Journal of the Senate

SEVENTY-SEVENTH DAY

Senate Chamber, Topeka, Kansas Tuesday, May 30, 2017, 10:00 a.m.

The Senate was called to order by President Susan Wagle.

The roll was called with 40 senators present.

Invocation by Reverend Cecil T. Washington:

Heavenly Father, we're returning to these halls today, after a pause. You gave us time to do some reflecting; a time to think about, celebrate and express our gratefulness for those whose lives have been a blessing to us; not only those who have served in the military, but those who have served domestically; parents, grandparents, aunts, uncles, loved ones who poured into our lives.

We stand today on the shoulders of men and women who have given of themselves. They gave to provide for us personally, and for this country nationally, the freedoms and opportunities we enjoy today.

We're indebted to them...but even more so to You. For You inspired them. You enabled them. You gave them the determination to not give up. But to fight for and, if necessary, even die for the qualities of life we have today.

Through their dedication and the sacrifices, You led them to make, we can say, our living is the better.

Help us to not only stand on their shoulders and enjoy present day privileges, but help us reach higher. Use us to make life even better for those coming along behind.

Lord, let the day come, when those coming behind us, express gratefulness to You, for using us, to make life better for them.

I come to You again, in memory of, and in the name of Jesus, who loved us to death. Amen and Amen

The Pledge of Allegiance was led by President Wagle.

REFERENCE OF BILLS AND CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS

The following bill was referred to Committee as indicated:

Senate Select Committee on Education Finance: Sub HB 2410.

INTRODUCTION OF ORIGINAL MOTIONS AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

Senators Hensley and Wagle introduced the following Senate resolution, which was read:

SENATE RESOLUTION No. 1753—

A RESOLUTION commemorating May 29, 2017, as the 100th anniversary of the birth of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy.

WHEREAS, John Fitzgerald Kennedy was born on May 29, 1917, in Brookline, Massachusetts. He was the second son of Joseph P. Kennedy and Rose Fitzgerald Kennedy, and was taught by his parents at an early age that his family's wealth brought a responsibility to help those who were less fortunate; and

WHEREAS, John Fitzgerald Kennedy, often referred to as JFK, was elected President of the United States in 1960 and was the first and only Roman Catholic to ever be elected President. At age 43, JFK was the youngest person ever elected President and the first person born in the 20th century to have served as President; and

WHEREAS, During the 1960 campaign, JFK and his opponent, Richard Nixon, appeared in the first televised presidential debates. JFK became the first "television" President, addressing the nation with many speeches and frequent news conferences, which aired on the major television networks; and

WHEREAS, JFK was sworn in as the 35th President on January 20, 1961. In his inaugural address, he spoke of the need for all Americans to be active citizens, and he famously remarked, "Ask not what your country can do for you, ask what you can do for your country." He also asked the nations of the world to join together to fight what he called the "common enemies of man: Tyranny, poverty, disease and war itself"; and

WHEREAS, JFK's domestic program was known as the "New Frontier," which ambitiously promised federal funding for education, medical care for the elderly, government intervention to halt the recession in the early 1960s, income tax reform, and an end to racial discrimination. He supported racial integration and civil rights, and he accomplished this by sending United States Marshals to integrate southern universities and by promoting legislation that would become the Civil Rights Act of 1964; and

WHEREAS, JFK's most famous foreign policy programs were the Alliance for Progress and the Peace Corps, which helped underdeveloped nations in areas such as education, farming, health care and construction projects. Troubled by the dangers of nuclear weapons proliferation, JFK pushed for the adoption of the Nuclear Test Ban Treaty. He established the space program and set a goal of landing a man on the moon by the end of the 1960s; and

WHEREAS, When U-2 spy planes photographed a Soviet missile site under construction in Cuba in 1962, JFK proposed a naval blockade of all ships in Cuban waters. This crisis, known as the Cuban Missile Crisis, which brought the world closer to nuclear war than at any time in history, was successfully averted; and

WHEREAS, JFK and his wife, Jacqueline, were extraordinarily popular and, along with their two young children, Caroline and John Jr., brought new life and vigor to the White House. The Kennedys made it a place to celebrate American history, culture, and achievement by inviting artists, writers, scientists, poets, musicians, actors, and Nobel Prize winners to visit. Jacqueline also restored all the rooms in the White House, and the charisma of JKF and his family led to the figurative label of "Camelot" for his administration; and

WHEREAS, On November 22, 1963, in Dallas, Texas, President Kennedy was assassinated while traveling in his motorcade and was pronounced dead at 1:00 p.m. CST – a moment so tragic in American history that most people still remember where

they were and what they were doing when they heard the news. His death caused enormous sadness and grief among Americans and people across the globe, and millions watched his funeral and burial on television; and

WHEREAS, President Kennedy stands out in people's memories for his leadership, personality, wit, charm, and accomplishments, and he is regarded as an icon of American hope and aspirations for every new generation of Americans: Now, therefore,

Be it resolved by the Senate of the State of Kansas: That we commemorate May 29, 2017, as the 100th anniversary of the birth of President John Fitzgerald Kennedy; and

Be it further resolved: That the Secretary of the Senate shall send an enrolled copy of this resolution to the John F. Kennedy Library and Museum, c/o James Roth, Acting Director, Columbia Point, Boston, Massachusetts 02125.

On emergency motion of Senator Hensley SR 1753 was adopted unanimously.

ORIGINAL MOTION

Senator Denning moved that subsection 4(k) of the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives be suspended for the purpose of considering the following bills: SB 83, SB 201, HB 2092

Vice President Jeff Longbine assumed the chair.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 42** submits the following report:

The Senate accedes to all House amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed as House Substitute for Senate Bill No. 42, as follows:

On page 4, in line 10, by striking "or" and inserting "and"; in line 11, by striking all after "(B)"; in line 12, by striking "(2); in line 13, before the period, by inserting "; or

(2) has absconded from supervision";

On page 23, following line 20, by inserting:

- "Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 38-2398 is hereby amended to read as follows: 38-2398. (a) For purposes of determining release of a juvenile from probation, the supreme court, in consultation with the department of corrections, shall establish rules for a system of earned discharge for juvenile probationers to be applied by all community supervision officers. A probationer shall be awarded earned discharge credits while on probation for each full calendar month of compliance with terms of supervised probation pursuant to the rules developed by the supreme court.
- (b) The state of Kansas, the secretary of corrections, the secretary's agents or employees, the office of judicial administration and court services officers shall not be liable for damages caused by any negligent or wrongful act or omission in making the earned discharge credit calculations authorized by this section.";

On page 30, in line 12, by striking the first comma and inserting "and"; in line 14, after the fourth comma by inserting "38-2398,";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 9, by striking the first comma and inserting "and"; in line 11, after the second comma by inserting "38-2398,";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Russ Jennings John Whitmer Dennis Highberger Conferees on part of House

RICHARD WILBORN
JULIA LYNN
DAVID HALEY
Conferees on part of Senate

Senator Wilborn moved the Senate adopt the Conference Committee Report on H Sub SB 42.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 40; Nays 0; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Faust-Goudeau, Fitzgerald, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Hilderbrand, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pettey, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Suellentrop, Sykes, Taylor, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

The Conference Committee Report was adopted.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 83** submits the following report:

The Senate accedes to all House amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with House Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 1, by striking all in lines 5 through 36;

On page 2, by striking all in lines 1 through 5; following line 5, by inserting:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 65-6709 is hereby amended to read as follows: 65-6709. No abortion shall be performed or induced without the voluntary and informed consent of the woman upon whom the abortion is to be performed or induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency, consent to an abortion is voluntary and informed only if

- (a) At least 24 hours before the abortion the physician who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician has informed the woman in writing, which shall be provided on white paper in a printed format in black ink with 12-point times new roman font, of:
- (1) The name of following information concerning the physician who will perform the abortion;
 - (A) The name of such physician;
 - (B) the year in which such physician received a medical doctor's degree;
- (C) the date on which such physician's employment commenced at the facility where the abortion is to be performed;
- (D) whether any disciplinary action has been taken against such physician by the state board of healing arts by marking either a box indicating "yes" or a box indicating

"no" and if the box indicating "yes" is marked, then provide the website addresses to the board documentation for each disciplinary action;

- (E) whether such physician has malpractice insurance by marking either a box indicating "yes" or a box indicating "no";
- (F) whether such physician has clinical privileges at any hospital located within 30 miles of the facility where the abortion is to be performed by marking either a box indicating "yes" or a box indicating "no" and if the box indicating "yes" is marked, then provide the name of each such hospital and the date such privileges were issued;
 - (G) the name of any hospital where such physician has lost clinical privileges; and
- (H) whether such physician is a resident of this state by marking either a box indicating "yes" or a box indicating "no";
 - (2) a description of the proposed abortion method;
- (3) a description of risks related to the proposed abortion method, including risk of premature birth in future pregnancies, risk of breast cancer and risks to the woman's reproductive health and alternatives to the abortion that a reasonable patient would consider material to the decision of whether or not to undergo the abortion;
- (4) the probable gestational age of the unborn child at the time the abortion is to be performed and that Kansas law requires the following: "No person shall perform or induce an abortion when the unborn child is viable unless such person is a physician and has a documented referral from another physician not financially associated with the physician performing or inducing the abortion and both physicians determine that:

 (1) The abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the pregnant woman; or (2) a
- (1) The abortion is necessary to preserve the life of the pregnant woman; or (2) a continuation of the pregnancy will cause a substantial and irreversible physical impairment of a major bodily function of the pregnant woman." If the child is born alive, the attending physician has the legal obligation to take all reasonable steps necessary to maintain the life and health of the child;
- (5) the probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of the unborn child at the time the abortion is to be performed;
- (6) the contact information for counseling assistance for medically challenging pregnancies, the contact information for perinatal hospice services and a listing of websites for national perinatal assistance, including information regarding which entities provide such services free of charge:
 - (7) the medical risks associated with carrying an unborn child to term; and
- (8) any need for anti-Rh immune globulin therapy, if she is Rh negative, the likely consequences of refusing such therapy and the cost of the therapy.
- (b) At least 24 hours before the abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion, the referring physician or a qualified person has informed the woman in writing that:
- (1) Medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care, and that more detailed information on the availability of such assistance is contained in the printed materials given to her and described in K.S.A. 65-6710, and amendments thereto:
- (2) the informational materials in K.S.A. 65-6710, and amendments thereto, are available in printed form and online, and describe the unborn child, list agencies which offer alternatives to abortion with a special section listing adoption services and list providers of free ultrasound services;
 - (3) the father of the unborn child is liable to assist in the support of her child, even

in instances where he has offered to pay for the abortion except that in the case of rape this information may be omitted;

- (4) the woman is free to withhold or withdraw her consent to the abortion at any time prior to invasion of the uterus without affecting her right to future care or treatment and without the loss of any state or federally-funded benefits to which she might otherwise be entitled:
- (5) the abortion will terminate the life of a whole, separate, unique, living human being; and
- (6) by no later than 20 weeks from fertilization, the unborn child has the physical structures necessary to experience pain. There is evidence that by 20 weeks from fertilization unborn children seek to evade certain stimuli in a manner that in an infant or an adult would be interpreted to be a response to pain. Anesthesia is routinely administered to unborn children who are 20 weeks from fertilization or older who undergo prenatal surgery.
- (c) At least 30 minutes prior to the abortion procedure, prior to physical preparation for the abortion and prior to the administration of medication for the abortion, the woman shall meet privately with the physician who is to perform the abortion and such person's staff to ensure that she has an adequate opportunity to ask questions of and obtain information from the physician concerning the abortion.
- (d) At least 24 hours before the abortion, the woman is given a copy of the informational materials described in K.S.A. 65-6710, and amendments thereto. If the woman asks questions concerning any of the information or materials, answers shall be provided to her in her own language.
- (e) The woman certifies in writing on a form provided by the department, prior to the abortion, that the information required to be provided under subsections (a), (b) and (d) has been provided and that she has met with the physician who is to perform the abortion on an individual basis as provided under subsection (c). All physicians who perform abortions shall report the total number of certifications received monthly to the department. The total number of certifications shall be reported by the physician as part of the written report made by the physician to the secretary of health and environment under K.S.A. 65-445, and amendments thereto. The department shall make the number of certifications received available on an annual basis.
- (f) Prior to the performance of the abortion, the physician who is to perform the abortion or the physician's agent receives a copy of the written certification prescribed by subsection (e) of this section.
- (g) The woman is not required to pay any amount for the abortion procedure until the 24-hour waiting period has expired.
- (h) A physician who will use ultrasound equipment preparatory to or in the performance of the abortion, at least 30 minutes prior to the performance of the abortion.
- (1) Informs the woman that she has the right to view the ultrasound image of her unborn child, at no additional expense to her;
- (2) informs the woman that she has the right to receive a physical picture of the ultrasound image, at no additional expense to her;
- (3) offers the woman the opportunity to view the ultrasound image and receive a physical picture of the ultrasound image;
 - (4) certifies in writing that the woman was offered the opportunity to view the

ultrasound image and receive a physical picture of the ultrasound image at least 30 minutes prior to the performance of the abortion; and

(5) obtains the woman's signed acceptance or rejection of the opportunity to view the ultrasound image and receive a physical picture of the ultrasound image.

