Session of 2001

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SENATE BILL No. 264

By Committee on Agriculture

2-7

AN ACT concerning the equus beds groundwater management district no. 2; relating to the powers, duties and operation of the district; amending K.S.A. 82a-1021 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201a and 79-3606 and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. The following terms when used in this act shall have the limitations and meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section:

- "Agricultural groundwater user" means a groundwater user that uses water for growing crops, raising livestock or other uses associated with a farming operation.
- "Aquifer" means any geological formation capable of yielding water in sufficient quantities that it can be extracted for beneficial purposes.
- "Board" means the board of directors constituting the governing body of the equus beds groundwater management district.
- "Chief engineer" means the chief engineer of the division of water resources of the Kansas state board of agriculture.
- "District" means the equus beds groundwater management district, organized as groundwater management district no. 2 in 1976 under the provisions of K.S.A. 82a-1020 et seq., and amendments thereto, as such district is shown by the records of the state of Kansas on the effective date of this act and as the area may be increased or decreased from time to time.
- "Eligible voter" means any person who is a landowner or a water user as defined in this act except as hereafter qualified. Every natural person of the age of 18 years or upward shall be an eligible voter of the district if (1) such natural person is a landowner who owns, of record, any land, or any interest in land, comprising 40 or more contiguous acres located within the boundaries of the district and not within the corporate limits of any municipality, or (2) such natural person withdraws or uses groundwater from within the boundaries of the district in an amount of one acre-foot or more per year.

Except as is hereafter qualified, every public or private corporation shall be an eligible voter of the district either (1) if it is a landowner who

 owns of record any land, or any interest in land, comprised of 40 or more contiguous acres located within the boundaries of the district and not within the corporate limits of any municipality, or (2) if it is a corporation that withdraws groundwater from within the district in an amount of one acre-foot or more per year.

Each tract of land of 40 or more contiguous acres and each quantity of water withdrawn or used in an amount of one acre-foot or more per year shall be represented by but a single eligible voter. If the land is held by lease, under an estate for years, under contract, or otherwise, the fee owner shall be the one entitled to vote, unless the parties in interest agree otherwise. If the land is held jointly or in common, the majority in interest shall determine which natural person or corporation shall be entitled to vote. Each qualified voter shall be entitled to cast only one vote. A person duly authorized to act in a representative capacity for estates, trusts, municipalities, public corporations or private corporations may also cast one vote for each estate, trust, municipality, or public or private corporations so represented. Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize proxy voting.

Any landowner who is not a water user may have the landowner's land excluded from any district assessments and thereby abandon the landowner's right to vote on district matters by serving a written notice of election of exclusion with the steering committee or the board. Such a landowner may again become an eligible voter by becoming a water user or by serving a written notice of inclusion on the board stating that the landowner has elected to be reinstated as a voting member of the district and will be subject to district assessments.

Any eligible voter who is a landowner or water user as defined in this act, and also is the owner of a tract or tracts of land comprising not less than 640 acres in area, located within the boundaries of the district, on which no water is being used or from which no water is being withdrawn, may have such tract or tracts of land on or from which no water is used or withdrawn, excluded from district assessment in the manner described above.

All notices of inclusion or exclusion of land shall be submitted to the board not later than January 1 of the effective year.

- (g) "Groundwater" means water below the surface of the earth.
- (h) "Groundwater user" means any person who is withdrawing or using groundwater from a point of diversion within the boundaries of the district in an amount not less than one acre-foot per year. If a municipality is a groundwater user within the district, it shall represent all persons within its corporate limits who are not groundwater users.
- (i) "Industrial groundwater user" means a groundwater user utilizing water in connection with the manufacture, production, transport, mining

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or storage of products, or the use of water in connection with providing commercial services, including water used in connection with the generation or production of energy and thermal exchange.

- (j) "Land" means real property as that term is defined by the laws of the state of Kansas.
- (k) "Landowner" means the person who is the record owner of any real estate within the boundaries of the district or who has an interest therein as contract purchaser of 40 or more contiguous acres in the district not within the corporate limits of any municipality. Owners of oil leases, gas leases, mineral rights, easements or mortgages shall not be considered landowners by reason of such ownership.
- (l) "Management program" means a written report describing the characteristics of the district and the nature and methods of dealing with groundwater supply problems within the district. It shall include information as to the groundwater management program to be undertaken by the district and such maps, geological information, and other data as may be necessary for the formulation of such a program.
- (m) "Municipal groundwater user" means a groundwater user operating a common water delivery system for an incorporated city.
- (n) "Person" means any natural person, private corporation, or municipality, or other public corporation.
- (o) "Point of diversion" means the point at which water is diverted from a groundwater supply source.
- (p) "Water right" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in K.S.A. 82a-701, and any acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto.
- (q) "Water user" means any person who is withdrawing or using groundwater from within the boundaries of the district in an amount not less than one acre-foot per year. If a municipality is a water user within the district, it shall represent all persons within its corporate limits who are not water users as defined above.
- New Sec. 2. (a) The district shall enjoy separate statutory authority pursuant to this act.
- (b) No action attacking the legality of the incorporation of the district shall be maintained unless commenced within 90 days after the effective date of this act and any alleged illegality of the incorporation of the district shall not be interposed as a defense to any action brought after that time.
- New Sec. 3. (a) The board shall hold an annual meeting for the election of directors whose terms expire, to report on the financial condition and activities of the district and to adopt a proposed budget covering the anticipated expenses of the district for the ensuing year.
- (b) The date of the annual meeting may be changed at any annual meeting if notice of the proposition is included in the notice of the annual meeting at which the changes are to be considered.

- (c) A notice of the meeting shall be given by the board at least 10 days prior to the meeting date by one publication in a newspaper of general circulation in each of the counties of which the groundwater management district is a part.
- (d) Each eligible voter of the district shall be entitled to vote for as many candidates as the number of directors that are to be elected but may not cast more than one vote for any one candidate.
- (e) The candidates receiving the greatest number of votes cast for industrial groundwater user, municipal groundwater user, agricultural groundwater user or other eligible voters shall respectively be declared elected.
- New Sec. 4. (a) All powers granted to the district under the provisions of this act shall be exercised by an elected board of directors which shall be composed of nine natural persons. Each director shall be an eligible voter and shall serve for a period of three years and until a successor is duly elected and qualified. The directors shall serve without compensation but shall be allowed actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their official duties.
- (b) The board, after being duly elected, shall elect annually from its number a president, a vice-president, a secretary, and a treasurer.
- (c) A majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and a majority of those voting shall determine all actions taken by the board. In the absence of any of the duly elected officers, those directors present at any meeting may select a director to act as an officer pro tem.
- (d) The board shall fill any vacancy occurring on the board prior to the expiration of the term of any director by selecting a replacement having the same qualifications from among the eligible voters of the district to serve for the unexpired term.
- (e) The board shall consist of natural persons representative of industrial groundwater users, agricultural groundwater users, municipal groundwater users and other eligible voters as follows:
- (1) A minimum of three board members shall be municipal groundwater users:
- (2) a minimum of three board members shall be agricultural groundwater users;
- (3) a minimum of one board member shall be an industrial ground-water user; and
 - (4) all remaining board members shall be eligible voters.
- (f) The board shall also serve terms that assure that no more than $\frac{1}{3}$ of the board will be elected in any annual meeting.
- (g) The board shall adopt a standard and policy that provides for elections of the members of the board consistent with the provisions of

this act.

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New Sec. 5. The district shall be a body politic and corporate and shall have the power to:

- (a) Adopt a seal;
- (b) sue and be sued in its corporate name;
- (c) rent space, maintain and equip an office, and pay other administrative expenses;
- (d) employ such legal, engineering, technical, and clerical services as may be deemed necessary by the board;
- (e) purchase, hold, sell and convey land, water rights and personal property, and execute such contracts as may, in the opinion of the board, be deemed necessary or convenient;
- (f) acquire land and interests in land by gift, exchange or eminent domain, the power of eminent domain to be exercised within the boundaries of the district in like manner as provided by K.S.A. 26-501 to 26-516, and amendments thereto, except that any land holdings acquired pursuant hereto or in accordance with the provisions of the next preceding subsection shall not in the aggregate exceed 1,000 acres. In any case where a district has land holdings in excess of the described limitation, the district shall dispose of such excess in a reasonable and expeditious manner;
- (g) construct, operate and maintain such works as may be determined necessary for drainage, recharge, storage, distribution or importation of water, and all other appropriate facilities of concern to the district;
- (h) levy water user charges and land assessments, issue general and special bonds and incur indebtedness within the limitations prescribed by this act:
- (i) contract with persons, firms, associations, partnerships, corporations or agencies of the state or federal government, and enter into cooperative agreements with any of them;
- (j) take appropriate actions to extend or reduce the territories of the district as prescribed by this act;
- (k) construct and establish research, development, and demonstration projects, and collect and disseminate research data and technical information concerning the conservation of groundwater;
- (l) install or require the installation of meters, gauges, or other measuring devices and read or require water users to read and report those readings as may be necessary to determine the quantity of water withdrawn;
- (m) provide advice and assistance in the management of drainage problems, storage, groundwater recharge, surface water management, and all other appropriate matters of concern to the district;
 - (n) adopt, amend, promulgate, and enforce by suitable action, ad-

ministrative or otherwise, reasonable standards and policies relating to the conservation and management of groundwater within the district which are not inconsistent with the provisions of this act or article 7 of chapter 82a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto;

