Session of 2002

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HOUSE BILL No. 2861

By Representative Reardon

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AN ACT concerning and providing for the financing of state government 9 10 functions; amending K.S.A. 40-252 and 75-6702 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 11 79-1107, 79-1108, 79-2959, 79-2964, 79-32,110, 79-34,147, 79-3603, 12 79-3606, 79-3620, 79-3703 and 79-3710 and repealing the existing sec-13 tions; also repealing K.S.A. 79-3632, 79-3634, 79-3636 through 79-14 3638 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-15,100 through 79-15,126, 79-3603b, 15 79-3633, 79-3635 and 79-3639. 16 17Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 18 New Section 1. As used in sections 1 through 56 of this act unless 19 the context otherwise requires: 20 (a) Any term used in this act shall have the same meaning as when 21used in a comparable context in the internal revenue code. Any reference 22 in this act to the "internal revenue code" shall mean the provisions of the 23 United States internal revenue code of 1986, as such code exists on De-24cember 31, 1997. Any reference in this act to a specific provision of the 25internal revenue code shall be to such provision as it exists on December 26 31. 1997. 27 (b) "Deemed executor" includes any person in actual or constructive 28possession of any property of the decedent. 29 (c) "Director" means the director of taxation. 30 "Distributee" means a beneficiary, legatee, devisee, heir, next of (d) kin, grantee, donee, vendee, joint tenant or any other successor in inter-31 32 est, whether outright or in trust. "Distributive share" or "distributive shares" means the share or 33 (e) shares of the distributive estate passing to a distributee or distributees. 34 35 (f) "Domicile" refers to that place where a person resides, has an 36 intention to remain and to which they intend to return following any 37 absence. (g) "Estate" and "property" shall mean the real, personal, and mixed 38 39 property or interest therein of the testator, intestate, grantor, bargainor, 40vendor or donor which shall pass or be transferred to legatees, devisees, 41 heirs, next of kin, grantees, donees, vendees, or successors and shall in-42 clude all personal property within or without the state. 43 (h) "Executor" and "administrator" mean the duly appointed, quali1 fied and acting executor or administrator of the decedent in this state.

2 (i) "Nonresident decedent" means a decedent who was not a resident3 decedent at the time of death.

4 (j) "Personal representative" means the executor, administrator or 5 deemed executor of the decedent.

6 (k) "Resident decedent" means a decedent who was domiciled in this 7 state at the time of death.

8 (l) "Secretary" means the secretary of revenue, or the secretary's 9 designee.

10 (m) "Tax" includes tax, penalty and interest, unless the context of a 11 particular section otherwise requires.

(n) "Transfer" shall include the passing of property or any interest
therein in possession or enjoyment, present or future, by inheritance,
descent, devise, succession, bequest, grant, deed, bargain, sale, gift or
appointment in the manner herein prescribed.

16 New Sec. 2. (a) A tax is hereby imposed on the privilege of succeed-17 ing to the ownership of any property, corporeal or incorporeal, and any 18 interest therein within the jurisdiction of this state.

19 (b) Distributees of estates shall be classified as follows:

20 Class A shall consist of the lineal ancestors, lineal descendants, (1)21 step-parents, step-children, adopted children, lineal descendants of any 22 adopted child or step-child, the spouse or surviving spouse of a son or daughter, or the spouse or surviving spouse of an adopted child or step-2324child of the decedent. In the case of an adopted child or step-child, a 25spouse or surviving spouse of an adopted child or step-child or the lineal descendant of an adopted child or step-child of the decedent, such person 26 27 shall file with the department of revenue an affidavit setting forth the relationship of such person to the decedent. Such affidavit shall be suf-2829 ficient proof of the adoptive or step-child relationship in question, and 30 the department, or any officer or employee thereof, shall not require any 31 additional proof of such relationship. As used in this paragraph, "step-32 child" means a child of a spouse or former spouse of the decedent.

33 (2) Class B shall consist of the brothers and sisters of the decedent.

(3) Class C shall consist of relatives of all degrees of consanguinity,
except those included in classes A and B, and shall also include strangers
in the blood of the decedent.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this subsection, with respect to qualified terminable interest property includable in the decedent's estate under section 29, and amendments thereto, the relationship of the distributees of such property shall be determined by their relationship to the individual whose estate made an election with respect to such property pursuant to subsection (b)(3) of section 3, and amendments

43 thereto.

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1 (c) (1) From the value of the shares of the distributable estate, as 2 ascertained under the provisions of this act and succeeded to by the sev-3 eral distributees, deductions shall be allowed as follows: (A) To each 4 member of class A, \$30,000; and (B) to each member of class B, \$5,000.

5 (2) The tax herein provided for shall be charged upon the value of 6 the shares of the distributable estate after deduction of the amounts 7 herein provided, except that when one or more of the shares of the dis-8 tributable estate shall consist of property within and property without the 9 state, only such percentage of the deductions above named shall be al-10 lowed in the percentage that the Kansas share bears to the total shares 11 of the distributee.

(d) The tax herein imposed shall be an amount equal to a percentage
of the value of the shares of the distributable estate of the decedent
succeeded to by the distributees thereof, reduced by any deductions authorized pursuant to subsection (c):

(1) Upon the value of shares succeeded to by members of class A
reduced by such deductions, the following rates of tax are hereby imposed: On the first \$25,000, or fraction thereof, 1%; on the second
\$25,000, or fraction thereof, 2%; on the next \$50,000, or fraction thereof,
3%; on the next \$400,000, or fraction thereof, 4%; on all over \$500,000,
5%;

(2) upon the value of shares succeeded to by members of class B
reduced by such deductions, the following rates of tax are hereby imposed: On the first \$25,000, or fraction thereof, 3%; on the second
\$25,000, or fraction thereof, 5%; on the next \$50,000, or fraction thereof,
7½%; on the next \$400,000, or fraction thereof, 10%; on all over
\$500,000, 12½%; and

(3) upon the value of shares succeeded to by members of class C, the
following rates of taxes are hereby imposed: On any amount up to
\$100,000, 10%; on any amount in excess of \$100,000 and up to \$200,000,
12%; on all sums in excess of \$200,000, 15%.

New Sec. 3. (a) A distributive share passing to or for the benefit of
the surviving spouse of a decedent shall be exempt from the tax imposed
by section 2, and amendments thereto.

(b) (1) In the case of qualified terminable interest property, such
property shall be treated as passing to the surviving spouse, and no part
of such property shall be treated as passing to any person other than the
surviving spouse.

39 (2) For purposes of this paragraph:

40 (A) The term "qualified terminable interest property" means 41 property:

42 (i) which passes from the decedent;

43 (ii) in which the surviving spouse has a qualifying income interest for

life; and

(iii) to which an election under this paragraph applies.

The surviving spouse has a qualifying income interest for life if: (\mathbf{B})

the surviving spouse is entitled to all the income from the property, 4 (i) payable annually or at more frequent intervals, or has a usufruct interest 56 for life in the property; and

7 no person has a power to appoint any part of the property to any (ii) person other than the surviving spouse. This subclause shall not apply to 8 9 a power exercisable only at or after the death of the surviving spouse. To 10 the extent provided by regulation, an annuity shall be treated in a manner 11 similar to an income interest in property (regardless of whether the property from which the annuity is payable can be separately identified). 1213

The term "property" includes an interest in property. (\mathbf{C})

14 (D) A specific portion of property shall be treated as separate prop-15erty. For purposes of this provision, the term "specific portion" only in-16 cludes a portion determined on a fractional or percentage basis.

17(3) A qualified terminable interest property election with respect to 18 any property shall be made by the personal representative of the dece-19 dent's estate in such manner as the secretary shall prescribe by rules and 20 regulations. No election may be made under this section with respect to property in an estate unless an election has also been made with respect 2122 to the same qualified terminable interest property under the provisions 23of 26 U.S.C. 2056(b)(7). Any election made under this section shall be 24irrevocable.

25(4) The personal representative of any decedent's estate subject to 26 the jurisdiction of this state who makes a qualified terminable interest 27property election with respect to any property in which the surviving 28spouse has a "qualifying income interest for life" as defined in this section 29 or 26 U.S.C. 2056(b)(7) shall not be liable to any holder of a beneficial interest under the instrument governing the disposition of property in 30 31 the decedent's estate, whether such instrument was executed before or 32 after the effective date of Public Law 97-34.

33 New Sec. 4. (a) A distributive share passing to or for the use of any 34 charitable organization shall be exempt from tax imposed by section 2, 35 and amendments thereto.

36 (b) For purposes of this section, charitable organizations shall mean 37 those corporations, organizations, associations, societies, institutions, foundations, governmental units or agencies described in 26 U.S.C. 38 39 2055a.

(c) Where the distributive share includes a remainder interest, the 40present value of such interest shall be determined under rules and reg-4142 ulations to be promulgated by the secretary of revenue, and the holder 43 of the other beneficial interest in the property (unless otherwise exempt)

1 2 3 shall be taxable upon the value of the property reduced by the present
 value of the remainder interest.

New Sec. 5. Any distributive share which shall be valued, for the
purposes of this act, after deductions are allowed pursuant to section 2,
and amendments thereto, at a sum less than \$200, shall not be subject to
the tax imposed by section 2, and amendments thereto.

7 New Sec. 6. All property transferred by a decedent to any person 8 described in class A, providing the same was transferred to such decedent 9 not more than five years prior to such decedent's death by another de-10 cedent described in class A with respect to the decedent, shall be valued 11 as of the date of death of the second decedent and shall be exempt from 12 the tax imposed by section 2, and amendments thereto, to the extent such 13 value was taxed and the tax paid thereon in the estate of the first decedent.

14 New Sec. 7. When provision is made by any will or other instrument 15 for payment of the legacy or succession tax upon any gift thereby made 16 out of any property other than that so given, no tax shall be chargeable 17 upon any money to be applied in payment of such tax.

New Sec. 8. The tax imposed by this act in respect to personal prop-1819 erty of nonresidents (other than tangible personal property having an 20 actual situs in this state) shall not be payable if, at the time of death (a) 21the decedent was a resident of a state or territory of the United States 22 which did not impose a transfer tax or death tax of any character in respect 23to personal property of residents of the state of Kansas (other than tan-24gible personal property having an actual situs in such state or territory), 25or (b) the laws of the state or territory of residence of the decedent 26 contained a reciprocal provision under which Kansas residents would be 27exempted from transfer taxes or death taxes of every character in respect 28to personal property (other than tangible personal property having an 29 actual situs therein) provided the state of Kansas allowed a similar ex-30 emption to residents of the state or territory of residence of such 31 decedent.

In no case shall the provisions of this section apply to the intangible personal property of nonresident decedents unless such intangible personal property shall have been subjected to a tax or submitted for purposes of taxation in the state of the decedent's residence. For the purpose of this section the District of Columbia and possessions of the United States shall be considered territories of the United States.

New Sec. 9. In the event that the total of the inheritance taxes imposed upon the distributive shares of the estate of the decedent by section 2, and amendments thereto, shall not equal the amount of the maximum credit allowed by section 2011 of the internal revenue code, against the tax that would otherwise be imposed on the transfer of the taxable estate of the decedent by section 2001 of the internal revenue code, whenever

the federal estate tax is determined an additional tax equal to the differ-1 ence between the total tax imposed by section 2, and amendments 2 3 thereto, and the amount of such credit is hereby imposed upon the distributable estate of the decedent. 4

New Sec. 10. In the event that no tax is imposed upon the distrib-56 utive shares of the estate of the decedent by section 2, and amendments 7 thereto, whenever the federal estate tax is determined, a tax, equal to the amount of the maximum credit allowed by section 2011 of the internal 8 revenue code against the tax that would otherwise be imposed on the 9 10 transfer of the taxable estate of the decedent by section 2001 of the in-11 ternal revenue code, is hereby imposed upon the distributable estate of 12 the decedent.

13 New Sec. 11. (a) When the estate shall consist of property within 14 and property without the state, the tax imposed under sections 9 and 10, 15and amendments thereto, shall be the percentage that the gross estate 16 for federal estate tax purposes, less the deduction allowed by subsection (a) of section 30, and amendments thereto, bears to the total gross estate 1718 for federal estate tax purposes.

(b) The tax which may be imposed under sections 9 and 10, and 19 20amendments thereto, shall be chargeable against the interests of each 21distributee in proportion to the amount of the shares of the estate re-22 ceived by each.

23 New Sec. 12. Whenever the amount of the tax imposed upon a gen-24eration-skipping transfer by section 2601 of the internal revenue code is 25determined, a tax, equal to the maximum amount of the credit allowed 26 against such tax by section 2604 of the internal revenue code, is hereby 27 imposed upon the taxable estate of the decedent as of the date of such 28determination. The tax imposed under the provisions of this act shall be 29 chargeable against the interests of each beneficiary in proportion to the 30 share received by each beneficiary under such transfer.

31 New Sec. 13. When the property transferred subject to the tax im-32 posed by section 12, and amendments thereto, shall consist of property 33 within and property without the state, the tax imposed shall be the percentage that the Kansas assets of the generation-skipping trust or gen-34 35 eration-skipping trust equivalent bears to the total assets of the genera-36 tion-skipping trust or generation-skipping trust equivalent.

37 New Sec. 14. (a) The value of the gross estate of a decedent shall be determined by valuing the property included in the gross estate at fair 38 market value as of the time of the decedent's death. 39

40(b) Whenever reference is made to the value of property at the time 41 of the decedent's death, such reference shall be deemed to refer to the 42 value of such property in determining the value of the gross estate.

(c) When any property or interest therein, or income therefrom, to 43

be included in the gross estate shall pass or be limited for the life of 1 another, or for a term of years, or to terminate on the expiration of a 2 3 certain period, the value of the life estate, term of years, or period of limitation shall be fixed according to rules and regulations adopted by the 4 secretary. The value of the remainder in such property so limited shall 56 be ascertained by deducting the value of the life estate, term of years or 7 period of limitation, from the actual value of the property as determined at the time of death. 8

9 New Sec. 15. (a) If the personal representative so elects, the value 10 of the gross estate may be determined by valuing all the property included 11 in the gross estate as follows:

(1) In the case of property distributed, sold, exchanged or otherwise
disposed of, within six months after the decedent's death such property
shall be valued as of the date of distribution, sale, exchange or other
disposition.

(2) In the case of property not distributed, sold, exchanged or otherwise disposed of, within six months after the decedent's death such
property shall be valued as of the date six months after the decedent's
death.

(3) Any interest or estate which is affected by mere lapse of time shall
be included at its value as of the time of death (instead of the later date)
with adjustment for any difference in its value as of the later date not due
to mere lapse of time.

(b) No deduction authorized by section 32, and amendments thereto,
shall be allowed if allowance for such item is in effect given by the alternate valuation provided by this section.

(c) No election may be made under this subsection with respect to
an estate unless such election will decrease (1) the value of the gross
estate and (2) the tax imposed by this act with respect to property includible in the decedent's gross estate.

(d) (1) The election provided for in this subsection shall be made by
the personal representative on the return of tax imposed by this act. Such
election, once made, shall be irrevocable.

34 (2) No election may be made under this subsection if such return is
35 filed more than one year after the time prescribed by law (including
36 extensions) for filing such return.

(e) The property of any estate for which a federal estate tax return is
required to be filed shall be valued pursuant to subsection (a) upon the
same date as is elected to value the property for federal estate tax purposes under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. 2032.

New Sec. 16. (a) If the person filing the return elects the application
of this section, the value of qualified real property shall be its value for
the use under which it qualifies as qualified real property. The aggregate

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decrease in the value of qualified real property which results from the 1 application of this section with respect to the gross estate of any decedent 2 3 shall not exceed \$500,000 in the case of decedents dying in 1980 or before, \$600,000 in the case of decedents dying in 1981, \$700,000 in the 4 case of decedents dying in 1982 and \$750,000 in the case of decedents 5dying in 1983 or thereafter. 6

7 (b) For purposes of this section: (1) "Qualified real property" means real property located in the state which, on the date of the decedent's 8 9 death, was being used for a qualified use by the decedent or a member 10 of the decedent's family, but only if:

Fifty percent or more of the adjusted value of the gross estate 11 (A) consists of the adjusted value of real or personal property which: 12

13 (i) On the date of the decedent's death, was being used for a qualified 14 use by the decedent or a member of the decedent's family; and

15(ii) was acquired from or passed from the decedent to a qualified heir 16 of the decedent;

(B) Twenty-five percent or more of the adjusted value of the gross 17estate consists of the adjusted value of real property which meets the 1819requirements of subparagraphs (A)(ii) and (C) of this subsection (b);

20 (C) During the eight-year period ending on the date of the decedent's 21 death there have been periods aggregation five years or more during 22 which:

23 Such real property was owned by the decedent or a member of (i) 24the decedent's family and used for a qualified use by the decedent or a 25member of the decedent's family; and

(ii) there was material participation by the decedent or a member of 2627 the decedent's family in the operation of the farm or other business.

28"Qualified use" means the devotion of the property to any of the (2)29 following:

30 Use as a farm for farming purposes; or (A)

31 (B) use in a trade or business other than the trade or business of 32 farming.

"Adjusted value," for purposes of paragraph (1) of this subsection 33 (3)34 (b), means:

35 In the case of the gross estate, the value of the gross estate, de-(A) 36 termined without regard to this section reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction under subsection (d) of section 30, and amendments 37 thereto; or 38

(B) in the case of any real or personal property, the value of such 39 property for purposes of this act, determined without regard to this sec-40tion reduced by any amounts allowable as a deduction in respect to such 4142 property under subsection (d) of section 30, and amendments thereto.

43 (4) If, on the date of the decedent's death, the requirements of sub-

paragraph (C)(ii) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b) with respect to the 1 decedent for any property are not met, and the decedent either was re-2 3 ceiving old-age benefits under title II of the social security act for a continuous period ending on such date, or was disabled for a continuous 4 period ending on such date, then such subparagraph shall be applied with 5respect to such property by substituting "the date on which the longer of 6 7 such continuous periods began" for "the date of the decedent's death" in subparagraph (C) of paragraph (1) of subsection (b). An individual shall 8 9 be considered to be disabled if such individual has a mental or physical impairment which renders such individual unable to materially participate 10 11 in the operation of the farm or other business.

12 (5) If property is qualified real property with respect to a decedent, 13 hereinafter referred to as the "first decedent," and such property was 14 acquired from or passed from the first decedent to the surviving spouse 15of the first decedent, for purposes of applying this subsection, and in the 16 case of the estate of such surviving spouse active management of the farm 17or other business by the surviving spouse shall be treated as material participation by such surviving spouse in the operation of such farm or 18business. For the purposes of this paragraph, the determination of 19 20whether property is qualified real property with respect to the first de-21cedent shall be made without regard to whether an election under this 22 section was made.

23 (c) The election under this section shall be made not later than the 24time prescribed by section 36, and amendments thereto, for filing the 25return of tax imposed by this act, including extensions thereof, and shall be made in such manner as the secretary shall prescribe by rules and 26 27 regulations. No election may be made under this section with respect to 28an estate unless an election has been made with respect to such estate 29 under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. 2032A. Any election made under this 30 section shall be irrevocable.

(d) For purposes of this section: (1) "Qualified heir" means, with
respect to any property, a member of the decedent's family who acquired
such property, or to whom such property passed, from the decedent. If
a qualified heir disposes of any interest in qualified real property to any
member of the qualified heir's family, such member shall thereafter be
treated as the qualified heir with respect to such interest.

37 (2) "Member of the family" means, with respect to any individual,38 only:

- 39 (A) An ancestor of such individual;
- 40 (B) the spouse of such individual;

41 (C) a lineal descendant of such individual, of such individual's spouse42 or of a parent of such individual; or

43 (D) the spouse of any lineal descendant described in subparagraph (C).

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1 For purposes of the preceding sentence, a legally adopted child of an 2 individual shall be treated as a child of such individual by blood.

3 (3) In the case of real property which meets the requirements of subparagraph (C) of subsection (b)(1), residential buildings and related 4 improvements on such real property occupied on a regular basis by the 5owner or lessee of such real property or by persons employed by such 6 7 owner or lessee for the purpose of operating or maintaining such real property, and roads, buildings, and other structures and improvements 8 9 functionally related to the qualified use shall be treated as real property 10 devoted to the qualified use.

