Session of 2016

HOUSE BILL No. 2545

By Committee on Corrections and Juvenile Justice

1-26

AN ACT concerning criminal procedure; relating to arrest warrants; search
 warrants; amending K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 22-2302 and 22-2502 and
 repealing the existing sections.

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

6 Section 1. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 22-2302 is hereby amended to read as 7 follows: 22-2302. (a) If the magistrate finds from the complaint, or from 8 an affidavit or affidavits filed with the complaint or from sworn testimony, 9 that there is probable cause to believe both that a crime has been 10 committed and that the defendant has committed it, a warrant for the arrest 11 of the defendant shall issue, except that a summons instead of a warrant 12 may be issued if: (1) The prosecuting attorney so requests; or (2) in the 13 case of a complaint alleging commission of a misdemeanor, the magistrate 14 determines that a summons should be issued. More than one warrant or 15 summons may issue on the same complaint. If a defendant fails to appear 16 in response to the summons, a warrant shall issue.

17 (b) For a warrant or summons executed prior to July 1, 2014, 18 affidavits or sworn testimony in support of the probable cause requirement 19 of this section shall not be made available for examination without a 20 written order of the court, except that such affidavits or testimony when 21 requested shall be made available to the defendant or the defendant's 22 counsel for such disposition as either may desire.

(c) (1) For a warrant or summons executed on or after July 1, 2014,
affidavits or sworn testimony in support of the probable cause requirement
of this section shall not be open to the public until the warrant or summons
has been executed. After the warrant or summons has been executed, such
affidavits or sworn testimony shall be made available to:

(A) The defendant or the defendant's counsel, when requested, forsuch disposition as either may desire; and

(B) any person, when requested, in accordance with the requirementsof this subsection.

(2) Any person may request that affidavits or sworn testimony be
 disclosed by filing such request with the clerk of the court. The clerk of the
 court shall promptly notify the defendant or the defendant's counsel, the
 prosecutor and the magistrate that such request was filed.

(3) Within five business days after receiving notice of a request for

disclosure from the clerk of the court, the defendant or the defendant's
 counsel and the prosecutor may submit to the magistrate, under seal,
 either:

4 (A) Proposed redactions, if any, to the affidavits or sworn testimony 5 and the reasons supporting such proposed redactions; or

6 (B) a motion to seal the affidavits or sworn testimony and the reasons 7 supporting such proposed seal.

8 (4) The magistrate shall review the requested affidavits or sworn 9 testimony and any proposed redactions or motion to seal submitted by the 10 defendant, the defendant's counsel or the prosecutor. The magistrate shall 11 make appropriate redactions, or seal the affidavits or sworn testimony, as 12 necessary to prevent public disclosure of information that would:

(A) Jeopardize the safety or well being of a victim, witness,
 confidential source or undercover agent, or cause the destruction of
 evidence;

16 (B) reveal information obtained from a court-ordered wiretap or from 17 a search warrant for a tracking device that has not expired;

(C) interfere with any prospective law enforcement action, criminalinvestigation or prosecution;

(D) reveal the identity of any confidential source or undercover agent;

(E) reveal confidential investigative techniques or procedures notknown to the general public;

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(F) endanger the life or physical safety of any person;

(G) reveal the name, address, telephone number or any other
information which specifically and individually identifies the victim of any
sexual offense described in article 35 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes
Annotated, prior to their repeal, or article 55 of chapter 21 of the Kansas
Statutes Annotated or K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-6419 through 21-6422, and
amendments thereto;

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(H) reveal the name of any minor; or

(I) reveal any date of birth, personal or business telephone number,
 driver's license number, nondriver's identification number, social security
 number, employee identification number, taxpayer identification number,
 vehicle identification number or financial account information.

(5) Within five business days after receiving proposed redactions or a
motion to seal from the defendant, the defendant's counsel or the
prosecutor, or within 10 business days after receiving notice of a request
for disclosure, whichever is earlier, the magistrate shall either:

39 (A) Order disclosure of the affidavits or sworn testimony with40 appropriate redactions, if any; or

41 (B) order the affidavits or sworn testimony sealed and not subject to 42 public disclosure.

43 (6) (A) If the magistrate orders disclosure of the affidavits or sworn

testimony with appropriate redactions, if any, to any person in accordance 1

2 with the requirements of this subsection, then such affidavits or sworn 3 testimony shall become part of the court record and shall be accessible to

4 the public.

