordering the administrator to take charge and control of a defendant's property, including investment accounts and accounts in a depository institution, rents, and profits; to collect debts; and to acquire and
dispose of property;

(C) imposing a civil penalty up to \$10,000 per 25,000 for each violation. If any person is found to have violated any provision of this
act, and such violation is committed against elder or disabled persons, as defined in K.S.A. 50-676, and amendments thereto, in ad-

42 dition to any civil penalty otherwise provided by law, the court may

43 impose an additional penalty not to exceed \$15,000 for each such

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1 violation. The total penalty against a person shall not exceed 2 \$1,000,000;

3 (D) an order of rescission, restitution, or disgorgement directed to a 4 person that has engaged in an act, practice, or course of business consti-5 tuting a violation of this act or the predecessor act or a rule adopted or 6 order issued under this act or the predecessor act; and

(E) ordering the payment of prejudgment and postjudgment interest;
 8 or

(3) order such other relief as the court considers appropriate.

10 (c) *No bond required.* The administrator may not be required to post 11 a bond in an action or proceeding under this act.

12 New Sec. 43. (a) *Cease and desist order*. If the administrator finds 13 that a person has engaged, is engaging, or is about to engage in an act, 14 practice, or course of business constituting a violation of this act or a rule 15 adopted or order issued under this act or that a person has materially 16 aided, is materially aiding, or is about to materially aid an act, practice, 17 or course of business constituting a violation of this act or a rule adopted 18 or order issued under this act, the administrator may:

(1) Issue an order directing the person to cease and desist from engaging in the act, practice, or course of business or to take other action
necessary or appropriate to comply with this act;

(3) issue an order under section 9, and amendments thereto.

(b) Additional administrative sanctions and remedies. If the administrator finds, by written findings of fact and conclusions of law, that a person has violated this act or a rule adopted or order issued under this act, the administrator, in addition to any other power granted under this act, may enter an order against the registrant **person** containing one or more of the following sanctions or remedies:

33 (1) A civil penalty up to a maximum of \$10,000 \$25,000 for each violation. If any person is found to have violated any provision of 34 35 this act, and such violation is committed against elder or disabled 36 persons, as defined in K.S.A. 50-676, and amendments thereto, in 37 addition to any civil penalty otherwise provided by law, the ad-38 ministrator may impose an additional penalty not to exceed 39 \$15,000 for each such violation. The total penalty against a person 40 shall not exceed \$1,000,000;

41 (2) a bar or suspension from association with a broker-dealer or in-42 vestment adviser registered in this state;

43 (3) an order requiring the person to pay restitution for any loss or

disgorge any profits arising from the violation, including, in the admin-1 2 istrator's discretion, the assessment of interest not to exceed 15% per 3 annum from the date of the violation at the rate provided for interest 4 on judgments by K.S.A. 16-204, and amendments thereto; or $\mathbf{5}$ an order charging the person with the actual cost of the investi-(4)6 gation or proceeding. 7 (c) Procedures for orders. (1) An order under subsection (b) shall not 8 be entered unless the administrator first provides notice and opportunity 9 for hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative 10 procedures act. 11 (2) An order under subsection (a) is effective on the date of issuance. 12Upon issuance of the order, the administrator shall promptly serve each 13 person subject to the order with a copy of the order. The order must 14include a statement of the reasons for the order and notice that upon 15receipt of a written request the matter will be set for a hearing which 16 shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas ad-17ministrative procedures act. If a person subject to the order does not 18 request a hearing and none is ordered by the administrator within 30 days 19 after the date of service of the order, the order becomes final as to that 20person by operation of law. If a hearing is requested or ordered, the 21administrator, after notice of and opportunity for hearing to each person 22 subject to the order, may modify or vacate the order or extend it until 23 final determination. 24 An order under subsection (a) may contain a notice of the admin-(3)25istrator's intent to seek administrative sanctions or remedies under sub-26 section (b). If the person subject to the order does not request a hearing 27and none is ordered by the administrator within 30 days after service of 28the order, the administrator may modify the order to include sanctions 29 or remedies under subsection (b). If a hearing is requested or ordered, 30 the administrator, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall by writ-31 ten findings of fact and conclusions of law vacate, modify, or make per-32 manent the order, and the administrator may modify the order to include 33 sanctions or remedies under subsection (b). 34 (d) Filing of certified final order with court; effect of filing. If a petition 35 for judicial review of a final order is not filed in accordance with section 36 48, and amendments thereto, the administrator may file a certified copy 37 of the final order with the clerk of a court of competent jurisdiction. The 38 order so filed has the same effect as a judgment of the court and may be 39 recorded, enforced, or satisfied in the same manner as a judgment of the 40court. 41(e) Enforcement by court; further civil penalty. If a person does not

41 (e) Enforcement by court; further civil penalty. If a person does not 42 comply with an order under this section, the administrator may petition 43 a court of competent jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court may not

require the administrator to post a bond in an action or proceeding under 1 2 this section. If the court finds, after service and opportunity for hearing, 3 that the person was not in compliance with the order, the court may adjudge the person in civil contempt of the order. The court may impose 4 5a further civil penalty against the person for contempt in an amount not 6 greater than \$25,000 for each violation and may grant any other relief the 7 court determines is just and proper in the circumstances. New Sec. 44. (a) Issuance and adoption of forms, orders, and rules. 8 9 The administrator may: 10(1) Issue forms and orders and, after notice and comment, may adopt 11 and amend rules necessary or appropriate to carry out this act and may 12repeal rules, including rules and forms governing registration statements, 13 applications, notice filings, reports, and other records; 14(2) by rule, define terms, whether or not used in this act, but those definitions may not be inconsistent with this act; and 1516(3) by rule, classify securities, persons, and transactions and adopt 17different requirements for different classes. 18(b) *Findings and cooperation.* Under this act, a rule or form may not 19 be adopted or amended, or an order issued or amended, unless the ad-20ministrator finds that the rule, form, order, or amendment is necessary 21or appropriate in the public interest or for the protection of investors and 22 is consistent with the purposes intended by this act. In adopting, amend-23 ing, and repealing rules and forms, section 47, and amendments thereto, 24 applies in order to achieve uniformity among the states and coordination 25with federal laws in the form and content of registration statements, ap-26 plications, reports, and other records, including the adoption of uniform 27rules, forms, and procedures. 28(c) Financial statements. Subject to section 15(h) of the securities 29exchange act and section 222 of the investment advisers act of 1940, the 30 administrator may require that a financial statement filed under this act 31 be prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles 32 in the United States and comply with other requirements specified by 33 rule adopted or order issued under this act. A rule adopted or order issued 34 under this act may establish: 35 Subject to section 15(h) of the securities exchange act and section (1)36 222 of the investment advisers act of 1940, the form and content of fi-37 nancial statements required under this act; 38 (2)whether unconsolidated financial statements must be filed; and

(3) whether required financial statements must be audited by an in-dependent certified public accountant.

(d) *Interpretative opinions.* The administrator may provide interpretative opinions or issue determinations that the administrator will not
institute a proceeding or an action under this act against a specified per-

son for engaging in a specified act, practice, or course of business if the 1 2 determination is consistent with this act. A rule adopted or order issued 3 under this act may establish a reasonable charge for interpretative opin-4 ions or determinations that the administrator will not institute an action $\mathbf{5}$ or a proceeding under this act. 6 (e) *Effect of compliance*. No provision of this act imposing any liability 7 applies to any act done or omitted in good faith in conformity with any 8 rules and regulations, form, or order of the commissioner, notwithstand-9 ing that the rules and regulations, form or order may later be amended, 10revoked or rescinded or be determined by judicial or other authority to 11 be invalid for any reason. 12(f) Presumption for public hearings. A hearing in an administrative 13 proceeding under this act must be conducted in public unless the admin-14istrator for good cause consistent with this act determines that the hearing 15will not be so conducted. 16 New Sec. 45. (a) Public register of filings. The administrator shall 17maintain, or designate a person to maintain, a register of applications for 18registration of securities; registration statements; notice filings; applica-19 tions for registration of broker-dealers, agents, investment advisers, and 20investment adviser representatives; notice filings by federal covered in-21vestment advisers that are or have been effective under this act or the 22 predecessor act; notices of claims of exemption from registration or notice 23 filing requirements contained in a record; orders issued under this act or 24 the predecessor act; and interpretative opinions or no action determina-25tions issued under this act. 26 (b) *Public availability*. The administrator shall make all rules, forms, 27interpretative opinions, and orders available to the public. 28(c) *Copies of public records.* The administrator shall furnish a copy 29of a record that is a public record or a certification that the public record 30 does not exist to a person that so requests. A rule adopted under this act 31 may establish a reasonable charge for furnishing the record or certifica-32 tion. A copy of the record certified or a certificate by the administrator 33 of a record's nonexistence is prima facie evidence of a record or its 34 nonexistence. 35 New Sec. 46. (a) *Presumption of public records*. Except as otherwise 36 provided in subsection (b), records obtained by the administrator or filed 37 under this act, including a record contained in or filed with a registration 38 statement, application, notice filing, or report, are public records and are 39 available for public examination in accordance with the open records act. 40 (b) *Nonpublic records*. The following records are not public records 41and are not available for public examination under subsection (a): 42 (1)a record obtained by the administrator in connection with an audit 43 or inspection under section 28 (d), and amendments thereto, or an in1 vestigation under section 41, and amendments thereto;

