Session of 2017

SENATE BILL No. 19

By Committee on Financial Institutions and Insurance

1-12

AN ACT concerning insurance; relating to reinsurance; amending K.S.A. 1 2 2016 Supp. 40-221a and repealing the existing section. 3 4 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas: 5 Section 1. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 40-221a is hereby amended to read as follows: 40-221a. (a) Any insurance company organized under the laws of 6 7 this state may (1) with the consent of the commissioner of insurance, cede 8 all of its risks to any other solvent insurance company authorized to-9 transaet business in this state or accept all of the risks of any other-10 company, (2) accept all or any part of an individual risk or all or any part 11 of a particular class of risks which it is authorized to insure, and (3) cede 12 all or any part of an individual risk or all or any part of a particular class of 13 risks to another solvent insurer or insurers having the power to accept such 14 reinsurance. 15 (b) Any insurance company organized under the laws of this state 16 may take credit as an asset or as a deduction from loss and unearned premium reserves on such ceded risks to the extent reinsured by an insurer 17 or insurers authorized to transact business in this state, but such credit on 18 19 eeded risks reinsured by any insurer which is not authorized to transact-20 business in this state may be taken in an amount not exceeding: 21 (1) The amount of deposits by, and funds withheld from, the-22 assuming insurer pursuant to express provision therefor in the reinsurance 23 contract, as security for the payment of the obligations thereunder, if such 24 deposits or funds are held subject to withdrawal by, and under the control 25 of, the ceding insurer or are placed in trust for such purposes in a qualified 26 United States financial institution, if withdrawals from such trust cannot be 27 made without the consent of the ceding company; 28 (2) the amount of a clean and irrevocable letter of credit issued by a 29 qualified United States financial institution if such letter of credit is-30 initially issued for a term of at least one year and by its terms is-31 automatically renewed at each expiration date for at least an additional-32 one-year term unless at least 30 days prior written notice of intention not 33 to renew is given to the ceding company by the issuing qualified United 34 States financial institution or the assuming company and provided that 35 such letter of credit is issued under arrangements satisfactory to the-36 commissioner of insurance as constituting security to the ceding insurer

1 substantially equal to that of a deposit under paragraph (1) of this-2 subsection; or

3 (3) the amount of loss and uncarned premium reserves on such ceded 4 risks to an assuming insurer which maintains a trust fund in a qualified 5 United States financial institution, as defined in (b)(3)(D), for the payment 6 of the valid claims of its United States ceding insurers, their assigns and 7 successors in interest. The assuming insurer shall report annually to the 8 commissioner information substantially the same as that required to be 9 reported on the national association of insurance commissioners annual-10 statement form by licensed insurers to enable the commissioner to-11 determine the sufficiency of the trust fund. In the case of a single assuming 12 insurer, the trust shall consist of a trusteed account representing the-13 assuming insurer's liability attributable to business written in the United-14 States and, in addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed-15 surplus of not less than \$20,000,000. In the case of a group including-16 incorporated and individual unincorporated underwriters, the trust shall 17 consist of a trusteed account representing the group's liabilities attributable 18 to business written in the United States and, in addition, the group shall-19 maintain a trusteed surplus of which \$100,000,000 shall be held jointly for 20 the benefit of United States ceding insurers of any member of the group; 21 the incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in any-22 business other than underwriting as a member of the group and shall be-23 subject to the same level of solvency regulation and control by the group's 24 domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members; and the group 25 shall make available to the commissioner an annual certification of the-26 solvency of each underwriter by the group's domiciliary regulator and its 27 independent public accountants.

28 (A) Such trust must be in a form approved by the commissioner of 29 insurance. The trust instrument shall provide that contested claims shall be 30 valid and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent-31 jurisdiction in the United States. The trust shall vest legal title to its assets 32 in the trustees of the trust for its United States ceding insurers, their-33 assigns and successors in interest. The trust and the assuming group or-34 insurer shall be subject to examination as determined by the commissioner. 35 The trust, described herein, must remain in effect for as long as the-36 assuming group or insurer shall have outstanding obligations due under the 37 reinsurance agreements subject to the trust.