- (o) recommend to the chief engineer rules and regulations necessary to implement and enforce the policies of the board. Such rules and regulations shall be of no force and effect unless and until adopted by the chief engineer to implement the provisions of article 7 of chapter 82a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and all acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto. All such regulations adopted shall be effective only within a specified district;
- (p) enter upon private property within the district for inspection purposes, to determine conformance of the use of water with established rules and regulations, including measurements of flow, depth of water, water wastage and for such other purposes as are necessary and not inconsistent with the purposes of this act;
- (q) select a residence or home office for the groundwater management district which shall be at a place in a county in which the district or any part thereof is located and may be either within or without the boundaries of the district. The board shall designate the county in which the residence or home office is located as the official county for the filing of all official acts and assessments;
- (r) seek and accept grants or other financial assistance that the federal government and other public or private sources shall make available and to utilize the same to carry out the purposes and functions of the district; and
- (s) recommend to the chief engineer the initiation of proceedings for the designation of a certain area within the district as an intensive groundwater use control area.

New Sec. 6. The board shall prepare a management program. Upon completion of the management program the board shall transmit a copy to the chief engineer with a request for the chief engineer's approval. The chief engineer shall examine and study the management program and, if the chief engineer finds that it is compatible with article 7 of chapter 82a of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and any other state laws or policies, the chief engineer shall approve it and notify the board of the chief engineer's action. When the management program is approved by the chief engineer, the board shall fix a time and place either within or conveniently near the district for a public hearing upon the management program. A notice of the hearing shall be given by one publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district, at least 28 days prior to the date fixed for the

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hearing, setting forth the time and place of the hearing. The notice shall 1 2 state that a copy of the management program is available for public inspection in the office of the secretary of the district. Any person desiring 3 to be heard in the matter must file, in duplicate, with the board at its 4 office at least five days before the date of the hearing a written statement 5 of the person's intent to appear at the hearing and the substance of the 6 testimony the person wishes to present. Upon receipt of any such state-7 ments, the board shall immediately transmit one copy of the statements 8 to the chief engineer. The chief engineer or the chief engineer's duly 9 10 appointed representative shall attend the hearing. At the hearing any person who has duly filed a written statement shall be heard and may present information in support of the person's position in the matter. After hear-12 ing and considering all relevant testimony and information, the board by 13 resolution shall adopt, modify or reject the management program. The 14 15 board shall then notify the chief engineer of its action. If it is determined that the management program should be modified, any proposed changes 16 17 approved by the board shall be incorporated in a modified management program which shall be submitted to the chief engineer for further con-18 sideration. The chief engineer shall review the modified management 19 20 program and shall transmit a supplemental written report of the results 21 of the chief engineer's study and investigation to the board, including the chief engineer's written approval or disapproval of the modified manage-22 23 ment program. If the modified management program is approved by the chief engineer, the board shall by resolution adopt it as the official man-24 25 agement program of the district and notify the chief engineer of its action. 26 The board shall periodically and at least once each year review the officially adopted management program. Following that review, the board 27 28 shall either reaffirm adoption of the management program or propose that it be revised. If it is proposed that the management program be 29 30 revised, the board shall follow the same procedure towards adoption of a revised management program as is prescribed above for the preparation, 31 32 approval and adoption of the original management program. 33

New Sec. 7. (a) In order to finance the operations of the district, the board may assess an annual water user charge against every person who withdraws groundwater from within the boundaries of the district. The board shall base such charge upon the amount of groundwater allocated for such person's use pursuant to such person's water right. Such charge shall not exceed \$.98 \$1.19 for each acre-foot (325,851 gallons) of groundwater withdrawn within the district or allocated by the water right. Whenever a person shows by the submission to the board of a verified claim and any supportive data which may be required by the board that the person's actual annual groundwater withdrawal is in a lesser amount than that allocated by the water right of such person, the board shall assess

such annual charge against such person on the amount of water shown to be withdrawn by the verified claim. Any such claim shall be submitted by April 1 of the year in which such annual charge is to be assessed. The board may also make an annual assessment against each landowner of not to exceed \$.05 for each acre of land owned within the boundaries of the district. Special assessments may also be levied, as provided hereafter, against land specially benefitted by a capital improvement without regard to the limits prescribed above.

- (b) Before any assessment is made, or user charge imposed, the board shall submit the proposed budget for the ensuing year to the eligible voters of the district at a hearing called for that purpose by one publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district at least 28 days prior to the meeting. Following the hearing, the board shall, by resolution, adopt either the proposed budget or a modified budget and determine the amount of land assessment or user charge, or both, needed to support such budget.
- (c) Both the user charges assessed for groundwater withdrawn and the assessments against lands within the district shall be certified to the proper county clerks and collected the same as other taxes in accordance with K.S.A. 79-1801, and amendments thereto, and the amount thereof shall attach to the real property involved as a lien in accordance with K.S.A. 79-1804, and amendments thereto. All moneys so collected shall be remitted by the county treasurer to the treasurer of the groundwater management district who shall deposit them to the credit of the general fund of the district. The accounts of the district shall be audited annually by a public accountant or certified public accountant.
- (d) The board shall be authorized to issue no-fund warrants in amounts sufficient to meet the operating expenses of the district until money therefor becomes available pursuant to user charges or assessments under subsection (a). In no case shall the amount of any such issuance be in excess of 20% of the total amount of money receivable from assessments which could be levied in any one year as provided in subsection (a). No such warrants shall be issued until a resolution authorizing the issuance has been adopted by the board and published once in a newspaper having a general circulation in each county within the boundaries of the district. Whereupon such warrants may be issued unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 10% of the eligible voters of such district and in no case by less than 20 of the eligible voters of such district, is filed with the county clerk of each of the counties in such district within 10 days following such publication. In the event such a petition is filed, it shall be the duty of the board of such district to submit the question to the eligible voters at an election called for such purpose. Such election shall be noticed and conducted as provided by

subsection (a) of section 8, and amendments thereto.

Whenever no-fund warrants are issued under the authority of this subsection, the board shall make an assessment each year for three years in approximately equal installments for the purpose of paying such warrants and the interest thereon. All such assessments shall be in addition to all other assessments authorized or limited by law. Such warrants shall be issued, registered, redeemed and bear interest in the manner and in the form prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto, except they shall not bear the notation required by said statute and may be issued without the approval of the state board of tax appeals. Any surplus existing after the redemption of such warrants shall be handled in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2940, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 8. (a) If the board by resolution provides that all or any part of the capital cost of works of improvement within the district is to be paid by the issuance of general improvement bonds of the entire district, it shall be the duty of the board to submit the question of approval of the bond issue to the eligible voters of the district. Notice of the time, place and purpose for which the election is to be held shall be given by one publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general distribution within the district at least 28 days prior to the date fixed for the election. Except as hereinbefore provided, the election shall be held and conducted by the board in the manner prescribed by K.S.A. 82a-1025, and amendments thereto, for conducting and holding the election for the organization of a groundwater management district.

(b) If the board by resolution provides that all or any part of the capital cost of works of improvement is to be paid by the issuance of improvement bonds to be funded by special assessment against the lands specially benefited by a project, the board shall proceed to determine the particular lands within the district upon which special assessments are to be levied and it shall be the duty of the board to submit the question of approval of the bond issue to an election of the owners of those lands. Notice of the time and place and the purpose for which the election is to be held shall be given by one publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district at least 28 days prior to the date of the election. Except as hereinbefore provided, the election shall be held and conducted in the manner prescribed in subsection (a) of this section. If it is proposed to issue improvement bonds to be paid partially by the entire district and partially by lands specially benefited, it shall be the duty of the board of directors to submit each question for approval separately.