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5 (B) If the magistrate orders the affidavits or sworn testimony sealed 6 and not subject to public disclosure in accordance with the requirements 7 of this subsection, then such affidavits or sworn testimony shall not 8 become part of the court record and shall not be accessible to the public.

9 (C) Any request for disclosure of affidavits or sworn testimony in accordance with the requirements of this subsection shall become part of 10 the court record and shall be accessible to the public, regardless of 11 12 whether the magistrate orders disclosure with appropriate redactions, if 13 any, or sealing of the requested affidavit or sworn testimony.

14 Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 22-2502 is hereby amended to read as follows: 22-2502. (a) A search warrant shall be issued only upon the oral 15 16 or written statement, including those conveyed or received by electronic 17 communication, of any person under oath or affirmation which states facts 18 sufficient to show probable cause that a crime has been, is being or is about to be committed and which particularly describes a person, place or 19 means of conveyance to be searched and things to be seized. Any 20 21 statement which is made orally shall be either taken down by a certified 22 shorthand reporter, sworn to under oath and made part of the application 23 for a search warrant, or recorded before the magistrate from whom the 24 search warrant is requested and sworn to under oath. Any statement orally 25 made shall be reduced to writing as soon thereafter as possible. If the 26 magistrate is satisfied that grounds for the application exist or that there is 27 probable cause to believe that they exist, the magistrate may issue a search 28 warrant for:

(1) The search or seizure of the following:

30 (A) Any thing that can be seized under the fourth amendment of the 31 United States constitution;

32 (B) any thing which has been used in the commission of a crime, or 33 any contraband or any property which constitutes or may be considered a 34 part of the evidence, fruits or instrumentalities of a crime under the laws of this state, any other state or of the United States. The term "fruits" as used 35 36 in this act shall be interpreted to include any property into which the thing 37 or things unlawfully taken or possessed may have been converted;

38 (C) any person who has been kidnapped in violation of the laws of 39 this state or who has been kidnapped in another jurisdiction and is now 40 concealed within this state; 41

any human fetus or human corpse; (D)

42 (E) any biological material, DNA, cellular material, blood, hair or 43 fingerprints;

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1 (F) any person for whom a valid felony arrest warrant has been issued 2 in this state or in another jurisdiction; or

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(G) (i) any information concerning the user of an electronic communication service; any information concerning the location of 4 electronic communications systems, including, but not limited to, towers 5 6 transmitting cellular signals involved in any wire communication; and any 7 other information made through an electronic communications system; or

8 (ii) the jurisdiction granted in this paragraph shall extend to 9 information held by entities registered to do business in the state of Kansas, submitting to the jurisdiction thereof, and entities primarily 10 located outside the state of Kansas if the jurisdiction in which the entity is 11 primarily located recognizes the authority of the magistrate to issue the 12 search warrant: or 13

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(2) the installation, maintenance and use of a tracking device.

(b) (1) The search warrant under subsection (a)(2) shall authorize the 15 16 installation and use of the tracking device to track and collect tracking data 17 relating to a person or property for a specified period of time, not to exceed 30 days from the date of the installation of the device. 18

19 (2) The search warrant under subsection (a)(2) may authorize the 20 retrieval of the tracking data recorded by the tracking device during the 21 specified period of time for authorized use of such tracking device within a 22 reasonable time after the expiration of such warrant, for good cause 23 shown.

24 (3) The magistrate may, for good cause shown, grant one or more 25 extensions of a search warrant under subsection (a)(2) for the use of a tracking device, not to exceed 30 days each. 26

(c) Before ruling on a request for a search warrant, the magistrate 27 28 may require the affiant to appear personally and may examine under oath the affiant and any witnesses that the affiant may produce. Such 29 proceeding shall be taken down by a certified shorthand reporter or 30 31 recording equipment and made part of the application for a search warrant.

32 (d) For a warrant executed prior to July 1, 2014, affidavits or sworn 33 testimony in support of the probable cause requirement of this section or 34 search warrants for tracking devices shall not be made available for examination without a written order of the court, except that such 35 36 affidavits or testimony when requested shall be made available to the 37 defendant or the defendant's counsel for such disposition as either may 38 desire

39 (e) (1) For a warrant executed on or after July 1, 2014, affidavits or 40 sworn testimony in support of the probable cause requirement of this 41 section or search warrants for tracking devices shall not be open to the public until the warrant has been executed. After the warrant has been 42 43 executed, such affidavits or sworn testimony shall be made available to:

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1 (A) The defendant or the defendant's counsel, when requested, for 2 such disposition as either may desire; and

3 (B) any person, when requested, in accordance with the requirements 4 of this subsection.

