Session of 2012

## HOUSE BILL No. 2580

By Representatives Garber, Goodman, Gregory, O'Brien and Otto

1-31

1	AN ACT concerning public charter schools; creating the Kansas public
1 2	charter schools act; amending K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6407 and
$\frac{2}{3}$	repealing the existing section; also repealing K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-0407 and
4	72-1908, 72-1909 and 72-1911 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-1906, 72-
5	1907 and 72-1910.
6	1907 and 72-1910.
7	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Kansas:
8	New Section 1. The provisions of sections 1 through 44, and
9	amendments thereto, shall be known and may be cited as the Kansas
10	public charter school act.
11	New Sec. 2. (a) The legislature hereby finds and declares the
12	following:
13	(1) It is in the best interest of the people of the state to provide all
14	children with public schools that reflect high expectations and to create
15	conditions in all schools where these expectations can be met;
16	(2) education reform is necessary to strengthen the performance of
17	elementary and secondary public school students;
18	(3) those who know students best, their parents and educators, make
19	the best educational decisions regarding the students;
20	(4) parents and educators have a right and a responsibility to
21	participate in the education institutions which serve them;
22	(5) different students learn differently and public school programs
23	should be customized to fit the needs of individual students; and
24	(6) there are parents, educators and other citizens in the state who are
25	willing and able to offer educational programs, but who lack a channel
26	through which they can direct their efforts.
27	(b) The legislature hereby finds and declares that the purposes of the
28	state's public charter schools as a whole are:
29	(1) To improve student learning by creating high-quality schools with
30	high standards for student performance;
31	(2) to close achievement gaps between high-performing and low-
32	performing groups of public school students;
33	(3) to increase high-quality educational opportunities within the
34	public education system for all students, especially those at risk of
35	academic failure;
36	(4) to create new professional opportunities for teachers, school

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administrators and other school personnel that allow them to have a direct
 voice in the operation of their schools;

3 (5) to encourage the use of different, high-quality models of teaching,
4 governing, scheduling or other aspects of schooling that meet a variety of
5 student needs;

6 (6) to allow public schools freedom and flexibility in exchange for 7 exceptional levels of results-driven accountability;

8 (7) to provide students, parents, community members and local 9 entities with expanded opportunities for involvement in the public 10 education system; and

(8) to encourage the replication of successful public charter schools.

12 New Sec. 3. As used in sections 1 through 44, and amendments 13 thereto:

(a) "Applicant" means any person or group that develops and submitsan application for a public charter school to an authorizer.

(b) "Application" means a proposal from an applicant to an authorizer
to enter into a charter contract whereby the proposed school obtains public
charter school status.

19 (c) "At-risk student" means a student who has an economic or 20 academic disadvantage that requires special services and assistance to 21 succeed in educational programs, including, but not limited to, students 22 who are members of economically disadvantaged families, students who 23 are identified as having special educational needs, students who are limited in English proficiency, students who are at risk of dropping out of high 24 25 school and students who do not meet minimum standards of academic 26 proficiency.

(d) "Authorizer" means an entity authorized under section 5, and
amendments thereto, to review applications for a public charter school,
decide whether to approve or reject such applications, enter into charter
contracts with applicants for a public charter school, oversee public charter
schools, and decide whether to renew, not renew or revoke charter
contracts.

(e) "Base state aid per pupil" shall have the same meaning as definedin K.S.A. 72-6410, and amendments thereto.

(f) "Charter contract" means a fixed-term, renewable contract
between a public charter school and an authorizer that outlines the roles,
powers, responsibilities and performance expectations for each party to the
contract.

(g) "Commission" means the Kansas public charter schoolcommission established pursuant to section 4, and amendments thereto.

41 (h) "Conversion public charter school" means a charter school that 42 existed as a non-charter public school before becoming a public charter 43 school.

(i) "Education service provider" means a for-profit or not-for-profit 1 education or charter management organization, school design provider or 2 any other partner entity with which a public charter school intends to 3 contract for educational design, implementation or comprehensive 4 5 management.

(i) "Governing board" means the independent board of a public 6 7 charter school that is party to the charter contract with the authorizer and 8 whose members have been elected or selected pursuant to such school's 9 application.

(k) "Local school board" means a local board of education exercising 10 management and control of a school district pursuant to state law. 11

(1) "School district" means any unified school district organized and 12 operating under the laws of this state. 13

(m) "Parent" means a parent, guardian or other person or entity 14 having legal custody of a child. 15

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(n) "Public charter school" means a public school that:

(1) Has autonomy over decisions including, but not limited to, 17 matters concerning finance, personnel, scheduling, curriculum and 18 19 instruction:

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(2) is governed by a governing board;

21 (3) is established and operating under the terms of a charter contract 22 between the school's governing board and its authorizer;

23 24 (4) is a school to which parents choose to send their children; (5) is a school that admits students on the basis of a lottery if more

25 students apply for admission than can be accommodated;

(6) provides a program of education that includes one or more of the 26 following: Preschool, pre-kindergarten, any grade or grades from 27 kindergarten through grade 12, and adult community, continuing and 28 29 vocational education programs;

(7) operates in pursuit of a specific set of educational objectives as 30 31 defined in its charter contract; and

32 (8) operates under the oversight of its authorizer in accordance with 33 its charter contract

34 (0)"Public school" means any school that is under the direct 35 management, governance and control of a local school board or the state 36 board

37 (p) "Start-up public charter school" means a public charter school that 38 did not exist as a public school prior to becoming a public charter school.

"State board" means the state board of education created by article 39 (a) 40 6 of the constitution of Kansas.

41 (r) "Student" means any child who is eligible for attendance in public 42 schools in the state.

43 (s) "Virtual public charter school" means a public charter school that 2

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1 offers an educational program that:

(1) Is offered for credit;

(2) uses distance-learning technologies which predominately use 3 internet-based methods to deliver instruction; 4

5 (3) involves instruction that occurs asynchronously with the teacher 6 and pupil in separate locations;

7 (4) requires the pupil to make academic progress toward the next 8 grade level; and

9 (5) requires the pupil to demonstrate competence in subject matter for each class or subject in which the pupil is enrolled as part of the virtual 10 public charter school. 11

New Sec. 4. (a) There is hereby established the Kansas public 12 Members of the commission shall be charter school commission. 13 appointed by the state board. The commission shall consist of nine 14 members, none of which shall serve concurrently as members of the state 15 16 board, as follows:

17 (1) Two members shall be individuals with at least 5 years of experience working in charter schools or advocating on behalf of charter 18 19 schools:

20 (2) one member shall be a member of the united school 21 administrators of Kansas:

22 (3) two members shall be members of the Kansas chamber of 23 commerce:

(4) one member shall be a member of the Kansas board of regents;

25 (5) one member shall be a member of the Kansas association of 26 school boards:

(6) one member shall be an individual who is licensed by the state 27 28 board as a teacher: and

(7) one member shall be an individual who is a parent of a student.

(b) The purposes of the commission shall be:

(1) To authorize public charter schools throughout the state, with an 31 32 emphasis on schools designed to expand opportunities for at-risk students; 33

to grant or deny chartering authority to eligible entities; (2)

to register local school boards that request chartering authority; 34 (3) 35 and

36 (4) to resolve disputes between authorizers and public charter 37 schools.

38 (c) The members of the commission described in subsections (b)(1)39 and (2) shall be appointed to serve an initial term of four years. The members of the commission described in subsections (b)(3) and (4) shall 40 be appointed to serve an initial term of three years. The members of the 41 commission described in subsections (b)(5), (6) and (7) shall be appointed 42 to serve an initial term of two years. The initial appointments to the 43

1 commission shall be made no later than March 15, 2013. Terms of the 2 commission members shall expire on March 15. After the expiration of 3 the terms of the initial members of the commission, or whenever a vacancy 4 occurs or is announced, such members shall be appointed pursuant to this 5 section, except that such members shall be appointed for a term of four 6 years each. In the event of a vacancy, the appointment shall be for the 7 remainder of the unexpired portion of the term. Each member shall hold 8 office for the term of appointment and until a successor has been 9 appointed. Any member is eligible for reappointment, but members shall 10 not be eligible to serve more than two consecutive terms, including the initial term of such member. Commission members shall be appointed so 11 12 as to ensure statewide geographic diversity.

(d) The commission shall annually elect from its membership a
 chairperson, a vice-chairperson and a secretary. The commission may
 establish standing or special committees, and prescribe the duties and
 powers of such committees.

17 (e) Members of the commission attending meetings or subcommittee 18 meetings authorized by the commission shall be paid mileage and all other 19 applicable expenses as provided in K.S.A. 75-3223, and amendments 20 thereto.

(f) Members appointed to the commission shall collectively possess
 strong experience and expertise in public and nonprofit governance,
 management and finance, public school leadership, assessment, curriculum
 and instruction and public education law. All members of the commission
 shall have demonstrated understanding of and commitment to charter
 schooling as a strategy for strengthening public education.

(g) A member of the commission may be removed for any cause thatrenders the member incapable or unfit to discharge the duties of the office.

(h) The commission is authorized to receive and expend gifts, grants
and donations of any kind from any public or private entity to carry out the
purposes of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, subject to the
terms and conditions under which such gifts, grants or donations are given,
provided that all such terms and conditions are permissible under law.

