SENATE BILL No. 364

By Committee on Education

2-1

AN ACT concerning school districts; relating to changes to the school finance formula; amending K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-3607, 72-6407, 72-6410, 72-6412, 72-6414, 72-6414a, 72-6414b, 72-6421, 72-6423, 72-6426, 72-6431, 72-6433, 72-6434, 72-6441, 72-6449, 72-6451, 72-6460, 72-8237, 72-9509, 72-9609 and 79-201x and repealing the existing sections.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:

Section 1. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-3607 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-3607. (a) There is hereby established in every school district which has developed and is operating a parent education program for which grants are awarded under this act a fund which shall be called the parent education program fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, all moneys received by the school district from whatever source for a parent education program operated under this act shall be credited to the fund established by this section. Amounts deposited in the parent education program fund shall be used exclusively for the payment of expenses directly attributable to the program.

(b) Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the parent education program fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in school year 2011-2012 school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017 by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.

Sec. 2. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6407 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6407. (a) (1) "Pupil" means any person who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 in another district in accordance with an agreement entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, or who is regularly enrolled in a district and attending special education services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the district.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) of this subsection, a pupil in attendance full time shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil in attendance part time shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the
nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the pupil's attendance bears to full-time attendance. A pupil attending kindergarten shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ pupil. A pupil enrolled in and attending an institution of postsecondary education which is authorized under the laws of this state to award academic degrees shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil's postsecondary education enrollment and attendance together with the pupil's attendance in either of the grades 11 or 12 is at least $\frac{5}{6}$ time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the total time of the pupil's postsecondary education attendance and attendance in grade 11 or 12, as applicable, bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in and attending an area vocational school, area vocational-technical school or approved vocational education program shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil's vocational education enrollment and attendance together with the pupil's attendance in any of grades nine through 12 is at least $\frac{5}{6}$ time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the total time of the pupil's vocational education attendance and attendance in any of grades nine through 12 bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending a non-virtual school and also attending a virtual school shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the pupil's attendance at the non-virtual school bears to full-time attendance. Except as provided by this section for preschool-aged exceptional children and virtual school pupils, a pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services, provided for by the district shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services provided for by the district and also attending a virtual school shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest $\frac{1}{10}$) that the pupil's attendance at the non-virtual school bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services for preschool-aged exceptional children provided for by the district shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ pupil. A preschool-aged at-risk pupil enrolled in a district and receiving services under an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan maintained by the district shall be counted as $\frac{1}{2}$ pupil. A pupil in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or in the custody of the commissioner of juvenile justice and enrolled in unified school district No. 259, Sedgwick county, Kansas, but housed, maintained, and receiving educational services at the Judge James V. Riddel Boys Ranch, shall be counted as two pupils. Except as provided in section 1 of chapter 76 of the 2009 Session Laws of the state of Kansas, and amendments thereto, a pupil in the custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or in the custody of the commissioner of juvenile justice and enrolled in unified school district No. 409, Atchison, Kansas, but housed, maintained and receiving educational services at the youth residential center located
on the grounds of the former Atchison juvenile correctional facility, shall be counted as two pupils.

(3) A pupil residing at the Flint Hills job corps center shall not be counted. A pupil confined in and receiving educational services provided for by a district at a juvenile detention facility shall not be counted. A pupil enrolled in a district but housed, maintained, and receiving educational services at a state institution or a psychiatric residential treatment facility shall not be counted.

(b) "Preschool-aged exceptional children" means exceptional children, except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten.

(c) "At-risk pupils" means pupils who are eligible for free meals under the national school lunch act and who are enrolled in a district which maintains an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan.

(d) "Preschool-aged at-risk pupil" means an at-risk pupil who has attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance with guidelines consonant with guidelines governing the selection of pupils for participation in head start programs.

(e) "Enrollment" means: (1) (A) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (1)(B), for districts scheduling the school days or school hours of the school term on a trimestral or quarterly basis, the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 plus the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on February 20 less the number of pupils regularly enrolled on February 20 who were counted in the enrollment of the district on September 20; and for districts not specified in this paragraph (1), the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district on September 20; (B) a pupil who is a foreign exchange student shall not be counted unless such student is regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 maintained by the district for at least one semester or two quarters or the equivalent thereof;

(2) if enrollment in a district in any school year has decreased from enrollment in the preceding school year, enrollment of the district in the current school year means whichever is the greater of (A) enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled, plus enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled, or (B) the sum of enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and the average (mean) of the sum of (i) enrollment of the district in the current school year minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and (ii)
enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school
year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled and
(iii) enrollment in the school year next preceding the preceding school year
minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if
any such pupils were enrolled; or
(3) the number of pupils as determined under K.S.A. 72-6447 or

(f) (1) "Adjusted enrollment" means for school year 2012-2013,
school year 2017-2018 and each school year thereafter: (A) Enrollment adjusted by adding at-risk pupil weighting, program weighting,
low enrollment weighting, if any, high density at-risk pupil weighting, if
any, medium density at-risk pupil weighting, if any, nonproficient pupil
weighting, if any, high enrollment weighting, if any, declining enrollment
weighting, if any, school facilities weighting, if any, ancillary school
facilities weighting, if any, cost of living weighting, if any, special
education and related services weighting, and transportation weighting to
enrollment; or (B) (B) adjusted enrollment as determined under K.S.A.
2011 Supp. 72-6457 or 72-6458, and amendments thereto.

(2) "Adjusted enrollment" means for school years 2013-2014 through
school year 2016-2017 enrollment adjusted by adding at-risk pupil
weighting, program weighting, low enrollment weighting, if any, high
density at-risk pupil weighting, if any, medium density at-risk pupil
weighting, if any, school facilities weighting, if any, special education and
related services weighting, and transportation weighting to enrollment.