(B) No later than February 28 of each year the trustees of the trust
shall report to the commissioner in writing setting forth the balance of the
trust and listing the trust's investments at the preceding year end and shall
certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the
trust shall not expire prior to the next following December 31.

43 (C) The credit authorized under subsection (b)(3) shall not be allowed

1 unless the assuming group or insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreements: 2 (i) That in the event of the failure of the assuming group or insurer to 3 perform its obligations under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, the 4 assuming group or insurer, at the request of the ceding insurer, shall submit 5 to the jurisdiction of any court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the 6 United States, will comply with all requirements necessary to give such 7 court jurisdiction, and will abide by the final decision of such court or of 8 any appellate court in the event of an appeal; and 9 (ii) to designate the commissioner or a designated attorney as its true 10 and lawful attorney upon whom may be served any lawful process in any 11 action, suit or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the ceding company. 12 (iii) This provision is not intended to conflict with or override the 13 obligation of the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their-14 disputes, if such an obligation to do so is created in the agreement. 15 (D) (i) For the purposes of paragraphs (1) and (3) of subsection (b), a 16 "qualified United States financial institution" means, for purposes of those 17 provisions of this law specifying those institutions that are eligible to act 18 as a fiduciary of a trust, an institution that: 19 (aa) Is organized, or (in the case of a U.S. branch or agency office of 20 a foreign banking organization) licensed, under the laws of the United-21 States or any state thereof and has been granted authority to operate with 22 fiduciary powers; and 23 (bb) is regulated, supervised and examined by federal or state-24 authorities having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies. 25 (ii) For the purposes of paragraph (2) of subsection (b), "qualified-United States financial institution" means, for the purpose of those-26 27 provisions of this law specifying those institutions that are eligible to issue 28 a letter of credit, an institution that: 29 (aa) Is organized or (in the case of a United States office of a foreign 30 banking organization) licensed, under the laws of the United States or any 31 state thereof; 32 (bb) is regulated, supervised and examined by United States federal 33 or state authorities having regulatory authority over banks and trust-34 companies; and 35 (cc) has been determined by the insurance commissioner to meet such 36 standards of financial condition and standing as are considered necessary 37 and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions whose 38 letters of credit will be acceptable to the commissioner. 39 In making determinations under this clause, the commissioner may 40 consult with the securities valuation office of the national association of 41 insurance commissioners 42 (c) No credit shall be allowed, as an admitted asset or deduction from 43 liability, to any ceding insurer organized under the laws of this state for-

1 reinsurance, unless the reinsurance contract provides, in substance, that in 2 the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer, the reinsurance shall be payable under a contract reinsured by the assuming insurer on the basis of 3 4 the liability of the ceding company under the contract or contracts-5 reinsured, as approved by the liquidation court, without diminution-6 because of the insolvency of the ceding company. Any reinsurance-7 agreement entered into with a domestic insurer which may be canceled on 8 less than 90 days' notice, and which cancellation would constitute a-9 material cancellation as defined by K.S.A. 40-2,156a, and amendmentsthereto, must provide in the reinsurance agreement, in substance, for a run-10 off of the reinsurance in force at the date of cancellation, unless the-11 12 agreement is canceled for nonpayment of premium or fraud in theinducement. Reinsurance payments shall be made directly to the ceding 13 insurer or to its domiciliary liquidator except: (1) Where the reinsurance-14 15 contract or policy reinsured specifically provides another payee of such-16 reinsurance in the event of the insolvency of the ceding insurer; or (2) 17 where the assuming insurer, with the consent of the direct insured, hasassumed such policy obligations of the ceding insurer as direct obligations 18

of the assuming insurer to the payees under such policies and in substitution for the obligations of the ceding insurer to such payees.
 (d) The reinsurance agreement may provide that the domiciliary-

