As Further Amended by House Committee

[As Amended by House Committee of the Whole]

As Amended by House Committee

Session of 2001

HOUSE BILL No. 2396

By Representatives McCreary, Cook, Dahl, DeCastro, Faber, Gordon, Hermes, Huebert, Humerickhouse, Hutchins, Kauffman, Lightner, P. Long, Mason, Mayans, Merrick, Judy Morrison, Myers, Novascone, Palmer, Toplikar, Vickrey and D. Williams

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AN ACT relating to property taxation; limiting annual increases in property valuation; concerning the agricultural use valuation capitalization rate; [concerning the school district homestead property tax exemption; limiting budget expenditures from revenue produced therefrom; providing for the deferral thereof;] amending K.S.A. 2000 Supp. [79-201x and] 79-1476 and repealing the existing section [sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-2925b].

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. (a) Except as otherwise provided by subsection (b), the appraised valuation of all property established in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 79-503a, and amendments thereto, for utilization for a taxable year for property taxation purposes shall not exceed the product of the appraised valuation of such property established for such purposes for the next preceding taxable year multiplied by a fraction the numerator of which is the average consumer price index for all urban consumers published by the federal department of labor as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31 of the first calendar year preceding the appropriate taxable year and the denominator of which is such index as of such period ending on August 31 of the second calendar year preceding the appropriate taxable year. [the average of the percentage increase or decrease of the appraised valuation of such property established for such purposes for the next preceding five taxable

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years, except that, with respect to property the valuation for which has been established for less than the next preceding five taxable years, such valuation shall be multiplied by such average calculated over all of such preceding years.]

- (b) The appraised valuation for new or newly improved real property shall, in its initial year of valuation, be based upon the comparison with values of other real property of known or recognized value which is subject to the provisions of paragraph (a). The provisions of subsection (a) shall be applicable to the appraised valuation of new property or new improvements to property for the taxable years next following the taxable year for which such valuation is initially established and utilized for property taxation purposes.
- (c) The provisions of this section shall be applicable to all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2001 2002.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-1476 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-1476. The director of property valuation is hereby directed and empowered to administer and supervise a statewide program of reappraisal of all real property located within the state. Except as otherwise authorized by K.S.A. 19-428, and amendments thereto, each county shall comprise a separate appraisal district under such program, and the county appraiser shall have the duty of reappraising all of the real property in the county pursuant to guidelines and timetables prescribed by the director of property valuation and of updating the same on an annual basis. In the case of multi-county appraisal districts, the district appraiser shall have the duty of reappraising all of the real property in each of the counties comprising the district pursuant to such guidelines and timetables and of updating the same on an annual basis. Commencing in 2000, every parcel of real property shall be actually viewed and inspected by the county or district appraiser once every six years. Any county or district appraiser shall be deemed to be in compliance with the foregoing requirement in any year if 17% or more of the parcels in such county or district are actually viewed and inspected.
- Compilation of data for the initial preparation or updating of inventories for each parcel of real property and entry thereof into the state computer system as provided for in K.S.A. 79-1477, and amendments thereto, shall be completed not later than January 1, 1989. Whenever the director determines that reappraisal of all real property within a county is complete, notification thereof shall be given to the governor and to the state board of tax appeals.
- Valuations shall be established for each parcel of real property at its fair market value in money in accordance with the provisions

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of K.S.A. 79-503a, and amendments thereto.

- In addition thereto valuations shall be established for each parcel of land devoted to agricultural use upon the basis of the agricultural income or productivity attributable to the inherent capabilities of such land in its current usage under a degree of management reflecting median production levels in the manner hereinafter provided. A classification system for all land devoted to agricultural use shall be adopted by the director of property valuation using criteria established by the United States department of agriculture soil conservation service. For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1989, all land devoted to agricultural use which is subject to the federal conservation reserve program shall be classified as cultivated dry land for the purpose of valuation for property tax purposes pursuant to this section. For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1999, all land devoted to agricultural use which is subject to the federal wetlands reserve program shall be classified as native grassland for the purpose of valuation for property tax purposes pursuant to this section. Productivity of land devoted to agricultural use shall be determined for all land classes within each county or homogeneous region based on an average of the eight calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation, at a degree of management reflecting median production levels. The director of property valuation shall determine median production levels based on information available from state and federal crop and livestock reporting services, the soil conservation service, and any other sources of data that the director considers appropriate.