(4) "Farm" includes stock, dairy, poultry, aquatic plants and animals,
fruit, fur bearing animals, and truck farms, plantations, ranches, nurseries,
ranges, greenhouses or other similar structures used primarily for the
raising of agricultural, aquacultural or horticultural commodities, and orchards and woodlands.

(5) "Farming purposes" means:

(A) Cultivating the soil or raising or harvesting any agricultural, aquacultural or horticultural commodity including the raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training and management of animals on a farm or aquatice
plants and animals in an aquaculture operation;

(B) handling, drying, packing, grading, or storing on a farm or aquaculture operation any agricultural, aquacultural or horticultural commodity in its unmanufactured state, but only if the owner, tenant, or operator
of the farm or aquaculture operation regularly produces more than ¹/₂ of
the commodity so treated; and

26 (C) (i) the planting, cultivating, caring for or cutting of trees, or (ii) 27 the preparation, other than milling, of trees for market.

(6) Material participation shall be determined in a manner similar to
the manner used for purposes of paragraph (1) of 26 U.S.C. 1402(a).

30 (7) (A) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the value of a farm 31 for farming purposes shall be determined by dividing (i) the excess of the 32 average annual gross cash rental for comparable land used for farming 33 purposes and located in the locality of such farm over the average annual state and local real estate taxes for such comparable land, by (ii) the 34 35 average annual effective interest rate for all new federal land bank loans. 36 For purposes of the preceding sentence, each average annual computation shall be made on the basis of the five most recent calendar years 37 38 ending before the date of the decedent's death.

(B) If there is no comparable land from which the average annual
gross cash rental may be determined but there is comparable land from
which the average annual net share rental may be determined, subparagraph (A) shall be applied by substituting "average annual net share
rental" for "average annual gross cash rental." For purposes of this sub-

paragraph, the term "net share rental" means the excess of (i) the value 1 of the produce received by the lessor of the land on which such produce 2 3 is grown, over (ii) the cash operating expenses of growing such produce which, under the lease, are paid by the lessor. 4

(C) The formula provided by subparagraph (7)(A) shall not be used 56 (i) where it is established that there is no comparable land from which 7 the average annual gross cash rental may be determined and that there is no comparable land from which the average net share rental may be 8 9 determined, or (ii) where the executor elects to have the value of the farm 10 for farming purposes determined under paragraph (8).

11 (8) In any case to which paragraph (7)(A) does not apply, the follow-12 ing factors shall apply in determining the value of any qualified real 13 property:

14 (A) The capitalization of income which the property can be expected to yield for farming or closely held business purposes over a reasonable 1516 period of time under prudent management using traditional cropping 17patterns for the area, taking into account soil capacity, terrain configuration, and similar factors; 18

(B) the capitalization of the fair rental value of the land for farmland 19 20or closely held business purposes;

21 (C) assessed land values in the state pursuant to use value appraisal 22 for farmland or closely held business;

(D) comparable sales of other farm or closely held business land in 2324the same geographical area far enough removed from a metropolitan or 25resort area so that nonagricultural use is not a significant factor in the 26 sales price; and

27 (E) any other factor which fairly values the farm or closely held busi-28ness value of the property.

29 (9) The method elected for valuing any qualified real property under 30 the provisions of this section shall be the same method as that elected for 31 valuing such property for federal estate tax purposes under the provisions 32 of 26 U.S.C. 2032A.

(10) "Active management" means the making of the management 33 decisions of a business, other than the daily operating decisions. 34

35 The secretary shall prescribe regulations setting forth the appli-(e) 36 cation of this section in the case of an interest in a partnership, corpo-37 ration, or trust which, with respect to the decedent, is an interest in a 38 closely held business, within the meaning of subsection (c) of section 38, 39 and amendments thereto.

(f) (1) For the purposes of this section, qualified real property shall 4041 cease to be used for qualified use if such property ceases to be used for 42 the qualified use set forth in subsection (b)(2).

43 (2) If, within 10 years after the decedent's death and before the death

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of the qualified heir: 1

2 (A) The qualified heir disposes of any interest or portion thereof in 3 qualified real property, other than by disposition to a member of such 4 heir's family; or

(B) the qualified heir ceases to use for the qualified use the qualified 5real property, or portion thereof, which was acquired or passed from the 6 7 decedent, then there is hereby imposed an additional tax.

The amount of the additional tax imposed shall be the greater of: 8 (3)

(A) An amount equal to the difference between:

10 The inheritance tax computed after qualification under subsection (i) 11 (a); and

12 (ii) the inheritance tax which would have been due had qualification 13 under subsection (a) been allowed for only that property which continues 14 in a qualified use under subsection (a); or

(B) An amount equal to the difference between:

16 The tax imposed under section 9, and amendments thereto, after (i) qualification under subsections (a) and (c); and 17

(ii) the tax imposed under section 9, and amendments thereto, after 18 19 imposition of additional federal estate tax liability required under the 20provisions of 26 U.S.C. 2032A (C).

21(4) The additional tax imposed by this subsection shall become due 22 and payable on the day which is six months after the date of the disposition 23 or cessation.

24(5) The qualified heir shall be personally liable for the additional tax 25imposed by this subsection with respect to such heir's interest. 26

Real property shall cease to be used for the qualified use if: (g)

27 Such property ceases to be used for the qualified use set forth in (1)subsection (b)(2) under which the property qualified, or 28

29 (2)during any period of eight years ending after the date of the de-30 cedent's death and before the date of the death of the qualified heir, 31 there had been periods aggregating more than three years during which: 32 In the case of periods during which the property was held by the (A) 33 decedent, there was no material participation by the decedent or any member of the decedent's family in the operation of the farm or other 34

35 business; and

36 (B) in the case of periods during which the property was held by any qualified heir, there was no material participation by such qualified heir 37 or any member of such heir's family in the operation of the farm or other 38 39 business.

40(h) (1) Notwithstanding any provision of subsection (f), if the date on which the qualified heir begins to use the qualified real property, 41 42 hereinafter referred to as the commencement date, is before the date

two years after the decedent's death: 43

1 (A) No tax shall be imposed under paragraph (2) of subsection (f) by 2 reason of the failure by the qualified heir to so use such property before 3 the commencement date; and

4 (B) the ten-year period under paragraph (2) of subsection (f) shall be 5 extended by the period after the decedent's death and before the com-6 mencement date.

(2) For purposes of paragraph (g)(2)(B), the active management of a 7 farm or other business by (A) an eligible qualified heir, or (B) a fiduciary 8 9 of an eligible qualified heir described in clause (B) or (C) of subparagraph 10 (3), shall be treated as material participation by such qualified heir in the 11 operation of such farm or business. In the case of an eligible qualified heir described in clause (B), (C) or (D) of subparagraph (3), the preceding 12 13 sentence shall apply only during periods during which such heir meets the requirements of such clause. 14

(3) For purposes of this paragraph, the term "eligible qualified heir"means a qualified heir who:

17 (A) Is the surviving spouse of the decedent;

18 (B) has not attained the age of 21 years;

19 (C) is disabled, within the meaning of subsection (b)(4); or

20 (D) is a student.

(4) For purposes of subparagraph (3), an individual shall be treated
as a student with respect to periods during any calendar year if, and only
if, such individual is a student, within the meaning of 26 U.S.C. 151(e)(4)
for such calendar year.

(i) If qualified real property is disposed of or ceases to be used for aqualified use, then:

(1) The statutory period for the assessment of any additional tax under subsection (f) attributable to such disposition or cessation shall not
expire before the expiration of three years from the date the secretary is
notified, in such manner as the secretary may prescribe by rules and
regulations, of such disposition or cessation; and

(2) such additional tax may be assessed before the expiration of such
three-year period notwithstanding the provisions of any other law or rule
of law which would otherwise prevent such assessment.

New Sec. 17. The value of the gross estate of a decedent shall be determined by including the value, as determined in accordance with the provisions of section 14, 15 or 16, and amendments thereto, of all property, real or personal, tangible or intangible, wherever situated to the extent provided in sections 18 through 28, and amendments thereto.

40 New Sec. 18. The value of the gross estate shall include the value of 41 all property to the extent of the interest therein of the decedent at the 42 time of death.

43 New Sec. 19. The value of the gross estate shall include the value of

(

all property to the extent of any interest therein of the surviving spouse,
 existing at the time of decedent's death by virtue of a statute creating an
 estate in lieu of dower or curtesy.

4 New Sec. 20. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value 5 of all property to the extent of any interest therein of which the decedent 6 has at any time made a transfer (except in case of a bona fide sale for an 7 adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth), by trust or 8 otherwise, in contemplation of death.

9 (b) If the decedent within a period of one year ending with the date 10 of such decedent's death (except in case of a bona fide sale for an ade-11 quate and full consideration in money or money's worth) transferred an interest in property, relinquished a power, exercised or released a general 1213 power of appointment, such transfer, relinquishment, exercise or release 14 shall, unless shown to the contrary, be deemed to have been made in 15contemplation of death within the meaning of this section and sections 23 and 26, and amendments thereto, (relating to revocable transfers and 16 powers of appointment); but no such transfer, relinquishment, exercise 17or release made before such one-year period shall be treated as having 1819 been made in contemplation of death.

(c) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, subsections
(a) and (b) shall not apply to the estate of a decedent dying after December 31, 1982, with respect to each transfer of property to the extent of
the first \$10,000 of value thereof made to a separate transferee.

(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply to a transfer of an interest in property which is included in the value of the gross estate under section 21
(relating to retained interests), section 22 (relating to transfers taking
effect at death), section 23 (relating to powers of revocation), or section
27 (relating to life insurance), and amendments thereto, or would have
been included under any of such sections if such interest had been retained by the decedent.

(3) Paragraph (1) shall not apply for purposes of section 16 and 38,and amendments thereto.

33 New Sec. 21. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value 34 of all property to the extent of any interest therein of which the decedent 35 has at any time made a transfer, except in case of a bona fide sale for an 36 adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, by trust or 37 otherwise, under which the decedent has retained for life or for any pe-38 riod not ascertainable without reference to the decedent's death or for any period which does not in fact end before the decedent's death (1) the 39 possession or enjoyment of, or the right to the income from, the property, 40or (2) the right, either alone or in conjunction with any person, to des-4142 ignate the persons who shall possess or enjoy the property or the income therefrom. 43

1 (b) (1) For purposes of subsection (a)(1), the retention of the right 2 to vote, directly or indirectly, shares of stock of a controlled corporation 3 shall be considered to be a retention of the enjoyment of transferred 4 property.

5 (2) For purposes of subsection (b)(1), a corporation shall be treated 6 as a controlled corporation if, at any time after the transfer of the property 7 and during the three-year period ending on the date of the decedent's 8 death, the decedent owned, within the application of 26 U.S.C. 318, or 9 had the right, either alone or in conjunction with any person, to vote, 10 stock possessing at least 20% of the total combined voting power of all 11 classes of stock.

(3) For purposes of applying section 20, and amendments thereto, 12 13 with respect to subsection (b)(1), the relinquishment or cessation of vot-14ing rights shall be treated as a transfer of property made by the decedent. 15New Sec. 22. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value of all property to the extent of any interest therein of which the decedent 16 has at any time made a transfer, except in case of a bona fide sale for an 1718 adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, by trust or 19 otherwise, if:

(1) Possession or enjoyment of the property can, through ownershipof such interest, be obtained only by surviving the decedent; and

(2) the decedent has retained a reversionary interest, and the value
of such reversionary interest immediately before the death of the decedent exceeds 5% of the value of such property.

25(b) For purposes of this section, the term "reversionary interest" in-26 cludes a possibility that property transferred by the decedent may: (1)27 Return to the decedent or the decedent's estate, or; (2) be subject to a power of disposition by the decedent, but such term does not include a 2829 possibility that the income alone from such property may return to the 30 decedent or become subject to a power of disposition by the decedent. 31 The value of a reversionary interest immediately before the death of the 32 decedent shall be determined without regard to the fact of the decedent's 33 death by usual methods of valuation, including the use of tables of mortality and actuarial principles, under rules and regulations adopted by the 34 35 secretary. In determining the value of a possibility that property may be 36 subject to a power of disposition by the decedent, such possibility shall 37 be valued as if it were a possibility that such property may return to the decedent or the decedent's estate. Notwithstanding the foregoing, an in-38 terest so transferred shall not be included in the decedent's gross estate 39 40under this section if possession or enjoyment of the property could have 41 been obtained by any beneficiary during the decedent's life through the 42 exercise of a general power of appointment as defined in section 26, and amendments thereto, which in fact was exercisable immediately before 43

1 the decedent's death.

2 New Sec. 23. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value 3 of all property to the extent of any interest therein of which the decedent has at any time made a transfer, except in case of a bona fide sale for an 4 adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, by trust or 5otherwise, where the enjoyment thereof was subject at the date of the 6 7 decedent's death to any change through the exercise of a power, in whatever capacity exercisable, by the decedent alone or in conjunction with 8 9 any other person, without regard to when or from what source the de-10 cedent acquired such power, to alter, amend, revoke or terminate, or 11 where any such power is relinquished during the three-year period ending on the date of the decedent's death. 12

13 For purposes of this section, the power to alter, amend, revoke (b) 14 or terminate shall be considered to exist on the date of the decedent's 15death even though the exercise of the power is subject to a precedent giving of notice or even though the alteration, amendment, revocation or 16 termination takes effect only on the expiration of a stated period after the 1718 exercise of the power, whether or not on or before the date of the de-19 cedent's death notice has been given or the power has been exercised. In 20 such cases proper adjustment shall be made representing the interest 21which would have been excluded from the power if the decedent had 22 lived, and for such purpose, if the notice has not been given or the power has not been exercised on or before the date of the decedent's death, 23 24such notice shall be considered to have been given, or the power exer-25cised, on the date of the decedent's death.

26 New Sec. 24. (a) The gross estate shall include the value of an an-27 nuity or other payment receivable by any beneficiary by reason of surviving the decedent under any form of contract or agreement other than as 2829 insurance under policies on the life of the decedent, if, under such con-30 tract or agreement, an annuity or other payment was payable to the de-31 cedent, or the decedent possessed the right to receive such annuity or 32 payment, either alone or in conjunction with another for life or for any 33 period not ascertainable without reference to the decedent's death or for any period which does not in fact end before the decedent's death. 34

35 (b) Subsection (a) shall apply to only such part of the value of the 36 annuity or other payment receivable under such contract or agreement 37 as is proportionate to that part of the purchase price therefor contributed 38 by the decedent. For purposes of this section, any contribution by the decedent's employer or former employer to the purchase price of such 39 40contract or agreement, whether or not to an employee's trust or fund forming part of a pension, annuity, retirement, bonus or profit-sharing 4142 plan, shall be considered to be contributed by the decedent if made by reason of their employment. 43

New Sec. 25. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value 1 2 of all property to the extent of the interest therein held as joint tenants 3 with right of survivorship by the decedent and any other person, or as tenants by the entirety by the decedent and spouse or deposited, with 4 any person carrying on the banking business, in their joint names and 56 payable to either or the survivor, except such part thereof as may be 7 shown to have originally belonged to such other person and never to have been received or acquired by the latter from the decedent for less than 8 9 an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth. Where 10 such property or any part thereof, or part of the consideration with which 11 such property was acquired, is shown to have been at any time acquired 12 by such other person from the decedent for less than an adequate and 13 full consideration in money or money's worth, there shall be excepted 14 only such part of the value of such property as is proportionate to the 15consideration furnished by such other person. Where any property has 16 been acquired by gift, bequest, devise or inheritance, as a tenancy by the 17entirety by the decedent and spouse, to the extent of 1/2 of the value 18 thereof, or, where so acquired by the decedent and any other person as 19 joint tenants with right of survivorship and their interests are not other-20 wise specified or fixed by law, the value of decedent's interest herein shall 21 be determined by dividing the value of the property by the number of 22 joint tenants with right of survivorship.

23 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a), in the case of any qualified joint 24interest, the value included in the gross estate with respect to such in-25terest by reason of this section is 1/2 of the value of such qualified joint 26 interest. For purposes of this subsection, the term "qualified joint inter-27 est" means any interest in property held by the decedent and the dece-28dent's spouse as (1) tenants by the entirety, or (2) joint tenants with right 29 of survivorship, but only if the decedent and the spouse of the decedent 30 are the only joint tenants.

31 New Sec. 26. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value 32 of all property: (1) To the extent of any property with respect to which 33 the decedent has at the time of death a general power of appointment, 34 or with respect to which the decedent has at any time exercised or re-35 leased such a power of appointment by a disposition which is of such 36 nature that if it were a transfer of property owned by the decedent, such 37 property would be includable in the decedent's gross estate under sec-38 tions 20 through 23, and amendments thereto. For purposes of this par-39 agraph, the power of appointment shall be considered to exist on the date 40of the decedent's death even though the exercise of the power is subject 41 to a precedent giving of notice or even though the exercise of the power 42 takes effect only on the expiration or a stated period after its exercise, whether or not on or before the date of the decedent's death notice has 43

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1 been given or the power has been exercised;

(2) to the extent of any property with respect to which the decedent 2 3 by will, or by a disposition which is of such nature that if it were a transfer of property owned by the decedent such property would be includable 4 in the decedent's gross estate under section 20, 21 or 22, and amendments 56 thereto, exercises a power of appointment by creating another power of 7 appointment which under the applicable local law can be validly exercised so as to postpone the vesting of any estate or interest in such property, 8 9 or suspend the absolute ownership or power of alienation of such prop-10 erty, for a period ascertainable without regard to the date of the creation 11 of the first power.

(b) For purposes of subsection (a):

(1) The term "general power of appoint" means a power which is exercisable in favor of the decedent, the decedent's estate, the decedent's
creditors or the creditors of the decedent's estate, except that:

(A) A power to consume, invade or appropriate property for the benefit of the decedent which is limited by an ascertainable standard relating
to the health, education, support or maintenance of the decedent shall
not be deemed a general power of appointment.

20 (B) In the case of a power of appointment, which is exercisable by 21 the decedent only in conjunction with another person:

(i) If the power is not exercisable by the decedent except in conjunction with the creator of the power, such power shall not be deemed a
general power of appointment.

25(ii) If the power is not exercisable by the decedent except in con-26 junction with a person having a substantial interest in the property, sub-27 ject to the power, which is adverse to exercise of the power in favor of 28the decedent, such power shall not be deemed a general power of ap-29 pointment. For the purposes of this clause a person who, after the death 30 of the decedent, may be possessed of a power of appointment, with re-31 spect to the property subject to the decedent's power, which the person 32 may exercise in such person's favor shall be deemed as having an interest 33 in the property and such interest shall be deemed adverse to such exercise of the decedent's power. 34

(iii) If, after the application of clauses (i) and (ii), the power is a general power of appointment and is exercisable in favor of such other person, such power shall be deemed a general power of appointment only in respect of a fractional part of the property subject to such power, such part to be determined by dividing the value of such property by the number of such persons, including the decedent, in favor of whom such power is exercisable.

For the purposes of clauses (ii) and (iii), a power shall be deemed to be exercisable in favor of a person if it is exercisable in favor of such person, the person's estate, the person's creditors or the creditors of the
 person's estate.

(2) The lapse of a power of appointment during the life of the individual possessing the power shall be considered a release of such power.
The preceding sentence shall apply with respect to the lapse of powers
during any calendar year only to the extent that the property, which could
have been appointed by exercise of such lapsed powers, exceeded in
value, at the time of such lapse, the greater, of the following amounts:

(A) \$5,000; or

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(B) five percent of the aggregate value, at the time of such lapse, of
the assets out of which, or the proceeds of which, the exercise of the
lapsed powers could have been satisfied.

