AN ACT concerning livestock; relating to regulation of livestock remedies; amending K.S.A. 65-2701 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-679 and 65-1626; also repealing K.S.A. 47-501, 47-502, 47-503, 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-504, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-504, 47-508, 47-508, 47-509, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514 and 47-515 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-508, 47-509, 47-K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-504.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

- Section 1. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-679 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-679. Nothing in this act shall be construed as limiting or abridging the authority of the secretary of agriculture established under the Kansas dairy law, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-771 through 65-791, and amendments thereto; the Kansas livestock remedy law, K.S.A. 47-501 through 47-515, and amendments thereto; or the Kansas commercial feeding stuffs law, K.S.A. 2-1001 through 2-1013, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-1626 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-1626. For the purposes of this act:
- (a) "Administer" means the direct application of a drug, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or any other means, to the body of a patient or research subject by:
 - (1) A practitioner or pursuant to the lawful direction of a practitioner;
- (2) the patient or research subject at the direction and in the presence of the practitioner; or
- a pharmacist as authorized in K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-1635a and amendments thereto.
- (b) "Agent" means an authorized person who acts on behalf of or at the direction of a manufacturer, distributor or dispenser but shall not include a common or contract carrier, public warehouseman or employee of the carrier or warehouseman when acting in the usual and lawful course of the carrier's or warehouseman's business.
- (c) "Board" means the state board of pharmacy created by K.S.A. 74- $\,$ 1603 and amendments thereto.
- "Brand exchange" means the dispensing of a different drug product of the same dosage form and strength and of the same generic name than the brand name drug product prescribed.
- "Brand name" means the registered trademark name given to a
- drug product by its manufacturer, labeler or distributor.

 (f) "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or attempted transfer from one person to another of any drug whether or not an agency relationship exists.
- "Direct supervision" means the process by which the responsible pharmacist shall observe and direct the activities of a pharmacy student or pharmacy technician to a sufficient degree to assure that all such activities are performed accurately, safely and without risk or harm to patients, and complete the final check before dispensing
- "Dispense" means to deliver prescription medication to the ultimate user or research subject by or pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner or pursuant to the prescription of a mid-level practitioner.
- "Dispenser" means a practitioner or pharmacist who dispenses prescription medication.
- "Distribute" means to deliver, other than by administering or dis-(j) pensing, any drug.

 (k) "Distributor" means a person who distributes a drug
- "Drug" means: (1) Articles recognized in the official United States pharmacopoeia, or other such official compendiums of the United States, or official national formulary, or any supplement of any of them; (2) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease in man or other animals; (3) articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals; and (4) articles intended for use as a component of any articles specified in clause (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection; but does not include devices or their components, parts or accessories, except that the term "drug" shall not include amygdalin (laetrile) or any livestock remedy, as defined in K.S.A. 47-501 and amendments thereto, if such livestock remedy has had been registered in accordance with the provisions of article 5 of chapter 47 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated prior to its repeal.
- (m) "Electronic transmission" means transmission of information in electronic form or the transmission of the exact visual image of a document by way of electronic equipment.