(i) The commission shall operate with dedicated resources and staff
 qualified to execute the day-to-day responsibilities of public charter school
 authorizing in accordance with sections 1 through 44, and amendments
 thereto.

New Sec. 5. (a) The Kansas public charter school commission established under section 4, and amendments thereto, may authorize public charter schools anywhere in the state, provided that the commission fulfills the requirements of all public charter school authorizers under sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

43 (b) Any local school board that is operating a public charter school

1 prior to the effective date of this act and intends to continue the operation 2 of such public charter school, or any local school board that intends to 3 operate a public charter school pursuant to sections 1 through 44, and 4 amendments thereto, shall register with the commission, pursuant to 5 section 6, and amendments thereto, for chartering authority within the 6 boundaries of the school district governed by such local school board.

7 (c) The governing body of an accredited public or private 8 postsecondary educational institution may apply to the commission, 9 pursuant to section 7, and amendments thereto, for statewide, regional or 10 local chartering authority, in accordance with such institution's regular 11 operating jurisdiction.

(d) The governing body of any county or city may apply to the
 commission, pursuant to section 7, and amendments thereto, for chartering
 authority within such county or city's jurisdiction.

(e) The governing body of any nonprofit or charitable organization, 15 16 which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to sections 501(c) 17 (3) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code of 1986, may apply to the 18 commission, pursuant to section 7, and amendments thereto, for statewide, 19 regional or local chartering authority. Private sectarian or religious 20 organizations, and any other charitable organization which describes its 21 activities as indicating a religious purpose on part IV of its federal form 22 1023 shall not be eligible to be an authorizer.

New Sec. 6. (a) By July 1 of each year, the commission shall provide information regarding registration as a public charter school authorizer, including a registration deadline, to all local school boards. To register as an authorizer, each local school board must submit the following information in a form and manner as prescribed by the commission:

(1) Notification of intent to serve as an authorizer in accordance with
 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto;

31 (2) a description of the local school board's strategic vision for32 authorizing public charter schools;

(3) a description of the local school board's budget, personnel
 capacity and commitment to execute the duties and functions of
 authorizing public charter schools;

36 (4) a description of how the local school board will solicit public37 charter school applicants;

(5) a description or outline of the performance framework the local
school board will use to guide the formation of a charter contract and for
ongoing oversight and evaluation of public charter schools;

41 (6) a draft of the local school board's renewal, revocation and 42 nonrenewal procedures; and

43 (7) a statement of assurance that the local school board commits to

serving as an authorizer in fulfillment of the expectations, spirit and intent
 of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, and will fully
 participate in any authorizer training provided or required by the
 commission.

5 (b) Within 30 days of receipt of a local school board's registration 6 materials, the commission shall register the local school board as an 7 authorizer within the boundaries of such local school board's school 8 district, and shall provide the local school board a letter confirming its 9 registration as an authorizer. No local school board shall engage in any 10 authorizer functions without being registered as an authorizer with the commission. Once registered, the local school board's registration as an 11 12 authorizer shall continue from year to year, provided that the local school board fulfills all duties and obligations of an authorizer set forth in 13 14 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, and remains an authorizer 15 in good standing with the commission.

16 (c) Any local school board that is operating a public charter school 17 under the provisions of K.S.A. 72-1903 et seq., and amendments thereto, 18 prior to their repeal, on the effective date of this act and intends to 19 continue the operation of such public charter school shall be required to 20 register pursuant to this section. Such local school board shall be 21 permitted to continue the operation of any such public charter school prior 22 to and during the process of registering, provided such local school board 23 registers on or before July 1, 2013.

New Sec. 7. (a) The commission shall establish an application and approval process to apply for chartering authority. By July 1 of each year, the commission shall make available information and guidelines for all eligible entities concerning the opportunity to apply for chartering authority. The application process shall require each eligible entity applying for such authority to submit the following information in a form and manner as prescribed by the commission:

(1) Notification of intent to serve as an authorizer in accordance with
 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto;

33 (2) a description of the authorizer applicant's strategic vision for34 authorizing public charter schools;

(3) a description of the authorizer applicant's budget, personnel
 capacity and commitment to execute the duties and functions of
 authorizing public charter schools;

(4) a description or outline of the request for proposals that the
authorizer applicant would, if approved as an authorizer, issue to solicit
public charter school applications;

41 (5) a description or outline of the performance framework that the
42 authorizer applicant would, if approved as an authorizer, use to guide the
43 formation of a charter contract and for ongoing oversight and evaluation of

1 public charter schools;

2 (6) a draft of the authorizer applicant's renewal, revocation and 3 nonrenewal procedures;

4 (7) a statement of assurance that the authorizer applicant seeks to 5 serve as an authorizer in fulfillment of the expectations, spirit and intent of 6 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, and that if approved as an 7 authorizer, the authorizer applicant will fully participate in any authorizer 8 training provided or required by the commission; and

9 (8) a statement that the authorizer applicant will ensure public 10 accountability and transparency in all matters concerning authorizer 11 practices, decisions and expenditures.

(b) By October 1 of each year, the commission shall determine
whether to grant or deny chartering authority to each authorizer applicant.
The commission shall make its decisions on the merits of each authorizer
applicant's proposal and plans taking into consideration the extent to
which such proposal and plans conform to the requirements of sections 1
through 44, and amendments thereto.

18 (c) Within 30 days of the commission's decision, the commission 19 shall execute a renewable authorizing contract with each authorizer applicant it has approved for chartering authority. The initial term of each 20 21 authorizing contract shall be six years. The authorizing contract shall 22 specify each approved entity's agreement to serve as an authorizer in 23 accordance with sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, and shall 24 specify additional performance terms based on the entity's proposal and 25 plans. No approved entity shall commence authorizer activities without an authorizing contract in effect. The commission shall provide written 26 27 notice to any authorizer applicant that is not approved for chartering 28 authority, including the specific reasons for nonapproval.

New Sec. 8. (a) Authorizers shall have the following powers andduties:

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(1) Soliciting and evaluating public charter school applications;

(2) approving public charter school applications that meet identified
 educational needs, promote a diversity of educational choices and satisfy
 the requirements of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto;

(3) denying public charter school applications that fail to satisfy the
requirements of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, or the
request for proposal criteria established by the authorizer;

(4) negotiating and executing public charter school contracts witheach approved public charter school;

40 (5) monitoring, in accordance with charter contract terms, the 41 performance and legal compliance of public charter schools approved by 42 the authorizer; and

43 (6) determining whether each charter contract merits renewal,

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1 nonrenewal or revocation.

2 (b) The power of authorizers to oversee and regulate public charter 3 schools shall be limited to those powers and duties specified in sections 1 4 through 44, and amendments thereto, and shall be consistent with the spirit 5 and intent of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto. An 6 authorizer may delegate its duties and powers to officers or employees of 7 the authorizer.

8 (c) An authorizer, members of the governing board of an authorizer in 9 such member's official capacity and employees of an authorizer shall be 10 immune from civil and criminal liability with respect to all activities 11 related to any public charter school authorized by such authorizer.

12 New Sec. 9. All authorizers shall be required to develop and maintain chartering policies and practices consistent with nationally recognized 13 principles and standards for quality charter authorizing in all major areas 14 of authorizing responsibility, including, 15 but not limited to: (a) Organizational capacity and infrastructure; (b) soliciting and evaluating 16 17 charter applications; (c) performance contracting; (d) ongoing public 18 charter school oversight and evaluation; and (e) charter renewal decision-19 making. Authorizers shall act in a manner consistent with such nationally 20 recognized principles and standards and with the spirit and intent of 21 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto. Evidence of an 22 authorizer's material or persistent failure to satisfy the requirements of this 23 section shall constitute grounds for the revocation of such authorizer's 24 authorizing powers and termination of the authorizing contract.

New Sec. 10. On or before January 15, every authorizer shall submit to the commission a written annual report in the form and manner prescribed by the commission which shall provide a summary of the following:

(a) The authorizer's strategic vision for authorizing public charterschools and the progress toward achieving that vision;

(b) the academic and financial performance of all operating publiccharter schools overseen by the authorizer;

(c) the status of the authorizer's public charter school portfolio which
shall identify the public charter schools authorized by such authorizer as
follows: (1) Approved, but not yet open; (2) operating; (3) renewed; (4)
transferred; (5) revoked; (6) not renewed; (7) voluntarily closed; or (8)
never opened.

(d) the authorizing functions provided by the authorizer to the public
charter schools it oversees, including the authorizer's operating costs and
expenses detailed in annual audited financial statements that conform with
generally accepted accounting principles; and

42 (e) the services purchased from the authorizer by the public charter 43 schools it oversees, including an itemized accounting of the actual costs of 1 these services as required in section 20, and amendments thereto.