13 New Sec. 27. The value of the gross estate shall include the value of14 all property:

(a) To the extent of the amount receivable by the personal represen-tative as insurance under policies on the life of the decedent; and

to the extent of the amount receivable by all other beneficiaries 17(b) 18 as insurance under policies on the life of the decedent with respect to 19 which the decedent possessed at death any of the incidents of ownership, 20exercisable either alone or in conjunction with any other person. For 21 purposes of the preceding sentence, the term "incident of ownership" 22 includes a reversionary interest, whether arising by the express terms of the policy or other instrument or by operation of law, only if the value of 2324such reversionary interest exceeded 5% of the value of the policy im-25mediately before the death of the decedent. As used in this paragraph, 26 the term "reversionary interest" includes a possibility that the policy, or 27 the proceeds of the policy, may return to the decedent or the decedent's estate, or may be subject to a power of disposition by the decedent. The 2829 value of a reversionary interest at any time shall be determined without 30 regard to the fact of the decedent's death by usual methods of valuation, 31 including the use of tables of mortality and actuarial principles, pursuant 32 to rules and regulations prescribed by the secretary. In determining the 33 value of a possibility that the policy or proceeds thereof may be subject to power of disposition by the decedent, such possibility shall be valued 34 35 as if it were a possibility that such policy or proceeds may return to the 36 decedent or the decedent's estate.

New Sec. 28. (a) If any one of the transfers, trusts, interests, rights or powers enumerated and described in sections 20 through 23 and section 26, and amendments thereto, is made, created, exercised or relinquished for a consideration in money or money's worth, but is not a bona fide sale for an adequate and full consideration in money or money's worth, there shall be included in the gross estate only the excess of the fair market value at the time of death of the property otherwise to be 1 included on account of such transaction, over the value of the consider-2 ation received therefor by the decedent.

(b) For purposes of this act, a relinquishment or promised relinquishment of a statutory estate created in lieu of dower or curtesy, or of other
marital rights in the decedent's property or estate, shall not be considered
to any extent a consideration in money or money's worth.

New Sec. 29. (a) The value of the gross estate shall include the value
of any property in which the decedent had a qualifying income interest
for life where the property was the subject of the election described in
section 3, and amendments thereto, in the estate of the prior decedent
who created the qualified interest in the decedent.

(b) For purposes of this act, property includible in the gross estate
of the decedent under subsection (a) shall be treated as property passing
from the decedent.

New Sec. 30. The value of the adjusted gross estate of a decedentshall be determined by deducting from the value of the gross estate ofsuch decedent the following:

(a) (1) The value of all property included therein having a tax situswhich is not within the jurisdiction of the state of Kansas.

20 For purposes of this subsection, the phrase "tax situs" relates to (2)21the location of property for the purpose of imposing tax under section 2, 22 and amendments thereto. Real estate or tangible personal property included in the gross estate shall be considered to have a tax situs within 2324Kansas if, at the time of the decedent's death, the property is physically 25located within the state of Kansas. Oil and gas leases on lands in this state 26 and all interests created thereby, or arising therefrom, shall be considered 27 tangible personal property having a tax situs in this state. Intangible property included in the gross estate shall be presumed to have a tax situs 2829 within this state if the decedent was domiciled in the state of Kansas at 30 the time of death.

(b) The value of all insurance included therein which is payable absolutely to or in trust for a beneficiary other than the decedent or the
decedent's estate.

(c) The value of all property included therein which is specifically
exempt from inheritance taxation by the laws of this state or the laws of
the United States.

(d) Subject to the limitations provided in subsection (c)(1) of section
32, and amendments thereto, the value of any unpaid mortgages on or
any indebtedness in respect of property where the value of the decedent's
interest in such property, undiminished by such mortgage or indebtedness, is included in the value of the gross estate.

42 (e) The value of any losses incurred during the settlement of estates43 arising from fires, storms, shipwrecks, or other casualties, or from theft,

when such losses are not compensated for by insurance or otherwise, in 1 2 respect of property where the value of the decedent's interest therein, 3 undiminished by such losses is included therein.

New Sec. 31. (a) The value of the distributable estate of a decedent 4 shall be determined by deducting from the adjusted gross estate a per-56 centage of the total amount authorized as deductions pursuant to sections 7 32 and 34, and amendments thereto.

(b) For purposes of section 32, and amendments thereto, the per-8 9 centage referred to in subsection (a) shall be determined by a fraction 10 the numerator of which is the value of the adjusted gross estate subject 11 to debts and the denominator of which is the value of the gross estate 12 subject to debts.

13 (c) For purposes of section 34, and amendments thereto, the per-14centage referred to in subsection (a) shall be determined by a fraction 15the numerator of which is the value of the Kansas gross estate less the value of any deductions allowable under subsections (a), (b) and (c) of 16 section 30, and amendments thereto, and the denominator of which is 1718 the value of the total gross estate for federal estate tax purposes.

19 New Sec. 32. (a) For purposes of section 31, and amendments 20 thereto, there shall be authorized as a deduction in determining the value 21 of the distributable estate of a decedent amounts allowable as:

22 Funeral expenses; (1)23

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administration expenses; and (2)

(3)claims against the estate.

25(b) Subject to subsection (c)(1), there shall be authorized as a de-26 duction for purposes of section 31, and amendments thereto, in deter-27 mining the value of the distributable estate amounts representing ex-28penses incurred in administering property not subject to claims which is 29 included in the gross estate to the same extent such amounts would be 30 allowable as a deduction under subsection (a) if such property were sub-31 ject to claims, and such amounts are paid before the expiration of the 32 period of limitation for assessment provided in section 47, and amend-33 ments thereto.

34 (c) (1) (A) The deduction allowed by this section in the case of 35 claims against the estate, unpaid mortgages or any indebtedness, when 36 founded on a promise or agreement, shall be limited to the extent that 37 they were contracted bona fide and for an adequate and full consideration 38 in money or money's worth except that in any case in which any such claim is founded on a promise or agreement of the decedent to make a 39 40contribution or gift to or for the use of any donee described in section 6, 41 and amendments thereto, for the purposes specified therein, the deduc-42 tion for such claims shall not be so limited, but shall be limited to the extent that it would be allowable as a deduction under section 6, and 43

amendments thereto, if such promise or agreement constituted a bequest. 1 Any income taxes on income received after the death of the de-(B) cedent, or property taxes not accrued before the decedent's death or any estate, succession, legacy or inheritance taxes, shall not be deductible 4 under this section. 5

(2) In the case of the amounts described in subsection (a), there shall 6 7 be disallowed the amount by which the deductions specified therein exceed the value, at the time of the decedent's death, of property subject 8 9 to claims, except to the extent that such deductions represent amounts 10 paid before the date prescribed for the filing of the inheritance tax return. 11 For purposes of this section, the term "property subject to claims" means property includable in the gross estate of the decedent which, or the avails 12 13 of which, would bear the burden of the payment of such deductions in 14 the final adjustment and settlement of the estate, except that the value 15of the property shall be reduced by the amount of the deduction under subsection (e) of section 30, and amendments thereto, attributable to such 16 17property.

18 New Sec. 33. Amounts allowable under subsections (d) and (e) of 19 section 30, and amendments thereto, as a deduction in computing the 20 adjusted gross estate of a decedent or under section 32, and amendments 21 thereto, as a deduction in computing the distributable estate of a dece-22 dent shall not be allowed as a deduction, or as an offset against the sales 23price of property in determining gain or loss, in computing the taxable 24income of the estate or the taxable income of any other person, unless 25there is filed, within the time and in the manner and form prescribed by 26 rules and regulations adopted by the secretary, a statement that the 27 amounts have not been allowed as deductions under subsections (d) and 28(e) of section 30 or section 32, and amendments thereto, and a waiver of 29 the right to have such amounts allowed at any time as deductions under 30 subsections (d) and (e) of section 30 or section 32, and amendments thereto. This section shall not apply with respect to deductions allowed 31 32 pursuant to law relating to income in respect of decedents.

33 New Sec. 34. For purposes of section 31, and amendments thereto, there shall be authorized as a deduction in determining the value of the 34 35 distributable estate of a decedent the amount of federal tax imposed on 36 the transfer of the decedent's federal taxable estate.

37 New Sec. 35. (a) The value of the distributive shares of a decedent's estate shall be determined by allocating to each distributee that portion 38 39 of the distributable estate to which each succeeds, whether each succeeds 40to the ownership of their respective share by reason of the provisions of 41 a will, or trust, or under the laws of intestate succession, or as a surviving 42 joint tenant, or by deed, grant or gift, (whether or not made in contem-

plation of death, or made or intended to take effect in possession or 43

enjoyment after the death of the grantor to any person, absolutely or in
 trust) or whether the transfer from the decedent to the distributee is
 made in any other manner recognized under Kansas law.

(b) When any property or interest thereon, or income therefrom, to 4 be distributed to each distributee shall pass or be limited for the life of 56 another, or for a term of years, or to terminate on the expiration of certain period, the value of the life estate, term of years or period of limitation 7 shall be fixed according to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary. 8 9 The value of the remainder in such property so limited shall be ascer-10 tained by deducting the value of the life estate, term of years or period 11 of limitation, from the value of the property included in the distributable 12 estate.

New Sec. 36. (a) Except as hereinafter provided, the executor or administrator of the estate of every decedent whose death gives rise to a tax
liability under the provisions of this act, within nine months following the
death of the decedent, shall make and file in the office of the director a
return on forms prepared and furnished by the secretary.

(b) In those estates in which no executor or administrator has been
appointed, the deemed executor shall make and file such return. In the
event there is more than one deemed executor, all deemed executors
shall be jointly responsible for completing and filing one return reporting
all of the assets of the estate except as hereinafter provided.

(c) If, after exercising due diligence, the personal representative making and filing such return is unable to make a complete return as to any part of the gross estate of the decedent, such personal representative shall make and file a return reporting all information as to the estate assets, including a description thereof and the name of any person holding a legal or beneficial interest in the assets to the best of such personal representative's knowledge.

(d) The taxes imposed under the provisions of this act shall be paid
at the expiration of nine months after the death of the decedent. Such
taxes shall be payable from the assets of the estate or proceeds therefrom,
in order, so far as practicable, that each distributive share of the estate
shall bear a just and equitable proportion of such taxes unless otherwise
directed by the will of the decedent or trust agreement.

36 (1) The executor or administrator of the estate of every decedent who 37 is required to file a return shall pay to the director all taxes imposed under 38 this act. In the event the tax imposed against the shares of the decedent's 39 estate exceeds the value of the assets or the proceeds therefrom which 40were in the custody or control of the executor or administrator, the executor or administrator shall pay the tax imposed to the extent of the 4142 value of the amount or the proceeds therefrom within such executor's or administrator's custody or control and the balance of the taxes may be 43

stayed upon application to and approval by the director. Such application shall be made at the time the return is filed upon forms prescribed by the secretary. Upon approval of such application payment of the taxes shall be stayed for a period not to exceed one year and the executor or administrator shall have a right to proceed against the individual distributee or distributees receiving such taxable shares and may perfect a lien therefor under the provisions of section 42, and amendments thereto.

8 (2) Except as hereinafter provided, the deemed executor or deemed 9 executors of the estate of every decedent who are required to file a return 10 shall pay to the director all of the taxes imposed by this act. To the extent 11 that all deemed executors do not join in the filing of the return, the 12 deemed executors who jointly file shall pay only that portion of the taxes 13 representing the aggregate tax liability imposed upon the distributive 14 shares of those so filing.

15(3) Where an asset not within the custody or control of a personal 16 representative gives rise to a tax liability and such personal representative 17is required to pay such tax or has voluntarily paid such tax from the assets 18 within such personal representative's custody or control, the personal rep-19 resentative shall have a right to proceed against the individual distributee 20 receiving such share and may perfect a lien therefor under the provisions 21 of section 42, and amendments thereto. For the purpose of this para-22 graph: (1) With respect to the tax liability caused without consideration 23of sections 9 and 10, and amendments thereto, the personal representa-24tive shall be entitled to recover from the distributee the amount by which 25the total tax liability of the decedent's estate resulting from such assets 26 outside the control of the personal representative and received by the 27 distributee exceeds the total tax liability which would have been payable 28if the value of such property had not been included in the decedent's gross estate; and (2) with respect to any additional tax liability resulting 29 30 from the application of sections 9 and 10, and amendments thereto, the 31 personal representative shall be entitled to recover from the distributee 32 that portion of the total tax liability caused by such application equal to 33 the ratio that the value of such assets outside the control of the personal 34 representative received by the distributee bears to the total value of such 35 assets outside the control of the personal representative.

36 (4) Whenever the personal representative is required to pay the taxes 37 imposed upon an asset not within the personal representative's custody 38 or control and pays the taxes imposed thereon from assets or proceeds 39 therefrom of the estate within the personal representative's custody or 40control and thereafter fails to collect the taxes attributable to the distributive shares of the decedent's estate which were not within the personal 4142 representative's custody or control, the personal representative shall be entitled to a refund of the taxes attributable to such shares which were 43

paid from assets or proceeds therefrom within the personal representa-1 tive's custody or control upon application to the director. The application 2 3 for refund shall be filed on forms prescribed by the secretary within the time allowed for refunds pursuant to section 47, and amendments 4 thereto. Upon being satisfied that the personal representative has exer-56 cised due diligence in attempting to recover the taxes attributable to the 7 distributive shares of the decedent's estate which were not within such personal representative's custody or control, the director shall refund the 8 9 same.

10 The director shall issue a receipt acknowledging payment of such (5)11 taxes whenever the taxes as shown to be due on the return or any addi-12 tional taxes assessed by the director have been paid by a personal rep-13 resentative and (A) such executor or administrator has requested a cash 14receipt in order to be subrogated to the state's right to proceed in col-15lecting the tax against a distributee; or (B) such executor or administrator 16 has received a stay of payment from the director. Such a receipt shall be 17issued only under circumstances described in clauses (A) or (B) of this 18 subsection and shall not constitute evidence that a final determination of 19 taxes pursuant to section 44, and amendments thereto, has been made.

20 (e) If the taxes contemplated by this act are not paid when due, in-21 terest at the rate prescribed by subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-2968, and 22 amendments thereto, shall be charged and collected commencing at the 23 time the same become payable. When the filing of the return is delayed 24beyond nine months after the death of the decedent and the director 25finds that such delay was due to the inability of the personal representative to determine the distributive shares of an estate or the proper 2627 recipients thereof, or to litigation, interest shall commence at the time 28the return is filed.

29(f) At the election of the personal representative, the taxes imposed 30 by this act may be determined by the director. Such election shall be 31 made by filing a return disclosing all information necessary for the determination of the taxes imposed by this act. Upon receipt of all necessary 32 33 information, the director shall determine the taxes due and owing and 34 shall notify the personal representative of the tax liability by registered or 35 certified mail. Notwithstanding any election made pursuant to this sec-36 tion, the taxes shall be due and payable at the same time and in the same manner as if the taxes had been determined by the personal represen-37 38 tative. If the election pursuant to this subsection is made before the ex-39 piration of the nine-month period after the death of the decedent, interest 40shall be charged and collected commencing 10 days after notice of the tax liability has been received by the personal representative, or at the 4142 expiration of the nine-month period after the decedent's death, whichever is later. If the election pursuant to this subsection is not timely made and 43

the director shall find that the delay was not due to the circumstances set 1 2 forth in subsection (e), interest shall be charged and collected commenc-3 ing at the expiration of the nine-month period after the decedent's death. New Sec. 37. The personal representative of any decedent, the 4 $\mathbf{5}$ shares of whose estate are not taxable under the provisions of this act, 6 may obtain a determination of the director that no tax liability exists 7 thereon by filing an affidavit with the director stating that such shares of the decedent's estate are not taxable. Any such affidavit shall be in such 8 form as prescribed by the secretary to show the condition of the estate 9 10 and the shares thereof to the extent that the director may make such 11 determination. Upon being satisfied of the information contained in such 12 affidavit, the director shall issue a certificate that the shares of the de-13 cedent's estate are not taxable under the provisions of this act to the 14person making such affidavit, and when the estate is involved in pro-15ceedings before a district court, to the judge of such court for recording 16 in full in the journal of such court. Release of the lien imposed by section 42, and amendments thereto, may be provided by filing notice of release 1718 in the office of the register of deeds in any county where any such real 19 property included in the gross estate is located or, when the estate is 20 involved in proceedings before a district court, with the court. Any such 21 notice of release shall be is such form as prescribed by the secretary and 22 may include use of or reference to the certificate issued by the director or may be included as part of that certificate. 23

24New Sec. 38. (a) If the value of an interest in a closely held business 25which is included in determining the gross estate of a decedent who was, 26 at the date of death, a resident of this state, exceeds either 35% of the 27 value of the gross estate of such decedent, or 50% of the Kansas taxable 28estate of such decedent, the person filing the return pursuant to section 29 36, and amendments thereto, may elect to pay part or all of the tax im-30 posed by this act in two or more but not exceeding 10 equal installments. 31 Any such election shall be made not later than the time prescribed by 32 section 36, and amendments thereto, for filing the return of such tax and 33 shall be made in such manner as the secretary shall prescribe by rules 34 and regulations.

(b) The maximum amount of tax which may be paid in installments as provided in this section shall be an amount which bears the same ratio to the tax imposed by this act as the value of the interest in the closely held business which qualifies under subsection (a) bears to the value of the gross estate.

40 (c) For purposes of this section, the term "interest in a closely held 41 business" means:

42 (1) An interest as a proprietor in a trade or business carried on as a 43 proprietorship; 6

1 an interest as a partner in a partnership carrying on a trade or (2)2 business, if:

3 (A) Twenty percent or more of the total capital interest in such partnership is included in determining the gross estate of the decedent; or 4

(B) such partnership had 10 or less partners; 5

stock in a corporation carrying on a trade or business, if: (3)

7 Twenty percent or more in value of the voting stock of such cor- (\mathbf{A}) poration is included in determining the gross estate of the decedent; or 8 9

such corporation had 10 or less shareholders. (B)

10 For purposes of this subsection, determinations shall be made as of the 11 time immediately before the decedent's death.

For purposes of subsections (a), (b) and (h)(1), interests in two 12 (d) 13 or more closely held businesses, with respect to each of which there is 14 included in determining the value of the decedent's gross estate more 15than 50% of the total value of each such business, shall be treated as an interest in a single closely held business. 16

(e) If an election is made under subsection (a), the first installment 1718 shall be paid on or before the date prescribed by section 36, and amend-19 ments thereto, and each succeeding installment shall be paid on or before 20the date which is one year after the date prescribed by this subsection 21for payment of the preceding installment.

22 (f) If an election is made under subsection (a) to pay any part of the 23tax imposed by this act in installments and a deficiency has been assessed, 24the deficiency, subject to the limitation provided by subsection (b), shall 25be prorated to such installments. The part of the deficiency so prorated to any installment the date for payment of which has arrived shall be paid 26 27 upon notice and demand from the director. This subsection shall not apply if the deficiency is due to negligence, to intentional disregard of 2829 rules and regulations or to fraud with intent to evade tax.

30 (g) If the time for payment of any amount of tax has been extended under this section, interest at the rate prescribed by subsection (b) of 31 32 K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, on any unpaid portion of such 33 amount shall be paid annually at the same time as, and as a part of, each installment payment of the tax. Interest, on that part of a deficiency pro-34 35 rated under this section to any installment the date for payment of which 36 has not arrived, for the period before the date fixed for the last installment preceding the assessment of the deficiency, shall be paid upon notice and 37 38 demand from the director.

(h) If: (1) Aggregate withdrawals of money and other property from 39 40the trade or business, an interest in which qualifies under subsection (a), 41 made with respect to such interest, equal or exceed 50% of the value of 42 such trade or business, or (2) fifty percent or more in value of an interest in a closely held business which qualifies under subsection (a) is distrib-43

uted, sold, exchanged or otherwise disposed of, then the extension of time
 for payment of tax provided in this section shall cease to apply, and any
 unpaid portion of the tax payable in installments shall be paid upon notice
 and demand from the director.

