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SENATE BILL No. 554

By Committee on Assessment and Taxation

2-11

AN ACT relating to taxation; enacting the Kansas utility excise tax act; amending K.S.A. 12-1770a, 12-1774, 13-13a38, 79-34,148 and 79-3647 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-50,114, 74-8017, 74-8927, 74-8929, 74-8937, 74-8938, 79-34,147, 79-3602 and 82a-2101 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 12-189 and 13-13a39.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The provisions of sections 1 through 8 of this act shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas utility excise tax act, and the tax herein imposed shall be in addition to all other privilege or excise taxes imposed by the state of Kansas or by any political subdivision thereof or by a municipal university.

New Sec. 2. For the purposes of this act: (a) "Purchase price" means the consideration paid or given or contracted to be paid or given by any person to the utility retailer for the selling or furnishing at retail of water or energy utilities, as herein defined, purchased. The term shall include, in addition to the consideration paid or given or contracted to be paid or given, the actual cost of transportation from the place where the article was purchased to the person using the same in this state. If a cash discount is allowed and taken on the sale it shall be deducted in arriving at the purchase price;

- (b) the meaning ascribed to words and phrases in K.S.A. 79-3602, and amendments thereto, insofar as is practicable, shall be applicable herein unless otherwise provided. The provisions of K.S.A. 79-3601 through 79-3631, 79-3643, 79-3646 through 79-3648, 79-3650 through 79-3652, and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3660 through 79-3664, and amendments thereto, relating to enforcement, collection and administration, insofar as practicable, shall have full force and effect with respect to taxes imposed under the provisions of this act;
- "utility retailer" means every person engaged in the business of selling or furnishing of water or energy utilities at retail;
- "utility retailer doing business in this state" or any like term, means any utility retailer having, using or maintaining within this state, directly or by a subsidiary, an office, facility, distribution house, distribution equipment, sales house, warehouse or other place of business, or

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any agent or other representative operating within this state under the authority of the retailer or its subsidiary, irrespective of whether such place of business or agent is located here permanently or temporarily, or whether such utility retailer or subsidiary is admitted to do business within the state; and

(e) "energy utilities" means electricity, natural gas, LP gas, propane gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources used for the production of heat or lighting.

New Sec. 3. For the privilege of engaging in the business of selling or furnishing water or energy utilities at retail in this state, the gross receipts from the sale or furnishing of water or energy utilities, which sale is not otherwise exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act, and whether furnished by municipally or privately owned utilities is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid a tax at the rate of 4.9%, and within a redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, there is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid an additional tax at the rate of 2% until the earlier of the date the bonds issued to finance or refinance the redevelopment project have been paid in full or the final scheduled maturity of the first series of bonds issued to finance any part of the project upon.

New Sec. 4. (a) All revenue collected or received by the director of taxation from the taxes imposed by this act shall be deposited daily with the state treasurer. The state treasurer shall credit all revenue received from this act, less amounts withheld as provided in subsection (b) and amounts credited as provided in subsections (c) and (d), to the state general fund.

- (b) A refund fund, designated as "utility excise tax refund fund" not to exceed \$100,000 shall be set apart and maintained by the director from collections and estimated tax collections and held by the state treasurer for prompt payment of all utility excise tax refunds. Such fund shall be in such amount, within the limit set by this section, as the director shall determine is necessary to meet current refunding requirements under this act. In the event such fund as established by this section is, at any time, insufficient to provide for the payment of refunds due claimants thereof, the director shall certify the amount of additional funds required to the director of accounts and reports who shall promptly transfer the required amount from the state general fund to the utility excise tax refund fund, and notify the state treasurer, who shall make proper entry in the records.
- (c) The state treasurer shall credit 5%s of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by this act, and amendments thereto, at the rate of 4.9%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a), exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

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(d) The state treasurer shall credit all revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by this act, as certified by the director, from tax-payers doing business within that portion of a redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project that was determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of statewide as well as local importance or will create a major tourism area for the state as specified in subsection (a)(1)(D) of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, to the city bond finance fund, which fund is hereby created. The provisions of this subsection shall expire when the total of all amounts credited hereunder and under subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3620 and subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3710, and amendments thereto, is sufficient to retire the special obligation bonds issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of such redevelopment project.

New Sec. 5. All sales of water or energy utilities which were, prior to January 1, 2003, exempt from the tax imposed by the Kansas retailers' sales tax and by the Kansas compensating tax acts shall be exempt from the tax imposed by the Kansas utility excise tax act.

New Sec. 6. (a) Utility retailers shall make returns to the director at the times prescribed by this section upon forms prescribed and furnished by the director stating: (1) The name and address of the utility retailer; (2) the total amount of gross sales of all water or energy utilities by the utility retailer during the period for which the return is made; (3) the total amount received during the period for which the return is made on charge and time sales of water or energy utilities made prior to the period for which the return is made; (4) deductions allowed by law from such total amount of gross sales and from total amount received during the period for which the return is made on such charge and time sales; (5) receipts during the period for which the return is made from the total amount of sales of water or energy utilities made during such period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made; (6) receipts during the period for which the return is made from charge and time sales of water or energy utilities made prior to such period in the course of such business, after deductions allowed by law have been made; and (7) gross receipts during the period for which the return is made from sales of water or energy utilities made in the course of such business upon the basis of which the tax is imposed. The return shall include such other pertinent information as the director may require. In making such return, the utility retailer shall determine the market value of any consideration, other than money, received in connection with the sale of any water or energy utilities in the course of the business and shall include such value in the return. Such value shall be subject to review and revision by the director as hereinafter provided. Refunds made by the utility retailer during the period for which the return is made

