## **HOUSE BILL No. 2086**

## By Committee on Education

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AN ACT concerning schools; relating to school districts and nonpublic schools; emergency medication kits for certain life-threatening conditions; requiring a prescription for distribution of emergency medication to schools; administration of emergency medication by school personnel, training; exempting certain persons from the practice of healing arts and civil liability if acting in good faith; amending K.S.A. 65-1680, 65-2872b and 72-6283 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

- Section 1. K.S.A. 65-1680 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-1680. The state board of pharmacy may adopt any rules and regulations which the board deems necessary in relation to the maintenance of epinephrine kits under K.S.A. 72-6483, and amendments thereto. (a) A pharmacist may distribute a stock supply of standard-dose and pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors to a school pursuant to a prescription from a physician or mid-level practitioner in the name of the school made pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6283, and amendments thereto. A pharmacist who distributes a stock supply of standard-dose or pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors to a school shall not be liable for civil damages resulting from the administration of such medication pursuant to this section or K.S.A. 65-2872b or 72-6283, and amendments thereto.
- (b) A pharmacist may distribute a stock supply of albuterol metered-dose inhalers, albuterol solution and spacers to a school pursuant to a prescription from a physician or mid-level practitioner in the name of the school made pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6283, and amendments thereto. A pharmacist who distributes a stock supply of albuterol metered dose inhalers, albuterol solution or spacers to a school shall not be liable for civil damages resulting from the administration of such medication pursuant to this section or K.S.A. 65-2872b or 72-6283, and amendments thereto.
- 32 (c) The words and terms used in this section mean the same as defined in K.S.A. 72-6283, and amendments thereto.
  - Sec. 2. K.S.A. 65-2872b is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-2872b. (a) The practice of the healing arts shall not be construed to include any person administering epinephrine *or albuterol* in emergency situations

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to-a student or a member of a school staff an individual if: (1) (A) The person administering the epinephrine reasonably believes that the-student or staff member individual is exhibiting the signs and symptoms of an anaphylactic reaction; or (B) the person administering the albuterol reasonably believes that the individual is exhibiting the signs and symptoms of respiratory distress; (2) a physician or mid-level practitioner, after reviewing the school's policies and procedures, has authorized, in writing, the school to maintain a stock supply of-epinephrine emergency medication; and (3) the epinephrine emergency medication is administered at school, on school property or at a school-sponsored event.

- (b) Any person who gratuitously and in good faith renders emergency care or treatment through the administration of epinephrine emergency medication to a student or a member of a school staff an individual at school, on school property or at a school-sponsored event, and any school that employs or contracts such person, shall not be held liable for any civil damages as a result of such care or administration or as a result of any act or failure to act in providing or arranging further medical treatment where the person acts as an ordinary reasonably prudent person would have acted under the same or similar circumstances.
- (c) A physician or mid-level practitioner who writes a prescription for emergency medication or provides training to school personnel on the administration of emergency medication shall not be liable for civil damages resulting from the administration of emergency medication pursuant to this section or K.S.A. 65-1680 or 72-6283, and amendments thereto.
- (d) The words and terms used in this section mean the same as defined in K.S.A. 72-6283, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 72-6283 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6283. Any accredited school may maintain an epinephrine kit. Anepinephrine kit may consist of one or more doses of epinephrine. Epinephrine from an epinephrine kit shall be used only in emergency situations when the person administering the epinephrine reasonablybelieves that the signs and symptoms of an anaphylactic reaction areoccurring and if administered at school, on school property or at a schoolsponsored event. A school may not maintain an epinephrine kit unless the school has consulted with a pharmacist licensed by the state board of pharmacy. The consultant pharmacist shall have supervisory responsibility for maintaining the epinephrine kit. The consultant pharmacist shall beresponsible for developing procedures, proper control and accountability for the epinephrine kit. Periodic physical inventory of the epinephrine kit shall be required. An epinephrine kit shall be maintained under the control of the consultant pharmacist. (a) As used in this section and K.S.A. 65-1680 and 65-2872b, and amendments thereto:

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(1) "Albuterol" means a short-acting beta-2 agonist inhaled medication, otherwise known as a bronchodilator, that is prescribed by a physician or mid-level practitioner for the treatment of respiratory distress.