2 (2) a part of a record filed in connection with a registration statement 3 under sections 11 and 13 through 15, and amendments thereto, or a 4 record under section 28 (d), and amendments thereto, that contains trade 5 secrets or confidential information if the person filing the registration 6 statement or report has asserted a claim of confidentiality or privilege that 7 is authorized by law;

8 (3) a record that is not required to be provided to the administrator 9 or filed under this act and is provided to the administrator only on the 10 condition that the record will not be subject to public examination or 11 disclosure;

(4) a nonpublic record received from a person specified in section 47(a), and amendments thereto; and

14 (5) any social security number, residential address unless used as a
15 business address, and residential telephone number contained in a record
16 that is filed.

17 (c) Administrator discretion to disclose. If disclosure is for the pur-18 pose of a civil, administrative, or criminal investigation, action, or pro-19 ceeding or to a person specified in section 47(a), and amendments 20 thereto, the administrator may disclose a record obtained in connection 21 with an audit or inspection under section 28 (d), and amendments 22 thereto, or a record obtained in connection with an investigation under 23 section 41, and amendments thereto.

24 New Sec. 47. (a) Objective of uniformity. The administrator may co-25operate, coordinate, consult, and, subject to section 46, and amendments 26thereto, share records and information with the securities regulator of 27another state, Canada, a Canadian province or territory, a foreign juris-28diction, the securities and exchange commission, the United States de-29partment of justice, the commodity futures trading commission, the fed-30 eral trade commission, the securities investor protection corporation, a 31 self-regulatory organization, a national or international organization of 32 securities regulators, a federal or state banking or insurance regulator, 33 and a governmental law enforcement or regulatory agency to effectuate 34 greater uniformity in securities matters among the federal government, 35 self-regulatory organizations, states, and foreign governments. 36 (b) *Policies to consider*. In cooperating, coordinating, consulting, and 37 sharing records and information under this section and in acting by rule,

sharing records and information under this section and in acting by rule,
order, or waiver under this act, the administrator, in the administrator's
discretion, shall take into consideration in carrying out the public interest
the following general policies:

41 (1) Maximizing effectiveness of regulation for the protection of 42 investors;

43 (2) maximizing uniformity in federal and state regulatory standards;

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1 and

2 (3) minimizing burdens on the business of capital formation, without3 adversely affecting essentials of investor protection.

4 (c) *Subjects for cooperation.* The cooperation, coordination, consul-5 tation, and sharing of records and information authorized by this section 6 includes:

(1) Establishing or employing one or more designees as a central
depository for registration and notice filings under this act and for records
required or allowed to be maintained under this act;

10 (2) developing and maintaining uniform forms;

11 (3) conducting a joint examination or investigation;

12 (4) holding a joint administrative hearing;

13 (5) instituting and prosecuting a joint civil or administrative 14 proceeding;

15 (6) sharing and exchanging personnel;

16 (7) coordinating registrations under sections 13, 14 and 18 through 17 21, and amendments thereto, and exemptions under section 8, and 18 amendments thereto;

(8) sharing and exchanging records, subject to section 46, and amend-20 ments thereto;

(9) formulating rules, statements of policy, guidelines, forms, and in terpretative opinions and releases;

23 (10) formulating common systems and procedures;

24 (11) notifying the public of proposed rules, forms, statements of pol-25 icy, and guidelines;

(12) attending conferences and other meetings among securities regulators, which may include representatives of governmental and private
sector organizations involved in capital formation, deemed necessary or
appropriate to promote or achieve uniformity; and

(13) developing and maintaining a uniform exemption from registration for small issuers, and taking other steps to reduce the burden of
raising investment capital by small businesses.

New Sec. 48. A final order issued by the administrator under this act
is subject to judicial review in accordance with the provisions of the act
for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions.

New Sec. 49. (a) *Sales and offers to sell*. Sections 11, 12, 18 (a), 19 (a), 20 (a), 21 (a), 30, 35, 38, and 39, and amendments thereto, do not apply to a person that sells or offers to sell a security unless the offer to sell or the sale is made in this state or the offer to purchase or the purchase is made and accepted in this state.

41 (b) *Purchases and offers to purchase.* Sections 18 (a), 19 (a), 20 (a), 42 21 (a), 30, 35, 38, and 39, and amendments thereto, do not apply to a 43 person that purchases or offers to purchase a security unless the offer to 1 purchase or the purchase is made in this state or the offer to sell or the 2 sale is made and accepted in this state.

3 (c) *Offers in this State.* For the purpose of this section, an offer to 4 sell or to purchase a security is made in this state, whether or not either 5 party is then present in this state, if the offer:

6 (1) Originates from within this state; or

7 (2) is directed by the offeror to a place in this state and received at 8 the place to which it is directed.

9 (d) Acceptances in this State. For the purpose of this section, an offer 10 to purchase or to sell is accepted in this state, whether or not either party 11 is then present in this state, if the acceptance:

12 (1) Is communicated to the offeror in this state and the offeree rea13 sonably believes the offeror to be present in this state and the acceptance
14 is received at the place in this state to which it is directed; and

(2) has not previously been communicated to the offeror, orally or ina record, outside this state.

(e) Publications, radio, television or electronic communications. An 1718offer to sell or to purchase is not made in this state when a pub-19 lisher circulates or there is circulated on the publisher's behalf in 20this state a bona fide newspaper or other publication of general, 21regular and paid circulation that is not published in this state, or 22 that is published in this state but has had more than two-thirds of 23 its circulation outside this state during the previous 12 months or 24 when a radio or television program or other electronic communi-25cation originating outside this state is received in this state. A radio 26 or television program, or other electronic communication is con-27sidered as having originated in this state if either the broadcast 28studio or the originating source of transmission is located in this 29state, unless:

(1) The program or communication is syndicated and distrib uted from outside this state for redistribution to the general public
 in this state;

(2) the program or communication is supplied by a radio, tel evision or other electronic network with the electronic signal orig inating from outside this state for redistribution to the general
 public in this state;

(3) the program or communication is an electronic communication that originates outside this state and is captured for redistribution to the general public in this state by a community antenna or cable, radio, cable television or other electronic system;
or

42 (4) the program or communication consists of an electronic 43 communication that originates in this state, but which is not in-

1 tended for distribution to the general public in this state.

(f) *Investment advice and misrepresentations.* Sections 20 (a), 21 (a), 22 (a), 31, 34, and 35, and amendments thereto, apply to a person if the person engages in an act, practice, or course of business instrumental in effecting prohibited or actionable conduct in this state, whether or not either party is then present in this state.

7 New Sec. 50. (a) Signed consent to service of process. A consent to 8 service of process required by this act must be signed and filed in the 9 form required by a rule or order under this act. A consent appointing the 10 administrator the person's agent for service of process in a noncriminal 11 action or proceeding against the person, or the person's successor or per-12 sonal representative under this act or a rule adopted or order issued under 13 this act after the consent is filed, has the same force and validity as if the 14service were made personally on the person filing the consent. A person 15that has filed a consent complying with this subsection in connection with 16 a previous application for registration or notice filing need not file an 17additional consent.

18(b) Conduct constituting appointment of agent for service. If a per-19 son, including a nonresident of this state, engages in an act, practice, or 20 course of business prohibited or made actionable by this act or a rule 21adopted or order issued under this act and the person has not filed a 22 consent to service of process under subsection (a), the act, practice, or 23 course of business constitutes the appointment of the administrator as 24 the person's agent for service of process in a noncriminal action or proceeding against the person or the person's successor or personal 2526representative.

