## 2023 Kansas Statutes

- 79-32,266. Tax credit for taxpayers who receive income from business activities of certain qualified companies. (a) For taxable years commencing after December 31, 2010, there shall be allowed as a credit against the tax liability of a resident individual taxpayer an amount equal to 95% of the resident individual's income tax liability under the provisions of the Kansas income tax act for Kansas source income received from a qualified company that is business income attributable to business activities conducted at the business facility, office, department or other operation relocated to Kansas when the taxpayer owns such qualified company and materially participates in such business activities conducted at such relocated business facility, office, department or other operation of such qualified company which qualified for benefits under the provisions of subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 74-50,212, and amendments thereto. A taxpayer shall be treated as materially participating in such qualified company's business activities conducted at such business facility, office, department or other operation relocated to Kansas only if the taxpayer is involved in such business activities of such qualified company on a basis which is regular, continuous and substantial. A taxpayer may claim the credit authorized by this section during any tax year in which the qualified company owned by the taxpayer qualifies for benefits under provisions of K.S.A. 74-50,212, and amendments thereto.
- (b) Business income attributable to the business activities conducted at the business facility, office, department or other operation relocated to Kansas of a qualified company which qualified for benefits under the provisions of subsection (a)(1) of K.S.A. 74-50,212, and amendments thereto, shall be determined by multiplying the business income of the company apportioned to this state by a fraction, the numerator of which is the property factor plus the payroll factor plus the sales factor, and the denominator of which is three. For purposes of this subsection, the property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the company's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used during the tax period at such relocated facility, office, department or other relocated operation in Kansas, and the denominator of which is the average value of the company's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used within this state during the tax period. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total amount paid during the tax period by the company for compensation at such relocated facility, office, department or other relocated operation in Kansas, and the denominator of which is the total compensation paid by the company in this state during the tax period. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the total sales of the relocated facility, office, department or other relocated operation in this state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total sales of the company in this state during the tax period.
- (c) This credit shall not be available to any taxpayer making a modification under (b) (xix) or (c)(xx) of K.S.A. 79-32,117, and amendments thereto.
- (d) The secretary of revenue shall adopt rules and regulations regarding the filing of documents that support the qualifications of the taxpayer for the credit claimed pursuant to this section.

History: L. 2011, ch. 115, § 13; L. 2012, ch. 135, § 38; L. 2013, ch. 87, § 5; April 25.