(g) "At-risk pupil weighting" means an addend component assigned
to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of at-risk pupils.

(h) "Program weighting" means an addend component assigned to
enrollment of districts on the basis of pupil attendance in educational
programs which differ in cost from regular educational programs.

(i) "Low enrollment weighting" means an addend component
assigned to enrollment of districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6412, and
amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of
educational programs by such districts in comparison with costs
attributable to maintenance of educational programs by districts having to
which high enrollment weighting is assigned pursuant to K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 72-6442b, and amendments thereto.

(j) "School facilities weighting" means an addend component
assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to
commencing operation of new school facilities.

(k) "Transportation weighting" means an addend component assigned
to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to the provision
or furnishing of transportation.

(l) "Cost of living weighting" means an addend component assigned
to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6449, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to the cost of living in the district.

(m) "Ancillary school facilities weighting" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. Ancillary school facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only if the district has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, and remitted the proceeds from such tax to the state treasurer. Ancillary school facilities weighting is in addition to assignment of school facilities weighting to enrollment of any district eligible for such weighting.

(n) "Juvenile detention facility" has the meaning ascribed thereto by 72-8187, and amendments thereto.

(o) "Special education and related services weighting" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to provision of special education and related services for pupils determined to be exceptional children.

(p) "Virtual school" means any school or educational program that:
1. Is offered for credit;
2. Uses distance-learning technologies which predominately use internet-based methods to deliver instruction;
3. Involves instruction that occurs asynchronously with the teacher and pupil in separate locations;
4. Requires the pupil to make academic progress toward the next grade level and matriculation from kindergarten through high school graduation;
5. Requires the pupil to demonstrate competence in subject matter for each class or subject in which the pupil is enrolled as part of the virtual school; and
6. Requires age-appropriate pupils to complete state assessment tests.

(q) "Declining enrollment weighting" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6451, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of revenues attributable to the declining enrollment of the district.

(r) "High enrollment weighting" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6442b, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of educational programs by such districts as a correlate to low enrollment weighting assigned to enrollment of districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto.

(s) "High density at-risk pupil weighting" means an addend component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6455, and amendments thereto, apply.

(t) "Nonproficient pupil" means a pupil who is not eligible for free
meals under the national school lunch act and who has scored less than
proficient on the mathematics or reading state assessment during the
preceding school year and who is enrolled in a district which maintains an
approved proficiency assistance plan.

(u) "Nonproficient pupil weighting" means an addend component
assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of
nonproficient pupils pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6454, and
amendments thereto.

(v) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" has the meaning
ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 72-8187, and amendments thereto.

(w) "Medium density at-risk pupil weighting" means an addend
component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of

Sec. 3. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6410 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6410. (a) "State financial aid" means an amount equal to the
product obtained by multiplying base state aid per pupil by the adjusted
enrollment of a district.

(b) (1) "Base state aid per pupil" means an amount of state financial
aid per pupil. Subject to the other provisions of this subsection, the amount
of base state aid per pupil is $4,433 in school year 2008-2009 and $4,492
in school year 2009-2010 and each school year thereafter.

(2) Except as provided by subsection (b) (3), the amount of base state
aid per pupil is subject to reduction commensurate with any reduction
under K.S.A. 75-6704, and amendments thereto, in the amount of the
appropriation from the state general fund for general state aid. If the
amount of appropriations for general state aid is insufficient to pay in full
the amount each district is entitled to receive for any school year, the
amount of base state aid per pupil for such school year is subject to
reduction commensurate with the amount of the insufficiency.

(3) The provisions of subsection (b)(2) shall not apply in school years
through school year 2016-2017, the amount of base state aid per pupil
shall be as follows:

(A) For school year 2013-2014, the amount of base state aid per
pupil shall be not less than $4,079.

(B) For school years 2014-2015 through school year 2016-2017, the
amount of base state aid per pupil shall be not less than 102% of the base
state aid per pupil for the immediately preceding school year.

(c) "Local effort" means the sum of an amount equal to the proceeds
from the tax levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments
thereto, and an amount equal to any unexpended and unencumbered
balance remaining in the general fund of the district, except amounts
received by the district and authorized to be expended for the purposes
specified in K.S.A. 72-6430, and amendments thereto, and an amount
equal to any unexpended and unencumbered balances remaining in the
program weighted funds of the district, except any amount in the
vocational education fund of the district if the district is operating an area
vocational school, and an amount equal to any remaining proceeds from
taxes levied under authority of K.S.A. 72-7056 and 72-7072, and
amendments thereto, prior to the repeal of such statutory sections, and an
amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the current
school year from amounts received in such year by the district under the
provisions of subsection (a) of K.S.A. 72-1046a, and amendments thereto,
and an amount equal to the amount deposited in the general fund in the
current school year from amounts received in such year by the district
pursuant to contracts made and entered into under authority of K.S.A. 72-
6757, and amendments thereto, and an amount equal to the amount
credited to the general fund in the current school year from amounts
distributed in such year to the district under the provisions of articles 17
and 34 of chapter 12 of Kansas Statutes Annotated and under the
provisions of articles 42 and 51 of chapter 79 of Kansas Statutes
Annotated, and an amount equal to the amount of payments received by
the district under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-979, and amendments
thereto, and an amount equal to the amount of a grant, if any, received by
the district under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-983, and amendments
thereto, and an amount equal to 70% of the federal impact aid of the
district.

(d) "Federal impact aid" means an amount equal to the federally
qualified percentage of the amount of moneys a district receives in the
current school year under the provisions of title I of public law 874 and
congressional appropriations therefor, excluding amounts received for
assistance in cases of major disaster and amounts received under the low-
rent housing program. The amount of federal impact aid defined herein as
an amount equal to the federally qualified percentage of the amount of
moneys provided for the district under title I of public law 874 shall be
determined by the state board in accordance with terms and conditions
imposed under the provisions of the public law and rules and regulations
thereunder.