2 For the purpose of paying the expenses incurred New Sec. 11. (a) 3 in overseeing public charter schools, the state board shall remit to each 4 authorizer that is not a school district an oversight fee for each public 5 charter school it authorizes. The oversight fee shall be drawn from and 6 calculated as a uniform percentage of the state financial aid distributed to 7 each authorizer under section 34, and amendments thereto, which 8 percentage shall not exceed 1% of each authorizer's state financial aid in a 9 single school year. The state board shall establish a statewide formula for 10 authorizer funding, which shall apply uniformly to every authorizer in the state that is not a school district. The state board may establish a sliding 11 scale for authorizer funding, with the funding percentage decreasing after 12 13 the authorizer has achieved a certain threshold, such as after a certain 14 number of years of authorizing public charter schools or after a certain 15 number of schools have been authorized.

16 (b) An authorizer's oversight fee shall not include any costs incurred 17 in delivering services that a public charter school may purchase at its 18 discretion from the authorizer. The authorizer shall use the funding 19 provided under this section exclusively for the purpose of fulfilling 20 authorizing duties and functions required by sections 1 through 44, and 21 amendments thereto.

(c) Each year the state board shall review the effectiveness of the
 state formula for authorizer funding, and shall adjust the formula if
 necessary to maximize public benefit and strengthen the implementation of
 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 12. No employee, trustee, agent or representative of an
authorizer may concurrently serve as an employee, trustee, agent,
representative, vendor or contractor of a public charter school authorized
by such authorizer.

New Sec. 13. No public or private entity, other than those expressly granted chartering authority as set forth in sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, may assume any authorizing duties or functions in any form.

34 New Sec. 14. (a) The commission shall be responsible for 35 overseeing the performance and effectiveness of all authorizers. The 36 commission may initiate a review of an authorizer if the commission is 37 presented with complaints concerning the performance or operation of 38 such authorizer or of any public charter school authorized by such 39 authorizer, or a review may be initiated under certain circumstances 40 prescribed in rules and regulations adopted by the commission. In reviewing or evaluating the performance of authorizers the commission 41 shall apply nationally recognized principles and standards for quality 42 43 charter authorizing. If at any time the commission finds that an authorizer

is not in compliance with an existing charter contract, its authorizing
 contract or the requirements of sections 1 through 44, and amendments
 thereto, the commission shall notify the authorizer in writing of the
 identified problems, and the authorizer shall have a reasonable opportunity
 to respond and remedy such problems.

6 (b) If a local school board registered as an authorizer pursuant to 7 section 6, and amendments thereto, persists, after due notice from the 8 commission, in violating a material provision of a charter contract or fails 9 to remedy other authorizing problems, the commission shall notify the 10 local school board that it intends to terminate the local school board's 11 chartering authority unless the local school board demonstrates a timely 12 and satisfactory remedy for the violations or deficiencies.

13 (c) If an authorizer granted chartering authority pursuant to section 7, and amendments thereto, persists, after due notice from the commission, in 14 violating a material provision of a charter contract or its authorizing 15 16 contract with the commission or fails to remedy other identified 17 authorizing problems, the commission shall notify the authorizer that it 18 intends to revoke the authorizer's chartering authority and terminate the 19 authorizing contract unless the authorizer demonstrates a timely and 20 satisfactory remedy for the violations or deficiencies.

(d) In the event of revocation of any authorizer's chartering authority, the commission shall manage the timely and orderly transfer of each charter contract held by such authorizer to another authorizer, with the mutual agreement of each affected public charter school and proposed new authorizer. The new authorizer shall assume the existing charter contract for the remainder of the charter term.

New Sec. 15. All public charter schools in operation prior to the effective date of this act shall not be required to submit an application for approval under section 16, and amendments thereto, to such school's authorizer, provided the authorizer obtains charter authority pursuant to section 5, and amendments thereto, and a charter contract is executed between the authorizer and the public charter school in accordance with the provisions of section 19, and amendments thereto.

New Sec. 16. (a) Each year the commission shall establish and publish a statewide timeline for public charter school approval decisions, which shall apply to all authorizers. In accordance with such timeline, every authorizer shall issue and publish a request for proposals. The content and distribution of the request for proposals shall be consistent with the purposes and requirements of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

(b) The purposes of the public charter school application are to
present the proposed public charter school's academic and operational
vision and plans, demonstrate the applicant's capacities to execute the

proposed vision and plans and provide the authorizer a clear basis for
 assessing the applicant's plans and capacities. An approved public charter
 school application shall not serve as the school's charter contract.

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(c) Each authorizer's request for proposals shall:

5 (1) Present the authorizer's strategic vision for chartering, including a 6 statement of any preferences the authorizer wishes to grant to applications 7 that help at-risk students;

8 (2) include or otherwise direct applicants to the performance 9 framework that the authorizer has developed for the oversight and 10 evaluation of public charter schools;

(3) include any criteria the authorizer intends to utilize in renderingits decision to approve or deny a public charter school application;

(4) include detailed instructions concerning the format and content
 necessary for applicants to demonstrate the capacities necessary to
 establish and operate a successful public charter school; and

(5) require applicants to provide or describe the following elements ofthe proposed public charter school plan:

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(A) An executive summary;

(B) the mission and vision of the proposed public charter school,
including identification of the targeted student population and the
community the school hopes to serve;

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(C) the location or geographic area proposed for the school;

(D) the grades to be served each year for the full term of the chartercontract;

25 (E) the minimum, maximum and planned enrollment per grade per 26 year for the term of the charter contract;

(F) evidence of need and community support for the proposed publiccharter school;

(G) background information on the proposed governing board
 members and, if identified, the proposed school leadership and
 management team;

(H) the school's proposed calendar and sample of the daily schedule;

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(I) a description of the academic program;

(1) a description of the academic program;

(J) a description of the school's instructional design, including the
 type of learning environment, such as classroom-based or independent
 study, class size and structure, curriculum overview and teaching methods;

(K) the school's plan for using internal and external assessments to
measure and report student progress on the performance framework
developed by the authorizer;

40 (L) the school's plans for identifying and successfully serving
41 students with disabilities, students who are English language learners,
42 students who are academically behind and gifted students, including, but
43 not limited to, compliance with all applicable federal laws and regulations;

(M) a description of co-curricular or extracurricular programs and 1 how they will be funded and delivered; 2

(N) plans and timelines for student recruitment and enrollment. 3 including lottery procedures; 4

(O) the school's student discipline policies, including those for 5 6 special education students;

7 (P) an organizational chart that presents the school's organizational 8 structure, including lines of authority and reporting between the governing board, staff, any related bodies, such as advisory bodies or parent and 9 teacher councils, and any external organizations that will play a role in 10 managing the school; 11

12 (Q) a description of the roles and responsibilities for the governing board, the school's leadership and management team and any other entities 13 14 shown in the organizational chart;

15 (R) a staffing chart for the school's first year, and a staffing plan for 16 the term of the charter contract:

(S) plans for recruiting and developing school leadership and staff;

(T) the school's leadership and teacher employment policies, 18 19 including performance evaluation plans;

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(U) proposed governing bylaws; (V) explanations of any partnerships or contractual relationships 21

22 related to the school's operation or mission;

23 (W) the school's plans for providing transportation, food service and all other significant operational or ancillary services; 24 25

(X) opportunities and expectations for parent involvement;

(Y) a detailed school start-up plan, identifying tasks, timelines and 26 responsible individuals; 27

28 (Z) a description of the school's financial plan and policies, including 29 financial controls and audit requirements;

30 31 (AA) a description of the insurance coverage the school will obtain;

(BB) start-up and five-year budgets with stated assumptions;

start-up and first-year cash-flow projections with stated 32 (CC) 33 assumptions;

34 (DD)evidence of anticipated fundraising contributions, if claimed in 35 the application; and

(EE) a facilities plan, including backup or contingency plans, if 36 37 appropriate.

38 (d) Applicants shall not submit an application for a particular public 39 charter school to more than one authorizer at any one time.

(e) In the case of an application to establish a public charter school by 40 41 converting an existing public school to public charter school status, the request for proposals shall additionally require the applicants to 42 demonstrate support for the proposed public charter school conversion by 43

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a petition signed by a majority of teachers and a petition signed by a
 majority of parents of students in the existing public school.

3 (f) In the case of an application to establish a virtual public charter 4 school, the request for proposals shall additionally require the applicants to 5 describe the proposed school's system of course credits and how the 6 school will:

7 (1) Monitor and verify full-time student enrollment, student 8 participation in a full course load, credit accrual and course completion;

9 (2) monitor and verify student progress and performance in each 10 course through regular, proctored assessments and submissions of 11 coursework;

(3) conduct parent-teacher conferences; and

13 (4) administer state-required assessments to all students in a 14 proctored setting.

(g) In the case of an application for a public charter school that intends to contract with an education service provider for substantial educational services, management services, or both, the request for proposal shall require the applicant to:

(1) Provide evidence of the education service provider's success in
serving student populations similar to the targeted population, including
demonstrated academic achievement and successful management of
nonacademic school functions, if applicable;

23 (2) provide a term sheet setting forth the following: (A) The proposed duration of the service contract; (B) the roles and responsibilities of the 24 25 governing board, the school staff and the service provider; (C) the scope of services and resources to be provided by the service provider; (D) the 26 performance evaluation measures and timelines; (E) the compensation 27 28 structure, including identification of all fees to be paid to the service 29 provider; (F) the methods of contract oversight and enforcement; (G) any 30 investment disclosure; and (H) the conditions for renewal or termination of 31 the contract; and

(3) disclose and explain any existing or potential conflicts of interest
 between the governing board and the proposed education service provider
 or any business entities affiliated with the education service provider.

