1	[As Amended by Senate Committee of the Whole]
$\frac{2}{3}$	As Further Amended by Senate Committee
4 5	As Amended by Senate Committee
6 7 8	[As Amended by House Committee of the Whole]
8 9	As Amended by House Committee
$\frac{10}{11}$	Session of 2001
$\frac{11}{12}$	HOUSE BILL No. 2091
14 15	By Committee on Taxation
16 17	1-22
18	AN ACT relating to property taxation; concerning the exemption for ma-
19	chinery, equipment, materials and supplies, amending K.S.A. 79-301
20	and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201w and repealing the existing section
21	<u>sections.</u> income taxation; allowing credits therefrom for prop-
22	erty tax paid on certain machinery and equipment; concerning
23	the apportionment of business income of certain investment
24 25	funds service companies; amending K.S.A. <u>2001 Supp. 79-32,206</u>
25 26	and repealing the existing section. 79-3271 and 79-3279 and re-
26 27	pealing the existing sections.
27 28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:
28 29	Section 1. K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201w is hereby amended to read as
$\frac{20}{30}$	follows: 79-201w. The following described property, to the extent speci-
31	fied by this section, shall be exempt from all property or ad valorem taxes
32	levied under the laws of the state of Kansas:
33	(a) Any item of machinery, equipment, materials and supplies which,
34	except for the operation of the provisions of this section, would be re-
35	quired to be listed for the purpose of taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 79-306,
36	and amendments thereto, and which is used or to be used in the conduct
37	of the owner's business, or in the conduct of activities by an entity not
38	subject to Kansas income taxation pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,113, and
39	amendments thereto, whose original retail cost when new is \$250 \$1,000
40	or less \$500 or less with respect to tax years 2001 and 2002 [2002
41	and 2003], and \$1,000 or less with respect to tax year 2003 [2004],
42	and all tax years thereafter.
43	<u>(b) The provisions of this section shall apply to all taxable years com</u>

1 mencing after December 31, 1995-2000.

1	<u>mencing after December 31, 1995 2000.</u>
2	Sec. 2. K.S.A. 79-301 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-
3	301. All tangible personal property subject to taxation shall be
4	listed and assessed as of the first day of January each year in the
5	name of the owner thereof. Such listing and assessment shall be
6	made as hereinafter provided by law. A county or district appraiser
7	may request the listing of any property not subject to taxation, but no
8	taxpayer shall be required to comply with such request.
9	<u>Sec. 2 3. K.S.A. 79-301 and K.S.A. 2000 Supp. 79-201w is are</u>
10	hereby repealed.
11	Section 1. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-32,206 is hereby amended to
12	<u>read as follows: 79-32,206. For all taxable years commencing after</u>
13	December 31, 1997 2001, there shall be allowed as a credit against
14	the tax liability of a taxpayer imposed under the Kansas income tax
15	act, the premiums tax upon insurance companies imposed pursuant
16	to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, and the privilege tax as
17	measured by net income of financial institutions imposed pursuant
18	to article 11 of chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, an
19	amount equal to 15% of the property tax levied for property tax
20	year_1998 2002, and 20% of the property tax levied for property tax year
21	2003, and all such years thereafter, actually and timely paid during
22	an income or privilege taxable year upon commercial and industrial
23	machinery and equipment classified for property taxation purposes
24	pursuant to section 1 of article 11 of the Kansas constitution in
25	<u>subclass (5) or (6) of class 2 and machinery and equipment classi-</u>
26	fied for such purposes in subclass (2) of class 2. If the amount of
27	such tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability for the
28	taxable year, the amount thereof which exceeds such tax liability
29	shall be refunded to the taxpayer. If the taxpayer is a corporation
30	having an election in effect under subchapter S of the federal inter-
31	nal revenue code, a partnership or a limited liability company, the
32	credit provided by this section shall be claimed by the shareholders
33	of such corporation, the partners of such partnership or the mem-
34	bers of such limited liability company in the same manner as such
35	shareholders, partners or members account for their proportionate
36	shares of the income or loss of the corporation, partnership or lim-
37	ited liability company.
38	<u>New Sec. 2. For all taxable years commencing after December</u>
39	31, 2003, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax liability
40	of a taxpayer imposed under the Kansas income tax act who is en-
41	gaged in a manufacturing business listed in sectors 31 through 33
19	and 5111 of the North American Industry Classification System