(c) Procedure for service of process. Service under subsection (a) or
(b) may be made by providing a copy of the process to the office of the
administrator, but it is not effective unless:

(1) The plaintiff, which may be the administrator, promptly sends
notice of the service and a copy of the process, return receipt requested,
to the defendant or respondent at the address set forth in the consent to
service of process or, if a consent to service of process has not been filed,
at the last known address, or takes other reasonable steps to give notice;
and

36 (2) the plaintiff files an affidavit of compliance with this subsection
37 in the action or proceeding on or before the return day of the process, if
38 any, or within the time that the court, or the administrator in a proceeding
39 before the administrator, allows.

(d) Service in administrative proceedings or civil actions by admin-*istrator*. Service pursuant to subsection (c) may be used in a proceeding
before the administrator or by the administrator in a civil action in which
the administrator is the moving party. In an administrative proceeding

under this act, service of process may also be made in accordance with
 the Kansas administrative procedure act.

3 (e) Opportunity to defend. If process is served under subsection (c),
4 the court, or the administrator in a proceeding before the administrator,
5 shall order continuances as are necessary or appropriate to afford the
6 defendant or respondent reasonable opportunity to defend.

7 New Sec. 51. If any provision of this act or its application to any 8 person or circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other 9 provisions or applications of this act that can be given effect without the 10 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this act 11 are severable.

New Sec. 52. The Kansas securities act, K.S.A. 17-1252 through 171275, is hereby repealed subject to the following limitations:

14(a) Applicability of predecessor act to pending proceedings and exist-15ing rights. The predecessor act exclusively governs all actions or pro-16 ceedings that are pending on the effective date of this act or may be 17instituted on the basis of conduct occurring before the effective date of 18this act, but a civil action may not be maintained to enforce any liability 19 under the predecessor act unless instituted within any period of limitation 20that applied when the cause of action accrued or within five years after 21the effective date of this act, whichever is earlier.

22 (b) Continued effectiveness under predecessor act. All effective reg-23 istrations under the predecessor act, all administrative orders relating to 24 the registrations, rules, statements of policy, interpretative opinions, de-25claratory rulings, no action determinations, and conditions imposed on 26 the registrations under the predecessor act remain in effect while they 27would have remained in effect if this act had not been enacted. They are 28considered to have been filed, issued, or imposed under this act, but are 29exclusively governed by the predecessor act.

(c) Applicability of predecessor act to offers or sales. The predecessor
 act exclusively applies to an offer or sale made within one year after the
 effective date of this act pursuant to an offering made in good faith before
 the effective date of this act on the basis of an exemption available under
 the predecessor act.

35 Sec. 53. K.S.A. 12-1675 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-36 1675. (a) The governing body of any county, city, township, school district, 37 area vocational-technical school, community college, firemen's relief as-38 sociation, community mental health center, community facility for the 39 mentally retarded or any other governmental entity, unit or subdivision in the state of Kansas having authority to receive, hold and expend public 4041moneys or funds may invest any moneys which are not immediately re-42quired for the purposes for which the moneys were collected or received, 43 and the investment of which is not subject to or regulated by any other 1 statute.

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(b) Such moneys shall be invested only:

3 (1)In temporary notes or no-fund warrants issued by such investing 4 governmental unit;

 $\mathbf{5}$ in time deposit, open accounts, certificates of deposit or time cer-(2)6 tificates of deposit with maturities of not more than two years: (A) In 7 banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks, which have main 8 or branch offices located in such investing governmental unit; or (B) if 9 no main or branch office of a bank, savings and loan association or savings 10bank is located in such investing governmental unit, then in banks, savings 11 and loan associations and savings banks, which have main or branch of-12 fices in the county or counties in which all or part of such investing gov-13 ernmental unit is located;

14in repurchase agreements with: (A) Banks, savings and loan as-(3)15sociations and savings banks, which have main or branch offices located 16 in such investing governmental unit, for direct obligations of, or obliga-17tions that are insured as to principal and interest by, the United States 18government or any agency thereof; or (B) (i) if no main or branch office 19 of a bank, savings and loan association or savings bank, is located in such 20investing governmental unit; or (ii) if no such bank, savings and loan 21association or savings bank having a main or branch office located in such 22 investing governmental unit is willing to enter into such an agreement 23 with the investing governmental unit at an interest rate equal to or greater 24 than the investment rate, as defined in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 12-1675a, 25and amendments thereto, then such repurchase agreements may be entered into with banks, savings and loan associations or savings banks which 2627have main or branch offices in the county or counties in which all or part 28of such investing governmental unit is located; or (C) if no bank, savings 29and loan association or savings bank, having a main or branch office in 30 such county or counties is willing to enter into such an agreement with 31 the investing governmental unit at an interest rate equal to or greater 32 than the investment rate, as defined in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 12-1675a, 33 then such repurchase agreements may be entered into with banks, savings 34 and loan associations or savings banks; 35 (4)in United States treasury bills or notes with maturities as the gov-36 erning body shall determine, but not exceeding two years. Such invest-37 ment transactions shall only be conducted with banks, savings and loan 38 associations and savings banks; the federal reserve bank of Kansas City,

39 Missouri; or with primary government securities dealers which report to

40the market report division of the federal reserve bank of New York, or 41

any broker-dealer engaged in the business of selling government securi-42

ties which is registered in compliance with the requirements of section 43

15 or 15C of the securities exchange act of 1934 and registered pursuant

1 to K.S.A. 17-1254 section 18, and amendments thereto;

2 (5) in the municipal investment pool fund established in K.S.A. 123 1677a, and amendments thereto;

4 (6) in the investments authorized and in accordance with the condi-5 tions prescribed in K.S.A. 12-1677b, and amendments thereto; or

6 (7) in multiple municipal client investment pools managed by the 7 trust departments of banks which have main or branch offices located in 8 the county or counties where such investing governmental unit is located 9 or with trust companies incorporated under the laws of this state which 10 have contracted to provide trust services under the provisions of K.S.A. 11 9-2107, and amendments thereto, with banks which have main or branch 12offices located in the county or counties in which such investing govern-13 mental unit is located. Public moneys invested under this paragraph shall 14be secured in the same manner as provided for under K.S.A. 9-1402, and 15amendments thereto. Pooled investments of public moneys made by trust 16departments under this paragraph shall be subject to the same terms, 17conditions and limitations as are applicable to the municipal investment 18pool established by K.S.A. 12-1677a, and amendments thereto.

19 (c) The investments authorized in paragraphs (4), (5), (6) or (7) of 20subsection (b) shall be utilized only if the banks, savings and loan asso-21ciations and savings banks eligible for investments authorized in para-22 graph (2) of subsection (b), cannot or will not make the investments au-23 thorized in paragraph (2) of subsection (b) available to the investing 24 governmental unit at interest rates equal to or greater than the investment 25rate, as defined in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 12-1675a, and amendments 26 thereto.

27(d) In selecting a depository pursuant to paragraph (2) of subsection 28(b), if a bank, savings and loan association or savings bank eligible for an 29investment deposit thereunder has an office located in the investing gov-30 ernmental unit and such financial institution will make such deposits avail-31 able to the investing governmental unit at interest rates equal to or greater 32 than the investment rate, as defined in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 12-1675a, 33 and amendments thereto, and such financial institution otherwise qualifies 34 for such deposit, the investing governmental unit shall select one or more 35 of such eligible financial institutions for deposit of funds pursuant to this 36 section. If no such financial institution qualifies for such deposits, the 37 investing governmental unit shall select for such deposits one or more 38 eligible banks, savings and loan associations or savings banks which have 39 offices in the county or counties in which all or a part of such investing 40 governmental unit is located which will make such deposits available to 41 the investing governmental unit at interest rates equal to or greater than 42the investment rate, as defined in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 12-1675a, and 43 amendments thereto, and which otherwise qualify for such deposits.

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1 (e) (1) All security purchases and repurchase agreements shall occur 2 on a delivery versus payment basis.

3 (2) All securities, including those acquired by repurchase agreements,
4 shall be perfected in the name of the investing governmental unit and
5 shall be delivered to the purchaser or a third-party custodian which may
6 be the state treasurer.

Sec. 54. K.S.A. 12-1677b is hereby amended to read as follows: 121677b. (a) The governing body of any city or county which has a written
investment policy approved by the governing body of such city or county
and approved by the pooled money investment board may invest and
reinvest pursuant to the approved investment policy in the following investments, as authorized under paragraph (6) of subsection (b) of K.S.A.
12-1675, and amendments thereto:

(1) Direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal
and interest by, the United States of America or any agency thereof and
obligations and securities of United States sponsored enterprises which
under federal law may be accepted as security for public funds, except
that such investments shall not be in mortgage-backed securities;

(2) interest-bearing time deposits in any banks, savings and loan as-sociations and savings banks; or

21(3)repurchase agreements with banks, savings and loan associations 22 and savings banks, or with a primary government securities dealer which 23 reports to the market reports division of the federal reserve bank of New 24 York for direct obligations of, or obligations that are insured as to principal 25and interest by, the United States government or any agency thereof and 26obligations and securities of United States government sponsored enter-27prises which under federal law may be accepted as security for public 28funds.