(h) In the case of an application for a public charter school that
currently operates one or more schools in this state, any other state or any
foreign country, the request for proposal shall require the applicant to
provide evidence of past performance and current capacity for growth.

New Sec. 17. (a) In reviewing and evaluating charter school applications, authorizers shall employ procedures, practices and criteria consistent with nationally recognized principles and standards for charter school authorizing. The application review process shall include an evaluation of each application, an in-person interview with the applicant or applicants, as the case may be, and a public hearing to permit local
 residents to learn about and provide input on each application.

3 (b) In determining whether to approve a charter school application, 4 authorizers shall:

5 (1) Grant charters only to applicants that have demonstrated 6 competence in each element of the authorizer's published approval criteria 7 and are likely to open and operate a successful public charter school;

8 (2) base decisions on documented evidence collected through the 9 application review process; and

(3) follow charter-granting policies and practices that are transparent,
 based on merit and avoid conflicts of interest or any appearance thereof.

(c) No later than 60 days after the filing of a charter school 12 13 application, the authorizer shall adopt a resolution approving or denying such application in an open meeting of the authorizer's governing board. 14 A resolution approving a charter school application may include, if 15 16 appropriate, reasonable conditions that the applicant must satisfy prior to 17 the execution of a charter contract. A resolution denying a charter school application shall state the reasons for such denial. Upon denial an 18 19 applicant may subsequently reapply to that authorizer or apply to any other 20 authorizer.

21 (d) Within 30 days of adoption of a resolution pursuant to this 22 section, the authorizer shall report to the commission the action it has 23 taken with respect to an applicant. The authorizer also shall provide a 24 copy of the report to the applicant at the time the report is submitted to the 25 commission. The report shall include a copy of the resolution, the reasons for the decision and a statement of assurance that the authorizer and the 26 27 applicant are in compliance with all of the procedural and application 28 requirements of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

29 New Sec. 18. An initial charter shall be granted for a term of five 30 operating years. The charter term shall commence on the public charter 31 school's first day of operation. An approved public charter school may 32 delay its opening for one school year in order to plan and prepare for the 33 school's opening. If the school requires an opening delay of more than 34 one school year, the school shall request an extension from its authorizer. 35 The authorizer may grant or deny the extension depending on the 36 particular school's circumstances.

New Sec. 19. (a) After approval of a charter school application, the authorizer and the governing board of the approved public charter school shall execute a charter contract that sets forth the academic and operational performance expectations and measures by which the public charter school will be judged and the administrative relationship between the authorizer and public charter school, including each party's rights and duties. The performance expectations and measures set forth in the charter contract shall include, but are not limited to, applicable federal and state
 accountability requirements. The performance provisions may be
 amended by mutual written agreement between the parties after the public
 charter school is operating and has collected baseline achievement data for
 its enrolled students.

6 (b) The charter contract for a virtual public charter school shall 7 include a description of the methods by which the school will:

8 (1) Monitor and verify full-time student enrollment, student 9 participation in a full course load, credit accrual and course completion;

10 (2) monitor and verify student progress and performance in each 11 course through regular, proctored assessments and submissions of 12 coursework;

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(3) conduct parent-teacher conferences; and

14 (4) administer state-required assessments to all students in a 15 proctored setting.

16 (c) The charter contract shall be signed by the president of the authorizer's governing board and the president of the public charter 18 school's governing board. Within 30 days of executing a charter contract, 19 the authorizer shall submit to the commission written notification of the 20 charter contract execution, including a copy of the executed charter 21 contract and any attachments.

(d) To the extent approved by the authorizer and consistent with all applicable laws, a charter contract may govern one or more schools, or a governing board may be a party to one or more charter contracts. In either event, each public charter school that is part of a charter contract shall be separate and distinct from any other public charter schools governed by the same charter contract or by the same governing board.

(e) No public charter school shall commence operations without a
 charter contract executed in accordance with this section and approved at
 an open meeting of the authorizer's governing board.

(f) The parties may include in the charter contract any reasonable requirements or conditions the authorizer deems necessary prior to the opening of the public charter school in order to monitor the start-up progress of such newly authorized public charter school, ensure that such school is prepared to open on the date set forth in the charter contract, and ensure that such school meets all building, health, safety, insurance and other legal requirements for the opening of a public charter school.

(g) Except as otherwise provided by law, the powers, obligations and
 responsibilities set forth in the charter contract cannot be delegated or
 assigned by either party.

New Sec. 20. (a) With the exception of oversight services as
required by section 9, and amendments thereto, no public charter school
shall be required, expressly or implicitly, to purchase services from its

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authorizer as a condition of approval of a charter school application or of
 execution of a charter contract.

3 (b) A public charter school, at its sole discretion, may choose to 4 purchase services from its authorizer. In such event, the public charter 5 school and the authorizer shall execute an annual written service contract, 6 separate from the charter contract, stating the parties' mutual agreement 7 concerning any services to be provided by the authorizer and any service 8 fees to be charged to the public charter school. An authorizer may not charge more than fair market rates for services provided to a public charter 9 10 school.

11 (c) Within 30 days after the end of each fiscal year, each authorizer 12 shall provide to each public charter school it oversees an itemized 13 accounting of the actual costs of services purchased by the public charter school from the authorizer. Any difference between the amount initially 14 charged to the public charter school and the actual cost shall be reconciled 15 16 and paid to the party that is owed the difference. If either party disputes 17 the itemized accounting, the charges included in such accounting, or the 18 charges to either party, such party is entitled to request a review by the 19 commission whose determination shall be final. Such review shall be 20 conducted in accordance with section 26, and amendments thereto.

21 New Sec. 21. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), the 22 following shall apply with respect to enrollment in any public charter 23 school:

(1) A public charter school shall be open to any student residing inthe state;

26 (2) a school district shall not require any student enrolled in the 27 school district to attend a public charter school;

(3) a public charter school shall not limit admission based on
 ethnicity, national origin, religion, gender, income level, disabling
 condition, proficiency in the English language or academic or athletic
 ability;

(4) a public charter school may limit admission to students within a
 given age group or grade level and may be organized around a special
 emphasis, theme or concept as stated in the school's application.

(5) a public charter school shall enroll all students who wish to attend
the school, unless the number of students exceeds the capacity of a
program, class, grade level or building; and

(6) if capacity is insufficient to enroll all students wanting to attendthe school, the public charter school shall select students through a lottery.

40 (b) (1) Any public school converting to a public charter school shall 41 adopt and maintain a policy giving enrollment preference to students who 42 reside within the former attendance area of such public school.

(2) A public charter school shall give enrollment preference to

students enrolled in the public charter school the previous school year and
 to siblings of students already enrolled in the public charter school. An
 enrollment preference for returning students excludes those students from
 entering into a lottery.

5 (3) A public charter school may give enrollment preference to 6 children of a public charter school's founders, members of the governing 7 board and full-time employees, provided such students constitute no more 8 than 10% of the school's total student enrollment.

9 (4) This section does not preclude the formation of a public charter 10 school whose mission is focused on serving students with disabilities, 11 students of the same gender, students who pose such severe disciplinary 12 problems that such students warrant a specific educational program or 13 students who are at risk of academic failure. If capacity is insufficient to 14 enroll all students wanting to attend such school, the public charter school 15 shall select students through a lottery.

16 (c) If a student who was previously enrolled in a public charter school 17 enrolls in another public school in this state, the student's new school shall 18 accept credits earned by the student in courses or instructional programs at 19 the public charter school in a uniform and consistent manner and 20 according to the same criteria used to accept academic credits from other 21 public schools.

(d) A school district shall provide or publicize to parents and the general public information about public charter schools authorized by the school district as an enrollment option within the school district to the same extent and through the same means that the school district provides and publicizes information about public schools in the school district.

27 An authorizer shall not restrict the number of students a public (e) 28 charter school may enroll. The capacity of the public charter school shall 29 be determined annually by the governing board of the public charter 30 school in conjunction with the authorizer and in consideration of the public 31 charter school's ability to facilitate the academic success of its students, to 32 achieve the other objectives specified in the charter contract and to ensure 33 that its student enrollment does not exceed the capacity of its facility or 34 site.

35 (a) A charter contract shall include public charter New Sec. 22. 36 school performance provisions that shall be based on a performance 37 framework established by the authorizer that sets forth the academic and 38 operational performance indicators, measures and metrics that are the basis 39 for the authorizer's evaluations of each public charter school. The 40 performance framework shall include, but not be limited to, the following 41 indicators, measures and metrics:

- (1) Student academic proficiency;
- 43 (2) student academic growth;

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## HB 2580

1 (3) achievement gaps in both proficiency and growth between major 2 student subgroups;

- (4) attendance;
  - (5) recurrent enrollment from year to year;

5 (6) postsecondary readiness for public charter schools offering grades 6 10 through 12;

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(7) financial performance and sustainability; and

8 (8) governing board performance and stewardship, including
 9 compliance with all applicable laws, regulations and terms of the charter
 10 contract.