If the woman accepts the offer and requests to view the ultrasound image, receive a physical picture of the ultrasound image or both, her request shall be granted by the physician at no additional expense to the woman. The physician's certification shall be time-stamped at the time the opportunity to view the ultrasound image and receive a physical picture of the ultrasound image was offered.

- (i) A physician who will use heart monitor equipment preparatory to or in the performance of the abortion, at least 30 minutes prior to the performance of the abortion:
- (1) Informs the woman that she has the right to listen to the heartbeat of her unborn child, at no additional expense to her;
 - (2) offers the woman the opportunity to listen to the heartbeat of her unborn child;
- (3) certifies in writing that the woman was offered the opportunity to listen to the heartbeat of her unborn child at least 30 minutes prior to the performance of the abortion; and
- (4) obtains the woman's signed acceptance or rejection of the opportunity to listen to the heartbeat of her unborn child.

If the woman accepts the offer and requests to listen to the heartbeat of her unborn child, her request shall be granted by the physician at no additional expense to the woman. The physician's certification shall be time-stamped at the time the opportunity to listen to the heartbeat of her unborn child was offered.

- (j) The physician's certification required by subsections (h) and (i) together with the pregnant woman's signed acceptance or rejection of such offer shall be placed in the woman's medical file in the physician's office and kept for 10 years. However, in the case of a minor, the physician shall keep a copy of the certification and the signed acceptance or rejection in the minor's medical file for five years past the minor's majority, but in no event less than 10 years.
- (k) Any private office, freestanding surgical outpatient clinic or other facility or clinic in which abortions are performed shall conspicuously post a sign in a location so as to be clearly visible to patients. The sign required pursuant to this subsection shall be printed with lettering that is legible and shall be at least three quarters of an inch boldfaced type. The sign shall include the address for the pregnancy resources website published and maintained by the department of health and environment, and the following text:

Notice: It is against the law for anyone, regardless of their relationship to you, to force you to have an abortion. By law, we cannot perform an abortion on you unless we have your freely given and voluntary consent. It is against the law to perform an abortion on you against your will. You have the right to contact any local or state law enforcement agency to receive protection from any actual or threatened physical abuse or violence. You have the right to change your mind at any time prior to the actual abortion and request that the abortion procedure cease. It is unlawful for anyone to make you have an abortion against your will, even if you are a minor. The father of your child must provide support for the child, even if he has offered to pay for an abortion. If you decide not to have an abortion, you may qualify for financial help for pregnancy,

childbirth and newborn care. If you qualify, medicaid will pay or help pay the cost of doctor, clinic, hospital and other related medical expenses, including childbirth delivery services and care for your newborn baby. Many agencies are willing to provide assistance so that you may carry your child to term, and to assist you after your child's birth

The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to any private office, freestanding surgical outpatient clinic or other facility or clinic which performs abortions only when necessary to prevent the death of the pregnant woman.

- (l) Any private office, freestanding surgical outpatient clinic or other facility or clinic in which abortions are performed that has a website shall publish an easily identifiable link on the homepage of such website that directly links to the department of health and environment's website that provides informed consent materials under the woman's-right-to-know act. Such link shall read: "The Kansas Department of Health and Environment maintains a website containing information about the development of the unborn child, as well as video of sonogram images of the unborn child at various stages of development. The Kansas Department of Health and Environment's website can be reached by clicking here."
 - (m) For purposes of this section:
- (1) The term "human being" means an individual living member of the species of homo sapiens, including the unborn human being during the entire embryonic and fetal ages from fertilization to full gestation.
- (2) The term "medically challenging pregnancy" means a pregnancy where the unborn child is diagnosed as having: (A) A severe anomaly; or (B) an illness, disease or defect which is invariably fatal.

New Sec. 2. If any of the provisions of article 67 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, are temporarily or permanently enjoined or otherwise restricted and not given their full force and effect by judicial order, all other provisions of article 67 of chapter 65 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, not so enjoined or otherwise restricted shall be enforced as though such enjoined or otherwise restricted provisions had not been enacted, provided, that if any such temporary or permanent injunction or other judicial order is stayed, lifted, dissolved or otherwise ceases to have effect, then such provisions shall have full force and effect.":

Also on page 2, in line 6, by striking "55-1807" and inserting "2016 Supp. 65-6709"; in line 8, by striking "Kansas register" and inserting "statute book";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking "the Kansas propane safety and licensing act" and inserting "abortion; relating to the woman's-right-to-know act; relating to certain physician information to be disclosed"; in line 2, by striking "55-1807" and inserting "2016 Supp. 65-6709";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

JOHN BARKER
RON HIGHLAND
Conferees on part of House

BUD ESTES ROB OLSON

Conferees on part of Senate

Senator Olson moved the Senate adopt the Conference Committee Report on **SB 83**. Senator Sykes offered a substitute motion to not adopt the Conference Committee Report on **SB 83** and appoint a new conference.

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 16; Nays 23; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 1.

Yeas: Bollier, Doll, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Givens, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

Nays: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bowers, Denning, Estes, Fitzgerald, Goddard, Hilderbrand, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Absent or Not Voting: Haley.

The motion failed.

The Senate returned to Senator Olson's motion to adopt the Conference Committee Report on SB 83.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 25; Nays 15; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bowers, Denning, Estes, Fitzgerald, Givens, Goddard, Hilderbrand, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Taylor, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Nays: Bollier, Doll, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes.

The Conference Committee Report was adopted.

EXPLANATION OF VOTE

Mr. Vice President: Sixty-five percent of Kansas abortions are first time events, with the great majority of women knowing nothing about the procedure or the abortion provider, including the provider's training, skill or access to hospital facilities in the case of an emergency. Before this legislation in Kansas, there was no way for women to know when a clinic had a 100% turnover of their staff in 3 years, or about the recent hire of a 76-year-old neurologist that would give abortions but has not had ob-gyn training, or many other various issues that could endanger their health, but would likely be well known for other medical services because in that case there are no privacy concerns. Because of the nature of abortion, however, which causes women to want privacy for a variety of reasons, women need ready access to this information to make the best decisions for their care. I vote "Yes."—Mary Pilcher-Cook

Senators Baumgardner, Estes, Fitzgerald, Lynn and Masterson request the record to show they concur with the "Explanation of Vote" offered by Senator Pilcher-Cook on SB 83.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on House amendments to **SB 201** submits the following report:

The House recedes from all of its amendments to the bill.

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

JOHN BARKER
RON HIGHLAND
LOUIS RUIZ
Conferees on part of House

Bud Estes Rob Olson Oletha Faust-Goudeau Conferees on part of Senate

Senator Estes moved the Senate adopt the Conference Committee Report on **SB 201**. On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 40; Nays 0; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Faust-Goudeau, Fitzgerald, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Hilderbrand, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pettey, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Suellentrop, Sykes, Taylor, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

The Conference Committee Report was adopted.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2092** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee of the Whole amendments, as follows:

On page 14, following line 42, by inserting:

- "Section 1. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6620 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6620. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (a)(2) and K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6618 and 21-6622, and amendments thereto, if a defendant is convicted of the crime of capital murder and a sentence of death is not imposed pursuant to—subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617(e), and amendments thereto, or requested pursuant to subsection (a) or (b) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617(a) or (b), and amendments thereto, the defendant shall be sentenced to life without the possibility of parole.
- (2) (A) Except as provided in subsection (a)(2)(B), a defendant convicted of attempt to commit the crime of capital murder shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving 25 years' imprisonment, and such 25 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.
- (B) The provisions of subsection (a)(2)(A) requiring the court to impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years shall not apply if the court finds the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification,—is would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range—exceeds would exceed 300 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence

- established <u>for a severity level 1 crime</u> pursuant to the sentencing range. <u>The defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.</u>
- (b) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to the crime of murder in the first degree as described in subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5402(a)(2), and amendments thereto, committed on or after July 1, 2014.
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (b)(2), a defendant convicted of murder in the first degree as described in-subsection (a)(2) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5402(a)(2), and amendments thereto, shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving 25 years' imprisonment, and such 25 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.
- (2) The provisions of subsection (b)(1) requiring the court to impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years shall not apply if the court finds the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification, is would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range—exceeds would exceed 300 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime pursuant to the sentencing range. The defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.
- (c) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to the crime of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder committed on or after July 1, 2014.
- (1) (A) Except as provided in subsection (c)(1)(B), a defendant convicted of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder shall be sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto, unless the sentencing judge finds substantial and compelling reasons, following a review of mitigating circumstances, to impose the sentence specified in subsection (c)(2).
- (B) The provisions of subsection (c)(1)(A) requiring the court to impose the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto, shall not apply if the court finds the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification,—is would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range—exceeds would exceed 600 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime pursuant to the sentencing range. The defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.
- (2) (A) If the sentencing judge does not impose the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto, the

judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons therefor, and, except as provided in subsection (c)(2)(B), the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving 25 years' imprisonment, and such 25 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.

- (B) The provisions of subsection (c)(2)(A) requiring the court to impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 25 years shall not apply if the court finds the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification,—is would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range—exceeds would exceed 300 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime pursuant to the sentencing range. The defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.
- (d) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to the crime of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder committed on or after September 6, 2013, but prior to July 1, 2014.
- (1) If a defendant is convicted of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder, upon reasonable notice by the prosecuting attorney, the court shall determine, in accordance with this subsection, whether the defendant shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 50 years or sentenced as otherwise provided by law.
- The court shall conduct a separate proceeding following the determination of the defendant's guilt for the jury to determine whether one or more aggravating circumstances exist. Such proceeding shall be conducted by the court before a jury as soon as practicable. If any person who served on the trial jury is unable to serve on the jury for the proceeding, the court shall substitute an alternate juror who has been impaneled for the trial jury. If there are insufficient alternate jurors to replace trial jurors who are unable to serve at the proceeding, the court may conduct such proceeding before a jury which may have 12 or less jurors, but at no time less than six jurors. If the jury has been discharged prior to the proceeding, a new jury shall be impaneled. Any decision of the jury regarding the existence of an aggravating circumstance shall be beyond a reasonable doubt. Jury selection procedures, qualifications of jurors and grounds for exemption or challenge of prospective jurors in criminal trials shall be applicable to the selection of such jury. The jury at the proceeding may be waived in the manner provided by K.S.A. 22-3403, and amendments thereto, for waiver of a trial jury. If the jury at the proceeding has been waived, such proceeding shall be conducted by the court.
- (3) In the proceeding, evidence may be presented concerning any matter relating to any of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624, and amendments thereto. Only such evidence of aggravating circumstances as the prosecuting attorney has made known to the defendant prior to the proceeding shall be admissible and no evidence secured in violation of the constitution of the United States

or of the state of Kansas shall be admissible. No testimony by the defendant at the time of the proceeding shall be admissible against the defendant at any subsequent criminal proceeding. At the conclusion of the evidentiary presentation, the court shall allow the parties a reasonable period of time in which to present oral argument.