New Sec. 39. In every case where the Kansas adjusted gross estate 56 includes the value of a transfer of property or an interest in property 7 which was made or intended to take effect in possession or enjoyment after the death of the grantor, to take effect in possession or come into 8 9 actual enjoyment after the expiration of one or more life estates or a term 10 of years, a vested estate in remainder whether conditional upon the hap-11 pening of a contingency or dependent upon the exercise of a discretion or subject to a power of appointment or otherwise, the tax on any shares 12 13 including any of such property shall be due and payable to the director 14 at the time prescribed by section 36, and amendments thereto, and such 15tax shall remain a lien upon the entire property of the respective shares until paid. Vested estates in remainder, as used herein, shall include all 16 17estates where the remainderman, being alive, would take at once if the life tenant were to die. Notwithstanding the foregoing provision, any per-18 19 sonal representative charged with such tax may elect not to pay the same 20 until the right to come into actual possession or enjoyment of such estate 21 accrues, and in such cases the person shall give bond to the state of Kansas 22 as hereinafter provided. Such bond shall be in a penal sum of 125% of 23 the amount of the tax arising from such property. The personal repre-24sentative may give to the state of Kansas a personal bond securing pay-25ment of the aggregate tax liability on all such bequests or grants. Any 26 bond given under the provisions of this section shall be conditioned for 27 the payment of such tax and interest thereon at the rate prescribed by 28subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-2968, and amendments thereto, until such 29 time or period as the distributee or the distributee's representative comes 30 into actual possession or enjoyment of such estates, but the tax may be 31 paid at any time, in which case the obligation of the bond shall be dis-32 charged. The bond shall be filed in the office of the director and shall 33 discharge the lien of such tax. Every such bond shall be renewed every 34 five years, and in default of the renewal thereof the conditions of such 35 bond shall be deemed to be broken, and the recovery of the tax secured 36 thereby may be obtained by an action on the bond without awaiting the 37 distributee or the distributee's representative to come into possession or 38 enjoyment of such estate.

New Sec. 40. (a) Upon estates or interest in expectancy which are contingent, the rates of tax imposed by this act shall be determined upon the value of such estates or interests at the time when the persons entitled thereto shall come into the beneficial enjoyment or possession thereof, without such value being diminished for or on account of any valuation

theretofore made of the particular estates for the purpose of taxation upon 1 2 which such estates or interests in expectancy may have been limited.

3 (b) In case it is desired to pay the tax upon such future estates or interests immediately, the director, with the approval of the attorney gen-4 eral, may effect such settlement of the tax as deemed in the best interests 5of the state, and the payment of the tax so agreed upon shall be in full 6 7 satisfaction of the tax lien against any such interest. In such cases the settlement may be based upon the residue of the total value of the estate 8 9 as determined at the time authorized under the provisions of section 15, 10 and amendments thereto, after the deduction therefrom of the value of 11 the particular estates upon which such future contingent interests are 12 limited.

13 New Sec. 41. (a) A personal representative holding property subject 14to tax shall deduct the tax therefrom or collect it from the distributee, 15and the personal representative shall not deliver property or a specific legacy subject to such tax until the personal representative has collected 16 17the tax thereon. A personal representative shall collect taxes due upon 18 real property which is subject to tax under the provisions hereof from the 19 heirs or devisees entitled thereto, and the personal representative may 20 be authorized to sell such real property as authorized by this section, if 21 the distributees refuse or neglect to pay such taxes. In the event the 22 distributees entitled to real property of the decedent refuse or neglect to pay the taxes thereon, the district court of the proper county may au-2324thorize the personal representative to sell the real property of a decedent 25for the payment of such tax in the same manner as it may authorize them 26 to sell real property for the payment of debts.

27 (b) Whenever a devise or grant of real property is conditioned on the 28payment of a legacy subject to the taxes imposed by this act, the distri-29 butee succeeding to such real property shall deduct the taxes due on such 30 legacy and pay it to the personal representative before paying the legacy. 31 The tax due on such legacy shall remain a lien upon the real property, or 32 the proceeds therefrom in the event of the disposition of such real prop-33 erty, until the same is paid. Payment of the tax due on such legacy may 34 be enforced by the personal representative in the same manner as the 35 payment of the legacy itself could be enforced.

36 New Sec. 42. (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), property 37 of which a decedent died seized or possessed, subject to the taxes imposed 38 by this act, in whatever form of investment it may happen to be shall be charged with a lien for all taxes and interest thereon which are or may 39 40become due on such property; but the lien shall not affect any property 41 after it has been sold or disposed of for value by the executors or admin-42 istrators in accordance with law, and no consent to transfer issued by the

director shall be required to release such lien, but in all such cases a lien 43

shall attach to the proceeds realized from any such sale or other dispo-1 2 sition for all taxes and interest thereon which are or may be due on such 3 property. That portion of the decedent's property which is used for the payment of charges against the estate and expenses of its administration, 4 allowed by any court having jurisdiction thereof, shall be divested of such 56 lien. The lien on any property subject to the inheritance tax act by virtue of the provisions of this subsection shall be divested after 10 years from 7 the date of the decedent's death. 8

9 (b) If the taxes imposed under this act are not paid when due, the 10 spouse, transferee, surviving tenant, person in possession of the property 11 by reason of the exercise, nonexercise, or release of a power of appoint-12 ment, or beneficiary, who receives, or has on the date of the decedent's 13 death, property included in the gross estate under sections 19 through 1424, and amendments thereto, and sections 26 through 28, and amend-15ments thereto, to the extent of the value of such property at the time of 16 the decedent's death shall be personally liable for such tax. Any part of 17such property transferred by, or transferred by a transferee of such 18 spouse, transferee, trustee, surviving tenant, person in possession or ben-19 eficiary to a purchaser or holder of a security interest shall be divested of 20 the lien provided for in subsection (a) and a similar lien shall then attach to all the property of such spouse, transferee, trustee, surviving tenant, 2122 person in possession, beneficiary or transferee of any such person, except 23any part transferred to a purchaser or a holder of a security interest.

24(c) Upon issuance of a receipt for taxes paid pursuant to subsection 25(d)(5) of section 36, and amendments thereto, to a personal representative 26 who has paid the taxes imposed by this act or an approved application for 27 stay filed pursuant to subsection (d)(1) of section 36, and amendments 28thereto, the personal representative shall be subrogated to the right to 29 proceed against any real or personal property in which a distribute has 30 an interest which the state might have had. The issuance of a receipt for 31 taxes paid by the director after payment of the taxes or approved appli-32 cation for stay shall be deemed an assignment by the state to the personal 33 representative of the right to proceed against the real and personal prop-34 erty in which a distributee has an interest and shall be conclusive evidence 35 thereof. A right to proceed shall arise and a lien shall be perfected to aid 36 the personal representative in the right to proceed against property of a distributee only if the personal representative files a notice of lien with 37 38 the register of deeds. The lien shall be effective only against property of 39 a distributee located in the county where the notice of lien is filed. Such 40notice of lien may be filed in any county wherein any real or personal property in which the distributee has an interest is located. The notice of 4142 lien shall be made on forms prescribed by the secretary. Upon satisfaction of the lien, a release shall be issued by such personal representative on 43

1 forms prescribed by the secretary.

2 (d) If the personal representative has requested and received a re-3 fund of taxes paid pursuant to subsection (d)(4) of section 36, and amendments thereto, or whenever the personal representative fails to collect 4 the tax pursuant to subsection (d)(4) of of section 36, and amendments 56 thereto, or is not required to pay the tax imposed by this act or the taxes 7 imposed by this act are not paid at the expiration of nine months after the death of the decedent, the director shall enforce the director's lien 8 9 by the issuance of a warrant under the director's hand and official seal, 10 directed to the sheriff of any county of the state, commanding such sheriff 11 to levy upon and sell the real and personal property of the distributee found within the sheriff's county for the payment of the amount thereof, 12 13 with the added interest and the cost of executing the warrant, and to 14return such warrant to the director and pay to the director the money 15collected by virtue thereof not more than 60 days from the date of the 16 warrant. The sheriff shall within five days after the receipt of the warrant, 17file with the clerk of the district court of the sheriff's county a copy 18 thereof, and thereupon the clerk shall enter in the appearance docket in 19 appropriate columns, the name of the distributee named in the warrant, 20 the amount of the tax or portion thereof and interest for which the warrant 21 is issued and the date such copy is filed. The amount of such warrant so 22 docketed shall thereupon become a lien upon the title to, and interest in, 23the real property of the distributee against whom it is issued in the same 24manner, as a judgment duly docketed in the office of such clerk. The 25sheriff shall proceed in the same manner and with like effect as prescribed 26 by law with respect to executions issued against property upon judgments 27 of a court of record, and shall be entitled to the same fees for the sheriff's 28services to be collected in the same manner.

29 The court in which the warrant is docketed shall have jurisdiction over 30 all subsequent proceedings as fully as though a judgment had been ren-31 dered in the court. In the discretion of the director, a warrant of like 32 terms, force and effect may be issued and directed to any officer or em-33 ployee of the director, and in the execution thereof such officer or employee shall have all the powers conferred by laws upon sheriffs, and the 34 35 subsequent proceedings thereunder shall be the same as provided where 36 the warrant is issued directly to the sheriff. The distributee shall have the 37 right to redeem the real estate within a period of 18 months from the date of such sale. If a warrant be returned, unsatisfied in full, the director 38 shall have the same remedies to enforce the claim for taxes as if the state 39 40of Kansas had recovered judgment against the distributee for the amount 41 of the tax. No law exempting any goods and chattels, land and tenements 42 from forced sale under execution shall apply to a levy and sale under any 43 such warrants or upon any execution issued upon any judgment rendered

in any action for inheritance taxes. The director shall have the right at 1 any time after the warrant has been returned unsatisfied or satisfied only 2 3 in part, to issue alias warrants until the full amount of the tax is collected. 4 New Sec. 43. No final account of a personal representative shall be

allowed by the district court unless such account shows, and the judge of 56 such court finds, that all taxes imposed by the provisions of this act upon 7 any property or interest therein belonging to the estate to be settled by such account and already payable have been paid, and that all taxes which 8 9 may become due on such estate have been paid or settled as hereinbefore 10 provided, or that the payment thereof to the state is secured by bond.

11 New Sec. 44. (a) As soon as practicable after the return is filed and 12 the taxes paid, the director shall issue a closing letter. Such closing letter 13 shall be issued upon the director being satisfied that there has been a 14final determination of all taxes due and that all such taxes have been paid. 15The director shall issue such closing letter to the personal representative, 16 and when the estate is involved in probate proceedings before a district court, a copy of such closing letter shall be forwarded to the judge of 1718 such court for recording in full in the journal of such court.

19 (b) In the event that all deemed executors do not join in the filing of 20 a return, or in the event the personal representative is unable to make a 21 complete return as to any part of the gross estate of the decedent, upon 22 the director being satisfied that a final determination of the taxes due on 23 that portion of the estate reported has been made and all taxes due 24thereon have been paid, the director shall issue a closing letter as to that 25portion of the gross estate which has actually been reported.

26 (c) The closing letter shall be applicable only to assets reported in the 27 return filed with the director. To the extent the gross assets of the de-28cedent were reported, the issuance of a closing letter shall be conclusive 29 evidence that all taxes have been determined and paid and shall release 30 any lien which attached to the decedent's property and that of any 31 deemed executor or distributee unless such lien has been subrogated, 32 assigned and perfected pursuant to section 42, and amendments thereto. 33 The closing letter may contain a legal description of the real property so 34 reported.

35 (d) Release of the lien imposed by section 42, and amendments 36 thereto, may be provided by filing notice of release in the office of the register of deeds in any county where any such real property included in 37 38 the gross estate is located or, when the estate is involved in proceedings 39 before the district court, with the court. Any such notice of release shall 40be in such form as prescribed by the secretary and may include use of or reference to the closing letter issued by the director or may be included 4142 as part of that closing letter.

New Sec. 45. (a) Assets belonging to the estate of a deceased non-43

resident, other than intangible assets of a decedent who at the time of 1 death resided in the United States but outside this state, shall not be 2 3 delivered or transferred to a foreign personal representative of such decedent without serving notice upon the director of taxation of the time 4 and place of such intended delivery or transfer at least seven days before 56 the time of such delivery or transfer. The director or the director's rep-7 resentative may examine such assets prior to the time of such delivery or transfer. Failure to serve such notice or to allow such examination or a 8 9 delivery or transfer of such assets against the objection of the director 10 shall render the person, association, or corporation making the delivery 11 or transfer liable for the payment of the tax and interest due upon such assets, in an action brought by the department of revenue in the name 12 13 of the state.

14 (b) A foreign or Kansas person, corporation, partnership or other association of persons may release or transfer intangible assets of a nonres-1516 ident decedent upon receipt of a sworn affidavit from the personal rep-17resentative of the decedent's estate, stating that the decedent was not a 18 resident of the state of Kansas at the time of the decedent's death but 19 that such decedent was a resident of another state in the United States. 20 New Sec. 46. If a distributee who has paid tax afterward surrenders 21a portion of the property on which it was paid, or if it is judicially deter-22 mined that the whole or any part of such tax ought not to have been paid, 23such tax, or the due proportion thereof, shall be repaid to the distributee 24by the personal representative.

25New Sec. 47. (a) Except as otherwise provided in this section, the 26 amount of any tax imposed by this act shall be assessed within three years 27 after the return or affidavit was filed, whether or not such return was 28filed on or after the date prescribed, or the tax as shown to be due on 29 such return was paid, whichever is the later date, and no proceedings in 30 court for the collection of such taxes shall be begun after the expiration 31 of such period. Where the assessment of any inheritance tax imposed 32 under this act has been made within the period of limitation properly 33 applicable thereto, such tax may be collected by distraint or by a proceeding in court but only if begun within one year after the period of 34 35 limitation as provided in this act. The foregoing provisions of this section 36 shall not apply in those cases where the time for the payment of the tax 37 has been extended pursuant to section 39, and amendments thereto. In 38 those cases where the director has retained jurisdiction over the estate 39 pursuant to assessment of taxes or proceedings to collect taxes may be 40made or commenced within three years after notice of the death of the 41 life tenant. In those cases where a bond has been given guaranteeing the 42 payment of the tax pursuant to section 39, and amendments thereto, assessment of taxes or proceedings for collection of the tax must be made 43

or commenced within three years after the date of the expiration of the
 last bond so given.

3 (b) For the purposes of this section, a return of tax required under 4 this act filed before the last day prescribed by law shall be deemed to be 5 filed on such last day and any tax shown to be due on such return and 6 paid before the last day prescribed by law shall be deemed to be paid on 7 such last day.

(c) In the case of a false or fraudulent return or affidavit with intent 8 9 to evade tax or in the case of failure to file a return, the tax may be 10 assessed, or a proceeding in court for collection of such tax may be begun 11 at any time. If the personal representative omits from the gross estate 12 items includable in such gross estate as exceed 25% of the gross estate 13 stated in the return or affidavit, the tax may be assessed or a proceeding 14in court for collection of such tax may be begun at any time within six 15years after the return or affidavit was filed. In determining the items omitted from the gross estate, there shall not be taken into account any 16 item which is omitted from the gross estate if such item is disclosed in 1718 the return or affidavit, in a manner adequate to apprise the director of 19 the nature and amount or such item.

(d) No refund or credit shall be allowed by the director after three
years from the date the return was filed, or one year after an assessment
is made, whichever is the later date, unless before the expiration of such
period a claim therefor is filed by the personal representative.

(e) In case a personal representative has made claim for a refund,
such personal representative shall have the right to commence a suit for
the recovery of the same at the expiration of six months after the filing
of the claim for refund, if no action has been taken by the director.

(f) Any personal representative of an estate of a decedent who has 2829 been notified of any adjustment by the internal revenue service shall 30 notify the director within 90 days of the date such adjustment is agreed 31 to or becomes final between the estate and the internal revenue service. 32 Such adjustments shall be reported by filing an amended return and a 33 copy of the revenue agent's report detailing such adjustments, along with any other statements or documents as may be necessary to explain and 34 35 support the adjustments.

36 (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) or (d), additional tax may be assessed and proceedings in court for collection of such taxes may be commenced and any refund or credit may be allowed by the director of taxation within 180 days following receipt of any such report of adjustments by the Kansas department of revenue. No assessment shall be made nor shall any refund or credit shall be allowed under the provisions of this paragraph except to the extent the same is attributable to a department of revenue is department of revenue is attributable to

43 changes in the estate due to adjustments indicated by such report.

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(2) In the event of failure to comply with the provisions of this subsection, the statute of limitations shall be tolled.

3 New Sec. 48. As soon as practicable after the return or affidavit is filed the director shall make an examination thereof and shall issue final 4 determinations of tax liability hereunder in the manner prescribed by 56 K.S.A. 79-3226, and amendments thereto. If the tax found due is less 7 than the amount paid, the excess paid shall be refunded to the personal representative who paid the tax. If the tax found due shall be greater than 8 9 the amount previously paid, or if a claim for a refund is denied, notice 10 shall be mailed to the person filing the return by registered or certified 11 mail. An order finding additional tax shall be accompanied by a notice and demand for payment. The tax shall be paid within 30 days thereafter, 12 13 together with interest on the additional tax from the date the tax was due 14 unless an appeal is taken in the manner provided by K.S.A. 74-2438, and 15amendments thereto. No additional tax shall be assessed for less than 16 \$25.

17New Sec. 49. Subject to the right of any personal representative to 18 apply for review as provided for in this act, the director shall hear and 19 determine all questions relative to such tax. The attorney for the director, 20 at the request of the director, shall represent the state in any court pro-21ceedings brought to review any action of the director. If any district court 22 shall find that any such tax remains due and that proper proceedings have 23not been taken before the director for abatement thereof, it shall order 24the personal representative to pay the same, with interest, and costs, and 25no question regarding the validity of such tax shall be heard in such court. 26 If it appears that there are no goods or assets of the estate in the personal 27 representative's hands, the court may assess the amount of the tax against 28the personal representative, as if for the personal representative's own 29 debt, and may enforce compliance with such order; but the personal 30 representatives shall be personally liable only for such taxes as shall be 31 payable while they continue in such offices or have custody or control of 32 decedent's property. In the cases where the tax is due and payable by and 33 collectible from the distributee, all actions shall be prosecuted by the 34 attorney for the director in the name of the state, and such actions may 35 be brought in the same courts as other actions for money.

New Sec. 50. The director shall pay to the state treasurer on Monday of each week the entire amount of revenue collected or received during the previous week from the tax imposed by this act less amounts withheld as provided in section 51, and amendments thereto, which amount shall be credited to the state general fund, and shall be applicable to such purposes as the legislature by law may direct.

42 New Sec. 51. A refund clearing fund, designated inheritance tax 43 abatement refund, not to exceed \$50,000 shall be set apart and main-

tained by the director of taxation from inheritance tax collections and 1 held by the state treasurer for the prompt payment of all abatements and 2 3 refunds. If the director of taxation finds that a claim for refund duly filed 4 by a personal representative pursuant to sections 36, 47 and 48, and amendments thereto, should be allowed, or if a court upon a final judg-56 ment shall find that the inheritance tax or interest paid by a personal 7 representative is in excess of the amount legally due, then the director of taxation shall issue the director's vouchers to the director of accounts and 8 9 reports for the refund to the personal representative of such tax or interest 10 together with interest provided for hereinafter. Upon receipt of such 11 voucher properly executed and endorsed, the director of accounts and reports shall issue the director's warrants to the state treasurer for the 12payment to the personal representative out of the inheritance tax abate-13 14 ment refund fund. The director of taxation shall file a duplicate of such 15voucher and also a statement which shall set forth the reasons why such 16 abatement or refund was allowed. Upon allowance of an abatement or 17refund of any tax or interest paid, interest shall be allowed and paid on 18 the amount of such abatement or refund at the rate of 12% per annum 19 from the date such tax or interest was paid to the date the refund or 20abatement of inheritance taxes is made. No refunds in an amount of less 21than \$25 shall be made.

New Sec. 52. (a) The director of taxation shall fix and charge an
amount pursuant to K.S.A. 45-218 and 45-219, and amendments thereto
for furnishing certified copies of returns or affidavits.

(b) All fees collected hereunder shall be remitted to the state treasurer at least monthly. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state
treasurer shall deposit the entire amount thereof in the state treasury and
the same shall be credited to the state general fund.

