AN ACT concerning the uniform consumer credit code; relating to consumer loans; amending K.S.A. 16a-2-401, 16a-2-404 and 16a-2-405 and repealing the existing sections.

Section 1. K.S.A. 16a-2-401 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16a-2-401. (1) For any consumer loan incurred pursuant to open end credit, including, without limitation, a loan pursuant to a lender credit card, a lender may charge a finance charge at any rate agreed to by the parties of 36% per annum, inclusive of all fees, interest and charges contained in the loan contract, including costs of ancillary products, subject, however, to the limitations on prepaid finance charges set forth in subsection (6). This subsection does not apply to a consumer loan secured by a first mortgage or a second mortgage.

(2) For any consumer loan incurred pursuant to closed end credit, a lender may charge a periodic finance charge, calculated accordingly to the actuarial method, not to exceed: (a) 36% per annum on the portion of the unpaid balance which is $860 or less, and (b) 21% per annum on the portion of the unpaid balance which exceeds $860, subject, however to the limitations on prepaid finance charges set forth in subsection (6). This subsection does not apply to a consumer loan secured by a first mortgage or a second mortgage.

(3) For any consumer loan secured by a second mortgage or a consumer loan secured by an interest in a manufactured home as defined by 42 U.S.C. § 5402(6), a lender may charge a periodic finance charge, calculated according to the actuarial method, not to exceed 18% per annum, subject, however to the limitations on prepaid finance charges set forth in subsection (6). This subsection does not apply if the lender and the consumer agree in writing that the finance charge for the loan is governed by K.S.A. 16-207(b), and amendments thereto.

(4) If the parties to a consumer loan secured by a first mortgage or a consumer loan secured by an interest in a manufactured home as defined by 42 U.S.C. § 5402(6) agree in writing to make the transaction subject to the uniform consumer credit code, then the periodic finance charge for the loan, calculated according to the actuarial method, may not exceed 18% per annum, subject, however to the limitations on prepaid finance charges

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

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(4) If the parties to a consumer loan secured by a first mortgage or a consumer loan secured by an interest in a manufactured home as defined by 42 U.S.C. § 5402(6) agree in writing to make the transaction subject to the uniform consumer credit code, then the periodic finance charge for the loan, calculated according to the actuarial method, may not exceed 18% per annum, subject, however to the limitations on prepaid finance charges
set forth in subsection (6).

(5) This section does not limit or restrict the manner of calculating the
finance charge, whether by way of add-on, discount or otherwise, so long
as the rate and the amount of the finance charge does not exceed that
permitted by this section.

(6) Prepaid finance charges on consumer loans are limited as follows:

(a) For a consumer loan secured by a first mortgage or a second
mortgage, or a consumer loan secured by an interest in a manufactured
home as defined by 42 U.S.C. § 5402(6), prepaid finance charges in an
amount not to exceed 8% of the amount financed may be charged,
provided that the aggregate amount of prepaid finance charges payable to
the lender or any person related to the lender do not exceed 5% of the
amount financed; and

(b) for any other consumer loan, prepaid finance charges in an
amount not to exceed the lesser of 2% of the amount financed or $100 may
be charged.

Prepaid finance charges permitted under this subsection are in addition
to finance charges permitted under subsection (1), (2), (3) and (4), as
applicable. Prepaid finance charges permitted under this subsection are
fully earned when paid and are non-refundable, unless the parties agree
otherwise in writing.

(7) The finance charge limitations in subsections (3) and (4) do not
apply to a consumer loan the finance charge for which is governed by
subsection (h) of K.S.A. 16-207(h), and amendments thereto.

(8) If a loan secured by a first mortgage constitutes a "consumer loan"
under subsection (17) of K.S.A. 16a-1-301(17), and amendments thereto,
by virtue of the loan-to-value ratio exceeding 100% at the time the loan is
made, then the periodic finance charge for the loan shall not exceed that
authorized by subsection (b) of K.S.A. 16-207(b), and amendments
thereto, but the loan is subject to the limitations on prepaid finance charges
set forth in paragraph (a) of subsection (6)(a), which prepaid finance
charges may be charged in addition to the finance charges permitted under
subsection (b) of K.S.A. 16-207(b), and amendments thereto.

(9) If, within 12 months after the date of the original loan, a lender or
a person related to the lender refines a loan with respect to which a
prepaid finance charge was payable to the same lender pursuant to
subsection (6), then the following apply:

(a) If a prepaid finance charge with respect to the original loan was
payable to the lender pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection (6)(a), then
the aggregate amount of prepaid finance charges payable to the lender or
any person related to the lender with respect to the new loan may not
exceed 5% of the additional amount financed.

(b) If a prepaid finance charge with respect to the original loan was
payable to the lender pursuant to paragraph (b) of subsection (6)(b), then
the aggregate amount of prepaid finance charges payable to the lender or
any person related to the lender with respect to the new loan may not
exceed the lesser of 2% of the additional amount financed or $100.