- (4) At the conclusion of the evidentiary portion of the proceeding, the court shall provide oral and written instructions to the jury to guide its deliberations. If the prosecuting attorney relies on subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624(a), and amendments thereto, as an aggravating circumstance, and the court finds that one or more of the defendant's prior convictions satisfy such subsection, the jury shall be instructed that a certified journal entry of a prior conviction is presumed to prove the existence of such prior conviction or convictions beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (5) If, by unanimous vote, the jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that one or more of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624, and amendments thereto, exist, the jury shall designate, in writing, signed by the foreman of the jury, the statutory aggravating circumstances which it found. If, after a reasonable time for deliberation, the jury is unable to reach a unanimous sentencing decision, the court shall dismiss the jury and the defendant shall be sentenced as provided by law. In nonjury cases, the court shall designate, in writing, the specific circumstance or circumstances which the court found beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (6) If one or more of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624, and amendments thereto, are found to exist beyond a reasonable doubt pursuant to this subsection, the defendant shall be sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto, unless the sentencing judge finds substantial and compelling reasons, following a review of mitigating circumstances, to impose the sentence specified in this paragraph. If the sentencing judge does not impose the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment required by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto, the judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons therefor, and the defendant shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. In addition, the defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving 25 years' imprisonment, and such 25 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted.
- (e) The provisions of this subsection shall apply only to the crime of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder committed prior to September 6, 2013.
- (1) If a defendant is convicted of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder, upon reasonable notice by the prosecuting attorney, the court shall conduct a separate sentencing proceeding in accordance with this subsection to determine whether the defendant shall be required to serve a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 40 years or for crimes committed on and after July 1, 1999, a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 50 years or sentenced as otherwise provided by law.
- (2) The sentencing proceeding shall be conducted by the court before a jury as soon as practicable. If the trial jury has been discharged prior to sentencing, a new jury shall be impaneled. Any decision to impose a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 40 or 50 years shall be by a unanimous jury. Jury selection procedures, qualifications of jurors and grounds for exemption or challenge of prospective jurors in criminal trials

shall be applicable to the selection of such jury. The jury at the sentencing proceeding may be waived in the manner provided by K.S.A. 22-3403, and amendments thereto, for waiver of a trial jury. If the jury at the sentencing proceeding has been waived, such proceeding shall be conducted by the court.

- In the sentencing proceeding, evidence may be presented concerning any matter that the court deems relevant to the question of sentence and shall include matters relating to any of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624, and amendments thereto, or for crimes committed prior to July 1, 2011, K.S.A. 21-4636, prior to its repeal, and any mitigating circumstances. Any such evidence which the court deems to have probative value may be received regardless of its admissibility under the rules of evidence, provided that the defendant is accorded a fair opportunity to rebut any hearsay statements. Only such evidence of aggravating circumstances as the prosecuting attorney has made known to the defendant prior to the sentencing proceeding shall be admissible and no evidence secured in violation of the constitution of the United States or of the state of Kansas shall be admissible. Only such evidence of mitigating circumstances subject to discovery pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3212, and amendments thereto, that the defendant has made known to the prosecuting attorney prior to the sentencing proceeding shall be admissible. No testimony by the defendant at the time of sentencing shall be admissible against the defendant at any subsequent criminal proceeding. At the conclusion of the evidentiary presentation, the court shall allow the parties a reasonable period of time in which to present oral argument.
- (4) At the conclusion of the evidentiary portion of the sentencing proceeding, the court shall provide oral and written instructions to the jury to guide its deliberations. If the prosecuting attorney relies on-subsection (a) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624(a), and amendments thereto, or for crimes committed prior to July 1, 2011, -subsection (a) of K.S.A. 21-4636(a), prior to its repeal, as an aggravating circumstance, and the court finds that one or more of the defendant's prior convictions satisfy such subsection, the jury shall be instructed that a certified journal entry of a prior conviction is presumed to prove the existence of such prior conviction or convictions beyond a reasonable doubt.
- (5) If, by unanimous vote, the jury finds beyond a reasonable doubt that one or more of the aggravating circumstances enumerated in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6624, and amendments thereto, or for crimes committed prior to July 1, 2011, K.S.A. 21-4636, prior to its repeal, exist and, further, that the existence of such aggravating circumstances is not outweighed by any mitigating circumstances which are found to exist, the defendant shall be sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto; otherwise, the defendant shall be sentenced as provided by law. The sentencing jury shall designate, in writing, signed by the foreman of the jury, the statutory aggravating circumstances which it found. The trier of fact may make the findings required by this subsection for the purpose of determining whether to sentence a defendant pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto. notwithstanding contrary findings made by the jury or court pursuant to-subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617(e), and amendments thereto, for the purpose of determining whether to sentence such defendant to death. If, after a reasonable time for deliberation, the jury is unable to reach a unanimous sentencing decision, the court shall dismiss the jury and the defendant shall be sentenced as provided by law. In nonjury cases, the court shall designate in writing the specific circumstance or circumstances which the court found beyond a reasonable doubt.

- (f) The amendments to subsection (e) by chapter 1 of the 2013 Session Laws of Kansas (Special Session):
- (1) Establish a procedural rule for sentencing proceedings, and as such shall be construed and applied retroactively to all crimes committed prior to the effective date of this act, except as provided further in this subsection; (2) shall not apply to cases in which the defendant's conviction and sentence were final prior to June 17, 2013, unless the conviction or sentence has been vacated in a collateral proceeding, including, but not limited to, K.S.A. 22-3504 or 60-1507, and amendments thereto; and (3) shall apply only in sentencing proceedings otherwise authorized by law.
- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (h), for all cases on appeal on or after September 6, 2013, if a sentence imposed under this section, prior to amendment by chapter 1 of the 2013 Session Laws of Kansas (Special Session), or under K.S.A. 21-4635, prior to its repeal, is vacated for any reason other than sufficiency of the evidence as to all aggravating circumstances, resentencing shall be required under this section, as amended by chapter 1 of the 2013 Session Laws of Kansas (Special Session), unless the prosecuting attorney chooses not to pursue such a sentence.
- (h) In the event any sentence imposed under this section is held to be unconstitutional, the court having jurisdiction over a person previously sentenced shall cause such person to be brought before the court and shall sentence such person to the maximum term of imprisonment otherwise provided by law.
- (i) If any provision or provisions of this section or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this section which can be given effect without the invalid provision or provisions or application, and to this end the provisions of this section are severable.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6622 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6622. (a) If, under K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617, and amendments thereto, the county or district attorney has filed a notice of intent to request a separate sentencing proceeding to determine whether the defendant should be sentenced to death and the defendant is convicted of the crime of capital murder, the defendant's counsel or the warden of the correctional institution or sheriff having custody of the defendant may request a determination by the court of whether the defendant is a person with intellectual disability. If the court determines that there is not sufficient reason to believe that the defendant shall be sentenced in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617, 21-6619, 21-6624, 21-6625, 21-6628 and 21-6629, and amendments thereto. If the court determines that there is sufficient reason to believe that the defendant is a person with intellectual disability, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the defendant is a person with intellectual disability.
- (b) If a defendant is convicted of the crime of capital murder and a sentence of death is not imposed, or if a defendant is convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree based upon the finding of premeditated murder, the defendant's counsel or the warden of the correctional institution or sheriff having custody of the defendant may request a determination by the court of whether the defendant is a person with intellectual disability. If the court determines that there is not sufficient reason to believe that the defendant is a person with intellectual disability, the court shall so find and the defendant shall be sentenced in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-6625, and amendments thereto. If the court determines that

there is sufficient reason to believe that the defendant is a person with intellectual disability, the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether the defendant is a person with intellectual disability.

- (c) At the hearing, the court shall determine whether the defendant is a person with intellectual disability. The court shall order a psychiatric or psychological examination of the defendant. For that purpose, the court shall appoint two licensed physicians or licensed psychologists, or one of each, qualified by training and practice to make such examination, to examine the defendant and report their findings in writing to the judge within 14 days after the order of examination is issued. The defendant shall have the right to present evidence and cross-examine any witnesses at the hearing. No statement made by the defendant in the course of any examination provided for by this section, whether or not the defendant consents to the examination, shall be admitted in evidence against the defendant in any criminal proceeding.
- (d) If, at the conclusion of a hearing pursuant to subsection (a), the court determines that the defendant is not a person with intellectual disability, the defendant shall be sentenced in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6617, 21-6619, 21-6624, 21-6625, 21-6628 and 21-6629, and amendments thereto.
- (e) If, at the conclusion of a hearing pursuant to subsection (b), the court determines that the defendant is not a person with intellectual disability, the defendant shall be sentenced in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6620, 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-6625, and amendments thereto.
- (f) If, at the conclusion of a hearing pursuant to this section, the court determines that the defendant is a person with intellectual disability, the court shall sentence the defendant as otherwise provided by law, and no sentence of death, life without the possibility of parole, or mandatory term of imprisonment <u>pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, 21-6624 and 21-6625, and amendments thereto,</u> shall be imposed hereunder.
- (g) Unless otherwise ordered by the court for good cause shown, the provisions of subsection (b) shall not apply if it has been determined, pursuant to a hearing granted under the provisions of subsection (a), that the defendant is not a person with intellectual disability.
- (h) As used in this section, "intellectual disability" means having significantly subaverage general intellectual functioning, as defined by K.S.A. 76-12b01, and amendments thereto, to an extent which substantially impairs one's capacity to appreciate the criminality of one's conduct or to conform one's conduct to the requirements of law.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6623. When it is provided by law that a person shall be sentenced pursuant to this section, such person shall be sentenced to imprisonment for life and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. Except as otherwise provided in this section, in addition, a person sentenced pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving 40 years' imprisonment, and such 40 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. For crimes committed on-and or after July 1, 1999, a person sentenced pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving 50 years' imprisonment, and such 50 years' imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. For crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of 50

years shall not apply if the court finds that the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification,—is would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range exceeds would exceed 600 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime pursuant to the sentencing range, the defendant shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, and such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. No other sentence shall be permitted. Upon sentencing a defendant pursuant to this section, the court shall commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary of corrections and the court shall state in the sentencing order of the judgment form or journal entry, whichever is delivered with the defendant to the correctional institution, that the defendant has been sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6623, and amendments thereto.

- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6627 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6627. (a) (1) Except as provided in subsection (b) or (d), a defendant who is 18 years of age or older and is convicted of the following crimes committed on or after July 1, 2006, shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years unless the court determines that the defendant should be sentenced as determined in subsection (a)(2):
- (A) Aggravated human trafficking, as defined in subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5426(b), and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age;
- (B) rape, as defined in subsection (a)(3) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5503(a)(3), and amendments thereto:
- (C) aggravated indecent liberties with a child, as defined in-subsection (b)(3) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5506(b)(3), and amendments thereto;
- (D) aggravated criminal sodomy, as defined in-subsection (b)(1) or (b)(2) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5504(b)(1) or (b)(2), and amendments thereto;
- (E) commercial sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6422, and amendments thereto, if the victim is less than 14 years of age;
- (F) sexual exploitation of a child, as defined in subsection (a)(1) or (a)(4) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5510(a)(1) or (a)(4), and amendments thereto, if the child is less than 14 years of age; and
- (G) an attempt, conspiracy or criminal solicitation, as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, of an offense defined in subsections (a)(1)(A) through (a)(1)(F).
- (2) The provision of subsection (a)(1) requiring a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years shall not apply if the court finds:
- (A) The defendant is an aggravated habitual sex offender and sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6626, and amendments thereto; or
- (B) the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification, is would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range exceeds would exceed 300 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime pursuant to the sentencing range.

