

SESSION OF 2015

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTE ON HOUSE BILL NO. 2336

As Amended by Senate Committee on
Corrections and Juvenile Justice

Brief*

HB 2336, as amended, would require the court to administer a risk assessment tool or review a risk assessment tool administered within the past six months before a juvenile offender can be placed in a juvenile detention center, under house arrest, or in the custody of the Department of Corrections, or can be committed to a sanctions house or to a juvenile correctional facility.

Background

The House Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice introduced the bill at the request of Representative Finch. In the House Committee, a representative of Kansas Appleseed provided proponent testimony. The Secretary of Corrections provided written proponent testimony. There was no neutral or opponent testimony.

The House Committee amended the bill to allow the court to review a risk assessment administered in the past six months, in lieu of administering a new risk assessment.

In the Senate Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice, representatives of Kansas Appleseed and the Office of Judicial Administration provided proponent testimony. The Secretary of Corrections provided written proponent testimony. There was no neutral or opponent testimony.

*Supplemental notes are prepared by the Legislative Research Department and do not express legislative intent. The supplemental note and fiscal note for this bill may be accessed on the Internet at <http://www.kslegislature.org>

The Senate Committee amended the bill to make technical corrections reflecting the transfer of juvenile justice responsibilities from the Juvenile Justice Authority to the Department of Corrections by Executive Reorganization Order 42 in 2013.

According to the fiscal note prepared by the Division of the Budget, the bill, as introduced, would require additional court services officers to be trained to use the juvenile risk assessment tool. It is estimated the training would increase expenditures; however, existing funding from the Correctional Supervision Fund would be used to cover any costs that may occur. Any fiscal effect associated with the bill is not reflected in *The FY 2016 Governor's Budget Report*.