(c) For purposes of this subsection, "additional amount financed"
means the difference between: (i) The amount financed for the new loan,
less the amount of all closing costs incurred in connection with the new
loan which are not included in the prepaid finance charges for the new
loan; and (ii) the unpaid principal balance of the original loan.

(10) For any period in which a finance charge is due on a consumer
loan pursuant to open end credit, the parties may agree on a minimum
amount.

(11) If the parties to a contract for deed to real estate agree in writing
to make the transaction subject to the uniform consumer credit code, then
the transaction is subject to the same limitations as set forth in subsections
(4) and (6) for a consumer loan secured by a first mortgage.

(12) This section does not apply to a—payday consumer loan
transaction governed by K.S.A. 16a-2-404, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 16a-2-404 is hereby amended to read as follows: 16a-
2-404. (1) On consumer loan transactions in which cash is advanced
whereby a lender, for a fee, finance charge or other consideration, does
the following:

(a) With a short term, Accepts an instrument from the borrower as
security for a loan;

(b) a single payment repayment is anticipated, and agrees to hold the
instrument for a period of time prior to deposit or negotiation of the
instrument;

(c) such cash advance is equal to or less than $500, a licensed or
supervised lender may charge an amount not to exceed 15% of the amount
of the cash advance pays to the borrower, credits to the borrower's
account or pays to another person on the borrower's behalf the amount of
the instrument, less charges permitted under this section; and

(d) issues a loan equal to or less than $500 shall subject such
consumer loan transaction to the requirements of this section.

(2) The minimum term of any loan under this section shall be 7 days
and the maximum term of any loan made under this section shall be 30
days the number of months equal to the sum of the loan principal and all
applicable charges, divided by the maximum allowable monthly payment.

(3) A lender and related interest shall not have more than two loans
one loan made under this section outstanding to the same borrower at any
one time and shall not make more than three loans to any one borrower
within a 30 calendar day period. Each lender shall maintain a journal of
loan transactions for each borrower which shall include at least the
following information:

(a) Name, address and telephone number of each borrower; and
(b) date made and due date of each loan.

(4) Each loan agreement made under this section shall contain the following notice in at least 10 point bold face type: NOTICE TO BORROWER: KANSAS LAW PROHIBITS THIS LENDER AND THEIR RELATED INTEREST FROM HAVING MORE THAN TWO LOANS OUTSTANDING TO YOU AT ANY ONE TIME. A LENDER CANNOT DIVIDE THE AMOUNT YOU WANT TO BORROW INTO MULTIPLE LOANS IN ORDER TO INCREASE THE FEES YOU PAY.

Prior to consummation of the loan transaction, the lender must:

(a) Provide the notice set forth in this subsection in both English and Spanish; and
(b) obtain the borrower's signature or initials next to the English version of the notice or, if the borrower advises the lender that the borrower is more proficient in Spanish than in English, then next to the Spanish version of the notice; and

(c) provide disclosure of periodic payments, total repayment, total loan costs, annual percentage rate inclusive of monthly fees, loan duration, notice of the borrower's right to revoke ACH payment authorization and right to rescind.

(5) The contract maximum rate of any loan made under this section shall not be more than 3% per month of the loan proceeds after the maturity date no more than 36% per annum. The maximum monthly fee or charge for any loan made under this section shall be 5% of the original loan principal or $20, whichever is less. These fees shall not be added to the original contracted loan for purposes of calculating interest. Loans made under this section may be refinanced, however, any refinanced loan shall have a maximum rate of 36% per annum and shall not be subject to any monthly fee or charges. No insurance charges or any other charges of any nature whatsoever shall be permitted, except as stated in subsection (7), including any charges for cashing the loan proceeds if they are given in check form. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the total loan charges for any loan made under this section shall not exceed 50% of the loan principal. For purposes of this calculation, all charges made in accordance with the loan shall be considered except: (a) An allowable returned check charge or late charge in accordance with subsection (7); and (b) interest charges on loans that are refinanced according to this subsection.

(6) Any loan made under this section shall not be repaid by proceeds of another loan made under this section by the same lender or related interest. The proceeds from any loan made under this section shall not be
applied to any other loan from the same lender or related interest. (a) The total required monthly payment of a loan made under this section shall not exceed the greater of 5% of the borrower's verified gross monthly income or 6% of the borrower's verified net monthly income. Income shall be verified according to rules and regulations promulgated by the administrator. Such rules and regulations shall include guidance for reasonably relying on evidence of recurring deposits to a depository account or one or more recent paychecks.

(b) The lender shall accept prepayment from a borrower prior to the loan due date and shall not charge the borrower a fee or penalty if the consumer prepays the loan. Upon prepayment of the loan, all finance charges, inclusive of interest and all fees, are pro rata refundable. Prorated monthly fees shall be based on a ratio of the number of days the loan was outstanding to the number of days for which the loan was originally contracted.

(c) All loans made under this section shall be precomputed and require full amortization of balance to zero with all payments reducing principal.

(d) If any payment is more than 10 days delinquent, the lender may accelerate the loan balance, but shall only collect prorated interest and fees earned to date.