New Sec. 9. If a resolution of the board provides that all or any part of the cost of the works contemplated is to be paid by special assessment against lands specially benefited by a project, the board shall appoint three

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disinterested appraisers who shall recommend apportionment of the special assessment to the tracts of land subject to the special assessment. The 2 appraisers shall have access to all available engineering reports and data 3 pertaining to the works contemplated and may request additional engineering data or counsel necessary to carry out their duties. The appraisers shall take an oath to appraise fairly and impartially the benefits accruing 6 to each tract of land and shall recommend the apportionment of assess-7 ment according to the relative benefits to be received by the several tracts 8 of land subject to assessment. They shall make a written report of their findings to the board. Upon receiving the report, the board shall prepare 10 a resolution which shall contain a list of the tracts of land found to be 11 specially benefited and the amount of assessment to be levied against 12 each tract. No assessment so specified against any tract of land shall ex-13 ceed the estimated benefits to the land by the project. Each tract of land 14 15 shall be legally described and the name of its owner or owners shall be set forth beside the description of each tract listed. After adopting the 16 17 resolution, the board shall fix a time and place for hearing any complaint that may be made as to the estimated benefit to any tract of land appraised 18 and a notice of the hearing shall be given by the board by one publication 19 20 in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district at 21 least 10 days prior to the date set for the hearing. The board at the hearing may alter the estimated benefit to any tract of land if, in its judgment, 22 23 the benefit has been appraised too high or too low. The board shall immediately thereafter pass a resolution fixing the benefit to be assigned to 24 25 each tract of land and providing for the benefit assessment thereof, which 26 sum may be spread equally over a period of not to exceed 20 years. The board shall immediately thereafter mail a written notice of the assessment 27 28 to the owner or owners of each tract of land. The notice shall state that if the assessment is not paid in full within 30 days from the date of notice, 29 30 bonds will be issued and an assessment will be levied annually against the tract of land for a period of not to exceed 20 years in an amount sufficient 31 32 to pay the total assessment plus the interest due on the bonds. No action to set aside the assessment shall be maintained unless commenced within 33 90 days from the date of the notice. The amount assessed against each 34 35 tract of ground to pay for the special assessment bonds falling due each year and the interest thereon shall be levied, certified to the proper 36 37 county clerk, and collected the same as other taxes.

New Sec. 10. (a) The chief engineer shall have the power, upon proper petition being presented by the board for that purpose, to extend or reduce the territory of the district. The petition to extend or reduce the territory of the district shall be addressed to the chief engineer and shall:

(1) Describe the territory to be annexed or removed by township,

range and section numbers and fraction thereof and other platted areas as appropriate.

- (2) Have a map attached thereto as an exhibit, and incorporated therein by reference, showing the district and the lands proposed to be annexed or removed.
- (3) Show that the proposed extension or reduction of territory has been recommended by the district by resolution duly adopted by the board
- (b) The chief engineer shall fix a time for a hearing upon the petition and the district shall give notice thereof for three consecutive weeks in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district, the first publication to be at least 28 days before the day fixed for the hearing. The notice shall state the name and general location of the district and describe the lands proposed to be annexed or removed. It shall state that a hearing will be held on whether the petition of the district should be approved. It shall state the day, hour and place of the hearing, which shall be at a suitable location, and that all persons may appear before the chief engineer at the hearing and be heard.
- (c) After the hearing the chief engineer shall approve such petition if the chief engineer finds that:
- (1) The lands proposed to be included in the district substantially comprise a hydrologic community of interest.
- (2) The proposed area would not include any of the lands of an existing groundwater management district.
- (3) The proposed area to be included or part thereof overlie an aquifer or aquifers subject to management.
 - (4) The map attached to the petition is substantially correct.
- (5) The proposed area and existing and prospective uses of groundwater within the proposed area and the existing district are sufficient to support a groundwater management program.
- (6) The public interest will be served by the annexation or reduction of the district.
- (d) The chief engineer shall fix the time when the annexation or reduction of territory shall become effective. A certified copy of the chief engineer's order approving the petition shall be sent to the board of directors and to the secretary of state. The board of directors shall file a copy of the order for record in the office of the register of deeds of each county in which the district, as modified, or any part thereof lies.
- New Sec. 11. (a) Whenever the board finds reasons for the dissolution of the district, the board may, by resolution adopted by a $\frac{2}{3}$ vote of all members of the board at a special meeting of the board called for that purpose, notice of which shall specify the purpose for which the meeting is to be called, provide for the calling of an election of the eligible voters

of the district for the purpose of determining whether the district shall be dissolved. The board shall also provide for the calling of an election if written petitions therefor, signed by 20% of the eligible voters of the district, are filed with the secretary of the board. The election to determine whether the district shall be dissolved shall be held and conducted by the board in the same manner as provided for conducting the election for the organization of the district insofar as those provisions can be made applicable. If a majority of the votes cast are in favor of dissolution of the district, the board shall immediately certify the results of the election to the secretary of state who shall thereupon issue and deliver to the secretary of the board a certificate of dissolution.

- Upon receipt from the secretary of state of the certificate of dissolution of the district, the secretary of the board shall notify the board of the certification and the board shall immediately pay all obligations of the district, including all costs incurred by the district, the chief engineer and the secretary of state in regard to the dissolution proceedings. The treasurer of the board shall thereupon distribute all moneys in the treasurer's hands belonging to the district in the manner prescribed by this act and immediately after making the distribution the treasurer shall notify the secretary of the board of the distribution. Upon receipt of the notification the secretary of the board shall have the certificate of dissolution published once in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the district and proof of the publication shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. The effective date of the dissolution, unless otherwise provided, shall be the date on which the proof of publication is filed in the office of the secretary of state, but in no event shall the date of dissolution be a date prior to the date of the publication of the certificate of dissolution. A certified copy of the certificate of dissolution of the district shall also be recorded in the office of the county clerk of each county where any portion of the district was located.
- (c) Any funds or other assets of the district shall be apportioned and paid to the general fund of any county located within or partially within the district in the proportion which the assessed valuation of the property in the district located within the county bears to the total assessed valuation of the district, based on equalized assessed valuations for the preceding year. The treasurer of the district, upon notification of receipt of the certificate of dissolution, shall immediately pay the amounts due each county located within the district to the treasurer of the county.
- (d) The secretary of the board of the district shall file all minutes and records of the district with the register of deeds of the county where the designated office of the district was located.
- New Sec. 12. Whenever the district recommends the same or whenever a petition signed by not less than 300 or by not less than 5% of the

 eligible voters of the district, whichever is less, is submitted to the chief engineer, the chief engineer shall initiate, as soon as practicable thereafter, proceedings for the designation of a specifically defined area within the district as an intensive groundwater use control area. The petition shall state that the petitioners have reason to believe that any one or more of the following conditions exist in such groundwater use area: (a) Groundwater levels in the area in question are declining or have declined excessively; (b) the rate of withdrawal of groundwater within the area in question equals or exceeds the rate of recharge in such area; (c) preventable waste of water is occurring or may occur within the area in question; (d) unreasonable deterioration of the quality of water is occurring or may occur within the area in question; or (e) other conditions exist within the area in question which require regulation in the public interest.

New Sec. 13. In any case where proceedings for the designation of an intensive groundwater use control area within the district are initiated, the chief engineer shall hold and conduct a public hearing on the question of designating such an area as an intensive groundwater use control area. Written notice of the hearing shall be given to every person holding a water right in the area in question and notice of the hearing shall be given by one publication in a newspaper or newspapers of general circulation within the area in question at least 30 days prior to the date set for such hearing. The notice shall state the question and shall denote the time and place of the hearing. At the hearing, documentary and oral evidence shall be taken, and a full and complete record of the same shall be kept.

New Sec. 14. (a) In any case where the chief engineer finds that any one or more of the circumstances set forth in section 12, and amendments thereto, exist and that the public interest requires that any one or more corrective controls be adopted, the chief engineer shall designate, by order, the area in question, or any part thereof, as an intensive groundwater use control area.

(b) The order of the chief engineer shall define specifically the boundaries of the intensive groundwater use control area and shall indicate the circumstances upon which the findings of the chief engineer are made. The order of the chief engineer may include any one or more of the following corrective control provisions: (1) A provision closing the intensive groundwater use control area to any further appropriation of groundwater in which event the chief engineer shall thereafter refuse to accept any application for a permit to appropriate groundwater located within such area; (2) a provision determining the permissible total withdrawal of groundwater in the intensive groundwater use control area each day, month or year, and, insofar as may be reasonably done, the chief engineer shall apportion such permissible total withdrawal among the valid groundwater right holders in such area in accordance with the rel-

ative dates of priority of such rights; (3) a provision reducing the permissible withdrawal of groundwater by any one or more appropriators thereof, or by wells in the intensive groundwater use control area; (4) a provision requiring and specifying a system of rotation of groundwater use in the intensive groundwater use control area; and (5) any one or more other provisions making such additional requirements as are necessary to protect the public interest.

- (c) Except as provided by subsection (d), the order of designation of an intensive groundwater use control area shall be in full force and effect from the date of its entry in the records of the chief engineer's office unless and until its operation shall be stayed by an appeal from an order entered on review of the chief engineer's order pursuant to K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 82a-1901, and amendments thereto, in accordance with the provisions of the act for judicial review and civil enforcement of agency actions. The chief engineer upon request shall deliver a copy of such order to any interested person who is affected by such order, and shall file a copy of the same with the register of deeds of any county within which such designated control area lies.
- (d) If the holder of a groundwater right within the area designated as an intensive groundwater use control area applies for review of the order of designation pursuant to K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 82a-1901, and amendments thereto, the provisions of the order with respect to the inclusion of the holder's right within the area may be stayed in accordance with the Kansas administrative procedure act.
- New Sec. 15. Nothing in this act shall be construed as limiting or affecting any duty or power of the chief engineer granted pursuant to the Kansas water appropriation act.
- Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201a is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-201a. The following described property, to the extent herein specified, shall be exempt from all property or ad valorem taxes levied under the laws of the state of Kansas:
- *First.* All property belonging exclusively to the United States, except property which congress has expressly declared to be subject to state and local taxation.