Sec. 4. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6412 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6412. (a) The low enrollment weighting shall be determined
by the state board as provided by this section.

(b) For districts with enrollment of 1,637 or more in school year
2006-2007, and 1,622 or more in school year 2007-2008 and each school
year thereafter, the low enrollment weighting shall be 0.

(c) Except as provided by subsection (e), for districts with enrollment
of less than 100, the low enrollment weighting shall be equal to the low
enrollment weighting of a district with enrollment of 100.

(d) Except as provided by subsection (e), for districts with enrollment
of less than 1,637 in school year 2006-2007 and less than 1,622 in school
year 2007-2008 and each school year thereafter and more than 99, the low
enrollment weighting shall be determined by the state board as follows:

(1) Determine the low enrollment weighting for such districts for
school year 2004-2005;
(2) multiply the low enrollment weighting of each district determined
under paragraph (1) by 3,863;
(3) add 3,863 to the product obtained under paragraph (2);
(4) divide the product obtained under paragraph (3) by 4,107; and
(5) subtract 1 from the product obtained under paragraph (4). The
difference shall be the low enrollment weighting of the district.

(e) For school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017, the
low enrollment weighting as determined in accordance with this section
shall not exceed 0.9.

Sec. 5. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6414a is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6414a. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund
which shall be called the at-risk education fund, which fund shall consist
of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law.
The expenses of a district directly attributable to providing at-risk
assistance or programs, including assistance or programs provided to
nonproficient pupils, shall be paid from the at-risk education fund.

(b) Any balance remaining in the at-risk education fund at the end of
the budget year shall be carried forward into the at-risk education fund for
succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the provisions
of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing
the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and the amount
on hand in the at-risk education fund, and the amount expended therefrom
shall be included in the annual budget for the information of the residents
of the school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any
such fund shall be credited to that fund.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the at-risk
education fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in
school year 2011-2012 through school years 2013-2014 through school year
2016-2017 by the school district for general operating expenses of the
school district as approved by the board of education.

(c) Each year the board of education of each school district shall
prepare and submit to the state board a report on the at-risk program or
assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include information
specifying the number of at-risk pupils and nonproficient pupils who were
served or provided assistance, the type of service provided, the research
upon which the district relied in determining that a need for service or
assistance existed, the results of providing such service or assistance and
any other information required by the state board.
(d) In order to achieve uniform reporting of the number of at-risk
pupils and nonproficient pupils provided service or assistance by school
districts in at-risk programs, districts shall report the number of at-risk
pupils and nonproficient pupils served or assisted in the manner required
by the state board.
Sec. 6. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6414b is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6414b. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund
which shall be called the preschool-aged at-risk education fund, which
fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto
according to law. The expenses of a district directly attributable to
providing preschool-aged at-risk assistance or programs shall be paid from
the preschool-aged at-risk education fund.
(b) A school district may expend amounts received from the
preschool-aged at-risk weighting to pay the cost of providing at-risk,
bilingual and vocational education programs and services.
(c) Any balance remaining in the preschool-aged at-risk education
fund at the end of the budget year shall be carried forward into the
preschool-aged at-risk education fund for succeeding budget years. Such
fund shall not be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-
2937, and amendments thereto. In preparing the budget of such school
district, the amounts credited to and the amount on hand in the preschool-
aged at-risk education fund, and the amount expended therefrom shall be
included in the annual budget for the information of the residents of the
school district. Interest earned on the investment of moneys in any such
fund shall be credited to that fund.
Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the preschool-aged
at-risk education fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be
expended in school year 2011-2012—school years 2013-2014 through
school year 2016-2017 by the school district for general operating
expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.
(d) Each year the board of education of each school district shall
prepare and submit to the state board a report on the preschool-aged at-risk
program or assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include
information specifying the number of pupils who were served or provided
assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the
district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed,
the results of providing such service or assistance and any other
information required by the state board.
Sec. 7. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6421 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6421. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund
which shall be called the vocational education fund. All moneys received
by a district for any course or program authorized and approved under the
provisions of article 44 of chapter 72 of Kansas Statutes Annotated, and
amendments thereto, except for courses and programs conducted in an area
vocational school, shall be credited to the vocational education fund. All
moneys received by the district from tuition, fees or charges or from any
other source for vocational education courses or programs, except for
courses and programs conducted in an area vocational school, shall be
credited to the vocational education fund. The expenses of a district
directly attributable to vocational education shall be paid from the
vocational education fund.

(b) Obligations of a district pursuant to lawful agreements made
under K.S.A. 72-4421, and amendments thereto, shall be paid from the
vocational education fund established by this section. If any such
agreement expresses an obligation of a district in terms of a mill levy, such
obligation shall be construed to mean an amount equal to that which would
be produced by the levy.

(c) Any balance remaining in the vocational education fund at the end
of the budget year shall be carried forward into the vocational education
fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the
provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto.
In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and
the amount on hand in the vocational education fund, and the amount
expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the
information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the
investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys attributable to appropriations by
the legislature in the vocational education fund of a school district on June
30, 2011, may be expended in school year 2011-2012 school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017 by the school district for general
operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of
education.

Sec. 8. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6423 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6423. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund
which shall be called the driver training fund which fund shall consist of
all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. All
moneys received by the district from distributions made from the state
safety fund and the motorcycle safety fund and from tuition, fees or
charges for driver training courses shall be credited to the driver training
fund. The expenses of a district directly attributable to driver training shall
be paid from the driver training fund.