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on account of water or energy utilities returned to the utility retailer shall be allowed as a deduction under subsection (4) of this section in case the 3 utility retailer has theretofore included the receipts from such sale in a return made by such utility retailer and paid taxes therein imposed by 4 this act. The utility retailer, at the time of making such return, shall pay 5 6 to the director the amount of tax herein imposed, except as otherwise provided in this section. The director may extend the time for making returns and paying the tax required by this act for any period not to exceed 8 9 60 days under such rules and regulations as the secretary of revenue may 10 prescribe. The utility retailer shall file a return for each month on or before the 25th day of the following month. When the total tax liability 12 exceeds \$32,000 in any calendar year, the utility retailer shall be required 13 to pay the sales tax liability for the first 15 days of each month to the 14 director on or before the 25th day of that month. Any such payment shall 15 accompany the return filed for the preceding month. A utility retailer will 16 be considered to have complied with the requirements to pay the first 15 17 days' liability for any month if, on or before the 25th day of that month, 18 the utility retailer paid 90% of the liability for that 15-day period, or 50% 19 of such utility retailer's liability in the immediate preceding calendar year 20 for the same month as the month in which the 15-day period occurs 21 computed at the rate applicable in the month in which the 15-day period 22 occurs, and, in either case, paid any underpayment with the payment 23 required on or before the 25th day of the following month. Such utility 24 retailers shall pay their sales tax liabilities for the remainder of each such 25 month at the time of filing the return for such month. Determinations of amounts of liability in a calendar year for purposes of determining filing 27 requirements shall be made by the director upon the basis of amounts of 28 liability by those utility retailers during the preceding calendar year or by 29 estimates in cases of utility retailers having no previous sales tax histories.

- (b) The director may require the filing of returns and payment of tax by utility retailers using electronic methods.
- (c) The secretary of revenue may adopt rules and regulations necessary to efficiently implement the provisions of this act.

New Sec. 7. (a) A utility excise tax is hereby imposed by every city, county or municipal university imposing a retailers' sales tax. The rate of any such tax shall be fixed at the same rate as such city's, county's or university's retailers' sales tax. Any city, county or municipal university imposing a utility excise tax is prohibited from administering or collecting such tax locally, but shall utilize the services of the state department of revenue to administer, enforce and collect such tax. Such tax shall be identical in its application and exemptions therefrom to the Kansas utility excise tax, except as provided in this act and all laws and rules and regulations of the state department of revenue relating to the Kansas utility

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excise tax shall apply to such local utility excise tax insofar as the same may be made applicable.

- (b) The secretary of revenue is authorized to administer, enforce and collect a city's, county's or municipal university's utility excise tax and to adopt such rules and regulations necessary for the efficient and effective administration, enforcement and collection thereof. The state director of taxation shall cause such taxes to be collected within the boundaries of such taxing subdivision at the same time and in the same manner provided for the collection of the state utility excise tax. All moneys collected by the director of taxation pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be credited to the city and county utility excise tax fund or to the municipal utility excise tax fund, which funds are hereby established in the state treasury. Any refund due on any city's, county's or municipal university's utility excise tax collected pursuant to this section shall be paid out of the utility excise refund fund and reimbursement to such fund shall be made by the director of taxation from collections of local utility excise tax revenue. All moneys collected pursuant to this section for a city or county shall be remitted at least quarterly by the state treasurer to the treasurer of such city, county or university.
- (c) All revenue received by any county treasurer from a countywide utility excise tax shall be apportioned among the county and each city located in such county in the same manner as provided in K.S.A. 12-192, and amendments thereto, for the apportionment of revenue received from a countywide retailers' sales tax.
- New Sec. 8. The following shall be subject to the utility excise tax levied and collected by all cities, counties and municipal universities under the provisions of this act:
- (a) All sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered through mains, lines or pipes to residential premises for noncommercial use by the occupant of such premises and all sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered through mains, line or pipes for agricultural use;
- (b) All sales of propane gas, LP-gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources for the production of heat or lighting for noncommercial use of an occupant of residential premises.
- Sec. 9. K.S.A. 12-1770a is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1770a. As used in this act, unless the context clearly shows otherwise:
- (a) "Auto race track facility" means: (1) An auto race track facility and facilities directly related and necessary to the operation of an auto race track facility, including, but not limited to, grandstands, suites and viewing areas, concessions, souvenir facilities, catering facilities, visitor and retail centers, signage and temporary hospitality facilities, but excluding (2) hotels, motels, restaurants and retail facilities, not directly related to or nec-

essary to the operation of such facility.

- (b) "Base year assessed valuation" means the assessed valuation of all real property within the boundaries of a redevelopment district on the date the redevelopment district was established.
 - (c) "Blighted area" means an area which:
- (1) Because of the presence of a majority of the following factors, substantially impairs or arrests the development and growth of the municipality or constitutes an economic or social liability or is a menace to the public health, safety, morals or welfare in its present condition and use:
 - (A) A substantial number of deteriorated or deteriorating structures;
 - (B) predominance of defective or inadequate street layout;
 - (C) unsanitary or unsafe conditions;
 - (D) deterioration of site improvements;
- (E) tax or special assessment delinquency exceeding the fair market value of the real property;
- (F) defective or unusual conditions of title including but not limited to cloudy or defective titles, multiple or unknown ownership interests to the property;
 - (G) improper subdivision or obsolete platting or land uses;
- $\left(H\right) \;\;$ the existence of conditions which endanger life or property by fire or other causes; or
 - (I) conditions which create economic obsolescence; or
- (2) has been identified by any state or federal environmental agency as being environmentally contaminated to an extent that requires a remedial investigation; feasibility study and remediation or other similar state or federal action; or
- (3) previously was found by resolution of the governing body to be a slum or a blighted area under K.S.A. 17-4742 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.
- (d) "Conservation area" means any improved area comprising 15% or less of the land area within the corporate limits of a city in which 50% or more of the structures in the area have an age of 35 years or more, which area is not yet blighted, but may become a blighted area due to the existence of a combination of two or more of the following factors:
 - (1) Dilapidation, obsolescence or deterioration of the structures;
 - (2) illegal use of individual structures;
 - (3) the presence of structures below minimum code standards;
 - (4) building abandonment;
- 40 (5) excessive vacancies;
- 41 (6) overcrowding of structures and community facilities; or
- 42 (7) inadequate utilities and infrastructure.
- 43 (e) "De minimus" means an amount less than 15% of the land area

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within a redevelopment district.