New Sec. 53. The secretary of revenue shall adopt such rules and
regulations as may be deemed necessary to carry out the purposes of this
act.

New Sec. 54. The provisions of this act shall be applicable to the
estates of all decedents dying after May 31, 2002. The provisions of K.S.A.
2001 Supp. 79-15,100 through 79-15,126, and amendments thereto, in
effect immediately before the effective date of this act shall be applicable
to the estates of all decedents dying before June 1, 2002.

New Sec. 55. (a) All reports and returns required under the provisions of the Kansas inheritance tax act shall be preserved for three years
and thereafter until the director of taxation orders them to be destroyed.

40 (b) Except in accordance with proper judicial order, or as provided 41 in subsection (c) of this section, subsection (g) of K.S.A. 17-7511, and 42 amendments thereto, or 46-1106, and amendments thereto, it shall be 43 unlauful for the director of tavation, or any deputy, agent, alork or other

43 unlawful for the director of taxation, or any deputy, agent, clerk or other

officer, employee or former employee of the department of revenue or 1 2 any other state officer or employee or former state officer or employee 3 to divulge, or to make known in any way, the value of any estate or any particulars set forth or disclosed in any report, return, federal return or 4 federal return information required under the provisions of the Kansas 56 inheritance tax act; and it shall be unlawful for the director of taxation, 7 any deputy, agent, clerk of other officer or employee of the department of revenue engaged in the administration of the Kansas inheritance tax 8 9 act to engage in the business or profession of tax accounting or to accept 10 employment, with or without consideration, from any person, firm or 11 corporation for the purpose, directly or indirectly, of preparing tax returns or reports required by the laws of the state of Kansas, by any other state 12or by the United States government, or to accept any employment for 13 14 the purpose of advising, preparing material or data, or the auditing of 15books or records to be used in an effort to defeat or cancel any tax or 16 part thereof that has been assessed by the state of Kansas, any other state 17or by the United States government.

18 (c) Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit the publication of 19 statistics, so classified as to prevent the identification of particular reports 20 or returns and the items thereof, or the inspection of returns by the attorney general or other legal representatives of the state. Nothing in 2122 this section shall prohibit the post auditor from access to all inheritance 23tax reports or returns in accordance with and subject to the provisions of 24subsection (g) of K.S.A. 46-1106, and amendments thereto. Nothing in 25this section shall be construed to prohibit the disclosure of the taxpayer's 26 name, social security number, last known address and total tax liability, 27 including penalty and interest, from inheritance tax returns to a debt 28collection agency contracting with the secretary of revenue pursuant to 29 K.S.A. 75-5140 to 75-5143, inclusive, and amendments thereto. Any per-30 son receiving any information under the provisions of this subsection shall 31 be subject to the confidentiality provisions of subsection (b) of this section 32 and to the penalty provisions of subsection (d) of this section.

(d) Any violation of subsections (b) or (c) of this section shall be a
class B misdemeanor; and if the offender be an officer or employee of
the state, such officer or employee shall be dismissed from office.

(e) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the secretary of revenue may permit the commissioner of internal revenue of the United States, or the proper official of any state imposing an inheritance tax, or the authorized representative of either, to inspect the inheritance tax returns made under the provisions of the Kansas inheritance tax act and the secretary of revenue may make available or furnish to the taxing officials of any other state or the commissioner of internal revenue of the

43 United States or other taxing officials of the federal government, or their

38

1	authorized representatives, information contained in inheritance	e tax re-
2	ports or returns or any audit thereof or the report of any inve	
3	made with respect thereto, filed pursuant to the Kansas inheri	
4	act, as the secretary may consider proper, but such information	
5	be used for any other purpose than that of the administration of	
6	laws of such state, the state of Kansas or of the United States.	
7	(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, the inher	tance tax
8	return filed with respect to the estate of a decedent, upon writter	
9	shall be open to inspection by or disclosure to: (1) The admi	
10	executor or trustee of such decedent's estate, and (2) any heir at	
11	of kin or beneficiary under the will of such decedent or a done	
12	tributee of the decedent's property, but only if the secretary of	
13	finds that such heir at law, next of kin, beneficiary, donee or di	
14	has a material interest which will be affected by information of	
15	therein.	
16	New Sec. 56. The title of sections 1 through 56, and ame	endments
17	thereto, shall be the Kansas inheritance tax act.	
18	Sec. 57. K.S.A. 40-252 is hereby amended to read as follows	s: 40-252.
19	Every insurance company or fraternal benefit society organized u	
20	laws of this state or doing business in this state shall pay to the	
21	sioner of insurance fees and taxes specified in the following sch	
22	A	
23	Insurance companies organized under the laws of this state:	
24	1. Capital stock insurance companies and mutual legal reserve life insurance of	companies:
25	Filing application for sale of stock or certificates of indebtedness	\$25
26	Admission fees:	
27	Examination of charter and other documents	500
28	Filing annual statement	100
29	Certificate of authority	10
30	Annual fees:	
31	Filing annual statement	100
32	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
33	2. Mutual life, accident and health associations:	
34	Admission fees:	
35	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
36	Filing annual statement	100
37	Certificate of authority	10
38	Annual fees:	
39	Filing annual statement	100
40	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
41	3. Mutual fire, hail, casualty and multiple line insurers and reciprocal or inte	erinsurance
42	exchanges:	
49		

43 Admission fees:

Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
Filing annual statement	100
Certificate of authority	10
Annual fees:	
Filing annual statement	100
Continuation of certificate of authority	10
In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to t	he con-
tinuation of the certificate of authority provided in this code,	all such
	Filing annual statement Certificate of authority Annual fees: Filing annual statement Continuation of certificate of authority In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to t

9 companies shall pay a fee of \$2 for each agent certified by the company 10 and shall also pay a tax annually upon all premiums received on risk lo-11 cated in this state at the rate of 1% for tax year 1997, and 2% 2.55% for 12 tax year 2002, and for all tax years thereafter per annum less (1) for tax years prior to 1984, any taxes paid on business in this state pursuant to 13 14the provisions of K.S.A. 40-1701 to 40-1707, inclusive, and 75-1508 and 15amendments thereto and (2) for tax years 1984 and thereafter, any taxes 16 paid on business in this state pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-1508 17and amendments thereto and the amount of the firefighters relief tax 18credit determined by the commissioner of insurance. The amount of the 19 firefighters relief tax credit for a company for the current tax year shall 20 be determined by the commissioner of insurance by dividing (A) the total 21 amount of credits against the tax imposed by this section for taxes paid 22 by all such companies on business in this state under K.S.A. 40-1701 to 2340-1707, inclusive, and amendments thereto for tax year 1983, by (B) the 24total amount of taxes paid by all such companies on business in this state 25under K.S.A. 40-1703 and amendments thereto for the tax year imme-26 diately preceding the current tax year, and by multiplying the result so 27 obtained by (C) the amount of taxes paid by the company on business in 28this state under K.S.A. 40-1703 and amendments thereto for the current 29 tax year.

30 In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies shall be 31 entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancellations, 32 including funds accepted before January 1, 1997, and declared and taxed 33 as annuity premiums which, on or after January 1, 1997, are withdrawn 34 before application to the purchase of annuities, all premiums received for 35 reinsurance from any other company authorized to do business in this 36 state, dividends returned to policyholders and premiums received in con-37 nection with the funding of a pension, deferred compensation, annuity 38 or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under sections 401, 403, 404, 39 408, 457 or 501 of the United States internal revenue code of 1986. Funds 40received by life insurers for the purchase of annuity contracts and funds applied by life insurers to the purchase of annuities shall not be deemed 4142 taxable premiums or be subject to tax under this section for tax years 43 commencing on or after January 1, 1997.

1	В	
2	Fraternal benefit societies organized under the laws of this state:	
3	Admission fees:	
4	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
5	Filing annual statement	100
6	Certificate of authority	10
7	Annual fees:	
8	Filing annual statement	100
9	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
10	С	
11	Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations, nonprofit medical service corpo	orations, non-
12	profit dental service corporations, nonprofit optometric service corporati	ons and non-
13	profit pharmacy service corporations organized under the laws of this stat	<i>e</i> :
14	1. Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations:	
15	Admission fees:	
16	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
17	Filing annual statement	100
18	Certificate of authority	10
19	Annual fees:	
20	Filing annual statement	100
21	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
22	2. Nonprofit medical service corporations:	
23	Admission fees:	
24	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
25	Filing annual statement	100
26	Certificate of authority	10
27	Annual fees:	
28	Filing annual statement	100
29	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
30	3. Nonprofit dental service corporations:	
31	Admission fees:	
32	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
33	Filing annual statement	100
34	Certificate of authority	10
35	Annuale fees:	
36	Filing annual statement	100
37	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
38	4. Nonprofit optometric service corporations:	
39	Admission fees:	
40	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
41	Filing annual statement	\$500 100
42	Certificate of authority	100
43	Annual fees:	10
10		

1	Filing annual statement	100
2	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
3	5. Nonprofit pharmacy service corporations:	
4	Admission fees:	
5	Examination of charter and other documents	\$500
6	Filing annual statement	100
7	Certificate of authority	10
8	Annual fees:	10
9	Filing annual statement	100
10	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
11	In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to the	
12	tinuation of the certificate of authority, provided in this code, ever	
13	poration or association shall pay annually to the commissioner of	
14	ance a tax in an amount equal to $\frac{1\%}{1\%}$ for tax year 1997, and $\frac{2\%}{2.55}$	
15	tax year 2002, and for all tax years thereafter per annum of the to	
16	all premiums, subscription charges, or any other term which may be	
17	to describe the charges made by such corporation or association to	
18	scribers for hospital, medical or other health services or indemni	
19	ceived during the preceding year. In such computations all such o	
20	rations or associations shall be entitled to deduct any premiu	
21	subscription charges returned on account of cancellations and dividends	
22	returned to members or subscribers.	
23	D	
24	Insurance companies organized under the laws of any other state, territory or cou	intry:
25	1. Capital stock insurance companies and mutual legal reserve life insurance com	
26	Filing application for sale of stock or certificates of indebtedness	\$25
27	Admission fees:	
28	Examination of charter and other documents	500
29	Filing annual statement	100
30	Certificate of authority	10
31	Annual fees:	
32	Filing annual statement	100
33	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
34	In addition to the above fees all such companies shall pay \$5 for	r each
35	agent certified by the company, except as otherwise provided by la	ıw.
36	As a condition precedent to the continuation of the certificate	of au-
37	thority, provided in this code, every company organized under the	e laws
38	of any other state of the United States or of any foreign country sha	ıll pay
39	a tax upon all premiums received during the preceding year at th	e rate
40	of 2% 2.55% per annum for tax year 2002, and all tax years therea	ıfter.
41	In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies sh	
42	entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancella	ations,

43 including funds accepted before January 1, 1997, and declared and taxed

42

1	as annuity premiums which, on or after January 1, 1997, are withdrawn
2	before application to the purchase of annuities, dividends returned to
3	policyholders and all premiums received for reinsurance from any other
4	company authorized to do business in this state and premiums received
5	in connection with the funding of a pension, deferred compensation, an-
6	nuity or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under sections 401, 403,
7	404, 408, 457 or 501 of the United States internal revenue code of 1986.
8	Funds received by life insurers for the purchase of annuity contracts and
9	funds applied by life insurers to the purchase of annuities shall not be
10	deemed taxable premiums or be subject to tax under this section for tax
11	years commencing on or after January 1, 1997.
12	2. Mutual life, accident and health associations:
13	Admission fees:
14	Examination of charter and other documents \$500
15	Filing annual statement 100
16	Certificate of authority 10
17	Annual fees:
18	Filing annual statement 100
19	Continuation of certificate of authority 10
20	In addition to the above fees, every such company organized under the
21	laws of any other state of the United States shall pay \$5 for each agent
22	certified by the company, and shall pay a tax annually upon all premiums
23	received at the rate of $\frac{2\%}{2.55\%}$ per annum for tax year 2002, and all
24	tax years thereafter.
25	In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies shall be
26	entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancellations,
27	including funds accepted before January 1, 1997, and declared and taxed
28	as annuity premiums which, on or after January 1, 1997, are withdrawn
29	before application to the purchase of annuities, dividends returned to
30	policyholders and all premiums received for reinsurance from any other
31	company authorized to do business in this state and premiums received
32	in connection with the funding of a pension, deferred compensation, an-
33	nuity or profit-sharing plan qualified or exempt under sections 401, 403,
34	404, 408, 457 or 501 of the United States internal revenue code of 1986.
35	Funds received by life insurers for the purchase of annuity contracts and
36	funds applied by life insurers to the purchase of annuities shall not be
37	deemed taxable premiums or be subject to tax under this section for tax
38	years commencing on or after January 1, 1997.
39	3. Mutual fire, casualty and multiple line insurers and reciprocal or interinsurance ex-

40 changes:

40	changes:
41	Admission fees:
42	Examination of charter and other documents and issuance of certificate
12	of outbourter

43	of authority		\$500
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1	Filing annual statement	100
	Certificate of authority	10
	Annual fees:	
4	Filing annual statement	100
	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
	In addition to the above fees, every such company or associ	ation or-

7 ganized under the laws of any other state of the United States shall pay
8 a fee of \$5 for each agent certified by the company and shall also pay a
9 tax annually upon all premiums received at the rate of 2% 2.55% per
10 annum for tax year 2002, and all tax years thereafter.

11 For tax years 1998 and thereafter, the annual tax shall be reduced by 12 the "applicable percentage" of (1) any taxes paid on business in this state 13 pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 75-1508 and amendments thereto 14 and (2) the amount of the firefighters relief tax credit determined by the 15commissioner of insurance. The amount of the firefighters relief tax credit 16 for a company taxable under this subsection for the current tax year shall 17be determined by the commissioner of insurance by dividing (A) the total 18 amount of taxes paid by all such companies on business in this state under 19 K.S.A. 40-1701 to 40-1707 and amendments thereto for tax year 1983 as 20then in effect, by (B) the total amount of taxes paid by all such companies 21 on business in this state under K.S.A. 40-1703 and amendments thereto 22 for the tax year immediately preceding the current tax year, and by multiplying the result so obtained by (C) the amount of taxes paid by the 2324company on business in this state under K.S.A. 40-1703 and amendments 25thereto for the current tax year. The "applicable percentage" shall be as 26 follows:

27	Tax Year	Applicable Percentage
28	1998	10%
29	1999	20%
30	2000	30%
31	2001	40%
32	2002	50%
33	2003	60%
34	2004	70%
35	2005	80%
36	2006	90%
37	2007 and thereafter	100%
-		

In the computation of the gross premiums all such companies shall be entitled to deduct any premiums returned on account of cancellations, all premiums received for reinsurance from any other company authorized

41 to do business in this state, and dividends returned to policyholders.

- 42
- 43

1	Е	
2	Fraternal benefit societies organized under the laws of any other state, territory or count	try:
3	Admission fees:	
4	Examination of charter and other documents\$	500
5	Filing annual statement	00
6	Certificate of authority	10
7	Annual fees:	
8	Filing annual statement	00
9	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
10	F	
11	Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations, nonprofit medical service corporations, no	
12	profit dental service corporations, nonprofit optometric service corporations and ne	on-
13	profit pharmacy service corporations organized under the laws of any other state, t	er-
14	ritory or country:	
15	1. Mutual nonprofit hospital service corporations:	
16	Admission fees:	
17	Examination of charter and other documents\$	500
18	Filing annual statement	00
19	Certificate of authority	10
20	Annual fees:	
21	Filing annual statement	00
22	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
23	2. Nonprofit medical service corporations, nonprofit dental service corporations, nonpro	ofit
24	optometric service corporations and nonprofit pharmacy service corporations:	
25	Admission fees:	
26		500
27	Filing annual statement 1	00
28	Certificate of authority	10
29	Annual fees:	
30	8	00
31	Continuation of certificate of authority	10
32	In addition to the above fees and as a condition precedent to the co	
33	tinuation of the certificate of authority, provided in this code, every co	
34	poration or association shall pay annually to the commissioner of insu	
35	ance a tax in an amount equal to $\frac{2\%}{2.55\%}$ per annum for tax year 200	
36	and all tax years thereafter, of the total of all premiums, subscripti	
37	charges, or any other term which may be used to describe the charge	
38	made by such corporation or association to subscribers in this state f	
39	hospital, medical or other health services or indemnity received duri	
40	the preceding year. In such computations all such corporations or ass	
41	ciations shall be entitled to deduct any premiums or subscription charg	
42	returned on account of cancellations and dividends returned to member	ers

43 or subscribers.

1

29

G Payment of Taxes.

3 For the purpose of insuring the collection of the tax upon premiums, 4 assessments and charges as set out in subsection A, C, D or F, every insurance company, corporation or association shall at the time it files its 56 annual statement, as required by the provisions of K.S.A. 40-225, and 7 amendments thereto, make a return, verified by affidavits of its president and secretary or other chief officers, to the commissioner of insurance, 8 9 stating the amount of all premiums, assessments and charges received by 10 the companies or corporations in this state, whether in cash or notes, 11 during the year ending on the December 31 next preceding.

12 Commencing in 1985 and annually thereafter the estimated taxes shall 13 be paid as follows: On or before June 15 and December 15 of such year 14 an amount equal to 50% of the full amount of the prior year's taxes as 15reported by the company shall be remitted to the commissioner of insurance. As used in this paragraph, "prior year's taxes" includes (1) taxes 16 17assessed pursuant to this section for the prior calendar year, (2) fees and 18 taxes assessed pursuant to K.S.A. 40-253, and amendments thereto, for 19 the prior calendar year, and (3) taxes paid for maintenance of the de-20partment of the state fire marshal pursuant to K.S.A. 75-1508, and 21amendments thereto, for the prior calendar year.

22 Upon the receipt of such returns the commissioner of insurance shall 23 verify the same and assess the taxes upon such companies, corporations 24or associations on the basis and at the rate provided herein and the bal-25ance of such taxes shall thereupon become due and payable giving credit 26 for amounts paid pursuant to the preceding paragraph, or the commis-27 sioner shall make a refund if the taxes paid in the prior June and Decem-28ber are in excess of the taxes assessed.

30 The fee prescribed for the examination of charters and other docu-31 ments shall apply to each company's initial application for admission and 32 shall not be refundable for any reason.

33 Sec. 58. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-1107 is hereby amended to read as 34 follows: 79-1107. Every national banking association and state bank lo-35 cated or doing business within the state shall pay to the state for the 36 privilege of doing business within the state a tax according to or measured 37 by its net income for the next preceding taxable year to be computed as 38 provided in this act. Such tax shall consist of a normal tax and a surtax 39 and shall be computed as follows:

(a) The normal tax shall be an amount equal to $\frac{21/4\%}{3.25\%}$ of such 4041 net income; and

42 (b) the surtax shall be an amount equal to $\frac{21}{80}$ 3.25% of such net income in excess of \$25,000 \$50,000. 43

2

The tax levied shall be in lieu of ad valorem taxes which might otherwise 1 2 be imposed by the state or political subdivisions thereof upon shares of 3 capital stock or the intangible assets of national banking associations and 4 state banks. Sec. 59. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-1108 is hereby amended to read as 56 follows: 79-1108. Every trust company and savings and loan association 7 located or doing business within the state shall pay to the state for the privilege of doing business within the state a tax according to or measured 8 9 by its net income for the next preceding taxable year to be computed as 10 provided in this act. Such tax shall consist of a normal tax and a surtax 11 and shall be computed as follows:

12 (a) The normal tax on every trust company and savings and loan as-13 sociation shall be an amount equal to $\frac{2144\%}{2.25\%}$ of such net income; 14 and

15 (b) the surtax on every trust company and savings and loan association 16 shall be an amount equal to $\frac{21/4\%}{3.25\%}$ of such net income in excess of 17 $\frac{$25,000}{50,000}$.

The tax levied shall be in lieu of ad valorem taxes which might otherwise be imposed by the state or political subdivision thereof upon shares of capital stock or other intangible assets of trust companies and savings and loan associations.

Sec. 60. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-32,110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,110. (a) *Resident Individuals*. Except as otherwise provided by subsection (a) of K.S.A. 79-3220, and amendments thereto, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of every resident individual, which tax shall be computed in accordance with the following tax schedules:

28 (1) Married individuals filing joint returns.

