As Amended by Senate Committee

SENATE BILL No. 235

By Committee on Judiciary

2-5

AN ACT concerning crimes and punishment; relating to domestic battery; amending K.S.A. 21-3440 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-3412, 21-11 12 4704, 60-3107, 72-1397, 72-5445 and 74-5602 and repealing the 13 existing section sections.

15 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. (a) Domestic battery is: 16

(1) intentionally or recklessly causing bodily harm by a family or 17 household member against a family or household member; or 18

(2) intentionally causing physical contact with a family or household 19 20 member by a family or household member when done in a rude, insulting 21 or angry manner.

(b) (1) Upon a first conviction of a violation of domestic battery, a 22 23 person shall be guilty of a class B person misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours nor more than six months' imprison-24 25 ment and fined not less than \$200, nor more than \$500 or in the court's 26 discretion the court may enter an order which requires the person enroll 27 in and successfully complete a domestic violence prevention program.

28 (2) If, within five years immediately preceding commission of the crime, a person is convicted of a violation of domestic battery a second 29 30 time, such person shall be guilty of a class A person misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 31 and fined not less than \$500 nor more than \$1,000. The five days' im-32 prisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work release 33 program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' impris-34 35 onment, provided such work release program requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release program. 36 37 The person convicted must serve at least five consecutive days' imprisonment before the person is granted probation, suspension or reduction 38 of sentence or parole or is otherwise released. As a condition of any grant 39 40 of probation, suspension of sentence or parole or of any other release, the person shall be required to enter into and complete a treatment pro-41 gram for domestic violence prevention. 42

43 (3) If, within five years immediately preceding commission of the

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crime, a person is convicted of a violation of domestic battery a third or 1 2 subsequent time, such person shall be guilty of a person felony and sentenced to not less than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment 3 and fined not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$2,500. The person con-4 victed shall not be eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduc-5 tion of sentence or parole until the person has served at least 90 days' 6 imprisonment. The court may also require as a condition of parole that 7 such person enter into and complete a treatment program for domestic 8 9 violence. The 90 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may 10 be served in a work release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided such work release program 11 requires such person to return to confinement at the end of each day in 12 the work release program. 13

14 (c) As used in this section:

15 (1) Family or household member means persons 18 years of age or older who are spouses, former spouses, parents or stepparents and chil-16 17 dren or stepchildren, and persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, and persons who have a child in 18 common regardless of whether they have been married or who have lived 19 20 together at any time. Family or household member also includes a man 21 and woman if the woman is pregnant and the man is alleged to be the father, regardless of whether they have been married or have lived to-22 23 gether at any time; and

(2) for the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first,
second, third or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this section:
(A) "Conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of this section or entering into a diversion or deferred judgment agreement in lieu
of further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this
section:

30 (B) "conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of a law of another state, or an ordinance of any city, or resolution of any county, 31 which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits or entering into a di-32 version or deferred judgment agreement in lieu of further criminal pro-33 34 ceedings in a case alleging a violation of such law, ordinance or resolution; 35 (C) only convictions occurring in the immediately preceding five years including prior to the effective date of this act shall be taken into 36 37 account, but the court may consider other prior convictions in determining the sentence to be imposed within the limits provided for a first, 38

39 second, third or subsequent offender, whichever is applicable; and

40 (D) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after con-41 viction for a previous offense.

42 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-3412 is hereby amended to read as 43 follows: 21-3412. (a) Battery is:

1	(1)	Intentionally or recklessly causing bodily harm to another person;
2	or	
3	(2)	intentionally causing physical contact with another person when

done in a rude, insulting or angry manner.

5 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), Battery is a class B person 6 misdemeanor.

(c) (1) Upon a first conviction of a violation of this section under
circumstances which constitute a domestic battery, a person shall be guilty
of a class B person misdemeanor and sentenced to not less than 48 consecutive hours nor more than six months' imprisonment and fined not
less than \$200, nor more than \$500 or in the court's discretion the court
may enter an order which requires the person enroll in and successfully
complete a domestic violence prevention program.