Second. All property used exclusively by the state or any municipality or political subdivision of the state. All property owned, being acquired pursuant to a lease-purchase agreement or operated by the state or any municipality or political subdivision of the state, including property which is vacant or lying dormant, which is used or is to be used for any governmental or proprietary function and for which bonds may be issued or taxes levied to finance the same, shall be considered to be used exclusively by the state, municipality or political subdivision for the purposes of this section. The lease by a municipality or political subdivision of the state

of any real property owned or being acquired pursuant to a lease-purchase 1 agreement for the purpose of providing office space necessary for the performance of medical services by a person licensed to practice medicine 3 and surgery or osteopathic medicine by the board of healing arts pursuant 4 to K.S.A. 65-2801 et seq., and amendments thereto, dentistry services by 5 a person licensed by the Kansas dental board pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1401 6 et seq., and amendments thereto, optometry services by a person licensed 7 by the board of examiners in optometry pursuant to K.S.A. 65-1501 et 8 seq., and amendments thereto, or K.S.A. 74-1501 et seq., and amend-9 10 ments thereto, podiatry services by a person licensed by the board of healing arts pursuant to K.S.A. 65-2001 et seq., and amendments thereto, 11 or the practice of psychology by a person licensed by the behavioral sci-12 ences regulatory board pursuant to K.S.A. 74-5301 et seq., and amend-13 ments thereto, shall be construed to be a governmental function, and 14 15 such property actually and regularly used for such purpose shall be deemed to be used exclusively for the purposes of this paragraph. The 16 17 lease by a municipality or political subdivision of the state of any real property, or portion thereof, owned or being acquired pursuant to a lease-18 purchase agreement to any entity for the exclusive use by it for an exempt 19 20 purpose, including the purpose of displaying or exhibiting personal prop-21 erty by a museum or historical society, if no portion of the lease payments include compensation for return on the investment in such leased prop-22 23 erty shall be deemed to be used exclusively for the purposes of this par-24 agraph. All property leased, other than property being acquired pursuant 25 to a lease-purchase agreement, to the state or any municipality or political 26 subdivision of the state by any private entity shall not be considered to be used exclusively by the state or any municipality or political subdivision 27 28 of the state for the purposes of this section except that the provisions of this sentence shall not apply to any such property subject to lease on the 29 30 effective date of this act until the term of such lease expires but property taxes levied upon any such property prior to tax year 1989, shall not be 31 32 abated or refunded. Any property constructed or purchased with the proceeds of industrial revenue bonds issued prior to July 1, 1963, as author-33 ized by K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, or purchased with proceeds of im-34 35 provement district bonds issued prior to July 1, 1963, as authorized by K.S.A. 19-2776, or with proceeds of bonds issued prior to July 1, 1963, 36 37 as authorized by K.S.A. 19-3815a and 19-3815b, or any property improved, purchased, constructed, reconstructed or repaired with the pro-38 39 ceeds of revenue bonds issued prior to July 1, 1963, as authorized by 40 K.S.A. 13-1238 to 13-1245, inclusive, or any property improved, reimproved, reconstructed or repaired with the proceeds of revenue bonds 41 42 issued after July 1, 1963, under the authority of K.S.A. 13-1238 to 13-43 1245, inclusive, which had previously been improved, reconstructed or

repaired with the proceeds of revenue bonds issued under such act on or 2 before July 1, 1963, shall be exempt from taxation for so long as any of the revenue bonds issued to finance such construction, reconstruction, 3 improvement, repair or purchase shall be outstanding and unpaid. Any property constructed or purchased with the proceeds of any revenue 5 bonds authorized by K.S.A. 13-1238 to 13-1245, inclusive, 19-2776, 19-6 3815a and 19-3815b, and amendments thereto, issued on or after July 1, 7 1963, shall be exempt from taxation only for a period of 10 calendar years 8 9 after the calendar year in which the bonds were issued. Any property, all 10 or any portion of which is constructed or purchased with the proceeds of revenue bonds authorized by K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and 11 amendments thereto, issued on or after July 1, 1963 and prior to July 1, 12 1981, shall be exempt from taxation only for a period of 10 calendar years 13 after the calendar year in which the bonds were issued. Except as here-14 15 inafter provided, any property constructed or purchased wholly with the proceeds of revenue bonds issued on or after July 1, 1981, under the 16 17 authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and amendments thereto, shall be exempt from taxation only for a period of 10 calendar 18 years after the calendar year in which the bonds were issued. Except as 19 20 hereinafter provided, any property constructed or purchased in part with 21 the proceeds of revenue bonds issued on or after July 1, 1981, under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and amendments 22 23 thereto, shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of the value of that portion of the property financed by the revenue bonds and only for a 24 25 period of 10 calendar years after the calendar year in which the bonds 26 were issued. The exemption of that portion of the property constructed or purchased with the proceeds of revenue bonds shall terminate upon 27 28 the failure to pay all taxes levied on that portion of the property which is not exempt and the entire property shall be subject to sale in the manner 29 30 prescribed by K.S.A. 79-2301 et seq., and amendments thereto. Property 31 constructed or purchased in whole or in part with the proceeds of revenue 32 bonds issued on or after January 1, 1995, under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749, inclusive, and amendments thereto, and used in any 33 retail enterprise identified under the standard industrial classification 34 35 codes, major groups 52 through 59, inclusive, except facilities used exclusively to house the headquarters or back office operations of such retail 36 37 enterprises identified thereunder, shall not be exempt from taxation. For the purposes of the preceding provision "standard industrial classification 38 39 code" means a standard industrial classification code published in the 40 Standard Industrial Classification manual, 1987, as prepared by the statistical policy division of the office of management and budget of the 41 office of the president of the United States. "Headquarters or back office 42 operations" means a facility from which the enterprise is provided direc-43

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functions in support of transactions made by the enterprise. Property purchased, constructed, reconstructed, equipped, maintained or repaired 3 with the proceeds of industrial revenue bonds issued under the authority 5 of K.S.A. 12-1740 et seq., and amendments thereto, which is located in a redevelopment project area established under the authority of K.S.A. 12-6 1770 et seg. shall not be exempt from taxation. Property purchased, ac-7 quired, constructed, reconstructed, improved, equipped, furnished, re-8 paired, enlarged or remodeled with all or any part of the proceeds of 9 revenue bonds issued under authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749a, 10 inclusive, and amendments thereto for any poultry confinement facility 11 on agricultural land which is owned, acquired, obtained or leased by a 12 corporation, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 17-5903 and amend-13 ments thereto, shall not be exempt from such taxation. Property pur-14 15 chased, acquired, constructed, reconstructed, improved, equipped, furnished, repaired, enlarged or remodeled with all or any part of the 16 17 proceeds of revenue bonds issued under the authority of K.S.A. 12-1740 to 12-1749a, inclusive, and amendments thereto, for a rabbit confinement 18 facility on agricultural land which is owned, acquired, obtained or leased 19 20 by a corporation, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 17-5903 and amend-21 ments thereto, shall not be exempt from such taxation. 22

Third. All works, machinery and fixtures used exclusively by any rural water district or township water district for conveying or production of potable water in such rural water district or township water district, and all works, machinery and fixtures used exclusively by any entity which performed the functions of a rural water district on and after January 1, 1990, and the works, machinery and equipment of which were exempted hereunder on March 13, 1995.

Fourth. All fire engines and other implements used for the extinguishment of fires, with the buildings used exclusively for the safekeeping thereof, and for the meeting of fire companies, whether belonging to any rural fire district, township fire district, town, city or village, or to any fire company organized therein or therefor.

Fifth. All property, real and personal, owned by county fair associations organized and operating under the provisions of K.S.A. 2-125 *et seq.* and amendments thereto.

Sixth. Property acquired and held by any municipality under the municipal housing law (K.S.A. 17-2337 *et seq.*) and amendments thereto, except that such exemption shall not apply to any portion of the project used by a nondwelling facility for profit making enterprise.

Seventh. All property of a municipality, acquired or held under and for the purposes of the urban renewal law (K.S.A. 17-4742 et seq.) and amendments thereto except that such tax exemption shall terminate when

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the municipality sells, leases or otherwise disposes of such property in an urban renewal area to a purchaser or lessee which is not a public body entitled to tax exemption with respect to such property.

Eighth. All property acquired and held by the Kansas armory board for armory purposes under the provisions of K.S.A. 48-317, and amendments thereto.

Ninth. All property acquired and used by the Kansas turnpike authority under the authority of K.S.A. 68-2001 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 68-2030 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, K.S.A. 68-2051 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and K.S.A. 68-2070 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.

Tenth. All property acquired and used for state park purposes by the Kansas department of wildlife and parks.

Eleventh. The state office building constructed under authority of K.S.A. 75-3607 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and the site upon which such building is located.

Twelfth. All buildings erected under the authority of K.S.A. 76-6a01 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and all other student union buildings and student dormitories erected upon the campus of any institution mentioned in K.S.A. 76-6a01, and amendments thereto, by any other non-profit corporation.

