38-2331. Criteria for detention of juvenile in detention facility. (a) If no prior order removing a juvenile from the juvenile's home pursuant to K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 38-2334 or 38-2335, and amendments thereto, has been made, the court shall not enter an order removing a juvenile from the custody of a parent pursuant to this section unless the court first finds probable cause that:
(1) (A) The juvenile is likely to sustain harm if not immediately removed from the home;
(B) allowing the juvenile to remain in home is contrary to the welfare of the juvenile; or
(C) immediate placement of the juvenile is in the juvenile's best interest; and
(2) reasonable efforts have been made to maintain the family unit and prevent the unnecessary removal of the juvenile from the juvenile's home or that an emergency exists which threatens the safety of the juvenile. The court shall state the basis for each finding in writing.
(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a juvenile may be placed in a juvenile detention facility pursuant to subsection (c) or (d) of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 38-2330 or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 38-2343, and amendments thereto, if one or more of the following conditions are met:
(1) There is oral or written verification that the juvenile is a fugitive sought for an offense in another jurisdiction, that the juvenile is currently an escapee from a juvenile detention facility or that the juvenile has absconded from a placement that is court ordered or designated by the juvenile justice authority.
(2) There is probable cause to believe that the juvenile has committed an offense which if committed by an adult would constitute a felony or any crime described in article 55 of chapter 21 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, or K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 21-6419 through 21-6421, and amendments thereto.
(3) The juvenile has been adjudicated for a nonstatus offense and is awaiting final court action on that offense.
(4) The juvenile has a record of failure to appear in court or there is probable cause to believe that the juvenile will flee the jurisdiction of the court.
(5) The juvenile has a history of violent behavior toward others.
(6) The juvenile exhibited seriously assaultive or destructive behavior or self-destructive behavior at the time of being taken into custody.
(7) The juvenile has a record of adjudication or conviction of one or more offenses which if committed by an adult would constitute a felony.
(8) The juvenile is a juvenile offender who has been expelled from placement in a nonsecure facility as a result of the current alleged offense.
(9) The juvenile has been taken into custody by any court services officer, juvenile community corrections officer or other person authorized to supervise juveniles subject to this code pursuant to subsection (b) of K.S.A. 2014 Supp. 38-2330, and amendments thereto.
(10) The juvenile has violated probation or conditions of release.
(c) No person 18 years of age or more shall be placed in a juvenile detention center.

History: L. 2006, ch. 169, § 31; L. 2011, ch. 30, § 165; L. 2012, ch. 69, § 1; July 1.