22 liquidator of an insolvent ceding insurer shall give written notice to the assuming insurer of the pendency of a claim against such ceding insurer on 23 24 the contract reinsured within a reasonable time after such claim is filed in 25 the liquidation proceeding. During the pendency of such claim, anyassuming insurer may investigate such claim and interpose, at its own-26 27 expense, in the proceeding where such claim is to be adjudicated any-28 defenses which it deems available to the ceding insurer, or its liquidator. 29 Such expense may be filed as a claim against the insolvent ceding insurer 30 to the extent of a proportionate share of the benefit which may accrue to 31 the ceding insurer solely as a result of the defense undertaken by the 32 assuming insurer. Where two or more assuming insurers are involved in 33 the same claim and a majority in interest elect to interpose a defense to-34 such claim, the expense shall be apportioned in accordance with the terms 35 of the reinsurance agreement as though such expense had been incurred by 36 the ceding insurer Credit for reinsurance shall be allowed a domestic 37 ceding insurer as either an asset or a reduction from liability on account 38 of reinsurance ceded only when the reinsurer meets the requirements of 39 paragraphs (1), (2), (3), (4), (5) or (6). Credit shall be allowed under paragraphs (1), (2) or (3) of this subsection only as respects cessions of 40 those kinds or classes of business that the assuming insurer is licensed or 41 otherwise permitted to write or assume in its state of domicile or, in the 42 43 case of a United States branch of an alien assuming insurer, in the state

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through which it is entered and licensed to transact insurance or
 reinsurance. Credit shall be allowed only under paragraphs (3) or (4) of
 this subsection if the applicable requirements of paragraph (7) have been
 satisfied.

5 (1) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an 6 assuming insurer that is licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in 7 this state.

8 (2) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an 9 assuming insurer that is accredited by the commissioner as a reinsurer in 10 this state. In order to be eligible for accreditation, an assuming insurer 11 must:

(A) File with the commissioner evidence of the assuming insurer's
submission to this state's jurisdiction;

(B) submit to this state's authority to examine the assuming insurer's
books and records;

16 (C) be licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in at least one 17 state, or in the case of a United States branch of an alien assuming 18 insurer, be entered through and licensed to transact insurance or 19 reinsurance in at least one state;

20 (D) file annually with the commissioner a copy of the assuming 21 insurer's annual statement filed with the insurance department of the 22 assuming insurer's state of domicile and a copy of the assuming insurer's 23 most recent audited financial statement; and

24 (E) demonstrate to the satisfaction of the commissioner that it has 25 adequate financial capacity to meet the assuming insurer's reinsurance obligations and is otherwise qualified to assume reinsurance from 26 27 domestic insurers. An assuming insurer is deemed to meet this requirement 28 as of the time of the assuming insurer's application if it maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not less than \$20.000.000 29 30 and its accreditation has not been denied by the commissioner within 90 31 days after submission of its application.

32 (3) (A) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an 33 assuming insurer that is domiciled in, or in the case of a United States 34 branch of an alien assuming insurer is entered through, a state that 35 employs standards regarding credit for reinsurance substantially similar 36 to those applicable under this statute and the assuming insurer or United 37 States branch of an alien assuming insurer:

(i) Maintains a surplus as regards policyholders in an amount not
 less than \$20,000,000; and

40 *(ii)* submits to the authority of this state to examine the assuming 41 insurer's books and records.

42 *(B)* The requirement of subsection (a)(3)(A)(i) does not apply to 43 reinsurance ceded and assumed pursuant to pooling arrangements among SB 19—Am. by HC

1 *insurers in the same holding company system.*

2 (4) (A) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an assuming insurer that maintains a trust fund in a qualified United States 3 financial institution, as defined in subsection (c)(2), for the payment of the 4 valid claims of the assuming insurer's United States ceding insurers, their 5 6 assigns and successors in interest. To enable the commissioner to 7 determine the sufficiency of the trust fund, the assuming insurer shall 8 report annually to the commissioner information substantially the same as that required to be reported on the national association of insurance 9 commissioners annual statement form by licensed insurers. The assuming 10 insurer shall submit to examination of its books and records by the 11 commissioner and bear the expense of examination; 12

(B) (i) credit for reinsurance shall not be granted under this
subsection unless the form of the trust and any amendments to the trust
have been approved by either of the following:

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(a) The commissioner of the state where the trust is domiciled; or

(b) the commissioner of another state who, pursuant to the terms of
the trust instrument, has accepted principal regulatory oversight of the
trust.