- (f) "Developer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership or limited liability company, other than a city.
- (g) "Eligible area" means a blighted area, conservation area, enterprise zone, historic theater or major tourism area.
- (h) "Enterprise zone" means an area within a city that was designated as an enterprise zone prior to July 1, 1992, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-17,107 through 12-17,113, and amendments thereto, prior to its repeal and the conservation, development or redevelopment of the area is necessary to promote the general and economic welfare of such city.
- (i) "Environmental increment" means the increment determined pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 12-1771a, and amendments thereto.
- (j) "Environmentally contaminated area" means an area of land having contaminated groundwater or soil which is deemed environmentally contaminated by the department of health and environment or the United States environmental protection agency.
- (k) "Feasibility study" means a study which shows whether a redevelopment project's benefits and tax increment revenue and other available revenues under K.S.A. 12-1774 (a)(1) are expected to exceed or be sufficient to pay for the redevelopment project costs.
- (l) "Historic theater" means a building constructed prior to 1940 which was constructed for the purpose of staging entertainment, including motion pictures, vaudeville shows or operas, that is operated by a nonprofit corporation and is designated by the state historic preservation officer as eligible to be on the Kansas register of historic places or is a member of the Kansas historic theatre association.
- (m) "Historic theater sales tax increment" means the amount of state and local sales and utility excise tax revenue imposed pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187 et seq., 79-3601 et seq. and, 79-3701 et seq. and the Kansas utility excise tax act, and amendments thereto, collected from taxpayers doing business within the historic theater that is in excess of the amount of such taxes collected prior to the designation of the building as a historic theater for purposes of this act.
- (n) "Major tourism area" means an area for which the secretary has made a finding the capital improvements costing not less than \$100,000,000 will be built in the state to construct an auto race track facility.
- (o) "Real property taxes" means all taxes levied on an ad valorem basis upon land and improvements thereon.
- (p) "Redevelopment project area" or "project area" means an area designated by a city within a redevelopment district.
- (q) "Redevelopment project costs" means those costs necessary to implement a redevelopment plan, including, but not limited to costs in-

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- (1) Acquisition of property within the redevelopment project area;
- 3 (2) payment of relocation assistance;
 - (3) site preparation including utility relocations;
 - (4) sanitary and storm sewers and lift stations;
 - (5) drainage conduits, channels and levees;
 - (6) street grading, paving, graveling, macadamizing, curbing, guttering and surfacing;
 - (7) street light fixtures, connection and facilities;
- 10 (8) underground gas, water, heating and electrical services and connections located within the public right-of-way;
 - (9) sidewalks and pedestrian underpasses or overpasses;
 - (10) drives and driveway approaches located within the public right-of-way;
 - (11) water mains and extensions;
 - (12) plazas and arcades;
 - (13) parking facilities;
 - (14) landscaping and plantings, fountains, shelters, benches, sculptures, lighting, decorations and similar amenities; and
 - (15) all related expenses to redevelop and finance the redevelopment project.

Redevelopment project costs shall not include costs incurred in connection with the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned by or leased to a developer, however, the "redevelopment project costs" shall include costs incurred in connection with the construction of buildings or other structures to be owned or leased to a developer which includes an auto race track facility or is in a redevelopment district including some or all of the land and buildings comprising a state mental institution closed pursuant to section 2 of chapter 219 of the 1995 Session Laws of Kansas.

- (r) "Redevelopment district" means the specific area declared to be an eligible area in which the city may develop one or more redevelopment projects.
- (s) "Redevelopment district plan" or "district plan" means the preliminary plan that identifies all of the proposed redevelopment project areas and identifies in a general manner all of the buildings, facilities and improvements in each that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each redevelopment project area.
- (t) "Redevelopment project" means the approved project to implement a project plan for the development of the established redevelopment district.
- (u) "Redevelopment project plan" or "project plan" means the plan adopted by a municipality for the development of a redevelopment pro-

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 ject or projects which conforms with K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, in a redevelopment district.

- (v) "Secretary" means the secretary of commerce and housing.
- (w) "Substantial change" means, as applicable, a change wherein the proposed plan or plans differ substantially from the intended purpose for which the district plan or project plan was approved.
- (x) "Tax increment" means that amount of real property taxes collected from real property located within the redevelopment district that is in excess of the amount of real property taxes which is collected from the base year assessed valuation.
- (y) "Taxing subdivision" means the county, city, unified school district and any other taxing subdivision levying real property taxes, the territory or jurisdiction of which includes any currently existing or subsequently created redevelopment district.
- Sec. 10. K.S.A. 12-1774 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-1774. (a) (1) Any city shall have the power to issue special obligation bonds in one or more series to finance the undertaking of any redevelopment project in accordance with the provisions of this act. Such special obligation bonds shall be made payable, both as to principal and interest:
- (A) From tax increments allocated to, and paid into a special fund of the city under the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1775, and amendments thereto;
- (B) from revenues of the city derived from or held in connection with the undertaking and carrying out of any redevelopment project or projects under this act including historic theater sales tax increments and environmental increments;
- (C) from any private sources, contributions or other financial assistance from the state or federal government;
- (D) from a pledge of a portion or all of the revenue received by the city from transient guest, sales and use taxes and utility excise taxes collected pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1696 et seq., 79-3601 et seq., 79-3701 et seq. and, 12-187 et seq., and this act, and amendments thereto, and which are collected from taxpayers doing business within that portion of the city's redevelopment district established pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, occupied by a redevelopment project if there first is a finding by the secretary of commerce and housing that the redevelopment project will create a major tourism area for the state or if the project is the restoration of a historic theater as defined in subsection (l) of K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto;
- (E) (i) from a pledge of a portion or all increased revenue received by the city from franchise fees collected from utilities and other businesses using public right-of-way within the redevelopment district; (ii) from a pledge of a portion or all of the revenue received by the city from sales and utility excise taxes collected pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187 and this

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act, and amendments thereto; or

(F) by any combination of these methods.