The share of net income from land in the various land classes within each county or homogeneous region which is normally received by the landlord shall be used as the basis for determining agricultural income for all land devoted to agricultural use except pasture or rangeland. The net income normally received by the landlord from such land shall be determined by deducting expenses normally incurred by the landlord from the share of the gross income normally received by the landlord. The net rental income normally received by the landlord from pasture or rangeland within each county or homogeneous region shall be used as the basis for determining agricultural income from such land. The net rental income from pasture and rangeland which is normally received by the landlord shall be determined by deducting expenses normally incurred from the gross income normally received by the landlord. Commodity prices, crop yields and pasture

and rangeland rental rates and expenses shall be based on an average of the eight calendar years immediately preceding the calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation. Net [For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2000, net] income for every land class within each county or homogeneous region shall be capitalized at a rate determined to be the sum of the contract rate of interest on new federal land bank loans in Kansas on July 1 of each year averaged over a five-year period which includes the five years immediately preceding the calendar year which immediately precedes the year of valuation, plus a percentage not less than .75% 2% nor more than 2.75% 4%, as determined by the director of property valuation.

Based on the foregoing procedures the director of property valuation shall make an annual determination of the value of land within each of the various classes of land devoted to agricultural use within each county or homogeneous region and furnish the same to the several county appraisers who shall classify such land according to its current usage and apply the value applicable to such class of land according to the valuation schedules prepared and adopted by the director of property valuation under the provisions of this section.

— It is the intent of the legislature that appraisal judgment and appraisal standards be followed and incorporated throughout the process of data collection and analysis and establishment of values pursuant to this section.

For the purpose of the foregoing provisions of this section the phrase "land devoted to agricultural use" shall mean and include land, regardless of whether it is located in the unincorporated area of the county or within the corporate limits of a city, which is devoted to the production of plants, animals or horticultural products, including but not limited to: Forages; grains and feed crops; dairy animals and dairy products; poultry and poultry products; beef cattle, sheep, swine and horses; bees and apiary products; trees and forest products; fruits, nuts and berries; vegetables; nursery, floral, ornamental and greenhouse products. Land devoted to agricultural use shall not include those lands which are used for recreational purposes, other than that land established as a controlled shooting area pursuant to K.S.A. 32-943, and amendments thereto, which shall be deemed to be land devoted to agricultural use, suburban residential acreages, rural home sites or farm home sites and yard plots whose primary function is for residential or recreational purposes even though such properties may produce or maintain some of those plants or animals listed in the foregoing

definition.

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The term "expenses" shall mean those expenses typically incurred in producing the plants, animals and horticultural products described above including management fees, production costs, maintenance and depreciation of fences, irrigation wells, irrigation laterals and real estate taxes, but the term shall not include those expenses incurred in providing temporary or permanent buildings used in the production of such plants, animals and horticultural products.

The provisions of this act shall not be construed to conflict with any other provisions of law relating to the appraisal of tangible property for taxation purposes including the equalization processes of the county and state board of tax appeals.

[Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201x is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-201x. For taxable years 1990 and 2000 2001 and 2002, the following described property, to the extent herein specified, shall be and is hereby exempt from the property tax levied pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto: Property used for residential purposes to the extent of \$20,000 \$30,000 of its appraised valuation.

[New Sec. 4. (a) Whenever the governing body of any city, county, township, municipal university, community college or any other political subdivision which levies or certifies a levy of ad valorem property taxes proposes the adoption of a budget of expenditures for any year to be funded by the levy of ad valorem property taxes which exceed 103% of the amount of ad valorem taxes levied in the next preceding year for such purpose, it shall provide notice thereof in the notice required by K.S.A. 79-2929, and amendments thereto. If a petition containing the signatures of not less than 10% of the registered voters of such taxing subdivision is filed within 30 days after the date of the budget hearing required by K.S.A. 79-2933, and amendments thereto, with the appropriate county election officer, requesting an election on whether the budget shall be funded by such increased ad valorem taxes, an election thereon shall be conducted in the same manner as prescribed for elections under the mail ballot election act, K.S.A. 25-431 et seq., and amendments thereto, except that ballots may be sent to electors at any time not less than three days preceding the date of the election. If such an election is held, no ad valorem taxes shall be levied in excess of the amount levied to fund the budget of expenditures for the next preceding year unless approved by a majority of the electors voting in such election.

- [(b) The provisions of subsection (a) shall not apply to or limit

the levy of ad valorem taxes for the payment of principal and interest on bonds, temporary notes and no-fund warrants or judgments rendered against any such taxing subdivision.

[Sec. 5. (a) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2001, property tax levied upon residential property owned and occupied by any person 65 years of age or older which is attributable to the increase of the appraised valuation thereof shall be deferred until six months after the date of the final settlement of the estate of such person or such person's spouse if 65 years of age or older or, on the date of sale of such property, whichever date is earlier. Such deferred tax shall be paid, collected and distributed in accordance with the law applicable to the ordinary payment, collection and distribution of property tax.

- [(b) The director of property valuation shall adopt rules and regulations necessary to accomplish the purposes of this section.]
- See. 3. [6.] K.S.A. 2000 Supp. [79-201x and] 79-1476 is [and 79-2925b are] hereby repealed.

Sec. 2.4.[7.] 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.