Thirteenth. All buildings, as the same is defined in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 76-6a13, and amendments thereto, which are erected, constructed or acquired under the authority of K.S.A. 76-6a13 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and building sites acquired therefor.

Fourteenth. All that portion of the waterworks plant and system of the city of Kansas City, Missouri, now or hereafter located within the territory of the state of Kansas pursuant to the compact and agreement adopted by chapter 304 of the 1921 Session Laws of the state of Kansas. [See K.S.A. 79-205.]

Fifteenth. All property, real and personal, owned by a groundwater management district organized and operating pursuant to K.S.A. 82a-1020, and amendments thereto, or by a groundwater management district operating pursuant to sections 1 through 15, and amendments thereto.

Sixteenth. All property, real and personal, owned by the joint water district organized and operating pursuant to K.S.A. 80-1616 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.

Seventeenth. All property, including interests less than fee ownership, acquired for the state of Kansas by the secretary of transportation or a predecessor in interest which is used in the administration, construction, maintenance or operation of the state system of highways, regardless of how or when acquired.

Eighteenth. Any building used primarily as an industrial training center

for academic or vocational education programs designed for and operated under contract with private industry, and located upon a site owned, leased or being acquired by or for an area vocational school, an area vocational-technical school, a technical college, or a community college, as defined by K.S.A. 72-4412, and amendments thereto, and the site upon which any such building is located.

Nineteenth. For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1997, all buildings of an area vocational school, an area vocational-technical school, a technical college or a community college, as defined by K.S.A. 72-4412, and amendments thereto, which are owned and operated by any such school or college as a student union or dormitory, and the site upon which any such building is located.

Except as otherwise specifically provided, the provisions of this section shall apply to all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1998.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-3606 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-3606. The following shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this act:

- (a) All sales of motor-vehicle fuel or other articles upon which a sales or excise tax has been paid, not subject to refund, under the laws of this state except cigarettes as defined by K.S.A. 79-3301 and amendments thereto, cereal malt beverages and malt products as defined by K.S.A. 79-3817 and amendments thereto, including wort, liquid malt, malt syrup and malt extract, which is not subject to taxation under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-41a02 and amendments thereto, motor vehicles taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-5117, and amendments thereto, tires taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 65-3424d, and amendments thereto, and drycleaning and laundry services taxed pursuant to K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 65-34,150, and amendments thereto;
- (b) all sales of tangible personal property or service, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by the state of Kansas, a political subdivision thereof, other than a school or educational institution, or purchased by a public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority or nonprofit blood, tissue or organ bank and used exclusively for state, political subdivision, hospital or public hospital authority or nonprofit blood, tissue or organ bank purposes, except when: (1) Such state, hospital or public hospital authority is engaged or proposes to engage in any business specifically taxable under the provisions of this act and such items of tangible personal property or service are used or proposed to be used in such business, or (2) such political subdivision is engaged or proposes to engage in the business of furnishing gas, water, electricity or heat to others and such items of personal property or service are used or proposed to be used in such business;
 - (c) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the

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renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly by a public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private nonprofit educational institution and used primarily by such school or institution for nonsectarian programs and activities provided or sponsored by such school or institution or in the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings to be used for such purposes. The exemption herein provided shall not apply to erection, construction, repair, enlargement or equipment of buildings used primarily for human habitation;

all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority, public or private elementary or secondary school or a public or private nonprofit educational institution, which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such hospital or public hospital authority, school or educational institution; and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of the state, the total cost of which is paid from funds of such political subdivision and which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this act if purchased directly by such political subdivision. Nothing in this subsection or in the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418 and amendments thereto, shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any political subdivision of the state. As used in this subsection, K.S.A. 12-3418 and 79-3640, and amendments thereto, "funds of a political subdivision" shall mean general tax revenues, the proceeds of any bonds and gifts or grants-in-aid. Gifts shall not mean funds used for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities which are to be leased to the donor. When any political subdivision of the state, public or private nonprofit hospital or public hospital authority, public or private elementary or secondary school or public or private nonprofit educational institution shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the con-

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tractor shall furnish to the political subdivision, hospital or public hospital 2 authority, school or educational institution concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so 3 made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. As an alternative 4 to the foregoing procedure, any such contracting entity may apply to the secretary of revenue for agent status for the sole purpose of issuing and 6 furnishing project exemption certificates to contractors pursuant to rules 7 and regulations adopted by the secretary establishing conditions and stan-8 dards for the granting and maintaining of such status. All invoices shall 9 10 be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such 11 a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or 12 other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or 13 compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not 14 15 be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of 16 17 the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such 18 certificate was issued, the political subdivision, hospital or public hospital 19 20 authority, school or educational institution concerned shall be liable for 21 tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable 22 23 attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased 24 under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a 26 certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor 27 28 and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto; 29 30

all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the erection, repair or enlargement of buildings or other projects for the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities, which would be exempt from taxation if purchased directly by the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities. When the government of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities shall contract for the erection, repair, or enlargement of any building or other project, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the government

of the United States, its agencies or instrumentalities concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. As an alternative to the foregoing procedure, any such contracting entity may apply to the secretary of revenue for agent status for the sole purpose of issuing and furnishing project exemption certificates to contractors pursuant to rules and regulations adopted by the secretary establishing conditions and standards for the granting and maintaining of such status. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615 and amendments thereto;

- (f) tangible personal property purchased by a railroad or public utility for consumption or movement directly and immediately in interstate commerce:
- (g) sales of aircraft including remanufactured and modified aircraft, sales of aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts and sales of services employed in the remanufacture, modification and repair of aircraft sold to persons using directly or through an authorized agent such aircraft and aircraft repair, modification and replacement parts as certified or licensed carriers of persons or property in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States or any foreign government or sold to any foreign government or agency or instrumentality of such foreign government and all sales of aircraft, aircraft parts, replacement parts and services employed in the remanufacture, modification and repair of aircraft for use outside of the United States;
- (h) all rentals of nonsectarian textbooks by public or private elementary or secondary schools;
- (i) the lease or rental of all films, records, tapes, or any type of sound or picture transcriptions used by motion picture exhibitors;
- (j) meals served without charge or food used in the preparation of such meals to employees of any restaurant, eating house, dining car, hotel, drugstore or other place where meals or drinks are regularly sold to the public if such employees' duties are related to the furnishing or sale of such meals or drinks;
- (k) any motor vehicle, semitrailer or pole trailer, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto, or aircraft sold and delivered in this state to a bona fide resident of another state, which motor

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vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft is not to be registered or based in this state and which vehicle, semitrailer, pole trailer or aircraft will not remain in this state more than 10 days;

- (l) all isolated or occasional sales of tangible personal property, services, substances or things, except isolated or occasional sale of motor vehicles specifically taxed under the provisions of subsection (o) of K.S.A. 79-3603 and amendments thereto;
- (m) all sales of tangible personal property which become an ingredient or component part of tangible personal property or services produced, manufactured or compounded for ultimate sale at retail within or without the state of Kansas; and any such producer, manufacturer or compounder may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property for use as an ingredient or component part of the property or services produced, manufactured or compounded;
- (n) all sales of tangible personal property which is consumed in the production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining or compounding of tangible personal property, the treating of by-products or wastes derived from any such production process, the providing of services or the irrigation of crops for ultimate sale at retail within or without the state of Kansas; and any purchaser of such property may obtain from the director of taxation and furnish to the supplier an exemption certificate number for tangible personal property for consumption in such production, manufacture, processing, mining, drilling, refining, compounding, treating, irrigation and in providing such services;
- (o) all sales of animals, fowl and aquatic plants and animals, the primary purpose of which is use in agriculture or aquaculture, as defined in K.S.A. 47-1901, and amendments thereto, the production of food for human consumption, the production of animal, dairy, poultry or aquatic plant and animal products, fiber or fur, or the production of offspring for use for any such purpose or purposes;
- (p) all sales of drugs, as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments thereto, dispensed pursuant to a prescription order, as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626 and amendments thereto, by a licensed practitioner or a midlevel practitioner as defined by K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto;
- (q) all sales of insulin dispensed by a person licensed by the state board of pharmacy to a person for treatment of diabetes at the direction of a person licensed to practice medicine by the board of healing arts;
- (r) all sales of prosthetic and orthopedic appliances prescribed in writing by a person licensed to practice the healing arts, dentistry or optometry. For the purposes of this subsection, the term prosthetic and orthopedic appliances means any apparatus, instrument, device, or equipment used to replace or substitute for any missing part of the body; used

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to alleviate the malfunction of any part of the body; or used to assist any disabled person in leading a normal life by facilitating such person's mobility; such term shall include accessories attached or to be attached to motor vehicles, but such term shall not include motor vehicles or personal property which when installed becomes a fixture to real property;

