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HOUSE BILL No. 3010

By Committee on Federal and State Affairs

3-7

AN ACT concerning crimes, criminal procedure and punishment; relating to placement in court services or community corrections of felons; amending K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 22-3716 and 75-5291 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 22-3716 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-3716. (a) At any time during probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or pursuant to subsection (d) for defendants who committed a crime prior to July 1, 1993, and at any time during which a defendant is serving a nonprison sanction for a crime committed on or after July 1, 1993, or pursuant to subsection (d), the court may issue a warrant for the arrest of a defendant for violation of any of the conditions of release or assignment, a notice to appear to answer to a charge of violation or a violation of the defendant's nonprison sanction. The notice shall be personally served upon the defendant. The warrant shall authorize all officers named in the warrant to return the defendant to the custody of the court or to any certified detention facility designated by the court. Any court services officer or community correctional services officer may arrest the defendant without a warrant or may deputize any other officer with power of arrest to do so by giving the officer a written statement setting forth that the defendant has, in the judgment of the court services officer or community correctional services officer, violated the conditions of the defendant's release or a nonprison sanction. The written statement delivered with the defendant by the arresting officer to the official in charge of a county jail or other place of detention shall be sufficient warrant for the detention of the defendant. After making an arrest, the court services officer or community correctional services officer shall present to the detaining authorities a similar statement of the circumstances of violation. Provisions regarding release on bail of persons charged with a crime shall be applicable to defendants arrested under these provisions.

(b) Upon arrest and detention pursuant to subsection (a), the court services officer or community correctional services officer shall immedi-

ately notify the court and shall submit in writing a report showing in what manner the defendant has violated the conditions of release or assignment 3 or a nonprison sanction. Thereupon, or upon an arrest by warrant as provided in this section, the court shall cause the defendant to be brought 4 before it without unnecessary delay for a hearing on the violation charged. 5 The hearing shall be in open court and the state shall have the burden of 6 establishing the violation. The defendant shall have the right to be represented by counsel and shall be informed by the judge that, if the de-8 fendant is financially unable to obtain counsel, an attorney will be ap-10 pointed to represent the defendant. The defendant shall have the right to present the testimony of witnesses and other evidence on the defendant's behalf. Relevant written statements made under oath may be ad-12 13 mitted and considered by the court along with other evidence presented at the hearing. Except as otherwise provided, if the violation is estab-14 15 lished, the court may continue or revoke the probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspension of sentence or non-16 prison sanction and may require the defendant to serve the sentence 17 18 imposed, or any lesser sentence, and, if imposition of sentence was suspended, may impose any sentence which might originally have been im-19 20 posed. Except as otherwise provided, no offender for whom a violation 21 of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been 22 established as provided in this section shall be required to serve any time 23 for the sentence imposed or which might originally have been imposed 24 in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections for such 25 violation, unless such person has already at least one prior assignment to a community correctional services program related to the crime for which the original sentence was imposed, except these provisions shall not apply 27 to offenders who violate a condition of release or assignment or a non-28 29 prison sanction by committing a new misdemeanor or felony offense. The 30 provisions of this subsection shall not apply to adult felony offenders as 31 described in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 75-5291, and amendments thereto. 32 The court may require an offender for whom a violation of conditions of 33 release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established as provided in this section to serve any time for the sentence imposed or 34 35 which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody 36 of the secretary of corrections without a prior assignment to a community 37 correctional services program if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of the members of the 38 public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the inmate will not be 39 40 served by such assignment to a community correctional services program. 41 When a new felony is committed while the offender is on probation or 42 assignment to a community correctional services program, the new sentence shall be imposed pursuant to the consecutive sentencing require-43

ments of K.S.A. 21-4608 and amendments thereto, and the court may sentence the offender to imprisonment for the new conviction, even when the new crime of conviction otherwise presumes a nonprison sentence. In this event, imposition of a prison sentence for the new crime does not constitute a departure.

- (c) A defendant who is on probation, assigned to a community correctional services program, under suspension of sentence or serving a nonprison sanction and for whose return a warrant has been issued by the court shall be considered a fugitive from justice if it is found that the warrant cannot be served. If it appears that the defendant has violated the provisions of the defendant's release or assignment or a nonprison sanction, the court shall determine whether the time from the issuing of the warrant to the date of the defendant's arrest, or any part of it, shall be counted as time served on probation, assignment to a community correctional services program, suspended sentence or pursuant to a nonprison sanction.
- (d) The court shall have 30 days following the date probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction was to end to issue a warrant for the arrest or notice to appear for the defendant to answer a charge of a violation of the conditions of probation, assignment to a community correctional service program, suspension of sentence or a nonprison sanction.
- (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law to the contrary, an offender whose nonprison sanction is revoked and a term of imprisonment imposed pursuant to either the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug or drug crimes shall not serve a period of postrelease supervision upon the completion of the prison portion of that sentence. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to offenders sentenced to a nonprison sanction pursuant to a dispositional departure, whose offense falls within a border box of either the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug or drug crimes, offenders sentenced for a "sexually violent crime" as defined by K.S.A. 22-3717, and amendments thereto, or whose nonprison sanction was revoked as a result of a conviction for a new misdemeanor or felony offense. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to offenders who are serving or are to begin serving a sentence for any other felony offense that is not excluded from postrelease supervision by this subsection on the effective date of this subsection. The provisions of this subsection shall be applied retroactively. The department of corrections shall conduct a review of all persons who are in the custody of the department as a result of only a revocation of a nonprison sanction. On or before September 1, 2000, the department shall have discharged from postrelease supervision those offenders as required by this subsection.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 75-5291 is hereby amended to read as