(b) The investment policy of any city or county approved by the
pooled money investment board under this section shall be reviewed and
approved at least annually by such board or when such city or county
makes changes in such investment policy.

33 (c) City and county investment policies shall address liquidity, diver 34 sification, safety of principal, yield, maturity and quality, and capability of
 35 investment management staff.

36 (d) (1) All security purchases shall occur on a delivery versus pay-37 ment basis.

(2) All securities shall be perfected in the name of the city or county
and shall be delivered to the purchaser or a third party custodian which
may be the state treasurer.

(3) Investment transactions shall only be conducted with banks, savings and loan associations and savings banks; or with primary government
securities dealers which report to the market report division of the federal

reserve bank of New York; or any broker-dealer which is registered in
 compliance with the requirements of section 15C of the securities
 exchange act of 1934 and registered pursuant to K.S.A. 17-1254 section
 18, and amendments thereto.

5 (4) The maximum maturity for investments under subsection (a) shall6 be four years.

7 (e) Investments in securities under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) 8 shall be limited to securities which do not have any more interest rate 9 risk than do direct United States government obligations of similar ma-10 turities. For purposes of this subsection, "interest rate risk" means market 11 value changes due to changes in current interest rates.

12(f) A city or county which violates subsection (c) or (d) of K.S.A. 12-13 1675 and amendments thereto or the rules and regulations of the pooled 14money investment board shall forfeit its rights under this section for a 15two year period and shall be reinstated only after a complete review of 16its investment policy as provided for in subsection (b). Such forfeiture 17shall be determined by the pooled money investment board after notice 18 and opportunity to be heard in accordance with the Kansas administrative 19 procedure act.

Sec. 55. K.S.A. 12-4516 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-4516. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b), any person who has been convicted of a violation of a city ordinance of this state may petition the convicting court for the expungement of such conviction and related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since the person:

25 (A) Satisfied the sentence imposed; or

26 (B) was discharged from probation, parole or a suspended sentence.

(2) Except as provided in subsection (b), any person who has fulfilled
the terms of a diversion agreement based on a violation of a city ordinance
of this state may petition the court for the expungement of such diversion
agreement and related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed
since the terms of the diversion agreement were fulfilled.

(b) No person may petition for expungement until five or more years
have elapsed since the person satisfied the sentence imposed or the terms
of a diversion agreement or was discharged from probation, parole, conditional release or a suspended sentence, if such person was convicted of
the violation of a city ordinance which would also constitute:

37 (1) Vehicular homicide, as defined by K.S.A. 21-3405, and amend-38 ments thereto;

39 (2) a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567, and amendments thereto;

40 (3) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the public 41 highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as pro-

42 hibited by K.S.A. 8-262, and amendments thereto;

43 (4) perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a, and amend-

1 ments thereto;

2 (5) a violation of the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142, 3 and amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications; 4 any crime punishable as a felony wherein a motor vehicle was (6)5used in the perpetration of such crime; 6 failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties (7)7 required by K.S.A. 8-1602, 8-1603 or 8-1604, and amendments thereto; 8 (8)a violation of the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104, and amendments 9 thereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or 10 a violation of K.S.A. 21-3405b, and amendments thereto. (9)11 When a petition for expungement is filed, the court shall set a (c) 12date for a hearing of such petition and shall cause notice of such hearing 13 to be given to the prosecuting attorney and the arresting law enforcement 14agency. The petition shall state: (1) The defendant's full name; (2) the full name of the defendant at the time of arrest, conviction or 1516 diversion, if different than the defendant's current name; 17(3)the defendant's sex, race and date of birth; 18(4)the crime for which the defendant was arrested, convicted or 19 diverted; 20(5)the date of the defendant's arrest, conviction or diversion; and 21(6)the identity of the convicting court, arresting law enforcement 22 agency or diverting authority. A municipal court may prescribe a fee to 23be charged as costs for a person petitioning for an order of expungement 24 pursuant to this section. Any person who may have relevant information 25about the petitioner may testify at the hearing. The court may inquire 26into the background of the petitioner and shall have access to any reports 27or records relating to the petitioner that are on file with the secretary of 28corrections or the Kansas parole board. 29(d) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order the peti-30 tioner's arrest record, conviction or diversion expunged if the court finds 31 that: 32 (1)The petitioner has not been convicted of a felony in the past two 33 years and no proceeding involving any such crime is presently pending 34 or being instituted against the petitioner; 35 (2) the circumstances and behavior of the petitioner warrant the 36 expungement; and 37 (3)the expungement is consistent with the public welfare. 38 When the court has ordered an arrest record, conviction or di-(e) 39 version expunged, the order of expungement shall state the information 40required to be contained in the petition. The clerk of the court shall send 41a certified copy of the order of expungement to the Kansas bureau of 42 investigation which shall notify the federal bureau of investigation, the 43 secretary of corrections and any other criminal justice agency which may 1 have a record of the arrest, conviction or diversion. After the order of 2 expungement is entered, the petitioner shall be treated as not having been

3 arrested, convicted or diverted of the crime, except that:

4 (1) Upon conviction for any subsequent crime, the conviction that 5 was expunged may be considered as a prior conviction in determining the 6 sentence to be imposed;

7 (2) the petitioner shall disclose that the arrest, conviction or diversion 8 occurred if asked about previous arrests, convictions or diversions:

9 (A) In any application for employment as a detective with a private
10 detective agency, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01, and amendments thereto;
11 as security personnel with a private patrol operator, as defined by K.S.A.
12 75-7b01, and amendments thereto; or with an institution, as defined in

K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amendments thereto, of the department of socialand rehabilitation services;

(B) in any application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement,to the practice of law in this state;

17 (C) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for employ-18 ment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within the

19 Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the 20 Kansas lottery;

21 (D) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for executive 22 director of the Kansas racing commission, for employment with the com-23 mission or for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as deemed 24 appropriate by the executive director of the commission, or to aid in 25 determining qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure by the 26 commission;

(E) upon application for a commercial driver's license under K.S.A.
8-2,125 through 8-2,142, and amendments thereto;

(F) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an em-ployee of the state gaming agency;

(G) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued pursuant
to a tribal-state gaming compact; or

(H) in any application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser representative all as defined in
K.S.A. 17-1252 section 2, and amendments thereto;

(3) the court, in the order of expungement, may specify other cir-cumstances under which the arrest, conviction or diversion is to be dis-closed; and

40 (4) the conviction may be disclosed in a subsequent prosecution for41 an offense which requires as an element of such offense a prior conviction42 of the type expunged.

43 (f) Whenever a person is convicted of an ordinance violation, pleads

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guilty and pays a fine for such a violation, is placed on parole or probation 2 or is granted a suspended sentence for such a violation, the person shall 3 be informed of the ability to expunge the arrest records or conviction. 4 Whenever a person enters into a diversion agreement, the person shall 5be informed of the ability to expunge the diversion. 6 (g) Subject to the disclosures required pursuant to subsection (e), in 7 any application for employment, license or other civil right or privilege, 8 or any appearance as a witness, a person whose arrest records, conviction 9 or diversion of an offense has been expunged under this statute may state 10 that such person has never been arrested, convicted or diverted of such 11 offense. 12(h) Whenever the record of any arrest, conviction or diversion has 13 been expunged under the provisions of this section or under the provi-14sions of any other existing or former statute, the custodian of the records 15of arrest, conviction, diversion and incarceration relating to that crime 16 shall not disclose the existence of such records, except when requested 17by: 18(1)The person whose record was expunged;

19 (2)a private detective agency or a private patrol operator, and the 20request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in 21conjunction with an application for employment with such agency or op-22 erator by the person whose record has been expunged;

23a court, upon a showing of a subsequent conviction of the person (3)24 whose record has been expunged;

25(4) the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or a designee of the secretary, for the purpose of obtaining information relating to em-26ployment in an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01, and amend-2728ments thereto, of the department of social and rehabilitation services of 29any person whose record has been expunged;

30 a person entitled to such information pursuant to the terms of the $(\mathbf{5})$ 31 expungement order;

32 (6) a prosecuting attorney, and such request is accompanied by a 33 statement that the request is being made in conjunction with a prosecu-34 tion of an offense that requires a prior conviction as one of the elements 35 of such offense;

36 the supreme court, the clerk or disciplinary administrator thereof, (7)37 the state board for admission of attorneys or the state board for discipline 38 of attorneys, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the 39 request is being made in conjunction with an application for admission, 40or for an order of reinstatement, to the practice of law in this state by the 41person whose record has been expunged; 42

(8)the Kansas lottery, and the request is accompanied by a statement 43 that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within
 the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the
 Kansas lottery;
 (9) the governor or the Kansas racing commission, or a designee of

5 the commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the 6 request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for executive 7 director of the commission, for employment with the commission, for 8 work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as deemed appropriate by 9 the executive director of the commission or for licensure, renewal of 10 licensure or continued licensure by the commission;

(10) the state gaming agency, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications: (A) To be an employee of the state gaming agency; or (B) to be an employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued pursuant to a tribal-state gaming compact; or

16 (11) the Kansas securities commissioner, or a designee of the com-17 missioner, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request 18 is being made in conjunction with an application for registration as a 19 broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser represen-20 tative by such agency and the application was submitted by the person 21 whose record has been expunged.