- (b) (1) On and after July 1, 2006, if a defendant who is 18 years of age or older is convicted of a crime listed in subsection (a)(1) and such defendant has previously been convicted of a crime listed in subsection (a)(1), a crime in effect at any time prior to July 1, 2011, which is substantially the same as a crime listed in subsection (a)(1) or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as a crime listed in subsection (a)(1), the court shall sentence the defendant to a term of imprisonment for life with a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 40 years. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply to a crime committed under K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5507, and amendments thereto, or a crime under a law of another jurisdiction which is substantially the same as K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5507, and amendments thereto.
- (2) The provision of subsection (b)(1) requiring a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 40 years shall not apply if the court finds:
- (A) The defendant is an aggravated habitual sex offender and sentenced pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6626, and amendments thereto; or
- (B) the defendant, because of the defendant's criminal history classification,—is—would be subject to presumptive imprisonment pursuant to the sentencing guidelines grid for nondrug crimes and the sentencing range—exceeds would exceed 480 months if the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime was imposed. In such case, the defendant is required to serve a mandatory minimum term equal to the sentence established for a severity level 1 crime pursuant to the sentencing range.
- (c) When a person is sentenced pursuant to subsection (a) or (b), such person shall be sentenced to a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment of not less than 25 years, 40 years or be sentenced as determined in subsection (a)(2) or subsection (b)(2), whichever is applicable, and shall not be eligible for probation or suspension, modification or reduction of sentence. In addition, a person sentenced pursuant to this section shall not be eligible for parole prior to serving such mandatory term of imprisonment, and such imprisonment shall not be reduced by the application of good time credits. Except as provided in subsection (d), no other sentence shall be permitted.
- (d) (1) On or after July 1, 2006, for a first time conviction of an offense listed in subsection (a)(1), the sentencing judge shall impose the mandatory minimum term of imprisonment provided by subsection (a), unless the judge finds substantial and compelling reasons, following a review of mitigating circumstances, to impose a departure. If the sentencing judge departs from such mandatory minimum term of imprisonment, the judge shall state on the record at the time of sentencing the substantial and compelling reasons for the departure. The departure sentence shall be the sentence pursuant to the revised Kansas sentencing guidelines act, article 68 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and, subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6818, and amendments thereto, no sentence of a mandatory minimum term of imprisonment shall be imposed hereunder.
- (2) As used in this subsection, "mitigating circumstances" shall include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (A) The defendant has no significant history of prior criminal activity;
- (B) the crime was committed while the defendant was under the influence of extreme mental or emotional disturbances;
- (C) the victim was an accomplice in the crime committed by another person, and the defendant's participation was relatively minor;

- (D) the defendant acted under extreme distress or under the substantial domination of another person;
- (E) the capacity of the defendant to appreciate the criminality of the defendant's conduct or to conform the defendant's conduct to the requirements of law was substantially impaired; and
 - (F) the age of the defendant at the time of the crime.
- (e) The provisions of K.S.A. 21-3301, 21-3302 or 21-3303, prior to their repeal, or K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-5301, 21-5302 or 21-5303, and amendments thereto, shall not apply to any defendant sentenced pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6810 is hereby amended to read as follows: 21-6810. (a) Criminal history categories contained in the sentencing guidelines grids are based on the following types of prior convictions: Person felony adult convictions, nonperson felony adult convictions, person felony juvenile adjudications, nonperson felony juvenile adjudications, person misdemeanor adult convictions, nonperson class A misdemeanor adult convictions, person misdemeanor juvenile adjudications, nonperson class A misdemeanor juvenile adjudications, select class B nonperson misdemeanor adult convictions, select class B nonperson misdemeanor juvenile adjudications and convictions and adjudications for violations of municipal ordinances or county resolutions which are comparable to any crime classified under the state law of Kansas as a person misdemeanor, select nonperson class B misdemeanor or nonperson class A misdemeanor. A prior conviction is any conviction, other than another count in the current case, which was brought in the same information or complaint or which was joined for trial with other counts in the current case pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3203, and amendments thereto, which occurred prior to sentencing in the current case, regardless of whether the offense that led to the prior conviction occurred before or after the current offense or the conviction in the current case.
- (b) A class B nonperson select misdemeanor is a special classification established for weapons violations. Such classification shall be considered and scored in determining an offender's criminal history classification.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided, all convictions, whether sentenced consecutively or concurrently, shall be counted separately in the offender's criminal history.
- (d) Except as provided in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 21-6815, and amendments thereto, the following are applicable to determining an offender's criminal history classification:
 - (1) Only verified convictions will be considered and scored.
- (2) All prior adult felony convictions, including expungements, will be considered and scored. Prior adult felony convictions for offenses that were committed before July 1, 1993, shall be scored as a person or nonperson crime using a comparable offense under the Kansas criminal code in effect on the date the current crime of conviction was committed
 - (3) There will be no decay factor applicable for:
 - (A) Adult convictions;
- (B) a juvenile adjudication for an offense which would constitute a nondrugseverity level 1 through 4 person felony if committed by an adult. Prior juvenileadjudications for offenses that were committed before July 1, 1993, shall be secred as a person or nonperson crime using a comparable offense under the Kansas criminal code in effect on the date the current crime of conviction was committed;
 - (C)—a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before July 1, 1993, which

would have been a class A, B or C felony, if committed by an adult. Prior juvenile adjudications for offenses that were committed before July 1, 1993, shall be scored as a person or nonperson crime using a comparable offense under the Kansas criminal code in effect on the date the current crime of conviction was committed; or

- (D)(C) a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed on or after July 1, 1993, which would be an off-grid felony, or a nondrug severity level 1 through 4 felony, if committed by an adult.
- (4) Except as otherwise provided, a juvenile adjudication will decay if the current crime of conviction is committed after the offender reaches the age of 25, and the juvenile adjudication is for an offense:
- (A) Committed before July 1, 1993, which would have been a class D or E felony, if committed by an adult;
- (B) committed on or after July 1, 1993, which would be a nondrug severity level 5 through 10, a non-grid felony, a nongrid felony or any drug felony, if committed by an adult; or
 - (C) which would be a misdemeanor, if committed by an adult.
 - (5) A juvenile adjudication will not be considered and scored if:
- (A) The current crime of conviction is committed at least five years after the date of the prior adjudication;
- (B) the offender has no new adjudications or convictions during such five-year period; and
- (C) the juvenile adjudication is for an offense that would be a nondrug severity level 5 through 10 felony, drug felony, nongrid felony or misdemeanor, if committed by an adult.
- (6)—All person misdemeanors, class A nonperson misdemeanors and class B select nonperson misdemeanors, and all municipal ordinance and county resolution violations comparable to such misdemeanors, shall be considered and scored. Prior misdemeanors for offenses that were committed before July 1, 1993, shall be scored as a person or nonperson crime using a comparable offense under the Kansas criminal code in effect on the date the current crime of conviction was committed.
- (6)(7) Unless otherwise provided by law, unclassified felonies and misdemeanors, shall be considered and scored as nonperson crimes for the purpose of determining criminal history.
- (7)(8) Prior convictions of a crime defined by a statute—which that has since been repealed shall be scored using the classification assigned at the time of such conviction.
- (8)(9) Prior convictions of a crime defined by a statute—which that has since been determined unconstitutional by an appellate court shall not be used for criminal history scoring purposes.
- (9)(10) Prior convictions of any crime shall not be counted in determining the criminal history category if they enhance the severity level, elevate the classification from misdemeanor to felony, or are elements of the present crime of conviction. Except as otherwise provided, all other prior convictions will be considered and scored.
- (e) The amendments made to this section by this aet section 1 of chapter 5 of the 2015 Session Laws of Kansas are procedural in nature and shall be construed and applied retroactively.";

On page 17, following line 21, by inserting:

"Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 22-3001 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-

- 3001. (a) A majority of the district judges in any judicial district may order a grand jury to be summoned in any county in the district when it is determined to be in the public interest.
- (b) The district or county attorney in such attorney's county may petition the chief judge or the chief judge's designee in such district court to order a grand jury to be summoned in the designated county in the district to consider any alleged felony law violation, including any alleged misdemeanor law violation which arises as part of the same criminal conduct or investigation. The attorney general in any judicial district may petition the chief judge or the chief judge's designee in such judicial district to order a grand jury to be summoned in the designated county in the district to consider any alleged felony law violation, including any alleged misdemeanor law violation which arises as part of the same criminal conduct or investigation, if authorized by the district or county attorney in such judicial district or if jurisdiction is otherwise authorized by law. The chief judge or the chief judge's designee in the district court of the county shall then consider the petition and, if it is found that the petition is in proper form, as set forth in this subsection, shall order a grand jury to be summoned within 15 days after receipt of such petition.
- (c) (1) A grand jury shall be summoned in any county within 60 days after a petition praying therefor is presented to the district court, bearing the signatures of a number of electors equal to 100 plus 2% of the total number of votes cast for governor in the county in the last preceding election.
- (2) The petition, upon its face, shall state the name, address and phone number of the person filing the petition, the subject matter of the prospective grand jury, a reasonably specific identification of areas to be inquired into and sufficient general allegations to warrant a finding that such inquiry may lead to information which, if true, would warrant a true bill of indictment.
 - (3) (A) The petition shall be in substantially the following form:

The undersigned qualified electors of the county of _____ and state of Kansas hereby request that the district court of _____ county, Kansas, within 60 days after the filing of this petition, cause a grand jury to be summoned in the county to investigate alleged violations of law and to perform such other duties as may be authorized by law.

- (B) (i) The signatures to the petition need not all be affixed to one paper, but each paper to which signatures are affixed shall have substantially the foregoing form written or printed at the top thereof. Each signer shall add to such signer's signature such signer's place of residence, giving the street and number or rural route number, if any. One of the signers of each paper shall verify upon oath that each signature appearing on the paper is the genuine signature of the person whose name it purports to be and that such signer believes that the statements in the petition are true.
- (ii) The petition shall be filed in the office of the clerk of the district court who shall forthwith transmit it to the county election officer, who shall determine whether the persons whose signatures are affixed to the petition are qualified electors of the county. Thereupon, the county election officer shall return the petition to the clerk of the district court, together with such election officer's certificate stating the number of qualified electors of the county whose signatures appear on the petition and the aggregate number of votes cast for all candidates for governor in the county in the last preceding election.

- (iii) The judge or judges of the district court of the county shall then consider the petition and, if it is found that the petition is in proper form and bears the signatures of the required number of electors, a grand jury shall be ordered to be summoned. If a grand jury is not summoned because of a finding that the petition, substantially in the form required by this subsection on its face, is not in proper form, the person who filed the petition and whose name, address and phone number appear on the face of each petition shall have the right to appeal the decision to not summon a grand jury as a final judgment pursuant to K.S.A. 22-3601, and amendments thereto.
- (4) After a grand jury is summoned pursuant to this subsection, but before it begins deliberations, the judge or judges of the district court of the county in which the petition is presented shall provide instructions to the grand jury regarding its conduct and deliberations, which instructions shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- (A) You have been impaneled as a grand jury pursuant to a citizens' petition filed in this court, signed by (insert number) qualified electors of this county, stating (insert the subject matter described in the petition, including a reasonably specific identification of the areas to be inquired into and the allegations sufficient to warrant a finding that the grand jury's inquiry may lead to information which, if true, would warrant a true bill of indictment). You are charged with making inquiry with regard to this subject matter and determining whether the facts support allegations warranting a true bill of indictment.
- (B) The person filing the citizens' petition filed in this court must be the first witness you call for the purpose of presenting evidence and testimony as to the subject matter and allegations of the petition.
- (C) You may, with the approval of this court, employ special counsel and investigators, and incur such other expense for services and supplies as you and this court deem necessary. Any special counsel or investigator you employ shall be selected by a majority vote of your grand jury. You may make such selection only after hearing testimony from the person who filed the citizens' petition. You may utilize the services of any special counsel or investigator you employ instead of, or in addition to, the services of the prosecuting attorney.
- (D) If any witness duly summoned to appear and testify before you fails or refuses to obey, compulsory process will be issued by this court to enforce the witness' attendance
- (E) If any witness appearing before you refuses to testify or to answer any questions asked in the course of the witness' examination, you shall communicate that fact to this court in writing, together with a statement regarding the question the witness refuses to answer. This court will determine and inform you of whether the witness is bound to answer or not. However, no witness appearing before you can be compelled to make any statement which will incriminate such witness.
- (F) Any person may file a written request with the prosecuting attorney or with the foreman of the grand jury and request to testify or retestify in an inquiry before a grand jury or to appear before a grand jury. Any written request shall include a summary of such person's written testimony.
- (G) At the conclusion of your inquiry and determination, you will return either a no bill of indictment or a true bill of indictment.
- (d) The grand jury shall consist of 15 members and shall be drawn, qualified and summoned in the same manner as petit jurors for the district court. Twelve members thereof shall constitute a quorum. The judge or judges ordering the grand jury shall

direct that a sufficient number of legally qualified persons be summoned for service as grand jurors. In the case of grand juries impaneled pursuant to subsection (c), the judge or judges ordering the grand jury shall allow the person that filed the petition under the provisions of subsection (c)(2), and such person's attorney, to witness the instructions to the grand jury regarding its conduct and deliberations pursuant to subsection (c)(4).";