(b) The performance framework shall permit a public charter school to adopt additional rigorous, valid and reliable indicators, measures and metrics that the school's governing board deems necessary to augment external evaluations of the school's performance, provided the authorizer approves such indicators, measures and metrics, and such indicators, measures and metrics are consistent with the provisions of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

(c) The performance framework shall require the disaggregation of all
student performance data by the following major student subgroups: (1)
Gender; (2) race; (3) poverty status; (4) special education status; (5)
English language learner status; and (6) gifted status.

(d) For each public charter school it oversees, the authorizer shall be
 responsible for collecting, analyzing and reporting all data from state
 assessments in accordance with the performance framework.

(e) Multiple schools operating under a single charter contract or
overseen by a single governing board shall be required to report each
school's performance independent of any other schools, and each school
shall be held independently accountable for such school's performance.

29 New Sec. 23. (a) An authorizer shall monitor the performance and 30 legal compliance of all public charter schools that such authorizer has 31 Such monitoring shall include collecting and analyzing authorized. 32 performance data as part of the authorizer's evaluation of such schools in 33 accordance with the charter contract. Every authorizer shall have the 34 authority to conduct any oversight activities that the authorizer deems 35 necessary to fulfill such authorizer's duties and functions under sections 1 36 through 44, and amendments thereto. Such oversight activities may 37 include, but are not limited to, reviewing relevant documents and accounts 38 held by the school and conducting appropriate inquiries and investigations 39 into the operation of the school, provided such oversight activities are 40 consistent with the spirit and intent of sections 1 through 44, and 41 amendments thereto, adhere to the terms of the charter contract and do not 42 unduly inhibit the autonomy granted to public charter schools by sections 43 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

1 (b) As part of the annual review of each public charter school, the 2 public charter school and its authorizer shall establish annual performance 3 goals designed to help each school meet applicable federal, state and 4 authorizer requirements.

5 (c) If an authorizer finds a public charter school's performance or 6 legal compliance to be unsatisfactory, the authorizer shall notify the public 7 charter school of such unsatisfactory condition and provide the school a 8 reasonable opportunity to remedy the condition. An authorizer may take 9 appropriate corrective actions against or impose sanctions on any public charter school found to have deficiencies in its performance or legal 10 compliance. Such actions or sanctions may include requiring such school 11 12 to develop and execute a corrective action plan within a time specified by 13 the authorizer.

(d) If a public charter school is unwilling or unable to correct a
deficiency in its performance or legal compliance, or such deficiency is of
a serious nature so as to warrant revocation of such school's charter, the
authorizer may revoke such school's charter in accordance with the
provisions of section 24, and amendments thereto.

(e) Each authorizer shall annually publish and provide, as part of its
annual report to the commission and the legislature, a performance report
for each public charter school it oversees. The authorizer may require
each public charter school it oversees to submit an annual report to assist
the authorizer in gathering complete information about each school.

New Sec. 24. (a) An authorizer may renew a charter for up to five years depending on the performance, demonstrated capacities and particular circumstances of each public charter school. An authorizer may include specific conditions for necessary improvements to a public charter school as part of any charter renewal.

29 (b) On or before October 1, an authorizer shall issue a public charter school performance report and charter renewal application guidelines to 30 31 any public charter school whose charter will expire the following year. 32 The performance report shall summarize the public charter school's 33 performance record to date, based on the performance data collected by 34 the authorizer pursuant to section 22, and amendments thereto. The performance report shall provide notice of any weaknesses or concerns the 35 36 authorizer finds regarding the operation of the public charter school that 37 may jeopardize the renewal of the school's charter if not timely rectified. 38 The public charter school shall have 30 days to respond to the performance 39 report and submit any corrections or clarifications for the report.

40 (c) The renewal application guidelines shall provide an opportunity 41 for the public charter school to:

42 (1) Present additional evidence, beyond the performance data 43 contained in the performance report, supporting the school's case for 1 charter renewal;

(2) describe improvements undertaken or planned for the school; and

(3) detail the school's plans for the next charter term.

4 (d) The renewal application guidelines shall include or refer explicitly
5 to the criteria the authorizer will consider in making its renewal decision.
6 Such criteria shall be based on the performance framework set forth in the
7 charter contract.

8 (e) On or before December 1, the governing board of a public charter 9 school seeking renewal shall submit a renewal application to the authorizer 10 pursuant to the renewal application guidelines. Within 60 days after the 11 renewal application is filed, the authorizer shall adopt a resolution 12 approving or denying the renewal application.

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(f) In making charter renewal decisions, each authorizer shall:

(1) Base its decision on the school's performance over the term of the
 charter contract in accordance with the performance framework set forth in
 the charter contract;

(2) ensure that performance data considered by the authorizer isavailable to the school and the public; and

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(3) publish a report summarizing the basis for each decision.

20 (g) A charter contract may be revoked or a charter renewal 21 application may be denied if the authorizer determines that the public 22 charter school failed to comply with any of the provisions of sections 1 23 through 44, and amendments thereto, including, but not limited to, the 24 following:

(1) A material and substantial violation of any of the terms,
 conditions, standards or procedures required by sections 1 through 44, and
 amendments thereto, or the charter contract;

(2) failure to meet or make sufficient progress toward theperformance goals set forth in the charter contract;

30 (3) failure to meet generally accepted standards of fiscal management
31 as set forth in the charter contract; or

32 (4) a material and substantial violation of any provision of law from33 which the public charter school is not exempted.

(h) An authorizer shall adopt policies and procedures for the
 revocation or nonrenewal of a charter. Such policies and procedures shall
 include, but not be limited to:

(1) Providing the governing board of the public charter school with
notification within a reasonable time that the authorizer is considering the
revocation or nonrenewal of the charter, and of the specific reasons for
such action;

41 (2) providing the governing board of the public charter school with a 42 reasonable amount of time in which to prepare a response to the 43 notification; 1 (3) providing for a hearing at which the governing board of the public 2 charter school may submit documents and provide testimony rebutting the 3 rationale for revocation or nonrenewal and supporting the continuation of 4 the public charter school;

5 (4) permitting the governing board of the public charter school to 6 obtain representation by counsel and to call witnesses on the school's 7 behalf during any such hearing; and

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(5) permitting the recording of any such hearing.

9 (i) If an authorizer revokes or decides not to renew a charter, the 10 authorizer shall adopt a resolution which shall include the specific reasons 11 for the authorizer's decision.

12 (i) Within 30 days of adoption of a resolution pursuant to this section, the authorizer shall submit a report on the authorizer's decision to the 13 commission, and shall provide a copy to the governing board of the public 14 charter school at the time the report is submitted to the commission. The 15 16 report shall include a copy of the resolution, the specific reasons for the 17 authorizer's decision and a statement of assurance that the authorizer is in 18 compliance with all of the procedural requirements of sections 1 through 19 44, and amendments thereto.

20 New Sec. 25. (a) Before any public charter school may be closed, 21 an authorizer shall adopt policies and procedures for public charter school 22 closure. Such policies and procedures shall ensure the timely notification 23 of parents, the orderly transition of students and student records to new 24 schools and the proper disposition of school funds, property and assets in 25 accordance with sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto. The policies and procedures shall specify the duties and obligations of both the 26 27 school and the authorizer in closing the public charter school.

28 (b) Upon closure of a public charter school the assets of such school 29 shall be distributed first to satisfy outstanding payroll obligations to employees of the school, then to creditors of the school, if any, and then to 30 31 the state treasurer who shall credit such funds to the state general fund. If 32 the assets of the school are insufficient to pay all obligations of the school, 33 whether compensation, debt or otherwise, the distribution of such assets 34 may be determined by court order upon the filing of a petition for such 35 order by any interested party.

New Sec. 26. (a) Any public charter school aggrieved by any action 36 37 or decision rendered by such school's authorizer may request, through such 38 school's governing board, the review of such action or decision within 15 39 days of receipt of written notice of such action or decision. The request 40 for review shall be submitted in writing to the commission in such form and manner as prescribed by the commission. Upon receipt of a timely 41 42 request for review, the commission shall conduct a hearing on the matter 43 and review such action or decision in accordance with the provisions of 1 the Kansas administrative procedure act.

2 (b) Any action of the commission pursuant to this section is subject to 3 review in accordance with the Kansas judicial review act.

4 New Sec. 27. No charter contract may be transferred to another 5 authorizer, and no oversight of a public charter school may be transferred 6 to another authorizer prior to the expiration of the charter term except 7 upon approval by the commission. The authorizer or public charter school 8 requesting such transfer shall submit such request in writing to the 9 commission in such form and manner as prescribed by the commission. 10 Upon review of such request and a finding that such transfer would be in the best interests of the students of such public charter school, the 11 12 commission may grant such transfer request. The commission shall notify the current authorizer, the authorizer the public charter school is being 13 transferred to and the public charter school of the commission's decision. 14 15 If a transfer request is granted, the public charter school shall notify the 16 parents of the students enrolled in such school of the transfer of the charter 17 contract

18 New Sec. 28. On or before January 15, 2014, and every January 15 19 thereafter, the commission shall prepare and submit an annual report on 20 public charter schools in this state to the governor and the legislature. The 21 report shall be based on the annual reports submitted by each authorizer, as 22 well as any additional relevant data compiled by the commission, for the 23 school year ending in the immediately preceding calendar year. The annual report shall include a comparison of the performance of public 24 25 charter school students with the performance of academically, ethnically 26 and economically comparable groups of students in public schools. The 27 annual report also shall include the commission's assessment of the 28 successes, challenges and areas for improvement in meeting the purpose 29 and intent of public charter schools set forth in section 2, and amendments 30 thereto, including the commission's assessment of the sufficiency of 31 funding for public charter schools and any suggested changes in state law 32 or policy necessary to strengthen public charter schools.