The city may pledge such revenue to the repayment of such special obligation bonds prior to, simultaneously with, or subsequent to the issuance of such special obligation bonds.

- (2) Bonds issued under paragraph (1) of subsection (a) shall not be general obligations of the city, nor in any event shall they give rise to a charge against its general credit or taxing powers, or be payable out of any funds or properties other than any of those set forth in paragraph (1) of this subsection and such bonds shall so state on their face.
- Bonds issued under the provisions of paragraph (1) of this subsection shall be special obligations of the city and are declared to be negotiable instruments. They shall be executed by the mayor and clerk of the city and sealed with the corporate seal of the city. All details pertaining to the issuance of such special obligation bonds and terms and conditions thereof shall be determined by ordinance of the city. All special obligation bonds issued pursuant to this act and all income or interest therefrom shall be exempt from all state taxes except inheritance taxes. Such special obligation bonds shall contain none of the recitals set forth in K.S.A. 10-112, and amendments thereto. Such special obligation bonds shall, however, contain the following recitals, viz., the authority under which such special obligation bonds are issued, they are in conformity with the provisions, restrictions and limitations thereof, and that such special obligation bonds and the interest thereon are to be paid from the money and revenue received as provided in paragraph (1) of this subsection.
- (b) (1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, any city shall have the power to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds to finance the undertaking of any redevelopment project in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1770 et seq., and amendments thereto other than a project that will create a major tourism area or result in the renovation of an historic theater. Such full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be made payable, both as to principal and interest: (A) From the revenue sources identified in paragraph (1)(A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of subsection (a) or by any combination of these sources; and (B) subject to the provisions of paragraph (2) of this subsection, from a pledge of the city's full faith and credit to use its ad valorem taxing authority for repayment thereof in the event all other authorized sources of revenue are not sufficient.
- (2) Except as provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, before the governing body of any city proposes to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds as authorized by this subsection, the feasibility study required by K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, shall demonstrate

that the benefits derived from the project will exceed the cost and that the income therefrom will be sufficient to pay the costs of the project. No full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be issued unless the governing body states in the resolution required by K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, that it may issue such bonds to finance the proposed redevelopment project. The governing body may issue the bonds unless within 60 days following the date of the public hearing on the proposed project plan a protest petition signed by 3% of the qualified voters of the city is filed with the city clerk in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto. If a sufficient petition is filed, no full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall be issued until the issuance of the bonds is approved by a majority of the voters voting at an election thereon. Such election shall be called and held in the manner provided by the general bond law. The failure of the voters to approve the issuance of full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall not prevent the city from issuing special obligation bonds in accordance with K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto. No such election shall be held in the event the board of county commissioners or the board of education de-termines, as provided in K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, that the proposed redevelopment district will have an adverse effect on the county or school district.

- (3) As an alternative to paragraph (2) of this subsection, any city which adopts a project plan but does not state its intent to issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds in the resolution required by K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, and has not acquired property in the redevelopment project area may issue full faith and credit tax increment bonds if the governing body of the city adopts a resolution stating its intent to issue the bonds and the issuance of the bonds is approved by a majority of the voters voting at an election thereon. Such election shall be called and held in the manner provided by the general bond law. The failure of the voters to approve the issuance of full faith and credit tax increment bonds shall not prevent the city from issuing special obligation bonds pursuant to paragraph (1) of subsection (a). Any project plan adopted by a city prior to the effective date of this act in accordance with K.S.A. 12-1772, and amendments thereto, shall not be invalidated by any requirements of this act.
- (4) During the progress of any redevelopment project in which the redevelopment project costs will be financed, in whole or in part, with the proceeds of full faith and credit tax increment bonds, the city may issue temporary notes in the manner provided in K.S.A. 10-123, and amendments thereto, to pay the redevelopment project costs for the project. Such temporary notes shall not be issued and the city shall not acquire property in the redevelopment project area until the requirements

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 of paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection, whichever is applicable, have been met.

- (5) Full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued under this subsection shall be general obligations of the city and are declared to be negotiable instruments. They shall be issued in accordance with the general bond law. All such bonds and all income or interest therefrom shall be exempt from all state taxes except inheritance taxes. The amount of the full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued and outstanding which exceeds 3% of the assessed valuation of the city shall be within the bonded debt limit applicable to such city.
- (6) Any city issuing special obligation bonds under the provisions of this act may refund all or part of such issue pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 10-116a, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Any increment in ad valorem property taxes resulting from a redevelopment project in the established redevelopment district undertaken in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall be apportioned to a special fund for the payment of the redevelopment project costs, including the payment of principal and interest on any special obligation bonds or full faith and credit tax increment bonds issued to finance such project pursuant to this act and may be pledged to the payment of principal and interest on such bonds.
- Sec. 11. K.S.A. 13-13a38 is hereby amended to read as follows: 13-13a38. (a) The board of regents of Washburn University of Topeka may adopt a resolution imposing a countywide retailers' sales tax and utility excise tax within Shawnee county. Such resolution shall be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in the Shawnee county official newspaper. The rate of any such tax shall not exceed .65%. Such university is prohibited from administering or collecting such tax locally, but shall utilize the services of the state department of revenue to administer, enforce and collect such tax. Except as otherwise provided by K.S.A. 13-13a39, and amendments thereto, such tax shall be identical in its application and exemptions therefrom to the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act, and all laws and rules and regulations of the state department of revenue relating to the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act shall apply to such tax insofar as the same may be made applicable.
- (b) The secretary of revenue is authorized to administer, enforce and collect the university's retailers' sales tax and utility excise tax and to adopt such rules and regulations necessary for the efficient and effective administration, enforcement and collection thereof. The state director of taxation shall cause such taxes to be collected within the boundaries of Shawnee county at the same time and in the same manner provided for the collection of the state retailers' sales tax and utility excise tax. All

moneys collected by the director of taxation pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the Washburn University of Topeka retailers' sales tax fund or the utility excise tax fund, which fund is funds are hereby established in the state treasury. Any refund due on any tax collected pursuant to this section shall be paid out of the sales tax refund fund or the utility excise tax fund and reimbursement to such fund shall be made by the director of taxation from collections of the university's sales or utility excise tax revenue. All moneys collected pursuant to this section for such university shall be remitted at least quarterly by the state treasurer to the treasurer of such university.

