

## REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES

MADAM PRESIDENT:

The Committee on **Judiciary** recommends **HB 2454**, as amended by House Committee, be amended on page 4, following line 37, by inserting:

"Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2391 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2391. (a) Upon adjudication as a juvenile offender pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2356, and amendments thereto, modification of sentence pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2367, and amendments thereto, or violation of a condition of sentence pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2368, and amendments thereto, the court may impose one or more of the sentencing alternatives under K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2361, and amendments thereto, for a period of time pursuant to this section and K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2369, and amendments thereto. The period of time ordered by the court shall not exceed the overall case length limit.

(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the overall case length limit shall be calculated based on the adjudicated offense and the results of a risk and needs assessment, as follows:

(1) Offenders adjudicated for a misdemeanor may remain under the jurisdiction of the court for up to 12 months;

(2) low-risk and moderate-risk offenders adjudicated for a felony may remain under court jurisdiction for up to 15 months; and

(3) high-risk offenders adjudicated for a felony may remain under court jurisdiction for up to 18 months.

(c) There shall be no overall case length limit for a juvenile adjudicated for a felony which, if committed by an adult, would constitute an off-grid felony or a nondrug severity level

1 through 4 person felony.

(d) When a juvenile is adjudicated for multiple counts, the maximum overall case length shall be calculated based on the most severe adjudicated count or any other adjudicated count at the court's discretion. The court shall not run multiple adjudicated counts consecutively.

(e) When the juvenile is adjudicated for multiple cases simultaneously, the court shall run those cases concurrently.

(f) Upon expiration of the overall case length limit as defined in subsection (b), the court's jurisdiction terminates and shall not be extended.

(g) (1) For the purposes of placing juvenile offenders on probation pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2361, and amendments thereto, the court shall establish a specific term of probation as specified in this subsection based on the most serious adjudicated count in combination with the results of a risk and needs assessment, as follows, except that the term of probation shall not exceed the overall case length limit:

(A) Low-risk and moderate-risk offenders adjudicated for a misdemeanor and low-risk offenders adjudicated for a felony may be placed on probation for a term up to six months;

(B) high-risk offenders adjudicated for a misdemeanor and moderate-risk offenders adjudicated for a felony may be placed on probation for a term up to nine months; and

(C) high-risk offenders adjudicated for a felony may be placed on probation for a term up to 12 months.

(2) The court may extend the term of probation if a juvenile needs time to complete an evidence-based program as determined to be necessary based on the results of a validated risk and needs assessment. The court may also extend the term of probation for good cause shown for one month for low-risk offenders, three months for moderate-risk offenders and six months for high-risk offenders. Prior to extension of the initial probationary term, the court shall find and enter into the

written record the criteria permitting extension of probation. Extensions of probation shall only be granted incrementally and shall not exceed the overall case length limit. When the court extends the term of probation for a juvenile offender, the court services officer or community correctional services officer responsible for monitoring such juvenile offender shall record the reason given for extending probation. Court services officers shall report such records to the office of judicial administration, and community correctional services officers shall report such records to the department of corrections. The office of judicial administration and the department of corrections shall report such recorded data to the Kansas juvenile justice oversight committee on a quarterly basis.

(3) The probation term limits do not apply to those offenders adjudicated for an offense which, if committed by an adult, would constitute an off-grid crime, rape as defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-5503(a)(1), and amendments thereto, aggravated criminal sodomy as defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-5504(b)(3), and amendments thereto, or murder in the second degree as defined in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 21-5403, and amendments thereto. Such offenders may be placed on probation for a term consistent with the overall case length limit.

(4) The probation term limits and overall case length limits provided in this section shall be tolled during any time that the offender has absconded from supervision while on probation, and the time on such limits shall not start to run again until the offender is located and brought back to the jurisdiction.

(h) For the purpose of placing juvenile offenders in detention pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2361 and 38-2369, and amendments thereto, the court shall establish a specific term of detention. The term of detention shall not exceed the overall case length limit or the cumulative detention limit. Cumulative detention use shall be limited to a maximum of 45 days over the course of the juvenile offender's case, except that there shall be no limit on cumulative detention for juvenile offenders adjudicated for a felony which, if committed by an adult, would constitute an off-grid felony or a

nondrug severity level 1 through 4 person felony.

(i) The provisions of this section shall apply upon disposition or 15 days after adjudication, whichever is sooner, unless the juvenile fails to appear for such juvenile's dispositional hearing. If a juvenile fails to appear at such juvenile's dispositional hearing, the probation term limits and overall case length limits provided in this section shall not apply until the juvenile is brought before the court for disposition in such juvenile's case.

(j) This section shall be part of and supplemental to the revised Kansas juvenile justice code.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 75-52,161 is hereby amended to read as follows: 75-52,161. (a) There is hereby established the Kansas juvenile justice oversight committee for the purpose of overseeing the implementation of reform measures intended to improve the state's juvenile justice system.