20 (ii) The form of the trust and any trust amendments also shall be filed 21 with the commissioner of every state in which the ceding insurer's 22 beneficiaries of the trust are domiciled. The trust instrument shall provide 23 that contested claims shall be valid and enforceable upon the final order of any court of competent jurisdiction in the United States. The trust shall 24 25 vest legal title to the trust's assets in its trustees for the benefit of the assuming insurer's United States ceding insurers, their assigns and 26 27 successors in interest. The trust and the assuming insurer shall be subject 28 to examination as determined by the commissioner.

(iii) The trust shall remain in effect for as long as the assuming insurer has outstanding obligations due under the reinsurance agreements subject to the trust. No later than February 28 of each year, the trustee of the trust shall report to the commissioner in writing the balance of the trust and the listing of the trust's investments at the preceding year-end and shall certify the date of termination of the trust, if so planned, or certify that the trust will not expire prior to the following December 31.

36 (*C*) The following requirements apply to the following categories of 37 the assuming insurer:

(i) The trust fund for a single assuming insurer shall consist of funds
in trust in an amount not less than the assuming insurer's liabilities
attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding insurers, and, in
addition, the assuming insurer shall maintain a trusteed surplus of not less
than \$20,000,000, except as provided in subsection (a)(4)(C)(ii).

43 (ii) At any time after the assuming insurer has permanently

1 discontinued underwriting new business secured by the trust for at least

2 three full years, the commissioner with principal regulatory oversight of the trust may authorize a reduction in the required trusteed surplus, but 3 only after a finding, based on an assessment of the risk, that the new 4 required surplus level is adequate for the protection of United States 5 6 ceding insurers, policyholders and claimants in light of reasonably 7 foreseeable adverse loss development. The risk assessment may involve an 8 actuarial review, including an independent analysis of reserves and cash flows, and shall consider all material risk factors, including, when 9 applicable, the lines of business involved, the stability of the incurred loss 10 estimates and the effect of the surplus requirements on the assuming 11 12 insurer's liquidity or solvency. The minimum required trusteed surplus shall not be reduced to an amount less than 30% of the assuming insurer's 13 14 liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding 15 insurers covered by the trust;

16 *(iii) (a) in the case of a group including incorporated and individual* 17 *unincorporated underwriters, all of the following requirements are met:*

18 (1) For reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an 19 inception, amendment or renewal date on or after January 1, 1993, the 20 trust shall consist of a trusteed account in an amount not less than the 21 respective underwriters' several liabilities attributable to business ceded 22 by United States domiciled ceding insurers to any underwriter of the 23 group;

(2) for reinsurance ceded under reinsurance agreements with an
inception date on or before December 31, 1992, and not amended or
renewed after that date, notwithstanding the other provisions of this act,
the trust shall consist of a trusteed account in an amount not less than the
respective underwriters' several insurance and reinsurance liabilities
attributable to business written in the United States; and

(3) in addition to the trusts described in subsections (a)(4)(B)(iii)(a)
(1) and (a)(4)(B)(iii)(a)(2), the group shall maintain in trust a trusteed
surplus of which \$100,000,000 shall be held jointly for the benefit of the
United States domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group for all
years of account.

(b) The incorporated members of the group shall not be engaged in
any business other than underwriting as a member of the group and shall
be subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control by the
group's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated members of the
group; and

40 (c) within 90 days after its financial statements are due to be filed
41 with the group's domiciliary regulator, the group shall provide to the
42 commissioner an annual certification by the group's domiciliary regulator
43 of the solvency of each underwriter member, or if a certification is

unavailable, financial statements prepared by independent public
 accountants of each underwriter member of the group.

3 *(iv)* In the case of a group of incorporated underwriters under 4 common administration, the group shall meet all of the following 5 requirements:

6 (a) Have continuously transacted an insurance business outside the 7 United States for at least three years immediately prior to making 8 application for accreditation;

9 (b) maintain an aggregate policyholders' surplus of at least 10 \$10,000,000,000;

(c) maintain a trust fund in an amount not less than the group's
several liabilities attributable to business ceded by United States
domiciled ceding insurers to any member of the group pursuant to
reinsurance contracts issued in the name of the group;

(d) in addition, maintain a joint trusteed surplus of which
\$100,000,000 shall be held jointly for the benefit of United States
domiciled ceding insurers of any member of the group as additional
security for these liabilities; and

(e) within 90 days after the group's financial statements are due to be
filed with the group's domiciliary regulator, make available to the
commissioner an annual certification of each underwriter member's
solvency by the member's domiciliary regulator and financial statements
of each underwriter member of the group prepared by its independent
public accountant.

