Session of 2017

SENATE BILL No. 63

By Committee on Judiciary

1-23

AN ACT enacting the revised uniform fiduciary access to digital assets act; amending K.S.A. 58a-816 and 59-3078 and K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 58-654, 59-3075 and 77-201 and repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

New Section 1. This act may be cited as the revised uniform fiduciary access to digital assets act (2015).

New Sec. 2. In this act:

(a) "Account" means an arrangement under a terms-of-service agreement in which a custodian carries, maintains, processes, receives or stores a digital asset of the user or provides goods or services to the user.

- (b) "Agent" means an attorney-in-fact granted authority under a durable or nondurable power of attorney.
- (c) "Carries" means engages in the transmission of an electronic communication.
- (d) "Catalogue of electronic communications" means information that identifies each person with which a user has had an electronic communication, the time and date of the communication and the electronic address of the person.
- (e) "Conservatee" means an individual for whom a conservator has been appointed.
- (f) "Conservator" means a person appointed by a court pursuant to K.S.A. 59-3050 et seq., and amendments thereto, to manage the estate of a minor or adult individual. The term includes a temporary conservator.
- (g) "Content of an electronic communication" means information concerning the substance or meaning of the communication which:
 - (1) Has been sent or received by a user;
- (2) is in electronic storage by a custodian providing an electronic communication service to the public or is carried or maintained by a custodian providing a remote computing service to the public; and
 - (3) is not readily accessible to the public.
 - (h) "Court" means the district court.
- (i) "Custodian" means a person that carries, maintains, processes, receives or stores a digital asset of a user.
- (j) "Designated recipient" means a person chosen by a user using an online tool to administer digital assets of the user.

Proposed Amendments to SB 63
Senate Judiciary
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Prepared by: Jason Thompson
Office of Revisor of Statutes

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agreement or declaration that creates a beneficial interest in another. The term includes a successor trustee.

- (aa) "User" means a person that has an account with a custodian.
- (bb) "Ward" means an individual for whom a guardian has been appointed.
- (cc) "Will" includes a codicil, a testamentary instrument that only appoints an executor and an instrument that revokes or revises a testamentary instrument.

New Sec. 3. (a) This act applies to:

- (1) A fiduciary acting under a will or power of attorney executed before, on or after July 1, 2017;
- (2) a personal representative acting for a decedent who died before, on or after July 1, 2017;
- (3) a guardianship or conservatorship proceeding commenced before, on or after July 1, 2017; and
- (4) a trustee acting under a trust created before, on or after July 1, 2017.
- (b) This act applies to a custodian if the user resides in this state or resided in this state at the time of the user's death.
- (c) This act does not apply to a digital asset of an employer used by an employee in the ordinary course of the employer's business.

New Sec. 4. (a) A user may use an online tool to direct the custodian to disclose or not to disclose some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications. If the online tool allows the user to modify or delete a direction at all times, a direction regarding disclosure using an online tool overrides a contrary direction by the user in a will, trust, power of attorney or other record.

- (b) If a user has not used an online tool to give direction under subsection (a) or if the custodian has not provided an online tool, the user may allow or prohibit in a will, trust, power of attorney or other record, disclosure to a fiduciary of some or all of the user's digital assets, including the content of electronic communications sent or received by the user.
- (c) A user's direction under subsection (a) or (b) overrides a contrary provision in a terms-of-service agreement that does not require the user to act affirmatively and distinctly from the user's assent to the terms of service.

New Sec. 5. (a) This act does not change or impair a right of a custodian or a user under a terms-of-service agreement to access and use digital assets of the user.

(b) This act does not give a fiduciary any new or expanded rights other than those held by the user for whom, or for whose estate, the fiduciary acts or represents.

to a designated recipient

or designated recipient

or designated recipient

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 (c) A fiduciary's access to digital assets may be modified or eliminated by a user, by federal law or by a terms-of-service agreement if the user has not provided direction under section 4, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 6. (a) When disclosing digital assets of a user under this act, the custodian may at its sole discretion:

- (1) Grant a fiduciary or designated recipient full access to the user's account;
- (2) grant a fiduciary or designated recipient partial access to the user's account sufficient to perform the tasks with which the fiduciary or designated recipient is charged; or
- (3) provide a fiduciary or designated recipient a copy in a record of any digital asset that, on the date the custodian received the request for disclosure, the user could have accessed if the user were alive and had full capacity and access to the account.
- (b) A custodian may assess a reasonable administrative charge for the cost of disclosing digital assets under this act.
- (c) A custodian need not disclose under this act a digital asset deleted by a user.
- (d) If a user directs or a fiduciary requests a custodian to disclose under this act some, but not all, of the user's digital assets, the custodian need not disclose the assets if segregation of the assets would impose an undue burden on the custodian. If the custodian believes the direction or request imposes an undue burden, the custodian or fiduciary may seek an order from the court to disclose:
 - (1) A subset limited by date of the user's digital assets;
- (2) all of the user's digital assets to the fiduciary or designated recipient;
 - (3) none of the users digital assets; or
 - (4) all of the user's digital assets to the court for review in camera.