- (c) All revenue received by Washburn University of Topeka from its retailers' sales *and utility excise* tax shall be used solely for the purpose of financing its operations regarding all support activities described by K.S.A. 13-13a18, and amendments thereto.
- (d) If within 30 days of the final publication of a resolution adopted pursuant to subsection (a), a petition signed by a number of electors of the county equal to not less than 5% of the number of qualified electors of the county shall be filed in the office of the county election officer demanding that such resolution be submitted to a vote of the electors, it shall not take effect until submitted to a referendum and approved by the electors. An election if called, shall be called within 30 days and held within 45 days after the filing of the petition. The board, by resolution, shall call the election and fix the date. Such resolution shall be published once each week for two consecutive weeks in the official county newspaper, and the election shall be conducted in the same manner as are elections for officers of such county. Such election may be conducted in accordance with the provisions of the mail ballot election act. The proposition shall be: "Shall Washburn University of Topeka be authorized to impose a countywide sales tax not to exceed .65% in Shawnee county for purposes of eliminating 15 mills of ad valorem property taxes now levied by the university and eliminating the payment of out-district tuition by the townships within Shawnee county to the university?"
- (e) The provisions of K.S.A. 12-191 and 12-191a, and amendments thereto, insofar as may be made applicable, shall apply to sales subject to the tax imposed pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-50,114 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-50,114. As used in K.S.A. 74-50,113 through 74-50,117 and amendments thereto:
- (a) "Ancillary support" means a facility which is operated by a business and whose function is to provide services in support of the business,

but is not directly engaged in the business' primary function.

- (b) "Business" means any manufacturing business or nonmanufacturing business.
- (c) "Business headquarters" means a facility where principal officers of the business are housed and from which direction, management or administrative support for transactions is provided for a business or division of a business or regional division of a business.
- (d) "Full-time employee" means a person who is required to file a Kansas income tax return and who is employed by a business or retail business to perform duties in connection with the operation of the business or retail business on:
 - (1) A regular, full-time basis;
- (2) a part-time basis, provided such person is customarily performing such duties at least 20 hours per week throughout the taxable year; or
- (3) a seasonal basis, provided such person performs such duties for substantially all of the season customary for the position in which such person is employed. The number of full-time employees during any taxable year shall be determined by dividing by 12 the sum of the number of full-time employees on the last business day of each month of such taxable year. If the business or retail business is in operation for less than the entire taxable year, the number of full-time employees shall be determined by dividing the sum of the number of full-time employees on the last business day of each full calendar month during the portion of such taxable year during which the business was in operation by the number of full calendar months during such period.
- (e) "Manufacturing business" means all commercial enterprises identified under the manufacturing standard industrial classification codes, major groups 20 through 39.
- (f) "Metropolitan county" means the county of Douglas, Johnson, Leavenworth, Sedgwick, Shawnee or Wyandotte.
- (g) "Nonmanufacturing business" means any commercial enterprise other than a manufacturing business or a retail business. Nonmanufacturing business shall also include the business headquarters of an enterprise, ancillary support of an enterprise, and an enterprise designated under standard industrial classification codes 5961, 7948-0201 or 7372 regardless of the firm's classification as a retail business if that facility for which the sales *or utility excise* tax exemption certificate is issued facilitates the creation of at least 20 new full-time positions. In addition, with respect to enterprises in standard industrial classification code 7948-0201, such enterprises must operate an auto racetrack in the state involving capital improvements costing not less than \$100,000,000.
- For taxable years commencing after December 31, 1997, any ancillary support business which would otherwise be eligible for a sales tax ex-

emption or an income, premium or privilege tax credit pursuant to this subsection shall incorporate in its tax filing for the exemption or credit a statement from the secretary of commerce and housing which includes a finding by the secretary that the job expansion incident to the exemption or credit claimed would not have occurred in the absence of the credit or exemption.

- (h) "Nonmetropolitan region" means a region established under K.S.A. 74-50,116 and amendments thereto and is comprised of any county or counties which are not metropolitan counties.
- (i) "Retail business" means: (1) Any commercial enterprise primarily engaged in the sale at retail of goods or services taxable under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act or the Kansas utility excise tax act; (2) any service provider set forth in K.S.A. 17-2707, and amendments thereto; (3) any bank, savings and loan or other lending institution; (4) any commercial enterprise whose primary business activity includes the sale of insurance; and (5) any commercial enterprise deriving its revenues directly from noncommercial customers in exchange for personal services such as, but not limited to, barber shops, beauty shops, photographic studios and funeral services.
- (j) "Secretary" means the secretary of the Kansas department of commerce and housing.
- (k) "Standard industrial classification code" means a standard industrial classification code published in the Standard Industrial Classification manual, 1987, as prepared by the statistical policy division of the office of management and budget of the office of the president of the United States of America.
- Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8017 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8017. (a) On and after January 1, 2003, it shall be the duty of Kansas, Inc. to prepare an annual report evaluating the cost effectiveness of the various income tax credits and sales tax exemptions enacted to encourage economic development within this state and submit the same to the standing committees on taxation and economic development of the house and assessment and taxation and commerce of the senate at the beginning of each regular session of the legislature. The secretary of revenue shall develop a questionnaire on the utilization of state income tax credits and sales tax exemptions that shall be completed by all corporate taxpayers subject to state income tax that shall be submitted to the department of revenue concurrently with the filing of an annual corporate income tax return. The questionnaire shall require respondents to indicate utilization of the following credits and exemptions:
- (1) Income tax credits authorized under the provisions of the job expansion and investment credit act of 1976 and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto;