- $\rm (n)\,$ "Generic name" means the established chemical name or official name of a drug or drug product.
- (o) (1) "Institutional drug room" means any location where prescription-only drugs are stored and from which prescription-only drugs are administered or dispensed and which is maintained or operated for the purpose of providing the drug needs of:
 - (Å) Inmates of a jail or correctional institution or facility;
- (B) residents of a juvenile detention facility, as defined by the Kansas code for care of children and the Kansas juvenile justice code;
- (C) students of a public or private university or college, a community college or any other institution of higher learning which is located in Kansas;
 - (D) employees of a business or other employer; or
 - (E) persons receiving inpatient hospice services.
 - (2) "Institutional drug room" does not include:
 - (A) Any registered pharmacy;
 - (B) any office of a practitioner; or
- (C) a location where no prescription-only drugs are dispensed and no prescription-only drugs other than individual prescriptions are stored or administered.
- (p) "Medical care facility" shall have the meaning provided in K.S.A. 65-425 and amendments thereto, except that the term shall also include facilities licensed under the provisions of K.S.A. 75-3307b and amendments thereto except community mental health centers and facilities for the mentally retarded.
- "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding, conversion or processing of a drug either directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of natural origin, independently by means of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis and includes any packaging or repackaging of the drug or labeling or relabeling of its container, except that this term shall not include the preparation or compounding of a drug by an individual for the individual's own use or the preparation, compounding, packaging or labeling of a drug by: (1) A practitioner or a practitioner's authorized agent incident to such practitioner's administering or dispensing of a drug in the course of the practitioner's professional practice; (2) a practitioner, by a practitioner's authorized agent or under a practitioner's supervision for the purpose of, or as an incident to, research, teaching or chemical analysis and not for sale; or (3) a pharmacist or the pharmacist's authorized agent acting under the direct supervision of the pharmacist for the purpose of, or incident to, the dispensing of a drug by the pharmacist.
- (r) "Person" means individual, corporation, government, governmental subdivision or agency, partnership, association or any other legal entity.
- (\mbox{s}) "Pharmacist" means any natural person licensed under this act to practice pharmacy.
- (t) "Pharmacist in charge" means the pharmacist who is responsible to the board for a registered establishment's compliance with the laws and regulations of this state pertaining to the practice of pharmacy, manufacturing of drugs and the distribution of drugs. The pharmacist in charge shall supervise such establishment on a full-time or a part-time basis and perform such other duties relating to supervision of a registered establishment as may be prescribed by the board by rules and regulations. Nothing in this definition shall relieve other pharmacists or persons from their responsibility to comply with state and federal laws and regulations.
- (u) "Pharmacy," "drug store" or "apothecary" means premises, laboratory, area or other place: (1) Where drugs are offered for sale where the profession of pharmacy is practiced and where prescriptions are compounded and dispensed; or (2) which has displayed upon it or within it the words "pharmacist," "pharmaceutical chemist," "pharmacy," "apothecary," "drugstore," "druggist," "drugs," "drug sundries" or any of these words or combinations of these words or words of similar import either in English or any sign containing any of these words; or (3) where the characteristic symbols of pharmacy or the characteristic prescription sign "Rx" may be exhibited. As used in this subsection, premises refers only to the portion of any building or structure leased, used or controlled by the licensee in the conduct of the business registered by the board at the address for which the registration was issued.