(b) Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the driver
training fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in
school year 2011-2012 school years 2013-2014 through school year
2016-2017 by the school district for general operating expenses of the
school district as approved by the board of education.

Sec. 9. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6426 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6426. (a) There is hereby established in every district a fund
which shall be called the contingency reserve fund. Such fund shall consist
of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law.
The fund shall be maintained for payment of expenses of a district
attributable to financial contingencies as determined by the board.

(b) (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c), at no time in
school year 2008-2009 through school year 2011-2012 shall the amount
maintained in the contingency reserve fund exceed an amount equal to
10% of the general fund budget of the district for the school year.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (c): (A) At no time in
school year 2012-2013, school year 2017-2018 or any school year
thereafter shall the amount maintained in the contingency reserve fund
exceed an amount equal to 6% of the general fund budget of the district for
the school year.

(B) At no time in school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-
2017 shall the amount maintained in the contingency reserve fund exceed
an amount equal to 30% of the general fund budget of the district for the
school year.

(c) (1) If the amount in the contingency reserve fund of a district is in
excess of the amount authorized under subsection (b), and if such excess
amount is the result of a reduction in the general fund budget of the district
for the school year because of a decrease in enrollment, the district may
maintain the excess amount in the fund until depletion of such excess
amount by expenditure from the fund for the purposes thereof.

(2) The limitation on the amount which may be maintained in the
contingency reserve fund imposed under subsection (b) shall not apply to
any district whose state financial aid is computed under the provisions of
K.S.A. 72-6445a, and amendments thereto. Any such district may maintain
the excess amount in the fund until depletion of such excess amount by
expenditure from the fund for the purposes thereof.

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c), any
unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the contingency reserve
fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in school year
2011-2012 by the school district for general operating expenses of the
school district as approved by the board of education.

Sec. 10. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6431 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6431. (a) The board of each district shall levy an ad valorem
tax upon the taxable tangible property of the district in the school years
specified in subsection (b) for the purpose of:

(1) Financing that portion of the district's general fund budget which
is not financed from any other source provided by law;
(2) paying a portion of the costs of operating and maintaining public
schools in partial fulfillment of the constitutional obligation of the
legislature to finance the educational interests of the state; and
(3) with respect to any redevelopment district established prior to July
1, 1997, pursuant to K.S.A. 12-1771, and amendments thereto, paying a
portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities under
authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the financing of
redevelopment projects upon property located within the district.
(b) The tax required under subsection (a) shall be levied at a rate of
20 25 mills in the school year 2011-2012 2013-2014 and school year 2012-
(c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of
this section, except the proceeds of such tax levied for the purpose of
paying a portion of the principal and interest on bonds issued by cities
under authority of K.S.A. 12-1774, and amendments thereto, for the
financing of redevelopment projects upon property located within the
district, shall be deposited in the general fund of the district.
(d) On June 6 of each year, the amount, if any, by which a district's
local effort exceeds the amount of the district's state financial aid, as
determined by the state board, shall be remitted to the state treasurer. Upon
receipt of any such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the same in
the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.
(e) No district shall proceed under K.S.A. 79-1964, 79-1964a or 79-
1964b, and amendments thereto.
Sec. 11. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6433 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6433. (a) As used in this section:
(1) "State prescribed percentage" means 31% of state financial aid of
the district in the current school year.
(2) "Authorized to adopt a local option budget" means that a district
has adopted a resolution under this section, has published the same, and
either the resolution was not protested or it was protested and an election
was held by which the adoption of a local option budget was approved.
(b) (1) Except as provided by subsection (b)(2), in each school year,
the board of any district may adopt a local option budget which does not
exceed the state prescribed percentage.
(2) For school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017, a
board of any district may be eligible to adopt a local option budget which
does exceed the state prescribed percentage if the district is below the
statewide average spending per pupil for the preceding school year in
accordance with subsection (l). A local option budget adopted pursuant to
this paragraph shall not exceed 35% of the amount of state financial aid
of the district in the current school year.
(c) Subject to the limitation of subsection (b), in each school year, the board of any district may adopt, by resolution, a local option budget in an amount not to exceed:

(1) (A) The amount which the board was authorized to adopt in accordance with the provisions of this section in effect prior to its amendment by this act; plus

(B) the amount which the board was authorized to adopt pursuant to any resolution currently in effect; plus

(C) the amount which the board was authorized to adopt pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6444, and amendments thereto, if applicable to the district; or

(2) the statewide average for the preceding school year as determined by the state board pursuant to subsection (j).

Except as provided by subsection (e), the adoption of a resolution pursuant to this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members of the board. Such resolution shall be effective upon adoption and shall require no other procedure, authorization or approval.

(d) Except as provided by subsection (b)(2), if the board of a district desires to increase its local option budget authority above the amount authorized under subsection (c) or if the board was not authorized to adopt a local option budget in 2006-2007, the board may adopt, by resolution, such budget in an amount not to exceed the state prescribed percentage. The adoption of a resolution pursuant to this subsection shall require a majority vote of the members of the board. The resolution shall be published at least once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district. The resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No.____, ______________ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall be authorized to adopt a local option budget in each school year in an amount not to exceed ____% of the amount of state financial aid. The local option budget authorized by this resolution may be adopted, unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after publication of this resolution. If a petition is filed, the county election officer shall submit the question of whether adoption of the local option budget shall be authorized to the electors of the school district at an election called for the purpose or at the next general election, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE
This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the board of education of unified School District No.____, __________ County, Kansas, on the ____ day of ________________, ____.  
____________________Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be filled as is appropriate. If a sufficient petition is not filed, the board may adopt a local option budget. If a sufficient petition is filed, the board may notify the county election officer of the date of an election to be held to submit the question of whether adoption of a local option budget shall be authorized. Any such election shall be noticed, called and held in the manner provided by K.S.A. 10-120, and amendments thereto. If the board fails to notify the county election officer within 30 days after a sufficient petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed abandoned and no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the resolution.