- 42 and 5111 of the North American Industry Classification System,
- 43 United States 2002 edition as in effect on January 1, 2002, an

amount equal to 25% of the property tax levied for property tax 1 year 2004, 30% of the property tax levied for property tax year 2 2005, 35% of the property tax levied for property tax year 2006, 3 and 40% of the property tax levied for property tax year 2007, and 4 all such years thereafter, actually and timely paid during an income $\mathbf{5}$ taxable year upon commercial and industrial machinery and equip-6 7 ment classified for property taxation purposes pursuant to section 8 1 of article 11 of the Kansas constitution in subclass (5) of class 2. If the amount of such tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's income tax 9 10 liability for the taxable year, the amount thereof which exceeds such tax liability shall be refunded to the taxpayer. If the taxpayer is a 11 corporation having an election if effect under subchapter S of the 12 federal internal revenue code, a partnership or a limited liability 13 company, the credit provided by this section shall be claimed by 14 15the shareholders of such corporation, the partners of such partnership or the members of such limited liability company in the same 16 manner as such shareholders, partners or members account for 1718 their proportionate shares of the income or loss of the corporation, 19 partnership or limited liability company. Any taxpayer claiming a 20 credit pursuant to this section shall not be allowed a credit pursuant 21 to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-32,206, and amendments thereto. -Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-32,206 is hereby repealed. 22 23 Section 1. K.S.A. 79-3271 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2479-3271. As used in this act, unless the context otherwise requires: 25(a) "Business income" means income arising from transactions and 26 activity in the regular course of the taxpayer's trade or business and 27 includes income from tangible and intangible property if the acquisition, management, and disposition of the property constitute 2829 integral parts of the taxpayer's regular trade or business operations, 30 except that for taxable years commencing after December 31, 1995, 31 a taxpayer may elect that all income derived from the acquisition, 32 management, use or disposition of tangible or intangible property 33 constitutes business income. The election shall be effective and irrevocable for the taxable year of the election and the following nine 34 35 taxable years. The election shall be binding on all members of a 36 unitary group of corporations.

(b) "Commercial domicile" means the principal place from
which the trade or business of the taxpayer is directed or managed.
(c) "Compensation" means wages, salaries, commissions and
any other form of remuneration paid to employees for personal
services.

42 (d) "Financial organization" means any bank, trust company, 43 savings bank, industrial bank, land bank, safe deposit company, private banker, savings and loan association, credit union, coop erative bank, investment company, or any type of insurance com pany, but such term shall not be deemed to include any business
 entity, other than those hereinbefore enumerated, whose primary
 business activity is making consumer loans or purchasing retail in stallment contracts from one or more sellers.

7 (e) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than business 8 income.

9 (f) "Public utility" means any business entity which owns or 10 operates for public use any plant, equipment, property, franchise, 11 or license for the transmission of communications, transportation 12 of goods or persons, or the production, storage, transmission, sale, 13 delivery, or furnishing of electricity, water, steam, oil, oil products 14 or gas.

(g) "Original return" means the first return filed to report the income
of a taxpayer for a taxable year or period, irrespective of whether such
return is filed on a single entity basis or a combined basis.

18 (g) (h) "Sales" means all gross receipts of the taxpayer not al-19 located under K.S.A. 79-3274 through 79-3278, and amendments 20 thereto.

21 (h) (i) "State" means any state of the United States, the District
 22 of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, any territory or
 23 possession of the United States, and any foreign country or political
 24 subdivision thereof.

(i) (j) "Telecommunications company" means any business entity or unitary group of entities whose primary business activity is the transmission of communications in the form of voice, data, signals or facsimile communications by wire or fiber optic cable.

29 $\frac{1}{2}(k)$ "Distressed area taxpayer" means a corporation which: 30 (1) Is located in a county which has a population of not more than 45,000 persons and which, as certified by the department of com-31 32 merce and housing, has sustained an adverse economic impact due 33 to the closure of a state hospital in such county pursuant to the recommendations of the hospital closure commission; and (2) which 34 35 has a total annual payroll of \$20,000,000 or more for employees 36 employed within such county.

(l) For the purposes of this subsection and subsection (b)(5) of K.S.A.
79-3279, and amendments thereto, the following terms are defined:

(1) "Administration services" include clerical, fund or shareholder ac counting, participant record keeping, transfer agency, bookkeeping, data
 processing, custodial, internal auditing, legal and tax services performed
 for an investment company;

43 (2) "distribution services" include the services of advertising, servic-

ing, marketing, underwriting or selling shares of an investment company, 1 but, in the case of advertising, servicing or marketing shares, only where 2 3 such service is performed by a person who is, or in the case of a closed end company, was, either engaged in the services of underwriting or sell-4 ing investment company shares or affiliated with a person who is engaged 5in the service of underwriting or selling investment company shares. In 6 7 the case of an open end company, such service of underwriting or selling shares must be performed pursuant to a contract entered into pursuant 8 9 to 15 U.S.C. \$80a-15(b), as in effect on the effective date this act;

10 (3) "Investment company", means any person registered under the 11 federal Investment Company Act of 1940, as in effect on the effective date 12 of this act, or a company which would be required to register as an in-13 vestment company under such act except that such person is exempt to 14 such registration pursuant to \$80a-3(c)(1) of such act;