- (2) income tax credits for expenditures in research and development activities authorized by K.S.A. 79-32,182, and amendments thereto;
- (3) income and financial institutions privilege tax credits for cash investment in stock of Kansas Venture Capital, Inc. authorized by K.S.A. 74-8205 and 74-8206, and amendments thereto;
- (4) income tax credits for cash investment in certified Kansas venture capital companies authorized by K.S.A. 74-8304, and amendments thereto;
- (5) income tax credits for cash investment in certified local seed capital pools authorized by K.S.A. 74-8401, and amendments thereto;
- (6) income tax credits for investment in the training and education of qualified firms' employees authorized by K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-50,132, and amendments thereto;
- (7) sales and utility excise tax exemptions for property or services purchased for the purpose of and in conjunction with constructing, reconstructing, enlarging or remodeling a business, or retail business meeting the requirements of K.S.A. 74-50,115, and amendments thereto, and machinery and equipment for installation at such business or retail business authorized by subsection (cc) of K.S.A. 79-3606, and amendments thereto; and
- (8) sales tax exemptions for machinery and equipment used directly and primarily for the purposes of manufacturing, assembling, processing, finishing, storing, warehousing or distributing articles of tangible personal property in this state intended for resale by a manufacturing or processing plant or facility or a storage, warehousing or distribution facility. The secretary of revenue shall provide the completed questionnaires and copies of sales tax exemption certificates to Kansas, Inc. for the preparation of such report.
- (b) Prior to the commencement of the 2002 legislative session, Kansas, Inc. and the Kansas department of revenue shall agree upon procedures for the purpose of disclosure of corporate and individual taxpayer information to fulfill the purposes of this section and protect sensitive taxpayer information to the extent possible consistent with this section. Such procedures shall be submitted to an appropriate committee at the commencement of such session in the form of a proposed bill.
- Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8927 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8927. (a) Until the earlier of: (1) The date the bonds issued to finance or refinance the redevelopment undertaken in the redevelopment district have been paid in full; or (2) the final scheduled maturity date of the first series of bonds issued to finance the redevelopment project, all revenues collected or received from the state transient guest tax established pursuant to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-5301 through 79-5304, and amendments thereto, any revenue from a county or countywide re-

 tailers' sales tax levied or collected under K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8929, and amendments thereto, the state retailers' sales tax pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto, and the state compensating use tax, pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, and the Kansas utility excise tax, which have been certified by the director of taxation to have been derived from taxpayers located in a redevelopment district shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury.

- (b) The state treasurer shall credit all such revenues to the redevelopment bond fund which is hereby established in the state treasury. The state treasurer shall make such biannual distributions on dates mutually agreed upon by the treasurer and the authority. The authority shall use all such moneys received pursuant to this section to pay the costs of a redevelopment project of statewide as well as local importance as described in K.S.A. 74-8902, and amendments thereto. Any revenues not needed or committed for the payment of bonds or other project costs as authorized by the redevelopment plan implementation agreement shall upon approval by the authority be remitted by the state treasurer proportionately to the appropriate taxing authorities.
- Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8929 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8929. (a) Whenever a redevelopment district is proposed to be established pursuant to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, the governing body of the county in which the redevelopment district is proposed to be located may, in addition to any countywide retailers' sales tax authorized by K.S.A. 12-187, and amendments thereto, and any utility excise tax, or other specific statutory provisions, adopt and impose a county retailers' sales tax and a local utility excise tax at a rate of .5% within the redevelopment district, without submitting the question to an election and all revenue derived from the county retailers' sales and utility excise tax levied under this subsection shall be pledged for the purposes of financing the redevelopment plan.
- (b) Notwithstanding any other statutory provision to the contrary, whenever the governing body of a county adopts and imposes the county retailers' sales tax authorized under subsection (a), then all revenue that is derived from a countywide retailers' sales tax imposed by such county pursuant to K.S.A. 12-187, and amendments thereto, and from a local utility excise tax from taxpayers within the redevelopment district, except those portions of such taxes which have otherwise been expressly dedicated for other purposes by a prior pledge of such county or by authorizing statute or voter approval, shall be considered to be dedicated for purposes of the redevelopment district and upon collection by the director of taxation, such revenues shall be remitted to the state treasurer in

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accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the redevelopment bond fund established pursuant to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8927, and amendments thereto.

- (c) All revenue derived from a county retailers' sales tax imposed under subsection (a) and collected under subsection (b) shall upon collection, be remitted to the state treasurer, as provided by K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8927, and amendments thereto, and may be pledged and used by the authority in like manner as other revenues collected or received under K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8927, and amendments thereto. Whenever the authority has proposed to issue bonds pursuant to subsection (e) of K.S.A. 74-8905, and amendments thereto, the county retailers' sales tax imposed under subsection (a) and the revenue collected under subsection (b) shall remain in effect and may not be reduced or rescinded by the governing body of the county until such time as the bonds have been fully paid. When such bonds have been fully paid, then (1) the county retailers' sales tax imposed under subsection (a) shall expire, unless otherwise renewed by action of the governing body of the county for purposes of implementing additional projects authorized under the redevelopment plan for the redevelopment district; and (2) the revenues to be collected under subsection (b) may be rededicated for other purposes by resolution of the governing body of such county and if not so rededicated then the revenues thereafter collected shall be used only for approved and authorized costs in the redevelopment district in accordance with the redevelopment plan. Upon rededication of the revenues under subsection (b), or in the event that no future redevelopment projects or authorized costs remain for the redevelopment district, the revenues derived from the countywide retailers' sales tax covered under subsection (b) shall thereafter be distributed to the county treasurer as required under K.S.A. 12-192, and amendments thereto.
 - Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8937 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8937. (a) Any bonds issued by the authority under subsection (f) of K.S.A. 74-8905, and amendments thereto, to finance the undertaking of the project in accordance with the provisions of this act, shall be made payable, both as to principal and interest:
- (1) from revenues of the college or the foundation derived from or held in connection with the undertaking and carrying out of any redevelopment plan under this act;
- (2) from any private sources, contributions or other financial assistance from the state or federal government;
- (3) from sales *and utility excise* tax increments from any sales *or utility excise* taxes collected within the boundaries of the project area as