14 - (2) If, within five years immediately preceding commission of the 15 crime, a person is convicted of a violation of this section a second time 16 under circumstances which constitute a domestic battery, such person 17 shall be guilty of a class A person misdemeanor and sentenced to not less 18 than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less 19 than \$500 nor more than \$1,000. The five days' imprisonment mandated 20 by this subsection may be served in a work release program only after 21 such person has served 48 consecutive hours' imprisonment, provided 22 such work release program requires such person to return to confinement 23 at the end of each day in the work release program. The person convicted 24 must serve at least five consecutive days' imprisonment before the person 25 is granted probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or parole or is 26 otherwise released. As a condition of any grant of probation, suspension 27 of sentence or parole or of any other release, the person shall be required 28 to enter into and complete a treatment program for domestic violence 29 prevention. 30 (3) If, within five years immediately preceding commission of the 31 crime, a person is convicted of a violation of this crime a third or subse-32 quent time under circumstances which constitute a domestic battery, 33 such person shall be guilty of a person felony and sentenced to not less 34 than 90 days nor more than one year's imprisonment and fined not less 35 than \$1,000 nor more than \$2,500. The person convicted shall not be 36 eligible for release on probation, suspension or reduction of sentence or 37 parole until the person has served at least 90 days' imprisonment. The 38 court may also require as a condition of parole that such person enter

39 into and complete a treatment program for domestic violence. The 90

40 days' imprisonment mandated by this subsection may be served in a work

41 release program only after such person has served 48 consecutive hours'

42 imprisonment, provided such work release program requires such person

43 to return to confinement at the end of each day in the work release

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2 (4) As used in this section: (A) Domestic battery means a battery 3 against a family or household member by a family or household member; (B) family or household member means persons 18 years of age or 4 older who are spouses, former spouses, parents or stepparents and chil-5 6 dren or stepchildren, and persons who are presently residing together or 7 who have resided together in the past, and persons who have a child in 8 common regardless of whether they have been married or who have lived 9 together at any time. Family or household member also includes a man 10 and woman if the woman is pregnant and the man is alleged to be the 11 father, regardless of whether they have been married or have lived to-12 gether at any time; and 13 (C) for the purpose of determining whether a conviction is a first,

second, third or subsequent conviction in sentencing under this section:

 (i) "Conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of this section
 or entering into a diversion or deferred judgment agreement in lieu of
 further criminal proceedings on a complaint alleging a violation of this

19 (ii) "conviction" includes being convicted of a violation of a law of 20 another state, or an ordinance of any city, or resolution of any county, 21 which prohibits the acts that this section prohibits or entering into a di-22 version or deferred judgment agreement in lieu of further criminal pro-23 ceedings in a case alleging a violation of such law, ordinance or resolution; 24 - (iii) only convictions occurring in the immediately preceding five 25 years including prior to the effective date of this act shall be taken into 26 account, but the court may consider other prior convictions in determin-27 ing the sentence to be imposed within the limits provided for a first, 28 second, third or subsequent offender, whichever is applicable; and

(iv) it is irrelevant whether an offense occurred before or after con viction for a previous offense.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 21-3440 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-3440. (a) Injury to a pregnant woman is injury to a pregnant woman by a person other than the pregnant woman in the commission of a felony or misdemeanor causing the pregnant woman to suffer a miscarriage as a result of that injury.

(b) As used in this section, "miscarriage" means the interruption of the normal development of the fetus, other than by a live
birth, resulting in the complete expulsion or extraction from a pregnant woman of a product of human conception.

40 (c) Injury to a pregnant woman in the commission of a felony 41 is a severity level 4, person felony. Injury to a pregnant woman in

42 the commission of a violation of K.S.A. 21-3412, subsection (a)(1)

43 of K.S.A. 21-3413, subsections (b)(1) and (b)(2) of section 1 or K.S.A.

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1	21-3517, and amendments thereto, is a severity level 5, person fel-
2	ony. Injury to a pregnant woman in the commission of a misde-
3	meanor other than a violation of K.S.A. 21-3412, subsection (a)(1)
4	of K.S.A. 21-3413, subsections (b)(1) and (b)(2) of section 1 or K.S.A.
5	21-3517, and amendments thereto, is a class A person misdemeanor.
6	(d) The provisions of this section shall be part of and supple-
7	mental to the Kansas criminal code.
8	Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-4704 is hereby amended to read
9	as follows: 21-4704. (a) For purposes of sentencing, the following
10	sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes shall be applied in
11	felony cases for crimes committed on or after July 1, 1993:
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(b) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes. Sentences expressed in such grid represent months of imprisonment.