(e) Any resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 30% of the state financial aid of the district in the current school year shall not become effective unless such resolution has been submitted to and approved by a majority of the qualified electors of the school district voting at an election called and held thereon. The election shall be called and held in the manner provided by K.S.A. 10-120, and amendments thereto.

(f) Except as provided by subsection (b)(2), unless specifically stated otherwise in the resolution, the authority to adopt a local option budget shall be continuous and permanent. The board of any district which is authorized to adopt a local option budget may choose not to adopt such a budget or may adopt a budget in an amount less than the amount authorized. If the board of any district whose authority to adopt a local option budget is not continuous and permanent refrains from adopting a local option budget, the authority of such district to adopt a local option budget shall not be extended by such refrainment beyond the period specified in the resolution authorizing adoption of such budget.

(g) The board of any district may initiate procedures to renew or increase the authority to adopt a local option budget at any time during a school year after the tax levied pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6435, and amendments thereto, is certified to the county clerk under any existing authorization.

(h) The board of any district that is authorized to adopt a local option budget prior to the effective date of this act under a resolution which authorized the adoption of such budget in accordance with the provisions of this section in effect prior to its amendment by this act may continue to operate under such resolution for the period of time specified in the resolution or may abandon the resolution and operate under the provisions
of this section as amended by this act. Any such district shall operate under
the provisions of this section as amended by this act after the period of
time specified in the resolution has expired.

(i) Any resolution adopted pursuant to this section may revoke or
repeal any resolution previously adopted by the board. If the resolution
does not revoke or repeal previously adopted resolutions, all resolutions
which are in effect shall expire on the same date. Except as provided by
subsection (b)(2), the maximum amount of the local option budget of a
school district under all resolutions in effect shall not exceed the state
prescribed percentage in any school year.

(j) (1) There is hereby established in every district that adopts a local
option budget a fund which shall be called the supplemental general fund.
The fund shall consist of all amounts deposited therein or credited thereto
according to law.

(2) Subject to the limitation imposed under paragraph (3) and
subsection (e) of K.S.A. 72-6434, and amendments thereto, amounts in the
supplemental general fund may be expended for any purpose for which
expenditures from the general fund are authorized or may be transferred to
any program weighted fund or categorical fund of the district. Amounts in
the supplemental general fund attributable to any percentage over 25% of
state financial aid determined for the current school year may be
transferred to the capital improvements fund of the district and the capital
outlay fund of the district if such transfers are specified in the resolution
authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25%.

(3) Amounts in the supplemental general fund may not be expended
for the purpose of making payments under any lease-purchase agreement
involving the acquisition of land or buildings which is entered into
pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-8225, and amendments thereto.

(4) (A) Except as provided in paragraph (B), any unexpended budget
remaining in the supplemental general fund of a district at the conclusion
of any school year in which a local option budget is adopted shall be
maintained in such fund.

(B) If the district received supplemental general state aid in the
school year, the state board shall determine the ratio of the amount of
supplemental general state aid received to the amount of the local option
budget of the district for the school year and multiply the total amount of
the unexpended budget remaining by such ratio. An amount equal to the
amount of the product shall be transferred to the general fund of the
district or remitted to the state treasurer. Upon receipt of any such
remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the same in the state treasury to
the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(k) Each year the state board of education shall determine the
statewide average percentage of local option budgets legally adopted by
school districts for the preceding school year.

(l) Each year the state board of education shall determine the statewide average spending per pupil for the preceding school year as provided in this subsection:

(1) Determine the amount of state financial aid for all school districts which are entitled to receive such moneys for the preceding school year.

(2) Determine the supplemental general state aid for all school districts which are entitled to receive such moneys for the preceding school year.

(3) Determine the enrollment of pupils in all school districts for the preceding school year.

(4) Divide the sum of paragraphs (1) and (2) by paragraph (3). The result is the statewide average per pupil for the preceding school year.

(m) The provisions of this section shall be subject to the provisions of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6433d, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 12. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6434 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6434.(a) In each school year, each district that has adopted a local option budget, which is equal to or less than the state prescribed percentage, is eligible for entitlement to an amount of supplemental general state aid. Except as provided by K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6434b, and amendments thereto, entitlement of a district to supplemental general state aid shall be determined by the state board as provided in this subsection. The state board shall:

(1) Determine the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil in the preceding school year of each district in the state;

(2) rank the districts from low to high on the basis of the amounts of assessed valuation per pupil determined under (1);

(3) identify the amount of the assessed valuation per pupil located at the 81.2 percentile of the amounts ranked under (2);

(4) divide the assessed valuation per pupil of the district in the preceding school year by the amount identified under (3);

(5) subtract the ratio obtained under (4) from 1.0. If the resulting ratio equals or exceeds 1.0, the eligibility of the district for entitlement to supplemental general state aid shall lapse. If the resulting ratio is less than 1.0, the district is entitled to receive supplemental general state aid in an amount which shall be determined by the state board by multiplying the amount of the local option budget of the district by such ratio. The product is the amount of supplemental general state aid the district is entitled to receive for the school year.

(b) If the amount of appropriations for supplemental general state aid is less than the amount each district is entitled to receive for the school year, the state board shall prorate the amount appropriated among the districts in proportion to the amount each district is entitled to receive.
(c) The state board shall prescribe the dates upon which the distribution of payments of supplemental general state aid to school districts shall be due. Payments of supplemental general state aid shall be distributed to districts on the dates prescribed by the state board. The state board shall certify to the director of accounts and reports the amount due each district, and the director of accounts and reports shall draw a warrant on the state treasurer payable to the treasurer of the district. Upon receipt of the warrant, the treasurer of the district shall credit the amount thereof to the supplemental general fund of the district to be used for the purposes of such fund.