(7) On a consumer loan transaction in which cash is advanced in exchange for a personal check, one return check charge or late charge may be charged if the check is deemed insufficient as defined in paragraph (e) of subsection (1) of K.S.A. 16a-2-501(1)(e), and amendments thereto. The maximum return check charge or late charge is the lesser of 5% of the original loan principal or $20, plus any amount passed from another financial institution. Upon receipt of the check from the consumer, the lender shall immediately stamp the back of the check with an endorsement that states: "Negotiated as part of a loan made under K.S.A. 16a-2-404. Holder takes subject to claims and defenses of maker. No criminal prosecution."

(8) In determining whether a consumer loan transaction made under the provisions of this section is unconscionable conduct under K.S.A. 16a-5-108, and amendments thereto, consideration shall be given, among other factors, to:

(a) The ability of the borrower to repay within the terms of the loan made under this section; or

(b) the original request of the borrower for amount and term of the loan are within the limitations under this section.

(9) A consumer may rescind any consumer loan transaction made under the provisions of this section without cost not later than the end of the business day immediately following the day on which the loan
transaction was made. To rescind the loan transaction:

(a) A consumer shall inform the lender that the consumer wants to
rescind the loan transaction;

(b) the consumer shall return the cash amount of the principal of the
loan transaction to the lender; and

(c) the lender shall return any fees that have been collected in
association with the loan.

(10) A person shall not commit or cause to be committed any of the
following acts or practices in connection with a consumer loan transaction
subject to the provisions of this section:

(a) Use any device or agreement that would have the effect of
charging or collecting more fees, charges or interest, or which results in
more fees, charges, or interest being paid by the consumer, than allowed
by the provisions of this section, including, but not limited to:

(i) Entering into a different type of transaction with the consumer;

(ii) entering into a sales/leaseback or rebate arrangement;

(iii) catalog sales; or

(iv) entering into any other transaction with the consumer or any
other person that is designed to evade the applicability of this section;

(b) use, or threaten to use the criminal process in any state to collect
on the loan;

(c) sell any other product of any kind in connection with the making
or collecting of the loan;

(d) include any of the following provisions in a loan document:

(i) A hold harmless clause;

(ii) a confession of judgment clause;

(iii) a provision in which the consumer agrees not to assert a claim or
defense arising out of the contract.

(11) As used in this section:

(a) "Related interest" shall have has the same meaning as "person
related to" in K.S.A. 16a-1-301, and amendments thereto; and

(b) "instrument" means any check, draft, nonpurchase vehicle
security or other instrument or authorization to transfer or withdraw funds
from an account that is signed by the borrower and made payable to a
person subject to this section.

(12) Any person who facilitates, enables or acts as a conduit or agent
for any third party who enters into a consumer loan transaction with the
characteristics set out in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1)(a) and
(b) shall be required to obtain a supervised loan license pursuant to K.S.A.
16a-2-301, and amendments thereto, regardless of whether the third party
may be exempt from licensure provisions of the Kansas uniform consumer
credit code.

(13) Notwithstanding that a person may be exempted by virtue of
federal law from the interest rate, finance charge and licensure provisions of the Kansas uniform consumer credit code, all other provisions of the code shall apply to both the person and the loan transaction.

(14) Lenders who enter into consumer loan transactions under this section shall, on an annual basis, provide the following information to the administrator, in a uniform manner prescribed by the administrator:

(a) Total number of borrowers;
(b) total number of loans;
(c) average loan size;
(d) total contracted loan charges;
(e) total loan actual charges paid;
(f) number of defaulted loans;
(g) number of charged-off loans;
(h) dollar value of charged-off loans;
(i) number of returned check/late charges and dollar value of such charges;
(j) average contracted annual percentage rate;
(k) average experienced annual percentage rate;
(l) total number of locations;
(m) average number of borrowers per location; and
(n) any other nonprivate information the administrator may deem necessary.

The administrator shall publish, at least annually, an aggregate report to the public that contains all the the information provided by lenders under this subsection.

(14) (15) This section shall be supplemental to and a part of the uniform consumer credit code.

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 16a-2-405 is hereby amended to read as follows: 16a-2-405. (a) Any person who makes a loan under the provisions of K.S.A. 16a-2-404, and amendments thereto, shall:

(1) Not garnish any wages or salary paid to a military borrower for service in the armed forces.
(2) Defer all collection activity against a military borrower who has been deployed to a combat or combat support posting for the duration of such posting.
(3) Not contact any person in the military chain of command of a military borrower in an attempt to collect such loan.
(4) Honor all terms of any repayment agreement between the person making such loan and:
(A) The military borrower; or
(B) any military counselor or third party credit counselor negotiating on behalf of the military borrower.
(5) Not make any loan to any military borrower whenever the
(6) Not charge any monthly maintenance fees to a military borrower or to their dependents.

(b) For the purposes of this section, "military borrower" means any of the following that have been called to active duty:

(1) Any member of the armed forces of the United States;
(2) any member of the national guard; or
(3) any member of the armed forces reserves.

(c) This section shall be supplemental to and a part of the uniform consumer credit code.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 16a-2-401, 16a-2-404 and 16a-2-405 are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication in the statute book.