 described by the resolution of the board of trustees; or

- (4) by any combination of these methods.
- (b) Such revenue may be pledged to the repayment of such bonds prior to, simultaneously with or subsequent to the issuance of such bonds.
- (c) No funds derived from student tuition shall be used to pay the principal or interest on bonds issued by the authority under subsection (f) of K.S.A. 74-8905, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8938 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-8938. (a) Until the date the bonds issued to finance the project undertaken in the project area have been paid in full, any revenue realized from sales tax from a countywide retailers' sales tax imposed and collected under K.S.A. 12-187 and amendments thereto, the state retailers' sales tax pursuant to K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto, or utility excise tax authorized and imposed pursuant to this act, which have been certified by the director of taxation to have been derived from taxpayers located in the project area shall be remitted to the state treasurer.
- (b) The state treasurer shall transfer all such revenues to the fund established by the authority. The state treasurer shall make such distributions on dates mutually agreed upon by the treasurer and the authority. The authority shall use all such moneys received pursuant to this section to pay the costs of the project. Any revenues not needed or committed for the payment of bonds as determined by the authority may be remitted by the state treasurer proportionately to the appropriate taxing subdivisions.
- Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-34,147 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-34,147. (a) (1) On July 1, 1999, and quarterly thereafter the secretary of revenue shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 7.628% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the preceding three calendar months.
- (2) On July 1, 2001, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 9.5% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the preceding three calendar months.
- (3) On July 1, 2002, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 11% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state general

islative research department.

fund during the preceding three calendar months.

- (4) On July 1, 2003, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 11.25% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the preceding three calendar months.
- (5) On July 1, 2004, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 12% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act and deposited in the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the preceding three calendar months.
- (b) Upon receipt of each certification under subsection (a), the director of accounts and reports shall transfer from the state general fund to the state highway fund an amount equal to the amount so certified, on each July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1, except that the amount of the transfer on each such date during state fiscal year 2002 shall not exceed \$30,277,162. All transfers made pursuant to this section are subject to reduction under K.S.A. 75-6704, and amendments thereto.

(c) All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this section

shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund. Sec. 19. K.S.A. 79-34,148 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-34,148. On or before each December 1, the secretary of revenue shall determine the percentage of the total estimated revenues to be received under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and the Kansas utility excise tax act and credited to the state general fund during the fiscal year commencing on the ensuing July 1 which represents that portion of such estimated revenues which are attributable to the retail sale of new and used motor vehicles intended for use on the highways of this state. Upon

making such determination, the secretary of revenue shall certify such

percentage to the director of the budget and to the director of the leg-

- Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3602 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3602. (a) "Persons" means any individual, firm, copartnership, joint adventure, association, corporation, estate or trust, receiver or trustee, or any group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number; and shall specifically mean any city or other political subdivision of the state of Kansas engaging in a business or providing a service specifically taxable under the provisions of this act.
 - (b) "Director" means the state director of taxation.
- (c) "Sale" or "sales" means the exchange of tangible personal property, as well as the sale thereof for money, and every transaction, condi-

tional or otherwise, for a consideration, constituting a sale, including the sale or furnishing of electrical energy, gas, water, services or entertainment taxable under the terms of this act and including, except as provided in the following provision, the sale of the use of tangible personal property by way of a lease, license to use or the rental thereof regardless of the method by which the title, possession or right to use the tangible personal property is transferred. The term "sale" or "sales" shall not mean the sale of the use of any tangible personal property used as a dwelling by way of a lease or rental thereof for a term of more than 28 consecutive days.

- (d) "Retailer" means a person regularly engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail or furnishing electrical energy, gas, water, services or entertainment, and selling only to the user or consumer and not for resale.
- (e) "Retail sale" or "sale at retail" means all sales made within the state of tangible personal property or electrical energy, gas, water, services or entertainment for use or consumption and not for resale.
- (f) "Tangible personal property" means corporeal personal property. Such term shall include: (1) Any computer software program which is not a custom computer software program, as described by subsection (s) of K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto; and (2) any prepaid telephone calling card or prepaid authorization number, or recharge of such card or number, as described by subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto.
- (g) "Selling price" means the total cost to the consumer exclusive of discounts allowed and credited, but including freight and transportation charges from retailer to consumer.
- (h) "Gross receipts" means the total selling price or the amount received as defined in this act, in money, credits, property or other consideration valued in money from sales at retail within this state; and embraced within the provisions of this act. The taxpayer, may take credit in the report of gross receipts for: (1) An amount equal to the selling price of property returned by the purchaser when the full sale price thereof, including the tax collected, is refunded in cash or by credit; and (2) an amount equal to the allowance given for the trade-in of property.
- (i) "Taxpayer" means any person obligated to account to the director for taxes collected under the terms of this act.
- (j) "Isolated or occasional sale" means the nonrecurring sale of tangible personal property, or services taxable hereunder by a person not engaged at the time of such sale in the business of selling such property or services. Any religious organization which makes a nonrecurring sale of tangible personal property acquired for the purpose of resale shall be deemed to be not engaged at the time of such sale in the business of selling such property. Such term shall include: (1) Any sale by a bank,

savings and loan institution, credit union or any finance company licensed under the provisions of the Kansas uniform consumer credit code of tangible personal property which has been repossessed by any such entity; and (2) any sale of tangible personal property made by an auctioneer or agent on behalf of not more than two principals or households if such sale is nonrecurring and any such principal or household is not engaged at the time of such sale in the business of selling tangible personal property.