4 (c) The sentencing guidelines grid is a two-dimensional crime 5 severity and criminal history classification tool. The grid's vertical 6 axis is the crime severity scale which classifies current crimes of 7 conviction. The grid's horizontal axis is the criminal history scale 8 which classifies criminal histories.

9 (**d**) The sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes as pro-10 vided in this section defines presumptive punishments for felony 11 convictions, subject to judicial discretion to deviate for substantial and compelling reasons and impose a different sentence in recog-12 13 nition of aggravating and mitigating factors as provided in this act. The appropriate punishment for a felony conviction should depend 14 15 on the severity of the crime of conviction when compared to all other crimes and the offender's criminal history. 16

(e) (1) The sentencing court has discretion to sentence at any
place within the sentencing range. The sentencing judge shall select
the center of the range in the usual case and reserve the upper and
lower limits for aggravating and mitigating factors insufficient to
warrant a departure.

22 (2) In presumptive imprisonment cases, the sentencing court 23 shall pronounce the complete sentence which shall include the 24 prison sentence, the maximum potential reduction to such sentence 25 as a result of good time and the period of postrelease supervision at 26 the sentencing hearing. Failure to pronounce the period of post-27 release supervision shall not negate the existence of such period of 28 postrelease supervision.

(3) In presumptive nonprison cases, the sentencing court shall
 pronounce the prison sentence as well as the duration of the non prison sanction at the sentencing hearing.

32 Each grid block states the presumptive sentencing range for **(f)** 33 an offender whose crime of conviction and criminal history place such offender in that grid block. If an offense is classified in a grid 34 35 block below the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be nonimprisonment. If an offense is classified in a grid block above 36 37 the dispositional line, the presumptive disposition shall be imprisonment. If an offense is classified in grid blocks 5-H, 5-I or 6-G, the 38 court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making the 39 40 following findings on the record:

41 (1) An appropriate treatment program exists which is likely to 42 be more effective than the presumptive prison term in reducing the

43 risk of offender recidivism; and

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(3) the nonprison sanction will serve community safety interests 4 by promoting offender reformation.

Any decision made by the court regarding the imposition of an 6 optional nonprison sentence if the offense is classified in grid blocks 7 5-H, 5-I or 6-G shall not be considered a departure and shall not 8 9 be subject to appeal.

10 (g) The sentence for the violation of K.S.A. 21-3411, and amendments thereto, aggravated assault against a law enforcement officer 11 12 or K.S.A. 21-3415, and amendments thereto, aggravated battery against a law enforcement officer and amendments thereto which 13 places the defendant's sentence in grid block 6-H or 6-I shall be 14 15 presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on the record that the non-16 prison sanction will serve community safety interests by promoting 17 offender reformation. Any decision made by the court regarding the 18 imposition of the optional nonprison sentence, if the offense is clas-19 20 sified in grid block 6-H or 6-I, shall not be considered departure 21 and shall not be subject to appeal.

(h) When a firearm is used to commit any person felony, the 22 23 offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. The court may impose an optional nonprison sentence upon making a finding on 24 25 the record that the nonprison sanction will serve community safety 26 interests by promoting offender reformation. Any decision made by 27 the court regarding the imposition of the optional nonprison sen-28 tence shall not be considered a departure and shall not be subject 29 to appeal.

30 (i) The sentence for the violation of the felony provision of K.S.A. 8-1567 and subsection (c)(3) of K.S.A. 21 3412 (b)(3) of section 31 32 1 and amendments thereto shall be as provided by the specific mandatory sentencing requirements of that section and shall not be sub-33 ject to the provisions of this section or K.S.A. 21-4707 and amend-34 35 ments thereto. Notwithstanding the provisions of any other section, the term of imprisonment imposed for the violation of the felony 36 37 provision of K.S.A. 8-1567 and subsection (c)(3) of K.S.A. 21 3412 (b)(3) of section 1 and amendments thereto shall not be served in a 38 39 state facility in the custody of the secretary of corrections. 40 (j) The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current convicted crime carries a presumptive term of imprisonment shall 41