On page 23, following line 18, by inserting:

"Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 25-3601 is hereby amended to read as follows: 25-3601. (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (d), if a petition is required or authorized as a part of the procedure applicable to the state as a whole or any legislative election district or to any county, city, school district or other municipality, or part thereof, the provisions of K.S.A. 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall apply. The sufficiency of each signature and the number thereof on any such petition shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 25-3601-to through 25-3607. inclusive, and amendments thereto, by the county election officer or such other official as designated in the applicable statute. Except as provided herein, a copy of any petition requesting an election in any political or taxing subdivision of the state shall be submitted to the office of the county attorney of the county or district attorney of the district in which all or the greater portion of the political or taxing subdivision is located. If a county counselor has been appointed in the county or district, the petition shall be submitted to the county counselor. The petition shall be submitted either by hand-delivery or by certified mail, return receipt requested. Such petition shall contain the question to be submitted at the election. Within five business days following submission of the petition, the county counselor, county attorney or district attorney shall furnish a written advisory opinion as to the legality of the form of the question contained on the petition. There shall be a rebuttable presumption that the form of any question approved by the county counselor, county attorney or district attorney complies with the requirements of this act. If such opinion is not furnished within five days of submission of the question, the form of the question shall be deemed in compliance with the requirements of this act.

If the advisory opinion states that the form of the question contained in the petition does not comply with the requirements of this act, such advisory opinion shall also state specific grounds to support such determination.

Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as prohibiting the circulation of a petition for signatures or the filing of such petition with the county election officer prior to obtaining the advisory opinion required by this subsection.

- (b) Any person challenging the validity of the form of a question shall have the burden of proving in the district court that the form of the question is invalid.
- (c) The form of any question in a petition requesting an election on or protesting an ordinance, or resolution, adopted by the governing body of any county, city, school district or other municipality shall be presumed to be valid and in compliance with the requirements of K.S.A. 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto, if such petition states the title, number and exact language of the ordinance, or resolution, and the title of such petition states:

"Shall the following ordinance, or resolution, become effective?"

(d) When any other statute imposes specific requirements which are different from the requirements imposed by K.S.A. 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto, the provisions of the specific statute shall control. The county election officer or other

official with whom the petition is required to be filed in accordance with the applicable statute shall give to persons requesting information regarding the filing of petitions a copy of K.S.A. 25-620 and article 36 of chapter 25 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto.

(e) Any action challenging the validity of the form of a question in a petition shall be filed in the district court within 20 days after such petition has been filed with the county election officer.

The court shall render an opinion in any action filed to challenge the validity of the form of a question in a petition within 20 days after the date such action is filed with the court

(f) The provisions of K.S.A. 25-3601 et seq., and amendments thereto, shall not apply to recall petitions as described in K.S.A. 25-4301 et seq., and amendments thereto, or a grand jury petition as described in K.S.A. 22-3001(c), and amendments thereto.":

Also on page 23, in line 21, before "22-2302" by inserting "21-6620, 21-6622, 21-6623, 21-6627, 21-6810,"; also in line 21, by striking "and" and inserting ", 22-3001,"; also in line 21, after "22-3716" by inserting "and 25-3601";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 2, before "warrants" by inserting "sentencing; mandatory minimum terms of imprisonment; persons with intellectual disabilities convicted of capital murder; criminal history classification of juvenile adjudications;"; in line 3, by striking "conditions of probation, revocation;" and inserting "sufficiency of grand jury petitions; right to appeal; revocation of nonprison sanctions;"; in line 5, before "22-2302" by inserting "21-6620, 21-6622, 21-6623, 21-6627, 21-6810,"; also in line 5, by striking "and" and inserting ", 22-3001,"; also in line 5, after "22-3716" by inserting "and 25-3601";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

RICHARD WILBORN
JULIA LYNN
DAVID HALEY
Conferees on part of Senate

Russ Jennings John Whitmer Dennis Highberger Conferees on part of House

Senator Wilborn moved the Senate adopt the Conference Committee Report on HB 2092.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 40; Nays 0; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Faust-Goudeau, Fitzgerald, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Hilderbrand, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pettey, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Suellentrop, Sykes, Taylor, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

The Conference Committee Report was adopted.

On motion of Senator Denning, the Senate recessed until 2:30 p.m.

The Senate met pursuant to recess with Vice President Longbine in the chair.

ORIGINAL MOTION

Senator Denning moved that subsection 4(k) of the Joint Rules of the Senate and House of Representatives be suspended for the purpose of considering the following bill: S Sub HB 2186

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

On motion of Senator Denning, the Senate resolved itself into Committee of the Whole, for consideration of bills on the calendar under the heading of General Orders with Senator Schmidt in the chair.

On motion of Senator Schmidt the following report was adopted:

The committee report on **HB 2186** recommending **S Sub HB 2186** be adopted, be amended by motion of Senator Pyle; on page 127, following line 15, by inserting:

- "Sec. 104. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-64c01 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-64c01. (a) It is the public policy goal of the state of Kansas that at least 65% 75% of the moneys appropriated, distributed or otherwise provided by the state to school districts shall be expended in the classroom or for instruction.
- (b) All moneys attributable to the increase in the amount of base state aid per pupil under the provisions of this act shall be expended in the classroom or for instruction.
- (c) The amount of moneys expended per pupil in the classroom or for instruction in school year 2005-2006, shall not be less than the amount of moneys expended per pupil for such purposes in school year 2004-2005, plus \$35 per pupil.
- (d) As used in this section, "instruction" means the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students and may be provided in a school classroom, in another location such as a home or hospital, and in other learning situations such as those involving cocurricular activities. Instruction also may be provided through the internet, television, radio, computer, multimedia telephone, correspondence that is delivered inside or outside the classroom and other teacher-student settings or through other approved media. Instruction also includes the activities of aides or classroom assistants of any type including, but not limited to, clerks, graders and teaching machines which assist in the instructional process.";

Also on page 127, in line 19, after the first comma by inserting "72-64c01,";

And by renumbering sections accordingly;

On page 1, in the title, in line 7, after the seventh comma by inserting "72-64c01," Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 22; Nays 14; Present and Passing 4; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Fitzgerald, Goddard, Hilderbrand, Kerschen, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Nays: Bollier, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Givens, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Kelly, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

Present and Passing: Haley, Holland, Longbine, McGinn.

S Sub HB 2186 be further amended by motion of Senator Doll; on page 2, in line 27, by adding \$2,441,300 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 27 accordingly:

On page 12, in line 4, by adding \$2,486,400 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 4 accordingly;

On page 42, in line 2, by striking "0.361" and inserting "0.395"

S Sub HB 2186 be further amended by motion of Senator Givens; by amending the amendment designated as fa_2017_hb2186_s_2179, as adopted by the Committee of the Whole on May 30, 2017, in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-64c01(d), before the last period by inserting ", the activities of instructional support staff and student support staff, the cost of utilities, the cost of construction of new classroom facilities and the cost of maintenance of classroom facilities"

S Sub HB 2186 be further amended by motion of Senator Baumgardner; on page 2, in line 19, by adding \$350,000 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 19 accordingly;

On page 11, in line 27, by subtracting \$300,000 from the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 27 accordingly;

On page 27, following line 1, by inserting:

- "(I) A student enrolled in a school district who is not a resident of Kansas shall be counted as follows:
 - (i) For school year 2017-2018, $^{3}/_{4}$ of a student; and
 - (ii) for school year 2018-2019 and each school year thereafter, ¹/₂ of a student."

S Sub HB 2186 be further amended by motion of Senator Baumgardner; on page 20, in line 27, after "47" by inserting "and 104";

On page 127, following line 15, by inserting:

"New Sec. 104. The Kansas school equity and enhancement act, sections 3 through 47 and 104, and amendments thereto, shall expire on July 1, 2027.

New Sec. 105. On and after July 1, 2027, and every 10 years thereafter, the legislature shall review the act, or any successor school finance act, to ensure that education funding is reasonably calculated to have students meet or exceed the educational goal set forth in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-1127(c), and amendments thereto.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly

and S Sub HB 2186 be passed as amended.

An amendment was offered by Senator Pyle. A ruling of the chair was requested as to the germaneness to the bill. The Subcommittee on Rules determined the amendment germane. The motion by Senator Pyle to amend **S Sub HB 2186** failed and the following amendment was rejected; on page 127, following line 15, by inserting:

"New Sec. 104. (a) No school district shall, in the absence of express authorization by the legislature, expend, use or transfer any proceeds of any tax levied by such school district or moneys appropriated by the legislature of the state of Kansas for the purpose of any personal service, advertisement, telephone, electronic communication, letter, printed or written matter or any other device, intended or designed to influence in any manner a member of the legislature of the state of Kansas to lobby for or against the passage of any legislation. No such moneys shall be paid, donated or otherwise provided to any person, association, corporation or other entity and used for the purpose of any such lobbying. This section shall not prevent officers or employees of a school

district from communicating with the legislature of the state of Kansas about any:

- (1) Requests for legislation, policy or appropriation which such officers or employees deem necessary for the efficient conduct of the public business; and
- (2) communication whose prohibition by this section, in the opinion of the attorney general, might violate the constitution or interfere with official state purposes and obligations required by law.
- (b) Violations of this section shall result in a reduction of at least 1% and not greater than 3% of the moneys appropriated for such school district. The director of the budget shall make the initial determination of any violations of this section. School districts affected by decisions of the director under this section shall be notified in writing at least 30 days before such decisions may become effective and any affected school district may, by written request addressed to the governor within 10 days after such notice, ask for a review of the decision by the governor. The governor shall hear appeals and render a decision within 20 days after the governor receives requests for such review.
- (c) For the purposes of this section, "lobbying" shall have the meaning ascribed to it pursuant to K.S.A. 46-225, and amendments thereto.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 17; Nays 23; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Billinger, Bowers, Estes, Fitzgerald, Hilderbrand, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Nays: Berger, Bollier, Denning, Doll, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, McGinn, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

A motion by Senator Bollier to amend **S Sub HB 2186** failed and the following amendment was rejected; on page 62, in line 36, by striking "eight" and inserting "10";

On page 104, in line 23, by striking "Eight" and inserting "Ten"; in line 24, by striking "eight" and inserting "10"; in line 26, by striking "eight" and inserting "10"; in line 27, by striking "eight" and inserting "10"

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 7; Nays 33; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Baumgardner, Berger, Bollier, Denning, Doll, Skubal, Sykes.

Nays: Alley, Billinger, Bowers, Estes, Faust-Goudeau, Fitzgerald, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Hilderbrand, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pettey, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Suellentrop, Taylor, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

A motion by Senator Hensley to amend **S Sub HB 2186** failed and the following amendment was rejected; on page 2, in line 28, by adding \$21,299,101 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 28 accordingly;

On page 12, in line 8, by adding \$21,692,544 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 8 accordingly;

On page 42, in line 14, by striking "0.456" and inserting "0.484"; in line 18, by striking "0.456" and inserting "0.484"

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 16; Nays 23; Present and Passing 1; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Bollier, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Haley, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, McGinn, Petersen, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

Nays: Alley, Berger, Billinger, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Fitzgerald, Givens, Goddard, Hardy, Hilderbrand, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Present and Passing: Baumgardner.