22 Sec. 56. K.S.A. 16-214 is hereby amended to read as follows: 16-214. 23 Whenever advances of money, repayable on demand, are made upon any 24 securities, as defined in K.S.A. 84-8-102(1)(a), and amendments thereto, 25pledged as collateral for repayment of such advances and in which such 26advances are used by the borrower only for the purpose of the purchasing 27or the carrying of such securities, it shall be lawful for a broker-dealer, 28as defined by K.S.A. 17-1252 section 2, and amendments thereto, to 29charge, receive or contract to receive and collect, as compensation for 30 making such advances, a rate of interest not to exceed the higher of ten 31 percent (10%) 10% per annum, or the rate of interest last obtained from 32 a commercial lender by the broker-dealer plus an annual percentage rate 33 of not to exceed one and one-half percent (1 1/2%) 1 1/2%, which rate 34 shall be established by written notification to the borrower. Any such 35 advances shall not be subject to any of the provisions of articles 1 through 36 9, inclusive, of chapter 16a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amend-37 ments thereto.

Sec. 57. K.S.A. 17-4632 is hereby amended to read as follows: 17-4632. The provisions of the Kansas *uniform* securities act shall not apply to any note, bond or other evidence of indebtedness issued by any cooperative doing business in this state pursuant to this act to *the* United States of America or any agency or instrumentality thereof, or to any mortgage, deed of trust or other instrument executed to secure the same. 1 The provisions of said *such* securities act shall not apply to the issuance 2 of membership certificates by any cooperative.

3 Sec. 58. K.S.A. 2002 2003 Supp. 17-49a01 is hereby amended to 4 read as follows: 17-49a01. As used in this the uniform TOD security reg-5 istration act:

6 (a) "Beneficiary form" means a registration of a security which iden-7 tifies the present owner of the security and the intention of the owner 8 regarding the person or persons who will become the owner or owners 9 of the security upon the death of the owner.

10 (b) "Person" means an individual, a corporation, a partnership, an 11 association, trust or an organization.

12 (c) "Register" including its derivatives, means to issue a certificate 13 showing the ownership of a certificated security or, in the case of an 14 uncertificated security, to initiate or transfer an account showing own-15 ership of securities.

(d) "Registering entity" means a person who originates or transfers a
security title by registration, and includes a broker maintaining security
accounts for customers and a transfer agent or other person acting for or
as an issuer of securities.

(e) "Security" means a certificated or uncertificated security as defined in K.S.A. 84-8-102 and amendments thereto or as defined in K.S.A.
17-1252 section 2, and amendments thereto.

23 "Security account" means (1) a reinvestment account associated (f) 24 with a security, a securities account with a broker, an agency account with 25a bank or trust company, a cash balance in a brokerage account, cash, 26interest, earnings or dividends earned or declared on a security in an 27account, a reinvestment account or a brokerage account, whether or not 28credited to the account before the owner's death, or (2) a cash balance 29 or other property held for or due to the owner of a security as a replace-30 ment for or product of an account security, whether or not credited to 31 the account before the owner's death.

(g) "State" includes any state of the United States, the District of
Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico and any territory or possession subject to the legislative authority of the United States.

35 Sec. 59. K.S.A. 2002 **2003** Supp. 21-4619 is hereby amended to read 36 as follows: 21-4619. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), 37 any person convicted in this state of a traffic infraction, cigarette or to-38 bacco infraction, misdemeanor or a class D or E felony, or for crimes 39 committed on or after July 1, 1993, nondrug crimes ranked in severity 40levels 6 through 10 or any felony ranked in severity level 4 of the drug 41grid, may petition the convicting court for the expungement of such con-42 viction or related arrest records if three or more years have elapsed since 43 the person: (A) Satisfied the sentence imposed; or (B) was discharged

from probation, a community correctional services program, parole, post-1 2 release supervision, conditional release or a suspended sentence. 3 (2) Except as provided in subsections (b) and (c), any person who has fulfilled the terms of a diversion agreement may petition the district court 4 5for the expungement of such diversion agreement and related arrest re-6 cords if three or more years have elapsed since the terms of the diversion 7 agreement were fulfilled. 8 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), no person may petition for 9 expungement until five or more years have elapsed since the person sat-10 isfied the sentence imposed, the terms of a diversion agreement or was 11 discharged from probation, a community correctional services program, 12parole, postrelease supervision, conditional release or a suspended sen-13 tence, if such person was convicted of a class A, B or C felony, or for 14crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993, if convicted of an off-grid felony or any nondrug crime ranked in severity levels 1 through 5 or any 1516 felony ranked in severity levels 1 through 3 of the drug grid, or: 17(1) Vehicular homicide, as defined by K.S.A. 21-3405 and amend-18ments thereto or as prohibited by any law of another state which is in 19 substantial conformity with that statute; 20(2) a violation of K.S.A. 8-1567 and amendments thereto, or a viola-21tion of any law of another state, which declares to be unlawful the acts 22 prohibited by that statute; 23 (3) driving while the privilege to operate a motor vehicle on the public 24 highways of this state has been canceled, suspended or revoked, as pro-25hibited by K.S.A. 8-262 and amendments thereto or as prohibited by any 26 law of another state which is in substantial conformity with that statute; 27(4)perjury resulting from a violation of K.S.A. 8-261a and amend-28ments thereto or resulting from the violation of a law of another state 29which is in substantial conformity with that statute; 30 (5) violating the provisions of the fifth clause of K.S.A. 8-142 and 31 amendments thereto, relating to fraudulent applications or violating the 32 provisions of a law of another state which is in substantial conformity with 33 that statute; 34 (6) any crime punishable as a felony wherein a motor vehicle was 35 used in the perpetration of such crime; 36 failing to stop at the scene of an accident and perform the duties (7)37 required by K.S.A. 8-1602, 8-1603 or 8-1604, and amendments thereto, 38 or required by a law of another state which is in substantial conformity 39 with those statutes; (8) violating the provisions of K.S.A. 40-3104 and amendments 40 41thereto, relating to motor vehicle liability insurance coverage; or 42(9)a violation of K.S.A. 21-3405b, prior to its repeal. 43 There shall be no expungement of convictions for the following (c)

offenses or of convictions for an attempt to commit any of the following 1 2 offenses: (1) Rape as defined in subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 21-3502 and 3 amendments thereto; (2) indecent liberties with a child as defined in 4 K.S.A. 21-3503 and amendments thereto; (3) aggravated indecent liber- $\mathbf{5}$ ties with a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3504 and amendments thereto; 6 (4) criminal sodomy as defined in subsection (a)(2) or (a)(3) of K.S.A. 21-7 3505 and amendments thereto; (5) aggravated criminal sodomy as defined 8 in K.S.A. 21-3506 and amendments thereto; (6) indecent solicitation of a 9 child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3510 and amendments thereto; (7) aggra-10 vated indecent solicitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3511 and amendments thereto; (8) sexual exploitation of a child as defined in K.S.A. 11 1221-3516 and amendments thereto; (9) aggravated incest as defined in 13 K.S.A. 21-3603 and amendments thereto; (10) endangering a child as 14defined in K.S.A. 21-3608 and amendments thereto; (11) abuse of a child as defined in K.S.A. 21-3609 and amendments thereto; (12) capital mur-1516 der as defined in K.S.A. 21-3439 and amendments thereto; (13) murder 17in the first degree as defined in K.S.A. 21-3401 and amendments thereto; 18(14) murder in the second degree as defined in K.S.A. 21-3402 and 19 amendments thereto; (15) voluntary manslaughter as defined in K.S.A. 20 21-3403 and amendments thereto; (16) involuntary manslaughter as de-21fined in K.S.A. 21-3404 and amendments thereto; (17) involuntary man-22 slaughter while driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs as defined 23 in K.S.A. 2002 2003 Supp. 21-3442 and amendments thereto; (18) sexual 24 battery as defined in K.S.A. 21-3517 and amendments thereto; (19) ag-25gravated sexual battery as defined in K.S.A. 21-3518 and amendments 26 thereto; or (20) any conviction for any offense in effect at any time prior 27to the effective date of this act, that is comparable to any offense as 28provided in this subsection. 29(d) When a petition for expungement is filed, the court shall set a 30 date for a hearing of such petition and shall cause notice of such hearing 31 to be given to the prosecuting attorney and the arresting law enforcement 32 agency. The petition shall state: (1) The defendant's full name;