42 be double the maximum duration of the presumptive imprisonment

43 term. The sentence for any persistent sex offender whose current

conviction carries a presumptive nonprison term shall be presumed 1 2 imprisonment and shall be double the maximum duration of the 3 presumptive imprisonment term. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, as used in this subsection, "persistent sex offender" 4 means a person who: (1) Has been convicted in this state of a sex-5 ually violent crime, as defined in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments 6 thereto; and (2) at the time of the conviction under subsection (1) 7 has at least one conviction for a sexually violent crime, as defined 8 9 in K.S.A. 22-3717 and amendments thereto in this state or compa-10 rable felony under the laws of another state, the federal government 11 or a foreign government. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any person whose current convicted crime is a severity 12 13 level 1 or 2 felony.

(k) If it is shown at sentencing that the offender committed any 14 15 felony violation for the benefit of, at the direction of, or in association with any criminal street gang, with the specific intent to pro-16 mote, further or assist in any criminal conduct by gang members, 17 18 the offender's sentence shall be presumed imprisonment. Any deci-19 sion made by the court regarding the imposition of the optional 20 nonprison sentence shall not be considered a departure and shall 21 not be subject to appeal. As used in this subsection, "criminal street 22 gang" means any organization, association or group of three or 23 more persons, whether formal or informal, having as one of its pri-24 mary activities the commission of one or more person felonies or 25 felony violations of the uniform controlled substances act, K.S.A. 26 65-4101 et seq., and amendments thereto, which has a common name 27 or common identifying sign or symbol, whose members, individually or collectively engage in or have engaged in the commission, 28 29 attempted commission, conspiracy to commit or solicitation of two 30 or more person felonies or felony violations of the uniform con-31 trolled substances act, K.S.A. 65-4101 et seq., and amendments 32 thereto, or any substantially similar offense from another 33 jurisdiction.

(1) The sentence for a violation of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 213715 and amendments thereto when such person being sentenced
has a prior conviction for a violation of subsection (a) or (b) of
K.S.A. 21-3715 or 21-3716 and amendments thereto shall be presumed imprisonment.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 60-3107 is hereby amended to read as follows: 60-3107. (a) The court shall be empowered to approve any consent agreement to bring about a cessation of abuse of the

42 plaintiff or minor children or grant any of the following orders:

43 (1) Restraining the parties from abusing, molesting or interfer-

ing with the privacy or rights of each other or of any minor children 1 2 of the parties. Such order shall contain a statement that if such 3 order is violated, such violation may constitute assault as provided in K.S.A. 21-3408, and amendments thereto, battery as provided in 4 K.S.A. 21-3412, and amendments thereto, domestic battery as pro-5 vided in section 1, and amendments thereto and violation of a protec-6 7 tive order as provided in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-3843, and amendments thereto. 8

9 (2) Granting possession of the residence or household to a party 10 to the exclusion of the other party, and further restraining the party 11 not granted possession from entering or remaining upon or in such residence or household, subject to the limitation of subsection (c). 12 13 Such order shall contain a statement that if such order is violated, 14 such violation shall constitute criminal trespass as provided in sub-15 section (c) of K.S.A. 21-3721, and amendments thereto, and violation of a protective order as provided in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-3843, 16 and amendments thereto. The court may grant an order, which shall 17 18 expire 60 days following the date of issuance, restraining the party not granted possession from cancelling utility service to the resi-19 20 dence or household.

(3) Requiring a party to provide suitable, alternate housing for
 such party's spouse and any minor children of the parties.

(4) Awarding temporary custody and residency and establish ing temporary parenting time with regard to minor children.

25 (5) Ordering a law enforcement officer to evict a party from the
 26 residence or household.

(6) Ordering support payments by a party for the support of a
party's minor child or a party's spouse. Such support orders shall
remain in effect until modified or dismissed by the court or until
expiration and shall be for a fixed period of time not to exceed one
year. On the motion of the plaintiff, the court may extend the effect
of such order for 12 months.

33 (7) Awarding costs and attorney fees to either party.