(b) The Kansas juvenile justice oversight committee shall be composed of 21 members including the following individuals:

- (1) The governor or the governor's designee;
- (2) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;
- (3) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the minority leader of the house of representatives;
- (4) one member of the senate appointed by the president of the senate;
- (5) one member of the senate appointed by the minority leader of the senate;
- (6) the secretary of corrections or the secretary's designee;
- (7) the secretary for children and families or the secretary's designee;
- (8) the commissioner of education or the commissioner's designee;
- (9) the deputy secretary of juvenile services at the department of corrections or the deputy's

designee;

(10) the director of community-based services at the department of corrections, or the director's designee;

(11) two district court judges appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court;

(12) one chief court services officer appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court;

(13) one member of the office of judicial administration appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court;

(14) one juvenile defense attorney appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court;

(15) one juvenile crime victim advocate appointed by the governor;

(16) one member from a local law enforcement agency appointed by the attorney general;

(17) one attorney from a prosecuting attorney's office appointed by the attorney general;

(18) one member from a community corrections agency appointed by the governor;

(19) one youth member of the Kansas advisory group on juvenile justice and delinquency prevention appointed by the chair of the Kansas advisory group on juvenile justice and delinquency prevention; and

(20) one director of a juvenile detention facility appointed by the attorney general.

(c) The committee shall be appointed by September 1, 2016, and shall meet within 60 days after appointment and at least quarterly thereafter, upon notice by the chair. The committee shall select a chairperson and vice-chairperson, and 11 members shall be considered a quorum.

(d) The committee shall perform the following duties:

(1) Guide and evaluate the implementation of the changes in law relating to juvenile justice reform;

(2) define performance measures and recidivism;

(3) approve a plan developed by court services and the department of corrections instituting a

uniform process for collecting and reviewing performance measures and recidivism, costs and outcomes of programs;

(4) consider utilizing the Kansas criminal justice information system for data collection and analyses;

(5) ensure system integration and accountability;

(6) monitor the fidelity of implementation efforts to programs and training efforts;

(7) ~~calculate~~ monitor any state expenditures that have been avoided by reductions in the number of youth placed in out-of-home placements to recommend to the governor and the legislature reinvestment of funds into:

(A) Evidence-based practices and programs in the community pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2302, and amendments thereto, for use by intake and assessment services, immediate intervention, probation and conditional release;

(B) training on evidence-based practices for juvenile justice system staff, including, but not limited to, training in cognitive behavioral therapies, family-centered therapies, substance abuse, sex offender therapy and other services that address a juvenile's risks and needs; and

(C) monitor the plan from the department of corrections for the prioritization of funds pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 75-52,164(d), and amendments thereto;

(8) continue to review any additional topics relating to the continued improvement of the juvenile justice system, including:

(A) The confidentiality of juvenile records;

(B) the reduction of the financial burden placed on families involved in the juvenile justice system;

(C) juvenile due process rights, including, but not limited to, the development of rights to a speedy trial and preliminary hearings;

(D) the improvement of conditions of confinement for juveniles;

(E) the removal from the home of children in need of care for non-abuse or neglect, truancy, running away or additional child behavior problems when there is no court finding of parental abuse or neglect; and

(F) the requirement for youth residential facilities to maintain sight and sound separation between children in need of care that have an open juvenile offender case and children in need of care that do not have an open juvenile offender case;

(9) adhere to the goals of the juvenile justice code as provided in K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2301, and amendments thereto;

(10) analyze and investigate gaps in the juvenile justice system and explore alternatives to out-of-home placement of juvenile offenders in youth residential facilities;

(11) identify evidence-based training models, needs and resources and make appropriate recommendations;

(12) study and create a plan to address the disparate treatment and availability of resources for juveniles with mental health needs in the juvenile justice system; and

(13) review portions of juvenile justice reform that require the department of corrections and the office of judicial administration to cooperate and make recommendations when there is not consensus between the two agencies.

(e) The committee shall issue an annual report to the governor, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives and the chief justice of the supreme court on or before November 30 each year starting in 2017. Such report shall include:

(1) An assessment of the progress made in implementation of juvenile justice reform efforts;

(2) a summary of the committee's efforts in fulfilling its duties as set forth in this section;

(3) an analysis of the recidivism data obtained by the committee pursuant to this section;

(4) a summary of the averted costs ~~calculated by the committee~~ determined pursuant to this section and a recommendation for any reinvestment of the averted costs to fund services or programs to expand Kansas' continuum of alternatives for juveniles who would otherwise be placed in out-of-home placements;

(5) an analysis of detention risk-assessment data to determine if any disparate impacts resulted at any stage of the juvenile justice system based on race, sex, national origin or economic status;

(6) recommendations for continued improvements to the juvenile justice system;

(7) data pertaining to the completion of training on evidence-based practices in juvenile justice, including, but not limited to, the number of judges, district and county attorneys and appointed defense attorneys, that participated in training; and

(8) data received from the office of judicial administration and the department of corrections, pursuant to K.S.A. 2017 Supp. 38-2391, and amendments thereto, pertaining to extensions of probation for juvenile offenders and an analysis of such data to identify how probation extensions are being used and conclusions regarding the effectiveness of such extensions.

(f) After initial appointment, members appointed to this committee by the governor, the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives or the chief justice of the supreme court pursuant to subsection (b), shall serve for a term of two years and shall be eligible for reappointment to such position. All members appointed to the committee shall serve until a successor has been duly appointed.

(g) The staff of the Kansas department of corrections shall provide such assistance as may be requested by the committee. To facilitate the organization of the meetings of the committee, the Kansas department of corrections shall provide administrative assistance.";

Also on page 4, in line 38, by striking "and" and inserting a comma; also in line 38, after "38-2360" by inserting ", 38-2391 and 75-52,161";



And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 2, after "hearing" by inserting "; overall case length limits; absconders; Kansas juvenile justice oversight committee"; in line 3, by striking the first "and" and inserting a comma; also in line 3, after "38-2360" by inserting ", 38-2391 and 75-52,161"; and the bill be passed as amended.

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Chairperson