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
29	If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
30	Not over \$30,000	3.5% of Kansas taxable income
31	Over \$30,000 but not over \$60,000	\$1,050 plus 6.25% of excess over \$30,000
32	Over \$60,000	\$2,925 plus 6.45% of excess over \$60,000
33	Over \$60,000 but not over \$110,000	\$2,925 plus 6.45% of excess over \$60,000
34	Over \$110,000 but not over \$240,000	\$6,150 plus 7% of excess over \$110,000
35	Over \$240,000	\$15,250 plus 7.5% of excess over \$240,000
36	(2) All other individuals.	
37	(A) For tax year 1997:	
38	If the taxable income is.	The tax is.
39	Not over \$20,000	4.1% of Kansas taxable income
40	Over \$20,000 but not over \$30,000	\$820 plus 7.5% of excess over \$20,000
41	Over \$30,000	\$1,570 plus 7.75% of excess over \$30,000
42	<u>(B)</u> For tax year 1998, and all ta	x years thereafter:

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1	If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
2	Not over \$15,000	3.5% of Kansas taxable income
3	Over \$15,000 but not over \$30,000	\$525 plus 6.25% of excess over \$15,000
4	Over \$30,000	\$1,462.50 plus 6.45% of excess over \$30,000
5	Over \$30,000 but not over \$55,000	\$1,462.50 plus 6.45% of excess over \$30,000
6	Over \$55,000 but not over \$120,000	\$3,075 plus 7% of excess over \$55,000
7	Over \$120,000	\$7,625 plus 7.5% of excess over \$120,000
8	(b) Nonresident Individuals A to	wis hereby imposed upon the Kansas

(b) Nonresident Individuals. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas 8 9 taxable income of every nonresident individual, which tax shall be an 10 amount equal to the tax computed under subsection (a) as if the nonres-11 ident were a resident multiplied by the ratio of modified Kansas source 12 income to Kansas adjusted gross income.

13 Corporations. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable (c) 14 income of every corporation doing business within this state or deriving 15income from sources within this state. Such tax shall consist of a normal 16 tax and a surtax and shall be computed as follows:

17The normal tax shall be in an amount equal to 4% of the Kansas (1)18taxable income of such corporation; and

19(2)the surtax shall be in an amount equal to $\frac{3.35\%}{4\%}$ 4% of the Kansas 20taxable income of such corporation in excess of \$50,000.

21 Fiduciaries. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable (d) 22 income of estates and trusts at the rates provided in paragraph (2) of 23subsection (a) hereof.

24New Sec. 61. The provisions of sections 58 through 60, and amend-25ments thereto, shall be applicable to all taxable years commencing after 26 December 31, 2001.

27 Sec. 62. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3603 is 28hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3603. For the privilege of engaging 29 in the business of selling tangible personal property at retail in this state 30 or rendering or furnishing any of the services taxable under this act, there 31 is hereby levied and there shall be collected and paid a tax at the rate of 32 4.9% 5.65% and, within a redevelopment district established pursuant to 33 K.S.A. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, there is hereby levied and 34 there shall be collected and paid an additional tax at the rate of 2% until 35 the earlier of the date the bonds issued to finance or refinance the re-36 development project have been paid in full or the final scheduled maturity 37 of the first series of bonds issued to finance any part of the project upon:

38 (a) The gross receipts received from the sale of tangible personal 39 property at retail within this state;

40(b) (1) the gross receipts from intrastate telephone or telegraph serv-41 ices; (2) the gross receipts received from the sale of interstate telephone 42 or telegraph services, which (A) originate within this state and terminate 43 outside the state and are billed to a customer's telephone number or

account in this state; or (B) originate outside this state and terminate 1 2 within this state and are billed to a customer's telephone number or ac-3 count in this state except that the sale of interstate telephone or telegraph service does not include: (A) Any interstate incoming or outgoing wide 4 area telephone service or wide area transmission type service which en-56 titles the subscriber to make or receive an unlimited number of com-7 munications to or from persons having telephone service in a specified 8 area which is outside the state in which the station provided this service 9 is located; (B) any interstate private communications service to the per-10 sons contracting for the receipt of that service that entitles the purchaser 11 to exclusive or priority use of a communications channel or group of channels between exchanges; (C) any value-added nonvoice service in 12 13 which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, con-14 tent, code or protocol of the information to be transmitted; (D) any tel-15ecommunication service to a provider of telecommunication services which will be used to render telecommunications services, including car-16 17rier access services; or (E) any service or transaction defined in this sec-18 tion among entities classified as members of an affiliated group as pro-19 vided by section 1504 of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, as in 20 effect on January 1, 2001. For the purposes of this subsection the term 21gross receipts does not include purchases of telephone, telegraph or tel-22 ecommunications using a prepaid telephone calling card or prepaid au-23 thorization number. As used in this subsection, a prepaid telephone call-24ing card or prepaid authorization number means the right to exclusively 25make telephone calls, paid for in advance, with the prepaid value meas-26 ured in minutes or other time units, that enables the origination of calls 27 using an access number or authorization code or both, whether manually or electronically dialed; and (3) the gross receipts from the provision of 2829 services taxable under this subsection which are billed on a combined 30 basis with nontaxable services, shall be accounted for and the tax remitted 31 as follows: The taxable portion of the selling price of those combined 32 services shall include only those charges for taxable services if the selling 33 price for the taxable services can be readily distinguishable in the retailer's books and records from the selling price for the nontaxable services. Oth-34 35 erwise, the gross receipts from the sale of both taxable and nontaxable 36 services billed on a combined basis shall be deemed attributable to the 37 taxable services included therein. Within 90 days of billing taxable services on a combined basis with nontaxable services, the retailer shall enter into 38 a written agreement with the secretary identifying the methodology to be 39 40used in determining the taxable portion of the selling price of those com-41 bined services. The burden of proving that any receipt or charge is not 42 taxable shall be upon the retailer. Upon request from the customer, the retailer shall disclose to the customer the selling price for the taxable 43

services included in the selling price for the taxable and nontaxable serv ices billed on a combined basis;

3 (c) the gross receipts from the sale or furnishing of gas, water, electricity and heat, which sale is not otherwise exempt from taxation under 4 the provisions of this act, and whether furnished by municipally or pri-56 vately owned utilities but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon 7 the gross receipts from: (1) The sale of a rural water district benefit unit; (2) a water system impact fee, system enhancement fee or similar fee 8 9 collected by a water supplier as a condition for establishing service; or (3)10 connection or reconnection fees collected by a water supplier;

(d) the gross receipts from the sale of meals or drinks furnished at
any private club, drinking establishment, catered event, restaurant, eating
house, dining car, hotel, drugstore or other place where meals or drinks
are regularly sold to the public;

15 (e) the gross receipts from the sale of admissions to any place providing amusement, entertainment or recreation services including admissions to state, county, district and local fairs, but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts received from sales of admissions to any cultural and historical event which occurs triennially;

(f) the gross receipts from the operation of any coin-operated device
 dispensing or providing tangible personal property, amusement or other
 services except laundry services, whether automatic or manually operated;

(g) the gross receipts from the service of renting of rooms by hotels,
as defined by K.S.A. 36-501 and amendments thereto, or by accommodation brokers, as defined by K.S.A. 12-1692, and amendments thereto;

26 (h) the gross receipts from the service of renting or leasing of tangible 27 personal property except such tax shall not apply to the renting or leasing 28of machinery, equipment or other personal property owned by a city and 29 purchased from the proceeds of industrial revenue bonds issued prior to 30 July 1, 1973, in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 12-1740 through 31 12-1749, and amendments thereto, and any city or lessee renting or leas-32 ing such machinery, equipment or other personal property purchased 33 with the proceeds of such bonds who shall have paid a tax under the 34 provisions of this section upon sales made prior to July 1, 1973, shall be 35 entitled to a refund from the sales tax refund fund of all taxes paid 36 thereon:

(i) the gross receipts from the rendering of dry cleaning, pressing,
dyeing and laundry services except laundry services rendered through a
coin-operated device whether automatic or manually operated;

(j) the gross receipts from the rendering of the services of washingand washing and waxing of vehicles;

42 (k) the gross receipts from cable, community antennae and other sub-43 scriber radio and television services; 1 (l) (1) except as otherwise provided by paragraph (2), the gross re-2 ceipts received from the sales of tangible personal property to all con-3 tractors, subcontractors or repairmen for use by them in erecting struc-4 tures, or building on, or otherwise improving, altering, or repairing real 5 or personal property.

6 (2) Any such contractor, subcontractor or repairman who maintains 7 an inventory of such property both for sale at retail and for use by them 8 for the purposes described by paragraph (1) shall be deemed a retailer 9 with respect to purchases for and sales from such inventory, except that 10 the gross receipts received from any such sale, other than a sale at retail, 11 shall be equal to the total purchase price paid for such property and the 12 tax imposed thereon shall be paid by the deemed retailer;

13 (m) the gross receipts received from fees and charges by public and 14 private clubs, drinking establishments, organizations and businesses for 15participation in sports, games and other recreational activities, but such 16 tax shall not be levied and collected upon the gross receipts received from: 17(1) Fees and charges by any political subdivision, by any organization 18 exempt from property taxation pursuant to paragraph Ninth of K.S.A. 79-19 201, and amendments thereto, or by any youth recreation organization 20 exclusively providing services to persons 18 years of age or younger which 21is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of 22 the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for participation in sports, 23games and other recreational activities; and (2) entry fees and charges for 24participation in a special event or tournament sanctioned by a national 25sporting association to which spectators are charged an admission which 26 is taxable pursuant to subsection (e);

27 (n) the gross receipts received from dues charged by public and pri-28vate clubs, drinking establishments, organizations and businesses, pay-29 ment of which entitles a member to the use of facilities for recreation or 30 entertainment, but such tax shall not be levied and collected upon the 31 gross receipts received from: (1) Dues charged by any organization ex-32 empt from property taxation pursuant to paragraphs Eighth and Ninth of 33 K.S.A. 79-201, and amendments thereto; and (2) sales of memberships 34 in a nonprofit organization which is exempt from federal income taxation 35 pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 36 1986, and whose purpose is to support the operation of a nonprofit zoo; 37 the gross receipts received from the isolated or occasional sale of $(\mathbf{0})$ 38 motor vehicles or trailers but not including: (1) The transfer of motor 39 vehicles or trailers by a person to a corporation or limited liability com-40pany solely in exchange for stock securities or membership interest in such corporation or limited liability company; or (2) the transfer of motor 41vehicles or trailers by one corporation or limited liability company to 42 another when all of the assets of such corporation or limited liability 43

company are transferred to such other corporation or limited liability 1 company; or (3) the sale of motor vehicles or trailers which are subject 2 3 to taxation pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq., and 4 amendments thereto, by an immediate family member to another immediate family member. For the purposes of clause (3), immediate family 56 member means lineal ascendants or descendants, and their spouses. In 7 determining the base for computing the tax on such isolated or occasional sale, the fair market value of any motor vehicle or trailer traded in by the 8 9 purchaser to the seller may be deducted from the selling price;

10 (p) the gross receipts received for the service of installing or applying 11 tangible personal property which when installed or applied is not being 12 held for sale in the regular course of business, and whether or not such 13 tangible personal property when installed or applied remains tangible 14 personal property or becomes a part of real estate, except that no tax shall 15be imposed upon the service of installing or applying tangible personal 16 property in connection with the original construction of a building or 17facility, the original construction, reconstruction, restoration, remodeling, 18 renovation, repair or replacement of a residence or the construction, re-19 construction, restoration, replacement or repair of a bridge or highway. 20For the purposes of this subsection:

21 "Original construction" shall mean the first or initial construction (1)22 of a new building or facility. The term "original construction" shall include 23the addition of an entire room or floor to any existing building or facility, 24the completion of any unfinished portion of any existing building or fa-25cility and the restoration, reconstruction or replacement of a building or 26 facility damaged or destroyed by fire, flood, tornado, lightning, explosion 27 or earthquake, but such term, except with regard to a residence, shall not 28include replacement, remodeling, restoration, renovation or reconstruc-29 tion under any other circumstances;

(2) "building" shall mean only those enclosures within which individuals customarily are employed, or which are customarily used to house
machinery, equipment or other property, and including the land improvements immediately surrounding such building;

(3) "facility" shall mean a mill, plant, refinery, oil or gas well, water
well, feedlot or any conveyance, transmission or distribution line of any
cooperative, nonprofit, membership corporation organized under or subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 17-4601 et seq., and amendments thereto,
or of any municipal or quasi-municipal corporation, including the land
improvements immediately surrounding such facility; and

40 (4) "residence" shall mean only those enclosures within which indi-41 viduals customarily live;

(q) the gross receipts received for the service of repairing, servicing,
 altering or maintaining tangible personal property, except computer soft-

ware described in subsection (s), which when such services are rendered 1 is not being held for sale in the regular course of business, and whether 2 3 or not any tangible personal property is transferred in connection therewith. The tax imposed by this subsection shall be applicable to the services 4 of repairing, servicing, altering or maintaining an item of tangible personal 5property which has been and is fastened to, connected with or built into 6 7 real property;

(r) the gross receipts from fees or charges made under service or 8 9 maintenance agreement contracts for services, charges for the providing 10 of which are taxable under the provisions of subsection (p) or (q);

11 (s) the gross receipts received from the sale of computer software, 12 and the sale of the services of modifying, altering, updating or maintaining 13 computer software. As used in this subsection, "computer software" 14 means information and directions loaded into a computer which dictate 15different functions to be performed by the computer. Computer software includes any canned or prewritten program which is held or existing for 16 general or repeated sale, even if the program was originally developed 1718 for a single end user as custom computer software. The sale of computer 19 software or services does not include: (1) The initial sale of any custom 20 computer program which is originally developed for the exclusive use of 21a single end user; or (2) those services rendered in the modification of 22 computer software when the modification is developed exclusively for a single end user only to the extent of the modification and only to the 2324extent that the actual amount charged for the modification is separately 25stated on invoices, statements and other billing documents provided to 26 the end user. The services of modification, alteration, updating and main-27 tenance of computer software shall only include the modification, alter-28ation, updating and maintenance of computer software taxable under this 29 subsection whether or not the services are actually provided;

30 (t) the gross receipts received for telephone answering services, in-31 cluding mobile phone services, beeper services and other similar services; 32 (u) the gross receipts received from the sale of prepaid telephone 33 calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers and the recharge of such 34 cards or numbers. A prepaid telephone calling card or prepaid authori-35 zation number means the right to exclusively make telephone calls, paid 36 for in advance, with the prepaid value measured in minutes or other time 37 units, that enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code or both, whether manually or electronically dialed. If 38 the sale or recharge of such card or number does not take place at the 39 40vendor's place of business, it shall be conclusively determined to take place at the customer's shipping address; if there is no item shipped then 4142 it shall be the customer's billing address; and

(v) the gross receipts received from the sales of bingo cards, bingo 43

faces and instant bingo tickets by licensees under K.S.A. 79-4701, et seq.,
and amendments thereto, shall be taxed at a rate of: (1) 4.9% on July 1,
2000, and before July 1, 2001; and (2) 2.5% on July 1, 2001, and before
July 1, 2002. From and after July 1, 2002, all sales of bingo cards, bingo
faces and instant bingo tickets by licensees under K.S.A. 79-4701 et seq.,
and amendments thereto, shall be exempt from taxes imposed pursuant
to this section.

Sec. 63. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3606 is
hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3606. The following shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this act:

11 All sales of motor-vehicle fuel or other articles upon which a sales (a) 12 or excise tax has been paid, not subject to refund, under the laws of this state except cigarettes as defined by K.S.A. 79-3301 and amendments 13 14 thereto, cereal malt beverages and malt products as defined by K.S.A. 79-153817 and amendments thereto, including wort, liquid malt, malt syrup 16 and malt extract, which is not subject to taxation under the provisions of 17K.S.A. 79-41a02 and amendments thereto, motor vehicles taxed pursuant 18to K.S.A. 79-5117, and amendments thereto, tires taxed pursuant to 19 K.S.A. 65-3424d, and amendments thereto, and drycleaning and laundry 20 services taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 65-34,150, and amendments 21thereto;

22 (b) all sales of tangible personal property or service, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by 23 24the state of Kansas, a political subdivision thereof, other than a school or 25educational institution, or purchased by a public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority or nonprofit blood, tissue or organ bank 26 27 and used exclusively for state, political subdivision, hospital or public hos-28pital authority or nonprofit blood, tissue or organ bank purposes, except 29 when: (1) Such state, hospital or public hospital authority is engaged or 30 proposes to engage in any business specifically taxable under the provi-31 sions of this act and such items of tangible personal property or service 32 are used or proposed to be used in such business, or (2) such political 33 subdivision is engaged or proposes to engage in the business of furnishing 34 gas, electricity or heat to others and such items of personal property or 35 service are used or proposed to be used in such business;

36 (c) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the 37 renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by 38 a public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private 39 nonprofit educational institution and used primarily by such school or 40institution for nonsectarian programs and activities provided or sponsored by such school or institution or in the erection, repair or enlargement of 4142 buildings to be used for such purposes. The exemption herein provided 43 shall not apply to erection, construction, repair, enlargement or equip1 ment of buildings used primarily for human habitation;

2 all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a (d) 3 contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for 4 any public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority, public 5or private elementary or secondary school or a public or private nonprofit 6 7 educational institution, which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such hospital or public hos-8 9 pital authority, school or educational institution; and all sales of tangible 10 personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose 11 of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of 12 13 the state or district described in subsection (s), the total cost of which is 14paid from funds of such political subdivision or district and which would 15be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased 16 directly by such political subdivision or district. Nothing in this subsection 17or in the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418 and amendments thereto, shall be 18 deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equip-19 ment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, main-20 taining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any 21political subdivision of the state or any such district. As used in this sub-22 section, K.S.A. 12-3418 and 79-3640, and amendments thereto, "funds of a political subdivision" shall mean general tax revenues, the proceeds 2324of any bonds and gifts or grants-in-aid. Gifts shall not mean funds used 25for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, repairing, en-26 larging, furnishing or remodeling facilities which are to be leased to the 27 donor. When any political subdivision of the state, district described in subsection (s), public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital au-2829 thority, public or private elementary or secondary school or public or 30 private nonprofit educational institution shall contract for the purpose of 31 constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarg-32 ing, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and 33 furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such pro-34 35 ject. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all 36 suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall 37 execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the 38 political subdivision, district described in subsection (s), hospital or public 39 40hospital authority, school or educational institution concerned a sworn 41 statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all 42 purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. As an alternative to the foregoing procedure, any such contracting entity may 43

apply to the secretary of revenue for agent status for the sole purpose of 1 2 issuing and furnishing project exemption certificates to contractors pur-3 suant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary establishing conditions and standards for the granting and maintaining of such status. All 4 invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall 56 be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased 7 under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the 8 9 sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which 10 will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and 11 paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th 12 day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be 13 determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which 14such certificate was issued, the political subdivision, district described in 15subsection (s), hospital or public hospital authority, school or educational institution concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for 16 17the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the 18 contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any 19 agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise 20 dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any pur-21 pose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the 22 payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such 23 materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, 24shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 2579-3615, and amendments thereto;

26 (e) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a 27 contractor for the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings or other projects for the government of the United States, its agencies or instru-2829 mentalities, which would be exempt from taxation if purchased directly 30 by the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. 31 When the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumen-32 talities shall contract for the erection, repair, or enlargement of any build-33 ing or other project, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the con-34 35 tractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The 36 contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to all suppliers 37 from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute 38 invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the government 39 40of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all 4142 purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. As an alternative to the foregoing procedure, any such contracting entity may 43

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apply to the secretary of revenue for agent status for the sole purpose of 1 issuing and furnishing project exemption certificates to contractors pur-2 3 suant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary establishing conditions and standards for the granting and maintaining of such status. All 4 invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall 56 be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, 7 employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other 8 9 than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of 10 the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, 11 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be 12 subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615 13 and amendments thereto;