(5) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an
assuming insurer that has been certified by the commissioner as a
reinsurer in this state and the reinsurer secures its obligations in
accordance with the following requirements:

(A) In order to be eligible for certification, the assuming insurer shall
 meet all of the following requirements:

(i) Be domiciled and licensed to transact insurance or reinsurance in
 a qualified jurisdiction, as determined by the commissioner pursuant to
 subsection (a)(5)(C);

(ii) maintain minimum capital and surplus, or its equivalent, in an
 amount to be determined by the commissioner pursuant to regulation;

(iii) maintain financial strength ratings from two or more rating
 agencies deemed acceptable by the commissioner pursuant to regulation;

(iv) agree to submit to the jurisdiction of this state, appoint the
commissioner as the assuming insurer's agent for service of process in this
state, and agree to provide security for 100% of the assuming insurer's
liabilities attributable to reinsurance ceded by United States ceding
insurers if the assuming insurer resists enforcement of a final United
States judgment;

(v) agree to meet applicable information filing requirements as
 determined by the commissioner, both with respect to an initial application
 for certification and on an ongoing basis; and

4 (vi) satisfy any other requirements for certification deemed relevant 5 by the commissioner.

6 (B) An association including incorporated and individual 7 unincorporated underwriters may be a certified reinsurer. In order to be 8 eligible for certification, in addition to satisfying the requirements of 9 subsection (a)(5)(A) and all of the following requirements:

(i) The association shall satisfy its minimum capital and surplus
requirements through the capital and surplus equivalents, net of liabilities,
of the association and its members, which shall include a joint central
fund that may be applied to any unsatisfied obligation of the association
or any of its members, in an amount determined by the commissioner to
provide adequate protection;

(ii) the incorporated members of the association shall not be engaged
in any business other than underwriting as a member of the association
and shall be subject to the same level of regulation and solvency control
by the association's domiciliary regulator as are the unincorporated
members of the association; and

(iii) within 90 days after the association's financial statements are due to be filed with the association's domiciliary regulator, the association shall provide to the commissioner an annual certification by the association's domiciliary regulator of the solvency of each underwriter member. If a certification is unavailable, financial statements prepared by independent public accountants of each underwriter member of the association shall be provided instead.

(C) The commissioner shall create and publish a list of qualified
 jurisdictions under which an assuming insurer licensed and domiciled in
 such jurisdiction is eligible to be considered for certification by the
 commissioner as a certified reinsurer.

(i) In order to determine whether the domiciliary jurisdiction of a 32 33 non-United States assuming insurer is eligible to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, the commissioner shall evaluate the appropriateness 34 35 and effectiveness of the reinsurance supervisory system of the jurisdiction, both initially and on an ongoing basis, and consider the rights, benefits 36 37 and the extent of reciprocal recognition afforded by the non-United States 38 jurisdiction to reinsurers licensed and domiciled in the United States. In 39 order to be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction, a jurisdiction must agree to share information and cooperate with the commissioner with 40 41 respect to all certified reinsurers domiciled within that jurisdiction. A jurisdiction shall not be recognized as a qualified jurisdiction if the 42 43 commissioner has determined that the jurisdiction does not adequately and promptly enforce final United States judgments and arbitration
 awards. Additional factors may be considered in the discretion of the
 commissioner.

4 *(ii)* A list of qualified jurisdictions shall be published through the 5 national association of insurance commissioners' process. The 6 commissioner shall consider this list in determining qualified 7 jurisdictions. If the commissioner recognizes a jurisdiction as qualified 8 that does not appear on the list of qualified jurisdictions, the 9 commissioner shall provide thoroughly documented justification in 10 accordance with criteria to be developed under rules and regulations.

(iii) United States jurisdictions that meet the requirement for
 accreditation under the national association of insurance commissioners'
 financial standards and accreditation program shall be recognized as
 qualified jurisdictions.