- (s) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased directly by a groundwater management district organized or operating under the authority of K.S.A. 82a-1020 *et seq.* and amendments thereto, *or by a groundwater management district operating pursuant to sections 1 through 15, and amendments thereto,* which property or services are used in the operation or maintenance of the district;
- (t) all sales of farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment, repair and replacement parts therefor and services performed in the repair and maintenance of such machinery and equipment. For the purposes of this subsection the term "farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment" shall include machinery and equipment used in the operation of Christmas tree farming but shall not include any passenger vehicle, truck, truck tractor, trailer, semitrailer or pole trailer, other than a farm trailer, as such terms are defined by K.S.A. 8-126 and amendments thereto. Each purchaser of farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment exempted herein must certify in writing on the copy of the invoice or sales ticket to be retained by the seller that the farm machinery and equipment or aquaculture machinery and equipment purchased will be used only in farming, ranching or aquaculture production. Farming or ranching shall include the operation of a feedlot and farm and ranch work for hire and the operation of a nursery;
- (u) all leases or rentals of tangible personal property used as a dwelling if such tangible personal property is leased or rented for a period of more than 28 consecutive days;
- (v) all sales of food products to any contractor for use in preparing meals for delivery to homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and to homebound disabled persons or to be served at a group-sitting at a location outside of the home to otherwise homebound elderly persons over 60 years of age and to otherwise homebound disabled persons, as all or part of any food service project funded in whole or in part by government or as part of a private nonprofit food service project available to all such elderly or disabled persons residing within an area of service designated by the private nonprofit organization, and all sales of food products for use in preparing meals for consumption by indigent or homeless individuals whether or not such meals are consumed at a place designated for such purpose;
 - (w) all sales of natural gas, electricity, heat and water delivered

through mains, lines or pipes: (1) To residential premises for noncommercial use by the occupant of such premises; (2) for agricultural use and also, for such use, all sales of propane gas; (3) for use in the severing of oil; and (4) to any property which is exempt from property taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 79-201b *Second* through *Sixth*. As used in this paragraph, "severing" shall have the meaning ascribed thereto by subsection (k) of K.S.A. 79-4216, and amendments thereto;

- (x) all sales of propane gas, LP-gas, coal, wood and other fuel sources for the production of heat or lighting for noncommercial use of an occupant of residential premises;
- (y) all sales of materials and services used in the repairing, servicing, altering, maintaining, manufacturing, remanufacturing, or modification of railroad rolling stock for use in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States;
- (z) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased directly by a port authority or by a contractor therefor as provided by the provisions of K.S.A. 12-3418 and amendments thereto;
- (aa) all sales of materials and services applied to equipment which is transported into the state from without the state for repair, service, alteration, maintenance, remanufacture or modification and which is subsequently transported outside the state for use in the transmission of liquids or natural gas by means of pipeline in interstate or foreign commerce under authority of the laws of the United States;
- (bb) all sales of used mobile homes or manufactured homes. As used in this subsection: (1) "Mobile homes" and "manufactured homes" shall have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 58-4202 and amendments thereto; and (2) "sales of used mobile homes or manufactured homes" means sales other than the original retail sale thereof;
- (cc) all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased for the purpose of and in conjunction with constructing, reconstructing, enlarging or remodeling a business or retail business which meets the requirements established in K.S.A. 74-50,115 and amendments thereto, and the sale and installation of machinery and equipment purchased for installation at any such business or retail business. When a person shall contract for the construction, reconstruction, enlargement or remodeling of any such business or retail business, such person shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials, machinery and equipment for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificates to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to the owner of the business or retail business

a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or oth-erwise dispose of any materials, machinery or equipment purchased un-der such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed thereon, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615 and amendments thereto. As used in this subsection, "business" and "retail business" have the meanings respec-tively ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 74-50,114 and amendments thereto;

- (dd) all sales of tangible personal property purchased with food stamps issued by the United States department of agriculture;
- (ee) all sales of lottery tickets and shares made as part of a lottery operated by the state of Kansas;
- (ff) on and after July 1, 1988, all sales of new mobile homes or manufactured homes to the extent of 40% of the gross receipts, determined without regard to any trade-in allowance, received from such sale. As used in this subsection, "mobile homes" and "manufactured homes" shall have the meanings ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 58-4202 and amendments thereto;
- (gg) all sales of tangible personal property purchased in accordance with vouchers issued pursuant to the federal special supplemental food program for women, infants and children;
- (hh) all sales of medical supplies and equipment purchased directly by a nonprofit skilled nursing home or nonprofit intermediate nursing care home, as defined by K.S.A. 39-923, and amendments thereto, for the purpose of providing medical services to residents thereof. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes;
- (ii) all sales of tangible personal property purchased directly by a non-profit organization for nonsectarian comprehensive multidiscipline youth development programs and activities provided or sponsored by such organization, and all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of any such organization. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes;
- (jj) all sales of tangible personal property or services, including the renting and leasing of tangible personal property, purchased directly on behalf of a community-based mental retardation facility or mental health center organized pursuant to K.S.A. 19-4001 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, and licensed in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-

 3307b and amendments thereto. This exemption shall not apply to tangible personal property customarily used for human habitation purposes;

- (kk) (1) (A) all sales of machinery and equipment which are used in this state as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation by a manufacturing or processing plant or facility;
- (B) all sales of installation, repair and maintenance services performed on such machinery and equipment; and
- (C) all sales of repair and replacement parts and accessories purchased for such machinery and equipment.
 - (2) For purposes of this subsection:
- (A) "Integrated production operation" means an integrated series of operations engaged in at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility to process, transform or convert tangible personal property by physical, chemical or other means into a different form, composition or character from that in which it originally existed. Integrated production operations shall include: (i) Production line operations, including packaging operations; (ii) preproduction operations to handle, store and treat raw materials; (iii) post production handling, storage, warehousing and distribution operations; and (iv) waste, pollution and environmental control operations, if any;
- (B) "production line" means the assemblage of machinery and equipment at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility where the actual transformation or processing of tangible personal property occurs;
- (C) "manufacturing or processing plant or facility" means a single, fixed location owned or controlled by a manufacturing or processing business that consists of one or more structures or buildings in a contiguous area where integrated production operations are conducted to manufacture or process tangible personal property to be ultimately sold at retail. Such term shall not include any facility primarily operated for the purpose of conveying or assisting in the conveyance of natural gas, electricity, oil or water. A business may operate one or more manufacturing or processing plants or facilities at different locations to manufacture or process a single product of tangible personal property to be ultimately sold at retail:
- (D) "manufacturing or processing business" means a business that utilizes an integrated production operation to manufacture, process, fabricate, finish, or assemble items for wholesale and retail distribution as part of what is commonly regarded by the general public as an industrial manufacturing or processing operation or an agricultural commodity processing operation. (i) Industrial manufacturing or processing operations include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, the fabrication of automobiles, airplanes, machinery or transportation equipment, the fabrication of metal, plastic, wood, or paper products, electricity power

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generation, water treatment, petroleum refining, chemical production, 1 2 wholesale bottling, newspaper printing, ready mixed concrete production, and the remanufacturing of used parts for wholesale or retail sale. Such 3 processing operations shall include operations at an oil well, gas well, mine 4 or other excavation site where the oil, gas, minerals, coal, clay, stone, sand 5 or gravel that has been extracted from the earth is cleaned, separated, 6 crushed, ground, milled, screened, washed, or otherwise treated or pre-7 pared before its transmission to a refinery or before any other wholesale 8 or retail distribution. (ii) Agricultural commodity processing operations 9 10 include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, meat packing, poultry slaughtering and dressing, processing and packaging farm and dairy products in sealed containers for wholesale and retail distribution, feed grind-12 ing, grain milling, frozen food processing, and grain handling, cleaning, 13 blending, fumigation, drying and aeration operations engaged in by grain 14 15 elevators or other grain storage facilities. (iii) Manufacturing or processing businesses do not include, by way of illustration but not of limitation, 16 nonindustrial businesses whose operations are primarily retail and that 17 produce or process tangible personal property as an incidental part of 18 conducting the retail business, such as retailers who bake, cook or prepare 19 20 food products in the regular course of their retail trade, grocery stores, 21 meat lockers and meat markets that butcher or dress livestock or poultry in the regular course of their retail trade, contractors who alter, service, 22 23 repair or improve real property, and retail businesses that clean, service or refurbish and repair tangible personal property for its owner; 24 25

- (E) "repair and replacement parts and accessories" means all parts and accessories for exempt machinery and equipment, including, but not limited to, dies, jigs, molds, patterns and safety devices that are attached to exempt machinery or that are otherwise used in production, and parts and accessories that require periodic replacement such as belts, drill bits, grinding wheels, grinding balls, cutting bars, saws, refractory brick and other refractory items for exempt kiln equipment used in production operations;
 - (F) "primary" or "primarily" mean more than 50% of the time.
- (3) For purposes of this subsection, machinery and equipment shall be deemed to be used as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation when used:
- (A) To receive, transport, convey, handle, treat or store raw materials in preparation of its placement on the production line;
- (B) to transport, convey, handle or store the property undergoing manufacturing or processing at any point from the beginning of the production line through any warehousing or distribution operation of the final product that occurs at the plant or facility;
 - (C) to act upon, effect, promote or otherwise facilitate a physical