New Sec. 29. (a) A public charter school shall be a nonprofit education organization. Public charter schools shall be subject to all federal laws and such other laws and rules and regulations as provided in sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, or as agreed to in the charter contract, provided the provisions of the charter contract are consistent with the provisions of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

40 (b) Public charter schools shall not be subject to student assessment
41 and accountability requirements applicable to public schools. However,
42 public charter schools shall conduct annual student assessments in
43 accordance with the charter contract.

1 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (d) and (e) and in 2 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, a public charter school 3 shall not be subject to any state or local law, rule and regulation or policy 4 and procedure pertaining to public schools.

5 6 (d) Public charter schools shall be subject to all civil rights, health and safety requirements applicable to public schools.

7 (e) Public charter schools and the governing boards thereof shall be 8 subject to and shall comply with the Kansas open records act and the 9 Kansas open meetings act.

10 New Sec. 30. (a) A public charter school shall function as a local 11 educational agency. A public charter school shall meet all requirements of 12 local educational agencies under federal law, including all laws pertaining 13 to special education. A public charter school's status as a local educational 14 agency shall not preclude such school from contracting with school 15 districts for services, resources or programs, or from otherwise forming 16 partnerships with school districts for such services, resources or programs.

17 (b) The identification of special education needs and the provision of special education services for enrolled students shall be the responsibility 18 19 of the public charter school. If a student's individualized education 20 program team determines that the student's needs cannot be met in the 21 public charter school and the public charter school cannot provide a free 22 and appropriate public education to that student, then the school district in 23 which the student resides shall place the student in accordance with the 24 individualized education program.

25 New Sec. 31. (a) A public charter school shall have the the 26 following powers:

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(1) To receive and disburse funds for school purposes;

(2) to secure appropriate insurance and to enter into contracts andleases, which shall not be subject to prevailing wage laws;

30 (3) to contract with an education service provider for the management
and operation of the public charter school, provided the school's governing
board retains oversight authority over the school;

(4) to incur debt in reasonable anticipation of the receipt of public orprivate funds;

(5) to pledge, assign or encumber its assets to be used as collateral for
 loans or extensions of credit;

(6) to solicit and accept any gifts or grants for school purposessubject to all applicable laws and the terms of the charter contract;

39 (7) to acquire real property for use as its facility or facilities, from40 public or private sources;

(8) to sue and be sued in its own name; and

42 (9) any other powers the governing board deems necessary to carry43 out the duties and functions of the public charter school under the charter

contract, provided such powers are consistent with the provisions of
 sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto.

3 (b) A public charter school shall not discriminate against any person 4 on the basis of race, creed, color, sex, disability, national origin or any 5 other category that would be unlawful if done by a noncharter public 6 school. A public charter school shall not discriminate against any student 7 on the basis of national origin, minority status or limited proficiency in 8 English. Consistent with federal civil rights laws, public charter schools 9 shall provide limited English proficient students with appropriate services 10 designed to teach them English and the general curriculum.

(c) No public charter school may engage in any sectarian practices in
 its educational program, admissions or employment policies or operations.

(d) A public charter school shall not charge tuition and may onlycharge such fees as may be imposed by public schools.

New Sec. 32. (a) Public charter schools shall comply with all applicable federal laws and rules and regulations regarding the qualification of teachers and other instructional staff. In accordance with section 29, and amendments thereto, teachers in public charter schools shall be exempt from the teacher certification requirements established by the state board.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, employees in public charter schools shall have the same rights and privileges as employees employed by school districts, including, but not limited to, participation in the Kansas public employees retirement system, health insurance and other benefits programs, provided the public charter school chooses to participate in such programs.

(c) Teachers and other school personnel, including members of the
 governing board, shall be subject to the same criminal history record
 checks and fingerprinting requirements applicable to employees employed
 by school districts.

31 (d) Public charter school employees shall not be required to be 32 members of any existing collective bargaining agreement between a school 33 district and its employees. A public charter school shall not interfere with 34 laws and other applicable rules protecting the rights of employees to 35 organize and be free from discrimination. The provisions of article 54 of chapter 72 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto. 36 37 shall not apply to any contract, or other agreement for services between the 38 governing board of a public charter school and any such school's 39 employees.

New Sec. 33. (a) A public charter school shall be eligible to
participate in any state board or school district sponsored interscholastic
leagues, competitions, awards, scholarships and recognition programs for
students, teachers, administrators and schools to the same extent as public

1 schools.

2 (b) A public charter school student shall be eligible to participate in 3 extracurricular activities not offered by the student's school at:

4 (1) The school within whose attendance boundaries the student's 5 parent resides; or

6 (2) the public school from which the student withdrew for the 7 purpose of attending a public charter school.

8 (c) A public charter school student shall be eligible to participate in 9 extracurricular activities at a public school under the same eligibility 10 standards applicable to students enrolled on a full-time basis in such public 11 school.

(d) The commission shall adopt rules and regulations for establishing
fees to be paid by public charter school students for participation in
extracurricular activities at public schools. Such rules and regulations
shall provide that:

16 (1) Public charter school students pay fees that are not in excess of 17 the fees paid by students enrolled on a full-time basis in such public 18 school;

(2) public charter school students are eligible to receive a waiver of
extracurricular fees on the same basis as students enrolled on a full-time
basis in such public school; and

(3) for each public charter school student who participates in an extracurricular activity at a public school, the public charter school shall pay a prorata share of the costs incurred by the public school for the extracurricular activity, which prorata share shall be based on the state and local tax revenues expended by the public school, excluding capital improvement expenditures, for providing such extracurricular activities divided by the total student enrollment of the public school.

(e) For the purposes of this section, the commission may establish
statewide uniform fees for participation in extracurricular activities by
public charter school students based on the average statewide cost of
providing such activities or average cost within a sample of school
districts.

New Sec. 34. (a) Each authorizer shall certify under oath to the state board a report showing the total enrollment of all of the public charter schools under the oversight of such authorizer. Such report shall be prepared and submitted in accordance with K.S.A. 72-6419, and amendments thereto.

(b) (1) Notwithstanding any authorizer fee reductions made pursuant
to section 11, and amendments thereto, for a public charter school
authorized by a school district, the school district shall pay to the public
charter school an amount equal to the total enrollment of the public charter
school multiplied by the general state aid per pupil plus the supplemental

1 general state aid per pupil received by the school district pursuant to 2 K.S.A. 72-6405 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto.

3 (2) For purposes of this subsection and for calculating enrollment 4 pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6405 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, a school 5 district shall continue to count any student attending a public charter 6 school authorized by such school district as a pupil of the school district.

7 (c) (1) For each student enrolled in a public charter school authorized 8 by an authorizer other than a school district, the state board shall distribute 9 an amount equal to the general state aid per pupil plus the supplemental 10 general state aid per pupil such student's resident school district would otherwise be entitled to receive if such student were enrolled in the 11 12 resident school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6405 et seq., and 13 amendments thereto, to the authorizer of the public charter school where such student is enrolled. Notwithstanding any authorizer fee reductions 14 15 made pursuant to section 11, and amendments thereto, the authorizer shall 16 pay to each public charter school under its oversight an amount equal to 17 the distribution received by such authorizer from the state board based on 18 the enrollment of such public charter school.

19 (2) For purposes of this subsection and for calculating enrollment 20 pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6405 *et seq.*, and amendments thereto, a resident 21 school district shall not count any student attending a public charter school 22 as a pupil of such resident school district.

(3) For purposes of this subsection, "resident school district" means
the school district in which the student resides and would otherwise be
enrolled if the student was not enrolled in a public charter school.

(d) Distributions made by the state board pursuant to subsection (c)
shall be made at the same time as general state aid distributions and shall
be made in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 72-6417, and
amendments thereto.

(e) Payments by authorizers required by this section shall be made in
12 substantially equal payments on the first day of each month. If any
authorizer fails to make a payment required by this section, the state board
shall deduct the amount of such underpayment from the amount to be
distributed to the authorizer and shall pay such amount directly to the
public charter school that is entitled to receive such funds.

(f) Amounts payable to a public charter school during its first year of
operations shall be based on first year enrollment projections as
established in the charter contract. Such projections shall be reconciled
with the actual enrollment of the public charter school and any necessary
adjustments shall be made to the payments made to the public charter
school during the remainder of the first year of operation.

42 New Sec. 35. (a) Public charter schools shall be entitled to special 43 education and related services state aid pursuant to K.S.A. 72-978, and

- amendments thereto, and catastrophic state aid pursuant to K.S.A. 72-983,
   and amendments thereto, as though such public charter school were a
   school district.
- 4 (b) Any state aid paid to a public charter school pursuant to this 5 section shall be paid in accordance with K.S.A. 72-979, and amendments 6 thereto.