15 *(iv)* If a certified reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction ceases to be a 16 qualified jurisdiction, the commissioner has the discretion to suspend the 17 reinsurer's certification indefinitely, in lieu of revocation.

18 (D) The commissioner shall assign a rating to each certified 19 reinsurer, giving due consideration to the financial strength ratings that 20 have been assigned by rating agencies deemed acceptable to the 21 commissioner pursuant to rules and regulations. The commissioner shall 22 publish a list of all certified reinsurers and their ratings.

(E) A certified reinsurer shall secure obligations assumed from
 United States ceding insurers under this subsection at a level consistent
 with the certified reinsurer's rating, as specified in rules and regulations
 promulgated by the commissioner.

(i) In order for a domestic ceding insurer to qualify for full financial
statement credit for reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer, the certified
reinsurer shall maintain security in a form acceptable to the commissioner
and consistent with the provisions of subsection (b), or in a multibeneficiary trust in accordance with subsection (a)(4), except as otherwise
provided in this subsection.

33 (ii) If a certified reinsurer maintains a trust to fully secure its 34 obligations subject to subsection (a)(4), and chooses to secure its obligations incurred as a certified reinsurer in the form of a multi-35 36 beneficiary trust, the certified reinsurer shall maintain separate trust 37 accounts for its obligations incurred under reinsurance agreements issued 38 or renewed as a certified reinsurer with reduced security as permitted by 39 this subsection or comparable laws of other United States jurisdictions and for its obligations subject to subsection (a)(4). It shall be a condition 40 to the grant of certification under subsection (a)(5) that the certified 41 reinsurer shall have bound itself, by the language of the trust and 42 agreement with the commissioner who has principal regulatory oversight 43

of each such trust account, to fund, upon termination of any such trust
 account, any deficiency of any other such trust account out of the
 remaining surplus of the terminated trust account.

4 (iii) The minimum trusteed surplus requirements provided in 5 subsection (a)(4) are not applicable with respect to a multi-beneficiary 6 trust maintained by a certified reinsurer for the purpose of securing 7 obligations incurred under this subsection, except that such trust shall 8 maintain a minimum trusteed surplus of \$10,000,000.

9 *(iv)* With respect to obligations incurred by a certified reinsurer 10 under this subsection, if the security is insufficient, the commissioner shall 11 reduce the allowable credit by an amount proportionate to the deficiency, 12 and the commissioner has the discretion to impose further reductions in 13 allowable credit upon finding there is a material risk that the certified 14 reinsurer's obligations will not be paid in full when due.

15 (v) For purposes of this subsection, a certified reinsurer whose 16 certification has been terminated for any reason shall be treated as a 17 certified reinsurer required to secure 100% of its obligations.

(a) As used in this paragraph, the term "terminated" includes
 revocation, suspension, voluntary surrender and inactive status.

20 (b) If the commissioner continues to assign a higher rating as 21 permitted by other provisions of this subsection, this requirement does not 22 apply to a certified reinsurer in inactive status or to a reinsurer whose 23 certification has been suspended.

(F) If an assuming insurer applying for certification as a reinsurer in
this state has been certified as a reinsurer in an another jurisdiction
accredited by the national association of insurance commissioners, the
commissioner has the discretion to defer to that jurisdiction's certification,
and has the discretion to defer to the rating assigned by that jurisdiction,
and such assuming insurer shall be considered to be a certified reinsurer
in this state.

31 (G) A certified reinsurer that ceases to assume new business in this 32 state may request to maintain the reinsurer's certification in inactive status in order to continue to qualify for a reduction in amount of security 33 required for the reinsurer's in force business. An inactive certified 34 reinsurer shall continue to comply with all applicable requirements of this 35 36 subsection, and the commissioner shall assign a rating that takes into 37 account, if relevant, the reasons why the reinsurer is not assuming new 38 business.

(6) Credit shall be allowed when the reinsurance is ceded to an
assuming insurer that does not meet the requirements of subsections (a)(1)
through (a)(5), but only as to the insurance of risks located in jurisdictions
where the reinsurance is required by applicable law or regulation of that
jurisdiction.