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change to the property undergoing manufacturing or processing;

- (D) to guide, control or direct the movement of property undergoing manufacturing or processing;
- (E) to test or measure raw materials, the property undergoing manufacturing or processing or the finished product, as a necessary part of the manufacturer's integrated production operations;
- (F) to plan, manage, control or record the receipt and flow of inventories of raw materials, consumables and component parts, the flow of the property undergoing manufacturing or processing and the management of inventories of the finished product;
- (G) to produce energy for, lubricate, control the operating of or otherwise enable the functioning of other production machinery and equipment and the continuation of production operations;
- (H) to package the property being manufactured or processed in a container or wrapping in which such property is normally sold or transported;
- (I) to transmit or transport electricity, coke, gas, water, steam or similar substances used in production operations from the point of generation, if produced by the manufacturer or processor at the plant site, to that manufacturer's production operation; or, if purchased or delivered from offsite, from the point where the substance enters the site of the plant or facility to that manufacturer's production operations;
- (J) to cool, heat, filter, refine or otherwise treat water, steam, acid, oil, solvents or other substances that are used in production operations;
- (K) to provide and control an environment required to maintain certain levels of air quality, humidity or temperature in special and limited areas of the plant or facility, where such regulation of temperature or humidity is part of and essential to the production process;
- (L) to treat, transport or store waste or other byproducts of production operations at the plant or facility; or
- (M) to control pollution at the plant or facility where the pollution is produced by the manufacturing or processing operation.
- (4) The following machinery, equipment and materials shall be deemed to be exempt even though it may not otherwise qualify as machinery and equipment used as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation: (A) Computers and related peripheral equipment that are utilized by a manufacturing or processing business for engineering of the finished product or for research and development or product design; (B) machinery and equipment that is utilized by a manufacturing or processing business to manufacture or rebuild tangible personal property that is used in manufacturing or processing operations, including tools, dies, molds, forms and other parts of qualifying machinery and equipment; (C) portable plants for aggregate concrete, bulk cement

and asphalt including cement mixing drums to be attached to a motor vehicle; (D) industrial fixtures, devices, support facilities and special foundations necessary for manufacturing and production operations, and materials and other tangible personal property sold for the purpose of fabricating such fixtures, devices, facilities and foundations. An exemption certificate for such purchases shall be signed by the manufacturer or processor. If the fabricator purchases such material, the fabricator shall also sign the exemption certificate; and (E) a manufacturing or processing business' laboratory equipment that is not located at the plant or facility, but that would otherwise qualify for exemption under subsection (3)(E).

- (5) "Machinery and equipment used as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation" shall not include:
- (A) Machinery and equipment used for nonproduction purposes, including, but not limited to, machinery and equipment used for plant security, fire prevention, first aid, accounting, administration, record keeping, advertising, marketing, sales or other related activities, plant cleaning, plant communications, and employee work scheduling;
- (B) machinery, equipment and tools used primarily in maintaining and repairing any type of machinery and equipment or the building and plant;
- (C) transportation, transmission and distribution equipment not primarily used in a production, warehousing or material handling operation at the plant or facility, including the means of conveyance of natural gas, electricity, oil or water, and equipment related thereto, located outside the plant or facility;
- (D) office machines and equipment including computers and related peripheral equipment not used directly and primarily to control or measure the manufacturing process;
 - (E) furniture and other furnishings;
- (F) buildings, other than exempt machinery and equipment that is permanently affixed to or becomes a physical part of the building, and any other part of real estate that is not otherwise exempt;
- (G) building fixtures that are not integral to the manufacturing operation, such as utility systems for heating, ventilation, air conditioning, communications, plumbing or electrical;
- (H) machinery and equipment used for general plant heating, cooling and lighting;
- (I) motor vehicles that are registered for operation on public highways; or
- (J) employee apparel, except safety and protective apparel that is purchased by an employer and furnished gratuitously to employees who are involved in production or research activities.
 - (6) Subsections (3) and (5) shall not be construed as exclusive listings

 of the machinery and equipment that qualify or do not qualify as an integral or essential part of an integrated production operation. When machinery or equipment is used as an integral or essential part of production operations part of the time and for nonproduction purpose at other times, the primary use of the machinery or equipment shall determine whether or not such machinery or equipment qualifies for exemption.

- (7) The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to administer the provisions of this subsection;
- (ll) all sales of educational materials purchased for distribution to the public at no charge by a nonprofit corporation organized for the purpose of encouraging, fostering and conducting programs for the improvement of public health;
- (mm) all sales of seeds and tree seedlings; fertilizers, insecticides, herbicides, germicides, pesticides and fungicides; and services, purchased and used for the purpose of producing plants in order to prevent soil erosion on land devoted to agricultural use;
- (nn) except as otherwise provided in this act, all sales of services rendered by an advertising agency or licensed broadcast station or any member, agent or employee thereof;
- (oo) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by a community action group or agency for the exclusive purpose of repairing or weatherizing housing occupied by low income individuals;
- (pp) all sales of drill bits and explosives actually utilized in the exploration and production of oil or gas;
- (qq) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a nonprofit museum or historical society or any combination thereof, including a nonprofit organization which is organized for the purpose of stimulating public interest in the exploration of space by providing educational information, exhibits and experiences, which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;
- (rr) all sales of tangible personal property which will admit the purchaser thereof to any annual event sponsored by a nonprofit organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986;
- (ss) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a public broadcasting station licensed by the federal communications commission as a noncommercial educational television or radio station;
- (tt) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of a not-for-profit corporation which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for the sole purpose of constructing a Kansas Korean

War memorial:

- (uu) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of any rural volunteer fire-fighting organization for use exclusively in the performance of its duties and functions;
- (vv) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by any of the following organizations which are exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, for the following purposes, and all sales of any such property by or on behalf of any such organization for any such purpose:
- (1) The American Heart Association, Kansas Affiliate, Inc. for the purposes of providing education, training, certification in emergency cardiac care, research and other related services to reduce disability and death from cardiovascular diseases and stroke:
- (2) the Kansas Alliance for the Mentally Ill, Inc. for the purpose of advocacy for persons with mental illness and to education, research and support for their families;
- (3) the Kansas Mental Illness Awareness Council for the purposes of advocacy for persons who are mentally ill and to education, research and support for them and their families;
- (4) the American Diabetes Association Kansas Affiliate, Inc. for the purpose of eliminating diabetes through medical research, public education focusing on disease prevention and education, patient education including information on coping with diabetes, and professional education and training;
- (5) the American Lung Association of Kansas, Inc. for the purpose of eliminating all lung diseases through medical research, public education including information on coping with lung diseases, professional education and training related to lung disease and other related services to reduce the incidence of disability and death due to lung disease; and
- (6) the Kansas chapters of the Alzheimer's Disease and Related Disorders Association, Inc. for the purpose of providing assistance and support to persons in Kansas with Alzheimer's disease, and their families and caregivers;
- (ww) all sales of tangible personal property purchased by the Habitat for Humanity for the exclusive use of being incorporated within a housing project constructed by such organization;
- (xx) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a nonprofit zoo which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, or on behalf of such zoo by an entity itself exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986 contracted with to operate such zoo and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of con-

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structing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any nonprofit zoo which would be 2 exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased 3 directly by such nonprofit zoo or the entity operating such zoo. Nothing 4 in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any con-5 struction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equip-6 ping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or re-7 modeling facilities for any nonprofit zoo. When any nonprofit zoo shall 8 9 contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, main-10 taining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certifi-11 cate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials 12 for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number 13 of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, 14 15 and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor 16 17 shall furnish to the nonprofit zoo concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were 18 entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by 19 20 the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by 21 the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other 22 23 project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so 24 25 incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such 26 contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined 27 28 that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, the nonprofit zoo concerned shall be liable for tax on 29 30 all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may 31 recover the same from the contractor together with reasonable attorney 32 fees. Any contractor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such 33 34 a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate 35 is issued without the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 36 37 conviction therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in sub-38 section (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto; 39

- (yy) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a parent-teacher association or organization, and all sales of tangible personal property by or on behalf of such association or organization;
- (zz) all sales of machinery and equipment purchased by over-the-air, free access radio or television station which is used directly and primarily

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for the purpose of producing a broadcast signal or is such that the failure of the machinery or equipment to operate would cause broadcasting to cease. For purposes of this subsection, machinery and equipment shall include, but not be limited to, that required by rules and regulations of the federal communications commission, and all sales of electricity which are essential or necessary for the purpose of producing a broadcast signal or is such that the failure of the electricity would cause broadcasting to cease;

all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a religious organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, and used exclusively for religious purposes, and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such organization which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such organization. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such organization. When any such organization shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the project the contractor shall furnish to such organization concerned a sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsection. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other project reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, such organization concerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same