(8) Making provision for the possession of personal property of
 the parties and ordering a law enforcement officer to assist in se curing possession of that property, if necessary.

37 (9) Requiring the person against whom the order is issued to 38 seek counseling to aid in the cessation of abuse.

39 (b) Any order entered under the protection from abuse act shall

40 not be subject to modification on ex parte application or on motion

41 for temporary orders in any action filed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1601

42 et seq., or K.S.A. 38-1101 et seq., and amendments thereto. Orders

43 previously issued in an action filed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1601 et

seq., or K.S.A. 38-1101 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall be 1 2 subject to modification under the protection from abuse act only as 3 to those matters subject to modification by the terms of K.S.A. 60-1610 et seq., and amendments thereto, and on sworn testimony to 4 support a showing of good cause. Immediate and present danger of 5 abuse to the plaintiff or minor children shall constitute good cause. 6 If an action is filed pursuant to K.S.A. 60-1610 et seq., or K.S.A. 38-7 1101 et seq., and amendments thereto, during the pendency of a 8 9 proceeding filed under the protection from abuse act or while an 10 order issued under the protection from abuse act is in effect, the 11 court, on final hearing or on agreement of the parties, may issue final orders authorized by K.S.A. 60-1610 and amendments thereto, 12 13 that are inconsistent with orders entered under the protection from 14 abuse act. Any inconsistent order entered pursuant to this subsec-15 tion shall be specific in its terms, reference the protection from abuse order and parts thereof being modified and a copy thereof 16 shall be filed in both actions. The court shall consider whether the 17 actions should be consolidated in accordance with K.S.A. 60-242 18 19 and amendments thereto.

(c) If the parties to an action under the protection from abuse
act are not married to each other and one party owns the residence
or household, the court shall not have the authority to grant possession of the residence or household under subsection (a)(2) to the
exclusion of the party who owns it.

(d) Subject to the provisions of subsections (b) and (c), a protective order or approved consent agreement shall remain in effect
until modified or dismissed by the court and shall be for a fixed
period of time not to exceed one year, except that, on motion of the
plaintiff, such period may be extended for one additional year.

30 (e) The court may amend its order or agreement at any time 31 upon motion filed by either party.

32 (f) No order or agreement under the protection from abuse act 33 shall in any manner affect title to any real property.

(g) If a person enters or remains on premises or property violating an order issued pursuant to subsection (a)(2), such violation
shall constitute criminal trespass as provided in subsection (c) of
K.S.A. 21-3721, and amendments thereto, and violation of a protective order as provided in K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-3843, and amend-

39 ments thereto. If a person abuses, molests or interferes with the

40 privacy or rights of another violating an order issued pursuant to

41 subsection (a)(1), such violation may constitute assault as provided

42 in K.S.A. 21-3408, and amendments thereto, battery as provided in

43 K.S.A. 21-3412, and amendments thereto, domestic battery as pro-

4 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-1397 is hereby amended to read 5 as follows: 72-1397. (a) The state board of education shall not know-6 ingly issue a certificate to or renew the certificate of any person 7 who has been convicted of any offense or attempt to commit any 8 offense specified in subsection (c) of K.S.A. 21-4619 and amend-9 ments thereto.

10 (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the state board of ed-11 ucation shall not knowingly issue a certificate to or renew the cer-12 tificate of any person who:

13 (1) Has been convicted of a felony under the uniform controlled 14 substances act; (2) has been convicted of a felony described in any 15 section of article 34 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated or an act described in K.S.A. 21-3412 or section 1, and amendments 16 thereto, if the victim is a minor or student; (3) has been convicted 17 18 of a felony described in any section of article 35 of chapter 21 of 19 the Kansas Statutes Annotated, other than an act specified in sub-20 section (c) of K.S.A. 21-4619 and amendments thereto, or has been 21 convicted of an act described in K.S.A. 21-3517 and amendments 22 thereto, if the victim is a minor or student; (4) has been convicted of any act described in any section of article 36 of chapter 21 of the 23 24 Kansas Statutes Annotated, other than an act specified in subsection 25 (c) of K.S.A. 21-4619 and amendments thereto; (5) has been con-26 victed of a felony described in article 37 of chapter 21 of the Kansas 27 Statutes Annotated; (6) has been convicted of an attempt under K.S.A. 21-3301, and amendments thereto, to commit any act speci-28 fied in this subsection; (7) has been convicted of any act which is 29 30 described in K.S.A. 21-4301, 21-4301a or 21-4301c, and amend-31 ments thereto; (8) has been convicted in another state or by the 32 federal government of an act similar to any act described in this 33 subsection; or (9) has entered into a criminal diversion agreement after having been charged with any offense described in this 34 35 subsection.