(4) "investment funds service corporation" includes any corporation
or S corporation headquartered in and doing business in this state which
derives more than 50% of its gross income from the provision of management, distribution or administration services to or on behalf of an investment company or from trustees, sponsors and participants of employee
benefit plans which have accounts in an investment company;

(5) "management services" include the rendering of investment advice to an investment company making determinations as to when sales and purchases of securities are to be made on behalf of the investment company, or the selling or purchasing of securities constituting assets of an investment company, and related activities, but only where such activity or activities are performed:

27 (A) Pursuant to a contract with the investment company entered into 28 pursuant to 15 U.S.C. \$80a-15(a), in effect on the effective date of this 29 act; or

30 (*B*) for a person that has entered into such contract with the invest-31 ment company;

(6) "qualifying business income" is business income derived from the
 provision of management, distribution or administration services to or on
 behalf of an investment company or from trustees, sponsors and partici pants of employee benefit plans which have accounts in an investment
 company; and

37 (7) "residence" is the fund shareholder's primary residence or prin-38 cipal place of business.

39 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 79-3279 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40 **79-3279.** (a) All business income of railroads and interstate motor

41 carriers of persons or property for-hire shall be apportioned to this

42 state by multiplying the business income by a fraction, in the case

43 of railroads, the numerator of which is the freight car miles in this

state and the denominator of which is the freight car miles every where, and, in the case of interstate motor carriers, the numerator
 of which is the total number of miles operated in this state and the
 denominator of which is the total number of miles operated
 everywhere.

6 (b) All business income of any other taxpayer shall be appor-7 tioned to this state by one of the following methods:

8 (1) By multiplying the business income by a fraction, the nu-9 merator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus 10 the sales factor, and the denominator of which is three; or

(2) at the election of a qualifying taxpayer, by multiplying the business income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the sales factor, and the denominator of which is two.

15(A) For purposes of this subsection (b)(2), a qualifying taxpayer is any taxpayer whose payroll factor for a taxable year exceeds 16 200% of the average of the property factor and the sales factor. 1718 Whenever two or more corporations are engaged in a unitary busi-19 ness and required to file a combined report, the percentage fraction 20 comparison provided by this subsection (b)(2) shall be calculated 21by using the payroll factor, property factor and sales factor of the 22 combined group of unitary corporations.

(B) An election under this subsection (b)(2) shall be made by 2324including a statement with the original tax return indicating that 25the taxpayer elects to apply the apportionment method under this 26 subsection (b)(2). The election shall be effective and irrevocable for 27 the taxable year of the election and the following nine taxable years. The election shall be binding on all members of a unitary group of 2829 corporations. Notwithstanding the above, the secretary of revenue 30 may upon the request of the taxpayer, grant permission to terminate 31 the election under this subsection (b)(2) prior to expiration of the

32 ten-year period.

(3) At the election of a qualifying telecommunications company,
by multiplying the business income by a fraction, the numerator of
which is the information carrying capacity of wire and fiber optic
cable available for use in this state, and the denominator of which
is the information carrying capacity of wire and fiber optic cable
available for use everywhere during the tax year.

(A) For purposes of this subsection (b)(3), a qualifying telecom munications company is a telecommunications company that is a
 qualifying taxpayer under paragraph (A) of subsection (b)(2).

42 (B) A qualifying telecommunications company shall make the 43 election under this subsection (b)(3) in the same manner as pro1 vided under paragraph (B) of subsection (b)(2).

2 (4) At the election of a distressed area taxpayer, by multiplying 3 the business income by the sales factor. The election shall be made by including a statement with the original tax return indicating that 4 the taxpayer elects to apply this apportionment method. The elec-5tion may be made only once, it must be made on or before December 6 7 31, 1999 and it shall be effective for the taxable year of the election and the following nine taxable years for so long as the taxpayer 8 9 maintains the payroll amount prescribed by subsection (j) of K.S.A. 10 79-3271.

(5) At the election of the taxpayer made at the time of filing of the original return, the qualifying business income of any investment funds service corporation organized as a corporation or S corporation which maintains its primary headquarters and operations or is a branch facility that employs at least 100 individuals in this state and has any investment company fund shareholders residenced in this state shall be apportioned to this state as provided in this subsection, as follows:

By multiplying the investment funds service corporation's quali-1819 fying business income from administration, distribution and management 20services provided to each investment company by a fraction, the numerator of which shall be the average of the number of shares owned by the 2122 investment company's fund shareholders residenced in this state at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year that 2324ends with or within the investment funds service corporation's taxable 25year, and the denominator of which shall be the average of the number 26 of shares owned by the investment company's fund shareholders every-27 where at the beginning of and at the end of the investment company's taxable year that ends with or within the investment funds service cor-2829 poration's taxable year.