(d) If any amount of supplemental general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year pursuant to the other provisions of this section is not paid on or before June 30 of such school year, then such payment shall be paid on or after the ensuing July 1, as soon as moneys are available therefor. Any payment of supplemental general state aid that is due to be paid during the month of June of a school year and that is paid to school districts on or after the ensuing July 1 shall be recorded and accounted for by school districts as a receipt for the school year ending on the preceding June 30.

(e) (1) Except as provided by paragraph (2), moneys received as supplemental general state aid shall be used to meet the requirements under the school performance accreditation system adopted by the state board, to provide programs and services required by law and to improve student performance.

(2) Amounts of supplemental general state aid attributable to any percentage over 25% of state financial aid determined for the current school year may be transferred to the capital improvements fund of the district and the capital outlay fund of the district if such transfers are specified in the resolution authorizing the adoption of a local option budget in excess of 25%.

(f) For the purposes of determining the total amount of state moneys paid to school districts, all moneys appropriated as supplemental general state aid shall be deemed to be state moneys for educational and support services for school districts.

Sec. 13. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6441 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6441. (a) (1) Except for school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017, the board of any district to which the provisions of this subsection apply may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state court of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to assignment of ancillary school facilities weighting to enrollment of the district. The state court of
tax appeals may authorize the district to make a levy which will produce
an amount that is not greater than the difference between the amount of
costs directly attributable to commencing operation of one or more new
school facilities and the amount that is financed from any other source
provided by law for such purpose, including any amount attributable to
assignment of school facilities weighting to enrollment of the district for
each school year in which the district is eligible for such weighting. If the
district is not eligible, or will be ineligible, for school facilities weighting
in any one or more years during the two-year period for which the district
is authorized to levy a tax under this subsection, the state court of tax
appeals may authorize the district to make a levy, in such year or years of
ineligibility, which will produce an amount that is not greater than the
actual amount of costs attributable to commencing operation of the facility
or facilities.

(2) The state court of tax appeals shall certify to the state board of
education the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under
subsection (a).

(3) The state court of tax appeals may adopt rules and regulations
necessary to effectuate the provisions of this subsection, including rules
and regulations relating to the evidence required in support of a district's
claim that the costs attributable to commencing operation of one or more
new school facilities are in excess of the amount that is financed from any
other source provided by law for such purpose.

(4) The provisions of this subsection apply to any district that: (A)
Commenced operation of one or more new school facilities in the school
year preceding the current school year or has commenced or will
commence operation of one or more new school facilities in the current
school year or any or all of the foregoing; (B) is authorized to adopt and
has adopted a local option budget which is at least equal to that amount
72-6415b, and amendments thereto; and (C) is experiencing extraordinary
enrollment growth as determined by the state board of education.

(b) Except for school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-
2017, the board of any district that has levied an ad valorem tax on the
taxable tangible property of the district each year for a period of two years
under authority of subsection (a) may continue to levy such tax under
authority of this subsection each year for an additional period of time not
to exceed three years in an amount not to exceed the amount computed by
the state board of education as provided in this subsection if the board of
the district determines that the costs attributable to commencing operation
of one or more new school facilities are significantly greater than the costs
attributable to the operation of other school facilities in the district. The tax
authorized under this subsection may be levied at a rate which will
produce an amount that is not greater than the amount computed by the
state board of education as provided in this subsection. In computing such
amount, the state board shall: (1) Determine the amount produced by the
tax levied by the district under authority of subsection (a) in the second
year for which such tax was levied and add to such amount the amount of
general state aid directly attributable to school facilities weighting that was
received by the district in the same year; (2) compute 75% of the amount
of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is the amount the
district may levy in the first year of the three-year period for which the
district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection; (3) compute 50%
of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which computed amount is
the amount the district may levy in the second year of the three-year period
for which the district may levy a tax under authority of this subsection; and
(4) compute 25% of the amount of the sum obtained under (1), which
computed amount is the amount the district may levy in the third year of
the three-year period for which the district may levy a tax under authority
of this subsection.

In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the district
under authority of subsection (a), the state board shall include any moneys
which have been apportioned to the ancillary facilities fund of the district
from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq. and 79-
5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

(c) The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of
this section shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the
provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of
each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in
the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

Sec. 14. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6449 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6449. (a) As used in this section, "school district" or "district"
means a school district authorized to make a levy under this section.
(b) Except for school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-
2017, the board of education of any district may levy a tax on the taxable
tangible property within the district for the purpose of financing the costs
incurred by the state that are attributable directly to assignment of the cost
of living weighting to the enrollment of the district. There is hereby
established in every school district a fund which shall be called the cost of
living fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or
transferred thereto in accordance with law. All moneys derived from a tax
imposed pursuant to this section shall be credited to the cost of living fund.
The proceeds from the tax levied by a district credited to the cost of living
fund shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the
provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of
each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in
the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(c) The state board of education shall determine whether a district may levy a tax under this section as follows:

1. Determine the statewide average appraised value of single family residences for the calendar year preceding the current school year;
2. multiply the amount determined under (1) by 1.25;
3. determine the average appraised value of single family residences in each school district for the calendar year preceding the current school year; and
4. (A) subtract the amount determined under (2) from the amount determined under (3). If the amount determined for the district under this paragraph is a positive number and the district is authorized to adopt and has adopted a local option budget in an amount equal to at least 31% of the state financial aid for the school district, the district qualifies for assignment of cost of living weighting and may levy a tax on the taxable tangible property of the district for the purpose of financing the costs that are attributable directly to assignment of the cost of living weighting to enrollment of the district; or
(B) as an alternative to the authority provided in paragraph (4)(A), if a district was authorized to make a levy pursuant to this section in school year 2006-2007, such district shall remain authorized to levy such tax at a rate necessary to generate revenue in the same amount generated in school year 2006-2007 if: (i) The amount determined under paragraph (4)(A) is a positive number; and (ii) the district continues to adopt a local option budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage in effect in school year 2006-2007.

