VIAERO WIRELESS

TO:HOUSE UTILITIES AND COMMUNICATIONS COMMITTEEFROM:ANDREW NEWELL, GENERAL COUNSELSUBJECT:HB 2201DATE:FEBRUARY 8, 2013

- 1. Viaero Overview
 - a. Focus exclusively on small communities and rural areas in Colorado, Nebraska, Kansas and Wyoming. Licensed territory covers roughly 2/3 of rural Kansas.
 - b. Build, maintain, and operate PCS network that is a critical resource not only for our customers, but for AT&T and T-Mobile customers roaming in rural areas
 - c. Coverage for 1.1M people, all outside major metropolitan areas.
 - d. While Viaero draws state high cost support, these dollars are leveraged roughly 6 to 1 with internally generated cash to build infrastructure.
 - e. Viaero has converted a substantial portion of its network to 4G, including some very rural areas of Nebraska and Colorado with assistance from those statesøhigh cost funds. 42Mbps downstream speed, extremely cost effective.
 - f. Viaero currently accounts for less than 0.5% of the KUSF.
- 2. What HB 2201 is NOT
 - a. õIndustry Consensusö legislation. Viaero was not included in any discussions of this bill.
 - b. KUSF Reform. Not a single provision of this bill actually reforms the way the KUSF works, it just discriminates against rural wireless carriers and discourages investment.
 - c. KUSF Reduction. The bill will actually perpetuate the KUSF and lead to its growth, raising customer surcharges.
 - d. A recognition of modern networks or technology. Nothing in the bill promotes investment in broadband infrastructure or holds carriers accountable for making investments in new, modern technology.

- 3. What HB 2201 IS
 - a. Rate deregulation at carriersødiscretion.
 - i. Carriers maintain subsidies after deregulation
 - b. Abandonment of customers at carrierødiscretion
 - i. Elimination of COLR obligation can have no other purpose
 - ii. State will be subsidizing the same companies that abandon customers
 - c. Guarantee of endless and ever-increasing subsidies, and a growing KUSF
 - i. Rural ILECs will be entitled to increased draws as customers leave their network (embedded cost model of support)
 - ii. RLECs also entitled to be made whole for access reductions
 - iii. RLECs will be entitled to embedded costs for serving exchanges abandoned by AT&T or Centurylink.
- 4. There is a path to real reform
 - a. Reduce and eliminate the KUSF:
 - i. Re-task the fund to broadband projects ó build broadband infrastructure in rural communities that need it and when this task is finished, eliminate the KUSF altogether
 - ii. Phase out rate of return regulation and embedded cost subsidies for old copper networks
 - b. Develop a contingency plan before granting COLR relief
 - i. Buyer/successor with fixed amount of KUSF support, not a blank check
 - c. Deregulation should mean eliminating price controls <u>and</u> subsidies, and should be done on the stateøs terms, not carriersøterms.
 - d. Telecommunications policy should exist to benefit consumers and communities, not protect carriers.