- (2) "Albuterol metered-dose inhaler" means a portable drug delivery system containing a canister of multiple premeasured doses of albuterol in a device actuator.
- (3) "Albuterol solution" means a liquid form of albuterol for use with a nebulizer.
- (4) "Anaphaylaxis" or "anaphylactic reaction" means a sudden, severe and potentially life-threatening multi-system allergic reaction.
- (5) "Designated school personnel" means an employee, officer, agent or volunteer of a school who has completed training documented by the school nurse, a physician or a mid-level practitioner to administer emergency medication on a voluntary basis outside of the scope of employment.
  - (6) "Emergency medication" means epinephrine or albuterol.
- (7) "Epinephrine" means a medication prescribed by a physician or mid-level practitioner for the emergency treatment of anaphylaxis prior to the arrival of emergency medical system responders.
- (8) "Epinephrine auto-injector" means a device that automatically injects a premeasured dose of epinephrine.
- (9) "Mid-level practitioner" means the same as such term is defined in K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto.
- (10) "Nebulizer" means a device that is used to change a liquid medication to a fine spray of liquid or mist for the administration of the medication through inhalation.
- (11) "Pharmacist" means the same as such term is defined in K.S.A. 65-1626, and amendments thereto.
- (12) "Physician" means any person licensed by the state board of healing arts to practice medicine and surgery.
- (13) "Respiratory distress" means impaired ventilation of the respiratory system or impaired oxygenation of the blood.
- (14) "School" means any school district organized under the laws of this state or any accredited nonpublic school that provides education to elementary or secondary students.
- (15) "School nurse" means a registered nurse licensed by the board of nursing to practice nursing in Kansas or a licensed practical nurse working under a registered nurse who is employed by a school to perform nursing services in a school setting.
- (16) "Spacer" means a holding chamber that is used to optimize the delivery of aerolized albuterol from an albuterol metered-dose inhaler.
  - (17) "Stock supply" means an appropriate quantity of emergency

medication as recommended by a physician or mid-level practitioner.

- (b) A school may maintain a stock supply of emergency medication upon obtaining a prescription from a physician or mid-level practitioner in the name of the school. A physician or mid-level practitioner shall review the school's policies and procedures established pursuant to subsection (c) prior to prescribing such emergency medication.
- (1) A stock supply of epinephrine may consist of one or more standard-dose or pediatric-dose epinephrine auto-injectors. A school nurse or designated school personnel may administer such epinephrine in an emergency situation to any individual who displays the signs and symptoms of anaphylaxis at school, on school property or at a school-sponsored event if such school nurse or designated school personnel reasonably believes that an individual is exhibiting the signs and symptoms of an anaphylactic reaction.
- (2) A stock supply of albuterol may consist of one or more albuterol metered-dose inhalers, one or more doses of albuterol solution and one or more spacers or nebulizers. A school nurse or designated school personnel may administer such albuterol in an emergency situation to any individual who displays the signs and symptoms of respiratory distress at school, on school property or at a school-sponsored event if such school nurse or designated school personnel reasonably believes that an individual is exhibiting the signs and symptoms of respiratory distress.
- (c) A school that maintains a stock supply of emergency medication shall establish school policies and procedures relating to:
- (1) Storage of the emergency medication, which shall require that the emergency medication is stored:
- (A) In a safe location that is readily accessible to the school nurse or designated school personnel; and
  - $(B) \quad in \ accordance \ with \ manufacturer \ temperature \ recommendations;$
- (2) periodic monitoring of the inventory and expiration dates of emergency medication;
- (3) administration of emergency medication by designated school personnel; and
- (4) training requirements for designated school personnel, which shall be conducted on no less than an annual basis for such designated school personnel. Such training shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 38 (A) Recognition of the symptoms of anaphylaxis and respiratory 39 distress;
  - (B) administration of emergency medication;
    - (C) calling for emergency medical system responders;
  - (D) monitoring the condition of an individual after emergency medication has been administered;

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- (E) notification of the parent, guardian or next of kin; and
- (F) safe disposal and sanitation of used equipment.
- (d) A school shall publish information related to the school's emergency medication policies and procedures and shall maintain records of the training provided to designated school personnel.
- (e) A school may accept monetary gifts, grants and donations to carry out the provisions of this section or may accept epinephrine autoinjectors, albuterol metered-dose inhalers, albuterol solution, spacers or nebulizers from a manufacturer or wholesaler.
  - Sec. 4. K.S.A. 65-1680, 65-2872b and 72-6283 are hereby repealed.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.