(d) No tax may be levied under this section unless the board of education adopts a resolution authorizing such a tax levy and publishes the resolution at least once in a newspaper having general circulation in the district. Except as provided by subsection (e), the resolution shall be published in substantial compliance with the following form:

Unified School District No. _______,
_______________ County, Kansas.

RESOLUTION

Be It Resolved that:

The board of education of the above-named school district shall be authorized to levy an ad valorem tax in an amount not to exceed the amount necessary to finance the costs attributable directly to the assignment of cost of living weighting to the enrollment of the district. The **ad valorem** tax authorized by this resolution may be levied unless a petition in opposition to the same, signed by not less than 5% of the qualified electors of the school district, is filed with the county election officer of the home county of the school district within 30 days after the
publication of this resolution. If a petition is filed, the county election
officer shall submit the question of whether the levy of such a tax shall be
authorized in accordance with the provisions of this resolution to the
electors of the school district at the next general election of the school
district, as is specified by the board of education of the school district.

CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the above resolution was duly adopted by the
board of education of Unified School District No. _______, ___________
County, Kansas, on the ____ day of _____________, (year)____.

____________________________________
Clerk of the board of education.

All of the blanks in the resolution shall be filled. If no petition as
specified above is filed in accordance with the provisions of the resolution,
the resolution authorizing the ad valorem tax levy shall become effective.
If a petition is filed as provided in the resolution, the board may notify the
county election officer to submit the question of whether such tax levy
shall be authorized. If the board fails to notify the county election officer
within 30 days after a petition is filed, the resolution shall be deemed
abandoned and of no force and effect and no like resolution shall be
adopted by the board within the nine months following publication of the
resolution. If a majority of the votes cast in an election conducted pursuant
to this provision are in favor of the resolution, such resolution shall be
effective on the date of such election. If a majority of the votes cast are not
in favor of the resolution, the resolution shall be deemed of no effect and
no like resolution shall be adopted by the board within the nine months
following such election.

(e) In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the
district under the authority of this section, the state board shall include any
moneys which have been apportioned to the cost of living fund of the
district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et seq.
and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 15. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6451 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6451. (a) As used in this section:

(1) "School district" or "district" means a school district which: (A)
Has a declining enrollment; and (B) has adopted a local option budget in
an amount which equals at least 31% of the state financial aid for the
school district at the time the district applies to the state court of tax
appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(2) "Declining enrollment" means an enrollment which has declined
in amount from that of the preceding school year.

(b) (1) Except for school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-
2017:

(A) A school district may levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable
tangible property of the district each year for a period of time not to exceed two years in an amount not to exceed the amount authorized by the state court of tax appeals under this subsection for the purpose of financing the costs incurred by the state that are directly attributable to assignment of declining enrollment weighting to enrollment of the district. The state court of tax appeals may authorize the district to make a levy which will produce an amount that is not greater than the amount of revenues lost as a result of the declining enrollment of the district. Such amount shall not exceed 5% of the general fund budget of the district in the school year in which the district applies to the state court of tax appeals for authority to make a levy pursuant to this section.

(B) As an alternative to the authority provided in paragraph (1)(A), if a district was authorized to make a levy pursuant to this section in school year 2006-2007, such district shall remain authorized to make a levy at a rate necessary to generate revenue in the same amount that was generated in school year 2007-2008 if the district adopts a local option budget in an amount equal to the state prescribed percentage in effect in school year 2006-2007.

(2) The state court of tax appeals shall certify to the state board the amount authorized to be produced by the levy of a tax under this section.

(3) The state board shall prescribe guidelines for the data that school districts shall include in cases before the state court of tax appeals pursuant to this section.

(c) A district may levy the tax authorized pursuant to this section for a period of time not to exceed two years unless authority to make such levy is renewed by the state court of tax appeals. The state court of tax appeals may renew the authority to make such levy for periods of time not to exceed two years.

(d) The state board shall provide to the state court of tax appeals such school data and information requested by the state court of tax appeals and any other information deemed necessary by the state board.

(e) There is hereby established in every district a fund which shall be called the declining enrollment fund. Such fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district under authority of this section shall be credited to the declining enrollment fund of the district. The proceeds from the tax levied by a district credited to the declining enrollment fund shall be remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to the credit of the state school district finance fund.

(f) In determining the amount produced by the tax levied by the district under authority of this section, the state board shall include any
moneys which have been apportioned to the declining enrollment fund of
the district from taxes levied under the provisions of K.S.A. 79-5101 et
seq. and 79-5118 et seq., and amendments thereto.

Sec. 16. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6460 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-6460. (a) For school year 2011-2012 through school year 2016-2017, subject to any limitations as provided in
this act, any school district may expend the unencumbered balance of the
moneys held in the at-risk education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 76-6414a,
and amendments thereto, bilingual education fund, as provided in K.S.A.
72-9509, and amendments thereto, contingency reserve fund, as provided
in K.S.A. 72-6426, and amendments thereto, driver training fund, as
provided in K.S.A. 72-6423, and amendments thereto, parent education
program fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-3607, and amendments thereto,
and amendments thereto, preschool-aged at-risk education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-965b,
and amendments thereto, professional development fund, as provided in
K.S.A. 72-9609, and amendments thereto, summer program fund, as
provided in K.S.A. 72-8237, and amendments thereto, textbook and
student materials revolving fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-8250, and
and amendments thereto, special education fund, as provided in K.S.A. 72-6420, and amendments thereto, virtual school fund, as provided in
K.S.A. 72-3715, and amendments thereto, and vocational education fund,
and approved by the board of education of such district.