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from the contractor together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contrac-2 tor or any agent, employee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of any materials purchased under such a certificate for 3 any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without 4 the payment of the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon 5 such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction 6 therefor, shall be subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) 7 of K.S.A. 79-3615, and amendments thereto. Sales tax paid on and after 8 9 July 1, 1998, but prior to the effective date of this act upon the gross 10 receipts received from any sale exempted by the amendatory provisions of this subsection shall be refunded. Each claim for a sales tax refund 11 shall be verified and submitted to the director of taxation upon forms 12 furnished by the director and shall be accompanied by any additional 13 documentation required by the director. The director shall review each 14 15 claim and shall refund that amount of sales tax paid as determined under the provisions of this subsection. All refunds shall be paid from the sales 16 17 tax refund fund upon warrants of the director of accounts and reports pursuant to vouchers approved by the director or the director's designee; 18 19

(bbb) all sales of food for human consumption by an organization which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, pursuant to a food distribution program which offers such food at a price below cost in exchange for the performance of community service by the purchaser thereof:

(ccc) on and after July 1, 1999, all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by a primary care clinic or health center the primary purpose of which is to provide services to medically underserved individuals and families, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501 (c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code, and all sales of tangible personal property or services purchased by a contractor for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such clinic or center which would be exempt from taxation under the provisions of this section if purchased directly by such clinic or center. Nothing in this subsection shall be deemed to exempt the purchase of any construction machinery, equipment or tools used in the constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities for any such clinic or center. When any such clinic or center shall contract for the purpose of constructing, equipping, reconstructing, maintaining, repairing, enlarging, furnishing or remodeling facilities, it shall obtain from the state and furnish to the contractor an exemption certificate for the project involved, and the contractor may purchase materials for incorporation in such project. The contractor shall

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42 43 furnish the number of such certificate to all suppliers from whom such

2 purchases are made, and such suppliers shall execute invoices covering the same bearing the number of such certificate. Upon completion of the 3 project the contractor shall furnish to such clinic or center concerned a 4 sworn statement, on a form to be provided by the director of taxation, 5 that all purchases so made were entitled to exemption under this subsec-6 tion. All invoices shall be held by the contractor for a period of five years 7 and shall be subject to audit by the director of taxation. If any materials 8 9 purchased under such a certificate are found not to have been incorporated in the building or other project or not to have been returned for 10 credit or the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such 11 materials which will not be so incorporated in the building or other pro-12 ject reported and paid by such contractor to the director of taxation not 13 later than the 20th day of the month following the close of the month in 14 15 which it shall be determined that such materials will not be used for the purpose for which such certificate was issued, such clinic or center con-16 17 cerned shall be liable for tax on all materials purchased for the project, and upon payment thereof it may recover the same from the contractor 18 together with reasonable attorney fees. Any contractor or any agent, em-19 20 ployee or subcontractor thereof, who shall use or otherwise dispose of 21 any materials purchased under such a certificate for any purpose other than that for which such a certificate is issued without the payment of 22 23 the sales or compensating tax otherwise imposed upon such materials, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction therefor, shall be 24 25 subject to the penalties provided for in subsection (g) of K.S.A. 79-3615, 26 and amendments thereto; 27

(ddd) on and after January 1, 1999, and before January 1, 2000, all sales of materials and services purchased by any class II or III railroad as classified by the federal surface transportation board for the construction, renovation, repair or replacement of class II or III railroad track and facilities used directly in interstate commerce. In the event any such track or facility for which materials and services were purchased sales tax exempt is not operational for five years succeeding the allowance of such exemption, the total amount of sales tax which would have been payable except for the operation of this subsection shall be recouped in accordance with rules and regulations adopted for such purpose by the secretary of revenue:

(eee) on and after January 1, 1999, and before January 1, 2001, all sales of materials and services purchased for the original construction, reconstruction, repair or replacement of grain storage facilities, including railroad sidings providing access thereto;

(fff) all sales of material handling equipment, racking systems and other related machinery and equipment that is used for the handling,

movement or storage of tangible personal property in a warehouse or distribution facility in this state; all sales of installation, repair and maintenance services performed on such machinery and equipment; and all sales of repair and replacement parts for such machinery and equipment. For purposes of this subsection, a warehouse or distribution facility means a single, fixed location that consists of buildings or structures in a contig-uous area where storage or distribution operations are conducted that are separate and apart from the business' retail operations, if any, and which do not otherwise qualify for exemption as occurring at a manufacturing or processing plant or facility. Material handling and storage equipment shall include aeration, dust control, cleaning, handling and other such equipment that is used in a public grain warehouse or other commercial grain storage facility, whether used for grain handling, grain storage, grain refining or processing, or other grain treatment operation; and

(ggg) all sales of tangible personal property and services purchased by or on behalf of the Kansas Academy of Science which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3) of the federal internal revenue code of 1986, and used solely by such academy for the preparation, publication and dissemination of education materials.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 82a-1021 is hereby amended to read as follows: 82a-1021. The following terms when used in this act shall have the limitations and meanings respectively ascribed to them in this section As used in this act:

- (a) "Aquifer" means any geological formation capable of yielding water in sufficient quantities that it can be extracted for beneficial purposes.
- (b) "Board" means the board of directors constituting the governing body of a groundwater management district.
- (c) "Chief engineer" means the chief engineer of the division of water resources of the Kansas state board of agriculture.
- (d) "District" means a contiguous area which overlies one or more aquifers, together with any area in between, which is organized for groundwater management purposes under this act and acts amendatory thereof or supplemental thereto. "District" does not include a groundwater management district operating pursuant to sections 1 through 15, and amendments thereto.
- (e) "Eligible voter" means any person who is a landowner or a water user as defined in this act except as hereafter qualified. Every natural person of the age of eighteen (18) years or upward 18 or more years of age shall be an eligible voter of a district under this act if (1) he or she such person is a landowner who owns, of record, any land, or any interest in land, comprising forty (40) 40 or more contiguous acres located within the boundaries of the district and not within the corporate limits of any municipality, or (2) he or she such person withdraws or uses groundwater

from within the boundaries of the district in an amount of one acre-foot or more per year.

Except as is hereafter qualified, every public or private corporation shall be an eligible voter of a district under this act either (1) if # such corporation is a landowner who owns of record any land, or any interest in land, comprised of forty (40) 40 or more contiguous acres located within the boundaries of the district and not within the corporate limits of any municipality, or (2) if # such corporation is a corporation that withdraws groundwater from within the district in an amount of one acrefoot or more per year.

Each tract of land of forty (40) 40 or more contiguous acres and each quantity of water withdrawn or used in an amount of one acre-foot or more per year shall be represented by but a single eligible voter. If the land is held by lease, under an estate for years, under contract, or otherwise, the fee owner shall be the one entitled to vote, unless the parties in interest agree otherwise. If the land is held jointly or in common, the majority in interest shall determine which natural person or corporation shall be entitled to vote. Each qualified voter shall be entitled to cast only one vote. A person duly authorized to act in a representative capacity for estates, trusts, municipalities, public corporations or private corporations may also cast one vote for each estate, trust, municipality, or public or private corporations so represented. Nothing herein shall be construed to authorize proxy voting.

Any landowner who is not a water user may have his or her the landowner's land excluded from any district assessments and thereby abandon his or her right to vote on district matters by serving a written notice of election of exclusion with the steering committee or the board. Such a landowner may again become an eligible voter by becoming a water user or by serving a written notice of inclusion on the board stating that he or she such landowner has elected to be reinstated as a voting member of the district and will be subject to district assessments.

Any eligible voter who is a landowner or water user as defined in this act, and also is the owner of a tract or tracts of land comprising not less than six hundred forty (640) 640 acres in area, located within the boundaries of the district, on which no water is being used or from which no water is being withdrawn, may have such tract or tracts of land on or from which no water is used or withdrawn, excluded from district assessment in the manner described above.

All notices of inclusion or exclusion of land shall be submitted to the board not later than January 1 of the effective year.

- (f) "Land" means real property as that term is defined by the laws of the state of Kansas.
 - (g) "Landowner" means the person who is the record owner of any

real estate within the boundaries of the district or who has an interest therein as contract purchaser of forty (40) 40 or more contiguous acres in the district not within the corporate limits of any municipality. Owners of oil leases, gas leases, mineral rights, easements, or mortgages shall not be considered landowners by reason of such ownership.

- (h) "Management program" means a written report describing the characteristics of the district and the nature and methods of dealing with groundwater supply problems within the district. It shall include information as to the groundwater management program to be undertaken by the district and such maps, geological information, and other data as may be necessary for the formulation of such a program.
- (i) "Person" means any natural person, private corporation, or municipality, or other public corporation.
- (j) "Water right" shall have the meaning ascribed to that term in K.S.A. 82a-701, and any acts amendatory thereof or supplemental any amendments thereto.
- (k) "Water user" means any person who is withdrawing or using groundwater from within the boundaries of the district in an amount not less than one acre-foot per year. If a municipality is a water user within the district, it shall represent all persons within its corporate limits who are not water users as defined above.
- Sec. 19. K.S.A. 82a-1021 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201a and 79-3606 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 20. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.