- (v) "Pharmacy student" means an individual, registered with the board of pharmacy, enrolled in an accredited school of pharmacy.
- (w) "Pharmacy technician" means an individual who, under the direct supervision and control of a pharmacist, may perform packaging, manipulative, repetitive or other nondiscretionary tasks related to the processing of a prescription or medication order and who assists the pharmacist in the performance of pharmacy related duties, but who does not perform duties restricted to a pharmacist.
- (x) "Practitioner" means a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery, dentist, podiatrist, veterinarian, optometrist licensed under the optometry law as a therapeutic licensee or diagnostic and therapeutic licensee, or scientific investigator or other person authorized by law to use a prescription-only drug in teaching or chemical analysis or to conduct research with respect to a prescription-only drug.
- (y) "Preceptor" means a licensed pharmacist who possesses at least two years' experience as a pharmacist and who supervises students obtaining the pharmaceutical experience required by law as a condition to taking the examination for licensure as a pharmacist.
- (z) "Prescription" means, according to the context, either a prescription order or a prescription medication.
- (aa) "Prescription medication" means any drug, including label and container according to context, which is dispensed pursuant to a prescription order.
- (bb) "Prescription-only drug" means any drug whether intended for use by man or animal, required by federal or state law (including 21 United States Code section 353, as amended) to be dispensed only pursuant to a written or oral prescription or order of a practitioner or is restricted to use by practitioners only.
- (cc) "Prescription order" means: (1) An order to be filled by a pharmacist for prescription medication issued and signed by a practitioner or a mid-level practitioner in the authorized course of professional practice; or (2) an order transmitted to a pharmacist through word of mouth, note, telephone or other means of communication directed by such practitioner or mid-level practitioner.
- (dd) "Probation" means the practice or operation under a temporary license, registration or permit or a conditional license, registration or permit of a business or profession for which a license, registration or permit is granted by the board under the provisions of the pharmacy act of the state of Kansas requiring certain actions to be accomplished or certain actions not to occur before a regular license, registration or permit is issued.
 - (ee) "Professional incompetency" means:
- (1) One or more instances involving failure to adhere to the applicable standard of pharmaceutical care to a degree which constitutes gross negligence, as determined by the board;
- (2) repeated instances involving failure to adhere to the applicable standard of pharmaceutical care to a degree which constitutes ordinary negligence, as determined by the board; or
- (3) a pattern of pharmacy practice or other behavior which demonstrates a manifest incapacity or incompetence to practice pharmacy.
- (ff) "Retail dealer" means a person selling at retail nonprescription drugs which are prepackaged, fully prepared by the manufacturer or distributor for use by the consumer and labeled in accordance with the requirements of the state and federal food, drug and cosmetic acts. Such nonprescription drugs shall not include: (1) A controlled substance; (2) a prescription-only drug; or (3) a drug intended for human use by hypodermic injection.
 - (gg) "Secretary" means the executive secretary of the board.
 - (hh) "Unprofessional conduct" means:
 - (1) Fraud in securing a registration or permit;
- (2) intentional adulteration or mislabeling of any drug, medicine, chemical or poison;
- (3) causing any drug, medicine, chemical or poison to be adulterated or mislabeled, knowing the same to be adulterated or mislabeled;
 - (4) intentionally falsifying or altering records or prescriptions;
- (5) unlawful possession of drugs and unlawful diversion of drugs to others:

SENATE BILL No. 435—page 4

- (6) willful betrayal of confidential information under K.S.A. 65-1654 and amendments thereto;
 - (7) conduct likely to deceive, defraud or harm the public;
- (8) making a false or misleading statement regarding the licensee's professional practice or the efficacy or value of a drug;
- (9) commission of any act of sexual abuse, misconduct or exploitation related to the licensee's professional practice; or
- (10) performing unnecessary tests, examinations or services which have no legitimate pharmaceutical purpose.
- (ii) "Mid-level practitioner" means an advanced registered nurse practitioner issued a certificate of qualification pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1131 and amendments thereto who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 65-1130 and amendments thereto or a physician assistant licensed pursuant to the physician assistant licensure act who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician under K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-28a08 and amendments thereto.
- Supp. 65-28a08 and amendments thereto.

 (jj) "Vaccination protocol" means a written protocol, agreed to by a pharmacist and a person licensed to practice medicine and surgery by the state board of healing arts, which establishes procedures and recordkeeping and reporting requirements for administering a vaccine by the pharmacist for a period of time specified therein, not to exceed two years.
- (kk) "Veterinary medical teaching hospital pharmacy" means any location where prescription-only drugs are stored as part of an accredited college of veterinary medicine and from which prescription-only drugs are distributed for use in treatment of or administration to a non-human.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 65-2701 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-2701. For the purposes of this act, the term "hazardous household article" shall mean means: Any article which purports to be useful in the accomplishment of any domestic task, any article for personal use, or any toy, which is a substance or which contains substances that may be injurious to human beings. This definition shall "Hazardous household article" does not include the following: Foods, drugs or cosmetics as defined in K.S.A. 65-656, and any amendments thereto; agricultural chemicals as defined in K.S.A. 2-2202, and any amendments thereto; livestock remedies as defined in K.S.A. 47-501, and any amendments thereto prior to its repeal; or state pharmacy act definitions included in K.S.A. 65-1626, or any and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 47-501, 47-502, 47-503, 47-505, 47-507, 47-508, 47-509, 47-510, 47-513, 47-514, 47-515 and 65-2701 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 47-504, 65-679 and 65-1626 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

I hereby certify that the above BILL originated in the

the Senate.
he Senate.
the House.
the House.

Governor.