New Sec. 7. If a deceased user consented or a court directs disclosure of the contents of electronic communications of the user, the custodian shall disclose to the personal representative of the estate of the user the content of an electronic communication sent or received by the user if the representative gives the custodian:

- (a) A written request for disclosure in physical or electronic form;
- (b) a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
- (c) a certified copy of the letter of appointment of the representative or a small estate affidavit or court order;
- (d) unless the user provided direction using an online tool, a copy of the user's will, trust, power of attorney or other record evidencing the user's consent to disclosure of the content of electronic communications; and

or designated recipient's

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assets of the ward or conservatee to suspend or terminate an account of the ward or conservatee for good cause. A request made under this section must be accompanied by a certified copy of the court order giving the guardian or conservator authority over the ward or conservatee's property.

New Sec. 15. (a) The legal duties imposed on a fiduciary charged with managing tangible property apply to the management of digital assets, including:

(1) The duty of care;

- (2) the duty of loyalty; and
- (3) the duty of confidentiality.
- (b) A fiduciary's authority with respect to a digital asset of a user:
- (1) Except as otherwise provided in section 4, and amendments thereto, is subject to the applicable terms of service;
 - (2) is subject to other applicable laws, including copyright laws;
 - (3) Is limited by the scope of the fiduciary's duties; and
 - (4) may not be used to impersonate the user.
- (c) A fiduciary with authority over the property of a decedent, ward or conservatee, principal or settlor has the right to access any digital asset in which the decedent, ward or conservatee, principal or settlor had a right or interest and that is not held by a custodian or subject to a terms-of-service agreement.
- (d) A fiduciary acting within the scope of the fiduciary's duties is an authorized user of the property of the decedent, ward or conservatee, principal or settlor for the purpose of applicable computer fraud and unauthorized computer access laws, including K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5839, and amendments thereto.
- (e) A fiduciary with authority over the tangible, personal property of a decedent, ward or conservatee, principal or settlor:
- (1) Has the right to access the property and any digital asset stored in it; and
- (2) is an authorized user for the purpose of computer fraud and unauthorized computer access laws, including K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5839, and amendments thereto.
- (f) A custodian may disclose information in an account to a fiduciary of the user when the information is required to terminate an account used to access digital assets licensed to the user.
- (g) A fiduciary of a user may request a custodian to terminate the user's account. A request for termination must be in writing, in either physical or electronic form, and accompanied by:
- (1) If the user is deceased, a certified copy of the death certificate of the user;
- (2) a certified copy of the letter of appointment of the representative or a small estate affidavit or court order, court order, power of attorney or

or designated recipient's

in the case of a fiduciary.

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trust giving the fiduciary authority over the account; and

- (3) if requested by the custodian:
- (A) A number, username, address or other unique subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to identify the user's account;
 - (B) evidence linking the account to the user; or
- (C) a finding by the court that the user had a specific account with the custodian, identifiable by the information specified in subparagraph (A).

New Sec. 16. (a) Not later than 60 days after receipt of the information required under sections 7 through 14, and amendments thereto, a custodian shall comply with a request under this act from a fiduciary or designated recipient to disclose digital assets or terminate an account. If the custodian fails to comply, the fiduciary or designated recipient may apply to the court for an order directing compliance.

- (b) An order under subsection (a) directing compliance must contain a finding that compliance is not in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2702.
- (c) A custodian may notify the user that a request for disclosure or to terminate an account was made under this act.
- (d) A custodian may deny a request under this act from a fiduciary or designated recipient for disclosure of digital assets or to terminate an account if the custodian is aware of any lawful access to the account following the receipt of the fiduciary's request.
- (e) This act does not limit a custodian's ability to obtain or require a fiduciary or designated recipient requesting disclosure or termination under this act to obtain a court order which:
- (1) Specifies that an account belongs to the ward, conservatee or principal;
- (2) specifies that there is sufficient consent from the ward, conservatee or principal to support the requested disclosure; and
 - (3) contains a finding required by law other than this act.
- (f) A custodian and its officers, employees and agents are immune from liability for an act or omission done in good faith in compliance with this act.
- New Sec. 17. In applying and construing this uniform act, consideration must be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.
- New Sec. 18. This act modifies, limits or supersedes the electronic signatures in global and national commerce act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001 et seq., but does not modify, limit or supersede § 101(c) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7001(c), or authorize electronic delivery of any of the notices described in § 103(b) of that act, 15 U.S.C. § 7003(b).
- New Sec. 19. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this act which can be given effect without the