7 (a) There is hereby established the public charter New Sec. 36. 8 school facility grant program. The program shall be administered by the 9 commission, which shall adopt such rules and regulations necessary to implement the provisions of this section. The program shall be funded by 10 private contributions, which are eligible for a tax credit pursuant to section 11 12 45, and amendments thereto. The commission shall provide notice of the existence of such program and the means by which it is funded to 13 14 authorizers, public charter schools and the general public. All private contributions made to the program shall be remitted to the commission. 15 16 Private contributions may be paid directly to the commission, or any 17 authorizer or public charter school may accept such contributions on 18 behalf of the commission and remit the total amount of such contributions 19 received to the commission.

20 (b) To the extent there are sufficient funds in the public charter school 21 facility grant fund, the commission shall award grants to eligible public 22 charter schools to assist such schools in financing the construction or 23 improvement of facilities for use by such school, or in the repayment of 24 debt incurred by such school in financing such construction or 25 improvements. Grants shall be awarded to eligible public charter schools based on priorities established by the commission. The commission shall 26 27 give preference to those applications that provide for matching funds from 28 private sources.

(c) Any public charter school that is in good standing shall be eligible for a grant under this section. Any public charter school seeking a grant shall submit an application to the commission at such time and in such form and manner as prescribed by the commission. An application shall include a description of the need for the facilities, a description of the facilities to be constructed or improved, the cost of such construction or improvement and any private source of matching funds.

36 (d) Any public charter school receiving grant funds pursuant to this 37 section shall annually report to the commission on the use of such funds. 38 Such report shall include the total amount of the grant award, the amount 39 of such funds spent in the immediately preceding 12 months, the progress 40 of the construction or improvement project, the amount of additional funds 41 obtained from private sources for the project and any other information the 42 commission deems necessary. The commission shall include in its annual 43 report to the governor and the legislature pursuant to section 28, and

amendments thereto, a report on the amount of grants awarded and the
 amount of grant funds expended based on the reports the commission
 received pursuant to this section.

4 (e) There is hereby established in the state treasury the public charter 5 school facility grant fund which shall be administered by the commission. 6 All moneys received from private contributions for the purpose of 7 financing the construction or improvement of facilities for use by public 8 charter schools in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be 9 remitted to the state treasurer in accordance with the provisions of K.S.A. 10 75-4215, and amendments thereto. Upon receipt of each such remittance, the state treasurer shall deposit the entire amount in the state treasury to 11 12 the credit of the public charter school facility grant fund. All expenditures 13 from the public charter school facility grant fund shall be made in accordance with appropriation acts upon warrants of the director of 14 15 accounts and reports issued pursuant to vouchers approved by the 16 chairperson of the commission, or by such other person designated by the 17 commission

(f) On or before the 10<sup>th</sup> of each month, the director of accounts and
 reports shall transfer from the state general fund to the public charter
 school facility grant fund interest earnings based on:

(1) The average daily balance of money in the public charter school
 facility grant fund for the preceding month; and

(2) the net earnings rate of the pooled money investment portfolio forthe preceding month.

New Sec. 37. (a) Every public charter school shall maintain a system of accounts, including receipts and expenditures, that is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Each public charter school shall be have its financial records audited annually by an independent auditor. The cost of the audit shall be borne solely by the public charter school.

(b) Within 30 days after receipt of any financial audit report made
pursuant to this section, the public charter school shall submit a copy of
such report, along with any other information provided by the auditor, to
the authorizer of such public charter school.

New Sec. 38. Any funds received by a public charter school from any source and remaining in an account held by the public charter school at the end of the fiscal year shall remain in such account and be expended by such public charter school in any subsequent fiscal year.

New Sec. 39. Nothing in sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, shall be construed to prohibit any individual or organization from providing funding or other assistance in establishing or operating a public charter school. The governing board of a public charter school may accept gifts, donations and grants of any kind made to the public charter school. 1 The public charter school shall expend or use such gifts, donations or 2 grants in accordance with the conditions prescribed by the donor, provided 3 that no gift, donation or grant may be accepted and expended if subject to 4 a condition that is in direct conflict with any provision of law or term of 5 the charter contract.

6 New Sec. 40. A public charter school may enter into an agreement 7 with a school district or a private provider to provide transportation for the 8 students of such public charter school.

9 New Sec. 41. (a) A public charter school shall have a right of first 10 refusal to purchase or lease at or below fair market value any facility or 11 other real property, or unused portion thereof, that is located in a school 12 district from which such public charter school draws its students, is owned 13 by such school district, has been closed by such school district and has 14 been offered by such school district for sale or lease.

(b) A public charter school may negotiate and contract at or below
fair market value with a school district, the governing body of a public or
private postsecondary educational institution, or any other public or
private entity for the use of a facility for the educational purposes of such
public charter school.

(c) Any facility that is owned by or otherwise a part of any library,
community service organization, museum, performing arts center, theater,
cinema, church or postsecondary educational institution may be provided
to a public charter school for use by such school, provided such use of
space complies with all applicable zoning and land use ordinances.

(d) Any facility, or portion thereof, used by a public charter school foreducational purposes shall be exempt from *ad valorem* taxes.

(e) Public charter school facilities shall be exempt from all special
assessments, permitting, licensing and any other use fees that otherwise
would be applicable to the location of such facility.

New Sec. 42. All public charter schools established pursuant to sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, are public schools and are part of the state's public education system. The provisions of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, should be interpreted liberally to support the findings and purposes of this section and to advance a renewed commitment by the state to the mission, goals and diversity of public education.

New Sec. 43. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, to
the extent that any provision of sections 1 through 44, and amendments
thereto, is inconsistent with any other state or local law, rule or regulation,
the provisions of sections 1 through 44, and amendments thereto, shall
govern and be controlling.

42 New Sec. 44. If any provisions of sections 1 through 44, and 43 amendments thereto, or the application thereof to any person or 1 circumstances is held invalid, the invalidity shall not affect other 2 provisions or applications of sections 1 through 44, and amendments 3 thereto, which can be given effect without the invalid provisions or 4 application and, to this end, the provisions of sections 1 through 44, and 5 amendments thereto, are severable.

6 New Sec. 45. (a) There shall be allowed a credit against the income 7 tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the Kansas income tax 8 act, the privilege tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the 9 privilege tax imposed upon any national banking association, state bank, trust company or savings and loan association pursuant to article 11 of 10 chapter 79 of the Kansas Statutes Annotated, and amendments thereto, and 11 12 the premium tax liability imposed upon a taxpayer pursuant to the 13 premiums tax and privilege fees imposed upon an insurance company 14 pursuant to K.S.A. 40-252, and amendments thereto, in an amount equal to 15 100% of the amount contributed to the public charter school facility grant 16 program, established by section 36, and amendments thereto.

(b) The credit shall be claimed and deducted from the taxpayer's tax
liability during the tax year in which the contribution was made to the
public charter school facility grant program.

20 (c) If the amount of any such tax credit claimed by a taxpayer 21 exceeds the taxpayer's income, privilege or premium tax liability, such 22 excess amount may be carried over for deduction from the taxpaver's 23 income, privilege or premium tax liability in the next succeeding year or 24 years until the total amount of the credit has been deducted, except that no 25 such credit shall be carried over for deduction after the third taxable year 26 succeeding the tax year in which the contribution was made to the public 27 charter school facility grant program.

(d) No credit under this section shall be claimed by a taxpayer who
 may be claimed as a dependent by another taxpayer for federal income tax
 purposes.

(e) The secretary of revenue may adopt rules and regulations
 regarding filing of documents that support the amount of credit claimed
 pursuant to this section.

34 Sec. 46. K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6407 is hereby amended to read as follows: 72-6407. (a) (1) "Pupil" means any person who is regularly 35 36 enrolled in a district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one 37 through 12 maintained by the district or who is regularly enrolled in a 38 district and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 12 in 39 another district in accordance with an agreement entered into under 40 authority of K.S.A. 72-8233, and amendments thereto, or who is regularly 41 enrolled in a district and attending special education services provided for preschool-aged exceptional children by the district. 42