33 (2) the full name of the defendant at the time of arrest, conviction or
34 diversion, if different than the defendant's current name;

35 (3) the defendant's sex, race and date of birth;

36 (4) the crime for which the defendant was arrested, convicted or 37 diverted;

38 (5) the date of the defendant's arrest, conviction or diversion; and

(6) the identity of the convicting court, arresting law enforcement authority or diverting authority. There shall be no docket fee for filing a petition pursuant to this section. All petitions for expungement shall be docketed in the original criminal action. Any person who may have rel-

court may inquire into the background of the petitioner and shall have
 access to any reports or records relating to the petitioner that are on file
 with the secretary of corrections or the Kansas parole board.

4 (e) At the hearing on the petition, the court shall order the peti-5 tioner's arrest record, conviction or diversion expunged if the court finds 6 that:

(1) The petitioner has not been convicted of a felony in the past two
years and no proceeding involving any such crime is presently pending
or being instituted against the petitioner;

10 (2) the circumstances and behavior of the petitioner warrant the 11 expungement; and

(3) the expungement is consistent with the public welfare.

13 (f) When the court has ordered an arrest record, conviction or diver-14sion expunged, the order of expungement shall state the information required to be contained in the petition. The clerk of the court shall send 15a certified copy of the order of expungement to the Kansas bureau of 16 17investigation which shall notify the federal bureau of investigation, the 18secretary of corrections and any other criminal justice agency which may 19 have a record of the arrest, conviction or diversion. After the order of 20expungement is entered, the petitioner shall be treated as not having been 21arrested, convicted or diverted of the crime, except that:

(1) Upon conviction for any subsequent crime, the conviction that
was expunged may be considered as a prior conviction in determining the
sentence to be imposed;

(2) the petitioner shall disclose that the arrest, conviction or diversionoccurred if asked about previous arrests, convictions or diversions:

27(A) In any application for licensure as a private detective, private 28detective agency, certification as a firearms trainer pursuant to K.S.A. 292002 2003 Supp. 75-7b21, and amendments thereto, or employment as 30 a detective with a private detective agency, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01 31 and amendments thereto; as security personnel with a private patrol op-32 erator, as defined by K.S.A. 75-7b01 and amendments thereto; or with 33 an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01 and amendments thereto, of 34 the department of social and rehabilitation services;

(B) in any application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement,
to the practice of law in this state;

(C) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within the
Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the
Kansas lottery;

(D) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications for executive
director of the Kansas racing commission, for employment with the commission or for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as deemed

1 appropriate by the executive director of the commission, or to aid in 2 determining qualifications for licensure or renewal of licensure by the 3 commission:

4 (E) upon application for a commercial driver's license under K.S.A. 5 8-2,125 through 8-2,142, and amendments thereto;

6 (F) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an em-7 ployee of the state gaming agency;

8 (G) to aid in determining the petitioner's qualifications to be an em-9 ployee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued pursuant 10 to a tribal-state gaming compact;

(H) in any application for registration as a broker-dealer, agent, in vestment adviser or investment adviser representative all as defined in
 K.S.A. 17-1252 section 2, and amendments thereto; or

(I) in any application for a commercial guide permit or associate
 guide permit under K.S.A. 32-964, and amendments thereto;

16 (3) the court, in the order of expungement, may specify other cir-17 cumstances under which the conviction is to be disclosed;

(4) the conviction may be disclosed in a subsequent prosecution foran offense which requires as an element of such offense a prior convictionof the type expunged; and

(5) upon commitment to the custody of the secretary of corrections,
any previously expunged record in the possession of the secretary of corrections may be reinstated and the expungement disregarded, and the
record continued for the purpose of the new commitment.

(g) Whenever a person is convicted of a crime, pleads guilty and pays a fine for a crime, is placed on parole, postrelease supervision or probation, is assigned to a community correctional services program, is granted a suspended sentence or is released on conditional release, the person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the arrest records or conviction. Whenever a person enters into a diversion agreement, the person shall be informed of the ability to expunge the diversion.

32 (h) Subject to the disclosures required pursuant to subsection (f), in 33 any application for employment, license or other civil right or privilege, 34 or any appearance as a witness, a person whose arrest records, conviction 35 or diversion of a crime has been expunged under this statute may state 36 that such person has never been arrested, convicted or diverted of such 37 crime, but the expungement of a felony conviction does not relieve an 38 individual of complying with any state or federal law relating to the use 39 or possession of firearms by persons convicted of a felony.

(i) Whenever the record of any arrest, conviction or diversion has
been expunged under the provisions of this section or under the provisions of any other existing or former statute, the custodian of the records
of arrest, conviction, diversion and incarceration relating to that crime

shall not disclose the existence of such records, except when requested
 by:

(1) The person whose record was expunged;

4 (2) a private detective agency or a private patrol operator, and the 5 request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in 6 conjunction with an application for employment with such agency or op-7 erator by the person whose record has been expunged;

8 (3) a court, upon a showing of a subsequent conviction of the person9 whose record has been expunged;

10 (4) the secretary of social and rehabilitation services, or a designee of 11 the secretary, for the purpose of obtaining information relating to em-12 ployment in an institution, as defined in K.S.A. 76-12a01 and amend-13 ments thereto, of the department of social and rehabilitation services of 14 any person whose record has been expunged;

15 (5) a person entitled to such information pursuant to the terms of the 16 expungement order;

(6) a prosecuting attorney, and such request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made in conjunction with a prosecution of an offense that requires a prior conviction as one of the elements
of such offense;

(7) the supreme court, the clerk or disciplinary administrator thereof, the state board for admission of attorneys or the state board for discipline of attorneys, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for admission, or for an order of reinstatement, to the practice of law in this state by the person whose record has been expunged;

(8) the Kansas lottery, and the request is accompanied by a statement
that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for
employment with the Kansas lottery or for work in sensitive areas within
the Kansas lottery as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the
Kansas lottery;

(9) the governor or the Kansas racing commission, or a designee of the commission, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for executive director of the commission, for employment with the commission, for work in sensitive areas in parimutuel racing as deemed appropriate by the executive director of the commission or for licensure, renewal of licensure or continued licensure by the commission;

39 (10) the Kansas sentencing commission;

(11) the state gaming agency, and the request is accompanied by a
statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications: (A) To be an employee of the state gaming agency; or (B) to be
an employee of a tribal gaming commission or to hold a license issued

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pursuant to a tribal-gaming compact; (12) the Kansas securities commissioner or a designee of the com-missioner, and the request is accompanied by a statement that the request is being made in conjunction with an application for registration as a $\mathbf{5}$ broker-dealer, agent, investment adviser or investment adviser represen-tative by such agency and the application was submitted by the person whose record has been expunged; or the department of wildlife and parks and the request is accom-(13)panied by a statement that the request is being made to aid in determining qualifications for a permit as a commercial guide or associate guide under K.S.A. 32-964, and amendments thereto. Sec. 60. K.S.A. 2002 Supp. 21-4704 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-4704. (a) For purposes of sentencing, the following sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes shall be applied in felony cases for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993:

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(b) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing 1 2 guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. Sentences expressed in such grid 3 represent months of imprisonment. 4 (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime severity and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical axis is the crime 56 severity scale which classifies current crimes of conviction. The grid's 7 horizontal axis is the criminal history scale which classifies criminal 8 histories. 9 - (d) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as provided in 10this section defines presumptive punishments for felony convictions, subject to judicial discretion to deviate for substantial and compelling reasons 11 12and impose a different sentence in recognition of aggravating and miti-13 gating factors as provided in this act. The appropriate punishment for a 14felony conviction should depend on the severity of the crime of conviction 15when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history. 16 (e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any place 17within the sentencing range. The sentencing judge shall select the center 18of the range in the usual case and reserve the upper and lower limits for 19 aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to warrant a departure. 20(2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court shall 21pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the prison sen-22 tence, the maximum potential reduction to such sentence as a result of 23 good time and the period of postrelease supervision at the sentencing 24 hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of postrelease supervision shall 25not negate the existence of such period of postrelease supervision. 26- (3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall pro-27nounce the prison sentence as well as the duration of the nonprison sane-28tion at the sentencing hearing. 29(f) Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for an 30 offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such of-31 fender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid block below 32 the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprison-33 ment. If an offense is elassified in a grid block above the dispositional 34 line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. Except as pro-35 vided in subsection (m) and otherwise provided by law, if an offense is 36 elassified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the court may impose an optional 37 nonprison sentence upon making the following findings on the record: 38 (1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to be 39 more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the risk of 40 offender reeidivism; and 41 (2) the recommended treatment program is available and the of-42 fender can be admitted to such program within a reasonable period of 43 time; or