36 (c) The state board of education may issue a certificate to or 37 renew the certificate of a person who has been convicted of committing an offense or act described in subsection (b) or who has 38 entered into a criminal diversion agreement after having been 39 40 charged with an offense or act described in subsection (b) if the state board determines, following a hearing, that the person has 41 42 been rehabilitated for a period of at least five years from the date 43 of conviction of the offense or commission of the act or, in the case

of a person who has entered into a criminal diversion agreement, 1 2 that the person has satisfied the terms and conditions of the agree-3 ment. The state board of education may consider factors including, but not limited to, the following in determining whether to grant a 4 certificate: 5 (1) The nature and seriousness of the offense or act; 6 7 (2) the conduct of the person subsequent to commission of the 8 offense or act: 9 (3) the time elapsed since the commission of the offense or act;

10 (4) the age of the person at the time of the offense or act;

11 (5) whether the offense or act was an isolated or recurring in-12 cident; and

(6) discharge from probation, pardon or expungement.

(d) Before any certificate is denied by the state board of education for any of the offenses or acts specified in subsections (a) and
(b), the person shall be given notice and an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with the provisions of the Kansas administrative
procedure act.

19 (e) The county or district attorney shall file a report with the 20 state board of education indicating the name, address and social 21 security number of any person who has been determined to have 22 committed any offense or act specified in subsection (a) or (b) or to have entered into a criminal diversion agreement after having been 23 24 charged with any offense or act specified in subsection (b). Such 25 report shall be filed within 30 days of the date of the determination that the person has committed any such act or entered into any such 26 27 diversion agreement.

(f) The state board of education shall not be liable for civil damages to any person refused issuance or renewal of a certificate by
reason of the state board's compliance, in good faith, with the provisions of this section.

32 Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 72-5445 is hereby amended to read 33 as follows: 72-5445. (a) (1) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), the provisions of K.S.A. 72-5438 through 72-5443, and amend-34 35 ments thereto, apply only to: (A) Teachers who have completed not less than three consecutive years of employment, and been offered 36 37 a fourth contract, in the school district, area vocational-technical school or community college by which any such teacher is currently 38 employed; and (B) teachers who have completed not less than two 39 40 consecutive years of employment, and been offered a third contract, 41 in the school district, area vocational-technical school or commu-42 nity college by which any such teacher is currently employed if at 43 any time prior to the current employment the teacher has completed

4 (2) Any board may waive, at any time, the years of employment 5 requirements of provision (1) for any teachers employed by it.

6 (3) The provisions of this subsection are subject to the provi-7 sions of K.S.A. 72-5446, and amendments thereto.

8 (b) The provisions of K.S.A. 72-5438 through 72-5443, and 9 amendments thereto, do not apply to any teacher whose certificate 10 has been nonrenewed or revoked by the state board of education 11 for the reason that the teacher: (1) Has been convicted of a felony under the uniform controlled substances act; (2) has been convicted 12 13 of a felony described in any section of article 34 of chapter 21 of 14 the Kansas Statutes Annotated or an act described in K.S.A. 21-3412 15 or section 1, and amendments thereto, if the victim is a minor or student; (3) has been convicted of a felony described in any section 16 of article 35 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or has 17 18 been convicted of an act described in K.S.A. 21-3517 and amend-19 ments thereto, if the victim is a minor or student; (4) has been con-20 victed of any act described in any section of article 36 of chapter 21 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated; (5) has been convicted of a 22 felony described in article 37 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes 23 Annotated; (6) has been convicted of an attempt under K.S.A. 21-24 3301, and amendments thereto, to commit any act specified in this 25 subsection; (7) has been convicted of any act which is described in 26 K.S.A. 21-4301, 21-4301a or 21-4301c, and amendments thereto; (8) 27 has been convicted in another state or by the federal government of an act similar to any act described in this subsection; or (9) has 28 entered into a criminal diversion agreement after having been 29 30 charged with any offense described in this subsection.

- Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 74-5602 is hereby amended to read as follows: 74-5602. As used in the Kansas law enforcement training act:
- (a) "Training center" means the law enforcement training cen ter within the division of continuing education of the university of
 Kansas, created by K.S.A. 74-5603 and amendments thereto.
- (b) "Commission" means the Kansas law enforcement training
 commission, created by K.S.A. 74-5606 and amendments thereto.
- 39 (c) "Dean" means the dean of the division of continuing edu 40 cation of the university of Kansas.
- 41 (d) "Director," as created in K.S.A. 74-5603 and amendments
- 42 thereto, means the director of police training at the law enforcement
 43 training center.

1 (e) "Police officer" or "law enforcement officer" means a full-2 time or part-time salaried officer or employee of the state, a county or a city, whose duties include the prevention or detection of crime 3 and the enforcement of the criminal or traffic laws of this state or 4 of any municipality thereof. Such terms shall include, but not be 5 limited to, the sheriff, undersheriff and full-time or part-time sala-6 7 ried deputies in the sheriff's office in each county; deputy sheriffs deputized pursuant to K.S.A. 19-2858 and amendments thereto; con-8 9 servation officers of the Kansas department of wildlife and parks; 10 campus police officers at all state educational institutions or a mu-11 nicipal university; law enforcement agents of the director of alcoholic beverage control; law enforcement agents of the Kansas lot-12 13 tery; law enforcement agents of the Kansas racing commission; deputies and assistants of the state fire marshal having law enforce-14 15 ment authority; capitol area security guards, existing under the authority of K.S.A. 75-4503 and amendments thereto. Such terms shall 16 17 also include railroad policemen appointed pursuant to K.S.A. 66-18 524 and amendments thereto; and school security officers desig-19 nated as school law enforcement officers pursuant to K.S.A. 72-8222 20 and amendments thereto. Such terms shall not include any elected 21 official, other than a sheriff, serving in the capacity of a law enforcement or police officer solely by virtue of such official's elected 22 23 position; any attorney-at-law having responsibility for law enforce-24 ment and discharging such responsibility solely in the capacity of an attorney; any employee of the secretary of corrections or the 25 26 secretary of social and rehabilitation services; any deputy conser-27 vation officer of the Kansas department of wildlife and parks; or any employee of a city or county who is employed solely to perform 28 correctional duties related to jail inmates and the administration 29 30 and operation of a jail; or any full-time or part-time salaried officer 31 or employee whose duties include the issuance of a citation or notice 32 to appear provided such officer or employee is not vested by law with the authority to make an arrest for violation of the laws of this 33 state or any municipality thereof, and is not authorized to carry 34 35 firearms when discharging the duties of such person's office or employment. Such term shall include any officer appointed or elected 36 37 on a provisional basis.

(f) "Full-time" means employment requiring at least 1,000
 hours of work per year.

40 (g) "Part-time" means employment on a regular schedule or em-

41 ployment which requires a minimum number of hours each payroll

42 period, but in any case requiring less than 1,000 hours of work per
43 year.

(h) "Misdemeanor crime of domestic violence" means a viola-tion of domestic battery as defined by subsection (c)(4) of K.S.A. 21-3412 provided by subsections (b)(1) and (b)(2) of section 1 and amend-ments thereto, or any other misdemeanor under federal, municipal or state law that has as an element the use or attempted use of physical force, or the threatened use of a deadly weapon, committed by a current or former spouse, parent, or guardian of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabiting with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, parent or guardian, or by a person similarly situated to a spouse, parent or guardian of the victim.

12 (i) "Auxiliary personnel" means members of organized nonsa-13 laried groups which operate as an adjunct to a police or sheriff's 14 department, including reserve officers, posses and search and res-15 cue groups.

Sec. 3. 9. K.S.A. 21-3440 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 21-3412 is, 214704, 60-3107, 72-1397, 72-5445 and 74-5602 are hereby repealed.
Sec. 4. 10. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after

19 its publication in the statute book.