(B) A separate computation shall be made to determine the qualifying
business income from each fund of each investment company. The qualifying business income from each investment company shall be multiplied
by the fraction calculated pursuant to paragraph (A) for each fund of such
investment company.

(C) The qualifying portion of total business income of an investment funds service corporation shall be determined by multiplying such total business income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the gross receipts from the provision of management, distribution and administration services to or on behalf of an investment company, and the denominator of which is the gross receipts of the investment funds service company. To

41 the extent an investment funds service corporation has business income

42 that is not qualifying business income, such business income shall be ap-

43 portioned to this state pursuant to subsection (b)(1).

1 (D) For tax year 2002, the tax liability of an investment funds service 2 corporation that has elected to apportion its business income pursuant to 3 paragraph (5) shall be increased by an amount equal to 50% of the dif-4 ference of the amount of such tax liability if determined pursuant to sub-5 section (b)(1) less the amount of such tax liability determined with regard 6 to paragraph (5).

7 (E) When an investment funds service corporation is part of a unitary group, the business income of the unitary group attributable to the in-8 vestment funds service corporation shall be determined by multiplying 9 10 the business income of the unitary group by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor, 11 and the denominator of which is three. The property factor is a fraction, 12 13 the numerator of which is the average value of the investment funds service corporation's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and 14 15used during the tax period and the denominator of which is the average value of the unitary group's real and tangible personal property owned 16 or rented and used during the tax period. The payroll factor is a fraction, 17the numerator of which is the total amount paid during the tax period by 18 the investment funds service corporation for compensation, and the de-19 20 nominator of which is the total compensation paid by the unitary group 21 during the tax period. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the investment funds service corporation during 22 the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales of the 2324unitary group during the tax period.

New Sec. 3. A taxpayer seeking to make the election available pursuant to subsection (b)(5) of K.S.A. 79-3279, and amendments thereto, shall only be eligible to make such election if the taxpayer maintains or exceeds the number of employees in existence at the time the taxpayer first makes such an election.

30 New Sec. 4. For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 2002, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax liability 31 32 of a taxpayer imposed under the Kansas income tax act who is en-33 gaged in a manufacturing business listed in sector 32621 of the North American Industry Classification System, United States 2002 34 35 edition as in effect on January 1, 2002, an amount equal to 20% of 36 the property tax levied for property tax year 2003, [and] 25% of 37 the property tax levied for property tax year 2004, 30% of the property tax levied for property tax year 2005, 35% of the property tax 38 levied for property tax year 2006, and 40% of the property tax lev-39 ied for property tax year 2007, and all such years thereafter, ac-40 tually and timely paid during an income taxable year upon com-41 42 mercial and industrial machinery and equipment classified for

43 property taxation purposes pursuant to section 1 of article 11 of the

Kansas constitution in subclass (5) of class 2. [For all taxable years 1 commencing after December 31, 2004, in the event any such man-2 3 ufacturing business has made an investment after July 1, 2002, in new machinery and equipment in an amount exceeding 4 \$10,000,000, the amount of such credit shall be equal to 30% of the 5property tax levied for property tax year 2005, 35% of the property 6 7 tax levied for property tax year 2006, and 40% of the property tax levied for property tax year 2007, and all such years thereafter, 8 actually and timely paid during an income taxable year upon com-9 10 mercial and industrial machinery and equipment classified for 11 property taxation purposes pursuant to section 1 of article 11 of the Kansas constitution in subclass (5) of class 2.] If the amount of such 12 13 tax credit exceeds the taxpayer's income tax liability for the taxable 14year, the amount thereof which exceeds such tax liability shall be 15refunded to the taxpayer. If the taxpayer is a corporation having an election if effect under subchapter S of the federal internal revenue 16 code, a partnership or a limited liability company, the credit pro-17vided by this section shall be claimed by the shareholders of such 18 19 corporation, the partners of such partnership or the members of 20 such limited liability company in the same manner as such share-21holders, partners or members account for their proportionate 22 shares of the income or loss of the corporation, partnership or limited liability company. No taxpayer shall be eligible to claim a 23credit pursuant to this section for any taxable year to which this 2425section applies unless the taxpayer as of December 31 of the taxable 26 year for which a credit is claimed has maintained or exceeded the number of employees in existence on January 1, 2002. Any taxpayer 27 claiming a credit pursuant to this section shall not be allowed a 2829 credit pursuant to K.S.A. 2001 Supp. 79-32,206, and amendments 30 thereto.

New Sec. 5. The provisions of sections 1 through 3 of this act
 shall be applicable to all taxable years commencing after December
 31, 2001.

34 Sec. 6. K.S.A. 79-3271 and 79-3279 are hereby repealed.

Sec. <u>3</u> <u>4.</u> **7.** This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.

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