A motion by Senator Hensley to amend **S Sub HB 2186** failed and the following amendment was rejected; on page 2, in line 19, by adding \$22,220,284 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 19 accordingly; in line 24, by adding \$1,981,553 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 24 accordingly; in line 25, by adding \$585,117 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 25 accordingly; in line 26, by adding \$1,230,963 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 27, by adding \$486,234 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 27 accordingly; in line 28, by adding \$4,714,337 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 28 accordingly; in line 29, by adding \$428,532 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 29 accordingly; in line 30, by adding \$152,521 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 30 accordingly;

On page 11, in line 27, by adding \$118,193,000 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 27 accordingly; in line 35, by adding \$10,540,173 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 35 accordingly; in line 39, by adding \$3,112,325 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 39 accordingly; in line 43, by adding \$6,547,675 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 43 accordingly;

On page 12, in line 4, by adding \$2,586,350 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 4 accordingly; in line 8, by adding \$25,076,260 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 8 accordingly; in line 12, by adding \$2,279,425 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 12 accordingly; in line 16, by adding \$653,828 to the dollar amount and by adjusting the dollar amount in line 16 accordingly;

On page 21, in line 16, by striking "\$4,006" and inserting "\$4,053"; in line 17, by striking "\$4,080" and inserting "\$4,330"

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 16; Nays 23; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 1.

Yeas: Berger, Bollier, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Haley, Hawk, Hensley, Hilderbrand, Holland, Kelly, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

Nays: Alley, Baumgardner, Billinger, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Fitzgerald, Givens, Goddard, Hardy, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Absent or Not Voting: Pilcher-Cook.

A motion by Senator Rogers to amend **S Sub HB 2186** failed and the following amendment was rejected; on page 37, by striking all in lines 12 through 19

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 9; Nays 31; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Haley, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Pettey, Rogers.

Nays: Alley, Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Fitzgerald, Givens, Goddard, Hardy, Hilderbrand, Kerschen, Longbine, Lynn, Masterson, McGinn, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Suellentrop, Sykes, Taylor, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

A motion by Senator Alley to amend **S Sub HB 2186** failed and the following amendment was rejected; on page 127, following line 15, by inserting:

"New Sec. 104. (a) For each school district, the state board shall determine that portion of the aggregate amount of unencumbered cash balances held by such school district in the general fund, supplemental general fund, at-risk education fund, bilingual education fund, virtual school fund, professional development fund, parent education program fund, special education fund, career and postsecondary education fund and contingency reserve fund on July 1, 2019, that is in excess of 15% of the general operating expenditures for such school district from such funds for school year 2018-2019, and such amount shall be the aggregate general state aid adjustment for such school district. The state board shall divide the aggregate general state aid adjustment by five. The resulting quotient is the annual general state aid adjustment.

- (b) For school year 2019-2020, and for each of the immediately succeeding four school years, the state board shall deduct from the amount of general state aid a school district is to receive under section 6, and amendments thereto, or any successor act providing for the distribution of general state aid to school districts, an amount equal to the annual general state aid adjustment for such school district, and the resulting amount shall be the general state aid amount such school district is to receive for such school year.
- (c) As used in this section, the term "school district" means a school district that held an aggregate amount of unencumbered cash balances on July 1, 2019, which was in excess of 15% of the general operating expenditures for such school district for school year 2018-2019.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 16; Nays 24; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Alley, Baumgardner, Denning, Estes, Fitzgerald, Hilderbrand, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

Nays: Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Doll, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, McGinn, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

An amendment was offered by Senator Olson on **S Sub HB 2186**. A ruling of the chair was requested as to the germaneness to the bill. The Subcommittee on Rules determined the amendment not germane.

Senator Olson challenged the ruling of the Subcommittee.

Upon the showing of five hands a roll call vote was requested.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 29; Nays 10; Present and Passing 1; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Baumgardner, Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, McGinn, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor, Wagle, Wilborn.

Nays: Alley, Fitzgerald, Hilderbrand, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson.

Present and Passing: Petersen.

The ruling was sustained.

Motions to amend S Sub HB 2186, which were offered by Senators Billinger, Hensley, Olson and Pettey failed.

Motions by Senators Alley and Olson to amend S Sub HB 2186 were withdrawn.

S Sub HB 2278 be passed over and retain a place on the calendar.

President Wagle assumed the chair.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT

MADAM PRESIDENT and MR. SPEAKER: Your committee on conference on Senate amendments to **HB 2067** submits the following report:

The House accedes to all Senate amendments to the bill, and your committee on conference further agrees to amend the bill as printed with Senate Committee amendments, as follows:

On page 1, by striking all in lines 6 through 34;

By striking all on page 2;

On page 3, by striking all in lines 1 through 22; following line 22, by inserting:

"Section 1. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,165 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-17,165. (a) When a city or county proposes to establish a STAR bond project district, within an eligible area, the city or county shall adopt a resolution stating that the city or county is considering the establishment of a STAR bond project district. Such resolution shall:

- (1) Give notice that a public hearing will be held to consider the establishment of a STAR bond project district and fix the date, hour and place of such public hearing;
 - (2) describe the proposed boundaries of the STAR bond project district;
 - (3) describe the STAR bond project district plan;
- (4) state that a description and map of the proposed STAR bond project district are available for inspection at a time and place designated; and
- (5) state that the governing body will consider findings necessary for the establishment of a STAR bond project district.

Notice shall be given as prescribed in-subsection (f)(2) of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,166(f)(2), and amendments thereto.

- (b) The city or county shall submit the proposed STAR bond project district to the secretary for a determination that the district is an eligible area as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,162, and amendments thereto.
- (c) Upon the conclusion of the public hearing, and a finding by the secretary that the proposed project district is an eligible area, the governing body of the municipality shall pass an ordinance or resolution.
 - (1) An ordinance or resolution for a STAR bond project district shall:
 - (A) Make findings that the STAR bond project district proposed to be developed is

an historic theater, or a STAR bond project as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,162, and amendments thereto:

- (B) contain a STAR bond project district plan that identifies all of the proposed STAR bond project areas and identifies in a general manner all of the buildings and facilities that are proposed to be constructed or improved in each STAR bond project area. The boundaries of such STAR bond project district shall not include any area not designated in the notice required by subsection (a); and
- (C) contain the legal description of the STAR bond project district and may establish the STAR bond project district.
- (2) If no ordinance or resolution is passed by the city or county within 30 days from the conclusion of the public hearing, then such STAR bond project district shall not be established.
- (d) The governing body of a city or county may establish a STAR bond project district within that city or such city may establish a district inclusive of land outside the boundaries of the city or wholly outside the boundaries of such city upon written consent of the board of county commissioners. Prior to providing written consent, the board of county commissioners must provide notice and hold a hearing as is required of a city pursuant to subsection (a) for the establishment of a STAR bond project district.

The governing body of a county may establish a STAR bond project district within the unincorporated area of the county.

- (e) One or more STAR bond projects may be undertaken by a city or county within a STAR bond project district after such STAR bond project district has been established in the manner provided by this section.
- (f) No privately owned property subject to ad valorem taxes shall be acquired and redeveloped under the provisions of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,160 et seq., and amendments thereto, if the board of county commissioners or the board of education levying taxes on such property determines by resolution adopted within 30 days following the conclusion of the hearing for the establishment of the STAR bond project district required by subsection (a) that the proposed STAR bond project district will have an adverse effect on such county or school district. The board of county commissioners or board of education shall deliver a copy of such resolution to the city or county. The city or county shall within 30 days of receipt of such resolution pass an ordinance or resolution dissolving the STAR bond project district. The provisions of this subsection shall not apply if the STAR bond project plan provides that ad valorem property tax revenues of the county or the school district levying taxes on such property will not be adversely impacted.
 - (g) A STAR bond project shall not include a project for a gambling casino.
- (h) No new STAR bond project district may be established from the effective date of this act through July 1, 2018, except that, for STAR bond project districts established prior to the effective date of this act, the foregoing shall not prohibit a city or county from utilizing all provisions of the STAR bonds financing act, including, but not limited to, K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,171, and amendments thereto.
- Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,179 is hereby amended to read as follows: 12-17,179. (a) A city that created a redevelopment district in an eligible area that was approved for STAR bonds prior to the effective date of this act for the city of Manhattan Discovery Center on December 28, 2006, and the Schlitterbahn project in Wyandotte county on December 23, 2005, may by ordinance elect to have the provisions of this act

applicable to such redevelopment district.

- (b) The provisions of this act regarding STAR bond projects shall expire on and after July 1, 2017 2020.
- Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,110. (a) *Resident Individuals*. Except as otherwise provided by K.S.A. 79-3220(a), and amendments thereto, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of every resident individual, which tax shall be computed in accordance with the following tax schedules:
 - (1) Married individuals filing joint returns.

(1) Married individuals filing joint retur	ns.
(A) For tax year 2012:	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$30,000	3.5% of Kansas taxable income
Over \$30,000 but not over \$60,000	\$1,050 plus 6.25% of excess
	over \$30,000
Over \$60,000	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	over \$60,000
(B) For tax year 2013:	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$30,000	
Over \$30,000	
Over \$50,000	\$30,000
(C) For tax year 2014:	\$30,000
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$30,000	
Over \$30,000	
Over \$50,000	\$30,000
(D) For tax years 2015, and 2016 and 20	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$30,000	
Over \$30,000	
Over \$30,000	\$30,000
(E) For tax year 2018, and all tax years thereafter 2017 :	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$30,000	
	
Over \$30,000 but not over \$60,000	
0 000 000	\$30,000
Over \$60,000	
(E) E	\$60,000
(F) For tax year 2018, and all tax years t	
If the taxable income is:	
Not over \$30,000	
Over \$30,000 but not over \$60,000	
0 000	over \$30,000
Over \$60,000	
	over \$60,000

- (2) All other individuals.
- (A) For tax year 2012:

If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$15,000	3.5% of Kansas taxable income
Over \$15,000 but not over \$30,000	\$525 plus 6.25% of excess
	over \$15,000
Over \$30,000	\$1,462.50 plus 6.45% of excess
•	over \$30,000
(B) For tax year 2013:	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$15,000	3.0% of Kansas taxable income
Over \$15,000	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$15,000
(C) For tax year 2014:	\$10,000
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$15,000	2.7% of Kansas taxable income
Over \$15,000	
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$15,000
(D) For tax years 2015, and 2016 and 2017	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$15,000	1110 tull 15.
Over \$15,000	
O V C1 (\$15,000	\$15,000
(E) For tax year 2018, and all tax years the	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$15,000	
Over \$15,000 but not over \$30,000	
0 #20.000	over \$15,000
Over \$30,000	
	\$30,000
(F) For tax year 2018, and all tax years thereafter:	
If the taxable income is:	The tax is:
Not over \$15,000	
Over \$15,000 but not over \$30,000	
	over \$15,000
Over \$30,000	\$1,252.50 plus 5.7% of excess
	over \$30,000

- (b) *Nonresident Individuals*. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of every nonresident individual, which tax shall be an amount equal to the tax computed under subsection (a) as if the nonresident were a resident multiplied by the ratio of modified Kansas source income to Kansas adjusted gross income.
- (c) Corporations. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of every corporation doing business within this state or deriving income from sources within this state. Such tax shall consist of a normal tax and a surtax and shall be computed as follows:
- (1) The normal tax shall be in an amount equal to 4% of the Kansas taxable income of such corporation; and
- (2) (A) for tax year 2008, the surtax shall be in an amount equal to 3.1% of the Kansas taxable income of such corporation in excess of \$50,000;