43 (2) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (3) or (4) of this

1 subsection, a pupil in attendance full time shall be counted as one pupil. A 2 pupil in attendance part time shall be counted as that proportion of one 3 pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the pupil's attendance bears to full-time 4 attendance. A pupil attending kindergarten shall be counted as 1/2 pupil. A 5 pupil enrolled in and attending an institution of postsecondary education 6 which is authorized under the laws of this state to award academic degrees 7 shall be counted as one pupil if the pupil's postsecondary education 8 enrollment and attendance together with the pupil's attendance in either of 9 the grades 11 or 12 is at least  $\frac{5}{6}$  time, otherwise the pupil shall be counted 10 as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the total time of the pupil's postsecondary education attendance and attendance in grade 11 or 11 12 12, as applicable, bears to full-time attendance. A pupil enrolled in and 13 attending an area vocational school, area vocational-technical school or 14 approved vocational education program shall be counted as one pupil if the 15 pupil's vocational education enrollment and attendance together with the 16 pupil's attendance in any of grades nine through 12 is at least  $\frac{5}{6}$  time, 17 otherwise the pupil shall be counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the 18 nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$  that the total time of the pupil's vocational education 19 attendance and attendance in any of grades nine through 12 bears to full-20 time attendance. A pupil enrolled in a district and attending a nonvirtual 21 school and also attending a virtual school shall be counted as that 22 proportion of one pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the pupil's attendance at the 23 nonvirtual school bears to full-time attendance. Except as provided by this 24 section for preschool-aged exceptional children and virtual school pupils, a 25 pupil enrolled in a district and attending special education and related 26 services, provided for by the district shall be counted as one pupil. A pupil 27 enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services 28 provided for by the district and also attending a virtual school shall be 29 counted as that proportion of one pupil (to the nearest  $\frac{1}{10}$ ) that the pupil's attendance at the nonvirtual school bears to full-time attendance. A pupil 30 31 enrolled in a district and attending special education and related services 32 for preschool-aged exceptional children provided for by the district shall 33 be counted as  $\frac{1}{2}$  pupil. A preschool-aged at-risk pupil enrolled in a district 34 and receiving services under an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan 35 maintained by the district shall be counted as  $\frac{1}{2}$  pupil. A pupil in the 36 custody of the secretary of social and rehabilitation services or in the 37 custody of the commissioner of juvenile justice and enrolled in unified 38 school district No. 259, Sedgwick county, Kansas, but housed, maintained, 39 and receiving educational services at the Judge James V. Riddel Boys 40 Ranch, shall be counted as two pupils. Except as provided in section 1 of chapter 76 of the 2009 Session Laws of the state of Kansas, and 41 42 amendments thereto, a pupil in the custody of the secretary of social and 43 rehabilitation services or in the custody of the commissioner of juvenile

1 justice and enrolled in unified school district No. 409, Atchison, Kansas, 2 but housed, maintained and receiving educational services at the youth 3 residential center located on the grounds of the former Atchison juvenile 4 correctional facility, shall be counted as two pupils.

5 (3) A pupil residing at the Flint Hills job corps center shall not be 6 counted. A pupil confined in and receiving educational services provided 7 for by a district at a juvenile detention facility shall not be counted. A pupil 8 enrolled in a district but housed, maintained, and receiving educational 9 services at a state institution or a psychiatric residential treatment facility 10 shall not be counted.

11 (4) A pupil enrolled in a public charter school authorized by an 12 authorizer other than the school district shall not be counted.

13 (b) "Preschool-aged exceptional children" means exceptional 14 children, except gifted children, who have attained the age of three years but are under the age of eligibility for attendance at kindergarten. 15

16 "At-risk pupils" means pupils who are eligible for free meals (c)17 under the national school lunch act and who are enrolled in a district which 18 maintains an approved at-risk pupil assistance plan.

19 (d) "Preschool-aged at-risk pupil" means an at-risk pupil who has 20 attained the age of four years, is under the age of eligibility for attendance 21 at kindergarten, and has been selected by the state board in accordance 22 with guidelines consonant with guidelines governing the selection of 23 pupils for participation in head start programs.

24 (e) "Enrollment" means: (1) (A) Subject to the provisions of 25 paragraph (1)(B), for districts scheduling the school days or school hours of the school term on a trimestral or quarterly basis, the number of pupils 26 27 regularly enrolled in the district on September 20 plus the number of 28 pupils regularly enrolled in the district on February 20 less the number of 29 pupils regularly enrolled on February 20 who were counted in the 30 enrollment of the district on September 20; and for districts not specified 31 in this paragraph (1), the number of pupils regularly enrolled in the district 32 on September 20; (B) a pupil who is a foreign exchange student shall not 33 be counted unless such student is regularly enrolled in the district on 34 September 20 and attending kindergarten or any of the grades one through 35 12 maintained by the district for at least one semester or two quarters or 36 the equivalent thereof;

37 (2) if enrollment in a district in any school year has decreased from 38 enrollment in the preceding school year, enrollment of the district in the 39 current school year means whichever is the greater of (A) enrollment in 40 the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school year of 41 preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled, plus 42 enrollment in the current school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if 43 any such pupils are enrolled, or (B) the sum of enrollment in the current

1 school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and the average (mean) of the sum of (i) enrollment of the district 2 3 in the current school year minus enrollment in such school year of 4 preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils are enrolled and (ii) 5 enrollment in the preceding school year minus enrollment in such school 6 year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if any such pupils were enrolled and 7 (iii) enrollment in the school year next preceding the preceding school year 8 minus enrollment in such school year of preschool-aged at-risk pupils, if 9 any such pupils were enrolled; or

(3) the number of pupils as determined under K.S.A. 72-6447 orK.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6448, and amendments thereto.

12 (f) "Adjusted enrollment" means: (1) Enrollment adjusted by adding at-risk pupil weighting, program weighting, low enrollment weighting, if 13 any, high density at-risk pupil weighting, if any, medium density at-risk 14 pupil weighting, if any, nonproficient pupil weighting, if any, high 15 16 enrollment weighting, if any, declining enrollment weighting, if any, 17 school facilities weighting, if any, ancillary school facilities weighting, if 18 any, cost of living weighting, if any, special education and related services 19 weighting, and transportation weighting to enrollment; or (2) adjusted 20 enrollment as determined under K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6457 or 72-6458, 21 and amendments thereto.

(g) "At-risk pupil weighting" means an addend component assignedto enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of at-risk pupils.

(h) "Program weighting" means an addend component assigned to
 enrollment of districts on the basis of pupil attendance in educational
 programs which differ in cost from regular educational programs.

(i) "Low enrollment weighting" means an addend component
assigned to enrollment of districts pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6412, and
amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to maintenance of
educational programs by such districts in comparison with costs
attributable to maintenance of educational programs by districts having to
which high enrollment weighting is assigned pursuant to K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 72-6442b, and amendments thereto.

(j) "School facilities weighting" means an addend component
 assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to
 commencing operation of new school facilities.

(k) "Transportation weighting" means an addend component assigned
to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs attributable to the provision
or furnishing of transportation.

(1) "Cost of living weighting" means an addend component assigned
to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 726449, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs attributable to
the cost of living in the district.

(m) "Ancillary school facilities weighting" means an addend 1 2 component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of 3 K.S.A. 72-6441, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of costs 4 attributable to commencing operation of new school facilities. Ancillary 5 school facilities weighting may be assigned to enrollment of a district only 6 if the district has levied a tax under authority of K.S.A. 72-6441, and 7 amendments thereto, and remitted the proceeds from such tax to the state 8 treasurer. Ancillary school facilities weighting is in addition to assignment 9 of school facilities weighting to enrollment of any district eligible for such 10 weighting.

(n) "Juvenile detention facility" has the meaning ascribed thereto by72-8187, and amendments thereto.

(o) "Special education and related services weighting" means an
 addend component assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of costs
 attributable to provision of special education and related services for
 pupils determined to be exceptional children.

17 (p) "Virtual school" means any school or educational program that: 18 (1) Is offered for credit; (2) uses distance-learning technologies which 19 predominately use internet-based methods to deliver instruction; (3) 20 involves instruction that occurs asynchronously with the teacher and pupil 21 in separate locations; (4) requires the pupil to make academic progress 22 toward the next grade level and matriculation from kindergarten through 23 high school graduation; (5) requires the pupil to demonstrate competence 24 in subject matter for each class or subject in which the pupil is enrolled as 25 part of the virtual school; and (6) requires age-appropriate pupils to 26 complete state assessment tests.

(q) "Declining enrollment weighting" means an addend component
assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of K.S.A. 2011
Supp. 72-6451, and amendments thereto, apply on the basis of reduced
revenues attributable to the declining enrollment of the district.

(r) "High enrollment weighting" means an addend component
assigned to enrollment of districts pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 726442b, and amendments thereto, on the basis of costs attributable to
maintenance of educational programs by such districts as a correlate to low
enrollment weighting assigned to enrollment of districts pursuant to
K.S.A. 72-6412, and amendments thereto.

(s) "High density at-risk pupil weighting" means an addend
component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of
K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6455, and amendments thereto, apply.

(t) "Nonproficient pupil" means a pupil who is not eligible for free
meals under the national school lunch act and who has scored less than
proficient on the mathematics or reading state assessment during the
preceding school year and who is enrolled in a district which maintains an

2 (u) "Nonproficient pupil weighting" means an addend component 3 assigned to enrollment of districts on the basis of enrollment of 4 nonproficient pupils pursuant to K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6454, and 5 amendments thereto.

6 (v) "Psychiatric residential treatment facility" has the meaning 7 ascribed thereto by K.S.A. 72-8187, and amendments thereto.

8 (w) "Medium density at-risk pupil weighting" means an addend 9 component assigned to enrollment of districts to which the provisions of 10 K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-6459, and amendments thereto, apply.

11 Sec. 47. K.S.A. 72-1903, 72-1904, 72-1908, 72-1909 and 72-1911 12 and K.S.A. 2011 Supp. 72-1906, 72-1907, 72-1910 and 72-6407 are 13 hereby repealed.

14 Sec. 48. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its 15 publication in the statute book.