 follows: 75-5291. (a) (1) The secretary of corrections may make grants to counties for the development, implementation, operation and improvement of community correctional services including, but not limited to, restitution programs, victim services programs, preventive or diversionary correctional programs, community corrections centers and facilities for the detention or confinement, care or treatment of offenders as provided in this section except that no community corrections funds shall be expended by the secretary for the purpose of establishing or operating a conservation camp as provided by K.S.A. 75-52,127 and amendments thereto.

- (2) Except as otherwise provided, placement of offenders in community correctional services programs by the court shall be limited to placement of adult offenders, convicted of a felony offense:
- (A) Whose offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes or in grid blocks 3-E, 3-F, 3-G, 3-H, 3-I, 4-E or 4-F of the sentencing guidelines grid for drug crimes. In addition, the court may place in a community correctional services program adult offenders, convicted of a felony offense, whose offense is classified in grid blocks 6-H, 6-I, 7-C, 7-D, 7-E, 7-F, 7-G, 7-H or 7-I of the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes;
- (B) whose severity level and criminal history score designate a presumptive prison sentence on either sentencing guidelines grid but receive a nonprison sentence as a result of departure;
- (C) all offenders convicted of an offense which satisfies the definition of offender pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4902, and amendments thereto, and which is classified as a severity level 7 or higher offense and who receive a nonprison sentence, regardless of the manner in which the sentence is imposed;
- (D) any offender for whom a violation of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established as provided in K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, prior to revocation resulting in the offender being required to serve any time for the sentence imposed or which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections;
- (E) any offender who is determined to be "high risk or needs, or both" by the use of a statewide, mandatory, standardized risk assessment tool or instrument validated for community correctional placements; or
- (F) placed in community correctional services programs as a condition of supervision following the successful completion of a conservation camp program.
- (3) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary and subject to the availability of funding therefor, adult offenders sentenced to community supervision in Johnson county for felony crimes that occurred on or

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after July 1, 2002, but before July 1, 2004, shall be placed under court services or community corrections supervision based upon court rules issued by the chief judge of the 10th judicial district. The provisions contained in this subsection shall not apply to offenders transferred by the assigned agency to an agency located outside of Johnson county. The provisions of this section shall expire on July 1, 2004.

- (4) Nothing in this act shall prohibit a community correctional services program from providing services to juvenile offenders upon approval by the local community corrections advisory board. Grants from community corrections funds administered by the secretary of corrections shall not be expended for such services.
- (4) (5) The court may require an offender for whom a violation of conditions of release or assignment or a nonprison sanction has been established, as provided in K.S.A. 22-3716, and amendments thereto, to serve any time for the sentence imposed or which might originally have been imposed in a state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections without a prior assignment to a community correctional services program if the court finds and sets forth with particularity the reasons for finding that the safety of the members of the public will be jeopardized or that the welfare of the inmate will not be served by such assignment to a community correctional services program.
- (b) (1) In order to establish a mechanism for community correctional services to participate in the department of corrections annual budget planning process, the secretary of corrections shall establish a community corrections advisory committee to identify new or enhanced correctional or treatment interventions designed to divert offenders from prison.
- (2) The secretary shall appoint one member from the southeast community corrections association region, one member from the northeast community corrections association region, one member from the central community corrections association region and one member from the western community corrections association region. The deputy secretary of community corrections and field services shall designate two members from the state at large. The secretary shall have final appointment approval of the members designated by the deputy secretary. The committee shall reflect the diversity of community correctional services with respect to geographical location and average daily population of offenders under supervision.
- (3) Each member shall be appointed for a term of three years, except of the initial appointments, such terms shall be staggered as determined by the secretary. Members shall be eligible for reappointment.
- (4) The committee, in collaboration with the deputy secretary of community corrections and field services or the deputy secretary's designee, shall routinely examine and report to the secretary on the following issues:

HB 3010—Am.

- (A) Efficiencies in the delivery of field supervision services;
- (B) effectiveness and enhancement of existing interventions; and
- 3 (C) identification of new interventions.
 - (5) The committee's report concerning enhanced or new interventions shall address:
 - (A) measurable goals and objectives;
 - (B) projected costs;
 - (C) the impact on public safety; and
 - (D) the evaluation process.
 - (6) The committee shall submit its report to the secretary annually on or before July 15 in order for the enhanced or new interventions to be considered for inclusion within the department of corrections budget request for community correctional services or in the department's enhanced services budget request for the subsequent fiscal year.
 - Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 22-3716 and 75-5291 are hereby repealed. Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.