- (3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by 1 2 promoting offender reformation. 3 Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an optional nonprison sentence if the offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 4 56-G shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. 6 (g) The sentence for the violation of K.S.A. 21-3411, and amend-7 ments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer or 8 K.S.A. 21-3415, and amendments thereto, aggravated battery against a 9 law enforcement officer and amendments thereto which places the de-10fendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be presumed impris-11 onment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon 12making a finding on the record that the nonprison sanction will serve 13 community safety interests by promoting offender reformation. Any de-14cision made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence, if the offense is classified in grid block 6-H or 6-I, shall 1516not be considered departure and shall not be subject to appeal. 17(h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the of-18fender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may im-19 pose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record 20that the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests by pro-21moting offender reformation. Any decision made by the court regarding 22 the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered 23 a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. 24 (i) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-251567 and, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a, and subsections (b)(3) 26 and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments thereto, shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section 2728and shall not be subject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 21-4707 29and amendments thereto. If because of the offender's criminal history 30 elassification the offender is subject to presumptive imprisonment or if 31 the judge departs from a presumptive probation sentence and the of-32 fender is subject to imprisonment, the provisions of this section and 33 K.S.A. 21-4707, and amendments thereto, shall apply and the offender 34 shall not be subject to the mandatory sentence as provided in K.S.A. 21-35 3710, and amendments thereto. Notwithstanding the provisions of any 36 other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the 37 felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567, subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 21-3412a 38 and subsections (b)(3) and (b)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3710, and amendments 39 thereto shall not be served in a state facility in the custody of the secretary 40of corrections. 41 -(j) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current con-42vieted erime earries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall be double

43 the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. The sen-

tence for any persistent sex offender whose current conviction carries a 1 2 presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed imprisonment and shall be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment term. 3 Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this subsection, 4 $\mathbf{5}$ "persistent sex offender" means a person who: (1) Has been convicted in 6 this state of a sexually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717 and 7 amendments thereto; and (2) at the time of the conviction under subsec-8 tion (1) has at least one conviction for a sexually violent crime, as defined 9 in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments thereto in this state or comparable 10felony under the laws of another state, the federal government or a foreign government. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any 11 12person whose current convicted crime is a severity level 1 or 2 felony. 13 (k) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any felony 14violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to promote, further or assist 1516 in any criminal conduct by gang members, the offender's sentence shall 17be presumed imprisonment. Any decision made by the court regarding 18the imposition of the optional nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject to appeal. As used in this subsection, 19 20"criminal street gang" means any organization, association or group of 21three or more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its 22 primary activities the commission of one or more person felonies or felony 23 violations of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 65-4101 et seq., 24 and amendments thereto, which has a common name or common iden-25tifying sign or symbol, whose members, individually or collectively engage 26in or have engaged in the commission, attempted commission, conspiracy 27to commit or solicitation of two or more person felonies or felony viola-28tions of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 65-4101 et seq., and 29amendments thereto, or any substantially similar offense from another 30 jurisdiction. (l) The sentence for a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-3715 31 32 and amendments thereto when such person being sentenced has a prior 33 conviction for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 21-3715 or 21-3716 and amendments thereto shall be presumed imprisonment. 34 35 (m) The sentence for a violation of subsection (a)(2)(C), (a)(3)(B) or 36 (a)(3)(C) of section 37, and amendments thereto, shall be presumed im-37 prisonment. The provisions of subsection (f) relating to an offense classi-38 fied in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G shall not be applicable to a violation of subsection (a)(2)(C), (a)(3)(B) or (a)(3)(C) of section 37, and amend-39 ments thereto, and any decision made by the court regarding an imposi-40tion of an optional nonprison sanction if the offense is classified in grid 41 blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G shall be considered a departure and subject to the 4243 appropriate provisions of law related to departures.

4

1 Sec. 61. **60.** K.S.A. 50-1009 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2 50-1009. (a) The commissioner may do the following:

(1) Adopt rules and regulations to implement this act;

(2) make investigations and examinations:

5 (A) In connection with any application for registration of any loan 6 broker or any registration already granted; or

7 (B) whenever it appears to the commissioner, upon the basis of a 8 complaint or information, that reasonable grounds exist for the belief that 9 an investigation or examination is necessary or advisable for the more 10 complete protection of the interests of the public;

11 (3) appoint special investigators to aid in investigations conducted 12 pursuant to this act. Such special investigators shall have the same au-13 thority with respect to enforcement of this act as specified for special 14 investigators appointed under subsection (b) of K.S.A. 17-1265 (a) of sec-15 tion 41, and amendments thereto, in enforcing the Kansas uniform se-16 curities act;

(4) charge as costs of investigation or examination all reasonable expenses, including a per diem prorated upon the salary of the commissioner or employee and actual traveling and hotel expenses. All reasonable
expenses are to be paid by the party or parties under investigation or
examination;

(5) issue notices and orders, including cease and desist notices and orders, after making an investigation or examination under paragraph (2). The commissioner may also bring an action on behalf of the state to enjoin a person from violating this act. The commissioner shall notify the person that an order or notice has been issued, the reasons for it and that a hearing will be set in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative procedures act after the commissioner receives a written re-

29 quest from the person requesting a hearing;

30 (6) sign all orders, official certifications, documents or papers issued
31 under this act or delegate the authority to sign any of those items to a
32 deputy;

33 (7) hold and conduct hearings;

34 (8) hear evidence;

35 (9) conduct inquiries with or without hearings;

(10) receive reports of investigators or other officers or employees of
 the state of Kansas or of any municipal corporation or governmental sub division within the state;

39 (11) administer oaths or cause them to be administered;

40 (12) subpoena witnesses and compel them to attend and testify;

(13) compel the production of books, records and other documents;and

43 (14) order depositions to be taken of any witness residing within or

without the state. The depositions shall be taken in the manner prescribed 1 2 by law for depositions in civil actions and made returnable to the 3 commissioner.

4 (b) If any person refuses to obey a subpoena issued under this act, 5the commissioner may make application to any court of competent juris-6 diction to order the person to appear before the commissioner and pro-7 duce documentary evidence or give evidence as directed in the subpoena. 8 The failure to obey the order of the court shall be subject to punishment 9 by the court as contempt of court. 10 (c) No person shall be excused from complying with a subpoena on 11 the ground that the testimony or evidence required may tend to incrim-12 inate the person or subject the person to a penalty or forfeiture. No 13 individual may be prosecuted or subject to any penalty or forfeiture for 14or on account of any transaction, matter or thing which the individual is

15compelled to testify or produce evidence, after claiming the privilege 16 against self-incrimination. However, the individual so testifying shall not 17be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in 18so testifying.

19 (d) In any prosecution, action, suit or proceeding based upon or aris-20ing out of this act, the commissioner may sign a certificate showing com-21pliance or noncompliance with this act by any loan broker. This shall 22 constitute prima facie evidence of compliance or noncompliance with this 23act and shall be admissible in evidence in any action at law or in equity 24 to enforce this act.

25Sec. 62. 61. K.S.A. 50-1016 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2650-1016. (a) The following persons are exempt from the requirements of 27K.S.A. 50-1002, 50-1003, 50-1004, 50-1006, 50-1007, 50-1008, 50-1014 28and 50-1015, and amendments thereto:

Any attorney while engaging in the practice of law; (1)

30 any certified public accountant with a permit to practice under (2)31 K.S.A. 1-310, and amendments thereto, while engaged in practice as a 32 certified public accountant or any independent public accountant en-33 gaged in the practice of public accounting whose service in relation to 34 procurement of a loan is incidental to their practice;

35 (3)any person licensed as a real estate broker or salesperson under 36 K.S.A. 58-3039, and amendments thereto, while rendering services in the 37 ordinary course of a transaction in which a license as a real estate broker 38 or salesperson is required;

39 (4) any broker-dealer, agent or, *investment adviser or* investment ad- visor adviser representative registered under K.S.A. 17-1254 section 18, 404119, 20 or 21, and amendments thereto;

any person whose fee is wholly contingent on the successful pro-42 (5)43

1 bona fide third party fee, is paid before the procurement;

2 (6) any person who is a creditor, or proposed to be a creditor, for any3 loan; and

4 (7) any feedlot operator licensed under K.S.A. 47-1503, and amend-5 ments thereto.