- (k) "Service" means those services described in and taxed under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-3603 and amendments thereto.
- (l) "Ingredient or component part" means tangible personal property which is necessary or essential to, and which is actually used in and becomes an integral and material part of tangible personal property or services produced, manufactured or compounded for sale by the producer, manufacturer or compounder in its regular course of business. The following items of tangible personal property are hereby declared to be ingredients or component parts, but the listing of such property shall not be deemed to be exclusive nor shall such listing be construed to be a restriction upon, or an indication of, the type or types of property to be included within the definition of "ingredient or component part" as herein set forth:
- (1) Containers, labels and shipping cases used in the distribution of property produced, manufactured or compounded for sale which are not to be returned to the producer, manufacturer or compounder for reuse.
- (2) Containers, labels, shipping cases, paper bags, drinking straws, paper plates, paper cups, twine and wrapping paper used in the distribution and sale of property taxable under the provisions of this act by wholesalers and retailers and which is not to be returned to such wholesaler or retailer for reuse.
- (3) Seeds and seedlings for the production of plants and plant products produced for resale.
 - (4) Paper and ink used in the publication of newspapers.
- (5) Fertilizer used in the production of plants and plant products produced for resale.
- (6) Feed for animals, fowl and aquatic plants and animals, the primary purpose of which is use in agriculture or aquaculture, as defined in K.S.A. 47-1901, and amendments thereto, the production of food for human consumption, the production of animal, dairy, poultry or aquatic plant and animal products, fiber, fur, or the production of offspring for use for any such purpose or purposes.
- (m) "Property which is consumed" means tangible personal property which is essential or necessary to and which is used in the actual process of and consumed, depleted or dissipated within one year in (1) the pro-

duction, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining or compounding of tangible personal property, (2) the providing of services, (3) the irrigation of crops, for sale in the regular course of business, or (4) the storage or processing of grain by a public grain warehouse or other grain storage facility, and which is not reusable for such purpose. The following is a listing of tangible personal property, included by way of illustration but not of limitation, which qualifies as property which is consumed:

- (A) Insecticides, herbicides, germicides, pesticides, fungicides, fumigants, antibiotics, biologicals, pharmaceuticals, vitamins and chemicals for use in commercial or agricultural production, processing or storage of fruit, vegetables, feeds, seeds, grains, animals or animal products whether fed, injected, applied, combined with or otherwise used;
 - (B) electricity, gas and water; and
- (C) (B) petroleum products, lubricants, chemicals, solvents, reagents and catalysts.
- (n) "Political subdivision" means any municipality, agency or subdivision of the state which is, or shall hereafter be, authorized to levy taxes upon tangible property within the state or which certifies a levy to a municipality, agency or subdivision of the state which is, or shall hereafter be, authorized to levy taxes upon tangible property within the state. Such term also shall include any public building commission, housing, airport, port, metropolitan transit or similar authority established pursuant to law.
- (o) "Municipal corporation" means any city incorporated under the laws of Kansas.
- (p) "Quasi-municipal corporation" means any county, township, school district, drainage district or any other governmental subdivision in the state of Kansas having authority to receive or hold moneys or funds.
- (q) "Nonprofit blood bank" means any nonprofit place, organization, institution or establishment that is operated wholly or in part for the purpose of obtaining, storing, processing, preparing for transfusing, furnishing, donating or distributing human blood or parts or fractions of single blood units or products derived from single blood units, whether or not any remuneration is paid therefor, or whether such procedures are done for direct therapeutic use or for storage for future use of such products.
- (r) "Educational institution" means any nonprofit school, college and university that offers education at a level above the twelfth grade, and conducts regular classes and courses of study required for accreditation by, or membership in, the North Central Association of Colleges and Schools, the state board of education, or that otherwise qualify as an "educational institution," as defined by K.S.A. 74-50,103, and amendments thereto. Such phrase shall include: (1) A group of educational institutions that operates exclusively for an educational purpose; (2) non-

profit endowment associations and foundations organized and operated exclusively to receive, hold, invest and administer moneys and property as a permanent fund for the support and sole benefit of an educational institution; (3) nonprofit trusts, foundations and other entities organized and operated principally to hold and own receipts from intercollegiate sporting events and to disburse such receipts, as well as grants and gifts, in the interest of collegiate and intercollegiate athletic programs for the support and sole benefit of an educational institution; and (4) nonprofit trusts, foundations and other entities organized and operated for the pri-mary purpose of encouraging, fostering and conducting scholarly investigations and industrial and other types of research for the support and sole benefit of an educational institution.

- Sec. 21. K.S.A. 79-3647 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3647. The water protection fees imposed by K.S.A. 82a-954 and amendments thereto shall not be included in gross receipts for the purpose of taxation under the Kansas retailers' sales utility excise tax act.
- Sec. 22. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 82a-2101 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-2101. (a) On and after January 1, 2002, there is hereby imposed a clean drinking water fee at the rate of \$.03 per 1,000 gallons of water sold at retail by a public water supply system and delivered through mains, lines or pipes. Such fee shall be paid, administered, enforced and collected in the manner provided for the fee imposed by subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 82a-954, and amendments thereto. The price to the consumer of water sold at retail by any such system shall not include the amount of such fee.
- (b) A public water supply system may elect to opt out of the fee imposed by this section by notifying, before October 1, 2001, the Kansas water office and the department of revenue of the election to opt out. Such election shall be irrevocable. Such public water supply system shall continue to pay all applicable sales and utility excise tax on direct and indirect purchases of tangible personal property, water, energy utilities and services purchased by such system.
- (c) The director of taxation shall remit to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto, all moneys received or collected from the fee imposed pursuant to this section. Upon receipt thereof, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury and credit $\frac{5}{8}$ thereof to the state highway fund and the remainder to the state general fund.
- Sec. 23. K.S.A. 12-189, 12-1770a, 12-1774, 13-13a38, 13-13a39, 79-34,148 and 79-3647 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-50,114, 74-8017, 74-8927, 74-8929, 74-8937, 74-8938, 79-34,147, 79-3602 and 82a-2101 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 24. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after January 1, 2003, and its publication in the statute book.