1 (7) If the assuming insurer is not licensed, accredited or certified to 2 transact insurance or reinsurance in this state, the credit permitted by 3 subsections (a)(3) and (a)(4) of this section shall not be allowed, unless 4 the assuming insurer agrees in the reinsurance agreement to do all of the 5 following:

6 (A) (i) In the event of the failure of the assuming insurer to perform 7 its obligations under the terms of the reinsurance agreement, the assuming 8 insurer, at the request of the ceding insurer, will: Submit to the jurisdiction 9 of any court of competent jurisdiction in any state of the United States; 10 comply with all requirements necessary to give the court jurisdiction; and 11 abide by the final decision of the court or of any appellate court in the 12 event of an appeal; and

(ii) the assuming insurer will designate the commissioner or a
designated attorney as its true and lawful attorney to receive lawful
process in any action, suit or proceeding instituted by or on behalf of the
ceding insurer.

17 *(B)* This subsection is not intended to conflict with or override the 18 obligation of the parties to a reinsurance agreement to arbitrate their 19 disputes, if the obligation is created in the agreement.

20 (8) If the assuming insurer does not meet the requirements of 21 subsection (a)(1), (a)(2) or (a)(3), the credit permitted by subsection (a)(4)22 or (a)(5) shall not be allowed unless the assuming insurer agrees in a trust 23 agreement to the following conditions:

(A) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the trust instrument, if 24 25 the trust fund is inadequate because the trust fund contains an amount less than the amount required by subsection (a)(4)(C), or if the grantor of the 26 27 trust has been declared insolvent or has been placed into receivership, 28 rehabilitation, liquidation or similar proceedings under the laws of the 29 trust's state or country of domicile, the trustee shall comply with an order of the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust or with an 30 order of a court of competent jurisdiction directing the trustee to transfer 31 32 all of the assets of the trust fund to the commissioner with regulatory 33 oversight over the trust.

(B) The assets shall be distributed and claims shall be filed with and
valued by the commissioner with regulatory oversight in accordance with
the laws of the state in which the trust is domiciled that are applicable to
the liquidation of domestic insurance companies.

(C) If the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust determines that the assets of the trust fund or any part of the trust fund are not necessary to satisfy the claims of the United States ceding insurers of the grantor of the trust, the assets of the trust or part of those assets shall be returned by the commissioner with regulatory oversight over the trust to the trustee for distribution in accordance with the trust agreement. 15

1 (D) The grantor shall waive any right otherwise available to it under 2 United States law that is inconsistent with the provisions of this 3 subsection.

4 (9) Credit for reinsurance ceded to a certified reinsurer is limited 5 to reinsurance contracts entered or renewed on or after the effective 6 date of the certification of the assuming insurer by the commissioner.

7 (10) If an accredited or certified reinsurer ceases to meet the 8 requirements of this section for accreditation or certification, the 9 commissioner may suspend or revoke the reinsurer's accreditation or 10 certification.

(A) The commissioner shall give the reinsurer notice and opportunity
for a hearing prior to such suspension or revocation. The suspension or
revocation shall not take effect until after the commissioner's order on
hearing, unless one of the following applies:

(i) The reinsurer waives its right to a hearing;

16 (ii) the commissioner's order is based on regulatory action by the 17 reinsurer's domiciliary jurisdiction or by the voluntary surrender or 18 termination of the reinsurer's eligibility to transact insurance or 19 reinsurance business in its domiciliary jurisdiction or in the primary 20 certifying state of the reinsurer under subsection (a)(5)(F); or

21 *(iii) the commissioner finds that an emergency requires immediate* 22 *action and a court of competent jurisdiction has not stayed the* 23 *commissioner's action.*

24 (B) While a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is suspended, a 25 reinsurance contract issued or renewed after the effective date of the suspension does not qualify for credit, except to the extent that the 26 27 reinsurer's obligations under the reinsurance contract are secured in 28 accordance with subsection (b). If a reinsurer's accreditation or certification is revoked, credit for reinsurance shall not be granted after 29 the effective date of the revocation, except to the extent that the reinsurer's 30 obligations under the contract are secured in accordance with subsection 31 32 (a)(5)(A) or (a)(5)(B).