(f) tangible personal property purchased by a railroad or public utility
 for consumption or movement directly and immediately in interstate
 commerce;

(g) sales of aircraft including remanufactured and modified aircraft, 1718 sales of aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts and sales of 19 services employed in the remanufacture, modification and repair of air-20craft sold to persons using directly or through an authorized agent such 21 aircraft and aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts as certified 22 or licensed carriers of persons or property in interstate or foreign com-23 merce under authority of the laws of the United States or any foreign 24government or sold to any foreign government or agency or instrumen-25tality of such foreign government and all sales of aircraft, aircraft parts, 26 replacement parts and services employed in the remanufacture, modifi-27 cation and repair of aircraft for use outside of the United States;

(h) all rentals of nonsectarian textbooks by public or private elemen-tary or secondary schools;

(i) the lease or rental of all films, records, tapes, or any type of soundor picture transcriptions used by motion picture exhibitors;

(j) meals served without charge or food used in the preparation of
such meals to employees of any restaurant, eating house, dining car, hotel,
drugstore or other place where meals or drinks are regularly sold to the
public if such employees' duties are related to the furnishing or sale of
such meals or drinks;

(k) any motor vehicle, semitrailer or pole trailer, as such terms are
defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto, or aircraft sold and
delivered in this state to a bona fide resident of another state, which motor
vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft is not to be registered or based
in this state and which vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft will not
remain in this state more than 10 days;

43 (1) all isolated or occasional sales of tangible personal property, serv-

ices, substances or things, except isolated or occasional sale of motor
 vehicles specifically taxed under the provisions of subsection (o) of K.S.A.
 79-3603 and amendments thereto;

(m) all sales of tangible personal property which become an ingre-4 dient or component part of tangible personal property or services pro-5duced, manufactured or compounded for ultimate sale at retail within or 6 7 without the state of Kansas; and any such producer, manufacturer or compounder may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the 8 9 supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property 10 for use as an ingredient or component part of the property or services 11 produced, manufactured or compounded;

(n) all sales of tangible personal property which is consumed in the 12 13 production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining or com-14 pounding of tangible personal property, the treating of by-products or 15wastes derived from any such production process, the providing of services or the irrigation of crops for ultimate sale at retail within or without 16 the state of Kansas; and any purchaser of such property may obtain from 1718 the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certifi-19 cate number for tangible personal property for consumption in such pro-20 duction, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining, compound-21 ing, treating, irrigation and in providing such services;

(o) all sales of animals, fowl and aquatic plants and animals, the primary purpose of which is use in agriculture or aquaculture, as defined in
K.S.A. 47-1901, and amendments thereto, the production of food for
human consumption, the production of animal, dairy, poultry or aquatic
plant and animal products, fiber or fur, or the production of offspring for
use for any such purpose or purposes;

(p) all sales of drugs, as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments
thereto, dispensed pursuant to a prescription order, as defined by K.S.A.
65-1626 and amendments thereto, by a licensed practitioner or a midlevel practitioner as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto;
(q) all sales of insulin dispensed by a person licensed by the state
board of pharmacy to a person for treatment of diabetes at the direction
of a person licensed to practice medicine by the board of healing arts;

35 (r) all sales of prosthetic and orthopedic appliances prescribed in 36 writing by a person licensed to practice the healing arts, dentistry or optometry. For the purposes of this subsection, the term prosthetic and 37 38 orthopedic appliances means any apparatus, instrument, device, or equip-39 ment used to replace or substitute for any missing part of the body; used to alleviate the malfunction of any part of the body; or used to assist any 40disabled person in leading a normal life by facilitating such person's mo-41bility; such term shall include accessories attached or to be attached to 42 motor vehicles, but such term shall not include motor vehicles or personal 43

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1 property which when installed becomes a fixture to real property;

2 (s) except as provided in K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 82a-2101, and amend-3 ments thereto, all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased directly or indirectly by a groundwater management district or-4 ganized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 82a-1020 et seq. and 56 amendments thereto, by a rural water district organized or operating un-7 der the authority of K.S.A. 82a-612, and amendments thereto, or by a water supply district organized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 8 9 19-3501 et seq., 19-3522 et seq. or 19-3545, and amendments thereto, 10 which property or services are used in the construction activities, opera-11 tion or maintenance of the district;

12 (t) all sales of farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture ma-13 chinery and equipment, repair and replacement parts therefor and serv-14 ices performed in the repair and maintenance of such machinery and 15equipment. For the purposes of this subsection the term "farm machinery 16 and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment" shall include 17machinery and equipment used in the operation of Christmas tree farming but shall not include any passenger vehicle, truck, truck tractor, trailer, 1819 semitrailer or pole trailer, other than a farm trailer, as such terms are 20 defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto. Each purchaser of 21farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment 22 exempted herein must certify in writing on the copy of the invoice or 23 sales ticket to be retained by the seller that the farm machinery and 24equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment purchased will be 25used only in farming, ranching or aquaculture production. Farming or 26 ranching shall include the operation of a feedlot and farm and ranch work 27 for hire and the operation of a nursery;

(u) all leases or rentals of tangible personal property used as a dwelling if such tangible personal property is leased or rented for a period of
more than 28 consecutive days;

31 all sales of food products to any contractor for use in preparing (\mathbf{v}) 32 meals for delivery to homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and 33 to homebound disabled persons or to be served at a group-sitting at a 34 location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons 35 over 60 years of age and to otherwise homebound disabled persons, as 36 all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private nonprofit food service project available 37 38 to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service 39 designated by the private nonprofit organization, and all sales of food 40products for use in preparing meals for consumption by indigent or homeless individuals whether or not such meals are consumed at a place des-4142 ignated for such purpose;

43 (w) all sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered

through mains, lines or pipes: (1) To residential premises for noncommercial use by the occupant of such premises; (2) for agricultural use and
also, for such use, all sales of propane gas; (3) for use in the severing of
oil; and (4) to any property which is exempt from property taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201b Second through Sixth. As used in this paragraph,
"severing" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by subsection (k) of
K.S.A. 79-4216, and amendments thereto;

8 (x) all sales of propane gas, LP-gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources
9 for the production of heat or lighting for noncommercial use of an oc10 cupant of residential premises;

(y) all sales of materials and services used in the repairing, servicing,
altering, maintaining, manufacturing, remanufacturing, or modification of
railroad rolling stock for use in interstate or foreign commerce under
authority of the laws of the United States;

(z) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased di rectly by a port authority or by a contractor therefor as provided by the
 provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418 and amendments thereto;

(aa) all sales of materials and services applied to equipment which is
transported into the state from without the state for repair, service, alteration, maintenance, remanufacture or modification and which is subsequently transported outside the state for use in the transmission of
liquids or natural gas by means of pipeline in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States;

(bb) all sales of used mobile homes or manufactured homes. As used
in this subsection: (1) "Mobile homes" and "manufactured homes" shall
have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 58-4202 and amendments
thereto; and (2) "sales of used mobile homes or manufactured homes"
means sales other than the original retail sale thereof;

29 (cc) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased for 30 the purpose of and in conjunction with constructing, reconstructing, en-31 larging or remodeling a business or retail business which meets the 32 requirements established in K.S.A. 74-50,115 and amendments thereto, 33 and the sale and installation of machinery and equipment purchased for installation at any such business or retail business. When a person shall 34 35 contract for the construction, reconstruction, enlargement or remodeling 36 of any such business or retail business, such person shall obtain from the 37 state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project 38 involved, and the contractor may purchase materials, machinery and equipment for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish 39 40the number of such certificates to all suppliers from whom such purchases 41 are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same 42 bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the owner of the business or retail business 43

a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, 1 that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsec-2 3 tion. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years 4 and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or oth-56 erwise dispose of any materials, machinery or equipment purchased un-7 der such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax 8 9 otherwise imposed thereon, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in sub-10 11 section (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615 and amendments thereto. As used in this 12 subsection, "business" and "retail business" have the meanings respec-13 tively ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 74-50,114 and amendments thereto;

(dd) all sales of tangible personal property purchased with foodstamps issued by the United States department of agriculture;

(ee) all sales of lottery tickets and shares made as part of a lotteryoperated by the state of Kansas;

(ff) on and after July 1, 1988, all sales of new mobile homes or manufactured homes to the extent of 40% of the gross receipts, determined without regard to any trade-in allowance, received from such sale. As used in this subsection, "mobile homes" and "manufactured homes" shall have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 58-4202 and amendments thereto;

(gg) all sales of tangible personal property purchased in accordance
with vouchers issued pursuant to the federal special supplemental food
program for women, infants and children;

(hh) all sales of medical supplies and equipment purchased directly
by a nonprofit skilled nursing home or nonprofit intermediate nursing
care home, as defined by K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto, for
the purpose of providing medical services to residents thereof. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used
for human habitation purposes;

(ii) all sales of tangible personal property purchased directly by a non profit organization for nonsectarian comprehensive multidiscipline youth
 development programs and activities provided or sponsored by such or ganization, and all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of
 any such organization. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal
 property customarily used for human habitation purposes;

(jj) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly on behalf of a community-based mental retardation facility or mental health center organized pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4001 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and licensed in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 7510

3307b and amendments thereto. This exemption shall not apply to tan gible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes;
 (kk) (1) (A) all sales of machinery and equipment which are used
 in this state as an integral or essential part of an integrated production
 operation by a manufacturing or processing plant or facility;

6 (B) all sales of installation, repair and maintenance services per-7 formed on such machinery and equipment; and

8 (C) all sales of repair and replacement parts and accessories pur-9 chased for such machinery and equipment.

(2) For purposes of this subsection:

11 "Integrated production operation" means an integrated series of (A) 12 operations engaged in at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility 13 to process, transform or convert tangible personal property by physical, 14chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character 15from that in which it originally existed. Integrated production operations 16 shall include: (i) Production line operations, including packaging opera-17tions; (ii) preproduction operations to handle, store and treat raw mate-18 rials; (iii) post production handling, storage, warehousing and distribution 19 operations; and (iv) waste, pollution and environmental control opera-20tions, if any;

(B) "production line" means the assemblage of machinery and equip ment at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility where the actual
 transformation or processing of tangible personal property occurs;

24 (\mathbf{C}) "manufacturing or processing plant or facility" means a single, 25fixed location owned or controlled by a manufacturing or processing busi-26 ness that consists of one or more structures or buildings in a contiguous 27 area where integrated production operations are conducted to manufac-28ture or process tangible personal property to be ultimately sold at retail. Such term shall not include any facility primarily operated for the purpose 29 30 of conveying or assisting in the conveyance of natural gas, electricity, oil 31 or water. A business may operate one or more manufacturing or proc-32 essing plants or facilities at different locations to manufacture or process 33 a single product of tangible personal property to be ultimately sold at 34 retail:

35 "manufacturing or processing business" means a business that (D) 36 utilizes an integrated production operation to manufacture, process, fab-37 ricate, finish, or assemble items for wholesale and retail distribution as 38 part of what is commonly regarded by the general public as an industrial 39 manufacturing or processing operation or an agricultural commodity 40processing operation. (i) Industrial manufacturing or processing operations include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, the fabrication 4142 of automobiles, airplanes, machinery or transportation equipment, the

43 fabrication of metal, plastic, wood, or paper products, electricity power

generation, water treatment, petroleum refining, chemical production, 1 wholesale bottling, newspaper printing, ready mixed concrete production, 2 3 and the remanufacturing of used parts for wholesale or retail sale. Such processing operations shall include operations at an oil well, gas well, mine 4 or other excavation site where the oil, gas, minerals, coal, clay, stone, sand 56 or gravel that has been extracted from the earth is cleaned, separated, 7 crushed, ground, milled, screened, washed, or otherwise treated or prepared before its transmission to a refinery or before any other wholesale 8 9 or retail distribution. (ii) Agricultural commodity processing operations 10 include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, meat packing, poultry 11 slaughtering and dressing, processing and packaging farm and dairy prod-12 ucts in sealed containers for wholesale and retail distribution, feed grind-13 ing, grain milling, frozen food processing, and grain handling, cleaning, 14 blending, fumigation, drying and aeration operations engaged in by grain 15elevators or other grain storage facilities. (iii) Manufacturing or processing businesses do not include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, 16 17nonindustrial businesses whose operations are primarily retail and that produce or process tangible personal property as an incidental part of 1819 conducting the retail business, such as retailers who bake, cook or prepare 20food products in the regular course of their retail trade, grocery stores, meat lockers and meat markets that butcher or dress livestock or poultry 2122 in the regular course of their retail trade, contractors who alter, service, 23 repair or improve real property, and retail businesses that clean, service 24or refurbish and repair tangible personal property for its owner;

25"repair and replacement parts and accessories" means all parts (\mathbf{E}) 26 and accessories for exempt machinery and equipment, including, but not 27 limited to, dies, jigs, molds, patterns and safety devices that are attached 28to exempt machinery or that are otherwise used in production, and parts 29 and accessories that require periodic replacement such as belts, drill bits, 30 grinding wheels, grinding balls, cutting bars, saws, refractory brick and 31 other refractory items for exempt kiln equipment used in production op-32 erations;

33 (F) "primary" or "primarily" mean more than 50% of the time.

34 (3) For purposes of this subsection, machinery and equipment shall
35 be deemed to be used as an integral or essential part of an integrated
36 production operation when used:

(A) To receive, transport, convey, handle, treat or store raw materialsin preparation of its placement on the production line;

(B) to transport, convey, handle or store the property undergoing
manufacturing or processing at any point from the beginning of the production line through any warehousing or distribution operation of the
final product that occurs at the plant or facility;

43 (C) to act upon, effect, promote or otherwise facilitate a physical

1 change to the property undergoing manufacturing or processing;

2 (D) to guide, control or direct the movement of property undergoing 3 manufacturing or processing;

4 (E) to test or measure raw materials, the property undergoing man-5 ufacturing or processing or the finished product, as a necessary part of 6 the manufacturer's integrated production operations;

7 (F) to plan, manage, control or record the receipt and flow of inven-8 tories of raw materials, consumables and component parts, the flow of 9 the property undergoing manufacturing or processing and the manage-10 ment of inventories of the finished product;

(G) to produce energy for, lubricate, control the operating of or oth erwise enable the functioning of other production machinery and equip ment and the continuation of production operations;

(H) to package the property being manufactured or processed in a
 container or wrapping in which such property is normally sold or trans ported;

(I) to transmit or transport electricity, coke, gas, water, steam or similar substances used in production operations from the point of generation, if produced by the manufacturer or processor at the plant site, to
that manufacturer's production operation; or, if purchased or delivered
from offsite, from the point where the substance enters the site of the
plant or facility to that manufacturer's production operations;

(J) to cool, heat, filter, refine or otherwise treat water, steam, acid,
 oil, solvents or other substances that are used in production operations;

(K) to provide and control an environment required to maintain certain levels of air quality, humidity or temperature in special and limited areas of the plant or facility, where such regulation of temperature or humidity is part of and essential to the production process;

(L) to treat, transport or store waste or other byproducts of produc tion operations at the plant or facility; or

(M) to control pollution at the plant or facility where the pollution isproduced by the manufacturing or processing operation.

33 (4) The following machinery, equipment and materials shall be deemed to be exempt even though it may not otherwise qualify as ma-34 35 chinery and equipment used as an integral or essential part of an inte-36 grated production operation: (A) Computers and related peripheral equipment that are utilized by a manufacturing or processing business 37 for engineering of the finished product or for research and development 38 39 or product design; (B) machinery and equipment that is utilized by a 40manufacturing or processing business to manufacture or rebuild tangible personal property that is used in manufacturing or processing operations, 4142 including tools, dies, molds, forms and other parts of qualifying machinery

43 and equipment; (C) portable plants for aggregate concrete, bulk cement

and asphalt including cement mixing drums to be attached to a motor 1 vehicle; (D) industrial fixtures, devices, support facilities and special foun-2 3 dations necessary for manufacturing and production operations, and ma-4 terials and other tangible personal property sold for the purpose of fabricating such fixtures, devices, facilities and foundations. An exemption 56 certificate for such purchases shall be signed by the manufacturer or processor. If the fabricator purchases such material, the fabricator shall 7 also sign the exemption certificate; and (E) a manufacturing or processing 8 9 business' laboratory equipment that is not located at the plant or facility, 10 but that would otherwise qualify for exemption under subsection (3)(E).

11 (5) "Machinery and equipment used as an integral or essential part 12 of an integrated production operation" shall not include:

(A) Machinery and equipment used for nonproduction purposes, including, but not limited to, machinery and equipment used for plant security, fire prevention, first aid, accounting, administration, record keeping, advertising, marketing, sales or other related activities, plant cleaning,
plant communications, and employee work scheduling;

(B) machinery, equipment and tools used primarily in maintainingand repairing any type of machinery and equipment or the building andplant;

(C) transportation, transmission and distribution equipment not primarily used in a production, warehousing or material handling operation
at the plant or facility, including the means of conveyance of natural gas,
electricity, oil or water, and equipment related thereto, located outside
the plant or facility;

(D) office machines and equipment including computers and related
peripheral equipment not used directly and primarily to control or measure the manufacturing process;

29 (E) furniture and other furnishings;

(F) buildings, other than exempt machinery and equipment that is
permanently affixed to or becomes a physical part of the building, and
any other part of real estate that is not otherwise exempt;

(G) building fixtures that are not integral to the manufacturing operation, such as utility systems for heating, ventilation, air conditioning,
communications, plumbing or electrical;

(H) machinery and equipment used for general plant heating, coolingand lighting;

(I) motor vehicles that are registered for operation on public high-ways; or

(J) employee apparel, except safety and protective apparel that is purchased by an employer and furnished gratuitously to employees who are
involved in production or research activities.

43 (6) Subsections (3) and (5) shall not be construed as exclusive listings

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1 of the machinery and equipment that qualify or do not qualify as an 2 integral or essential part of an integrated production operation. When 3 machinery or equipment is used as an integral or essential part of pro-4 duction operations part of the time and for nonproduction purpose at 5 other times, the primary use of the machinery or equipment shall deter-6 mine whether or not such machinery or equipment qualifies for exemp-7 tion.