The board of education of a school district shall consider the use of
such funds in the following order of priority:

(1) At-risk education fund, bilingual education fund, contingency
reserve fund, driver training fund, parent education program fund,
and amendments thereto, preschool-aged at-risk education fund, professional development fund,
summer program fund, virtual school fund and vocational education fund;

(2) textbook and student materials revolving fund; and

(3) special education fund.

The board of education of a school district shall not be limited to the
order of priority as listed in this subsection if the board so chooses. The
board of education of a school district shall not be required to use the total
amount of the unencumbered balance of moneys in a fund before using the
unencumbered balance of moneys in another fund:

(b) The amount of money expended by a school district in school
year 2011-2012 from the unencumbered balance of moneys in the funds
under subsection (a) of this section shall not exceed, in the aggregate, an
amount determined by the state board of education. Such amount shall be
determined by the state board as follows:

(1) Determine the adjusted enrollment of the district, excluding-
special education and related services weighting;
(2) subtract the amount of base state aid per pupil appropriated to the department of education for fiscal year 2012 from $4,012; and
(3) multiply the difference obtained under paragraph (2) by the number determined under paragraph (1). The product is the aggregate amount of moneys that may be expended by a school district in school year 2011-2012 from the unencumbered balance of moneys in the funds under subsection (a) of this section.
(e)(b) It is the public policy goal of the state of Kansas that at least 65% of the aggregate of all unencumbered balances authorized to be expended for general operating expenses pursuant to subsection (a) shall be expended in the classroom or for instruction, as provided in K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-64c01, and amendments thereto.

Sec. 17. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-8237 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-8237. (a) The board of education of any school district may:
(1) Establish, operate and maintain a summer program for pupils; (2) enter into cooperative or interlocal agreements with one or more other boards of education for the establishment, operation and maintenance of a summer program for pupils; and (3) prescribe and collect fees for providing a summer program for pupils or provide such program without charge.
(b) Fees for providing a summer program for pupils shall be prescribed and collected only to recover the costs incurred as a result of and directly attributable to the establishment, operation and maintenance of the program.
(c) No school district may collect fees for providing a summer program for pupils required to attend such a program in accordance with the provisions of law, rules and regulations of the state board of education, policy of the board of education, or an individualized education plan developed for an exceptional child.
(d) There is hereby established in every district which establishes, operates and maintains a summer program a fund which shall be called the summer program fund, which fund shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to law. All moneys received by a district from fees collected under this section or from any other source for summer programs shall be credited to the summer program fund. The expenses of a district directly attributable to summer programs shall be paid from the summer program fund.
Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the summer program fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in school year 2011-2012—school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017 by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.
(e) As used in this section, the term "summer program" means a
program which is established by the board of education of a school district
and operated during the summer months for the purpose of giving remedial
instruction to pupils or for the purpose of conducting special projects and
activities designed to enrich and enhance the educational experience of
pupils, or for both such purposes.

Sec. 18. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-9509 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-9509. (a) There is hereby established in every school district a
fund which shall be called the bilingual education fund, which fund shall
consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto according to
law. The expenses of a district directly attributable to such bilingual
education programs shall be paid from the bilingual education fund.

(b) Any balance remaining in the bilingual education fund at the end
of the budget year shall be carried forward into the bilingual education
fund for succeeding budget years. Such fund shall not be subject to the
provisions of K.S.A. 79-2925 through 79-2937, and amendments thereto.
In preparing the budget of such school district, the amounts credited to and
the amount on hand in the bilingual education fund, and the amount
expended therefrom shall be included in the annual budget for the
information of the residents of the school district. Interest earned on the
investment of moneys in any such fund shall be credited to that fund.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the bilingual
education fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in
school year 2011-2012 through school year 2016-2017 by the school district for general operating expenses of the school
district as approved by the board of education.

(c) Each year the board of education of each school district shall
prepare and submit to the state board a report on the bilingual education
program and assistance provided by the district. Such report shall include
information specifying the number of pupils who were served or provided
assistance, the type of service provided, the research upon which the
district relied in determining that a need for service or assistance existed,
the results of providing such service or assistance and any other
information required by the state board.

Sec. 19. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-9609 is hereby amended to read as
follows: 72-9609. There is hereby established in every school district a
fund which shall be called the professional development fund, which fund
shall consist of all moneys deposited therein or transferred thereto
according to law. All moneys received by the school district from whatever
source for professional development programs established under this act
shall be credited to the fund established by this section. The expenses of a
school district directly attributable to professional development programs
shall be paid from the professional development fund.

Any unencumbered balance of moneys remaining in the professional
development fund of a school district on June 30, 2011, may be expended in school year 2011-2012, school years 2013-2014 through school year 2016-2017 by the school district for general operating expenses of the school district as approved by the board of education.

Sec. 20. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 79-201x is hereby amended to read as follows: 79-201x. For taxable years 2011 and 2012, 2013 and 2014, the following described property, to the extent herein specified, shall be and is hereby exempt from the property tax levied pursuant to the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6431, and amendments thereto: Property used for residential purposes to the extent of $20,000 of its appraised valuation.

Sec. 21. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-3607, 72-6407, 72-6410, 72-6412, 72-6414a, 72-6414b, 72-6421, 72-6423, 72-6426, 72-6431, 72-6433, 72-6434, 72-6441, 72-6449, 72-6451, 72-6460, 72-8237, 72-9509, 72-9609 and 79-201x are hereby repealed.

Sec. 22. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 2013 and after its publication in the statute book.