- (B) for tax years 2009 and 2010, the surtax shall be in an amount equal to 3.05% of the Kansas taxable income of such corporation in excess of \$50,000; and
- (C) for tax year 2011, and all tax years thereafter, the surtax shall be in an amount equal to 3% of the Kansas taxable income of such corporation in excess of \$50,000.
- (d) *Fiduciaries*. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Kansas taxable income of estates and trusts at the rates provided in subsection (a)(2) hereof.
- (e) Tax rates provided in this section shall be adjusted pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,269, and amendments thereto.
- (f)—Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) and (b); (1) For tax—years 2016, and all tax years thereafter and 2017, married individuals filing joint returns with taxable income of \$12,500 or less, and all other individuals with taxable income of \$5,000 or less, shall have a tax liability of zero; and (2) for tax year 2018, and all tax years thereafter, married individuals filing joint returns with taxable income of \$5,000 or less, and all other individuals with taxable income of \$2,500 or less, shall have a tax liability of zero.
- (f) Any taxpayer whose withholding or estimated tax payments were based upon the rates as provided in subsection (a) as it appears on June 30, 2017, shall not be assessed penalties and interest arising from the underpayment of taxes due to changes to the rates in subsection (a) that became law on July 1, 2017, so long as such underpayment is rectified on or before April 17, 2018.
- Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,117 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,117. (a) The Kansas adjusted gross income of an individual means such individual's federal adjusted gross income for the taxable year, with the modifications specified in this section.
 - (b) There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income:
- (i) Interest income less any related expenses directly incurred in the purchase of state or political subdivision obligations, to the extent that the same is not included in federal adjusted gross income, on obligations of any state or political subdivision thereof, but to the extent that interest income on obligations of this state or a political subdivision thereof issued prior to January 1, 1988, is specifically exempt from income tax under the laws of this state authorizing the issuance of such obligations, it shall be excluded from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income whether or not included in federal adjusted gross income. Interest income on obligations of this state or a political subdivision thereof issued after December 31, 1987, shall be excluded from computation of Kansas adjusted gross income whether or not included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (ii) Taxes on or measured by income or fees or payments in lieu of income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and not credited against federal income tax. This paragraph shall not apply to taxes imposed under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-1107 or 79-1108, and amendments thereto, for privilege tax year 1995, and all such years thereafter.
- (iii) The federal net operating loss deduction, except that the federal net operating loss deduction shall not be added to an individual's federal adjusted gross income for tax years beginning after December 31, 2016.
- (iv) Federal income tax refunds received by the taxpayer if the deduction of the taxes being refunded resulted in a tax benefit for Kansas income tax purposes during a

prior taxable year. Such refunds shall be included in income in the year actually received regardless of the method of accounting used by the taxpayer. For purposes hereof, a tax benefit shall be deemed to have resulted if the amount of the tax had been deducted in determining income subject to a Kansas income tax for a prior year regardless of the rate of taxation applied in such prior year to the Kansas taxable income, but only that portion of the refund shall be included as bears the same proportion to the total refund received as the federal taxes deducted in the year to which such refund is attributable bears to the total federal income taxes paid for such year. For purposes of the foregoing sentence, federal taxes shall be considered to have been deducted only to the extent such deduction does not reduce Kansas taxable income below zero.

- (v) The amount of any depreciation deduction or business expense deduction claimed on the taxpayer's federal income tax return for any capital expenditure in making any building or facility accessible to the handicapped, for which expenditure the taxpayer claimed the credit allowed by K.S.A. 79-32,177, and amendments thereto.
- (vi) Any amount of designated employee contributions picked up by an employer pursuant to K.S.A. 12-5005, 20-2603, 74-4919 and 74-4965, and amendments thereto.
- (vii) The amount of any charitable contribution made to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,196, and amendments thereto.
- (viii) The amount of any costs incurred for improvements to a swine facility, claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32.204, and amendments thereto.
- (ix) The amount of any ad valorem taxes and assessments paid and the amount of any costs incurred for habitat management or construction and maintenance of improvements on real property, claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,203, and amendments thereto.
- (x) Amounts received as nonqualified withdrawals, as defined by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 75-643, and amendments thereto, if, at the time of contribution to a family postsecondary education savings account, such amounts were subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to K.S.A. 79-32,117(c)(xv), and amendments thereto, or if such amounts are not already included in the federal adjusted gross income.
- (xi) The amount of any contribution made to the same extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 74-50,154, and amendments thereto.
- (xii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2004, amounts received as withdrawals not in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 74-50,204, and amendments thereto, if, at the time of contribution to an individual development account, such amounts were subtracted from the federal adjusted gross income pursuant to subsection (c)(xiii), or if such amounts are not already included in the federal adjusted gross income.
- (xiii) The amount of any expenditures claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,217 through 79-32,220 or 79-32,222, and

amendments thereto.

- (xiv) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,221, and amendments thereto.
- (xv) The amount of any expenditures claimed for deduction in determining federal adjusted gross income, to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for any credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,223 through 79-32,226, 79-32,228 through 79-32,231, 79-32,233 through 79-32,236, 79-32,238 through 79-32,241, 79-32,245 through 79-32,248 or 79-32,251 through 79-32,254, and amendments thereto.
- (xvi) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250 or 79-32,255, and amendments thereto.
- (xvii) The amount of any amortization deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income to the extent the same is claimed for deduction pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,256, and amendments thereto.
- (xviii) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2006, the amount of any ad valorem or property taxes and assessments paid to a state other than Kansas or local government located in a state other than Kansas by a taxpayer who resides in a state other than Kansas, when the law of such state does not allow a resident of Kansas who earns income in such other state to claim a deduction for ad valorem or property taxes or assessments paid to a political subdivision of the state of Kansas in determining taxable income for income tax purposes in such other state, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (xix) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any: (1) Loss from business as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule C and on line 12 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; (2) loss from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, except those with wholly owned subsidiaries subject to the Kansas privilege tax, estates, trusts, residual interest in real estate mortgage investment conduits and net farm rental as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule E and on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; and (3) farm loss as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule F and on line 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return; all to the extent deducted or subtracted in determining the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this subsection, references to the federal form 1040 and federal schedule C, schedule E, and schedule F, shall be to such form and schedules as they existed for tax year 2011, and as revised thereafter by the internal revenue service.
- (xx) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for self-employment taxes under section 164(f) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer, to the extent the deduction is attributable to income reported on schedule C, E or F and on line 12, 17 or 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return.
- (xxi) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for pension, profit sharing, and annuity

plans of self-employed individuals under section 62(a)(6) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.

- (xxii) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for health insurance under section 162(l) of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.
- (xxiii) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any deduction for domestic production activities under section 199 of the federal internal revenue code as in effect on January 1, 2012, and amendments thereto, in determining the federal adjusted gross income of an individual taxpayer.
- (xxiv) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid for medical care of the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or dependents when such expenses were paid or incurred for an abortion, or for a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as an itemized deduction for federal income tax purposes.
- (xxv) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid by a taxpayer for health care when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage, a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage or amounts contributed to health savings accounts for such taxpayer's employees for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such taxes and assessments are claimed as a deduction for federal income tax purposes.
 - (c) There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income:
- (i) Interest or dividend income on obligations or securities of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States and its possessions less any related expenses directly incurred in the purchase of such obligations or securities, to the extent included in federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes under the laws of the United States.
- (ii) Any amounts received which are included in federal adjusted gross income but which are specifically exempt from Kansas income taxation under the laws of the state of Kansas.
- (iii) The portion of any gain or loss from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis for Kansas income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes on the date such property was sold or disposed of in a transaction in which gain or loss was recognized for purposes of federal income tax that does not exceed such difference in basis, but if a gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to that portion of such gain which is included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (iv) The amount necessary to prevent the taxation under this act of any annuity or other amount of income or gain which was properly included in income or gain and was

taxed under the laws of this state for a taxable year prior to the effective date of this act, as amended, to the taxpayer, or to a decedent by reason of whose death the taxpayer acquired the right to receive the income or gain, or to a trust or estate from which the taxpayer received the income or gain.

- (v) The amount of any refund or credit for overpayment of taxes on or measured by income or fees or payments in lieu of income taxes imposed by this state, or any taxing jurisdiction, to the extent included in gross income for federal income tax purposes.
- (vi) Accumulation distributions received by a taxpayer as a beneficiary of a trust to the extent that the same are included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (vii) Amounts received as annuities under the federal civil service retirement system from the civil service retirement and disability fund and other amounts received as retirement benefits in whatever form which were earned for being employed by the federal government or for service in the armed forces of the United States.
- (viii) Amounts received by retired railroad employees as a supplemental annuity under the provisions of 45 U.S.C. §§ 228b (a) and 228c (a)(1) et seq.
- (ix) Amounts received by retired employees of a city and by retired employees of any board of such city as retirement allowances pursuant to K.S.A. 13-14,106, and amendments thereto, or pursuant to any charter ordinance exempting a city from the provisions of K.S.A. 13-14,106, and amendments thereto.
- (x) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1976, the amount of the federal tentative jobs tax credit disallowance under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. § 280 C. For taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, the amount of the targeted jobs tax credit and work incentive credit disallowances under 26 U.S.C. § 280 C.
- (xi) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986, dividend income on stock issued by Kansas venture capital, inc.
- (xii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, amounts received by retired employees of a board of public utilities as pension and retirement benefits pursuant to K.S.A. 13-1246, 13-1246a and 13-1249, and amendments thereto.
- (xiii) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts contributed to and the amount of income earned on contributions deposited to an individual development account under K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 74-50,201 et seq., and amendments thereto.
- (xiv) For all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1996, that portion of any income of a bank organized under the laws of this state or any other state, a national banking association organized under the laws of the United States, an association organized under the savings and loan code of this state or any other state, or a federal savings association organized under the laws of the United States, for which an election as an S corporation under subchapter S of the federal internal revenue code is in effect, which accrues to the taxpayer who is a stockholder of such corporation and which is not distributed to the stockholders as dividends of the corporation. For—all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of modification under this subsection shall exclude the portion of income or loss reported on schedule E and included on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return
- (xv) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, amounts not exceeding \$3,000, or \$6,000 for a married couple filing a joint return, for each designated beneficiary which are contributed to a family postsecondary education

savings account established under the Kansas postsecondary education savings program or a qualified tuition program established and maintained by another state or agency or instrumentality thereof pursuant to section 529 of the internal revenue code of 1986, as amended, for the purpose of paying the qualified higher education expenses of a designated beneficiary at an institution of postsecondary education. The terms and phrases used in this paragraph shall have the meaning respectively ascribed thereto by the provisions of K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 75-643, and amendments thereto, and the provisions of such section are hereby incorporated by reference for all purposes thereof.

(xvi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts received by taxpayers who are or were members of the armed forces of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard, as a recruitment, sign up or retention bonus received by such taxpayer as an incentive to join, enlist or remain in the armed services of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard, and amounts received for repayment of educational or student loans incurred by or obligated to such taxpayer and received by such taxpayer as a result of such taxpayer's service in the armed forces of the United States, including service in the Kansas army and air national guard.

(xvii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, amounts received by taxpayers who are eligible members of the Kansas army and air national guard as a reimbursement pursuant to K.S.A. 48-281, and amendments thereto, and amounts received for death benefits pursuant to K.S.A. 48-282, and amendments thereto, or pursuant to section 1 or section 2 of chapter 207 of the 2005 Session Laws of Kansas, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such death benefits are included in federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.

(xviii) For the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2006, amounts received as benefits under the federal social security act which are included in federal adjusted gross income of a taxpayer with federal adjusted gross income of \$50,000 or less, whether such taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household, married filing separate or married filing jointly; and for all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, amounts received as benefits under the federal social security act which are included in federal adjusted gross income of \$75,000 or less, whether such taxpayer's filing status is single, head of household, married filing separate or married filing jointly.

(xix) Amounts received by retired employees of Washburn university as retirement and pension benefits under the university's retirement plan.

(xx) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of any: (1) Net profit from business as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule C and on line 12 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; (2) net income, not including guaranteed payments as defined in section 707(c) of the federal internal revenue code and as reported to the taxpayer from federal schedule K-1, (form 1065-B), in box 9, code F or as reported to the taxpayer from federal schedule K-1, (form 1065) in box 4, from rental real estate, royalties, partnerships, S corporations, estates, trusts, residual interest in real estate mortgage investment conduits and net farm rental as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule E and on line 17 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal individual income tax return; and (3) net farm profit as determined under the federal internal revenue code and reported from schedule F and on

line 18 of the taxpayer's form 1040 federal income tax return; all to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. For purposes of this subsection, references to the federal form 1040 and federal schedule C, schedule E, and schedule F, shall be to such form and schedules as they existed for tax year 2011 and as revised thereafter by the internal revenue service.