8 (7) The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations nec-9 essary to administer the provisions of this subsection;

(ll) all sales of educational materials purchased for distribution to the
public at no charge by a nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose
of encouraging, fostering and conducting programs for the improvement
of public health;

(mm) all sales of seeds and tree seedlings; fertilizers, insecticides,
herbicides, germicides, pesticides and fungicides; and services, purchased
and used for the purpose of producing plants in order to prevent soil
erosion on land devoted to agricultural use;

(nn) except as otherwise provided in this act, all sales of services rendered by an advertising agency or licensed broadcast station or any member, agent or employee thereof;

(oo) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by a community
 action group or agency for the exclusive purpose of repairing or weath erizing housing occupied by low income individuals;

(pp) all sales of drill bits and explosives actually utilized in the explo-ration and production of oil or gas;

(qq) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a nonprofit museum or historical society or any combination thereof, including a nonprofit organization which is organized for the purpose of stimulating public interest in the exploration of space by providing educational information, exhibits and experiences, which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;

(rr) all sales of tangible personal property which will admit the purchaser thereof to any annual event sponsored by a nonprofit organization
which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section
501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;

(ss) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by
a public broadcasting station licensed by the federal communications
commission as a noncommercial educational television or radio station;

(tt) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by
or on behalf of a not-for-profit corporation which is exempt from federal
income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal rev-

43 enue code of 1986, for the sole purpose of constructing a Kansas Korean

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1 War memorial;

(uu) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of any rural volunteer fire-fighting organization for use exclusively in the performance of its duties and functions; 4

(vv) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by any of the 5following organizations which are exempt from federal income taxation 6 7 pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for the following purposes, and all sales of any such property by or 8 9 on behalf of any such organization for any such purpose:

10 (1) The American Heart Association, Kansas Affiliate, Inc. for the 11 purposes of providing education, training, certification in emergency cardiac care, research and other related services to reduce disability and 12 13 death from cardiovascular diseases and stroke;

14 (2) the Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill, Inc. for the purpose of 15advocacy for persons with mental illness and to education, research and 16 support for their families;

(3) the Kansas Mental Illness Awareness Council for the purposes of 17advocacy for persons who are mentally ill and to education, research and 1819 support for them and their families;

20 (4) the American Diabetes Association Kansas Affiliate, Inc. for the purpose of eliminating diabetes through medical research, public edu-2122 cation focusing on disease prevention and education, patient education including information on coping with diabetes, and professional education 2324and training;

25the American Lung Association of Kansas, Inc. for the purpose of (5)26 eliminating all lung diseases through medical research, public education 27 including information on coping with lung diseases, professional education and training related to lung disease and other related services to 2829 reduce the incidence of disability and death due to lung disease;

30 (6)the Kansas chapters of the Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders Association, Inc. for the purpose of providing assistance and sup-31 32 port to persons in Kansas with Alzheimer's disease, and their families and 33 caregivers;

(7) the Kansas chapters of the Parkinson's disease association for the 34 35 purpose of eliminating Parkinson's disease through medical research and 36 public and professional education related to such disease; and

(8) the National Kidney Foundation of Kansas and Western Missouri 37 for the purpose of eliminating kidney disease through medical research 38 and public and private education related to such disease; 39

40(ww) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by the Habitat 41 for Humanity for the exclusive use of being incorporated within a housing 42 project constructed by such organization;

(xx) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by 43

2 3

a nonprofit zoo which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant 1 to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, or on 2 3 behalf of such zoo by an entity itself exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 4 contracted with to operate such zoo and all sales of tangible personal 56 property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of con-7 structing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any nonprofit zoo which would be 8 9 exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased 10 directly by such nonprofit zoo or the entity operating such zoo. Nothing 11 in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any con-12 struction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equip-13 ping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or re-14 modeling facilities for any nonprofit zoo. When any nonprofit zoo shall 15contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, main-16 taining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall 17obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certifi-18 cate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials 19 for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number 20 of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, 21 and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the 22 number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor 23 shall furnish to the nonprofit zoo concerned a sworn statement, on a form 24to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were 25entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by 26 the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by 27 the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certifi-28cate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other 29 project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compen-30 sating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so 31 incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such 32 contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the 33 month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such cer-34 35 tificate was issued, the nonprofit zoo concerned shall be liable for tax on 36 all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may 37 recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, 38 who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such 39 40a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate 41 is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise 42 imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in sub-43

1 section (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto;

2 (yy) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by 3 a parent-teacher association or organization, and all sales of tangible per-4 sonal property by or on behalf of such association or organization;

(zz) all sales of machinery and equipment purchased by over-the-air, 56 free access radio or television station which is used directly and primarily 7 for the purpose of producing a broadcast signal or is such that the failure of the machinery or equipment to operate would cause broadcasting to 8 9 cease. For purposes of this subsection, machinery and equipment shall 10 include, but not be limited to, that required by rules and regulations of 11 the federal communications commission, and all sales of electricity which are essential or necessary for the purpose of producing a broadcast signal 12 13 or is such that the failure of the electricity would cause broadcasting to 14 cease;

15all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased (aaa) 16 by a religious organization which is exempt from federal income taxation 17pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, and 18 used exclusively for religious purposes, and all sales of tangible personal 19 property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of con-20 structing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, 21 furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such organization which would 22 be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such organization. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed 2324to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or 25tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, 26 repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such or-27 ganization. When any such organization shall contract for the purpose of 28constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarg-29 ing, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and 30 furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, 31 and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such pro-32 ject. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all 33 suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall 34 execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certifi-35 cate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to such 36 organization concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by 37 the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to ex-38 emption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor 39 for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of 40 taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to 4142 have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the 43

building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the 1 2 director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following 3 the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, 4 such organization concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials pur-56 chased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same 7 from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or 8 9 otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for 10 any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without 11 the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon 12 such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 13 therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) 14 of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto. Sales tax paid on and after 15July 1, 1998, but prior to the effective date of this act upon the gross receipts received from any sale exempted by the amendatory provisions 16 of this subsection shall be refunded. Each claim for a sales tax refund 1718 shall be verified and submitted to the director of taxation upon forms 19 furnished by the director and shall be accompanied by any additional 20 documentation required by the director. The director shall review each 21 claim and shall refund that amount of sales tax paid as determined under 22 the provisions of this subsection. All refunds shall be paid from the sales 23 tax refund fund upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports 24pursuant to vouchers approved by the director or the director's designee; 25(bbb) all sales of food for human consumption by an organization 26 which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501 27 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, pursuant to a food 28distribution program which offers such food at a price below cost in 29 exchange for the performance of community service by the purchaser 30 thereof;

31 (ccc) on and after July 1, 1999, all sales of tangible personal property 32 and services purchased by a primary care clinic or health center the pri-33 mary purpose of which is to provide services to medically underserved individuals and families, and which is exempt from federal income taxa-34 35 tion pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, 36 and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a 37 contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, 38 maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for 39 any such clinic or center which would be exempt from taxation under the 40provisions of this section if purchased directly by such clinic or center. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of 4142 any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, 43 equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing

or remodeling facilities for any such clinic or center. When any such clinic 1 or center shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, re-2 3 constructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an 4 exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may 56 purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such 7 purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering 8 9 the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the 10 project the contractor shall furnish to such clinic or center concerned a 11 sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, 12 that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsec-13 tion. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years 14 and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials 15purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorpo-16 rated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for 17credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such 18 materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other pro-19 ject reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not 20 later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in 21which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the 22 purpose for which such certificate was issued, such clinic or center con-23cerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, 24and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor 25together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of 26 27 any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other 28than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of 29 the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, 30 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be 31 subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, 32 and amendments thereto;

33 (ddd) on and after January 1, 1999, and before January 1, 2000, all 34 sales of materials and services purchased by any class II or III railroad as 35 classified by the federal surface transportation board for the construction, 36 renovation, repair or replacement of class II or III railroad track and 37 facilities used directly in interstate commerce. In the event any such track 38 or facility for which materials and services were purchased sales tax ex-39 empt is not operational for five years succeeding the allowance of such 40exemption, the total amount of sales tax which would have been payable except for the operation of this subsection shall be recouped in accord-4142 ance with rules and regulations adopted for such purpose by the secretary 43 of revenue;

on and after January 1, 1999, and before January 1, 2001, all 1 (eee) 2 sales of materials and services purchased for the original construction, reconstruction, repair or replacement of grain storage facilities, including railroad sidings providing access thereto;

 $\mathbf{5}$ (fff) all sales of material handling equipment, racking systems and other related machinery and equipment that is used for the handling, 6 7 movement or storage of tangible personal property in a warehouse or 8 distribution facility in this state; all sales of installation, repair and main-9 tenance services performed on such machinery and equipment; and all 10 sales of repair and replacement parts for such machinery and equipment. 11 For purposes of this subsection, a warehouse or distribution facility means 12 a single, fixed location that consists of buildings or structures in a contig-13 uous area where storage or distribution operations are conducted that are 14 separate and apart from the business' retail operations, if any, and which 15do not otherwise qualify for exemption as occurring at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility. Material handling and storage equipment 16 shall include aeration, dust control, cleaning, handling and other such 1718 equipment that is used in a public grain warehouse or other commercial 19 grain storage facility, whether used for grain handling, grain storage, grain 20refining or processing, or other grain treatment operation; and

21 (ggg) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased 22 by or on behalf of the Kansas Academy of Science which is exempt from 23 federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal in-24ternal revenue code of 1986, and used solely by such academy for the 25preparation, publication and dissemination of education materials-; and

26 (hhh) all sales of food for human consumption. As used in this sub-27 section, "food for human consumption" means only that food which is eligible for purchase with food stamps issued by the United States de-2829 partment of agriculture pursuant to regulations in effect on January 1, 30 2002, regardless of whether the retailer from which the food is purchased is participating in the food stamp program. Such phrase shall not include: 31 32 (1) Meals prepared for immediate consumption on or off the premises of 33 the retailer; or (2) food sold through vending machines.

Sec. 64. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3620 is 34 35 hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3620. (a) All revenue collected or 36 received by the director of taxation from the taxes imposed by this act 37 shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such 38 39 remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state 40treasury, less amounts withheld as provided in subsection (b) and amounts 41 credited as provided in subsection (c) and (d), to the credit of the state 42 general fund.

(b) A refund fund, designated as "sales tax refund fund" not to exceed 43

1 \$100,000 shall be set apart and maintained by the director from sales tax 2 collections and estimated tax collections and held by the state treasurer 3 for prompt payment of all sales tax refunds including refunds authorized under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-3635, and amendments thereto. Such 4 fund shall be in such amount, within the limit set by this section, as the 56 director shall determine is necessary to meet current refunding require-7 ments under this act. In the event such fund as established by this section is, at any time, insufficient to provide for the payment of refunds due 8 9 claimants thereof, the director shall certify the amount of additional funds 10 required to the director of accounts and reports who shall promptly trans-11 fer the required amount from the state general fund to the sales tax refund 12 fund, and notify the state treasurer, who shall make proper entry in the 13 records.

(c) (1) The state treasurer shall credit ⁵/₉₈ of the revenue collected
or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 4.9%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a),
exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state
highway fund.

(2) The state treasurer shall credit ⁵/₁₁₃ of the revenue collected or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto,
at the rate of 5.65%, and deposited as provided by subsection (a), exclusive
of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.
(d) The state treasurer shall credit all revenue collected or received

24from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3603, and amendments thereto, as 25certified by the director, from taxpayers doing business within that por-26 tion of a redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project that 27 was determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of state-28wide as well as local importance or will create a major tourism area for 29 the state as defined in K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to the 30 city bond finance fund, which fund is hereby created. The provisions of 31 this subsection shall expire when the total of all amounts credited here-32 under and under subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3710, and amendments 33 thereto, is sufficient to retire the special obligation bonds issued for the 34 purpose of financing all or a portion of the costs of such redevelopment

project.
Sec. 65. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3703 is
hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3703. There is hereby levied and
there shall be collected from every person in this state a tax or excise for
the privilege of using, storing, or consuming within this state any article
of tangible personal property. Such tax shall be levied and collected in an

of tangible personal property. Such tax shall be levied and collected in anamount equal to the consideration paid by the taxpayer multiplied by the

42 rate of $\frac{4.9\%}{5.65\%}$. Within a redevelopment district established pursuant

43 to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 74-8921, and amendments thereto, there is hereby

levied and there shall be collected and paid an additional tax of 2% until 1 the earlier of: (1) The date the bonds issued to finance or refinance the 2 3 redevelopment project undertaken in the district have been paid in full; 4 or (2) the final scheduled maturity of the first series of bonds issued to finance the redevelopment project. All property purchased or leased 56 within or without this state and subsequently used, stored or consumed 7 in this state shall be subject to the compensating tax if the same property or transaction would have been subject to the Kansas retailers' sales tax 8 9 had the transaction been wholly within this state.

10 Sec. 66. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3710 is 11 hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3710. (a) All revenue collected or 12 received by the director under the provisions of this act shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, 13 14 and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state 15treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury, less 16 amounts set apart as provided in subsection (b) and amounts credited as 17provided in subsection (c) and (d), to the credit of the state general fund.

(b) A revolving fund, designated as "compensating tax refund fund"
not to exceed \$10,000 shall be set apart and maintained by the director
from compensating tax collections and estimated tax collections and held
by the state treasurer for prompt payment of all compensating tax refunds.
Such fund shall be in such amount, within the limit set by this section,
as the director shall determine is necessary to meet current refunding
requirements under this act.

(c) (1) The state treasurer shall credit ⁵/₉₈ of the revenue collected
or received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 4.9%, and deposited as provided in subsection (a),
exclusive of amounts credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state
highway fund.

(2) The state treasurer shall credit ⁵/113 of the revenue collected or
received from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments
thereto, at the rate of 5.65%, and deposited as provided by subsection (a),
exclusive of amount credited pursuant to subsection (d), in the state highway fund.

35 (d) The state treasurer shall credit all revenue collected or received 36 from the tax imposed by K.S.A. 79-3703, and amendments thereto, as 37 certified by the director, from taxpayers doing business within that por-38 tion of a redevelopment district occupied by a redevelopment project that 39 was determined by the secretary of commerce and housing to be of state-40wide as well as local importance or will create a major tourism area for the state as defined in K.S.A. 12-1770a, and amendments thereto, to the 4142 city bond finance fund created by subsection (d) of K.S.A. 79-3620, and

43 amendments thereto. The provisions of this subsection shall expire when

the total of all amounts credited hereunder and under subsection (d) of
 K.S.A. 79-3620, and amendments thereto, is sufficient to retire the special
 obligation bonds issued for the purpose of financing all or a portion of
 the costs of such redevelopment project.

5 Sec. 67. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-2959 is 6 hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2959. (a) There is hereby created 7 the local ad valorem tax reduction fund. All moneys transferred or cred-8 ited to such fund under the provisions of this act or any other law shall 9 be apportioned and distributed in the manner provided herein.

10 (b) On January 15 and on July 15 of each year, the director of ac-11 counts and reports shall make transfers in equal amounts which in the aggregate equal 4.5% of the total retail sales and compensating taxes 12credited to the state general fund pursuant to articles 36 and 37 of chapter 13 14 79 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and acts amendatory thereof and sup-15plemental thereto during the preceding calendar year from the state gen-16 eral fund to the local ad valorem tax reduction fund, except that: (1) The 17transfers on January 15 and July 15 of each year shall be in equal amounts 18which in the aggregate equal 3.630% of such taxes credited to the state 19 general fund during the preceding calendar year; $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ the amount of 20 the transfer on each such date during state fiscal year 2002 2003 shall be 21\$27,340,335.50 \$31,369,000; (3) the amount of the transfer on each such 22 date during state fiscal year 2004 shall be \$32,462,000; (4) the amount of 23the transfer on each such date during state fiscal year 2005 shall be 24\$33,502,000; (5) the amount of the transfer on each such date during state 25fiscal year 2006 shall be \$34,643,000; and (6) the amount of the transfer on each such date during state fiscal year 2007 shall be \$35,884,000. All 26 27such transfers are subject to reduction under K.S.A. 75-6704 and amend-28ments thereto. All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of 29 this section shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state 30 general fund, except that all such transfers during the fiscal year ending 31 June 30, 2002, shall be considered revenue transfers from the state gen-32 eral fund.

33 The state treasurer shall apportion and pay the amounts trans-(c) 34 ferred under subsection (b) to the several county treasurers on January 35 15 and on July 15 in each year as follows: (1) Sixty-five percent of the 36 amount to be distributed shall be apportioned on the basis of the population figures of the counties certified to the secretary of state pursuant 37 38 to K.S.A. 11-201 and amendments thereto on July 1 of the preceding 39 year; and (2) thirty-five percent of such amount shall be apportioned on 40the basis of the equalized assessed tangible valuations on the tax rolls of the counties on November 1 of the preceding year as certified by the 4142 director of property valuation.

43 Sec. 68. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-2964 is

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hereby amended to read as follows: 79-2964. There is hereby created the 1 county and city revenue sharing fund. All moneys transferred or credited 2 3 to such fund under the provisions of this act or any other law shall be allocated and distributed in the manner provided herein. The director of 4 accounts and reports in each year on July 15 and December 10, shall 56 make transfers in equal amounts which in the aggregate equal 3.5% of 7 the total retail sales and compensating taxes credited to the state general fund pursuant to articles 36 and 37 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes 8 9 Annotated and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto during 10 the preceding calendar year from the state general fund to the county 11 and city revenue sharing fund, except that: (a) The transfers on July 15 12 and December 10 of each year shall be in equal amounts which in the aggregate equal 2.823% of such taxes credited to the state general fund 13 14 during the preceding calendar year; and (b) the amount of the transfer 15on each such date during state fiscal year 2002 2003 shall be 16 \$17,438,174.50 \$23,934,000; (c) the amount of the transfer on each such 17date during state fiscal year 2004 shall be \$24,857,000; (d) the amount of the transfer on each such date during state fiscal year 2005 shall be 18 19 \$25,633,000; (e) the amount of the transfer on each such date during state 20fiscal year 2006 shall be \$26,475,000; and (f) the amount of the transfer 21on each such date during state fiscal year 2007 shall be \$27,407,000. All 22 such transfers are subject to reduction under K.S.A. 75-6704 and amend-23ments thereto. All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of 24this section shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state 25general fund, except that all such transfers during the fiscal year ending 26 June 30, 2002, shall be considered revenue transfers from the state gen-27 eral fund.

28Sec. 69. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-34,147 is 29 hereby amended to read as follows: 79-34,147. (a) (1) On July 1, 1999, 30 and quarterly thereafter the secretary of revenue shall certify to the di-31 rector of accounts and reports the amount equal to 7.628% of the total 32 revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the 33 Kansas retailers' sales tax act and deposited in the state treasury and 34 credited to the state general fund during the preceding three calendar 35 months.

(2) On July 1, 2001, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue
shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to
9.5% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and deposited in the state
treasury and credited to the state general fund during the preceding three
calendar months.

42 (3) On July 1, 2002, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue 43 shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 11% 11.898% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the
 taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and deposited in
 the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the pre ceding three calendar months.

5 (4) On July 1, 2003, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue 6 shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 7 11.25% 12.181% of the total revenues received by the secretary from the 8 taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and deposited in 9 the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the pre-10 ceding three calendar months.

11 (5) On July 1, 2004, and quarterly thereafter, the secretary of revenue 12 shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount equal to 13 $\frac{12\%}{12.94\%}$ of the total revenues received by the secretary from the 14 taxes imposed under the Kansas retailers' sales tax act and deposited in 15 the state treasury and credited to the state general fund during the pre-16 ceding three calendar months.

17 (b) Upon receipt of each certification under subsection (a), the di-18 rector of accounts and reports shall transfer from the state general fund 19 to the state highway fund an amount equal to the amount so certified, on 20 each July 1, October 1, January 1 and April 1, except that the amount of 21 the transfer on each such date during state fiscal year 2002 shall not 22 exceed \$30,277,162. All transfers made pursuant to this section are sub-23 ject to reduction under K.S.A. 75-6704, and amendments thereto.

24(c) All transfers made in accordance with the provisions of this section 25shall be considered to be demand transfers from the state general fund. 26 Sec. 70. K.S.A. 75-6702 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-27 6702. (a) The last appropriation bill passed in any regular session of the 28legislature shall be the omnibus reconciliation spending limit bill. Each bill which is passed during a regular session of the legislature and which 29 30 appropriates or transfers money from the state general fund for the en-31 suing fiscal year shall contain a provision that such bill shall take effect 32 and be in force from and after the effective date of the omnibus recon-33 ciliation spending limit bill for that regular session of the legislature or 34 from and after such effective date and a subsequent date or an event 35 occurring after such effective date.

36 (b) The maximum amount of expenditures and demand transfers 37 from the state general fund that may be authorized by act of the legisla-38 ture during the 1994 2002 regular session of the legislature and each 39 regular session of the legislature thereafter, is hereby fixed so that there 40 will be an ending balance in the state general fund for the ensuing fiscal 41 year that is equal to $7\frac{1}{2}\%$ 5% or more of the total amount authorized to 42 be expended or transferred by demand transfer from the state general

43 fund in such fiscal year.

1	New Sec. 71. On January 1, 2003, the director of accounts and re-
2	ports shall transfer \$94,872,000 from the state general fund to the state
3	school district finance fund.

Sec. 72. On and after June 1, 2002, K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-15,100 through 79-15,126, 79-2959, 79-2964, 79-34,147, 79-3603, 79-3603b, 79- $\mathbf{5}$ 3606, 79-3620, 79-3703 and 79-3710 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 73. On and after January 1, 2003, K.S.A. 79-3632, 79-3634 and

79-3636 through 79-3638 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-3633, 79-3635 and 79-3639 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 74. K.S.A. 40-252 and 75-6702 and K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-1107,

79-1108 and 79-32,110 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 75. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the Kansas register.