5 (2) Any person may request that affidavits or sworn testimony be 6 disclosed by filing such request with the clerk of the court. The clerk of the 7 court shall promptly notify the defendant or the defendant's counsel, the 8 prosecutor and the magistrate that such request was filed.

9 (3) Within five business days after receiving notice of a request for 10 disclosure from the clerk of the court, the defendant or the defendant's 11 counsel and the prosecutor may submit to the magistrate, under seal, 12 either:

(A) Proposed redactions, if any, to the affidavits or sworn testimonyand the reasons supporting such proposed redactions; or

15 (B) a motion to seal the affidavits or sworn testimony and the reasons 16 supporting such proposed seal.

17 (4) The magistrate shall review the requested affidavits or sworn 18 testimony and any proposed redactions or motion to seal submitted by the 19 defendant, the defendant's counsel or the prosecutor. The magistrate shall 20 make appropriate redactions, or seal the affidavits or sworn testimony, as 21 necessary to prevent public disclosure of information that would:

(A) Jeopardize the safety or well being of a victim, witness,
 confidential source or undercover agent, or cause the destruction of
 evidence;

25 (B) reveal information obtained from a court-ordered wiretap or from 26 a search warrant for a tracking device that has not expired;

(C) interfere with any prospective law enforcement action, criminalinvestigation or prosecution;

29 (D) reveal the identity of any confidential source or undercover agent;

30 (E) reveal confidential investigative techniques or procedures not 31 known to the general public;

(F) endanger the life or physical safety of any person;

(G) reveal the name, address, telephone number or any other
information which specifically and individually identifies the victim of any
sexual offense described in article 35 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes
Annotated, prior to their repeal, or article 55 of chapter 21 of the Kansas
Statutes Annotated or K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 21-6419 through 21-6422, and
amendments thereto;

39 (H) reveal the name of any minor; or

40 (I) reveal any date of birth, personal or business telephone number,
41 driver's license number, nondriver's identification number, social security
42 number, employee identification number, taxpayer identification number,
43 vehicle identification number or financial account information.

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1 (5) Within five business days after receiving proposed redactions or a 2 motion to seal from the defendant, the defendant's counsel or the 3 prosecutor, or within 10 business days after receiving notice of a request 4 for disclosure, whichever is earlier, the magistrate shall either:

5 (A) Order disclosure of the affidavits or sworn testimony with 6 appropriate redactions, if any; or

7 (B) order the affidavits or sworn testimony sealed and not subject to 8 public disclosure.

9 (6) (A) If the magistrate orders disclosure of the affidavits or sworn 10 testimony with appropriate redactions, if any, to any person in accordance 11 with the requirements of this subsection, then such affidavits or sworn 12 testimony shall become part of the court record and shall be accessible to 13 the public.

(B) If the magistrate orders the affidavits or sworn testimony sealed
and not subject to public disclosure in accordance with the requirements
of this subsection, then such affidavits or sworn testimony shall not
become part of the court record and shall not be accessible to the public.

18 (C) Any request for disclosure of affidavits or sworn testimony in 19 accordance with the requirements of this subsection shall become part of 20 the court record and shall be accessible to the public, regardless of 21 whether the magistrate orders disclosure with appropriate redactions, if 22 any, or sealing of the requested affidavit or sworn testimony.

(f) As used in this section:

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(1) "Electronic communication" means the use of electronicequipment to send or transfer a copy of an original document;

26 (2) "electronic communication service" and "electronic
27 communication system" have the meaning as defined in K.S.A. 22-2514,
28 and amendments thereto;

(3) "tracking data" means information gathered or recorded by atracking device; and

(4) "tracking device" means an electronic or mechanical device that
permits a person to remotely determine or track the position or movement
of a person or object. "Tracking device" includes, but is not limited to, a
device that stores geographic data for subsequent access or analysis and a
device that allows for the real-time monitoring of movement.

(g) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a search
warrant for cellular location information in an emergency situation
pursuant to K.S.A. 22-4615, and amendments thereto.

39 Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2015 Supp. 22-2302 and 22-2502 are hereby repealed.

40 Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 41 publication in the statute book.