33 (10)(11) (A) A domestic ceding insurer shall take steps to manage its reinsurance recoverables proportionate to its own book of business. A 34 domestic ceding insurer shall notify the commissioner within 30 days after 35 reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of 36 37 affiliated assuming insurers, exceeds 50% of the domestic ceding insurer's 38 last reported surplus to policyholders, or after it is determined that 39 reinsurance recoverables from any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, is likely to exceed this limit. The notification 40 41 shall demonstrate that the exposure is safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer. 42

43 (B) A domestic ceding insurer shall take steps to diversify its

1 reinsurance program. A domestic ceding insurer shall notify the 2 commissioner within 30 days after ceding to any single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, more than 20% of the ceding 3 insurer's gross written premium in the prior calendar year, or after the 4 domestic ceding insurer has determined that the reinsurance ceded to any 5 6 single assuming insurer, or group of affiliated assuming insurers, is likely 7 to exceed this limit. The notification shall demonstrate that the exposure is 8 safely managed by the domestic ceding insurer.

(b) An asset or a reduction from liability for the reinsurance ceded by 9 a domestic insurer to an assuming insurer not meeting the requirements of 10 subsection (a) shall be allowed in an amount not exceeding the liabilities 11 12 carried by the ceding insurer. The reduction shall be in the amount of funds held by or on behalf of the ceding insurer, including funds held in 13 trust for the ceding insurer, under a reinsurance contract with the 14 15 assuming insurer as security for the payment of obligations under the 16 contract, if the security is held in the United States subject to withdrawal solely by, and under the exclusive control of, the ceding insurer; or, in the 17 case of a trust, held in a qualified United States financial institution, as 18 19 defined in subsection (c)(2). The security may be in the form of any of the 20 following:

21 (1) Cash;

(2) a security listed by the securities valuation office of the national
association of insurance commissioners, including those securities deemed
exempt from filing as defined by the purposes and procedures manual of
the national association of insurance commissioners investment analysis
office, and qualifying as admitted assets;

(3) (A) clean, irrevocable, unconditional letters of credit, issued or
confirmed by a qualified United States financial institution, as defined in
subsection (c)(1), effective no later than December 31 of the year for
which the filing is being made, and in the possession of, or in trust for, the
ceding insurer on or before the filing date of the ceding insurer's annual
statement; or

33 (B) a letter of credit meeting applicable standards of issuer 34 acceptability as of the date of the letter of credit's issuance, or 35 confirmation, shall, notwithstanding the issuing or confirming, institution's subsequent failure to meet applicable standards of issuer 36 37 acceptability, continue to be acceptable as security until their expiration, 38 extension, renewal, modification or amendment, whichever first occurs; or 39 (4) any other form of security acceptable to the commissioner.

40 (c) (1) For purposes of subsection (b)(3), a "qualified United States 41 financial institution" means an institution that meets all of the following 42 requirements:

43 (A) Is organized or, in the case of a United States office of a foreign

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banking organization, licensed under the laws of the United States or any
 state thereof;

3 (B) is regulated, supervised and examined by United States federal or 4 state authorities having regulatory authority over banks and trust 5 companies; and

6 (C) has been determined by either the commissioner or the securities 7 valuation office of the national association of insurance commissioners to 8 meet the standards of financial condition and standing as are considered 9 necessary and appropriate to regulate the quality of financial institutions 10 whose letters of credit will be acceptable to the commissioner.

(2) For purposes of those provisions of this law specifying those
institutions that are eligible to act as a fiduciary of a trust, a "qualified
United States financial institution" means an institution that meets all of
the following requirements:

(i) Is organized, or in the case of a United States branch or agency
office of a foreign banking organization, is licensed under the laws of the
United States or any state of the United States and has been granted
authority to operate with fiduciary powers; and

(ii) is regulated, supervised and examined by federal or state
 authorities having regulatory authority over banks and trust companies.

(d) The commissioner is hereby authorized to adopt any rules and
regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this law. Such rules
and regulations shall be adopted no later than January 1, 2019.

24 *(e)* This section shall apply to all cessions under reinsurance 25 contracts that occur on or after January 1, 2018.

26

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 40-221a is hereby repealed.

27 Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after 28 January 1, 2018, and its publication in the statute book.