6 (b) As used in this section, "bona fide third party fee" includes fees 7 for:

(1) Credit reports, appraisals and investigations; and

9 (2) if the loan is to be secured by real property, title examinations, 10 an abstract of title, title insurance, a property survey and similar purposes. 11 (c) As used in this section, "successful procurement of a loan" means 12 that a hinding comparison of an advance and the procurement of a loan" means

that a binding commitment from a creditor to advance money has beenreceived and accepted by the borrower.

(d) The burden of proof of any exemption or classification providedin this act shall be on the party claiming the exemption or classification.

16Sec. 63. 62. K.S.A. 66-1508 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1766-1508. (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (b), the assess-18 ments provided for under the provisions of this act shall not apply to 19 motor carriers, nor shall they apply to public utilities or common carriers 20which are under the jurisdiction of the commission solely in connection 21with the administration of the Kansas securities act or the oil proration 22 or oil and gas conservation acts, the expenditures in connection with such 23 regulations being otherwise provided for by fees and assessments levied

24 under other acts against such public utilities or common carriers.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a), motor carriers
shall be subject to the assessment provided for in K.S.A. 66-1502, and *amendments thereto*.

28Sec. 64. 63. K.S.A. 74-8229 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2974-8229. (a) Any investor that is not subject to taxation under the provi-30 sions of the Kansas income, privilege or premium tax that makes a cer-31 tified capital investment shall be deemed to acquire an interest in the 32 nature of a transferable 50% tax credit. The credit established pursuant 33 to this act may be sold or transferred subject to approval by the secretary. 34 An investor as described in this section shall not be allowed a refund for 35 the interest herein created. Only the full amount of the credit for any one 36 investment may be transferred, and the credit may be transferred only 37 one time. Documentation of any credit transfer shall be provided to the 38 secretary. The secretary shall transmit a copy of such documentation to 39 the secretary of revenue.

(b) The secretary, after consulting with the secretary of revenue, shall
develop such rules and regulations as are necessary to facilitate the operation of the transfer program consistent with the interest of the state
in tracking the transfer of ownership and the use of tax credits earned by

1 the transferee.

2 (c) Any such sale or transfer shall not affect the time schedule for 3 taking the tax credit, as provided in this act. Any tax credits recaptured 4 pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8226, and amendments thereto, shall be the liability 5 of the taxpayer which actually claimed the tax credit. In approving the 6 sale or transfer of the tax credit pursuant to this section, the secretary 7 may require the transferor or the transferee or both to execute guarantees 8 or post bonds with respect to any potential tax credit recapture.

9 (d) Any payment received for tax credits pursuant to this section is 10 taxable income of the transferor of the credit and the amount equal to 11 the difference the dollar value of the tax credit transferred minus the 12 sales price of the tax credit shall be taxable income of the transferee.

(e) The secretary shall make and promulgate rules and regulations
consistent with the provisions of this act as are necessary or useful to carry
out the provisions of this act.

(f) Every final order, decision, license or other official act of the secretary pursuant to this act is subject to review in accordance with the act
for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions, K.S.A. 77-601
et seq. and amendments thereto.

(g) In view of the objectives of these requirements and the underlying policies of the act, the act is not available with respect to any transaction or series of transactions that, although in technical compliance with these rules, is part of a plan or scheme to evade the requirements of this act or to distort the benefits entitled to be realized under the act. In such cases, no investor in any CFC shall be entitled to the benefit of any tax credits provided for hereunder.

(h) The offer or sale of a security by a CFC pursuant to this act shall
be subject to the registration requirements of K.S.A. 17-1254, 17-1255,
17-1257, 17-1258, 17-1259 and 17-1260 sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 18,
19, 20 and 21, and amendments thereto.

31 Sec. 65. 64. K.S.A. 2002 2003 Supp. 75-3170a is hereby amended 32 to read as follows: 75-3170a. (a) The 20% credit to the state general fund 33 required by K.S.A. 1-204, 9-1703, 16-609, 16a-2-302, 17-1271 section 40, 34 17-2236, 17-5609, 17-5610, 17-5612, 17-5701, 20-1a02, 20-1a03, 31-133a,35 31-134, 44-324, 44-926, 47-820, 49-420, 55-155, 55-176, 55-609, 55-711, 36 55-901, 58-2011, 58-3074, 58-4107, 65-6b10, 65-1718, 65-1817a, 65-37 2011, 65-2855, 65-2911, 65-4610, 65-5413, 65-5513, 66-1,155, 66-1503, 38 74-715, 74-1108, 74-1405, 74-1503, 74-1609, 74-2704, 74-3903, 74-5805, 39 74-7009, 74-7506, 75-1119b, 75-1308 and 75-1514 and 2-3506, 84-9-411 40and 84-9-413, and amendments thereto, is to reimburse the state general 41 fund for accounting, auditing, budgeting, legal, payroll, personnel and 42 purchasing services, and any and all other state governmental services,

43 which are performed on behalf of the state agency involved by other state

1 agencies which receive appropriations from the state general fund to pro-2 vide such services.

3 (b) Nothing in this act or in the sections amended by this act or 4 referred to in subsection (a), shall be deemed to authorize remittances to 5 be made less frequently than is authorized under K.S.A. 75-4215 and 6 amendments thereto.

7 (c) Notwithstanding any provision of any statute referred to in or 8 amended by this act or referred to in subsection (a), whenever in any 9 fiscal year such 20% credit to the state general fund in relation to any 10 particular fee fund is \$200,000, in that fiscal year the 20% credit no longer 11 shall apply to moneys received from sources applicable to such fee fund 12and for the remainder of such year the full 100% so received shall be 13 credited to such fee fund, except as otherwise provided in subsection (d) 14and except that during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1993, with respect 15to the fire marshal fee fund, when the 20% credit to the state general 16fund prescribed by K.S.A. 31-133a, 31-134 and 75-1514 and amendments 17thereto, in the aggregate, is \$400,000, then in that fiscal year such 20% 18credit no longer shall apply to moneys received from sources applicable 19 to the fire marshal fee fund and for the remainder of such fiscal year the 20full 100% so received shall be credited to the fire marshal fee fund.

21Sec. 66. **65.** K.S.A. 75-6302 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22 75-6302. (a) On July 1, 1982, the office of the securities commissioner of 23 Kansas provided for by K.S.A. 17-1270, prior to its amendment by this 24 act in 1982, and prior to its repeal by this act, shall be and is hereby 25abolished and all of the powers, duties and functions of such securities commissioner shall be and are hereby transferred to and conferred and 26 27imposed upon the securities commissioner of Kansas provided for by this 28act.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this act, the securities commissioner provided for by this act shall be the successor in every way to the
powers, duties and functions of the securities commissioner, in which the
same were vested prior to the effective date of this act.

(c) Whenever the securities commissioner of Kansas, or words of like
effect, is referred to or designated by a statute, contract or other document, such reference or designation shall be deemed to apply to the
securities commissioner provided for by this act.

(d) All rules and regulations and all orders and directives of the securities commissioner of Kansas in existence immediately prior to the
effective date of this act shall continue to be effective and shall be deemed
to be the rules and regulations and orders or directives of the securities
commissioner of Kansas provided for by this act, until revised, amended,
repealed or nullified pursuant to law.

43 Sec. 67. **66.** K.S.A. 12-1675, 12-1677b, 12-4516, 16-214, 17-1260,

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1 17-1264, 17-1265, 17-1266, 17-1267, 17-1269, 17-1273, 17-1274, 17-2 1275, 17-4632, 50-1009, 50-1016, 66-1508, 74-8229 and 75-6302 and

3 K.S.A. 2002 2003 Supp. 17-1252, 17-1253, 17-1254, 17-1255, 17-1257,

4 17-1258, 17-1259, 17-1261, 17-1262, 17-1262a, 17-1263, 17-1264, 17-

5 **1264a**, **17-1265**, **17-1265a**, 17-1266a, 17-1268, 17-1270a, 17-1270a, 17-

6 1270b, 17-1271, 17-1272, 17-49a01, 21-4619, 21-4704 and 75-3170a are 7 hereby repealed.

8 Sec. 68. 67. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after
9 July 1, 2004 2005, and its publication in the statute book.