- (xxi) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, amounts equal to the unreimbursed travel, lodging and medical expenditures directly incurred by a taxpayer while living, or a dependent of the taxpayer while living, for the donation of one or more human organs of the taxpayer, or a dependent of the taxpayer, to another person for human organ transplantation. The expenses may be claimed as a subtraction modification provided for in this section to the extent the expenses are not already subtracted from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income. In no circumstances shall the subtraction modification provided for in this section for any individual, or a dependent, exceed \$5,000. As used in this section, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung or bone marrow. The provisions of this paragraph shall take effect on the day the secretary of revenue certifies to the director of the budget that the cost for the department of revenue of modifications to the automated tax system for the purpose of implementing this paragraph will not exceed \$20,000.
- (xxii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, and ending before January 1, 2017, the amount of net gain from the sale of: (1) Cattle and horses, regardless of age, held by the taxpayer for draft, breeding, dairy or sporting purposes, and held by such taxpayer for 24 months or more from the date of acquisition; and (2) other livestock, regardless of age, held by the taxpayer for draft, breeding, dairy or sporting purposes, and held by such taxpayer for 12 months or more from the date of acquisition. The subtraction from federal adjusted gross income shall be limited to the amount of the additions recognized under the provisions of subsection (b)(xix) attributable to the business in which the livestock sold had been used. As used in this paragraph, the term "livestock" shall not include poultry.
- (xxiii) For all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2012, amounts received under either the Overland Park, Kansas police department retirement plan or the Overland Park, Kansas fire department retirement plan, both as established by the city of Overland Park, pursuant to the city's home rule authority.
- (xxiv) For-all taxable years beginning after December 31, 2013, and ending before January 1, 2017, the net gain from the sale from Christmas trees grown in Kansas and held by the taxpayer for six years or more.
- (d) There shall be added to or subtracted from federal adjusted gross income the taxpayer's share, as beneficiary of an estate or trust, of the Kansas fiduciary adjustment determined under K.S.A. 79-32,135, and amendments thereto.
- (e) The amount of modifications required to be made under this section by a partner which relates to items of income, gain, loss, deduction or credit of a partnership shall be determined under K.S.A. 79-32,131, and amendments thereto, to the extent that such items affect federal adjusted gross income of the partner.
- (f) Any taxpayer who is in compliance with the provisions of this section as they appear on June 30, 2017, shall not be assessed penalties and interest from the underpayment of taxes due to changes to this section that became law on July 1, 2017, so long as such underpayment occurred prior to July 1, 2017, and is rectified on or before April 17, 2018.

- Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,120 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,120. (a) (1) If federal taxable income of an individual is determined by itemizing deductions from such individual's federal adjusted gross income, such individual may elect to deduct the Kansas itemized deduction in lieu of the Kansas standard deduction.
- (2) For the tax year commencing on January 1, 2013, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means 70% of the total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section.
- (3) For the tax year commencing on January 1, 2014, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means 65% of the total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section.
- (4) For the tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2015, and ending before January 1, 2018, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 50% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (C) 50% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.
- (5) For the tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2018, and ending before January 1, 2020, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 100% of expenses for medical care allowable as deductions in section 213 of the federal internal revenue code; (C) 50% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (D) 50% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.
- (6) For the tax years commencing on and after January 1, 2020, the Kansas itemized deduction of an individual means the following deductions from federal adjusted gross income, other than federal deductions for personal exemptions, as provided in the federal internal revenue code with the modifications specified in this section: (A) 100% of charitable contributions that qualify as charitable contributions allowable as deductions in section 170 of the federal internal revenue code; (B) 100% of expenses for medical care allowable as deductions in section 213 of the federal internal revenue code; (C) 100% of the amount of qualified residence interest as provided in section 163(h) of the federal internal revenue code; and (D) 100% of the amount of taxes on real and personal property as provided in section 164(a) of the federal internal revenue code.
 - (b) The total amount of deductions from federal adjusted gross income shall be

reduced by the total amount of income taxes imposed by or paid to this state or any other taxing jurisdiction to the extent that the same are deducted in determining the federal itemized deductions and by the amount of all depreciation deductions claimed for any real or tangible personal property upon which the deduction allowed by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto, is or has been claimed.

- Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,138 is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-32,138. (a) Kansas taxable income of a corporation taxable under this act shall be the corporation's federal taxable income for the taxable year with the modifications specified in this section.
- (b) There shall be added to federal taxable income: (i) The same modifications as are set forth in-subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-32,117(b), and amendments thereto, with respect to resident individuals, except subsections (b)(xix), (b)(xxi), (b)(xxii) and (b)(xxiii)-;
- (ii) the amount of all depreciation deductions claimed for any property upon which the deduction allowed by K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto, is claimed::
- (iii) the amount of any charitable contribution deduction claimed for any contribution or gift to or for the use of any racially segregated educational institution:
- (iv) for taxable years commencing December 31, 2013, that portion of the amount of any expenditure deduction claimed in determining federal adjusted gross income for expenses paid by a taxpayer for health care when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage, a health benefit plan, as defined in K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 65-6731, and amendments thereto, when such expenses were paid or incurred for abortion coverage or amounts contributed to health savings accounts for such taxpayer's employees for the purchase of an optional rider for coverage of abortion in accordance with K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 40-2,190, and amendments thereto:
- (v) the amount of any charitable contribution deduction claimed for any contribution or gift made to a scholarship granting organization to the extent the same is claimed as the basis for the credit allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 72-99a07, and amendments thereto-; and
 - (vi) the federal net operating loss deduction.
- (c) There shall be subtracted from federal taxable income: (i) The same modifications as are set forth in-subsection (e) of K.S.A. 79-32,117(c), and amendments thereto, with respect to resident individuals, except subsection (c)(xx):
- (ii) the federal income tax liability for any taxable year commencing prior to December 31, 1971, for which a Kansas return was filed after reduction for all credits thereon, except credits for payments on estimates of federal income tax, credits for gasoline and lubricating oil tax, and for foreign tax credits if, on the Kansas income tax return for such prior year, the federal income tax deduction was computed on the basis of the federal income tax paid in such prior year, rather than as accrued. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the deduction for federal income tax liability for any year shall not exceed that portion of the total federal income tax liability for such year which bears the same ratio to the total federal income tax liability for such year as the Kansas taxable income, as computed before any deductions for federal income taxes and after application of subsections (d) and (e) of this section as existing for such year,

bears to the federal taxable income for the same year-;

- (iii) an amount for the amortization deduction allowed pursuant to K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,221, 79-32,227, 79-32,232, 79-32,237, 79-32,249, 79-32,250, 79-32,255 or 79-32,256, and amendments thereto::
- (iv) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987, the amount included in federal taxable income pursuant to the provisions of section 78 of the internal revenue code:; and
- (v) for all taxable years commencing after December 31, 1987, 80% of dividends from corporations incorporated outside of the United States or the District of Columbia which are included in federal taxable income.
- (d) If any corporation derives all of its income from sources within Kansas in any taxable year commencing after December 31, 1979, its Kansas taxable income shall be the sum resulting after application of subsections (a) through (c) hereof. Otherwise, such corporation's Kansas taxable income in any such taxable year, after excluding any refunds of federal income tax and before the deduction of federal income taxes provided by subsection (c)(ii) shall be allocated as provided in K.S.A. 79-3271 to K.S.A. 79-3293, inclusive, and amendments thereto, plus any refund of federal income tax as determined under—paragraph (iv) of subsection (b) of K.S.A. 79-32,117(b)(iv), and amendments thereto, and minus the deduction for federal income taxes as provided by subsection (c)(ii) shall be such corporation's Kansas taxable income.
- (e) A corporation may make an election with respect to its first taxable year commencing after December 31, 1982, whereby no addition modifications as provided for in subsection (b)(ii)-of K.S.A. 79-32,138, and amendments thereto, and subtraction modifications as provided for in subsection (c)(iii)-of K.S.A. 79-32,138, and amendments thereto, as those subsections existed prior to their amendment by this act, shall be required to be made for such taxable year.
- Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,165, 12-17,179, 79-32,110, 79-32,117, 79-32,120, 79-32,138 and 79-32,269 are hereby repealed.";

And by renumbering sections accordingly:

On page 1, in the title, in line 1, by striking all after "concerning"; by striking all in line 2; in line 3, by striking all before the period and inserting: "taxation; relating to sales and compensating use tax, collection and distribution thereof, STAR bonds; income taxation, determination of Kansas adjusted gross income, modifications, rates and itemized deductions; amending K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 12-17,165, 12-17,179, 79-32,110, 79-32,117, 79-32,120 and 79-32,138 and repealing the existing sections; also repealing K.S.A. 2016 Supp. 79-32,269";

And your committee on conference recommends the adoption of this report.

Caryn Tyson Dan Kerschen Tom Holland Conferees on part of Senate

Steven Johnson Tom Phillips Tom Sawyer Conferees on part of House Senator Tyson moved the Senate adopt the Conference Committee Report on HB 2067.

Senator Pyle offered a substitute motion to not adopt the Conference Committee Report on **HB 2067.** The Chair ruled the motion was out of order. Senator Pyle challenged the ruling. The Subcommittee on Rules sustained the ruling of the chair.

The Senate returned to Senator Tyson's original motion.

On roll call, the vote was: Yeas 26; Nays 14; Present and Passing 0; Absent or Not Voting 0.

Yeas: Berger, Billinger, Bollier, Bowers, Denning, Doll, Estes, Faust-Goudeau, Francisco, Givens, Goddard, Haley, Hardy, Hawk, Hensley, Holland, Kelly, Kerschen, Longbine, McGinn, Pettey, Rogers, V. Schmidt, Skubal, Sykes, Taylor.

Nays: Alley, Baumgardner, Fitzgerald, Hilderbrand, Lynn, Masterson, Olson, Petersen, Pilcher-Cook, Pyle, Suellentrop, Tyson, Wagle, Wilborn.

The Conference Committee Report was adopted.

EXPLANATION OF VOTE

Madam President: Tonight we have had a nice discussion around tax policy, and for that I thank my fellow Senators. Now, it is time for us to take care of Kansans in need. We must support those who are not able to care for themselves. From those with mental illness to those on the HCBS waiting list to children reported for possible abuse...all deserve a functioning, appropriately funded government to supply appropriate services. This state has suffered long enough from a failed tax policy brought by Governor Brownback. I stand in support of moving forward with a structural fix to our budget crisis and vote YES on the Conference Committee Report for HB 2067.—Barbara Boller

Senators Hardy and Pettey request the record to show they concur with the "Explanation of Vote" offered by Senator Bollier on **HB 2067**.

Madam President: The Senate has now voted twice on a conference committee report on **HB 2067**. The first time was on May 10 when the bill failed 18-22 and raised only \$440 million in the first year. Seven of the nine Democrats voted against that bill. Tonight, this bill raises \$591 million and goes a lot further in getting our fiscal house in order. This bill is necessary because of what happened in 2012. The Brownback income tax cuts went entirely too far and resulted in a self-inflicted budget crisis. The Senate Democrats unanimously vote for this bill to reverse the damage that's been done by Sam Brownback's failed experiment.—Anthony Hensley

Vice President Longbine assumed the chair.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE

The House nonconcurs in Senate amendments to **Sub HB 2230**, requests a conference and has appointed Representatives Johnson, Phillips and Sawyer as conferees on the part of the House.

The House announced the appointment of Representative Sawyer to replace Representative Ward as a conferee on **SB 30**.

ORIGINAL MOTION

On motion of Senator Tyson, the Senate acceded to the request of the House for a conference on **Sub HB 2230**.

The Vice President appointed Senators Tyson, Kerschen and Holland as conferees on the part of the Senate.

REPORT ON ENROLLED BILLS

H Sub SB 21; **H** Sub SB 60 reported correctly enrolled, properly signed and presented to the Governor on May 30, 2017.

SR 1752 reported correctly enrolled, properly signed and presented to the Secretary of the Senate on May 30, 2017.

On motion of Senator Denning, the Senate adjourned until 10:00 a.m., Wednesday, May 31, 2017.

CHARLENE BAILEY, CINDY SHEPARD, Journal Clerks. COREY CARNAHAN, Secretary of the Senate.

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